

IMPORTANT FROM KANSAS.  
Free State Men will Vote at the October Election—Delegates Convention—Congressional Convention.

From the Quindaro Chindown, of Aug. 29, we learn that on Wednesday, the 26th inst., there was a Mass and also a Delegate Convention at Grasshopper Falls, to decide upon going into the October election. At the Mass Convention there were between four and five hundred men present, and this number was composed of persons from every section of Kansas—the North, the South, the East and West.

The Mass Convention was organized by choosing Judge G. W. Smith, Chairman; Dr. Davis and Rev. Daniel Foster, Vice Presidents; R. G. Elliot, Dr. Keob, Mr. Miller, and E. G. Ross, of Topeka, Secretaries.

A Committee on Business, consisting of five persons from south of the Marias de Cygnas river, between the Marias de Cygnas and Kaw river, was appointed, of which Gen. J. H. Lane was made chairman. A Committee was appointed to prepare an address to the people of the country.

After considerable discussion, in which Gov. Robinson, Gen. Lane, and Judge Smith, advocated the policy of voting at the October election, although it was appointed under the bogus laws, and James Keopath, Judge Cowley, Wm. Phillips, and Rev. Daniel Foster, opposed voting at the following amended report of the Business Committee was unanimously adopted:

MISSOURI.  
The St. Louis Democrat is very well satisfied with the result of the election in Missouri. It says:

The election is our victory. No matter who may eventually get the salary, the moral triumph belongs to Maj. Rollins. He has made a name in history, and has wrought a revolution in politics that will go down to posterity as bright examples of a lofty patriotism, a heroic canvass and a generous responsive support from large masses of the people impelled by a party discipline.

The victory we say, is ours, and it is ours practically as well as morally. The campaign which has just ended has given us the State in all coming time. The tide of immigration that will set into Missouri, will more than compensate for partial losses that may henceforth occur from an incomplete organization in the present.

Despatches from Teheran had been received at the Foreign Office in Paris. The news of the Bengal mutiny had produced a profound sensation in Persia. Fearing disturbances, the Shah had determined not to reduce his army for the present.

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BEAVER ARGUS.  
WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 9, 1857.  
FOR GOVERNOR  
DAVID WILMOT  
OF BRADFORD

FOR SUPREMACY  
James Vetch,  
Of Fayette County,  
Joseph J. Lewis,  
Of Chester County.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER,  
W. M. MILLARD,  
Of Philadelphia.

UNION COUNTY TICKET.  
Assembled  
DE LORMA IMBRIE, Beaver.  
GEORGE P. SHAW, Lanes.

WILLIAM W. IRWIN, Fulton tp.  
Register & Recorder.  
SAMUEL B. WILSON, Borough.

ALFRED G. MCCREARY, N. Brighton.  
Commissioner.  
ABNER MORTON, Franklin.

WILLIAM C. HUNTER, Brighton tp.  
Coroner.  
NATHAN P. COUCH, New Brighton.  
Poor House Director.

JAMES STYRLING, Independence.  
Trustees of Academy.  
M. T. KENNEDY, N. Brighton, (4 years.)  
SAMUEL MORSEHEAD, Sharon, (4 yrs.)  
SMITH CUNNINGHAM, Beaver, (3 yrs.)  
ABNER P. LACOCK, Rochester tp (2 yrs.)

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"The Facts Brought Out"  
The writers in the Star of last week deal quite extensively in illustrations, to show that our figures in relation to the Main Line, are incorrect. Now as we have a desire to make everything plain connected with the subject, we invite the most cordially to join issue with us on the following points:

You asserted a short time ago, that the expenditures on the Columbia Railroad from 1830 up to 1853, were \$5,780,885.25. We contest this, and say they were more—\$79,905.80, and that during the period above named \$8,832,784.12 of interest was paid on the money borrowed to build it. Neither of these sums have you taken into account. Will you contend that you have?

You asserted a short time ago, that the expenditures on the Allegheny Portage Road from 1830 up to 1853, were \$3,985,856.60. We contest this, and say they were more—that \$23,950.70, was paid for damages by fire on this line, and that during the period above named, \$2,404,406.54 of interest was paid on the money borrowed to build it. Neither of these sums have you taken into account. Will you contend that you have?

You asserted a short time ago, that the total expenditures, on all the branches of the Main Line, from 1830 up to 1853, were \$13,594,472.11. We contest this, and say they were more—that the pay of the Canal Commissioners; the pay of the Board of appraisers of Damages; the salaries of the collectors, the salaries of the weighmasters, and the wages of the lock-keepers, has all been ignored in your account; and moreover, within the period named, \$19,767,161.10, of interest has been paid on the money borrowed to build it. None of these items have received your consideration. Will you contend that they have?

