The Altoona Tribune.

ALTOONA, PA.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 4, 1858.

☞ Where parties are unknown to us, our rule for advertising is to require payment in advance, or a guarantee from known persons. It is therefore useless for all such to send us advertisements offering to pay at the end of three or six months. Where advertisements are accompanied with the money, whether one, five or ten dollars, we will give the advertiser the full benefit of cash rates.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

The *Tribune* will hereafter be furnished to subscribers at the following rates:

1 copy one year $1,50; in clubs of 10, to one address, $1,25 per copy; in clubs of 20 or more, to one address, $1,00 per copy. Payment in all cases must be IN ADVANCE.

Renewals should be prompt, a little while before the year expires, in order that we may make all necessary arrangements to supply the paper regularly.

The RED WRAPPER or the name written on the paper with RED INK or LEAD, indicates that the time paid for is about to expire and that we desire a renewal. If however in the haste of mailing, this signal should be omitted, we hope our friends will still not forget us.

REMITTANCES.—Send payment by safe hands, when convenient. Or send by mail, enclosing with ordinary care, and troubling nobody with a knowledge of what you are doing. For a large amount, send a draft or large notes.—For one or two papers, send gold or small notes.

To make change, send postage stamps, or better still, send four more papers; say $2,00 for 70 numbers, or $1,00 for 33 numbers.

☞ The communication of our Philadelphia correspondent was received too late to appear in this week's paper.

PROSPECTUS.—We this week enclose prospectus of our paper to a number of our friends in the county, any of whom can easily raise us a club in their vicinity. We hope they will do what they can for us and we'll return the favor, some way or other.

☞ We this week send a number of papers to old subscribers at a distance whose time has expired, but who have not yet signified their intention of renewing, with a red wrapper on them, or addressed with red ink, to intimate that their time is up and we desire a renewal. Those who desire to renew must forward us the amount of subscription, before our next issue, as we now go on the cash principle. We hope all will renew promptly.

The "Sentinel's" Courtesy.

The *learned* senior editor of the Juniata *Sentinel*, last week displayed his *courtesy* in a characteristic manner. He published our note, which he had refused to do before, and prefaced it with some of his *learned* remarks, done up in his usual *gentlemanly* style. He attempts to justify his want of courtesy, by saying that "no person attached any importance to the sheet, (the Scorpion) but treated it with almost silent contempt," and that "it would have been forgotten ere this had not the Junior Editor of that paper (Tribune) made it the burden of his song while here, and persuaded himself into the belief that he was most 'foully slandered' by some person or persons intimating that it might have been [illegible] that on[illegible] any importance [illegible] necessary [illegible] Some [illegible] Louis Napoleon [illegible] 1851 and [illegible]

[illegible]ences, the publication [illegible] the editors of the *Sentinel* [illegible] complicity in getting up the paper [illegible]lating the report referred to, did [illegible]urse, reflect upon them, and if it [illegible]d, would not have done any [illegible] their refusal convinced us that [illegible] least, averse to having the [illegible]d, if not immediately inter[illegible]ng it circulated and believed. [illegible]diatribe on the merits of our lit[illegible] efforts, all we will say is, that whether worthy of approbation or not, they, at least, possess the merit of *originality*.—We don't depend *exclusively* on "Scissors" to get up our paper.

Mexico.

This unhappy Republic is again cursed with civil war. President Comonfort, imitating Emperor Napoleon, threw off the mask he has so long worn and usurped the imperial sceptre. At first success seemed to favor his attempt, but latterly to be removed beyond his grasp. At last advi[illegible] [illegible]ly every town [illegible] Stand[illegible]ed by Comonfort's troops, but they were repulsed. All foreigners hoisted the flags of their respective countries. Confusion reigns at the capital, while travelling from place to place is attended with certain robbery, if not danger of life. And as if to fill the cup of misery of this unhappy country, the grey-eyed man of destiny—fillibuster Walker, is said to be making extensive preparations to invade it with another fillibustering expedition. If he does, we sincerely hope that he will meet the just fate which he has so long courted.

Gen. Walker.

The grey-eyed man of destiny, who perpetrates his outrages on inoffensive neighboring States with impunity, and boastingly defies the power of our government, met with an enthusiastic reception in Mobile on Saturday, the 23th ult. He was received with a national salute, and the hospitalities of the city formally extended to him. On the next day—Sunday—he was arrested on an order from New Orleans. A writ of *habeas corpus* was sued out, and he was discharged from custody, Judge Gale quashing the proceedings. Of course! Who would dream of anything else, when he is regarded with such favor by the "powers that be." No wonder that a Judge should desecrate Sunday by such an act.

On the next evening, Monday, an enthusiastic meeting was held at which speeches were delivered by Gen. Walker, Parson Brownlow and several others.—Gen. Walker disclosed the secret of the government opposition, and a proposition to go to Mexico to unite in the war, with the view of acquiring territory. Ah! then this is the milk in the cocoa nut, which accounts for the leniency with which our government treats his high-handed outrages. It is almost needless to say, that resolutions demanding Commodore Paulding's trial and denouncing the government were passed, as fillibusters scruple at nothing.

