

thousand two hundred ninety-two, dollars and seventy cents, which were subject to be applied to any object, agreeably to the discretion of the commander in chief of the expedition, and might have been applied; if he thought proper, to the payment of the discharged levies, and would have been sufficient for two months pay to the officers, and four months pay to the privates. This sum is admitted by the quartermaster-general, to have been in his hands, at the time of the discharge of the levies, and would have been applied to their pay, if orders had been given by the commander in chief of the expedition, for that purpose. But that no such orders ever were received by him. The Secretary at War infers, from these circumstances, that no censure should be imputed to the war department, for not having paid implicit attention to this subject.

The circumstances respecting this transaction have been attentively examined by the committee, and appear to them to be the following: The quartermaster general, upon his leaving Philadelphia, was furnished with the sum of twenty thousand dollars, for the use of that department. He was afterwards furnished with two other sums, to wit: the sum of seventeen thousand eight hundred and forty-four dollars and fifty cents, on the twenty third day of July, and the sum of two thousand, two hundred and twenty-four dollars and sixty cents, on the seventh day of July, making together, the sum of twenty thousand and sixty-nine dollars and ten cents. It appears by letter from the Secretary at War, to the commander in chief of the expedition, that five thousand dollars of this sum were to be applied to the pay of the regular troops, if the commander in chief should deem that a proper application of the money, which, however was not done. The remaining part of this money was intended to form a kind of military chest, to answer contingent expenses; subject however to the control of the commander in chief. It appears that the quartermaster general, in addition to those supplies of cash, was authorized to draw bills on the Secretary at War, with this restriction; that the commander in chief should approve of all draughts, and certify the necessity or propriety of making them. The quartermaster general commenced his draughts at Fort Pitt, previously to his arrival at head quarters, to the amount of two thousand six hundred dollars, and continued them after his arrival; but it does not appear that those draughts were certified, or sanctioned by the commander in chief: all which draughts were honored by the Secretary at War.

It is suggested by the commander in chief, that he never considered the money, before-mentioned, appropriated to the pay of the levies, upon their discharges, nor that it was ever intended to be applied to that object. He further suggests a want of knowledge of the money, said to be on hand, at the time of the discharges of the levies, although he admits, that the quartermaster-general, shortly after his arrival at head quarters, tendered him a statement of the cash on hand, which he returned, without examination, observing, that he had already received sufficient information relatively thereto, from the Secretary at War; that he was informed of the amount of monies originally received by the quartermaster-general, and conceived that he could form some idea of the balance on hand, from the sums disbursed in consequence of warrants drawn by him, which, he expected, were paid from that fund—that has want of information, as to the real balance, arose from the circumstance of the bills drawn by the quartermaster general, without his knowledge, or the requisite certificate from him, which bills operated, as a relief to that fund, for their amount.—The commander in chief of the expedition further suggested, to the committee, in presence of the quartermaster-general, that, upon making draughts upon the fund before alluded to, he usually enquired of the quartermaster-general, whether it was sufficient for the purpose of answering the draught, and upon repeating this enquiry, just before the discharge of the levies, he received for answer, "that the chest was very low." This statement was acquiesced in, or at least, not denied by the quartermaster-general.

The quartermaster-general has furnished the committee with a statement of his account, by which it appears, that he had on hand, on the fifth day of Novem-

ber, one thousand seven hundred and ninety one, cash, to the amount of fifteen thousand nine hundred and twelve dollars, and forty-two cents, and two thirds of a cent, which, he suggests, have been since applied to the use of his department.— This balance is denied to have been on hand, by the commander in chief, at that time: and he has furnished a statement of disbursements from the original fund; which leaves the amount of the balance, at the time of the discharge of the levies of one thousand four hundred eighty three dollars eighty-six cents, exclusive of five thousand dollars appropriated to the pay of the old troops.

