THE EVENING TELEGRAPH.

VOL. XV.-NO. 142.

PHILADELPHIA, FRIDAY, JUNE 16, 1871.

A GREAT CALAMITY AVERTED.

MAZZINI ON THE COMMUNE. Tragedy in St. Louis. The Methodist Book Goacern. Charleston's Public Schools. Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.,

FIRST EDITION

ET TU, BRUTE !

Mazzini on Communism—Why he Disap-proves of the Paris Programme. In the newly-published number of the Contem-porary Review there is a significant article by Mazzini on the Commune, and its sims and its proceedings. From this paper (which was writ-ten before the fall of the Communists) we make

amongst us. The banner of insurrection fascinates us, wheresoever or for whatsoever reason it floats. We have endured so much from the de facto governments that every protest against an existing power assumes in our eyes the appearance of a sacred manifestation of liberty—an assertion of the right to ad-vance, against the immobility to which we have been for so many centuries condemned. Every daring affirmation finds an echo in the heart-of our youth; not because upon mature ex-amination it is found to have enunciated a portion of truth hitherto unknown, but simply because it is daring. Every spark of exceptional courage displayed in support of such daring affirmation transforms the actor into a hero in affirmation transforms the actor into a hero in our eyes. It is by such passionate adoration and brief but fruitless enthusiasm that in-dividuality avenges itself for its long subjection to brute force. Just as about a third of a century since—the youth of that day rebelled against the pedautic rules of art, long enforced in the memo of Grack and Berner enforced in the name of Greek and Roman models, and gave themselves up to a blind worship of the empty and immoral formula of art for art's sake, denying the sole true formula art for the sake of human progress-our camp is threatened at the present day by the formula of action for action's sake.

To prophesy the salvation of France through the Parisian Commune, because it has raised the flag of insurrection against an unworthy Assembly, without regard to the sole point of Assembly, without regard to the sole point of real import—the insurrectionary programme— will not impede its fall. If it do not sink, as it seems probable, in battle, it will fall through the anarchy inevitably resulting from that pro-gramme, and facilitating the return of monarchy, which fools believe to be a pledge of order, while in fact it is, wherever it is incapable of identifying itself with the progressive destiny of the nation, simply a pledge of future revolutions. In the meantime, however, the fall of the Paris Commune, which is, in reality, merely the ne-Commune, which is, in reality, merely the ne-cessary consequence of an abnormal incident in the development of the republican enterprise, will be, to the many who have regarded it as an initiatory fact, a fresh cause of fatal discourage-ment among the peoples, of hesitation and dis-trust among lukewarm Liberals of the Parliamentary Left, and a new weapon furnished to the adversaries of the republican doctrine, who will argue :- "This also was a republican movement, and its overthrow is a new proof of the impotence of the principle." * * * If on the uprising of Paris in the name not of a great European or national principle, but of her own local rights, our party had only remem-bered that a similar uprising, holy and oppor-tune against a foreign foe, would have secured for them all that they now demand, but that such insurrection is neither holy nor opportune while that foreign foe holds the heights of Paris, and watches with scornful smiles Frenchmen elaughtering each other while they iguore his presence and violation of their territory—if, studying the programme of the Parisian Com-mune, they had proclaimed it false, harmful, and condemned beforehand to succumb, they would now have a right to say to the republican party:--"Be not discomfitted; the inevitable de-feat of the Parisian Commune is no defeat of the republic, but of men who, consciously er unconsciously, have abandoned both republican unity and the republican mission, and are incapable of victory."

A GREAT CALAMITY AVERTED. How the Man who was Going to Set the Pacific Ocean on Fire was Disposed of. Some time ago a man named Gregory Sum-merfield was murdered by being pushed from the platform of a car on the Union Pacific Rall-road at Cape Horn, and falling down a thousand feet on to the rocks below. Summerfield was a man of extraordinary literary and scientific at-tainments, and was aiways known before his death as "the man with the secret." The only person on the platform with him where he was in rust down the precipice was Leonidas Parker, a Sacramento lawyer of talent and excellent re-putation. He was twice tried for the murder, and each time mysteriously acquitted. Re-cently he died, but left behind him an explana-tion of the whole transaction. A short time be-fore Summerfield's death he came into Parker's office, that being his first appearance in San Francisco for a number of years, and told him that he had fathomed the mighty secret of making water burn by means of a preparation of potassium, which would separate the parti-cies and ignite the liberated oxygen, thus creat-ing and recreating its own force, and proceeding until all the narticles was destroyed ing and recreating its own force, and proceeding

