Altoona Tribune.

McCRUM & DERN, [INDEPENDENT IN EVERYTHING.] EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

VOL. 4. ALTOONA, PA., THURSDAY, MAY 12, 1859. NO. 15.

THE ALTOONA TRIBUNE.

McCRUM & DERN, Publishers and Proprietors.

Per annum, (payable invariably in advance,) $1,50
All papers discontinued at the expiration of the time paid for.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

	1 insertion	2 do.	3 do.
Four lines or less,	$ 25	$ 37½	$ 50
One square, (8 lines,)	50	75	1 00
Two " (16 ")	1 00	1 50	2 00
Three " (24 ")	1 50	2 00	2 50

Over three weeks and less than three months, 25 cents per square for each insertion.

	3 months.	6 months.	1 year.
Six lines or less,	$ 1 50	$ 3 00	$ 5 00
One square,	2 50	4 00	7 00
Two "	4 00	6 00	10 00
Three "	5 00	8 00	12 00
Four "	6 00	10 00	14 00
Half a column,	10 00	14 00	20 00
One column,	14 00	25 00	40 00

Administrators and Executors Notices, 1 75
Business advertising by the year, three squares, 10 00
Professional or Business Cards, not exceeding 8 lines with paper, per year, 5 00

Communications of a political character or individual interest will be charged according to the above rates.

Advertisements not marked with the number of insertions desired, will be continued till forbid and charged according to the above terms.

Business notices five cents per line for every insertion.

Obituary notices exceeding ten lines, fifty cents a square.

TRIBUNE DIRECTORY.

CHURCHES, MINISTERS, &C.

Presbyterian, Rev. A. B. Clark, Pastor.—Preaching every Sabbath morning at 10½ o'clock, and in the evening at 7½ o'clock. Sabbath School at 9 o'clock, A. M., in the Lecture Room. Prayer Meeting every Wednesday evening in the same room.

Methodist Episcopal, Rev S. Creighton, Pastor.—Preaching every Sabbath morning at 11 o'clock and in the evening at 7½ o'clock. Sabbath School in the Lecture Room at 2 o'clock, P. M. Prayer Meeting in same room every Wednesday evening. Young Men's Prayer Meeting every Friday evening.

Evangelical Lutheran, Rev. Jacob Steck, Pastor.—Preaching every sabbath morning at 10½ o'clock, and at 6½ o'clock in the evening. Sabbath School in the Lecture Room at 2 o'clock, P. M. Prayer Meeting in same room every Wednesday evening.

United Brethren, Rev. W. B. Dick, Pastor.—Preaching every Sabbath morning at 10½ o'clock and in the evening at 7½ o'clock. Sabbath School in the Lecture Room at 9 o'clock, A. M. Prayer Meeting every Wednesday evening in same room.

Episcopal Episcopal, Rev. R. W. Oliver, Pastor.—Divine Service and the 4th Sundays of each month at 10½ o'clock A. M., and 7 P. M. Sunday School at 9 o'clock A. M. Children, Rev. Jane Tweedy, Pastor.—Preaching at 10½ o'clock in the morning, and at 3½ in the afternoon.

Baptist, Rev. B. H. Fish, Pastor.—Preaching every Sabbath morning at 10½ o'clock, and also in the evening. Sabbath School at 9 o'clock, A. M. Prayer Meeting every Wednesday evening.

Lutheran, Rev. Snyder Cap, Pastor.—Preaching every Sabbath morning at 11 o'clock and in the evening, in the old Union School House.

ALTOONA MAIL SCHEDULE.

MAILS CLOSE.

Eastern Way at	7 25 A.M.
Western "	7 25 A.M.
Hollidaysburg,	7 25 A. M. and 6 00 P. M.
Western Through,	6 00 "
Eastern Through Mail	7 30 "

MAILS OPEN.

Eastern Through Mail,	7 55 A. M.
Western Through,	7 35 "
Western Way,	7 00 A. M.
Eastern "	6 25 P. M.
Hollidaysburg	7 30 A. M. and 6 15 "

Office open for the transaction of business from 6.30 A. M. to 7.30 P. M. during the week, and from 7.30 to 8.30 o'clock, on Sunday.

June 4, '57-tf] JOHN SHOEMAKER, P. M.

RAILROAD SCHEDULE.

Express Train	East	arrives	1.25 A. M.,	leaves	1,30 A. M.
"	West	"	7.55 "	"	8,15 "
Fast "	East	"	9.05 P. M.	"	9,20 P. M.
"	West	"	8,10 P. M.,	"	8,25 P. M.
Mail "	East	"	7.25 A. M.	"	7,30 A. M.
"	West	"	6.25 P. M.,	"	6,40 P. M.

