

Evening Telegraph

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FRIDAY, JUNE 2, 1871.

THE EVENING TELEGRAPH, from its original establishment has been in the receipt of telegraphic news from the New York Associated Press, which consists of the Tribune, Times, Herald, World, Sun, Journal of Commerce, Evening Post, Commercial Advertiser, and Evening Express. The success which has attended our enterprise is, in itself, a sufficient evidence of the freshness, faithfulness, and reliability of the news which we have received from this source. In March, 1870, we entered into a special contract by which THE EVENING TELEGRAPH has the exclusive use of the news furnished in the afternoon by the Associated Press to its own members, the North American, Inquirer, Ledger, Press, Age, Record, and German Democrat, of this city, and the leading journals of the East, North, West, and South; and hereafter THE TELEGRAPH will be the only evening paper published in this city in which the afternoon despatches of the Associated Press will appear.

THE PROPOSED GAS LOAN.

The ordinance for the creation of a loan of half a million dollars to be expended at the discretion of the Gas Trustees was passed to a third reading yesterday in Common Council, all the objections to it being disregarded in a manner giving color to the strong suspicion that has been aroused that its final passage is a set-up job, and that the gas ring will get the money, to do what they please with it. The arguments yesterday in favor of the ordinance were the same as those advanced in the Select branch to push it through, and unwilling members were urged to vote for this enormous addition to the city's indebtedness under the threat that a portion of the city would be left in darkness if the demands of the gas ring were not complied with. It is not creditable that Councils should submit to being told to stand and deliver in this style, and we hope that when the ordinance again comes up for consideration the independent members will fight it to the last, and resist the imposition of such a burden upon the tax-payers, unless there is some assurance that the money will be expended in a proper manner, so that the public will get the benefit of every dollar of it. It is high time that a determined effort was made to break up the gas ring and for the city to obtain the actual control of its property; for the circumstances under which this loan is demanded prove very conclusively that the Gas Trustees have come to consider the members of Councils not as the representatives of the people, but as the servants of the ring, who are bound to do the bidding of their real masters. There are men in Councils who do not consent to this theory, but they have never yet made the sturdy opposition to the Board of Trustees that they should. These men can give the gas ring a great deal of trouble, if they choose to do so; and if they will resolutely resist every demand for money that is not accompanied by estimates and specifications, they will at least oblige those who now arrogate to themselves the right to expend the public funds in secret to be more careful how they destroy the property of the city and then ask for half a million dollars at a time to repair the damages they have done. The strength of the gas ring lies in the subserviency of Councils, and we believe, in spite of the bad bargain by which the control of the gas works was taken out of the hands of the city government, Councils can be the masters instead of the servants of the trustees, if they choose. It is all nonsense to pretend that the city is obliged to pay the gas ring whatever sums may be demanded, and if it is necessary to create a loan of half a million dollars this year, there is no reason why one for ten millions may not be necessary next year. The trustees destroyed the gas works at Twenty-third and Market streets without consulting with any one and without authority from those who ought to have a voice in such a matter. As the deed was their own they should be made to bear all the responsibilities, and Councils are under no obligation whatever to appropriate money for new works. If the public is inconvenienced the trustees will be alone to blame, and there will be such a clamor raised against the management of the gas works that a radical reform can scarcely be avoided. If new works were necessary the consent of Councils should have been obtained before the old ones were destroyed, and the members of Common Council will not sustain their own dignity nor serve the public interests if they pass the ordinance now pending. From the appearance of things we have but little expectation of the defeat of the gas ring, but we sincerely hope that it will be broken up, with the utmost pertinacity by the members of the Common branch who do not give place to the ring.

afraid to unfurl a free-trade banner. The Columbus Convention passed, without opposition, a resolution favoring a strictly revenue tariff and opposing the protective theory; and it thus avowed a resolute determination to continue increasing warfare upon the varied industrial interests involving the welfare of this Commonwealth. The Buckeyes also adopted a resolution favoring an amended form of repudiation by insisting that the bonds of the Government shall be redeemed in greenbacks instead of gold; and the Ohio platform, as a whole, is a better expression of the real sentiments of a majority of the Democracy of Pennsylvania than that which the latter put forth for deceptive purposes.

