

FROM WASHINGTON.

Passage of Mr. English's Bill.

WASHINGTON, April 30.—Senate: The consideration of the report of the Conference Committee on the Kansas bill was resumed, and addresses were delivered by Messrs. Broderick and Seward.

Mr. Seward concluded, Mr. Bigler announced that the bill had passed the House. Considerable sensation was manifested on the galleries and the floor.

After some discussion as to points of order, the vote on the question was taken and resulted as follows: Yeas 31, Nays 22.

The Senate generally voting the same as previously. Mr. Hunter moved that the Senate recede from the amendments to the deficiency bill, which was carried without debate, by 25 yeas and 21 nays.

The Senate then adjourned. House:—The consideration of the report of the Committee of Conference on the Kansas bill was resumed.

Mr. Bonham of S. C. moved the previous question. Mr. Grow of Pa. moved, but the House refused to order a call of the House.

The demand for the previous question was seconded. During roll call the House was unusually quiet. The result on adopting the Kansas report was, yeas 112, nays 103, as follows:

Yeas—Messrs. Ahl, Anderson, Avery, Harkinsdale, Bishop, Bocock, Bowie, Boyce, Branch, Bryan, Burnett, Burns, Earhart, Caskey, Clark, of Mo., Clay, Clemens, Cobb, Clingman, John Cochrane, Cockrell, Conroy, Cox, Craig, of Mo., Craig, of N. C., Crawford, Curry, Davidson, Dewar, Dowdell, Edmundson, Elliott, English, Ellis, Florence, Foley, Garnett, Garrett, Gillis, Gilmer, Glabe, Greenwood, Gregg, Greenback, Hall, of Ohio, Hatch, Hawkins, Hopkins, Houston, Hughes, Huyler, Jackson, Jenkins, Jewett, Jones, of Tenn., J. Glenn, of Md., Isamar, Laby, Lawrence, Leidy, Lettler, Maclay, M. Queen, Maynard, Mason, Miles, Miller, Millson, Moore, Niblack, Pendleton, Peyton, Phelps, Phillips, Powell, Ready, Reagan, Reilly, Riffin, Holsell, Sandidge, Savage, Seales, Scott, Seating, Seward, Shaw, of N. C., Shorter, Siskler, Singleton, Smith of Tenn., Smith, of Va., Stallworth, Stephens, Stevens, Talbot, Trippe, Ward, Watkins, White, Whitley, Winslow, Woodson, Wren, Zollicoffer.

Nays—Messrs. Abbot, Adrain, Andrews, Bennett, Billinghurst, Bingham, Blair, Bliss, Boulanger, Brayton, Buffington, Burlingame, Burroughs, Campbell, Case, Clarke, Chapman, Clark, of Conn., Clark, of N. Y., Clawson, Chas. B. Cochrane, Colfax, Comins, Covode, Cragin, Curtis, Danrell, Davis, of Md.; Davis, of Ind.; Davis, of Miss.; Davis, of Iowa; Dawes, Dan, Dick, Dodd, Durfee, Edie, Farnsworth, Fenlon, Foster, Giddings, Gilman, Gooch, Goodwin, Granger, Gray, Hall, of Miss., Harlan, Harris, of Md., Harris, of Ill., Haskin, Hickman, Hoard, Howard, Kellogg, Kelley, Kilgore, Knapp, Leche, Leiter, Lovejoy, McKibben, Marshall, of Ky; Marshall, of Ill.; Morgan, Morris, of Pa; Morris, of Ill.; Morse, of Me; Morse, of N. Y.; Mr. Mr. Pettit, Pike, Potter, Pottle, Quinnan, Ricard, Reble, Robbins, Roberts, Royce, Shaw, of Ill., Sherman, of Ohio; Sherman, of N. Y.; Spinner, Stanton, Stewart, of Pa; Tappan, Thayer, Tompkins, Underwood, Wade, Walbridge, Waldron, Walton, Washburne, of Illinois; Washburne, of Maine.