The HOLLIDAYSBURG BRANCH connects with Express Train East and West, and with Mail Train East and West.

The BLAIRSVILLE BRANCH connects with Johnstown Way Train East and West, Express Train West and Mail Train East.

November 20, 1858. THOS. A. SCOTT, *Sup't.*

MEETINGS OF ASSOCIATIONS.

Mountain Lodge, A. Y. M., No. 281, meets on second Tuesday of each month, in the third story of the Masonic Temple, at 7½ o'clock, P. M.

Mountain Encampment, A. Y. M., No 10, meets on the fourth Tuesday of each month, in the third story of the Masonic Temple, at 7½ o'clock, P. M.

Altoona Lodge, I. O. of O. F., No. 473, meets every Friday evening, in the second story of the Masonic Temple, at 7½ o'clock, P. M.

Juniata Lodge, I. O. of O. F., No. 532, meets every Friday evening, in the third story of Patton's Building, on Virginia Street, at 7½ o'clock, P. M.

Wamsutta Tribe, No. 35, I. O. R. M., hold stated Council every Tuesday evening in the I. O. O. F. Hall, in the Masonic Temple. Council Fire kindled at 7th run 30th moon. W. A. ADAMS, *C. of R.* [June 25, '57-ly

Junior Sons of America, Camp No. 31, meets every Monday night in the third story of Patton's Hall, at 7½ o'clock P. M.

Washington Camp, No. 54, J. S. of A., meets every Tuesday evening, in the 2d story of Patton's Hall.

Altoona Division, No. 311, S. of T., meets every Saturday evening, in the Odd Fellows' Hall, Masonic Temple. B. F. Rose, D. G. W.; Wm. C. McCormick, P. W. P.; B. F. Custer, W. P.; C. R. McCrea, W. A.; E. B. McCrum, R. S.; Wm. McCormick, A. R. S.; M. Clabaugh, T.; Jacob Renner, F. S.; D. Galbraith, C.; J. W. Clabaugh, A. C.; Wm. Marshall, I. S.; B. F. Rose, O. S.

Altoona Mechanics' Library and Reading Room Association meets statedly on the 1st Saturday evening in January, April, July and October. Board of Directors meet on the 1st Tuesday evening in each month. Room open from 6 to 10 o'clock every evening, (Sunday excepted.)

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Judges of the Courts—President, Hon. George Taylor.—Associates, J. Penn Jones, David Caldwell.
Prothonotary—Joseph Baldridge.
Register and Recorder—Hugh A. Caldwell.
Sheriff—James Funk.
District Attorney—Benj. L. Hewit.
County Commissioners—Jacob Barnhart, J. R. McFarlane, Knox M. Jones.
Clerk to Commissioners—Hugh A. Caldwell.
Mercantile Appraiser—Joseph G. Adlum.
County Surveyor—James L. Gwinn.
Treasurer—John Lingafelt.
Auditors—S. Morrow, A. C. McCartney, Jos. R. Hewitt.
Poor House Directors—George Weaver, Samuel Shiver, J. B. Riddle.
Coroner—William Fox.
Superintendent of Common Schools—John Dean.

ALTOONA BOROUGH OFFICERS.

Justices of the Peace—Jacob Good, J. M. Cherry.
Burgess—E. M. Jones.
Town Council—John Allison, Robert Green, Robert B. Taylor, Daniel Price, Henry S. Spering.
President of Council—John Allison.
Clerk to Council—Joseph G. Adlum.
Borough Treasurer—Daniel Price.
School Directors—C. B. Sink, C. C. Mason, George W. Sparks, Wm. C. McCormick, B. F. Rose, Geo. B. Cramer.
Treasurer of School Board—Wm. C. McCormick.
High Constable—Joseph K. Ely.
Tax Collector—John McClelland.
Auditors—Thos. McMinn, David Galbraith.
Assessor—Jacob Bierbower.
Assistant Assessors—Michael Clabaugh, A. Alloway.
Judge of Elections—East Ward—S. A. Alexander.
" " West " E. Greenwood.
" " North " Jacob Bottenberg.
Inspectors—East Ward—Henry Bell, Jacob Szink.
" West " E. B. McCrum, Jacob Hesser.
" North " G. W. Harman, John Condo.

GROCERIES.—A LARGE AND complete assortment of Groceries have just been received at the store of J. B. HILEMAN.

CARPET BAGS, TRUNKS, UMBRELLAS, &c., can be bought cheaper at H. TUCH'S than at any other place in the country. [Dec. 9, 1858

ON HAND AT McCORMICK'S Store—A splendid assortment of Ready-Made clothing. Call and see. Nov. 25.-tf

ABDOMINAL SUPPORTERS, Trusses—Braces for sale at KESSLER'S.