until all the particles were destroyed. Possessed of this terrible power, he demanded \$1,000,000 to be raised in San Francisco, or he would set the Pacific Ocean on fire, and let the world take the consequences. Parker thought himself dealing with a lunatic, and treated the matter disdainfully, but offered to try one of his potassium pills in a wash-bowl of water, which skipped and hissed around as it always does, and second about to avoid a both to avoid the second s skipped and hissed around as it always does, and seemed about to expire, when a sharp ex-plosion took place, and, to his surprise, the liquid blazed in lurid flames to the calling until every drop was consumed. Deeming this worth considering, he imparted the discovery, with Summerfield's condition, to a leading banker, a bishop, a chemist, two State university profes-sors, a physician, a judge, and two Protestaut divines, who, with himself, witnessed the ex-periment on a grand scale in a mountain lake ten miles from San Francisco. In fifteen minutes every drop of water in the pool was consumed, and the committee became alarmed while Summerfield be-came importunate. Only a half million could be raised at San Francisco, and something must be done or the Pacific Ocean would roll billows of flame instead of water. It was proposed to be done or the Pacific Ocean would roll billows of flame instead of water. It was proposed to attempt subscriptions in New York, when the bishop rose and said that all that was child's bishop rose and said that all that was child's play, that nothing would satisfy the wretch, and extermination was, under the circom-stances, justifiable. All coincided, and Parker, who knew the gorges and windings of the Pacific Road, was chosen as humanity's avenging angel. In the conclusion of his decument he says:—"Iselected Cape Horn as the best adapted to the purpose, and * * * * the public knows the rest. Having been fully acquitted by two tribunals of the law, I think this final appeal to my fellow-men throughout the State, and ask them confidently not to reverse the judgment already pronounced."

EXCITEMENT AT CHATTANOOGA.

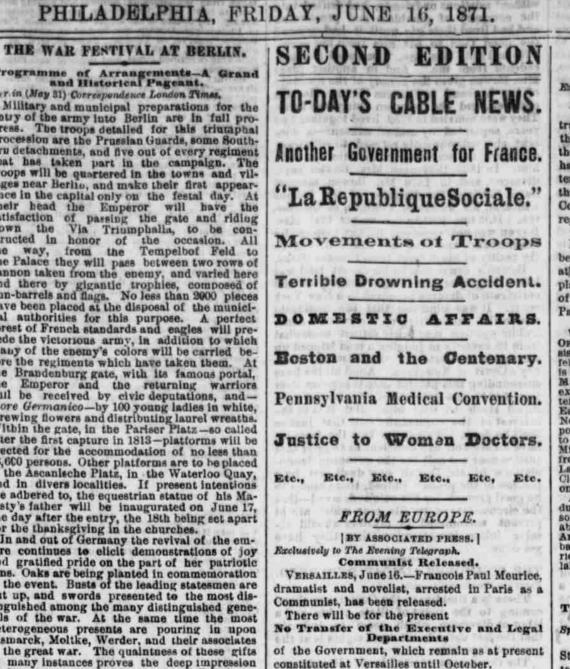
Fearful State of Affairs.

The latest accounts from Chattanooga are to the effect that the excitement in that city in reference to Stanton and his road has in ne way abated, and continues to rage with furious in-tensity. Many of the business houses are closed, and others, it is thought, will close. The em-ployees of the Alabama and Chattanooga road are in a state of demoralized mobocracy. The maledictions against Stanton are deep, bitter, and wide spread. He is in the city, and avers that others, and not himself, are to blame for unfortunate state of affairs. The peop strongest of its component States." look to him to make this averment good, and avow a determinatian to hold him to a fearful accountability in case he does not do so. As the Monday night train came up from Chattanooga at Wauhatchie, at the junction of the Nashville and Chattanooga with the Alabama and Chattanooga road, there were several hundred infuriated men, yelling and cursing as the train passed, saying with blustering oaths "you can run on that read (meaning the Nashville and Chattanooga), but you can't run on this" (meaning the Alabama and Chattanooga). The Chinese in Chattaneoga are indignant. The say that according to their contract (#16 a mouth in coin) they have earsed \$60,000, all of which they will willingly sacrifice if Stanton will take them back where they came from, to San Fran-

Programme of Arrangements_A Grand and Historical Pageant.

Ber in (May 31) Correspondence London Times. Military and municipal preparations for the entry of the army into Berlin are in full pro-gress. The troops detailed for this triumphal procession are the Prussian Guards, some Southprocession are the Prussian Guards, some South-eru detachments, and five out of every regiment that has taken part in the campaign. The troops will be guartered in the towns and vil-lages near Berlio, and make their first appear-ance in the capital only on the festal day. At their head the Emperor will have the satisfaction of passing the gate and riding down the Via Triumphalia, to be con-structed in honor of the occasion. All the way, from the Tempeloof Feld to the Palace they will pass between two rows of cannon taken from the enemy, and varied here and there by gigantic trophies, composed of gun-barrels and flags. No less than 2000 piecess have been placed at the disposal of the munici-pal authorities for this purpose. A perfect pal authorities for this purpose. A perfect forest of French standards and eagles will pre-cede the victorious army, in addition to which cede the victorious army, in addition to which many of the enemy's colors will be carried be-fore the regiments which have taken them. At the Brandenburg gate, with its famous portal, the Emperor and the returning warriors will be received by civic deputations, and-more Germanico-by 100 young ladies in white, strewing flowers and distributing laurel wreaths. Within the gate, in the Pariser Platz —so called after the first capture in 1813-platforms will be erected for the accommodation of no less than 13,600 persons. Other platforms are to be placed in the Ascanische Platz, in the Waterloo Quay, and in divers localities. If present intentions are adhered to, the equestrian statue of his Ma-jesty's father will be inaugurated on June 17, the day after the entry, the 18th being set apart for the thanksgiving in the churches. In and out of Germany the revival of the em-pire continues to elicit demonstrations of joy