Mr. English moved to reconsider the vote by which the report was agreed to, and to lay that motion on the table. Mr. Washburne, of Ill., demanded the yeas and nays on that motion, which was agreed to and the motion was adopted by 113 yeas and 100 nays.

A message was received from the Senate containing an announcement of the concurrence of that body in Committee of Conference of the Kansas bill.

The English Bill Illustrated.

The unfortunate gentlemen who have swallowed the English bill at the last gasp have waited till the Leecompton compound assumed its most nauseous and revolting shape. They rebelled against the straight-out surrender contained in the first Senate bill, and they rebelled with noise and confusion; and from that time to the present, nothing would suit them but the pure principle of popular sovereignty.

These Owen Joneses of the House took enormous credit to themselves for their Roman integrity, and to hear them talk one would have supposed that they would rather give up their valuable lives than their personal honor. But just as the Leecompton fully got to be more disgusting and as honest men, they came forward and accepted it, and accept it too with thanks.

Messrs. Hunter, of the Senate, and Stephens, of the House, (both Southern men,) seem determined to test the endurance of eleven-hour converts from the North; and so, after making the English bill as objectionable as they could, they rose, each in this place, and declared that it was not the purpose of the bill that the Constitution of Kansas should go to the people at all.

It was hardly fair to their new recruits; but, when the Southern leaders knew their men—Phil. Lee.

Washington, May 1.—The Cabinet were in session this morning, and the Kansas bill was passed, and the information was promptly conveyed to them. Salutes were fired near the capitol and in the vicinity of the President's house, as well as elsewhere. The Senate being in executive session to-day, confirmed a number of appointments, and among them that of J. C. Vanduyke, as District Attorney for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania. Various members of Congress have paired off for the purpose of forthwith returning to their homes.

THE ACCIDENT AT ALLIANCE.

The following details of the accident which occurred at Alliance on Friday last, we copy from the Portage County Democrat:

The exercises of the Exhibition were commenced at about six o'clock on Friday afternoon, in a new octagon "Town Hall," owned by Mr. Matthias Hester.

The audience room of the Hall is upon the second floor, and is some forty-eight in diameter. The building is a wooden one—the lower story being designed for a market room, and the upper one for a public hall. The floor of the upper, or audience room, was supported by six brick pillars, and would, to all appearance, have supported any weight that might have been put upon it.

The audience was quite a large one, the Hall, capable of holding some four or five hundred, being filled to the extent of its capacity. While it was yet light, at near seven o'clock, about two-thirds of the floor suddenly gave way in the center of the room, precipitating the audience down to the basement. The ceiling overhead was supported by four large wooden pillars, two of which fell upon the people, doing most of the injury that was done to individuals.

One of the pillars struck a little girl about twelve years of age, named Lollia Atkins—a daughter of Caleb Atkins—instantly killing her by breaking her neck. Mr. Henry Monroe, aged about thirty-three, a citizen of Atwater, received a severe blow upon the head, causing a violent concussion of the brain. On Monday he had not recovered consciousness, but was doing as well as could be expected, and it is thought will recover.

Mrs. Mordcaai Lee had her collar bone broken by being struck with the piano, which was rolled upon her by the falling of the floor. Mrs. Lee received this severe blow in protecting her child which was in her arms. The wife of A. L. Jones, Esq., received slight injuries. Miss Sheldon, of Atwater, received a blow in the back by a falling column. Mrs. Newton Hester also received an injury by the falling of the same column.

Mr. Mansfield, of Atwater, was somewhat injured. Plimpton Kinet, a lad of about fourteen years old, received something of an injury. Misses Georgia and Dekda Welch, of Ravenna, received severe injuries. Messrs. Isaac and Joshua Vance, of this town, were in Alliance at this time, and were upon the point of entering the Hall at the very moment the crash took place, but fortunately they were able to keep out of harm's way.

The portion of the room that fell in must have been occupied by over three hundred persons. The portion occupied by the stage and scholars remained standing.