THE LIVER INVIGORATOR! PREPARED BY DR. SANFORD, COMPOUNDED ENTIRELY FROM GUMS,

Is one of the best Purgative and Liver Medicines now before the public, that acts as a *Cathartic*, easier, milder and more effectual than any other medicine known. It is not only a *Cathartic*, but a *Liver* remedy, acting first on the *Liver* to eject its morbid matter, then on the stomach and bowels to carry off that matter, thus accomplishing two purposes effectually, without any of the painful feelings experienced in the operations of most *Cathartics*. It strengthens the system at the same time that it purges it; and when taken daily in moderate doses, will strengthen and build it up with unusual rapidity.

The Liver is one of the principal regulators of the human body; and when it performs its functions well, the powers of the system are fully developed. The *stomach* is almost entirely dependent on the healthy action of the *Liver* for proper performance of its functions; when the stomach is at fault, the bowels and the whole system suffers in consequence of one organ—the Liver—having ceased to do its duty. For the diseases of that organ, one of the proprietors has made it his study, in a practice of more than twenty years, to find out a remedy wherewith to counteract the many derangements to which it is liable.

To prove that this remedy is at last found, any person troubled with Liver Complaint, in any of its forms, has but to try a bottle, and conviction is certain.

These Gums remove all morbid or bad matter from the system, supplying in their place a healthy flow of bile, invigorating the stomach, causing food to digest well, purifying the blood, giving tone and health to the whole machinery, removing the cause of the disease—effecting a radical cure.

Bilious Attacks are cured, and, what is better, prevented, by the occasional use of the Liver Invigorator.

One dose after eating is sufficient to relieve the stomach and prevent the food from rising and souring.

Only one dose taken before retiring, prevents Nightmare.

Only one dose taken at night, loosens the bowels, and cures Costiveness.

One dose taken after each meal will cure Dyspepsia.

☞ One dose of two teaspoonsful will always relieve Sick Headache.

One bottle taken for female obstruction remove the cause of the disease, and makes a perfect cure.

Only one dose immediately relieves Cholic, while One dose often repeated is a sure cure for Cholera Morbus, and a preventive of Cholera.

☞ Only one bottle is needed to throw out of the system the effects of medicine after a long sickness.

☞ One bottle taken for Jaundice removes all sallowness or unnatural color from the skin.

One dose taken a short time before eating gives vigor to the appetite, and make the food digest well.

One dose often repeated cures Chronic Diarrhœa in its worst forms, while Summer and Bowel complaints yield almost to the first dose.

One or two doses cures attacks caused by Worms in children: there is no surer, safer, or speedier remedy in the world, as it never fails.

A few bottles cures Dropsy by exciting the absorbents to throw off the medicine and Ague, Chill Fever, and all Fevers of a Bilious type. It operates with certainty, and thousands are willing to testify to its wonderful virtues.

All who use it are giving their unanimous testimony in its favor.

☞ Mix Water in the mouth with the Invigorator, and swallow both together.

THE LIVER INVIGORATOR IS A SCIENTIFIC MEDICAL DISCOVERY, and is daily working cures, almost too great to believe. It cures as if by magic, *even the first dose giving benefit*, and seldom more than one bottle is required to cure any kind of Liver Complaint, from the worst *Jaundice* or *Dyspepsia* to a common *Headache*, all of which are the result of a Diseased Liver.

PRICE ONE DOLLAR PER BOTTLE.

DR. SANFORD, Proprietor, 345 Broadway, New York.

☞ Sold by G. W. KESSLER, Altoona; and retailed by all Druggists. [May 27, 1858.-1y

MORE THAN 500,000 BOTTLES SOLD IN THE *NEW ENGLAND STATES* IN ONE YEAR.

The Restorative of Prof. O. J. Wood for Restoring hair perfectly and permanently, has never yet had a rival, volume after volume might be given from all parts of the world and from the most intelligent to prove that *it is a perfect Restorative;* but read the circular and you cannot doubt; read also the following.

☞ The Hair.—People have for centuries been afflicted with bald heads and the only remedy, heretofore known, has been those abominable wigs. By a recent discovery of Professor Wood these articles are being fast dispensed with, but a great many persons still patronize them, because they have been so often imposed upon by Hair Tonics of different kinds. To all such persons we earnestly make the request, that they will try once again, for in Wood's Restorative there is no such thing as fail. We know of a lady who was bald, who used the article a short time, and her head is now covered completely with the finest and most beautiful curls imaginable. We know of numerous cases where hair was rapidly falling out, which it restored in greater perfection than it ever had been before.