pire continues to elicit demonstrations of joy and gratified pride on the part of her patriotic sons. Oaks are being planted in commemoration of the event. Busts of the leading statesmen are put up, and swords presented to the most dis-tinguished among the many distinguished generals of the war. At the same time the most heterogeneous presents are pouring in upon Bismarck, Moltke, Werder, and their associates in the great war. The quaintness of these gifts in many instances proves the deep impression made even upon simple country folk. A re-nowned poet composes an epic expressly for the perusal of the Emperor. A country squire in Frisia confers upon the leading statesman of the age a wagon load of hams, all vouched to be cured on his own estate. To Moltke comes a hogshead of eau-de-cologne from an enthusiastic admirer on the banks of the Rhine, and, if I am not mistaken, an extravagant Pomeranian has gone the length of sending a barrel of herrings to some other worthy in token of his grateful recognition of his deserts. That addresses have recognition of his deserts. That addresses have not yet entirely subsided is a matter of course in this vocal age. Only the other day the Munich Town Council sent a long telegram to the Em-peror informing him that an Imperial oak has been solemnly planted in their capital. The Germans in New York have once more offered their congratulations to the Berlin Parliament, accompanied by assurances of their enduring sympathy with the land of their birth. Other communications of a similar character are con-stantly arriving, and naturally elicit replies in the same strain. The Emperor's answer to the Munich Town Council was especially gracious. Munich Town Council was especially gracious, thanking them in the warmest terms for "celebrating in so suggestive a manner the reinstitution of the empire in the capital of one of the



FROM WASHINGTON.

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.] Exclusively to The Evening Telegraph. Pagilistic Exhibitions in the District. WASHINGTON, June 16 .- Several days ago the trustees of Odd Fellows' Hall refused to rent the hall for a pugllistic exhibition, and now the lower branches of the Territorial Legislature has passed a resolution directing the Superintendent of Police to prevent any exhibitions of the art of boxing and pugilism in the District of Columbia until the passage of the act regulating the same.

Report Corrected. It is said the report that Mr. Rangabe has been transferred from Washington as Minister at Paris is erroneous, and perhaps may be explained by the fact that he has received a conge of three months, which he proposes to spend in Paris.

Government Weather Report.

Parte.
Government Weather Report.
Ma Department, Orpice of the Chief Signal, Orpice, Washington, June 16–10:30 A. M.—Synopsis for the past twenty-four hours:—The barometer fil rapidly on Thursday on the California coast, and is now failing on the Rocky Mountains and in the Mississippi valley. The area of highest pressure extends from Ohio east to Chesapeake bay. The temperature has risen slightly northwest on the East Atlantic coast. It has failen somewhat from North Carolina to Georgia. The cloudy weather reported Thursday morning west of Illinois has opened to the east and south, and heavy rain has failen in Misseuri. Light rains are reported during the night for the coast. The barometer will probably fail during the day from Pennsylvania to Iowa and the day from Pennsylvania to Iowa and Arkansas. Threatening and rainy weather will provably fail during the day from Pennsylvania to Iowa and Arkansas. Threatening and rainy weather will provably fail during the day from Pennsylvania to Iowa and Arkansas. Threatening and rainy weather will provably fail during the day from Pennsylvania to Iowa and Arkansas. Threatening and rainy weather will provably fail during the day from Pennsylvania to Iowa and Arkansas. Threatening and rainy weather will provably during the day from Pennsylvania to Iowa and Arkansas. Threatening and rainy weather will provably during the day from Pennsylvania to Iowa and Arkansas. Threatening and rainy weather will provably during the day from Pennsylvania to Iowa and Arkansas. Threatening and rainy weather will provably be the lower lake, Atlantic and Guif coast, during the day.

FROM THE STATE.

The Medical Convention and Women Doctors. Special Despatch to the Evening Telegraph.

WILLIAMSPORT, June 16 .- The Pennsylvania State Medical Society, now in session here, yesterday formally rescinded their notorious rule against women physicians, after an animated discussion and a determined opposition. Ayes, 50; noes, 40. The obnoxious rule prohibited, on pain of expulsion from the society, consultation with women physicians, or with those men who consulted with them or taught them medicine. Among the active champions of the ladies were Doctors Joseph Parrish, of Media, Wilmer Worthington, of West Chester, Washington L. Atlee, of Philadelphia, Hiram Corson, of Montgomery county, and Traill Green, of Easton. The only organized opposition to women physicians now existing in the State is to be found in the Philadelphia County Medical Society.

The convention adjourns to-day.

Knights Templar. HARRISBURG, June 16.-The next annual Grand Conclave of the Knights Templar of Pennsylvania will be at Towanda in June next.

