

Gov. Walker and Kansas.

The declaration of Gov. Walker that any Constitution framed for Kansas must be submitted to a popular vote for ratification or rejection, is exciting considerable animosity at the South.

The South, the new organ of slave-holding interests at Richmond, Va., protests vehemently against any submission of the Constitution to the people.

Upon the new plan which Gov. Walker promulgates for the settlement of the Kansas difficulty, we cannot venture an opinion before we scrutinize it in detail.

There is one point, however, upon which we can give an instant and emphatic judgment; and that is to submit the Constitution of Kansas to a popular vote.

In the first place, it would inflame and prolong the controversy, and would ultimately throw Kansas into the arms of the Abolitionists.

It is unnecessary and irrelevant, since the Constitution which is to frame a State Constitution for Kansas is endowed with no authority to submit their work to the popular vote.

The act by which the Convention is assembled, and which limits its powers, and in that act there is not one word about submitting the Constitution to the people.

The Convention can do nothing for which there is not an express authority in the law; and as there is neither an express or implied authority in the law to submit the Constitution of Kansas to the vote of the inhabitants of the territory, the step would be an illegal and invalid usurpation of power.

The proposition is so plain to allow of controversy. Submit it to any lawyer in the land, from Chief Justice Taney or Reverdy Johnson to the poorest village lawyer in the most obscure country village, and the instant answer will be given that the Convention in Kansas has no right to submit the Constitution to a popular vote.

Here is a clear admission that a majority of the people of Kansas are in favor of excluding slavery, and that the course proposed by Gov. Walker would secure the settlement of the question in accordance with their wishes.

The New Orleans Advocate more moderate than the South, expresses itself upon the same subject in the following language: "We are not astonished at the impatient opposition that this smooth piece of treachery encounters at the South."

The Charleston Mercury combats it with energy and ability, and calls upon the Convention to defy the intermeddling of these scheming parasites, holding that Southern opinion and influence are stronger in this matter than they are in fact.

Thus it is evident that if Gov. Walker maintains the position he has assumed, he will encounter a strong opposition in the South.

PASTE IT IN YOUR HAT.

The Sale of the Public Works of Pennsylvania will likely be effected on the 25th inst., in Philadelphia, and, as the subject is causing considerable discussion among us, we jot down a few figures as data for our readers:

Table with 2 columns: Item, Amount. Includes Original cost, Interest, Expenses since 1830, Grand total cost, and Debt received since 1830.

But as our State Debt is only about \$40,000,000, if a sale of all the improvements belonging to the State were effected for \$50,000,000 it would leave but \$10,000,000 to be paid, and therefore reduce the taxes of the people one-half at least.

An examination of the Canal Board Reports for the last three years, shows that the actual receipts from all sources, including the tonnage tax paid by the Pennsylvania Railroad amounted,

Table with 2 columns: Year, Amount. Shows receipts for 1854, 1855, 1856, and Total.

which exhibit an excess of receipts to the amount of \$1,053,359 57, and looks upon paper very plausible, and is characteristic of the Canal Board, who have annually attempted to suppress the true state of things.

In their estimate, they fail to add to the expenditures of these three years, the amount paid out during that time for claims and damages, over \$200,000, and the interest on the present estimated value of the Main Line (\$3,000,000) which added to the former, runs up the sum to \$1,820,000 from which deduct the above erroneous estimated excess of receipts, and we have \$775,650 43, as loss sustained by the State in holding that line during the last three years.

The Canal Board would during the last year make us believe that the Main Line was profitable to the State. But let us examine the figures for ourselves, and see the true state of affairs.

They figure to the State an excess of receipts to the amount of \$432,740 60. In this calculation they neglected to add the amount paid for claims and damages, which they reported at \$200,000. Then add also the interest on the estimated value of the Main Line (\$3,000,000) and we have \$695,512 09 to be counted as expenditures; and from which deduct the false excess of receipts above referred to, and then we will find that the State has really lost during the year, \$202,771 40.