Popularity of Humbugs.

It is an old saying that "Humbugs are always popular." That it is a true one, we think no one need question. It is a notorious fact, that quacks in every profession are always better patronised than those who have spent the best part of their days, in booking themselves up in everything relating to that profession. It seems to be a settled fact, that the public love to be humbugged. As evidence of this, we publish below an article from the *Ohio State Pennant*, published in January, 1857, in which the rottenness of the Ohio Life Insurance and Trust Company is exposed.—The figures were taken from Lord's Detector. After reading this article, and reflecting on the fact, that the depositors in that humbug bank refused to listen to this warning, and took no measures to secure themselves, but rather had their confidence in it increased, until it smashed, involving hundreds and thousands of its victims in irretrievable ruin, and precipitating the late financial crisis which shook the world, [illegible] humbugs are not popular, [illegible] of the financial condition [illegible] bugged.

[illegible] Deer Cussin the wether where we is are [illegible]ld and I suppose we is awl well an muther has got the his Terricks an bruther T as got a baby an I hoap theese fue lynes will finde you in the saim kondishion rite sune your fectionat kussin."

Too LATE.—A young couple eloped from a neighboring town lately, and when at a safe distance from home were married. Soon after an officer was sent in pursuit, and arriving at the hotel where they were stopping, he immediately entered their room, and found them snug in bed. He explained his errand, when the young lady said, with a ringing laugh: "Tell ma it is too late—we've been married some time, and have been in bed half-an-hour. Te! he! he-e-e! Don't you get out of bed for him, John!"

NICARAGUA APPROVES OF THE ACT.—The Nicaraguan Minister, in a letter to Mr. Cass, published in the *Union*, returns thanks to the U. S. Government for arresting Walker on Nicaraguan soil. Nicaragua does not feel that her sovereignty has been violated in the least, and Mr. Yrisrari says Com. Paulding's act was perfectly justifiable, for, he adds, "as a man-of-war of any nation may take up pirates from a desert island, or one as thinly peopled that they can assert their dominion over it, altho' that island might belong to another sovereign nation, just so can bandits be apprehended, as enemies of the human race, by the armed vessels of a friendly nation, on a point of a foreign coast, which may be placed under circumstances like to those of the island mentioned by way of illustration." This is a stunning fact to the sympathizers with the fillibusters, who felt so indignant that the sovereignty of Nicaragua should be outraged by the United States.

LIFE PRESERVING JACKET.—This is an article which has just been manufactured in Philadelphia. It is said to fit a man like a sailor's monkey jacket, and therefore not liable to be washed from the body. The jacket is lined with cork shavings, enclosed in water tight cloth, quilted in cylinders around the jacket three or four inches apart. The jacket, therefore, is a series of water-tight compartments, and injury to any one will not affect the buoyant character of the others. The arms and hands are left free in their motion to seize a rope, grasp a plank, or use in any other way which is necessary to save life.

THE POOR IN NEW YORK.—The disbursements in money to the out-door poor in New York, per week, amount to $2,000, and in coal to over two thousand tons a week. About twelve thousand persons are now receiving coal and three thousand are aided with money.

RICHES OF DELHI.—A soldier writes from Delhi that probably every member of the Guards will be worth £1,000, when he reaches England. An equal division of the spoils is to be made, and they exceed in richness anything heretofore dreamed of.

[illegible] Immediate liabilities, $2,414,741—leaving a deficit of $1,949,445. This is a vast amount to depend upon the mere will of its creditors, who may at any time demand this whole sum of over two millions of dollars.

The Trust Company has $23,000 invested in real estate, and other unknown resources $363,989.

All may thus at once see where this Company would stand in case of a run upon it. Only about $470,000 cash, against $2,000,000 indebtedness, all of which is liable to be demanded any day! Its lands cannot, of course, be converted into cash in a day or a month, nor is it likely that its other resources can be rendered immediately available.

We make these statements of figures upon the authority of Mr. Lord, the editor of "Lord's Detecter and Bank Note Reporter." Mr. Lord is doubtless posted in these matters, and, entertaining no better opinion of his neighbor of the Trust Company Bank than others ought, perhaps he feels it to be his duty to blow upon them.—His Reporter is very reliable, and its quotation of the various bank notes is taken as correct.—He has here given the community a warning against the Trust Company's weakness, and if people will persist in making that institution their depository, they will do it at their peril. We had supposed that after last year's sad experience in banks of deposit, during which hundreds and thousands of dollars were lost to the people, that moneyed men would avoid those concerns. But not so. We find many who have been bled freely heretofore again submitting themselves to the [illegible] sort of leeches, and will again suffer in the [illegible] unless they withdraw in season.