FROM NEW YORK. [BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

DOUBLE SHEET_THREE CENTS.

ernment storeship Supply, with coal, lumber, etc., and additional provisions. The reception to Captain Hall and officers, to be tendered by the American Geographical Society, will, it is understood, be given next-week.—Heraid.

FINANOL AND COMMERCE.

PINANON AND COMMERCE. EVENING TREGENTS OFFICE. Triday, June 18, 1571. The Philadelphia money market presents to-doten noticed. The amount of funds seeking temporary and permanent employment is some-what diminishing, but it is still largely in excess of wants, and the rates of interest and discount are very liberal to all good borrowers. We quote call loans at 4@5 per cent. on acceptable collaterals, and at 5@6 per cent. on the higher grades of business paper. Bold is quiet and steady, with sales ranging from 119%(2112)', closing at the former. Bold is quiet and steady, with sales ranging from 119%(2112)', closing at the former. **Bold is quiet and steady, with sales ranging** from 119%(2112)', closing at the former. **Bold is quiet and steady, with sales ranging** from 119%(2112)', closing at the former. **Bold is quiet and steady, with sales ranging** from 119%(2112)', closing at the former. **Bold is quiet and steady, with sales ranging** from 119%(2112)', closing at the former. **Bold is quiet and steady, with sales ranging** from 119%(2112)', closing at the former. **Bold is quiet and steady, with sales ranging** from 119%(2112)', closing at the former. **Bold is quiet and steady, with sales ranging** from 119%(2112)', closing at the former. **Bold is quiet and steady, with sales ranging** from 119%(2112)', closing at the former. **Bold is quiet and steady, with sales of finded, do. Bold is quiet and steady, was active and strong, sales at 5856@58 69**, Pennsylvania was duil and weak, selling 61%(2015)', Small sales of Phila-delphia and Trenton at 128; Lehigh Valley at 62%(2020)', Norther Central at 41; and Nesque base at 58.56@58 69, Pennsylvania was duil and weak, selling 61%(2015)', Small sales of Phila-delphia and Trenton at 128; Lehigh Valley at 62%(2020)', Norther Central at 41; and Nesque base at 58.56@58 69, Pennsylvania was duil and salephia and Fifteenth Streets Railroad **Bold Streets**

at 24%.

PHILADELPHIA STOCK EXCHANGE SALES. Reported by De Haven & Bro., No. 40 S. Third street.

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\$3500 Pa 68, 1 80 18.108 1	500 sh Reading R	58%
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12 sh Penna R.1s. 61%		58 56
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10 sh 18th & 15th R 241	200 dols.2d.	58%
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MESSES, DE HAVEN &	BROTHER No. 40	Sonth

Philadelphia Trade Report. FRIDAY, June 16.-The Flour market is dull at yesterday's quotations. There is no shipping demand, and the operations of the home consumers are confined to their immediate wants. About 600 barrels changed hands, including superfine at \$5.25@5.50; extras at \$5.62%@6; lows and Wiscon-sin extra family at \$6.50@7; Minnesota do. do. at \$7.12%@7.50; Pe at \$7.12%@7.50; Pennsylvania do. do. at \$6.25@7; Indiana and Ohio do. do. at \$7@7.50; and fancy brands at \$7.75@9, as in quality. Rye Flour may be quoted at \$5.62%. In Corn Meal nothing doing. There is scarcely anything doing in Wheat to establish prices. Sales of Indiana and other West-ern red at \$1.50@1.52; amber at \$1.54@1.56; and white at \$1.65@1.75. Rye ranges from \$1.05 to \$1.10 for Western. Corn is Ermer, but there is not much activity; sales of 2000 bushels at 75@76c, for yellow, and 73@74c, for Western mixed. Oats are very dull; sales of Western at 65@67c. In Barley and Malt nothing doing. sales of western at 65261c. In Barley and Malt nothing doing. Bark is dull at \$23 per ton for No. 1 Quercitron. Chesnut oak may be quoted at \$13614 per cord. Cloverseed is nominal at 756856, per ib. In Timothy nothing doing. Flaxseed is wanted by the druggists at \$\$2568 30. Whisky is steady with sales of Western iron-bound

METHODIST BOOK CONCERN TROUBLE

Meeting of the Book Committee-The Trial of Dr. Lanahan to Proceed.

At a meeting of the committee held on May 27th, a series of resolutions were adopted by a vote of 10 to S, suspending Dr. John Lanahan from the position of Assistant Book Agent These resolutions also called for a speedy trial of the various charges made against the accused. and the 15th of June was set apart for that pur-

This decided action of the committee gave promise that some definite settlement of this seemingly endless muddle would soon reached, and the proceedings of the meeting of the committee to be held to day were anxiously awaited by the members of the Methodist denomination generally. The committee met at 10 o'clock this morning

Mr. Cyrus Brooks in the chair. Messrs. J. H. Moore and G. W. Woodruff were the only mem-bers absent. The preliminary arrangements in connection with the trial of Dr. Lanahan were adjusted, and a long discussion took place, in which many of the members participated, in relation to the advisibility of admitting reporters to the sessions of the court.