Mrs. Pickett, wife of the principal, at the moment of the disaster, was sitting right on the point where the floor parted. Quicker than it can be related, she with remarkable forethought sprang and succeeded in getting to another part of the room, where a girl was holding her (Mrs. P.'s) child, and got out of the building, entirely unharmed. The top of the store—a large canon coal stove—was knocked off; the remaining portion of the stove was filled with a mass of red hot coals. A gentleman promptly drew off his overcoat, put it upon the coals, and stamping upon it, succeeded in preventing the fire from doing harm.

From Washington.

WASHINGTON, May 3.—Governor Walker, in his recent letter to Messrs. Cox and Lawrence, said that the Conference Kansas bill, as interpreted by him, was in precise conformity with his views and course, not only in Kansas, but since his return, and in following the path where duty and conscience bade him go, he must support it.

If, he adds, the odious Leecompton Constitution, born in fraud and baptized in perjury, is defeated by an overwhelming majority of the people of Kansas, thus demonstrating by practical results, the truth of my interpretation, this bill does in fact, submit the Constitution to the popular suffrage for ratification or rejection, which is what I have required.

Senator Biggs was to-day confirmed by the Senate as Judge of the U. S. District Court for North Carolina in the place of Henry Putter, recently deceased, who occupied that station for 56 years, his being judged by Jefferson.

Judge Loring, of Massachusetts, was nominated by the President to supply the vacancy in the Court of Claims, occasioned by the death of Gilchrist. Nearly all the Democratic Senators united in the request for his appointment. R. H. Gillet, was also today nominated as Solicitor of the Court of Claims in place of Blair, removed. These two nominations have not yet been acted upon.

The object of Mr. Grow in asking leave to introduce a resolution in the House was to prevent speculators from absorbing the public lands, leaving the pre-emption laws as they now exist.

BEAVER ARGUS

M. WEYAND, Editor & Proprietor

BEAVER, PA.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 6, 1858.

Meeting of County Committee.

A meeting of the members of the Republican County Committee will be held at the Court House, on THURSDAY, May 6th, at 1 o'clock, P. M.

Punctual attendance is earnestly requested, as business of importance will be brought forward.

JAMES DARRAGH, Ch. The following gentlemen constitute the Committee: James Darragh, William B. McCosick, Wm. K. Boden, Hugh Anderson, Geo. N. Taylor, William B. Courtney, David Criblow, Silas Merrick, T. J. Chandler, William Porter, Samuel Eoff, John Slenks, John McCarter, Milton Lawrence, William Schroder, R. C. Scott, James Orr.

Philom's communication will appear next week.

The Outrage Committed!

We were among the few who believed from the first that the Leecompton Constitution would eventually be forced through Congress. It will be seen elsewhere that the English Conference bill passed both branches on Friday, and is doubtless, ere this, by the signature of the President, made a law. This bill does not submit the Leecompton Constitution to a vote of the people of Kansas.

The Southern managers would not under any circumstances agree to so reasonable a proposition. It simply proposes that if the people will accept the Leecompton instrument, the Government will donate to them Four or Five Millions acres of the public lands, for purposes of internal improvement.

The generosity of this proposal is made strikingly apparent, when it is recollected that all the Western States have had immense grants of land given them, for like purposes, and without subtraction to a degrading condition such as is sought to be entailed upon Kansas. If this grant is accepted, Kansas comes in under the Leecompton Constitution, as a Slave State, with a population of about 36,000. But, if this proposition is voted down, she will be compelled to remain outside the Union, until her population shall reach at least 100,000, which, under the most favorable circumstances, must be five or six years hence.

Could there be any thing more unfair? Was there ever a more glaring discrimination in favor of Slavery and against Freedom? The bill is more fraudulent and iniquitous than the naked Leecompton scheme. The latter stood out bold and distinct in its deformity. The former is specious, and addresses itself wholly to the cupidity of the people.

The acceptance would be as humiliating, as the proposition is dishonorable. We hope the scheme will be spurned, and the authors and supporters consigned to a forgetfulness so profound, that the Government places that now know them will soon know them no more forever.