[illegible]s.—Gen. Calhoun, and [illegible] border Ruffians," has ar[illegible] Washington with the Becompton [illegible]tion. It was to be submitted to Congress immediately in conjunction with a Message from the President endorsing it, and declaring all Democrats who refused to help it through traitors to the party. Well, we shall soon see who wins the day, "Old Buck" or the "Little Giant." If the for[illegible] raise a breeze in the North; if [illegible] one in the South. Whew! what [illegible] our law-mak[illegible]

PEN AND SCISSORS.

☞ No professional man lives so much from hand to mouth as a dentist.

☞ It is rumored that ex-Mayor Wood, of New York, is about to organize a movement in favor of Gov. Wise for the Presidency.

☞ A new Democratic paper is to be started in Bellefonte, by B. B. Hall, Esq., to be called the "Democratic Patriot."

☞ Noosed—"Bob Stodart," of the Tyrone *Herald*. We wish him long life and happiness, and any number of small editions composed exclusively of original matter.

☞ The "Bank of Crawford County" has gone into operation. Its officers are Thomas Van Horne, President, and A. C. Finney, Cashier.

☞ Nicaragua Walker's View of Colonization.—A revolver in one hand, a sword in the other, and a couple of niggers behind to take care of the prisoners.

☞ Some wag in Washington asserts that the troubles of the administration must have nigger in them some way; it is nigger in Kansas, and then Nigger-agua.

☞ How the Case Stands.—Captain Chatard of the *Saratoga*, is to be court martialed for not arresting Walker, and Com. Paulding came near being court martialed for doing so.

☞ Green—The youth who carries one of Dr. Young's "Pocket Æsculapius" in his pocket, and exhibits it publicly, on street corners, on Sunday. For shame, you ought to have more decency.

☞ The unfortunate youth who was drowned a few days ago in a "flood of tender recollections," was slowly recovering, but yesterday he unfortunately fell from the sublime to the ridiculous and was fatally injured.

☞ In the county of Norfolk, a lady has six sons, each of which is six feet four inches tall. She says the way she drew them out so was by feeding them on shanghai chickens. A hint for our short friends.

☞ The Napoleon dynasty is about to revive another guarantee of permanence. Information has been given to the newspaper correspondents, that the Empress of France has, by the advice of her medical attendants, left off riding.

☞ The Greatest Failure Yet.—A cotemporary considers the present winter the most decided failure recently recorded. There has been no winter yet, but in name; and it is feared that Boston and even the Canadas will receive but a meagre supply of ice.

☞ Benton on Douglas.—The following good one is told of Old Bullion: Speaking of the Douglas defection he remarked, "We hear much said about the people that Douglas will take off. He has not taken off the people—*the people have taken off* Douglas, Sir."

☞ The editor of the Rutland *Herald*, just married to a Boston girl, says that a pair of sweet lips, a pressure or two of delicate hands, and a pink waist ribbon, will do as much to unhinge a man as three fevers, the measles, a large sized whooping cough, a pair of lockjaws, several hydrophobias and the doctor's bill.—Oh, my! The man has not got over the Honeymoon yet!

☞ The assets of the Granite Bank, Conn., have been found to be three or four hundred in coin, a one dollar bill, and a second hand safe, not yet paid for. The managers issued about $17,000 worth of bills and scattered them in various parts of the country. The bank was kept in a kitchen, and was to all appearances, an out and out swindle.

☞ A young lady of very interesting and extraordinary intellectual capacities, of course, addressed a letter to her cousin living in a neigh[illegible] as follows:

[illegible] Magnificent offer the Emperor again makes to Prof Agassiz, of the United States, to induce him to fill the chair made vacant by M. D'Orbigny, in the "Museum an Jardin des Plantes." The offer is 100,000 francs and a seat in the Senate.

SUPPOSED STRENGTH OF THE MORMONS.—Various calculations have been going the rounds of the papers of late, as to the estimated number of the Mormons in Utah, and the armed force which they could possibly bring into the field against the United States troops. Hitherto the estimates seem to have been greatly exaggerated. The Sacramento *Union* gives the following on the subject:—

"According to the United States census of 1850, the whole Mormon population, men women and children, amounted to 11,335. In 1852, from the Minutes of the Mormon General Conference, it appears that the population had increased 6,851, making the total 18,206. Taking the same ratio of increase, we have the whole Mormon population in 1857 amounting to 31,012. Taking out the relative proportion of children which existed in 1852, with the increase of population, say 9,000, we have left 22,012. Deduct from this amount one-half for the women, the same proportion that existed in 1853, and there remains 11,006 fighting men, including those somewhat advanced. This is probably the whole fighting strength of the Mormons.

THE MORMON WAR.—The California combination for carrying on the Mormon war from that side of the mountains has effected its object.—Gen. Scott will start for California next week, with full powers from Government to organize in that State an army for the invasion of Utah, if the latest advices from Salt Lake City, which he shall receive in California, are such as to warrant the prosecution of hostilities. In that case he will employ the regulars now on the Pacific side, and will also call upon the Governor of California for volunteers.