Thus we see the imperative necessity of the sale. If the Main Line had only realized five per cent. on the \$7,500,000—and the tonnage tax (\$22,000)—we would have had a clear profit to the amount of \$271,400. A sum more than equal to the amount now realized by the State out of the tax levied for State purposes, and showing conclusively that if the Main Line is sold for only \$7,500,000, the State tax could be reduced at once to one half the amount now paid by the people.

FROM UTAH. The Leavesworth correspondent of the St. Louis Democrat notes the arrival there from Utah of Gen Burr and Judge Stiles.

Their accounts of affairs in that territory are very exciting. The Mormons, during the last winter, have been persecuting many couples upon the grounds and United States authorities. These gentlemen confirm the reports.

They had only realized five per cent. on the \$7,500,000—and the tonnage tax (\$22,000)—we would have had a clear profit to the amount of \$271,400.

Straight-Out State Convention.

This affair, which assembled at Lancaster on the 3d, was a complete fiasco. Only five counties were represented, and the handful of delegates from those represented very few banded themselves.

It was a week and a half affair throughout, the only thing that gave life to it being a little passage about one of our fellow citizens, who was put on the ticket against the protest of the Allegheny delegation.

Gov. Geary with great good sense, absolutely refused to let them nominate him for Governor, and Isaac Hazlehurst, of Philadelphia, was nominated in his stead, although he evinced a decided unwillingness to be so sacrificed.

A fellow by the name of Linderman, from Berks, was nominated for Canal Commissioner, and Jacob Broom and Jasper E. Brady, for Judges.

When it came to nominating Judges, there was a general majority opposed to nominating any candidates, but they were overruled. After Broom had been nominated, Mr. Brady was named for the second Judgeship, when the following scene took place.

The Secretary, Mr. Thomas, suggested that he had nominated Mr. Brady. A delegate from Allegheny declared that Mr. Brady was a good American, but he had no strength west of Altoona.

He would add no strength to the ticket. If Allegheny had desired the nomination of any one for this office, she would have signified her intention. He hoped that the Convention would not force him upon them.

Mr. Carter of Philadelphia, favored the nomination of Mr. Brady. He did not believe that the Allegheny county delegation had any right to object to his going there, and he had no objection to his going there.

Mr. Carter had made no objection to his going there, and he had no objection to his going there. He had no objection to his going there, and he had no objection to his going there.

Mr. Carter had made no objection to his going there, and he had no objection to his going there. He had no objection to his going there, and he had no objection to his going there.

Mr. Carter had made no objection to his going there, and he had no objection to his going there. He had no objection to his going there, and he had no objection to his going there.

Mr. Carter had made no objection to his going there, and he had no objection to his going there. He had no objection to his going there, and he had no objection to his going there.

Mr. Carter had made no objection to his going there, and he had no objection to his going there. He had no objection to his going there, and he had no objection to his going there.

BEAVER ARGUS.

FOR GOVERNOR. DAVID WILMOT. OF BRADFORD COUNTY.

FOR SUPREME JUDGES. James Veech. OF ERIE COUNTY. Joseph J. Lewis. OF CHESTER COUNTY.

FOR CANAL COMMISSIONER. WM. MILLWARD. OF PHILADELPHIA.

To the Patrons of the Argus. The business arrangements of the publishers of this paper will obligate them to call upon those with whom they have accounts, for a SPEEDY SETTLEMENT.

Wm. McCallister, Jr., will accept our thanks for a bundle of late Southern papers.

Dr. Tubbs will be at his rooms in Bridge-water, on Monday next.

Brother and Sister, at New Brighton. His facilities are such that we doubt not he is simply prepared to accommodate all who may favor him with a call.

The Democratic State Convention for the nomination of two candidates for the Supreme Bench assembled in Harrisburg yesterday.

Judge Williams, a native of Westmoreland county, but for some years past a resident of Iowa, has been appointed the successor of Hon. Thomas Cunningham, as one of the Associate Judges of the Supreme Court of Kansas.

