## THE DAILY EVENING TELEGRAPH-PHILADELPHIA, FRIDAY, MAY 19, 1871.

## CITY INTELLIGENCE.

#### TEMPERANCE.

The Second Day's Session -Resumption of the Discussion on the Resolutions and Substitutes of the Committee.

When we closed our report yesterday the Committee on Resolutions was yet to be appointed. On reassembling in the afternoon, t chairman, General Owen, a nnounced the following committee:-

General Louis Wagner, Hon. Simeon B. Chase,

General Louis Wagner, Hon. Simeon B. Chase, Major James Bell, John Bardsley, James Black, I. H. Jones, J. R. Sypher, Rev. P. Coombe, E. H. Rauch, Thomas M. Coleman, Rev. E. G. Brooks, Benj, R. Bradford, Parry Marcy, John She<sup>A</sup>den, and Mrs. Sarah T. Rodgers. The convention reassembled at 8 o'clock. The Committee on Resolutions, through their chairman, General Louis Wagner, submitted a pre-amble and series of resolutions recognizing the reasons for thanking God for the blessings which have hitherto crowned the Temperance cause, and deprecating the evils following the sale and use of intoxicating lanors. That those who vote directly or indirectly in sup-

port of the licensed trade in liquors are, with the renders, morally responsible for the evils resulting therefrom.

That the convention earnestly recommend the formation throughout the State of Voting Leagues, edging their members to support no one for any legislative or executive office who is not thoroughly

committed to temperance principles. That the convention recommend the friends of temperance in all parts of the State to take such action as will insure the election of legislators who will work and vote for the enactment of general or

local prohibitory laws. Addresses on the resolutions were made by Messrs, Coleman, Wright, Black, McFarland, and Coombs.

#### THIS MORNING'S SESSION.

The convention resumed its deliberations this morning at 10 o'cleek, with General Joshua T. Owen in the chair.

Rev. Mir. Multen opened the proceedings with rayer. Before the resumption of the regular busiprayer. ness the following important communication was received:

To the President and Delegates of the Temperance Convention — Gentlemen — I expected to be with you, but business has detained me at home. I understand the question of organizing a sonarate temperance party will be before the convention. This would be a great mistake at this time. The people are not propured for it, and it would result in checking the cause if attempted at pre-sent. A few years sign I was of the same opinion, and a few of us organizing a temperance party and put a toket in the field. We did pretty well, but we were all satisfied that it was a mistake; and it greatly damaged our cause here then because we were not prepared for it, and such will be the result overywhere it is tried until the tem-perance feeling has a stronger bold upon the secured, if possible, which would cause an agitation throughout the whole State, and in every county, cicy, borough, and township in the State; and then they could mark it were a party before the proper time to organize as party, which would command success by the great demonstration that it could make. The meastration that it could make they could mark in the incluse success that would command success by the great demonstration that it could make. The meastration that it could make they will support of their principles, should command success by the great demonstration that it could make. The meastration that it could make they will support of their principles, should ready that they will support in the meantime the friends of temperance, in support of their principles, should ready that they will support in the meastration of the temperance man could be principles, should ready that they will support in this way the influence of the temperance man could be prought to bear with tonfold more force upon the existing prines than by forming a separate Temperance party at this time. It would force both purties in a large vention.-Gentlemen:-I expected to be with you, but business has detained me at home. I understand the

parties than by forming a separate Tempscance party at this time. It would force both parties in a large number

parties time. It would force both parties in a large number of the counties to give crinking men as well as opponents to the temperance cause, as can lidates for public office, and when either party nominated such men let the whole temperance vote be thrown against them. Such a nelicy would, as stated before, exercise teafold the influence on parties than the organization of a separate party. As the editor of the *Mmers' Journal* for upwards of forty-two years, which is an independent and out-spoken paper, as many know, I have considerable experience in these matters, and the more I reflect on this subject the more thoroughly coasinced am I that an attemp? to form a separate party at this time would damage the cause and throw it back for several years. I am aware we have a number of young enthusiants, and also a number of old workers in the cause, who, in consequence of not having successive of non-success herefore—it is to be attributed more to the character of our people, who are not easily operated upon, and the great apathy this attributed more to the character of our people, who are not easily operated upon, and the great apathy this prevails among the different churches and decoming the in Pennsylvania on this question. They must be stirred up to dux, and as soon as they show a disposition to aid the great cause of temperance, a cause on which the pros-perity and extension of Curislianity so greatly depend, it will soon obtain a footbold among the people that all the