He expects to reach Salt Lake in June, simultaneously with Col. Johnston. It is a part of his plan of operations to conduct the army up the Colerado River, which is believed to be navigable for three hundred miles above the junction with the Gila, and in the exact direction of Utah. An officer of the army is now engaged in surveying the river, and so far as it has been yet examined, it has been found a deep stream, without shoal or falls, with a current of three miles an hour.—*Wash. Cor. N. Y. Tribune* 23d *inst.*

AN EXTRAORDINARY OCCURRENCE.—AN OLD FABLE REALIZED.—"A cook in the family of a citizen of Augusta, Ga., in cleaning a fowl, a few days since, found a cone shaped piece of gold, valued at five dollars in the gizzard."

We copy the above to correct an error. It was not a "cone shaped piece of gold" thus extraordinarily discovered. It was a lottery ticket issued from the legalized lottery firm of S. Swan & Co., of Augusta, Ga. The ticket thus miraculously delivered turned up to be a prize and a capital prize at that. The numerous papers that have published the above fabulous statement should in justice make this correction. Swan & Co's lotteries offer extraordinary inducements. We understand the capital prize to be $60,000; and tickets for the fashionably small sum of $10 for whole numbers, and 5 and 2½ for halves and quarters, are offered to those wishing to make these investments.

STATE CONSTITUTIONS.—The editor of the Philadelphia *Press* publishes the following table showing that at one time or another every State has submitted its constitution to the people.—We subjoin the table:

California, Nov. 13	1849	Michigan, Nov. 5	1850
Connecticut, Oct. 5	1818	New Jersey, Aug. 13,	1844
Georgia, 1st M. Oct.	1831	New York, Nov. 3	1846
Illinois, March 7	1848	N. Carolina, Nov. 9	1835
Indiana, Aug. 7	1852	Ohio, June 24,	1802
Iowa, Aug. 3	1846	R. Island, Nov. 21-22.	1841
Kentucky	1850	Tennessee, March.	1836
Louisiana, Nov. 2	1852	Texas, Oct. 13,	1845
Maine,	1820	Virginia, Oct. 23-25.	1851
Maryland, June 4	1851	Wisconsin, April.	1848
Massachusetts,	1780	Missouri, July, 19	1820
Alabama,	1819	N. Hampshire, Sept.	1792
Arkansas, Jan. 4	1836	Pennsylvania.	1838
Delaware, Dec. 2	1831	South Carolina.	1790
Florida,	1838	Vermont.	1850
Mississippi, Oct.	1832		

A FAITHFUL DOG.—During the time that Comstock was engaged in murdering his father and mother, near Hamilton, N. Y., a few days ago, a dog was in the room, and the prisoner affirms that during his bloody work, this animal several times attacked him; that he tried to kill the animal and get his heart, but was foiled in his efforts. After he lay down, the faithful dog sat all night watching by his lifeless mistress.—During the whole examination of the bodies on the inquest, this faithful animal remained under the bed, and could not be removed from the room.

A TEMPTING OFFER.—M. Gaillardet, in a letter from Paris, says that there is a renewed agitation [illegible] at Paris, at the [illegible] the Savoie [illegible]

UNRIVALED ATTRACTIONS.

EMERSON'S MAGAZINE AND PUTNAM'S MONTHLY.

TWO GREAT MAGAZINES IN ONE.

$90,000 COPIES THE FIRST MONTH!!!

MAGNIFICENT PROGRAMME for 1858. $20,000 IN SPLENDID WORKS OF ART. FIVE-DOLLAR ENGRAVINGS TO EVERY SUBSCRIBER. The great Lit-rary offer. Agents getting rich.

The union of EMERSON'S MAGAZINE and PUTNAM'S MONTHLY has given to the consolidated work a circulation second to but one similar publication in the country, and has secured for it a combination of literary and artistic talent probably unrivaled by any other magazine in the world. During the first month, the sale in the trade and demand from subscribers exceeded 90,000 copies, and the numbers already issued of the consolidated work are universally conceded to have surpassed, in the richness of their literary contents, and the beauty and profuseness of their pictorial illustrations, any magazine ever before issued from the American press. Encouraged by these evidences of favor, the publishers have determined to commence the new volume in January with still additional attractions, and to offer such inducements to subscribers as cannot fail to place it, in circulation, at the head of American magazines. With this view they now announce the following splendid programme. They have purchased that superb and costly steel-plate engraving,

"THE LAST SUPPER,"

and will present a copy of it to every three-dollar subscriber for the year 1858. It was engraved at a cost of over $6,000 by the late celebrated A. L. Dick, from the original of Raphael Morghen, after Leonardo Da Vinci, and is the largest steel-plate engraving ever executed in this country, being three times the size of three-dollar engravings.