M. E. CONFERENCE.

The Pittsburgh Conference now in session at Cambridge, O., has continued Rev. J. K. Miller, J. Dilleo, J. F. Nessly, and Z. H. Goston as superannuated preachers, and Rev. J. Monroe, J. White, A. Jackson, H. Cree and W. P. Blackburn, as supernumerated preachers. Over 150 ministers are in attendance. The next annual Conference is to be held in South Olean Church, Allegheny City. The following are the appointments for this county:

Freedom—T. Storrs. New Brighton—T. J. Higgins. Beaver—S. M. Heekin. Bridgewater—J. D. Cramer. Eton Valley—W. H. Tibbles, J. B. Uber.

For KANSAS.—Messrs. Isaac and Hiram Nos, of Brighton township, started recently for Kansas, in charge of a Ferry boat, built at Industry, and designed to ply across the Missouri river, at or near White Cloud. Another boat we understand is nearly completed, and will shortly start for the same place.

Thos. Williams, Esq., is spoken of as a candidate for Congress, in the District composed of Butler and a portion of Allegheny county. Mr. W. would make his mark in Congress; for, to our mind, he is the ablest and most effective orator in Pennsylvania. His nomination, however, is rather uncertain. The position he assumed last fall, in the Railroad-bond controversy, in opposition to his party, will doubtless bear heavily against him.

THE BEAVER FEMALE SEMINARY is to be reopened to-day, under the auspices of Prof. Davenport. Mr. D. comes recommended as an accomplished scholar, and highly successful teacher. The monetary troubles having measurably subsided, we confidently anticipate a prosperous season for this Institution, as well as for the two Departments of Beaver Academy.

Disagreement between Doctors.

This bill (English's) provides for the submission of the Leecompton Constitution to the people of Kansas. [Star, 30th ult.]

As an offset to this opinion, we quote a remark or two made in the House of Representatives on Thursday last: Mr. Gilman—Is the Constitution submitted?

Mr. Stephens—I tell you, gentlemen, distinctly, it is not.

Mr. Marshall—One of the managers (Mr. Stephens) declares the principle of non-submission, while another (Mr. English) maintains that the Constitution is to be submitted.

Mr. English—I want to know on what authority you make that statement. Give the time and place.

Mr. English is the author of the bill, and Mr. Stephens his colleague on the Committee of Conference. It will be seen that they do not agree with our neighbor.

MYSTERIOUS CONVERSION.

The conversion of Hon. S. B. Cox, the Representative of the Columbus (O.) District, has been sudden and mysterious. He was the first Democrat in the House of Representatives to break ground against the Leecompton Constitution. He did it, too, in a gallant style. He called Heaven to witness that he would resist it to the end unless it was submitted to a fair vote of the people.

Upon the presentation of English's Bill, he wrote a highly denunciatory letter to the Ohio Statesman, characterizing the scheme as more wicked and fraudulent than Leecompton itself. The ink had scarcely become dry, before he changed front, and became the active supporter of the bill.

It would be hard to say that he had been tampered with, but it would perhaps be well enough to keep trace of his subsequent movements, and see whether his name is not closely allied with a Consultation, or something of kindred character.

HEAVY VERDICTS.

In the District Court of Mahoning county, O., the following verdicts were rendered against the Pittsburgh R. Wayne and Chicago Railroad Company, for damages sustained by the collision near Darlington station in 1855: Henry Mansfield a verdict for \$7,458, but consented to take judgment for \$6,000; Norman S. Way, \$4,760, and Bernard Dougherty, \$250.

NEW MAIL ROUTE.—A new mail route from Beaver to Frankfort, by way of Parkins and Service, twice a week, has been established by the Post Office Department. The contract for carrying the mail has been awarded to Mr. James Smith, at \$300 per annum.

LIFE IN THE WEST.—A friend writing to us from Jennings county, Indiana, says: "Provisions are cheap and abundant—wheat 50 cents; corn 31; potatoes 25; butter 10; eggs 5. Immense droves of pigeons are hovering constantly around the neighborhood. Some sportsmen from Cincinnati recently killed 1500 in fifteen hours."