It is also without doubt one of the best articles for keeping the hair in good condition, making it soft and glossy, removing dandruff, and has proved itself the greatest enemy to all the ills that hair is heir to.

It is the duty of every one to improve their personal appearance though some may differ in regard to the ways of doing it; but every one will admit that a beautiful head of hair, either in man or woman, is an article that should be cherished, and there are no means that should be left untried to obtain such a consideration.—*Woman's Advocate*, Phila.

Coshocton, Ohio, Nov. 17, 1856.

O. J. WOOD & CO.—Gents: As I have been engaged in selling your Hair Restorative the last season for one of your local agents (R. M. Hackinson,) and having experienced the beneficial effects of it myself, I would like to obtain an agency for the State of Ohio or some State in the West, should you wish to make such an arrangement, as I am convinced *there is nothing equal to it in the United States, for restoring the hair.* I have been engaged in the Drug business for several years, and have sold various preparations for the hair, but have found nothing that restores the secretive organs or invigorates the scalp as well as yours, being fully convinced that your restorative is what you represent it to be, I would like to engage in the sale of it for I am satisfied it must sell. Yours truly.

S. T. STOCKMAN.

Wayland, Mass., Feb. 5, 1857.

PROF. O. J. WOOD & CO.—Gents: Having realized the good effects of your Hair Restorative, I wish to state, that finding my hair growing thin, as well as gray, I was induced from what I read and heard, to try the article prepared by you, to promote its growth and change its color as it was in youth, both of which it has effected completely. In the operation I have used nearly three bottles.

Yours &c., JAMES FRANCIS.

O. J. Wood & Co., Proprietors 312 Broadway, New York, (in the great N. Y. Wire Railling Establishment,) and 114 Market St., St. Louis, Mo.

For sale by G. W. KESSLER, Altoona, and by all good Druggists. [June 3, 1858–1y.

D. R. GOOD, M. D. J. M GEMMILL, M. D.

DRS. GOOD & GEMMILL HAVING entered into Partnership in the Practice of Medicine, respectfully tender their services to the Public in the several branches of their Profession.

Calls will be answered either day or night at their office—which is the same as heretofore occupied by Drs. Hirst & Good,—or at the Logan House.

DR. GEMMILL REFERS TO

David Gilbert, M. D., Prof. Obstetrics in Penn'a Medical College, Philadelphia.
F. Gurney Smith, M. D., Prof. Institutes of Medicine in Penn'a Medical College.
John Neill, M. D., Prof. Surgery in Pa. Med. Col., and Surgeon to the Pa. Hospital, Philadelphia
J. B. Luden, M D, Huntingdon, Pa
John McCulloch, M D, "
John Scott, Esq, "
Wm Dorris, Jr, Esq, "
Wm M Lloyd, Esq, Hollidaysburg,
John Cresswell, Jr, Esq, "
Samuel Milliken, Esq, Bell's Mills,
Gen B F Bell, "
John Bell, Esq, "
April 21st, 1859-3m

DR. WM. R. FINLEY RESPECTFULLY offers his professional services to the people of Altoona and the adjoining country.

He may be found at the office heretofore occupied by Dr. G. D. Thomas.

Altoona, Sept. 30, 1858.–tf

B. F. ROYER, M. D., Offers his professional services to the citizens of Altoona and vicinity.

The best of references can be given if required.

Office at residence on Branch street, East Altoona, three doors above Conrad's Store. [April 28 '59-1y.

CAN BE BOUGHT AT H. TUCH'S, Winchester & Co's Patent Shoulder Seam Fine Shirts Dec. 9, 1858.

Select Poetry.

From the Waverly Magazine.

HOME.

The fairest spot of all the earth,
Is home,
The one of all to which we turn,
Where'er we roam,
A pleasant home, a happy home,
There is no place so fair,
If those we love who smile for us,
But have their dwelling there.

The dearest word I ever learned
Is home,
The sweetest song, I ever heard
Is "Home, sweet Home."
There may we turn when cares are o'er,
When day draws to a close,
And find among the loved ones there
A season of repose. M. M. H.

CONSTITUTION AND BY-LAWS

OF THE

Altoona Mechanics' Library and Reading Room Association.

CONSTITUTION.

ARTICLE. I.

This Society shall be called "The Altoona Mechanics' Library and Reading Room Association."

ARTICLE II.

Its object shall be the promotion of information on all subjects of useful knowledge.

ARTICLE III.

There shall be a Library, a Reading Room, and a Cabinet of Minerals and Models connected with this Association.

ARTICLE IV.

The officers of this Society shall be a President, Vice President, Secretary, Treasurer, Seven Directors, Three Auditors, and a Librarian

ARTICLE V.