An unusually large number of people were in attendance at Court last week. Many of the candidates were also present, making the most of the occasion, and pressing their claims with much spirit, and we were gratified to perceive, with great good humor.

The young man, Graham, who was so badly injured last week by the coming in of a bank at Rochester, died on Thursday last. He was about 25 years of age. His parents reside in Rochester.

A dog supposed to be a mail was discovered running the streets on Saturday last. Fortunately he was killed before any mischief was done.

The Washington Commonwealth says that the road of the canal on the Pittsburgh and Steubenville Railroad, some three miles from Pittsburgh, fell in a few days since, causing the cars and shafts, and completely filling up the track. It is supposed, three months will be required to repair the damage.

COURT PROCEEDINGS.

The following cases were disposed of at the last Court: CIVIL SUITS.—John McClure vs. John V. Carter. This was an appeal from the judgment of I. A. W. Edgar, Esq. The plaintiff sued the defendant for a balance of \$30, together with interest on a note held by him.

Francis W. Walker vs. S. M. Craft. An appeal by the defendant from the judgment of W. F. Field, Esq. The plaintiff, in this case sued the defendant for damages for the non-fulfillment of a contract, in relation to the purchase of a lot of wheat in 1854.

James Brady (vs. R. R. Brady vs. Joseph Damon. This was an action for a debt, amounting to \$290.00 with interest. The jury after hearing the case rendered a verdict for the plaintiff for \$335.91, not leaving the box.

Same vs. Charles Hartley. Indictment, selling liquor to incompetent persons; true bill. Verdict, guilty. Motion in arrest of Judgment, and quitted.

Same vs. Hines Marata, Joseph McCabe, Henry Hurst, Wm. Miller and Wm. Gordon. Indictment, for disturbing a religious meeting; true bill. Recognizance of Henry Hurst, and bail forfeited, and respited until next term, and case continued.

Same vs. Michael Kerr. Indictment, for Adultery and Incest; true bill. Verdict, not guilty, and acquittal.

Same vs. Mary Bienes, and Elizabeth Ramer, as Accused after the fact. Indictment, Larceny; true bill. Jury sworn to Elizabeth Ramer, and a verdict rendered Nisi Guilty.

Same vs. George Frank. Indictment, furnishing liquor to a Minor; true bill. District Attorney permitted to enter a nolle prosequi on payment of cost by defendant.

Same vs. Joseph Dunning. Indictment, furnishing liquor to persons of intemperate habits; true bill. District Attorney permitted to enter nolle prosequi on payment of costs by defendant.

Same vs. Jos. Darling. Indictment, selling liquor on Sunday; true bill. District Attorney permitted to enter a nolle prosequi, on payment of cost by defendant.

Same vs. John H. Camp. Indictment, furnishing liquor to persons of intemperate habits; true bill. Verdict, Not Guilty, and case continued.

Same vs. Samuel J. Cross and Edwin R. Gardner. Indictment, Nuisance; true bill. Confined.

Same vs. Matthias Woods. Indictment for selling liquor on Sunday; true bill. Nolle prosequi permitted on payment of costs by defendant.

From St. Louis.

St. Louis, June 8.—Owing to a heavy dew during the celebration, many of the guests remained at Cincinnati, and only a few attended here this morning.

Arrival of General Walker and Suite at Louisville. Louisville, Ky., June 8.—The steamer Woodford, with Gen. Walker and suite on board, arrived at eight this morning.

Meeting of Bank Commissioners.—A meeting of the Board of Commissioners of the Bank of Beaver County, will be held at the office of H. Mendenhall, Esq., in New Brighton, on Monday the 16th inst., at 3 o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of hearing the report of a committee appointed at a recent meeting, to ascertain whether it would be practicable at this time to open books for the subscription of stock.

On the 12th ult., at Iron Mountain, Mo. Mr. Lucien Pughall of this county aged 69 years. The deceased left here about two weeks before his death, for Kansas, and while yet on his way thither, took sick, and after an illness of four days, expired. His remains were brought to this county and consigned to the grave, at New Brighton, on the 23rd inst. He was a man of considerable energy, and leaves behind him a large circle of friends to mourn his loss.