The first impressions of this engraving are held at $10, and it was the intention of the artist that none of the engravings should ever be offered for a less sum than $5, being richly worth that amount. Thus every three-dollar subscriber will receive the Magazine one year—cheap at $3—and this splendid engraving, richly worth $5; thus getting for $3 the value of $8.

We shall commence striking off the engravings immediately, yet it can hardly be expected that impressions of so large a plate can be taken as fast as they will be called for by subscribers. We shall, therefore, furnish them in the order in which subscriptions are received. Those who desire to obtain their engraving early, and from the first impressions should send their subscriptions without delay.—The engraving can be sent on rollers, by mail, or in any other manner, as subscribers shall order.

$20,00 IN WORKS OF ART.

In addition to the superb engraving of "THE LAST SUPPER," which will be presented to every three-dollar subscriber for 1858, the publishers have completed arrangements for the distribution, on the 25th of December, 1858, of a series of splendid works of art, consisting of one hundred rich and rare Oil Paintings, valued at from $100 to $500 each. Also, 2,000 magnificent Steel-Plate Engravings, worth from $3 to $5 each, and 1,000 choice Holiday Books, worth from $1 to $5 each, making, in all, over THREE THOUSAND GIFTS, worth TWENTY THOUSAND DOLLARS.

Inclose $3 to the publishers and you will commence receiving the Magazine by return mail. You will also receive with the first copy a numbered subscription receipts entitling you to the Engraving of

"THE LAST SUPPER,"

and a chance to draw one of those "THREE THOUSAND PRIZES."

REASONS WHY YOU SHOULD SUBSCRIBE FOR EMERSON'S MAGAZINE For 1858.

First: Because its literary contents will, during the year, embrace contributions from over ONE HUNDRED different writers and thinkers, numbering among them the most distinguished of American authors.

Second: Because its editorial departments, "Our Studio," "Our Window," and "Our Office," will be conducted by an able editor—and it will surpass, in the variety and richness of its editorial contents, any other magazine.

Third: Because it will contain, during the year, nearly six hundred original pictorial illustrations from designs by the first American artists.

Fourth: Because for the sum of $3 you will receive this splendid monthly, more richly worth that sum than any other magazine, and the superb engraving of "THE LAST SUPPER," worth $5.

Fifth: Because you will very likely draw one of the three thousand prizes to be distributed on the 25th day of December, 1858—perhaps one that is worth $1,000.

Notwithstanding that these extraordinary inducements can hardly fail to accomplish the objects of the publishers without further efforts, yet they have determined to continue through the year,

THE GREAT LIBRARY OFFER.

To any person who will get up a club of twenty four subscribers, either at one or more post-offices, we will present a splendid Library, consisting of over Forty Large Bound Volumes, embracing the most popular works in the market. The club may be found at the club price, $2 a year, without the engraving, or at the full price, $3 with the engraving of the Last Supper to each subscriber. List and subscription of the Library, and specimen copy of the Magazine will be forwarded on receipt of 25 cents. Over 200 Libraries or 3,000 volumes, have already been distributed in accordance with this offer, and we should be glad of an opportunity to furnish a Library to every clergyman, to every school teacher, or to some one at every post-office in the country.

AGENTS GETTING RICH.

The success which our agents are meeting with is almost astonishing. Among the many evidences of this fact, we are permitted to publish the following:

GENTLEMEN—The following facts in relation to what your Agents are doing in this section, may be of use to some enterprising young man in want of employment. The Rev. John E. Jerdon, of this place, has made, since last Christmas, over $4,000 in his agency. Mr. David M. Heath, of Ridgly, Mo., your General Agent for Platt County, is making $8 per day on each Sub-Agent employed by him, and Messrs. Wolmer and Evans, of Oregon, Mo., your Agents for Holt County, are making from $5 to $25 per day, and your humble servant has made, since the seventh day of last January, or in 31,700, besides paying for 300 acres of land out of the business worth over $1,000. You are at liberty to publish this statement, if you like, and to refer to any of the parties named.

DANIEL GREGG, Carrolton Mo.

With such inducements as we offer, anybody can obtain subscribers. We invite every gentleman out of employment, and every lady who desires a pleasant *money*-making occupation to apply at once for an agency. Applicants should inclose 25 cents for a specimen copy of the Magazine which will always be forwarded with answer to application.

Address, post paid,

EMERSON & SMITH & Co.

Jan. 1-tf. No. 371 Broadway, New York.

SPECIMEN ENGRAVING.

As we de[illegible] to place in the hands of every person who proposes to [illegible] up a club, and also of every agent, a copy of the engraving [illegible] "THE LAST SUPPER," as a specimen, each applicant [illegible] inclosing us $3 will receive the engraving post paid by return mail, also specimens of our publication and one of the [illegible] numbered subscription receipts, entitling the holder to the [illegible] Magazine one year and to a chance in the distribution. This offer is made only to those who desire to act as agents or to form clubs. Address

EMERSON & SMITH & Co.