OPPOSITION TO THE NEW TREATY. The parties to the treaty framed by the Joint High Commission are the United States and the United Kingdom, and their ratification, only, is essential to the enforcement of all its leading provisions. So far as this country is concerned the treaty has been ratified already, by the favorable action of the Senate. So far as Great Britain is interested, the ratification depends upon the Queen, or her Privy Council, which is practically the English Cabinet. The only essential requisite of its final ratification is the formal agreement of Mr. Gladstone and his associates to provisions which they have assented to in advance. And the only way in which the treaty can now be successfully assailed is by such a ferocious attack in the British Parliament as would lead to a change in the Ministry or a radical change in the attitude of the present Ministry. While this is true of the treaty as a whole, that document stipulates that a portion of its provisions, relating exclusively to questions affecting Canada, the fisheries, etc., shall not go into effect before appropriate legislation is made by the American Congress and by the Parliament of the Canadian New Dominion, etc. Room is thus unavoidably left for a little subordinate discussion, and the Kanneks are trying to make the most of it. Ben. Butler has demonstrated that if the treaty is fully carried out it will well-nigh ruin the Yankee fishermen, while the Kanneks are working themselves into the belief that their interests have been sacrificed. Of the exact merits of this war of rival fishermen we are not apprised, and it is not likely that the world will ascertain exactly, or ever care to ascertain, whether the Blue-noses or Ben. Butler's proteges have got the best of a bargain which is probably fair enough for all practical purposes to both parties. The treaty will be a treaty in spite of anything the Kanneks or Ben. Butler can do or say.

THE HOUSE OF CORRECTION. The Committee on the House of Correction yesterday made a report giving the result of their investigation into the quality of the stone being used in the foundations. The investigation was ordered at the instance of the Citizens' Association, who intimated that rotten and worthless stone was being used, in violation of the builder's contract and to the detriment of the structure now being put up near Bridesburg to be used as a House of Correction. After a careful inquiry into the matter, and a personal inspection, the committee came to the conclusion that the accusation was based upon a mistake, the persons making it having been misled by finding pieces of soft stone which had been rejected by the builders lying about the place, and their report, in making a statement of the facts of the case, completely exonerates the contractor, Mr. R. J. Dobbins, from blame, and asserts that he is laying the foundation with good material and in a substantial and proper manner. Mr. Dobbins is a builder of the highest reputation, under whose superintendence some of the finest edifices that have adorned Philadelphia of late years have been put up, and he is particularly noted for the excellent quality of his work. Such a man could not afford to slight such a job as the House of Correction, and it is for his interest as well as for that of the public that the building should be erected in the most substantial manner. The investigation on the part of the committee was a very proper one, as it is the duty of Councils to see that the contractor does not slight his work, and if the same vigilance was always shown, the public interests would not suffer as they sometimes do. The report of the committee gives an assurance that the work on the House of Correction is being properly performed, and that not only will we ere long have an institution much needed, but that it will be constructed in an entirely satisfactory manner.

OBITUARY. General William H. Montgomery. William Reading Montgomery, an officer of the regular army and a general of volunteers in the late war, died at his residence near Bristol, Pa., on May 31, in the seventieth year of his age. He was born in Monmouth county, N. J., and his father was James Montgomery, well known as a Revolutionary soldier. William R. Montgomery entered West Point in 1831, and in July, 1835, was breveted second lieutenant in the Third Infantry. He afterwards became captain in the Eighth Infantry, and as such was engaged in the Mexican war, where he was breveted major for excellent conduct in several battles. He was again advanced to the rank of lieutenant-colonel for meritorious conduct in the battle of Molino del Rey. He was wounded in this battle, and also previously at the battle of Resaca de la Palma. In 1854, while in command of Fort Riley, in Kansas, certain troubles arising from his Northern sentiments and those of the then Secretary of War, Jeff Davis, caused him to leave the service. He was sixty years of age when the Rebellion broke out, but he immediately took command of the First New Jersey Volunteers, and was present at several battles. He became brigadier-general August 17, 1861. He was military governor of Alexandria, Va., and also of Annapolis, Md., and in 1862 held the military command of Philadelphia. In 1864 he retired from public life, and he has since lived at his home near Bristol.

NOTICES. SOME PEOPLE DON'T KNOW. Some people don't know How cheap we sell. Some people don't know How cheap we sell. Some people don't know How cheap we sell.