The committee met again at 2 o'clock this afternoon, and after debate it was definitely settled that the investigation would begin promptly at 10 o'clock to-morrow morning. It is the intention of the committee to hold the present court until the entire subject at issue been thoroughly investigated .- N. Y. Post, last evening.

SOUTHERN EDUCATION.

Charleston Public Schools Closed for Want of Funds.

The Charleston Courier of the 14th instant We regret to learn that the public schools in the city of Charleston are to be closed, because of an alleged want of funds with which to con-

tinue them. The Grand Jury of this county, in its last pre-The Grand Jury of this county, in its last pre-sentment, reported that the State and county taxes, which have been collected during the past three months, amounted to \$320,000; and yet in the face of this large amount, which has been promptly paid by a law-abiding people, we are quietly told that the public schools must be closed, that the treasury is empty, and that we must provide for the education of our children as best we may. Can it be possible that \$320,000 must provide for the education of our children as best we may. Can it be possible that \$320,000 have all been expended in the payment of County Commissioners' checks, and that nothing is left for the education of our children? Can it be true that this large amount of money has been paid for the building of bridges and con-struction of turnpikes, which have never been built or constructed, and that our little ones are to be denied the blessings of an education be-cause they have been robbed of their honest duce? We want to know to whom we shall at-tach the responsibility of closing our city public dues? We want to know to whom we shall at-tach the responsibility of closing our city public schools. Who is the party that is responsible for the non-payment of our teachers for the six months, and who is to be blamed for their suffering and distressed condition ?

cisco. The worst feature in the case is that a hun-dred miles below Chattanooga there are hun-dreds of laborers, composed of whites, Chinese, and negroes, some of them with families, among the swamps and in a starving condition. Their situation is represented as being pitiable in the extreme. There is no means of conveying them food or rations except by the road, and the maddened employes have possession of that and positively refuse to allow the trains to run. For this state of things there is a fearful retribution in store for somebody.

AWFUL TRAGEDY.

A Brother and Sister Shot Dead. The St. Louis Republican of the 14th has the

following:-The usual quiet of Jefferson City has been disturbed by a tragedy which occurred on Sun-day evening, resulting in the death of Mrs. Berry and her brother, Hofius.

There was a German picnic on the outskirts of the town on Sunday afternoon, which was attended by the above-named parties. On re-turning to the house of Mrs. Berry, it is said that an altercation occurred between Hollus, the brother of Mrs. Berry, and Mr. Schirenberg, the editor of the Fortschrit, a German weekly newspaper.

Schirenberg, it is stated, had been paying some attentions to the widow, but whatever was the cause of the guarrel, the widow stepped in between the parties to stop the difficulty, and she received a pistol shot in her side aimed by her brother at Schirenberg. Her brother, in a moment of desperation, seeing what he had done, rushed up stairs and shot himself, dying instantis from the effect of the wounds in the instantly from the effect of the wounds in the head.

A verdict was rendered that deceased came to his death from a pistol shot fired by his own hand. Three of the jurors, including the fore-man, refused to sign the verdict, but as the body needed burial, on the score of humanity they signed it under protest. The result of the verdict did not satisfy the

community, as it was thought by some that the manner of Hofius' death was open to doubt. A bullet had lodged in the wall near where the body was lying, and there was a mark showing that another bullet had glauced off. How Ho-flus could have fired the shot which made this mark was the question.

The citizens were in a high state of excitement, and the same jury was summoned to ex-amine the case over again.

KENTUCEY SILVER MINES.

A Precious Mystery in the Nelson County Knobs.

There is a mysterious whispering among some of the knowing ones in regard to a lost silver mine which, it is asserted, has been recently mine which, it is asserted, has been recently discovered by cartain parties in the knobs lying off to the west of the Bardstown Branch Rail-road, near Samuels' Depot. About seventy years ago this mine of precious metal was worked by two men, who alone were in the secret as to its precise location. One of the men died soon after the discovery was made, heaving the secret with his companion. Not men died soon after the discovery was made, leaving the secret with his companion. Not long after the death of the first the survivor started on a trip to New Orleans, and on his way thither was drowned, taking the secret to the bottom of the Mississippi with him. It is now alleged the lost silver mine has been found, and the people living in the vicinity are on the guintite, waiting for further developments. A SHOOTING AFFAIR.

Colored Justice of the Peace Probably Fatally Wounded by a Government Clerk.

Yesterday afternoon, about two o'clock, great excitement was occasioned among the people in the vicinity by the shooting of O. B. S. Wall, a colored justice of the peace, by Captain M. L. Davenport, a clerk in the office of the Second Anditor. It appears from the statement of the wounded man that some days ago a Mrs. Wright, an employe of the Howard University, called on Wall and said that she had purchased a stove from a clerk named Davenport, in the Second Auditor's office, for \$10, and that it was not what he had warranted, as it would not not what he had warranted, as it would not bake bread, and she wished to obtain redress. Wall said that perhaps he could arrange the matter, and called on the appointment clerk of the Second Auditor's office, and stated to him the circumstances. Davenport was sent for, and a conversation occurred between him and Wall, which resulted in the agreement of Davenport to take back the stove. Subsequently, Davenport called on Wall near his office, and said that he had determined not to take back the stove. We wast

to take back the stove. Wall saw Mrs. Wright afterwards and advised her to see the Secretary of the Treasury about the matter, which she did, in company with another woman, and a stormy interview occurred on the same occasion be tween her and Davenport, who had been sent for as before.