MERITED COMPLIMENT.—We cheer heartily in the compliment our neighbor pays to ALLEN B. LEE, the young gentleman who serves our citizens with daily papers, magazines, &c. For promptness, honesty, and suavity of disposition, he is an honor to his profession. We hope a patronage commensurate with his merits will be extended to him, so that he will become a permanent fixture in this community.

WORTHY OF Imitation.—The Directors of the Franklin Bank of Washington, Pa., recently burnt up \$40,000 of notes which had become somewhat ragged. If some of the other Banks would call in their patched, torn and ragged issue, and follow this wholesome example a vast improvement would be effected.

MONUMENT TO THE SOLDIERS.—An Act passed the late Legislature providing for the erection of a monument to the brave men who fell in the war with Mexico. Among the commissioners named in the bill to supervise its erection, we observe that of Gen. Thos. J. Power, of this county.

CONGRESSIONAL CANDIDATES.—Dr. J. W. Wallace, R. B. McCombs, and John D. Raney, Esq., are announced in the New Castle papers as candidates for the Congressional nomination in this District.

LOST AT SEA.—It was ascertained a few days ago, that a son of W. S. Haven, Esq., the well known printer of Pittsburgh, was lost in the Pacific ocean, near the Sandwich Islands, about two years ago. He was in his eighteenth year at the time of his death.

NEW PATENT.—Mr. T. B. White, of New Brighton, has received a Patent for improvement in Metallic Shoes for the braces of truss girders.

STATE EDITORIAL ASSOCIATION.

At the Editorial Convention recently held in Philadelphia, some thirty newspaper establishments were represented. The following are the officers for the ensuing year: President, Morton McMichael; Vice-President, L. S. Tate, J. G. Patterson, R. Eyle White, J. P. Barr, P. R. Frens, H. S. Evans, Ed. Ward; Treasurer, L. A. Godey; Secretaries—C. J. Peterson, J. M. Kuester, Geo. Raymond. The first annual meeting of the Association will be held in Philadelphia on the third Wednesday in June.

The N. Y. Tribune contradicts the statement that Gov. R. J. Walker approves Mr. English's Kansas Bill. He is said to speak of it as detestable; but it has passed now, and we have but another expedient that northern doughfaces don't stand for. As to the ultimate result, Mr. Seward exhibits his usual clear foresight.

Neither Slavery nor "Democracy" can stand many such victories over right justice, "popular sovereignty," and every principle avowed as the creed of party liturgists. That the people of Kansas can be either driven or bribed into accepting the Leecompton Constitution on the terms offered, we have not thought possible, and cannot for a moment believe—for we cannot think them capable of accepting a Constitution born of fraud, and hitherto repudiated with hate and scorn, because a bribe is now offered to them. No, they dare not do such a mean deed—dare not, as they must by acceptance now, proclaim to all the world that the previous rejection was insincere—that they were basely yielding hypocrites, caring nothing for Freedom, while setting the whole country in commotion and discord for their sake.

Not only will they reject, but they cannot fail to regard this proposition as an insult, gross and palpable—an insolent presumption that they are devoid of principle, and very cheaply purchasable. Let us calmly wait and see.

PRENTICE, who is all right on the Leecompton Question, lets off the following characteristic paragraphs, in a late issue of his paper.

"The course of Senator Green, of Missouri, is unquestionably disapproved by a large majority of the people of that State. He will disappear from the public service as soon as his constituents can get him out. Thenceforth he will be 'invisible Green.'"

"It is said, that, when Mr. Buchanan, at a late interview with Mr. Douglas, reminded him of the fate of certain political rebels in Jackson's time, Douglas replied with insulting significance, 'Jackson is dead.'"

"The editor of the Southern Democrat says that he carries water only upon one shoulder. He carries it on both shoulders, but tries to make up for this by carrying none on his stomach."