Men's and Boys' Clothing. Men's and Boys' Clothing. Men's and Boys' Clothing. Men's and Boys' Clothing. Men's and Boys' Clothing. Lots of Alpaca Sacks. Lots of Drap d'Ete Sacks. Lots of Costume de Voyage Sacks. Lots of Drill Sacks. Lots of Linen Sacks. Lots of Chocolate Sacks. Lots of Duck Sacks. Lots of Serge Sacks. Lots of White Linen Vests. Lots of White Marseilles Vests. Lots of Cotton Pants and Vests. Alpaca, from \$2.50 up. Linens, from \$1.50 up. LOTS OF LINEN DUSTERS. We have just received A fresh instalment of Beautiful Garments for Summer. 4900 Coats; 2500 Vests; 5000 Pajamas; 2000 Fro. Pants.

Store open from 6 A. M. to 6 P. M. Saturdays until 10 P. M. WANAMAKER & BROWN, WANAMAKER & BROWN, WANAMAKER & BROWN, OAK HALL, OAK HALL, OAK HALL. THE LARGEST CLOTHING HOUSE IN AMERICA, S. E. COR. SIXTH AND MARKET STREETS.

PIANOS. STEINWAY & SONS' GRAND SQUARE AND UPRIGHT PIANOS. Special attention is called to their PATENT UPRIGHT PIANOS. CHARLES BLASIUS. Warerooms, No. 1006 CHESTNUT Street, Philadelphia. CHICKERING SONS, Grand Square and Upright Pianos. GREAT REDUCTION. FIXED PRICES. DUTTON'S PIANO ROOMS, 516 1/2 Market St. Nos. 1125 and 1125 CHESTNUT ST. PIANOS AND ORGANS. GEO. STECK & CO.'S, BRADBURY'S, BAINES' BROS', AND MASON AND HAMILTON'S CABINET ORGANS. GOULD & FISCHER, No. 923 CHESTNUT Street. J. S. GOULD, No. 1018 ARCH Street. W. G. FISCHER, 117 1/2 Arch St. FURNITURE.

SPECIAL CARD. In presenting our advertisement for a great Public Sale of Furniture of the finest of our manufacture, at the large Second-Story Rooms of M. THOMAS & SONS, Nos. 139 and 141 South FOURTH Street, on June 9, we will only say to purchasers that they can rely on the quality of every article. The Spring business for Fine Furniture has been excessively dull, and we take this means of reducing stock to enable us to make room for the product of our Factory intended for our fall sales.

G. J. & J. A. HENKELS. 628 1/2 Arch St. NOTICE. G. W. LEWIS, GREAT AMERICAN FURNITURE DEPOT, S. W. Corner 12th and MARKET, ENTRANCE No. 1212.

This establishment is without a rival, being the leading house of the city. WHOLESALE TO ALL. N. B.—We will undersell the lowest estimate of any other establishment in the business. 628 1/2 Arch St., S. W. Corner 12th and MARKET. DRUGS, ETC. Genuine Olive Oils, FOR TABLE USE. COX'S SPARKLING GELATINE, RIO TAPIOCA, BERMUDA ARROW ROOT, SOOTH OAT MEAL, now landing and for sale by ROBERT SHOEMAKER & CO., IMPORTING DRUGGISTS, N. E. Corner FOURTH and RACE Streets.

Elder Flower Soap. Just received, by the Flora Hulbert, from London, an invoice of BRUBOR'S CELEBRATED ELDER FLOWER, WINDSOR, GLYCERINE, and HONEY SOAPS. ROBERT SHOEMAKER & CO., N. E. Corner FOURTH and RACE Streets, 612 1/2 Arch St. PHILADELPHIA. OPTICIANS. SPECTACLES. MICROSCOPES, TELESCOPES, THERMOMETERS, MATHEMATICAL, SURVEYING, PHILOSOPHICAL, AND DRAWING INSTRUMENTS. AT REDUCED PRICES. JAMES W. QUEEN & CO., 120 Market St. No. 924 CHESTNUT Street, Phila. WEDDING AND ENGAGEMENT RINGS of solid 18-Karat fine GOLD. QUALITY WARRANTED. A full assortment of sizes always on hand. FARR & BROTHER, Makors, No. 224 CHESTNUT Street, below Fourth.