Jan. 1-tf. No. 371 Broadway, New York.

THE NEW YORK STEAM SAW-MILL AND MACHINE COMPANY.

CAPITAL $250,000.

This company has been organized with the above capital for the purpose of supplying the demand for the PORTABLE STEAM SAW-MILL, COMBINATION MACHINERY IMPROVED MACHINERY, and [illegible] the entire machinery business heretofore carried on by J. M. Emerson & Co., also the Montgomery Works at Yonkers, on the Hudson near this city, and with the experience and facilities combined in its organization are prepared to furnish machinery of all kinds at more liberal rates, than has ever been offered at any other establishment.

THE COMBINATION SAW-MILL was patented October, 1854, and is now generally acknowledged to be the cheapest, most practical, and efficient [illegible] lumber manufacturing machine in the world. A large number of them are successful operation in different sections of this country, Canada, Cuba, and South America, and wherever their merits have been tested they are being adopted by lumber manufacturers in preference to all other mills.

The following letter expresses the general opinion of those who are using the Combination Mill:

Messrs. EMERSON & Co.—Gentlemen: I have tried the sawmill purchased of you [illegible] and will say that it performs well and more than [illegible] my expectations. I am well pleased with the performance [illegible] about as thick as my little finger, which was [illegible] than sufficient to supply the boiler. We are able to cut [illegible] feet of beautiful lumber in 12 hours, with [illegible] when one cord of wood.—It is the very thing [illegible] needed in our country for a long time. [illegible] and expense, we are able to move it from a little [illegible] per day, and set it up in the heart of the [illegible] saves the great burden of hauling the logs [illegible] to the mill.

Yours, respectfully, [illegible] JR., JR., [illegible] Tennessee.

The Company have purchased the [illegible] PATENT FEED ARRANGEMENT, which is [illegible] described in the Scientific American for October 24. This adds greatly to the efficiency of the mill.

THE COMBINATION MILL, with all the recent improvements, and steam power of 15 horse, is capable of sawing from 3,000 to 4,000 feet in twelve hours, and is sold for $1,000.

THE NEW YORK CIRCULAR SAW-MILL

Is manufactured only by this Company. It is of superior construction, and sold for 25 per cent less than other mills of no greater capacity. A mill with 38 to 54 inch saw can be sold for $250 to $500, and with a 20 horse engine and boiler is sold for $2,200.

STEAM ENGINES AND BOILER ENGINES of from one to 100 horse power: LOCOMOTIVE, TUBULAR, FLUE and CYLINDER BOILERS furnished at greatly reduced prices from former quotations.

Drawings, plans and specifications for buildings and machinery, furnished gratis to our customers.

Competent men and [illegible] are sent out to put up and [illegible] in operation our machinery, when required.

We also manufacture SHINGLE MACHINES, PLANING MACHINES, SUGAR MILLS, and MACHINERY IN GENERAL.

Special attention [illegible] to getting up SHAFTING and PULLIES for manufactories and all kinds of MILLWRIGHT WORK.

The Company are selling a great numbers a PATENT CONICAL BURR-STONE [illegible] for flour, corn meal, and all kinds of [illegible], which is pronounced by experienced millers both in this country and Europe, THE BEST MILL EVER CONSTRUCTED. It will grind more grain in the same time, and with half the power of any mill of the same price in the market.

We also furnish other styles of GRIST-MILLS, when required.

J. M. EMERSON & Co., Agents,

Jan. 21-tf.] No. 371 Broadway, New York.

LOGAN HOTEL.—THE undersigned respectfully informs the citizens of Blair county and others, that he has opened up the LOGAN HOUSE, formerly kept by Sheriff Rea, at the west end of Hollidaysburg, for the reception of strangers and travellers.—Everything connected with the house has been refitted in the new with the choicest of furniture, &c., &c.

The house is large and commodious, and well calculated for convenience and comfort.

His TABLE will be furnished with the very best the market can afford, and no pains or trouble will be spared to render those who may choose to favor him with their patronage comfortable and happy during their stay with him.

His STABLING is ample, and an obliging and careful hostler will always be in attendance.

Dec. 17, 1857.—tf.] JOHN KEIFFER.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that letters of administration on the Estate of Martha Hunter late of Logan township, Blair county, have been granted by the Register of said county, to the undersigned. All persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them duly authenticated for settlement.

Dec. 17-6t.] JAMES LOWTHER, *Adm'r.*

OYSTERS, OYSTERS.—In consequence of the hard times, I have concluded to put down the price of my OYSTERS to the lowest possible standard. They will hereafter be served up on the Chafing Dish at TWENTY CENTS, and roasted in the shell and served up with all other accompaniments, TWENTY-FIVE CENTS. They will also be furnished, in every other way, at prices to correspond with the times.

JOHN KEIFFER,

Dec. 17, tf.] Logan House, Hollidaysburg.

