THE DALLY EVEINING TETAGGRAPG-PHILADELPHIA, TUESDAY, MAY 23, 1871.
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COLLAPSE OF THE COMMUNE,
TaE late despatches from Paris oconfirm pre-
vious reports of the rapid overthrow of the last vestiges of the Commnne, and it is now
expirig amid terrible conflagrations and expring amid terrible conflagrations and
awful massacres. It oareer was digraceed by
so many acts of folly, cruelty, violence, and vandalism, that there will be fow to moann
its overthrow; and yet, amid all its extravagance and wickedness, there seems to have
been interwoven an idea which in itself was
worthy of the support of Frenchmen. $\begin{array}{ccc}\text { worthy of the support of } & \text { Frenchmen. } \\ \text { It is } & \text { inconceivable } & \text { that the } \\ \text { the } \\ \text { Parisins should have prolonged np to this } \\ \text { time a desperate and hopeless contest if some }\end{array}$ time a desperate and hopeless contest if some
of their leaders had not represented, as the
nitimate object to be obtained, a boon that
was worth a desprester the principle of local self-government, as
contrasted with the absolnte domination of a centrailized power. Paris demanded a free
voice in the selection or her Mayors and local
oficials, as well as in the choice of members officiais, as well as in the choice of members
of the National Assembly. The moment
chosen for the essertion of this dootrine was ehosen for the assertion of this doctrine was
fearfully unpropitious; the reasons used to
enfore it were at once criminal and
foolish; the other avowed objecta of the Commune were nearly all unjust, visionary,
sanguinary, or impracticable; but the fact that Paris has so long maintained an attitude
of resistance agianint all Franaee is attributable
mainly to her devotion to one rational notion mainly to her devotion to one rational notion
intermingled with a hundred follies, and to
her possession of a single political virtue,
stained thongh it was with a thonsand stained though it was with a thousand
crimes.
Although the Commune is about to perish
(instly, in view of its follies and atrocities), the leading idea it was organized to enforce
possesses too much inherent vitality to be
extinguished. It may yet become a part of extinguished. It may yet become a part of
the governmental system of France, and that
country will never be really free or permanently prosperous until this dootrine is pra
tically applied to all her municipalities. was not altogether without a practical u The misery, distraction, destruction, and
terror it has ocasioned, thongh horrible in
themselves, will still serve the important
men
mith the ning the great work of political reform that
awaits them at the foundation. They will free cities before they can hope to organize a
free nation. Whoover may the ruler of ways bo ready to contend for local liberts, and to deny the riggt of an Emperor, King,
or President to exereise despotios way over
all the minute details affecting the welfare of various departments and their respeotive sub-
divisions. While the Commune dies, and with it, its single spark of statesmanship and
justice will live to ind more worthy and more France, if she ever is to
furious factions and her funatical follises her
M. Thiers, at the head of the Constituen Assembly, represents one great and vital
principle. that the superior power of the
nation shonld be esercised ouly by an an thority created by the whole people. The
Commune has contonded for another doctrine equally important, that local freedom or
self-goversment should be respeoted an
maintained. Franee, to ensure her fatan manatained. France, to ensure her fature
welfare, must combine all that is good in
both thesesystems. A RKFOTMEDPRESBYTERIAN OPIN The ways of religions conventions are not as
the ways of other deliberative bodies, and if
the performances of the polititiens the performancess of the politicians ar
chiefly remarkable for "trieks that are vain, ble in council to regulate the whfairs both nations are distinguished frequeutly by
lofty disregard for logio
 Reformed Presbyterian Oburot, the inspiring
ceussof which was the refuasil of a member psalms, hoy eceentrio performances of ou yet one of the resolations passed yesterd

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## imm Conv adde ade enje

 strong under such circumstances as now existat the Stenty at the State capital, and a great deal of inde-
pendenee is required to break throgh them.
For what Mr. Buckalow has done, the peeple,
there pland duty of the House to endorse the action
of the Senate withont delay. For mouths
past the Demoeratio leaders. have been, in past tye Demooratic leaders have been, in
reality, steadfastly opposed toa Constitutional
Convention; and the bill whioh has ppased
the Senate is, in a measure a Compromise,
the Lhe Senate is, in a measure, a compromise.
Let the Republican majority in the House
act promptly, and the people will endorseithe
call for a convention call for a convention by such an overwhelm-
ing majority that the next Legislature will be
compelled to provide all the requirements for compelied to $p$
its assembling.
Try Commune insurreotion appears to be
practically at an end as the Verrsilles army
has possession of a large portion of Paris,
and the reduction of the barrie and the reduction of the portion of Paris,
which the insurgents are now fighting cand which the insurgents are now fighting can
only be a question of time. What the next
mo move will be is beyond conjecture, for events
in France cannot be even remotely guassod
at by the aid of precedents, and it can only be hoped that a a suffieient number of real
patriots will be found who will cordially unite patriots will be found who will cordialily unite
to give the oountry a stable government and
to build up its sbattered fortunes. It ris re-
ported thet to morted that Louis Blane is now on his way to
phe United States, and that he will be lowed by Cluserest, Rocheofort, hand ottber gon-
tlemen whose aspirations for liberty, equality, tlemen whose aspirations for liberty, equality,
and fraternity eannot apparently be gratified
in France just at the present time,-in France just at the present time,-
at least not in the way they
desir. It is impossible to feel any very
hearty enthusiasm over the prospective ad. hearty en ous shasm over of these indivividaiss, who,
vent on our shores
it is to be hoped, will settle permaneatly in
Ner New York if they do conclude to place them-
selves under the protection of our tlag. The
governme


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