

NEW CONSTITUTION OF THE GOVERNMENT OF POLAND, &c. &c.

In the name of God, one in the holy Trinity!

STANISLAUS AUGUSTUS, by the grace of God, and the will of the Nation, King of Poland, Grand Duke of Lithuania, Russia, Prussia, Muscovia, Samogitia, &c. &c. &c. together with the Confederated States assembled in double number to represent the Polish nation.

PERSUADED that our common fate depends entirely upon establishing and rendering perfect a national constitution, convinced by a long train of experience of many defects in our Government, and willing to profit by the present circumstances of Europe, and by the favorable moment which has restored us to ourselves; free from the disgraceful shackles of foreign influence; prizing more than life, and every personal consideration, the political existence, external independence, and internal liberty of the nation, whose care is entrusted to us; desirous, moreover, to deserve the blessing and gratitude, not only of our cotemporaries, but also of future generations; for the sake of the public good, for securing our liberty, and maintaining our kingdom and our possessions; in order to exert our natural rights with zeal and firmness, we do solemnly establish the present Constitution, which we declare wholly inviolable in every part, till such period as shall be prescribed by law; when the nation, if it should think fit, and deem it necessary, may alter, by its express will, such articles therein as shall be found inadequate. And this present Constitution shall be the standard of all laws and statutes for the future Diets.

ARTICLE I.

The dominant National Religion.

The Holy Roman Catholic Faith, with all its privileges and immunities, shall be the dominant national religion. The changing of it for any other persuasion is forbidden under the penalties of apostasy; but as the same holy religion commands us to love our neighbours, we therefore owe to all people, of whatever persuasion, peace in matters of faith, and the protection of government; consequently we assure, to all persuasions and religions, freedom and liberty according to the laws of the country, and in all dominions of the republic.

ARTICLE II.

Nobility, or the Equestrian Order.

Revering the memory of our ancestors with gratitude, as the first founders of our liberties, it is but just to acknowledge, in a most solemn manner, that all the pre-eminence and prerogatives of liberty, both in public and private life, should be insured to this order; especially laws, statutes, and privileges, granted to this order by Casimir the Great, Lewis of Hungary, Ladislaus Jagellon and his brother Wittoldus, Grand Duke of Lithuania; also by Ladislaus and Casimirus, both Jagellons; by John Albertus, Alexander, Sigismundus the First, and Sigismundus Augustus (the last of the Jagellonic race) are by the present act renewed, confirmed, and declared to be inviolable. We acknowledge the rank of the noble Equestrian order in Poland, to be equal to all degrees of Nobility—all persons of that order to be equal among themselves, not only in the eligibility to all posts of honor, trust, or emolument, but in the enjoyment of all privileges and prerogatives appertaining to the said order; and in particular, we preserve and guarantee to every individual thereof personal liberty and security of territorial and moveable property as they were formerly enjoyed; nor shall we even suffer the least encroachment on either by the supreme national power (on which the present form of government is established) under any pretext whatsoever, contrary to private rights, either in part, or in the whole; consequently we regard the preservation of personal security and property, as by law ascertained, to be a tie of society, and the very essence of civil liberty, which ought to be considered and respected for ever. It is in this order that we repose the defence of our liberties and the present Constitution: It is to their virtue, valour, honor, and patriotism, we recommend its dignity to venerate, and its stability to defend, as the only bulwark of our liberty and existence.

ARTICLE III.

Towns and Citizens.

The law made by the present Diet, entitled, Our royal free towns within the dominions of the Republic, we mean to consider as a part of the present constitution, and promise to maintain it as a new, additional, true, and effectual support, of our common liberties, and our mutual defence.

ARTICLE IV.

Peasants and Villagers.

This agricultural class of people, the most numerous in the nation, consequently forming the most considerable part of its force, from whose

hands flows the source of our riches, we receive under the protection of national law and Government, from the motives of justice, humanity, christianity, and our own interest well understood; enacting, that whatever liberties, grants, and conventions, between the proprietors and villagers, either individually or collectively, may be allowed in future, and entered authentically into; such agreements, according to their true meaning, shall import mutual and reciprocal obligations, binding not only the present contracting parties, but even their successors by inheritance or acquisition—so far, that it shall not be in the power of either party to alter at pleasure such contracts importing grants on one side, and voluntary promise of duties, labour, or payments, on the other, according to the manner and conditions therein expressed, whether they are to last perpetually, or for a fixed period. Thus having insured to the proprietors every advantage they have a right to from their villagers, and willing to encourage most effectually the population of our country, we publish and proclaim a perfect and entire liberty to all people, either who may be newly coming to settle, or those who, having emigrated, would return to their native country; and we declare most solemnly, that any person coming into Poland from whatever part of the world, or returning from abroad, as soon as he sets his foot on the territory of the Republic, becomes free and at liberty to exercise his industry, wherever, and in whatever manner he pleases, to settle either in towns or villages, to farm and rent lands and houses, on renures and contracts, for as long a term as may be agreed on; with liberty to remain, or to remove, after having fulfilled the obligations he may have voluntarily entered into. (To be continued.)