The commander in chief further suggests, that there was no paymaster to the army, nor any person authorized to settle the accounts of the soldiers and ascertain the real balances due to them, until the arrival of Mr. Swann, on the third day of January, on thousand seven hundred and ninety two; and infers, that he had no authority to direct a settlement and order pay to the soldiers, until he was informed of the arrangements made at the war office, relatively to that object. This suggestion is strongly confirmed by a letter from the secretary at war, addressed to the commander in chief, and forwarded by Mr. Swann, which designates Mr. Swann as paymaster, and contains instructions relatively to the terms of settling the accounts of the soldiery. The same letter serves to shew, that the twenty thousand and sixty nine dollars, and ten cents, put into the possession of the quartermaster general, were not conclusively destined for the pay of the levies, nor so considered by the secretary at war. Because it is asserted in the letter, that Mr. Swann is furnished with a sum of money sufficient for the whole pay of the levies, without making any deduction in consequence of the monies furnished the quartermaster general.

It is asserted by the Secretary at War, in his communication to the committee, that the time of the service of the levies did not expire until after the arrival of Mr. Swann at Fort Washington, particularly Gaither's and Rhea's battalions, the term in their enlistments having been, to serve six months after their arrival at Fort Washington; which was deemed at the place of rendezvous. The time which had elapsed from the period of enlistments to their arrival at Fort Washington, or the evident impropriety of annexing such a condition to the enlistments, caused the condition itself to be dispensed with, and those levies were actually discharged shortly after the twelfth of November, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-one, in consequence of having served six months, which is the extent of the service authorized by law, and actually received certificates at that time, of having performed six months service.

Upon a re-examination of the residue of the original report, and the evidence now before the committee, they are satisfied with the same, and find no material alterations or corrections necessary.

A regard for candor has induced the committee to adopt this mode of reporting; because the original report is thereby preserved, mistakes existing in the same, and which are now corrected, and the causes of those mistakes rendered obvious, and the whole subject presented to view, upon the fairest terms, in the opinion of the committee, to all persons in any degree concerned therein.

**FOR SALE,**  
By the Subscriber, at Walnut-Street Wharf,  
**BILL OF EXCHANGE**  
**Madeira Wine,**  
Fit for immediate use, in pipes & quarter casks,  
**TENERIFFE WINE,** in pipes,  
**SHERRY WINE,** in quarter casks,  
**WEST-INDIA RUM,** 2, 3 and 4 proof,  
**OLD BRANDY, OLD SPIRIT,**  
**COPPERAS, BRIMSTONE, ALLUM,**  
Two Bales 10-4 **BLANKETS,** and  
A Bale of **MUSLINS.**  
A new 13-4 Inch **CABLE,** 120 fathoms long.  
**GEORGE MEADE.**  
Philadelphia, Jan. 19, 1793. cp2m

**NEW TEAS.**  
**IMPERIAL, HYSON & SOUCHONG**  
Of the very first quality, and latest importation from Canton, via New-York, by retail, at  
**No. 19,**  
Third, between Chestnut and Market Streets.  
N. B. A few Boxes of the above **HYSON** for sale.

**TICKETS**  
In the **FEDERAL CITY LOTTERY,**  
May be had at **SAMUEL COOPER'S** Ferry.

BY the Commissioners appointed to prepare the Public Buildings, &c. within the City of Washington, for the reception of Congress and for their permanent residence after the year 1800—

**A LOTTERY**  
FOR THE IMPROVEMENT OF THE  
**FEDERAL CITY.**

50,000 Tickets at 7 dollars, are 350,000 dollars.

**LIST OF PRIZES, viz.**

1 Superb Hotel, with baths, & out houses, &c. &c. to cost	50,000
1 Cash Prize	25,000
1 ditto	20,000
1 ditto	15,000
1 ditto	10,000
1 ditto	10,000
2 ditto	5,000
10 ditto	1,000
20 ditto	500
100 ditto	100
200 ditto	50
400 ditto	25
1,000 ditto	10
15,000 ditto	10

16,737 Prizes Dollars 350,000  
33,263 Blanks

The sole design of this Lottery being to facilitate other improvements together with the Public Buildings—it is the particular desire of the Commissioners that there may be effected with as few deductions from the Prizes as possible—how far their endeavors may be answered, the Scheme of the Lottery will demonstrate. The keys of the Hotel, when completed, will be delivered to the fortunate possessor of the ticket drawn against its number.