PINE AND LAMP OILS, Camphene, Burning Fluid, Carbon Oil, &c., at KESSLER'S.

Jan. 3, '56-tf.]

NONE BUT THE BEST Confectionaries, Nuts and Fruits kept at HENRY LEHR'S.

June 18, '57-1y]

HAIR OILS, POMADES, Cologne Extracts, Shaving Cream, Toilet Soaps, &c. for sale by [1-tf.] G. W. KESSLER.

HAIR, HAT, TOOTH, Shaving, Paint, Sash and Varnish Brushes at KESSLER'S.

1-tf.

RICH TOBACCO AND highly flavored Cigars, in abundance, can be had a HENRY LEHR'S.

June 18, '57-1y]

YOU CAN ALWAYS OBtain Flour and Feed by calling at HENRY LEHR'S.

June 18, '57-1y]

PURE WHITE LEAD & Zinc Paint also Chrome, Green, Yellow, Paris Green, ready for use in oil at [1-tf.] KESSLER'S.

HARDWARE OF ALL descriptions just received and for sale by J. B. HILEMAN

Oct. 15-tf.]

EVERYBODY IS INVIted to call and test the merits of the articles kept by HENRY LEHR.

June 18, '57-1y]

ALWAYS SOMETHING NEW. READ THIS—OLD AND YOUNG.

PROFESSOR WOOD'S HAIR RESTORATIVE.

Is, no doubt, the most wonderful discovery of this Era of progress, for it will restore, permanently, gray hair to its original color, cover the head of the bald with a most luxuriant growth, remove at once all dandruff and itching, cure all scrofula, and other cutaneous eruptions, such as salt rheum, head, etc. It will cure, as if by magic, nervous or periodical headache, make the hair soft, glossy and preserve the color perfectly, and the hair from falling, to extreme old age. The following is from a distinguished member of the medical profession;

ST. PAUL, January 1, 1855.

PROF. O. J. WOOD—*Dear Sir:*—Unsolicited, I send you this certificate. After being nearly bald for a long time, and having tried all the hair restoratives extant, and having no faith in any, I was induced, on hearing of yours, to give it a trial. I placed myself in the hands of a barber, who had my head rubbed with a good stiff brush, and the restorative then applied and well rubbed in, till the scalp was aglow. This I repeated every morning, and in three weeks the young hair appeared and grew rapidly from August till the present time, and is now thick, black and strong, soft and pleasant to the touch; whereas, before, it was harsh and wiry, what little there was of it, and that little was disappearing very rapidly. I still use your Restorative about twice a week, and shall soon have a good and permanent crop of hair. Now I had read all these things—and yet I has not? but have not seen hitherto any case where a person's hair was really benefitted by any of the hair tonics, etc., of the day; and it really gives me pleasure to recommend the result of my experience. I have recommended your preparation to others, and it already has a large and growing sale throughout the Territory. The people here know its effects and have confidence in it. The supply you gave us as wholesale agents for the Territory, is nearly exhausted, and daily inquiries are made for it. You deserve credit for your discovery, and I, for one, return you my thanks for the benefit it has done me, for I certainly in despair long ago of effecting any such result. Yours, truly,

J. WIBOND.

Firm of Bond & Kelly, Druggists, St. Paul.

From the Editor of the Real Estate Advertiser.

BOSTON, May 20, 1855.

DEAR SIR:—Having become prematurely gray, I was induced, some six weeks since, to make a trial of your Restorative. I have used less than two bottles, and the gray hairs have all disappeared; and although my hair has not fully attained its original color, yet the process of change is gradually going on, and I am in great hopes that in a short time my hair will be as dark as formerly. I have also been much gratified at the healthy moisture and vigor of the hair, which before was harsh and dry; and has ceased to come out as formerly.

Respectfully yours, D. M. RUPP.

CARLTON, Illinois, June 9, 1855.

I have used Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative and have admired its wonderful effect. My hair was beginning to be thought prematurely gray, but by the use of this Restorative, it has resumed its original color and I do no doubt permanently so. SIDNEY BREESE, Ex-Senator United States.

O. J. Wood & Co., Proprietors, 312 Broadway N. Y. and 114 Market st., St. Louis, Missouri.

For sale by G. W. KESSLER, Druggist, Altoona. [9-1y

ONLY ONE BOTTLE OF DR. SANFORD'S INVIGORATOR OR LIVER REMEDY,

is required to cure any one troubled with Liver Complaint, unless the most desperate of cases, when the second bottle will, with scarce a single failure, restore the patient to health and vigor. We wish to call the attention of all to the fact, that the Invigorator is compounded by a physician who has used it in his practice for the last twenty years with a success almost credulous, and it is entirely vegetable, being composed wholly of gums.

Some idea of the strength of these gums may be formed when it is known one bottle of the Invigorator contains as much strength as one hundred doses of Calomel without any of its deleterious effects.

One bottle is the surest thing known to carry away the bad effects of mineral poison of any kind.