"John Mitchell, the Irishman, is anxious that something should be done immediately to stop the free speech of the Hon. John Bell in the U. S. Senate. He is not the only political mercenary disposed to cry out with Macbeth, 'stop that dreadful Bell.'"

Change of Time.—The New Brighton Accommodation train, which formerly left the Federal street depot 10 o'clock in the morning and 4:30 in the afternoon, now leaves at 9:40 in the morning, and 5 in the afternoon. This is an important change, and one which should be made generally known, as the travel by this train is very large. In this connection we would mention that the clever and attentive Conductor, Williams, is now on a tour through the west, and his place is now filled by Conductor Hall, a gentleman every way qualified for the position. Mr. Hall is an obliging and attentive officer, and fully understands the wants of the trade in which his train is run.—Pitts. Jour.

DOUGLAS' PROBABLE SUCCESSOR.—Should the republicans secure a majority in the Illinois legislature, to be chosen next November, it seems to be understood on all hands that they will select a true and tried friend of their cause to succeed Judge Douglas. Only one person is seriously named in this connection, as yet, and a general agreement in his favor is probable. This is Hon. Abram Lincoln, formerly of the House of Representatives. He has just missed of an election, instead of Judge Tammill, the present republican Senator from Illinois. As there are to be two democratic State tickets in the field at the next election, unless there is some very abrupt backing down, it is nearly certain that the republicans will carry the State, and have full control of the legislature.

A CHICAGO paper says that the old man who sold pop-corn in the hall of the Chicago post-office, having chanced to express himself in opposition to Mr. Buchanan's Leecomptonism, has been expelled from the hall by the postmaster. Noble but genuine Buchanan Leecompton Democrats must sell pop-corn in any of the post-offices of the country. This will severely test the political virtue of the pop-corn men of the United States.

THE CREVASSE OPPOSITE NEW ORLEANS.—The New Orleans Crescent of the 23d, says of the Crevasse opposite that city: "The Crevasse is still monarch of all it surveys. The battle with it progressed yesterday, but the crevasse progressed as well. The flood back of McDonoughville rose yesterday at the rate of an inch in four hours, and is within two squares of the river."

The rolling mills of the Trenton (N. J.) Iron Company are again running, and about one hundred hands were employed last week. The trustees of the Mountour (Pa.) Iron Company started another furnace at work, and the Danville iron works are in operation, except the new wing of the Mountour mill, and one furnace.

Judge Leecompte is holding court at Leecompton. In one week he dismissed from the docket one hundred and fifty of the suits instituted against Free State men for purposes of persecution. Most of these indictments were for the highest crimes, such as murder, arson, robbery and the like. The notorious Dr. Stringfellow, almost the last of the old guard of pro-slavery democracy, has left the territory and gone home to Virginia.

The New Liquor Law.

The Harrisburgh Telegraph, of Monday evening last, publishes the charge of Judge PEARSON to the Grand Jury of the County of Dauphin County, in which his honor thus speaks of the liquor law passed by the last legislature:

"His Honor remarked to the Grand Jury that they need not inquire into any violation of the Liquor Law, as the punishing such offences was repealed by the late law, without protecting the Commonwealth. All these charges were therefore at end. He further remarked that the Court was bound to grant all licenses for which applications were made, provided the applicant could get 12 men to sign his application, and they might even be of the worst character. The Court had no discretionary power left whatever, if 12 men would certify that the applicant had the requisite character. The law in general was condemned, and some of its provisions severely commented upon."

He remarked that the County Treasurer was bound to grant all licenses for Restaurants that made application to him, and that the Courts had only power to grant tavern licenses.

WHERE THE UNCURRENT MONEY GOES.—In a case of conspiracy tried at Chicago last week, some curious developments were made as to the uncurrent money trade. A young man named Norris was arrested on a charge of having counterfeited money in his possession, in order to detain him in town to prevent his appearing as a witness in an action of tort to be tried in Iowa. The charge was dismissed, the facts being these: Norris had in his possession uncurrent bank notes representing over \$100,000, which he had purchased of a Boston broker at ten cents on the dollar, with the avowed purpose of selling it to the "Greasors" in New Mexico. So here is an explanation of those heretofore incomprehensible window signs, "Uncurrent money thought and sold."