Davenport, yesterday afternoon, walked into the office of Justice of the Peace Wall, and, drawing a seven-shooter, fired two shots at him, one of which took effect in the abdomen about an inch and a half to the right of and just below the navel. The parties in the office at the time immediately knocked Davenport down, cutting him severely, and he was taken to the stationhouse near at hand and locked up.

Wall was taken to his home, on Seventh street, above the Boundary. Officer Robert French soon succeeded in obtaining the attendance of physicians, and Dr. Robert Reyburn dressed Wall's wound, but did not give an opinion as to whether it would prove fatal,

though he said the affair looked ugly. Davenport, when arrested, had evidently been drinking, but would make no definite statements as to the motive which prompted the act The physicians, having been unable to find the ball, are unwilling to express any opinion as to Wall's chances for recovery, although they fear the worst .- Washington Patriot, yesterday.

TEHUANTEPEC CANAL.

Communication from Minister Nelson -A Surface Route Discovered.

Translated from the Diario Official of May 10. DEPARTMENT OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS, LEGATION OF THE UNITED STATES, MEXICO, May 1, 1871, --Sir:--I have received a communication from Captain R. W. Shufeldt, duted at Minatitian April 19, which contains the gratifying intelli-gence that a practicable surface casal route has been discovered across the Isthmus of Tebuautepec by the surveying expedition under his com-mand. This route begins at the mouth of Goatzacoalcos river, on the north passes, through Tarifa at the summit, and terminates probably at Salina Cruz, on the Pacfic. The canal will be about one hundred and ten miles long, exclusive of rivers and lagoons utilized, and will require a "feeder" of thirty miles in length. The water will be taken from the "Blo Corte," at a point where an abundant supply can be obtained at the proper elevation. Captain Shufeldt, on the eve of his departure

from the isthmus, requested me to convey to the Federal Government of Mexico his warm ap-preciation of its hospitality, and also to express his hope that the favorable result that has been attained, in harmony with the Mexican Com-missioners, who have joined his party in some of their meet ardyone avaloactions will prove missioners, who have joined his party in some of their most arduous explorations, will prove satisfactory, and in the end redound to the material advancement of Mexico. I need scarcely add that in these expectations and good wishes I most cordially join. I have the honor to remain, with great respect, your obedient servant, THOMAS H. NELSON. Hon. Manuel Arpiroz, Department for For-eign Affairs, Mexico.

VERSAILLES, June 16.-General Donay's Corps has gone to Lyons. Its mission is to disarm the National Guards in the Valley of the Rhone from Lyons to Marsellles.

The Court-Martial

will assemble next week for the trial of Roche-

Motions were submitted in the Assembly by

Prolongation of the Powers

of both the Assembly and President Thiers two

years, and also for the Election Committee to

draw up a bill constituting the future Gevern-

Vive la Republique Sociale!

PARIS, June 16 .- A proclamation has been

ssued by the International Society, which de-

clares, "We are disarmed but not conquered,

and are still one hundred thousand strong.

Favre and Trochu were the authors of our

misfortunes, aided by capital and the priest-

hood. We accept the responsibility of the con-

flagrations. We must have no interior depu-

ties, no divisions at the polls. Reaction took

away our arms but not our votes. Vive la Re-

The National Guards.

publique Sociale! Vive la Commune!"

fort, Assi, and Rossel.

ment of France.

Baze providing for the

General Clinchant remains at Versailles, and General L'Admirault in Parls with 60,000 men. About 20,000 troops will be

Sent to Algeria. The 2d Corps is at Versailles. The principal towns throughout the country are to be garrisoned.

The Chief Newspapers have constituted themselves an election committee for the support of non-partisan candidates for the Assembly whose careers are guar-

anteed. They will support law and order. The Communist General La Cecelia was arrested in the Department of Calvados.

Nothing yet has been determined by the Goverument relative to raising the state of siege in Paris.

LONDON, June 16. Fourteen Persons were Drowned

in consequence of an accident in Moray Erith. Miss Rye

took out one hundred and thirteen children to Canada in Allen's steamship Prussian, which sailed yesterday for Quebec. The tramway from Islandton to Margate is

opened, and others are building in different parts of London. Royal Betrothal.

A marriage has been arranged between the Princess Thyra of Denmark and the Duke of Edinburgh.