Only one bottle of it is needed to throughout the system the effect of medicine after a long sickness.

One bottle taken for Jaundice removes the yellowness of unnatural color from the skin.

One dose after eating is sufficient to relieve the stomach and prevent the food from rising and souring.

Only one dose taken before retiring prevents nightmare.

One dose taken at night loosens the bowels gently, and cures costiveness.

One dose taken after each meal will cure dyspepsia.

One dose of two teaspoonfuls will always relieve Sick Headache.

One bottle taken for female obstructions removes the cause of the disease, and makes a perfect cure.

Only one dose immediately relieves Cholic, while one dose often repeated is a sure cure for Cholera Morbus, and a sure preventative of Cholera.

One dose taken often will prevent the recurrence of bilious attacks, while it relieves all painful fevers.

☞ One or two doses taken occasionally will prove one of the best remedies for cold ever known.

Thousands of cures of inflammation and wasting diseases of the lungs have been cured by the Invigorator.

One dose taken a short time before eating will give vigor the appetite and makes food digest well.

One dose often repeated cures Diarrhœa in its worst forms, while summer and bowel complaints yield almost to the first dose.

One or two doses cures attacks caused by worms, while for worms in children, there is no surer, safer and speedier remedy in the world, as it never fails.

There is no exaggeration in these statements, they are plain and sober facts, that we can give evidence to prove, while all who use it are giving their unanimous testimony in its favor.

We wish all who are sick and debilitated to this remedy, and test it thoroughly, and any who are benefitted by its use we should like to here from, as we have not yet to hear from the first person who has used a bottle of the Invigorator without receiving benefit, for there are scarcely any medicinal virtues in it, that all, no matter what ailing they have been afflicted, if their complaint arises from a deranged liver, will be benefited, if not entirely cured.

Sanford & Co., Proprietors, 345 Broadway, New York.—Dr. G. H. Keyser, Druggists, No. 140 Wood St., Pittsburg, Wholesale Agent. For sale by G. W. KESSLER, Druggist, Altoona. Ap. 57-1y

BRILLIANT PROSPECTS! FOURTH YEAR OF THE Cosmopolitan Art Association. THE FAMOUS DUSSELLORF GALLERY OF PAINTINGS! PURCHASED AT A COST OF $15[illegible] AND POWER'S WORLD RENOWNED STATUE GREEK SLAVE!

Re-purchased for *six thousand dollars*, several hundred other works of Art, in Paintings, Sculpture and Bronzes, comprise the Premiums to be awarded to subscribers of the COSMOPOLITAN ART ASSOCIATION, who subscribe before the 28th of January, 1858, at which time the awards will take place.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

Every subscriber of *three dollars* is entitled to

A copy of the large and [illegible] mid Steel Engraving entitled "MANIFEST DESTINY," also to

A copy of the Cosmopolitan Art Journal, also to

A Certificate in the Awards of Premiums, and

A free admission to the Dusseldorf and other Art Galleries.

Thus it is seen that for every *three dollars* each subscriber not only receives a

SPLENDID THREE DOLLAR ENGRAVING!

but, also, the beautifully illustrated

TWO DOLLAR ART JOURNAL!

Each subscriber, is also presented with a certificate in the Awards of Premiums, by which a valuable work of Art, in Painting or Sculpture, may be received, thus giving to every subscriber an equivalent of five *dollars*, and a Certificate *gratis*.

Any one of the leading $3 Magazines, or any standard work of Engraving and Art Journal, if desired, in place of the Engraving.

No person is restricted to a single set, but may take any five memberships, remitting $15, and receive five Engravings, and six tickets.

Full particulars of the Association, the Art Journal, which contains over sixty engravings, sent free to all persons who desire to subscribe, on receipt of postage stamps, (15 cents.)

Address C. L. DERBY, Actuary, 548 Broadway, N. Y.

VALUABLE HOTEL PROPERTY FOR SALE.—The subscriber offers at Private Sale, the RED LION HOTEL property, situate on the second lot from the corner of Main and Annville streets, at the Railroad Depot, in Altoona. The house is a large two-story frame building covering the entire front of the lot, having two wings extending back, one of which contains a dining room on the first floor. The balance of the house, and all other necessary conveniences, are well filled and dry cellar extends under the whole building, and there is a well of excellent water in the yard. The house is well arranged for a Hotel, and is in a central position and convenient to the Railroad Depot, which makes it a desirable property for any person wishing to engage in the business. Persons wishing to view the property will call on the subscriber residing in the premises.

Jan. 7-tf.] JAMES BARNEY.

MILLINERY AND MANTUAMAKING ESTABLISHMENT. M. & E. KAUFMAN would respectfully inform the ladies of Altoona and vicinity, that they continue the above business at the old stand, in the "Blue Bellars" Drug Store, and have just received their supply of SPRING and SUMMER MILLINERY GOODS, which they will sell as low as any other establishment in the place. Bonnets