THE WEATHER AND THE FRUIT.

The Weather and the Fruit.—The Cleveland Leader says: "In this vicinity the snows and frosts of Saturday and Sunday did no special injury except to the most tender plants. The frost Monday night the 26th, was white and severe, cutting lettuce and asparagus under glass. Cherries on the warm sand ridges are in bloom, and some of the fruit-growers in market yesterday morning expressed apprehension that the crop is much injured, if not entirely cut off. The peach is not fully in blossom, and it is hoped the partial crop spared by the winter is still safe."

From Utah.

St. Louis, April 30.—The Leavenworth correspondent of the Republican says that the Peace Commissioners, McCullough and Powell, left for Utah on the 25th, with an escort of six men. The movements to occupy the Platte district await the arrival of General Smith, now at the fort. There are now ready for service fifteen hundred cavalry horses, two hundred artillery horses, and thirty five hundred mules; Messrs. Russell, Major & Waddell have dispatched, in all three hundred and twelve wagons, and have five hundred and fifty now being got in readiness.

The population of Mexico is about eight millions, and the debt about 180 millions of dollars. The late Vice President of the Illinois Central railroad, whose salary was \$10,000, claims some \$100,000 in addition for his services in England in purchasing iron and selling bonds.

A Salem (Oregon) paper estimates the present population of that Territory as follows:—White inhabitants 75,000, Chinese 5,000, negroes 300—total 80,300. Number of voters about 15,000.

Mr. English, of Indiana, felt hurt by some pungent remarks of Senator Broderick, concerning his trickery, and called on Mr. B. and asked him to retract. Mr. Broderick's response was: "Get out of my way you puppy." Mr. English obeyed.

A fruit-grower writes as follows to the Cincinnati Gazette: "On elevated positions in the vicinity of the city, but little damage has been done to the fruit by the frost of Tuesday. On low situations, and near water, or on wet and flat lands, the injury has been greater. The same remarks will apply to vicinities. My own orchard and vineyard have escaped."

Hollandish Bitter.—We have received another certificate out at Grand Rapids, Michigan, dated 19th June, 1858. Peter Dane, a Hollandier, desires us to publish in the News-blower, that the Hollandish Bitters entirely cured him of Indigestion, Fever and Debility, with which he suffered all the spring. Peter Dane is grateful to the proprietors of this great remedy, and takes this way of recommending it to his countrymen.

J. QUINTUS, Ed., Sheboygan News-blower, Sheboygan, Detroit, May 1.—The friends of the Administration are rejoicing over the success of Leecompton. Thirty-two guns were fired to-day.

Light coats neatly made. Pants and vests suited to the season. Summer under wear of silk, and cotton, silk and linen hosiery, for men's and boy's wear at close rates for cash, by Caruoglian, Federal St. Allegheny City.

The Jefferson Star says about twice as much square timber was taken out of the Clarion river this season, as was ever known before. About the usual 'run' of boards. This is vastly different from what was expected last Fall.

New Potatoes and Tomatoes were received at Alexandria, Va., last Monday, from Bermuda.

The State Treasurer of Wisconsin, makes public announcement that the treasury is empty, with \$30,000 to be paid.

The mountains west of Cumberland, Md., were white with snow on Saturday last.

LIST OF JURORS, JUNE TERM, 1858.

GRAND JURORS. Borough—David Ramsey, Foreman; B. Anderson, Wm. K. Boden, Thomas Jackson, Soerates Small.

Dauphin—A. J. Thompson. Luzerne—A. J. Cook, J. A. Fisher, Jos. Douthett, Wm. McKee. Economy—Thos. McKee, James S. Falston, Thos. C. Hayes, Lorenzo C. Hopsell—John McKee.