LOUISIANA.

ALL those persons who have an inclination to settle on the rich lands of the Mississippi, can have a passage to New Orleans about the 20th of October next. Each single man on his arrival there, will have a grant of two hundred and forty acres of land, in fee simple, gratis, without rents or taxes; and each married man, a larger quantity, in proportion to the number of his family. For further particulars, enquire of Messrs. STEWART & NESSITT, No. 15, South Water-Street. Philadelphia, Sept. 7, 1791. [6]

New-Haven Wharf Lottery.

THE Legislature of the State of Connecticut, at their session in December last, granted a Lottery for the purpose of extending Union Wharf, in the harbour of New-Haven, to the channel; and appointed the subscribers managers, who having given bond for the faithful discharge of their trust, present the public with the following

Table with columns: Prize of, Dollars, and amount. Includes prizes of 10,000, 5,000, 4,000, 2,000, 1,000, 500, 200, 100, 50, 40, 30, 20, 10, and 8 dollars.

5842 Prizes. 11658 Blanks. 17500 Tickets, at Five Dollars each, is 87500

NOT TWO BLANKS TO A PRIZE. Subject to a deduction of twelve and a half per cent.

The public utility of extending this wharf, is too evident to require any comment, to those who are acquainted with the town and harbour of New-Haven; to those who are not, suffice it to say, that its beautiful situation is not surpassed, if equalled by any; being in the heart of a country, which may, with propriety, be said to be the garden of America. The harbour lays open to the sound but by reason of the flats, this wharf is necessarily extended to the channel, where ships can load and unload; and when completed, will be the most extensive and commodious wharf in America, the whole extent being about 3-4ths of a mile; and not only the mercantile interest of New-Haven and the towns adjacent, but the maritime interest of all the States will be benefited by it. The general wish that prevails in the minds of all classes of people, for the success of this enterprise, together with the very great advantage which this scheme holds out to adventurers (there being more capital prizes for the number of tickets than any yet published in America) induce the managers to believe the tickets will meet with a speedy sale.

The drawing will positively commence at the State-House, in New-Haven, on the 10th of September next, or sooner, if the tickets are sold.

A list of the fortunate numbers will be published, and the prizes paid on demand, by the managers. Those prizes not called for in nine months after drawing, will be deemed as generously given for the use of the wharf, and appropriated accordingly.

MANAGERS:

- JAMES RICE, MICHAEL TODD, JEREMIAH ATWATER, ELIJAH AUSTIN, JOSEPH DRAKE, JOSEPH HOWELL. New-Haven, April 14, 1791.

PUBLIC SECURITIES,

BOUGHT and SOLD, on COMMISSION, by SAMUEL ANDERSON, Chestnut-Street, next door to the Bank, No. 97. MASSACHUSETTS SEMI-ANNUAL, AND NEW-HAVEN LOTTERY TICKETS, To be had at the same place.

Blank Powers to receive the Interest, and for the transfer of the principal of public debt, agreeable to the Rules established in the Treasury Department: Also Blanks for abstracts of Certificates, to be sold by the Editor.

BOOKS.

CAREY, STEWART, and Co.

No. 22, NORTH-FRONT-STREET, HAVE FOR SALE,

A large collection of BOOKS;

Among which are the following AMERICAN EDITIONS.

- LOVELASS on Bills of Exchange. Dallas's Reports. Clerk's Vade Mecum. Kirby's Connecticut Reports. Gilbert's Law of Evidence. Conductor Generalis. New Edinburgh Dispensatory. Buchan's Domestic Medicine, latest edition. Cullen's First Lines of the Practice of Physic. Clark on Diseases of Horses. Ruff's Medical Enquiries. Gentleman's Pocket Farrier. Brown's Elements of Medicine. Ockerwald's Christian Theology. Jenyn's Internal Evidence of the Christian Religion. Rife and Progress of Religion in the Soul. Beattie's Evidence of Ditto. Necker on Religious Opinions. Think Well On't. Fordyce's Addresses to Young Men. Devout Christian's Vade Mecum. Edwards's History of Redemption. Sermons to Young Women. on the Religious Affections. Poor Man's Help and Young Man's Guide. against Chauncey. Newton's Dissertations on the Prophecies. Booth's Apology for the Baptists. Lectures delivered by Soame Jenyns. Doway Translation of the Vulgate Bible. The Christian Remembrancer. Enfield's Family Prayers. Future State Eternal. Methodist Hymns. Ruffel's Seven Sermons. Watts's Hymns and Psalms. Price's Sermons.