All the other prizes will be paid, without deduction, in one month after the drawing, by the City Treasurer at Washington, or at such Bank or Banks as may be hereafter announced.

The drawing will commence on Monday the 9th of September next, at the City of Washington.

Tickets may be had of Col. Wm. Dickens, City Treasurer of Washington; of Messrs. James West & Co. Baltimore; of Mr. Peter Gilman, Boston; and at such other places as will be hereafter published.

**N. B. ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS** will be given for the best Plan of an elegant and convenient **HOTEL** or **INN**, with Hot and cold Baths, Stables, and other out houses, if presented on or before the 10th of April next; and a preference will be given to the Author of a Contract, provided he be duly qualified to complete his plan. The ground on which the Hotel and out houses are to be erected, will be a corner lot of about 90 by 200 feet, with a back avenue to the stables, &c. Sections and estimates of the expense will be expected with the elevations, &c. complete; and 50,000 dollars must be regarded by the Architect as the utmost limit in the expense intended for this purpose.

S. BLODGET,  
Agent for the affairs of the City,  
January 19.

**War Department,**

**JANUARY 28, 1793.**  
**INFORMATION** is hereby given to all the military Invalids of the United States, that the sums to which they are entitled for six months of their annual pension, from the 4th day of September 1792, and which will become due on the 5th day of March 1793, will be paid on the said day by the Commissioners of the Loans within the states respectively, under the usual regulations, viz.

Every application for payment must be accompanied by the following vouchers:  
1st. The certificate given by the state, specifying that the person possessing the same is in fact an Invalid, and ascertaining the sum to which, as such, he is annually intitled.

2d. An affidavit agreeably to the following form:

A. B. came before me, one of the Justices of the county of \_\_\_\_\_ in the state of \_\_\_\_\_ and made oath that he is the same A. B. to whom the original certificate in his possession was given, of which the following is a copy (the certificate given by the state to be recited) That he served \_\_\_\_\_ (regiment, corps or vessel) at the time he was disabled, and that he now resides in the \_\_\_\_\_ and county of \_\_\_\_\_ and has resided there for the last \_\_\_\_\_ years, previous to which he resided in \_\_\_\_\_

In case an Invalid should apply for payment by an attorney, the said attorney, besides the certificate and oath before recited, must produce a special letter of attorney agreeable to the following form:

I, A. B. of county of \_\_\_\_\_ state of \_\_\_\_\_ do hereby constitute and appoint C. D. of my lawful attorney, to receive in my behalf of my pension for six months, as an Invalid of the United States, from the 4th day of September 1792, and ending the 4th day of March 1793.

Signed and Sealed in the Presence of \_\_\_\_\_  
Acknowledged before me, \_\_\_\_\_  
Applications of executors and administrators must be accompanied with legal evidence of their respective offices, and also of the time the Invalid died, whose pension they may claim.

By Command of the President of the United States,  
**H. KNOX,** Secretary at War.

The Printers in the respective States are requested to publish the above in their Newspapers for the space of 2 months.

**PLANS**  
OF THE  
**City of Washington,**  
Sold by the BOOKSELLERS,  
**DOBSON, CAREY, YOUNG, & CRUKSHANK.**

**City of Washington.**

**JANUARY 7th, 1793.**  
**A NUMBER** of Lots in this City will be offered for sale at auction, by the Commissioners, on the 17th day of September next.— One fourth part of the purchase money is to be paid down, the residue at three equal annual payments with yearly interest on the whole principal unpaid.

**JOHN M. GANTT,** Clerk to the Commrs.

Extract of an Act of the General Assembly of Maryland, concerning the Territory of Columbia, and the City of Washington.

Be it enacted, That any foreigner may by deed or will, hereafter to be made, take and hold lands within that part of the said Territory which lies within this State, in the same manner as if he was a citizen of this State; and the same lands may be conveyed by him, and transmitted to and be inherited by his heirs or relations, as if he and they were citizens of this State: Provided, That no foreigner shall, in virtue hereof, be entitled to any further or other privilege of a citizen.