Independence—James Sterling. Industry—Charles Hays. Moon—Henry Alcorn, Wm. McClellan, Mayron—Nicholas Dumbough. New Sewickly—Samuel Barry, Henry Romigh.

Rochester—Jacob Warner. South Beaver—John Culbertson. PETT-JURORS. Brighton Tp.—Jesse Carothers. Big Beaver—Sam'l Barnes, Hiram Cox, Jas. M. Imbrie.

Chippewa—Abner Braden; David McLean. Darlington—Ephraim Booth, James P. Dilworth. Economy—George Neely, Samuel Ramsey. Freedom—Samuel Baker, Jacob Krunk, Franklin—Thos. Moffatt.

Frankfort—Jas. Morrison. Greene—Samuel Miller, Jos. Hall. Hopewell—Walter Johnston. Haverhill—James Harska. Independence—Thos. Standish. Marston—Joseph West, Wm. Ball.

Moon—James Burnison. New Brighton—Samuel Dunbar, James Fombell, Jas. C. Jackson, John Miner. New Sewickly—Samuel Dean, Abraham Musser, Sam'l Piersol. North Sewickly—Eli D. Erans. Ohio—Samuel Duncan, Isaac Shana. Patterson—Thos. B. Wells.

Pulaski—John Alexander. Raccoon—Rezin R. Gamble. South Beaver—Samuel Moore, Stephen Calvin, Robt. Bradshaw. [Advertisement.]

Gould's 2nd Spring Sale of Property AT BRIGHTON, Will take place on Saturday May 8th 58. Precisely at one o'clock P. M. If the weather is bad, in such case, it will be the first fair day of the following week.

At the first Spring Sale, April 13, the weather was bad, and but little stock given, yet seven blocks of sixteen lots each, were sold making 112 lots, 50 feet front.

At the forthcoming sale, a large crowd is anticipated, and hundreds of lots, blocks, and large parcels, will be sold, (for they are already spoken for.) Many persons in the immediate vicinity, and throughout the County, have waited for years, to be sure of good titles, and to get terms for fair prices, which, hitherto, they could not get—now they can.

Mr. Patterson, and the Beaver Manufacturing Company, wanted \$100 or \$200 a lot. Now, these lots can be had for \$50, \$40 and \$30 each, whole acres in town for \$100 to \$150; a little out, for \$40 and \$50 per acre.

The Hundred Thousand Dollars which the Beaver Manufacturing Company have paid and lost, in the neighborhood, will now go into the pockets of those who buy this cheap property, which is being sold at about cost, to pay off remaining balances of purchase money, to Patterson, Robertson, Fetterman & Co. It will be sold, and will be free to those who buy.

It is hoped that a large portion may fall into the hands of industrious citizens, for their own use. Arrangements are already in progress for the establishment of several large furnaces in the neighborhood, and for rolling mills, and other manufacturing establishments, at the Patterson Dam, and at the Adams Dam, (of which many facts will be known in a few days,) as Brighton is just now to commence her onward march, as an Iron City, a manufacturing city, a younger sister of Pittsburgh.

Not to interfere with grounds, water power, and important business sites, at and near the two dams, the 100 acres below and the 90 acres above, will not be offered now; the present sales will be from the 450 acre tract about midway between the two Dams.

Other Sales will soon follow, till all the property lately claimed by the Beaver Manufacturing Company, at Brighton, shall have been disposed of, from the gate end of the Rail Road Bridge, in New Brighton, to the coast above Adams Dam; two miles of margin on the Big Beaver, with a clear head and fall of 40 feet. If not soon disposed of, at private sale, the Flouring Mill, and late residence of James Patterson, will be publicly offered in May, together with every other building and lot, once claimed by the Beaver Manufacturing Company, now controlled by the subscriber, who is authorized to close the whole concern, without delay, and for which purpose, he has the most ample authority, certified and shown by the Records of Beaver County.

Maps, descriptions, and all necessary vouchers, and title papers, will be produced at the Sale. The hours of sale will accommodate all who come and go by rail roads, canals, &c. Appropriate refreshments, &c. may be obtained upon the premises.