GROCERIES, ETC. 1805. FINE GROCERIES. 1805. CRIPPEN & MADDOCK, No. 115 S. THIRD Street. Invite the citizens of Philadelphia and surroundings to their large and fresh stock of FINE GROCERIES.

Which they offer at greatly reduced prices. Families about removing to the country can find here a full supply of everything fine in the Grocery line. All orders given will be securely packed, and delivered free of charge to the depots. All goods warranted as represented, or money refunded. BEST TEAS, COFFEES, SUGAR-CURED HAMS, Specalities, 114p.

CLOTHING. SUMMER SUITS. UNDERSTAND that we sell UNDER everybody else's price. MATERIALS the best in the world. MADE UP in exquisite style. MEN and BOYS can enjoy MUCH COMFORT in our thin suits. ELEGANT Light Suits. EXQUISITE Dress Suits.

ROCKHILL & WILSON offer at REDUCED RATES their whole lot of R SUIT S Great 603 and 605. Brown 603 and 605. Hall, 603 and 605. Chesnut 603 and 605. Street. 603 and 605.

ROCKHILL & WILSON. HABILLEMENTS No. 224 CHESTNUT ST. CHARLES STOKES & CO. UNDER THE CONTINENTAL HOTEL PHILADELPHIA, PA. FINE CLOTHING TO ORDER. FOR GENTLEMEN. Elegant Styles in Light and Dark Mixed. Plain and Striped Suitings. Diagonal Coatings of beautiful design and fabric. Handsome styles in Pantalon Casimires. White, Brown, and Fancy Linens, Drills, etc. Drap d'Ete, Alpaca, Ducks, Bamboo Cloth, etc.

WESTON & BROTHER, TAILORS, S. W. Corner NINTH and ARCH Sts., PHILADELPHIA. A full assortment now in store. OF THE CHOICEST NOVELTIES OF THE SEASON FOR GENTLEMEN'S WEAR. A SUPERIOR GARMENT AT A REASONABLE PRICE. 48 3/4 mtrp.

SUMMER RESORTS. PARRY HOUSE, HIGHLAND FALLS, (NEAR WEST POINT). This new and elegant establishment on the banks of the Hudson River will be opened early in June. Liberal terms for families. Address: 626 W. HENDRICK, Highland Falls, New York.

COZZENS' WEST POINT HOTEL, COZZENS' DOCK, HUDSON RIVER, IS NOW OPEN. FOR TERMS, &c. Address: SYLVANUS T. COZZENS, West Point, N. Y. FRIENDS' COTTAGE, CAPE MAY, N. J., having been thoroughly refitted and enlarged, will be open for guests Sixth Month (June) 1st. Families desiring rooms should make early application to the proprietress, \$15 per week through June, \$2.50 a day. A. P. COOK.

RECEPTION OF GUESTS ON JUNE 15. For particulars, address J. W. FREDERICK, Proprietor, or H. H. RINEHARD, Supt., 611 mtr. CONGRESS HALL, CAPE MAY, OPENS June 1st. Terms for June, \$5.00 per day. 425 faw6t.

GLOUCESTER POINT. THE NEW VERY HANDSOME AND CONVENIENT BROWN-STONE RESIDENCE. With Mansard roof, Nos. 432, 430, and 426 KING-EN-SING Avenue, situated upon the most costly improvements of this beautiful suburb. Here one can enjoy each within one square—each house contains all modern improvements, bath, hot and cold water, steam-heated wash-tubs, range, two furnaces, bay windows, etc., etc., and is built upon a LARGE LOT, more than 15 feet deep; the rear of the houses has an unobstructed outlook upon the WEST PHILADELPHIA PARK. ABRAHAM HUTTEN, No. 625 WALNUT Street, 63 mtr.

FINANCIAL. NEW ORLEANS, MOBILE, AND TEXAS RAILROAD COMPANY. Are building a trunk line, connecting New Orleans with Mobile on the east, and giving the ONLY RAILROAD CONNECTION.

Between the former city and the great and most productive State of Texas on the west, the total distance from Mobile to Houston being 475 miles. The Company is composed of strong Northern capitalists, who have already expended nearly TEN MILLION DOLLARS of their own funds in the construction of the line. They have built about 225 miles from Mobile westward, and secured by purchase of securities and made provision for the thorough repair and equipment of the 108 miles constituting the Texas division, leaving but 140 miles to be built.