**JAN. 19.**

**TO BE SOLD, OR LEASED**

FOR SEVEN OR TEN YEARS,  
**THE FOLLOWING**  
**HOUSES.**

**ONE** on Walnut-street, near Fourth-street, 23 feet front, has two parlours below, the front one 21½ by 17½ feet, the back parlour is 18 by 14 feet. The front room up stairs is 26½ by 17½ feet. There are five good chambers in this house, besides the garret is divided into three rooms, in two of them there are fire-places.

The other House is 27 feet upon Walnut-street, and 32 feet upon 4th street; there are two good parlours below, one of them 25 by 20-1-2 feet, the other 25 by 18-1-2 feet, and seven complete bed-chambers; besides the garret is divided into 4 rooms, 3 of which rooms have fire-places. The kitchens are good ones, and are under the houses; the largest house has also a house-keeper's room. It is intended there shall be a communication from both of these houses to a neighbouring ice-house, sufficiently large to supply 3 houses. Within 50 yards of these houses, there will be complete stables and coach houses, for both houses; they will be finished in the most complete manner, and the keys ready to be delivered early in the summer.

On paying half the money down (if sold) the other half may be paid by instalments, or the whole may remain for 5 years, paying interest and giving security on the premises.

For terms of sale or lease, apply to the Subscriber,

**GEORGE MEADE.**

Who has for SALE,

**Sundry Ground Rents,**

In this city, amounting to twenty-five pounds sixteen shillings and six-pence, per annum.

Also, a quantity of **BAGS**, that will contain two and a half and three and a half bushels.  
Philadelphia, Jan. 19, 1792. cp2m

**BANK OF THE UNITED STATES.**

**FEBRUARY 14, 1793.**  
**WHEREAS** foreigners holding Stock in the Bank of the United States may prefer receiving their Dividends in Europe, to receiving them in America,

**RESOLVED**, That any proprietor of the Capital Stock of the Bank of the United States residing in Europe, shall be entitled to receive either in London or in Amsterdam, the half yearly dividends which may be declared thereon—in London at the rate of one pound sterling for every four hundred and forty-five cents, or in Amsterdam at the rate of one guilder current money for every forty cents and four mills—the dividend declared in January of each year, to be paid in London or in Amsterdam on the second Monday of July following—and the dividend declared in July of each year, to be paid in London or in Amsterdam on the second Monday of January following.

**PROVIDED**, That every such Proprietor (previous to the declaring of any Dividend, to be paid in London or in Amsterdam) shall give authentic notice to the President and Directors of the Bank at which of the said Cities he will receive the said Dividend.

By the President and Directors,  
**JOHN KEAN,** Cashier.

**50 Dollars Reward.**

**RAN** away on the 25th instant, a likely Negro Man called **ISAAC**, about twenty-three years old, five feet six or eight inches high, a well made fellow, fond of talking, has a large mouth, and shows his teeth very much when talking; had on when he went away, a brown linen shirt, a short white kersey over jacket with a very high collar and plaid breast, with buttons which appear to have been very gay; a pair of white kersey breeches, a pair of white knit yarn stockings, a pair of shoes with fringes in them, and a coarse hat; all the above clothes are almost new. Said Negro was formerly the property of Mr. William Thomas, late of Kent County, near George-Town Cross Roads, deceased, and has for several years been employed in that neighbourhood, and principally by a Mr. Maxwell, and lately by Messrs. John and James Carmack, as a waggoneer, which business he is well acquainted with, and is what he prefers; and has been engaged in driving a waggon from said Cross-Roads to Duck-Creek, &c. until August last. I expect he will make his way for the neighbourhoods of George-Town, Duck-Creek, Dover or Wilmington. The above reward will be paid if delivered to me in this place, or Thirty Dollars if secured in any goal, so that I get him again. He is an artful fellow, and when taken, will make his escape, unless particularly secured.

**OWEN KENNARD.**  
EASTON,  
Talbot County, Maryland, Dec. 28, 1792.  
The price of this Gazette is Three Dollars per annum—One half to be paid at the time of subscribing.