- Ramsay's American Revolution. Life of Baron Trenck. History of America. Smith's Wealth of Nations. Morse's Geography. Paley's Moral Philosophy. Siege of Gibraltar. Smellie's Philosophy of Natural History. Shaw's Abridgement of Bruce's Travels. Nicholson's Natural Philosophy. Keste's Account of the Pelew Islands. Junius's Letters. Pike's Arithmetic. Hale's Affluant Epistles to his Children. Gough's Arithmetic, altered by Workman. Beauties of Johnson. Clark's Introduction to the making of Latin. of Sterne. Doddsley's Fables. Percival's Father's Instructions. P. Ovidii Nafonis Metamorphoseon, I. X. Lady's Advice to her Daughters. Philadelphia Latin Grammar. Emma Corbet. Ruddiman's Rudiments. Accomplished Gentleman. Schoolmaster's Assistant. Ela, or the Delusions of the Heart. Selectæ & Veteri Testamento Historiæ. Adventures of Maria Cecilia. Dalinda. Scott's Lessons on Elocution. Beattie's Poems. Sargeant's Short Hand. Conquest of Canaan. Wettenhall's Greek Grammar. Chesterfield's Principles of Politeness. Young Man's Companion. Economy of Human Life. Catechism of Nature. Fables for the Ladies. Hervey's Meditations. Freneau's Poems. Young's Night Thoughts. Mackenzie's Younger. Thomson's Seasons. More's Sacred Dramas. Rudiments of Taste. Present for an Apprentice. Klopstock's Messiah. Lavater's Aphorisms.

IMPORTED BOOKS.

- Kennet's Roman Antiquities. School Dialogues. Trimmer's Sacred History. Andrews's History of the American War, 4 vols. 6 vols. New Annual Register. Nicholson's Navigation. Vattel's Law of Nations. Alexander's Experimental Enquiries. Walker's Academic Speaker. Experimental Essays. Life of Robinson Crusoe. Huxham on Fevers. Saville's Miscellanies. Virtues and Efficacy of a Crust of Bread. School of Wisdom. Edinburgh Pharmacopœia. Knox's Sermons, 2 vols. Description of 300 Animals. Burke's Speeches and Political Tracts. Boyle's Voyages. Davies's Dramatic Miscellanies. Journey through Sweden. Mifs Murray's Mentor. Dupaty's Travels. Stuart's View of Society. Stretch's Beauties of History. Richard Steele's Correspondence. Allison's Essay on the Nature and Principles of Taste. Man of the Moon, 2 vols. and Principles of Taste. Dramatic Pieces. Philadelphia, August 6 1791. (w&fgw 12w6)

Public Notice is hereby given,

to all whom these presents shall come, or in any wise concern. That JAMES GARDNER, late of Wilmington, North-Carolina deceased, did make four promissory notes payable to SAMUEL JACKSON, of Philadelphia, Merchant, all bearing date the 19th July, 1785, one for three hundred and seventy-one pounds, payable in six months—one for seven hundred and forty two pounds in nine months—one for seven hundred and forty pounds, in twelve months—and one for seven hundred and forty-five pounds this teen shillings and three-pence, in fifteen months, amounting in the whole to two thousand five hundred and ninety-eight pounds thirteen shillings and three-pence, and payable in produce at Wilmington:—Which said notes have been assigned by the said Samuel Jackson to THOMAS MACKIE and Co. and JAMES HOOD, Merchants, Philadelphia, and have since, in the lifetime of the said Gardner, by him been accounted for and paid in part to the amount of two thousand and forty-seven pounds fifteen shillings and six-pence, to the said THOMAS MACKIE, and Co. in proof of which the subscribers have sufficient vouchers. These are therefore to caution all persons from purchasing said notes as they will not be taken up.

THOMAS WRIGHT, } Executors. ROBERT SCOTT, } M. R. WILLKINGS, }

Wilmington, North-Carolina. 27th May, 1791. (c p. 3 m.)

PHILADELPHIA, 20th July, 1791.

THE Commissioners appointed to receive Subscriptions to the Bank of the United States, do hereby, agreeable to law, inform the Stockholders of the said Bank, that an election for twenty five Directors will be held at the City-Hall in Philadelphia, on Friday the 21st day of October next, at 10 o'clock in the morning, THOMAS WILLING, DAVID RITTENHOUSE, SAMUEL HOWELL.

The JOURNAL of the THIRD SESSION of the SENAT of the UNITED STATES, may be had of the Editor hercof.

The price of this Paper is 3 Dollars per ann.