It is believed that no other railroad corporation in the country has ever made so large an expenditure from its own means before offering any of its securities to the public. The Company now offer for sale the Eight Per Cent. Mortgage Bonds upon the Louisiana division of 225 miles from New Orleans to the Sabine River. This will probably be the most valuable portion of the whole line, as it will be the only rail communication by which the enormous productions of Texas can reach the Southern metropolises.

So important is this road considered to Louisiana, that the State has made very liberal grants in aid of the enterprise, by direct donations, by endorsement of its bonds, and by subscription to the stock of the Company, amounting in all to over eight million dollars. The Bonds now offered are of two classes:— FIRST MORTGAGE BONDS, to the amount of \$12,500 per mile, and SECOND MORTGAGE BONDS, to an equal amount, both principal and interest guaranteed by the State of Louisiana. The price of the two classes is the same, and subscribers can take their choice.

The Bonds are largely profitable, as well as entirely safe. One thousand dollars invested in these eight per cent. bonds will give the purchaser more than seventy-seven per cent. greater annual interest than the same amount invested in the new Government Five Per Cent. into which the Government Sixes are being funded by the Secretary of the Treasury. At the same price, an 8 per cent. currency long bond is far cheaper than a 7 per cent. gold one. Calculating a return to specie payments in three years, and taking the time that the bonds of the New Orleans, Mobile, and Texas Railroad have to run—45 years—we find that by compounding the interest of each, every six months, at 7 per cent., an 8 per cent. currency bond at 90 will give a return of \$2614.18 MORE than a 7 per cent. gold bond at the same price, or nearly three times the amount of the original investment. While the purchaser of the 8 per cent. bonds of this company can realize this special profit, he also holds the option of taking advantage of any temporary advance in gold, as he has choice, at every separate coupon day, of gold interest at 7 per cent. or currency interest at 8 per cent. The Bonds are dated May 1, 1871. The first coupon will, therefore, be a fractional one, running from May 1 to July 1. The price is 90, and accrued interest at 8 per cent. currency from May 1 to date of remittance. Subscriptions will be received in Philadelphia by DE HAVEN & BRO., No. 40 S. THIRD STREET, and of whom full information concerning the Company and the Road can be obtained. W. B. SHATTUCK, Banker, Financial Agent, N. O. M. & T. R. R. Co., No. 23 NASSAU STREET, NEW YORK. 626 m 4p4

MORTGAGE ONLY \$12,500 PER MILE. Special Attention of Investors. Is now called to the First Mortgage Bonds OF THE BRIDGETON AND PORT NORRIS RAILROAD COMPANY. 7 PER CENT. FREE OF ALL TAXES. This road runs from the mouth of Maurice River to Bridgeton, New Jersey, where it connects with the West Jersey Railroad, and, like that road, promises to be eminently successful. The fact that this Mortgage is but for \$12,500 per mile, and that stock subscriptions have been secured equal to 40 per cent. of that amount, places this loan upon the firmest basis and gives it an unusual security. They can be registered, and are in sums of \$100, \$500, \$1000. Interest payable April and October. They are offered for the present at 90 and accrued interest. For further particulars and pamphlets apply to D. C. WHARTON SMITH & CO., BANKERS & BROKERS, No. 121 SOUTH THIRD STREET, PHILADELPHIA. 626 m

WEST PHILADELPHIA PARK. THE NEW VERY HANDSOME AND CONVENIENT BROWN-STONE RESIDENCE. With Mansard roof, Nos. 432, 430, and 426 KING-EN-SING Avenue, situated upon the most costly improvements of this beautiful suburb. Here one can enjoy each within one square—each house contains all modern improvements, bath, hot and cold water, steam-heated wash-tubs, range, two furnaces, bay windows, etc., etc., and is built upon a LARGE LOT, more than 15 feet deep; the rear of the houses has an unobstructed outlook upon the WEST PHILADELPHIA PARK. ABRAHAM HUTTEN, No. 625 WALNUT Street, 63 mtr.