The President, or in his absence, the Vice President, or in the absence of both, a President chosen pro tempore, shall preside at all the meetings of the Association.

ARTICLE VI.

The Secretary shall keep an accurate record of the business of the Society, give notice of the stated and special meetings, and notify members of their election. He shall conduct the correspondence and keep a record thereof, acknowledge donations to the Library and Cabinet, and notify all Honorary members of their election.

ARTICLE VII.

The Treasurer shall receive all monies of the Association, and deposite them as the Board of Directors, may direct. He shall make no payments without an order in writing from the President, Countersigned by the Secretary, and shall exhibit his account at every regular meeting or whenever called on by the Board of Directors. He shall give bonds with one or more sureties to be accepted, by the Association in the sum of $—— for the faithful performance of his duties.

ARTICLE VIII.

Section 1. The President, Vice President, Secretary and Treasurer, in connection with seven Directors elected by the Association shall compose the Board of Directors.

Sec. 2 The Board of Directors shall have charge of all matters of finance and the various concerns of the Association, which may not be otherwise provided for, with authority to devise and execute measures which may advance its interests, reporting the same to the next meeting of the Association.

Sec. 3. They shall keep regular minutes of their proceedings, which shall be open at all times to the inspection of the members of the Association.

Sec. 4. They shall at the stated meetings of the Association, present a detailed report of their proceedings

Sec. 5. They shall hold stated meetings once in each month, shall elect their officers, and be at liberty to make By Laws for their own regulation. Seven of their number shall constitute a quorum.

Sec. 6. They shall have power to fill vancancies in their Board from members of the Association.

ARTICLE IX.

It shall be the duty of the Auditors to examine the Treasurers Accounts to compare them with the vouchers, and certify to their correctness, and act as judges at the Annual election of officers.

ARTICLE X.

Section I. The election for officers shall be held on the first Saturday of January of each year, between the hours of 5 o'clock, P. M., and 8 o'clock, P. M., of said day and the general meeting of the Association at 8½ o'clock, of same day, but if no election shall take place at that time, the officers in existence shall continue until a new election is held.

Sec. 2. The President, Vice President, Secretary, Treasurer and Librarian, shall be elected by separate ballot, and the Directors and Auditors, by general ticket. The candidates receiving a plurality of votes, shall be declared elected.

Sec. 3. The officers elect shall organize and enter upon the duties of their office immediately after the election. No member will have a right to vote at the general election for officers, who has not paid his dues for the previous year.

ARTICLE XI.

Section 1. Any person if approved of by a majority of the Board of Directors may become a member on complying with the provisions of this Constitution.

Sec. 2. The admission fee, shall be one dollar in advance. Twenty-five dollars will constitute a Life Member.

Sec. 3. The monthly dues shall be twenty-five cents. Any member in arrears shall be ineligible to office.

Sec. 4. Honorary members shall be elected by the Board of Directors, who shall report such election at the next meeting of the Association.

Sec. 5. Any member wishing to withdraw from the Association, must inform the Librarian of his intention, and see that his resignation is registered.

Sec. 6. No resignation of Membership shall be accepted until all dues are paid and books belonging to the Library returned.

BY-LAWS.

ARTICLE I.

There shall be the following standing Committees, each to consist of 5 members to be appointed by the President and approved by the Association.

1st. On Library and Reading Room.
2d. On Cabinet of Models and Minerals.
3d. On Manufactures.
4th. On Specimens and Samples of American Industry.
5th. On Inventions.

ARTICLE II.

Section 1. The stated meetings of the Association shall be held on the evening of the first Saturday of each Quarter, at 8½ o'clock in January, 8 o'clock, in July, and 7½ o'clock in April and October.

Sec. 2. Special meetings shall be called by order of the President, on application of a majority of the Board of Directors or twelve members of the Association.

Sec. 3. Twelve members shall constitute a quorum at any general or stated meeting of the Association.

Sec. 4. Order of Business.
1st. Reading Minutes.
2d. Reading Correspondence.
3d. Reports of Officers.
4th. Reports of Standing Committees.
5th. Reports of Select Committees.
6th. Deferred Business.
7th. Consideration of Reports.
8th. Elections.
9th. New Business.

Sec. 5. All resolutions proposed for the consideration of the Association, must be presented to the Presiding Officer in writing signed by the mover.

Sec. 6. The yeas and nays shall be called at the request of 5 (five) members.

Sec. 7. Appeals from the decision of the Chair shall only be sustained by a vote of two-thirds of the meeting.

Sec. 8. Debate on such appeals may be cut off by a majority of the meeting on a motion being made to that effect.