Alfred Ernest Albert, Duke of Edinburgh, Duke of Aired Ernest Albert, Duke of Edinburgh, Duke of Saxe, Earl of Uister, and Earl of Kent, is the fourth child and second son of Queen Victoria, and was born on the 6th of August, 1844. On the com-pletion of his education he was commissioned a captain in the Royal Navy, and as such made noune-rous voyages and visited the several colonies of Great Britain. He is said to be a young man of

Great Britain. He is said to be a young man of ability, though somewhat wild. Princess Thyra Ameile Caroline Charlotte Anne is the fifth child and third daughter of Christian IX, of Denmark, and was born on the 20th of Septem-ber, 1853. Her eldest sister. Alexandra, is, as the reader is aware, the wife of the Princes of Wales; and another sister, the Princess Dagmar (now called Maria Feoderoyna,) is the wife of the hered-itary Grand Durke Alexander of Rozsia. The Princess is said to be a charming young lady, and will doubless become as popular with the English as her sister, the Princess of Wales.

This Morning's Quotations.

LONDON, June 16-11:30 A. M. The weather is fair, and favorable to the crops. Consols, 92% for both money and account. United States bonds quiet and steady; 5-80s of 1862, 90%; of 1865, 90%; FRANKFORT. June 16 .- United States bonds closed

at 16% GP6% vesterday. PARIS, June 16 .- Rentes, closed at 53f. 52c. yeserday.

LIVERPOOL, June 16-10 80 A. M .- Cotton firm ; up-LIVERPOOL, June 16-10 30 A. M. -Cotton nrm; ap-lands, 83(683); d.; Orleans, 83; d. The sales to-day are estimated at 15,000 bales. Sales of the week have been 133,000 bales, including 25,000 for export, and 36,000 for speculation. Stock in port, 945,000 bales, including 615,000 American. The receipts of the week have been 125,000 bales, including 93,000 treation. Actual exposure of columns. Brandatory American. Actual export, 93 600 cales. Breadstoffs duil. Receipts of wheat for three days, 84,000 grs. American, 22,000.

This Afternoon's Quotations.

LONDON, June 16-1:20 P. al.-Consols 921/ for money and account. U. S. 5-208, 901/ for the issue of 1867. LIVERPOOL, June 16-1-50 P. M.-Cotton firm ; sales

now estimated at 15,000 bales, including \$600 for export and speculation. Sales of cotton at sea, nearly due from Charleston or Savannah, at 83/d. Califor-pia wheat, 11s. 11d.; new red spring, 10s. 7c.@10s. 9d. Pork, 55s. Tallow, 48s.

FROM NEW ENGLAND. |BY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

Reclusively to The Koening Telegraph. Boston and the Centenary.

BOSTON, June 16 .- A committee was appointed by the Boston Common Council to confer with the committee and authorities of Philadelphis in relation to the celebration of the one hundredth anniversary of American IndepenExclusively to The Evening Telegraph.

Woodhull & Claffin Sue the Christian Union for Libel.

NEW YORK, June 16 .- The Sun says: - Messrs. Woodbull & Claffin have instituted a libel suit against Henry Ward Beecher and the publishers of the Christian Union, laying damages at \$250,000. The ground of action is the publication in the Christian Union, of which Mr. Beecher is editor, of Mrs. Harriet Beecher Stowe's new novel, "My wife and I," in which appear two female characters, which it is alleged are intended to represent Mrs. Woodhull and Mrs. Claffin.

FROM CALIFORNIA. TEY ASSOCIATED PRESS.]

Exclusively to the Evening Telegraph.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 15. The Flood in the Columbia River is overflowing the lower part of the city of Portland.

Chicago Flour and Wheat Market,

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph. CHICAGO, June 16-930 A. M.-Whest quiet and easier. No. 2, \$1-27@1-27%, seller June; \$1-26%, Seller July. Corn siendy at 541 @54340., seller June; 544 @

54%c., seller July. Freights unchanged. Receipts. Ship'ts. Receipts. Ship'ts. Flour, bbls. 5,000 6,000 Oats, bus....24,000 55,000 Wheat, bus. 51,000 42,000 Ryc, bus.... 1,000 none. Corn, bus. 270,000 25,000 Barley, bus... none none.

THE WEATHER.

The Detailed Meteorological Report for To-day.

The following is the meteorological report of the Signal Bureau of the War Department for this morning, all the observations being taken at 743 A. M., Philadelphia time. The barometrical reports are corrected for temperature and elevation, velocity of the wind is given in miles per and the force is an approximate reduction to the Beaufort scale :---

Blace of Opser-anticer, Direction Vidocity, Force of Wind. State
 Baltimore.
 39'16
 65
 N. W.
 5
 Gentle.
 Clear

 Boston.
 29'97
 62
 N. W.
 3
 V. gent.
 Fair

 Cape May
 30'09
 63
 N. W.
 2'.
 V. brisk
 Clear

 Charleston, S. C.
 30'01
 61
 E.
 1'.
 Brisk.
 Fair

 Charleston, S. C.
 30'01
 61
 E.
 1'.
 Brisk.
 Fair

 Cimetineation
 30'01
 61
 E.
 1'.
 Brisk.
 Fair
 Washington 30'13 65 N. W. 8 Gen Wilmington, N.C 30'04 75 N. E. 1 . Fair Cloud

THE POLABIS AT NEW YORK.