Hon. J. A. Richardson, the leader of the floor of the House of Representatives in the repeal of the Missouri Compromise, and the Democratic candidate last fall for Governor of Illinois, has been honored by Mr. Lincoln, with the appointment of Governor of the Territory of Nebraska.

Telegraphic. Washington City Items. WASHINGTON CITY, June 8.—The Attorney General has given an official opinion relative to the proprietor's interest of the United States in the newly discovered Guano Islands. Congress he says, may terminate the possession of the discoverer when it pleases, under the existing laws.

The discoverer is the nation's tenant at will, and that the title to be passed by Congress whenever the nation may desire to put an end to the estate granted, and the law forbids the President, before certain conditions are complied with, to declare any Island as appurtenant to the United States, and afterwards to act according to the intention of public duty.

Governor Philip Frank Thomas, of Maryland has been tendered the Governorship of Utah, and that he will accept it.

W. Callen, of Arkansas, is appointed Master in the Navy.

Kiaman, the California hatter, presented the buck horn chair to the President, has received an appointment for assisting to remove certain Indians on the Pacific coast at a salary of about \$1,500 per annum.

The Postmaster General this morning opened the bags for carrying the California overland mails. There will probably be no decision for two weeks.

From California. The steamer Illinois arrived at New York on the 28th of May, bringing 200 passengers and \$1,700,000 in specie.

Gen. Hannington and Col. Titus were among the passengers. Rhode was executed on the 5th, first by Walker, he having capitulated to the Costa Ricans.

From St. Louis.

St. Louis, June 8.—Owing to a heavy dew during the celebration, many of the guests remained at Cincinnati, and only a few attended here this morning.

Arrival of General Walker and Suite at Louisville. Louisville, Ky., June 8.—The steamer Woodford, with Gen. Walker and suite on board, arrived at eight this morning.

Meeting of Bank Commissioners.—A meeting of the Board of Commissioners of the Bank of Beaver County, will be held at the office of H. Mendenhall, Esq., in New Brighton, on Monday the 16th inst., at 3 o'clock, P. M., for the purpose of hearing the report of a committee appointed at a recent meeting, to ascertain whether it would be practicable at this time to open books for the subscription of stock.

On the 12th ult., at Iron Mountain, Mo. Mr. Lucien Pughall of this county aged 69 years. The deceased left here about two weeks before his death, for Kansas, and while yet on his way thither, took sick, and after an illness of four days, expired.

Hon. J. A. Richardson, the leader of the floor of the House of Representatives in the repeal of the Missouri Compromise, and the Democratic candidate last fall for Governor of Illinois, has been honored by Mr. Lincoln, with the appointment of Governor of the Territory of Nebraska.

Telegraphic. Washington City Items. WASHINGTON CITY, June 8.—The Attorney General has given an official opinion relative to the proprietor's interest of the United States in the newly discovered Guano Islands.

The discoverer is the nation's tenant at will, and that the title to be passed by Congress whenever the nation may desire to put an end to the estate granted, and the law forbids the President, before certain conditions are complied with, to declare any Island as appurtenant to the United States, and afterwards to act according to the intention of public duty.

Governor Philip Frank Thomas, of Maryland has been tendered the Governorship of Utah, and that he will accept it.

W. Callen, of Arkansas, is appointed Master in the Navy.

Kiaman, the California hatter, presented the buck horn chair to the President, has received an appointment for assisting to remove certain Indians on the Pacific coast at a salary of about \$1,500 per annum.

The Postmaster General this morning opened the bags for carrying the California overland mails. There will probably be no decision for two weeks.

From California. The steamer Illinois arrived at New York on the 28th of May, bringing 200 passengers and \$1,700,000 in specie.

Gen. Hannington and Col. Titus were among the passengers. Rhode was executed on the 5th, first by Walker, he having capitulated to the Costa Ricans.