SEWING MACHINES. THE AMERICAN BUTTON-HOLE Complete Sewing Machine. OBTAINED TWO PRIZES AT THE CINCINNATI INDUSTRIAL EXPOSITION, A GOLD AND SILVER MEDAL WERE AWARDED. A few testimonials are given from a large mass of correspondence of similar character and tone. I have worked on a Howe and Singer, and I did not work so beautifully as the American. It gives perfect satisfaction. Mrs. Dr. J. H. YUON, Ashland, Schuylkill county, Pa. I have used a Howe, Grover & Baker, and Singer, and would not give the American Combination for all of them. It gives me perfect satisfaction. I consider it the best in the market. Mrs. J. H. YUON, No. 144 S. Fremont street, Baltimore, Md. The American is a perfect Gem of a machine. I would not take a hundred dollars for it if I could not get another. It works beautifully. Mrs. AMANDA PAUX, Esq., Pa. OFFICE OF THE TROY HOSIERY MANUFACTURING COMPANY, TROY, N. Y., April 22, 1869. Your machine makes very satisfactory work, both as to quantity and to quality, and I do not hesitate to recommend them to be superior to anything I have yet seen for the purpose to which they are adapted. T. BUCKLEY, Treasurer. I have used different machines for nine years past, but have never seen any equal in all respects to the American. It is perfectly simple in its construction, easily operated, and does the most beautiful work. Mrs. JULIA E. BLANCH, Benzonia, Mich. It works beautifully. We are running out three dozen pairs of shoes per day, 15 button-holes in each pair. MARY E. GREEN, No. 122 Richmond street, Philadelphia. I have had one of your Combination Button-hole and Sewing Machines in use for 15 months, and consider it by far the best I have ever used. It works beautifully. Mrs. ANNIE C. DAVIDSON, Fashionable Dressmaker, No. 125 Chestnut Street. I can testify that one of the best good things I know of is your American Combination Sewing Machine. I have found more satisfaction in using it than any of the other three I have owned. This really beats all. I heartily and honestly commend it to all who wish a machine that will be sure to give perfect satisfaction. Rev. I. W. SWENCK, Pastor of the Third Reform Church, No. 1385 Filbert street, Philadelphia. Price of this Celebrated Machine only \$75. Price of the Plain Machine, \$60. Call at the Company's Warerooms, No. 1318 CHESTNUT STREET, and examine it in motion. 52 tath

NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS. CAMDEN AND AMBOY RAILROAD LEASE. STOCKHOLDERS OF THE Camden and Amboy Railroad, Delaware and Raritan Canal, and New Jersey Railroad and Transportation Company, ARE INVITED TO SIGN A CONSENT TO LEASE THE WORKS TO THE PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD, NOW READY AT THE OFFICES OF SAMUEL WELSH, Chairman, No. 218 South D & W Avenue. D. M. ROBINSON, No. 128 South THIRD Street. GAW, BACON, No. 315 WALNUT Street. THOMAS A. BIDDLE & CO., No. 326 WALNUT Street. BULL & NORTH, THIRD and DOCK Streets. 524 10t

WATCHES, JEWELRY, ETC. Established in 1854. EVERGOING STEM-WINDERS, KEY-WINDERS, QUARTER SECONDS, MINUTE REPEATERS, ETC. ETC. ETC. G. & A. PEQUIGNOT, No. 608 CHESTNUT STREET, PHILADELPHIA. 425 2m TRAVELLERS' CREDITS. Our Letter of Credit gives the holder the privilege of drawing either on DREXEL, HARGES & CO., Paris, IN FRANCO, OR ON Messrs. A. S. PETRIE & CO., London, IN STERLING, and is available throughout Europe. To parties going abroad we offer special facilities, collecting their interest and dividends during their absence without charge. DREXEL & CO., No. 24 SOUTH THIRD STREET, PHILADELPHIA. WEST PHILADELPHIA PARK. THE NEW VERY HANDSOME AND CONVENIENT BROWN-STONE RESIDENCE. With Mansard roof, Nos. 432, 430, and 426 KING-EN-SING Avenue, situated upon the most costly improvements of this beautiful suburb. Here one can enjoy each within one square—each house contains all modern improvements, bath, hot and cold water, steam-heated wash-tubs, range, two furnaces, bay windows, etc., etc., and is built upon a LARGE LOT, more than 15 feet deep; the rear of the houses has an unobstructed outlook upon the WEST PHILADELPHIA PARK. ABRAHAM HUTTEN, No. 625 WALNUT Street, 63 mtr.