Proposed Reception to Captain Hall by the American Geographical Society. The Polaris arrived from Washington yester-

ay morring, after a fine passage of four days. She bauled into the Navy Yard, Brooklys, at half-pest 7 A. M., where she will remain till ready for starting porthward. The little craft

ready for starting northward. The little craft (400 tons) seems in every respect fitted for the expedition, unless, indeed, that her rig (that of a topsall schooner) be too light. The propeller is what is known as an auxiliary screw, capable of being hoisted out of the water when sufficient headway may be made under canvas; thereby, too, economizing fuel, and pre-venting the screw from being broken by the ice. She is, besides, provided with an apparatus, by the aid of which whale oil may be safely used instead of other fuel. Those of the crew who have accompanied former expeditionists to the have accompanied former expeditionists to the North Pole speak highly in praise of the prepa-rations made by Captain Hall and most hope-fully of his discovery of the long-sought-for

Northwest passage. The Polaris will proceed from here to the Esquimaux settlements of Upernavick and Disco, and at the latter await the a rrival of the Gov-

LATEST	SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.
PORT OF	PHILADELPHIAJUNE 10
STATE OF TE	BEMOMBTER AT THE EVENING TELEGRAPE OFFICE.

(By Cable.) LONDON, June 16 — Steamship Scotia, from New fork, touched at Queenstown last evening and arr'd at Liverpool to day. Steamship Westphalia, from New York, touched

at Plymouth to-day. Steamship Darien, from New York, arrived in the

Clyde. Livespool, June 15. - Arrived, ship Labor, from Savannah; barks Urkaine, from New York, R. Boak and Agincourt from New Orieans; N. M. Mallory, from Galveston; and brig Formics, from New Orleans.

San FRANCISCO, June 15. Arrived, ships Daniel Marcy, from New York, and Tewksbury, from New-port; and U. S. sloop-of-war Cyane, from the Mexi-can Coast. The ship Panama, laden with wheat, sailed from Portiand yesterday for Cork.

CLEARED THIS MORNING. Steamer Vulcan, Wilcox, New York, W. M. Baird & Co.

Steamer Frank, Pierce, New York, do. Bark Carrie Wyman, Cochran, Stettin, Warren & Gregg.

Gregg. Ger. brig Sagitta, Behrens, Elsinore for orders, L. Westergaard & Co. Schr Maria Fleming, Williams, Norwich, Sinnick-

Schr Maria Fleming, Williams, Rotwicz, Sina son & Co. Schr E. F. Brainard, Anderson, Middletown, do. Schr B. H. Irons, Irons, Providence, do. Schr Golden Eagle, Howes, Fair Haven, do. Schr Ann S. Salter, Chase, New Bedford, do. Barge John Bowman, Tucker, New York, do. Barge Honcaty, Perkins, Hudson, do.

ARRIVED THIS MORNING.

ARRIVED THIS MORNING. Steamer Novelty, Shaw, 24 hours from New York, with mdse. to W. M. Baird & Co. Schr Fannie Warner, Dickinson, fm Middletown, Conn., with stone to O. Fales. Schr John Beatty, Price, from Norfolk, with shin-gles to J. W. Gaskill & Sons. Schr A. Vancleaf, Cartez, from Providence, with mdse. to D. S. Stetson & Co. Schr Rachael Seaman, from Boston. Schr Daniel Collins, Townsend, do. Schr L. B. Wing, Endicott, from Providence. Schr P. Borie, Adams, from New Bedford.

Correspondence of The Evening Telegraph. EASTON & MCMAHON'S BULLETIN. NEW YORK OFFICE, June 15. — The following barges left in tow to-day for Baltimore, light:-New Era, Persia, Joseph Carley, Rockwood, J. T. Hedrick, Dreadnaught, B. McWilliams, L. R. King, H. Y. James, H. L. Wilgus, Moonlight Rover, and Sogre Schwyler. oge Schuyler. P. H. Chuton and B. F. Carpenter, with logwood,

for Chester. BALTIMORE BRANCH OFFICE, June 15.—The fol-lowing barges left at noon, castward :— C. Winters, Elia (of Schuylkill), G. W. Hutton, Ca-milia, C. McWilliams, F. McWilliams, T. Herbine, Late and Early, P. B. Lynch, Rebecca, A. McCaf-irey, and General Lyon. The following leave to-night:— Hamlet, Charley, Carrie Cole, A. C. Conde, F. H. Parks, Luan, J. A. Byan, J. Frazee, and J. P. Heas, all with coal, for New York. PHILADELPHIA BRANCH OFFICE, June 16. — The Bolivar, with coal, for New York, left yesterday. BALTINORE BRANCH OFFICE, June 15 .- The fol-

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph. HAVES-DE-GRACE, June 16. - The following boats

leave in tow to-day :--John R. Glover, with lumber to Patterson & Lip-

B. C. Shaefer, with lumber to Craig & Blanchard,
T. S. Hill, with lumber to George Craig.
Mshonoy, with lumber to Waison Malone & Son,
M. A. Strine, with coal to B. Rowford & Co.
John Cullin, with coal to A. Brobster J. H.