Sec. 9. Debate on any other question may be cut off by a vote of two-thirds of the meeting, on motion being made to that effect.

ARTICLE III.

Section 1. The Reading Room shall be open daily (Sundays excepted) from 8 A. M., till 10 P. M. The Library from 6½ o'clock, P. M., to 10 P. M.

Sec. 2. Every member may detain each Book, or set, two weeks, with the privilege of renewal for one week longer, except new publications, which until they have been in the Library three months, shall not be detained longer than one week, and shall in no case be renewed. No book shall be reserved for any Director or member

Sec. 3. A fine of 10 cents per week shall be exacted for the detention of every Book beyond the limited time.

Sec. 4. Books not returned to the Library within one month after the limited time has expired, shall be considered lost, and the delinquent member in addition to his fines and dues, shall pay the value assessed upon said Books by the Library Committee, unless he returns them within ten days after said assessment of value is made, in as good order as when taken, on refusal to pay which the Librarian shall report him to the Board of Directors, who shall cause his name to be stricken from the roll of membership.

Sec. 5. Should any book, be returned injured, the borrower shall pay for the injury, or replace the book as the Library Committee may direct; and if one or more Books belonging to a sett or setts be lost, the borrower shall pay the full value of the sett or setts, and may take the remaining volumes.

Sec. 6 Members shall have the privilege of drawing books from the Library, at any time, for use in the Reading Room.

ARTICLE IV.

Section 1. Conversation calculated to disturb other members, shall in no case be allowed in the Reading Room.

Sec. 2. Smoking, spitting on the floor, or conduct inconsistent with decorum, or calculated to injure the property of the Association, shall not be tolerated.

Sec. 3. Unbound periodicals shall be placed on the same footing as other works after they have been in the Library one week. All unbound works shall be bound as soon as practicable.

Sec. 4. The Librarian shall be provided with complimentary tickets, which shall be furnished to any member, on application, for the use of visiting friends, not residents of Altoona or vicinity.

ARTICLE 5.

Section 1. The Librarian shall have charge of the Library, Reading Room and Cabinet, under direction of the appropriate Committees.

Sec. 2. He shall see that the Books, Library, Reading Room and Cabinet are kept in good order, and shall duly observe the directions of the appropriate Committees.

Sec. 3. He shall keep a full and accurate catalogue of the books belonging to the Association, in a book to be provided for that purpose, which shall at all times, be open to the inspection of the members.

Sec. 4. He shall enter in a book (to be kept for that purpose) the name of every person to whom a book shall be delivered, the number of the book, the time when taken, and when returned, together with the fines arising from every default.

Sec. 5. He shall deliver to any member applying, one volume, if it be a folio, quarto or octavo, and one book or sett, not exceeding 3 volumes, if of less size.

Sec. 6. He shall collect all forfeitures and debts incurred by members on account of losses or damage done to the books or property of the Library or Reading Room, and account for the same to the Treasurer.

Sec. 7. He shall replace the books in proper order, upon the shelves as soon as may be, after they are returned, having first carefully examined them, and ascertained whether they have been injured.

ARTICLE VI.

To alter or amend this Constitution or these By Laws, written notice shall be given stating the intended amendments, at any meeting of the Association, and it shall be acted upon, at the next, or any subsequent stated meeting.—No amendment shall become a part of this Constitution, unless approved by a vote of two thirds of members present.

PROPOSED AMENDMENTS.

That Sec. 1st of Art. 2d. of the By Laws be so amended as to read "first Monday" instead of "first Saturday."

To Sec. 3, Art. 11, of the Constitution. All members who are in arrears for dues, for six months, (having been notified of the same by the Treasurer) shall be deprived of the use of Books and other privileges of the Association.

Select Miscellany.

Confession of a Monster.

The "down-east" papers contain the confession of Marshal Potter, who, on the night of Wednesday, April 6th, at Lee, Maine, murdered his aged mother and two brothers, and a boy, his nephew, and then set fire to the house.—The villian is a graduate of the State Prison, and has long been an object of general aversion and distrust. His object in committing these murders was to gratify a slight quarrel with his mother, *eighty years old*, who threatened to deny him with further admission to the house, in consequence of his bad conduct, and also to get possession of $200 which his brothers had by them, and $100 which his mother had received a few days previous; her pension as the widow of a revolutionary soldier. *Of his own accord*, the wretched man, Marshall Potter, made the following confession:—

"I am guilty. I came home about 10 o'clock Wednesday night; my mother was up; she told me it was a fine time of night to come home: one of my brothers told me I had been over to Mr. Hanscom's, and carried a bottle of liquor with me; I told him I had not been there; he told me I had; I told him that I did not want any more stuff from him, or something to that amount; he told me if I did not keep still I should go out doors; I told him I shouldn't go out; I went out into the other part of the house and got a shingle maul, (an instrument made of hard wood, twelve inches long and six in width and breadth, with a handle about a foot long in the end) *with which I took the lives of them all;* I went in and struck Alexander with the shingle maul; I hit him in the face and on the head and struck him a number of times.