Now neighbors, let us hear from you on these trifling points immediately, so that we may be enabled to "post the books" ourselves, in the next number of our paper.—Argus of Sept. 2d.

Instead of answering these plain, straightforward questions, our blustering neighbors "back down," "cave in," and like the whipped boy, have "nothing to say." How then does the account stand? Let us "post the books" up to 1853.

Receipts \$9,020,278.39  
Expenditures \$5,809,201.14  
E. Div. C. 2,012,271.14  
J. Div. C. 1,496,437.79  
A. P. R. 2,520,407.84  
W. Div. C. 2,812,312.32

Balances against line to 1853 \$1,040,472.04  
Taxpayers, congratulate yourselves on being relieved of so heavy a burden.

GEN. PACKER'S MORAL COURAGE.  
If there is any one thing more than another has served to damage Gen. Packer's prospects for the State Magistracy, it must be attributed to his timidity—to his bashful term—in placing himself in the hands of his Committee, to avoid a face to face encounter with Mr. Wilmot. He is reported, in his recent speech at York, to have said that he was anxious to accept the challenge of Mr. Wilmot, but the Committee would not let him do so. What a humiliating acknowledgment! With what disgust must such a confession inspire even his Democratic friends!

"The Committee would not let him do so." Would not let him? Who thus plays puppet in the hands of his keepers, cut a beautiful figure in the gubernatorial chair of the "Keystone State"? Why, the probability is, that his timidity would permit him to take no step, indite no message, sign no bill, make no suggestion to the Legislature, without keeping a Committee at his elbow, and first consulting them. Is this the kind of an automaton the People of Pennsylvania desire as their Chief Magistrate? Do they not rather want a man of nerve, of "backbone," of personal independence, who would be governed by the dictates of Reason and Right, and discharge his duty manfully and fearlessly, regardless of any and all outside influences?

There is nothing in the whole list of medicine creating such a stir among invalids as Dr. Sanford's "Liver Balm." It gives such quick relief as to remedy the patient of receiving benefit almost as soon as the medicine is taken. We do not know a single instance where it has been taken without benefit, and in nearly all cases a complete cure is effected by its use. It has acquired its wide popularity simply because it does what it is recommended to do. It is constantly relieving its circle of friends, carrying, healing up its wings, and joy to the hearts of those suffering from Liver Complaint, Jaundice, Dyspepsia, or general debility.

The Horse Fair at Elmira—A Race. ELMIRA, N. Y., Sept. 6.—At a race which came off to day on the grounds of the Fair, Flora Temple won against Lanct and Red Bird. Three straight heats were made, with the following time—First heat, 2 minutes 26 seconds; second, 2 minutes 27 seconds; third, 2 minutes 25 seconds.

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HON. D. WILMOT  
Will address the citizens of Beaver county, at Beaver, on Monday, the 14th of September, at the Court House, at 1 o'clock in the afternoon.

Every voter in the County should make it a point, if possible, to come out and hear this noble and eloquent champion of Freedom, and Free Labor. An opportunity to hear Pennsylvania's distinguished Son may never occur again. Come, come, come!

Just Received  
A large assortment of COOKING, PARLOR & SHOP STOVES. Of various designs and sizes, which for cheapness, durability and neatness, can not be excelled in this or any other place.

NOTICE  
The undersigned having made sale of his real estate in Bridgewater, and being desirous of closing up his business without delay, has caused his real estate to be advertised, and is hereby notified that he will settle up his accounts, and by so doing will give a receipt for the same.

AGRICULTURAL NOTICE  
The undersigned will receive proposals up to the 15th day of September, for the keeping of an Exhibition of Agricultural Society during the continuance of the Fair. Also, proposals for the keeping of a Covered Saloon.

GENERAL ELECTION  
PROCLAMATION  
WHEREAS, in and by an Act of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled "An act to regulate the General elections within this Commonwealth," it is enjoined upon me to give notice of such elections, and to command the electors to meet on the day to be elected—

JAMES DARRAGH,  
Sheriff of the County of Beaver, do hereby make known that the public notice and proclamation of the County of Beaver, that a General Election will be held in said county on the Second Tuesday in October next.

The electors of Allegheny township will meet at the Court House in the borough of Beaver. The electors of Philadelphia township will meet at the Court House in the borough of Beaver. The electors of Union township will meet at the Court House in the borough of Beaver.