"I then struck Oliver several times on the head and face, they neither of them struggled after I hit them. *My mother came into the room and got hold of me; I swung round and struck her with the maul, and she fell;* she did not struggle. The candle was setting on the wood-box by the side of the stove; I tipped it off the box into the box of shavings; the shavings took fire, *and I did try to put the fire out;* I then left the house and went out round it; I staid out round there till it got pretty well afire; then I went over to Mr. Hanscom's, called him up and told him that the house was burning up, and all there was in it; he got up, and he and I went over; when we got there the house was pretty much burned through.

"I killed Albert (his nephew, a boy ten years old); I killed them all; I think I didn't strike Albert on the head; I struck him on the side of the face with the maul; he didn't struggle then; I heard him make a noise afterwards; he was lying on the bed, but I don't know as he was asleep; I don't know how the shavings came in the box; they were there before; mother was up and sitting by the stove when I came in; my two brothers were in bed; we had some quarreling before, but nothing but words."

The examination of the mutilated and charred bodies confirms the account of the manner in which the murder was effected, even that of the boy whose jaw and face is horribly crushed The murdered is 43 years of age. He shows no particular sign of feeling, but seems rather indifferent than otherwise.

Judicial Farces.—A correspondent, who has evidently kept his eyes open and made use of his optics, sends us a communication concerning the escape of an alleged murderer in Philadelphia. The remarks of our correspondent will fit some other lochlities we know of. He thus sketches the judicial farce sometimes enacted under the name of a trial for murder:

"For the fun of the thing, let us suppose the alleged murderer caught. "Vell! vot of it?" Of course, he will have a hearing before a magistrate, bail business discussed, and awful hard swearing, pro and con., generally. Prisoner is committed to stand a trial. Day arrives.—Quarter Sessions crowded. Counsel for defendant on hand and eager for the fray. Jury called. "Formed an opinion?" Yes! "Stand aside." Another and another—same question—same answer; till, after a long time, twelve intelligent, &c., are procured. When, all of a sudden, the discovery is made that an important witness is absent. "Can't go on, your Honor. Peter Jones is here—will swear that John Snooks, who knows everything, and more too, can't be found; expect to prove by him insanity in the family of the prisoner for a thousand years; will swear that the prisoner is as harmless as a kitten; was hit once, when a baby, on the shins, with a dough-nut, and been soft-headed ever since." The trial is put off; comes on next six months; crazy dodge no go; convicted; great shame; innocent as a lamb; move for a new trial; argument heard; refused; sentenced; Governor pardons. And so ends the farce. Who would'nt "take a day's shooting?"

A Strange Advertisement.—We find in the Zanesville *Courier* an advertisement of Solomon Sturges, one of the wealthy men of Ohio, in which he sets forth his reasons for offering for sale his vast landed property. He advertises the subject thus:—

"I have some eight or ten fine improved farms in Indiana, and one of 670 acres near Galena, in Illinois, that I wish to sell. I believe no man has a right to own more land than is necessary for his use, and that of his family. God has no doubt wisely ordained that *land sharks* should be cursed; and I can truly say that I am exceedingly anxious to sell all my lands, and get rid of the curse. I will therefore sell at *low prices*, and on easy terms of payment, any of my real estate; and I have a great deal more than I want, ought to have, or desire."

☞ A German couple were remarried in Detroit a few days since, after having been divorced from each other for three years. On his wedding night some villainous Iago planted the germ of jealousy within his breast, and he soon had no difficulty in convincing himself that he was an injured husband, and separation followed. After three years of single blessedness, he became convinced of the faithfulness of his former spouse, and he therefore went from his residence, in an eastern city, to Detroit, where they were again married, and went on their way rejoicing.

☞ Every dog in Massachusetts who would have the right to live, must be registered, numbered, and licensed by the town clerk, and every dog must wear a collar with his owner's name and his own number registered on it.

From the Cincinnati Scientific Artisan.

"THE BLACK LIST."

What an awful picture presents itself to the vision of the workman as his name, that *good* name, the name it may be of an honest man, is ordered to be written upon the "black list!" Hisses and groans await him, and visions of eternal infamy seems to glimmer before him, as the persecuting chalk scrawls out his hitherto fair initials. His tearful wife, too, trembling under doubt between starvation and honor, bids him go and yield to the committee and the union, and have their spotless names preserved from such a fearful list. Now, brother mechanic, let me say a word or two, as we go up to the judgement hall. I have joined in a "strike," in days long since past. We struck against bosses who were exceedingly kind to us; agains men who sympathized with us in our sickness, and smiled upon us in our prosperity. We, too, were perfectly satisfied with our employers and our wages, and in fact, there was but one man who complained of anything in the whole establisment, and he was the *laziest* man, perhaps, that ever breathed, and strange as it may seem, was as peevish as he was lazy. He must have wondered at the generosity of his employers, in keeping him about the shops; but like all things earthly, his wonder had an end, for he was discharged, and with no other alternative but to "strike."

He struck for higher wages, and though despised by all, he started a little stream which burst every barrier, till the fountain itself was exhausted. We all struck, we knew not why, but we imagined we were in an age that demanded a revolution. We soon disliked to meet our employers, and we as soon imagined that they hated us, and only wished to crush us beneath their terrible tyranny. We formed a union, and displayed a magnificent *"black list."* We paraded the streets to very *martial* music; we drank, and smoked, and flourished, and our employers *had* to yield, yes, we "brot'em" to terms, and they were mighty glad to get us back. Glorious day! Magnificent victory!! What a grand success we mechanics had achieved!!! And yet strange to tell, in the short space of seven months, there were but sixteen of the "strikers" left in that town, and they of the sixteen all, with but one exception, had been emblazoned on the terrific "black list." Let me tell you, my friend, no man nor no set of men could frighten these strikers, now with a "black list." Nay, though they dared to write their names upon the blackest walls of the infernal pit, and send from thence the most hissing groans of damned spirits, they would *die* before they would *yield* their *liberty* and strike for what they did not desire

If your employers are *regardless* of your *rights*, strike off their bonds and *starve* before you will yield. But for humanity's sake, do not say "I was perfectly satisfied, and would like to be at work again, but the rest struck, and I was afraid to stand out."

If you have any rights to vindicate, let me urge it upon you to mantain them.

"But he alone is just."

who in the vindication of his own cause, infringes not the rights of others.

The Laugh of Woman.—A woman has no natural gift more bewitching than a sweet laugh. It is like the sweet sound of flutes on the water. It leaps from her heart in a clear, sparkling rill; and the heart that hears it, feels as if bathed in cool, exhilarating spring. Have you ever pursued an unseen fugitive through trees, led on by fairy laugh, now here, now there, now lost, now found? We have—And we are pursuing that wondering voice to this day.—Sometimes it comes to us in the midst of care, or sorrow, or iksome business; and then we turn away and listen, and hear it ringing through the room like a silver bell, with power to scare away the ill spirits of the mind. How much we own to that sweet laugh! It turns the prose into poetry, flings showers of shunshine over the darksome wood in which we are traveling; it touches with light even our sleep, which is no more the image of death, but is consumed with dreams that are the shadows of immortality.

Scene in a Sanctum.—Enter a large strong man with a cowhide.

"Is the Editor in?"
"Yes."
"You?"
"Yes"
"I have come to settle with you,"
"Well. (Editor draws a revolver.)—
"Go on."
I have taken your paper a year."
"Well," (capping a pistol)
"An article in your last weeks issue, (editor cocks the pistol,) convinced me that you needed——"
"I deny your right to give it— therefore please be cautious sir."
"Give you what?"
"A thresing!"
"Why, no my dear sir, I came to pay you my subscription in advance!"
Of course no further disturbance was made.

Treasure from a Wreck.—At the offices of Messrs. Abell and Langley, bullion brokers, London, there are now to be seen, gold bars of the value of £11,000, and silver bars valued at £4000, finished up from the wreck of the British ship Lutine, which was lost off the coast of Holland, on the 9th of October, 1709. After sixty years immersion, the gold looks as fresh as if it had just been taken out of the bank. The silver bars, on the other hand, have become almost black under the action of salt water; and some of the dollars, which have been almost all saved, are so much corroded that they are worth only one to two shillings each.

A Sad Mistake.—A man living near Nashville, who had been absent in California some three years, on coming home recently, found a babe only three months old lying in the cradle. With a cruelty utterly diabolical, he at once cut off the infant's ears to avenge his "wounded honor." The screams of the little sufferer called in the family, when the infuriated man learned that the child belonged to a neighbor who was visiting his wife. He had to flee to escape a lynching.

☞ Judge Johnson, of Louisville, has decided that a man has no right to whip his wife, but that women have a right to whip their husbands whenever they please. It was a prerogative belonging to them peculiarly and inalienable. He was only surprised that it was not exercised to a greater extent