rance conventions a member who would dare to say anything political in its tendencies was instant y freeweed down. Let us stick to temporance, people said, and don't mix up politics with it; be-cause if we do, we will make a miss-rable failure of it; and in that they were precisely in the wrong. The temporance movement never can be made a success unless it is made a political movement. Until this fact is recognized, no good could be accomplished. Indeed, it is the only way in which reform can be worked, simply to pass a law which, for the protection of society. Imits or weakens or entirely overthrows this da-maging liquor traffic. The speaker did not desire to intermeddle with local affairs, but he regarded this body as not only a temperance con-vention, but a political convention also. To remedy the evils or intemperancy you must apply the ballot. You must pesolve to pever yote for a callot that had rum in it. The way in which the principle is to be applied in Pennsylvanis 's for you to decide; but the hyperconverse has been in practice in Mains and applied in Pennsylvania 's for you to decide; but the above course has been in practice in Maine and some other States, and it has been successful.

The honorable gentleman thought it advisable to call the attent on of the audience to the temperance movement in Bogland The temperance workers were properly organized and equipped in the year 1855, and since that time no band of men have in-bored harner and more conscientiously than these odles of thorough-geing, practical Englishmen What success has come to them will be seen in the following condensed order of facts:-

In the year 1864 a prohibitory liquor law was be-fore the House of Commons, and it was defeated by 994 votes; in the year 1866 it was again before Com-994 votes; in the year 1866 it was again before Com-mons, and it was defeated by 160 votes, and in the year 1870 the bill again came came up, and it was only veted down by a majority of 31 votes. Taese figures speak more cloquently and powerfully than the most polished language could convey the largely increasing strength of the temperance movement in Great Britain. When the vote last year was announced the friends of temperance srose in a body, and, giving three loud huzzas, they sidt to the "runmists" you have beaten as the last time, and the opposition felt the full force of the expression. They began to see the drift of public opinion. Mr. Gladstone has been promising the temperance men to introduce a bill for the regulation of the liquo traffic. The matter has been persistently post-

poned, but our friends on the other side getting clamorous a government bill this year was reported through the Home Secretary, Mr. Bruce. The bill was found to be obnoxious, imperfect, and injust in so many particulars that it was defeated in the House of Commons on Tuesday last by a majority of \$1 votes,

The speaker looked upon the temperance prospect in England as most bright, and he jocularly said, "John Bull will beat you, gentlemen. The old The old fellow is aroused and in earnest, and he has a won-defful holdfast, and he will succeed without a doubt." The speaker did not want to see the Yankees peaten, and he advised them to go at once to work Judge Peirce followed in a few brief remarks, and was followed by numerous addresses on the resolu-

tions. The resolutions were passed unanimously, and the whole audience united in singing the doxology.

Here are the resolutions :-

Resolved, That the chairman of this convention shall at Resolved. That the chairman of this convention shall at once appoint a State Central Committee of one for each State Senator. The said committee shall hold its list meeting at the call of its chairman, within thirty days of his appointment. At the said first meeting they shall perform the following duties :--First. Prepare and publish rules for conducting elec-tions of Senatorial and Representative delegates to a State convention, expressly defining all the powers of officers to conduct said delegate elections; how they shall be chosen; who shall vote, and who shall be eligible for election.

Second, Adopt rules for the government of county executive committees, and, to facilitate organization, ap-point a chairman for each county, who shall in his tura, appoint colleagues to act in bahalf of every election pre-

Appoint contagues to act in additi of every election pre-cinct therein upon said committee. Third. When the organization is completed in a ma-jority of the contraits of the Commonwealth the Chairman of the btaic Contrait Committee shall call a State Conven-tion to revise, reconstruct, modify, or adopt and indocse tase preliminary steps theat taken, and take other steps as they may deem advisable.

General Wagner submitted a resolution which 

Resolved, That the general administration of alconolic becomed, that the general administration of alconome mixtures in the practice of medicine is alike condemned by the learning, judgmen, and experience of the wise st practitioners, and the results which so sadly follow such administration, and therefore in the light of scientific research and experience this convention does most earn-estly condemn such empirical practice. Agreed to.

Also a resolution of sympathy with the friends of local prohibition in the Twenty-second ward, and holding their example up as worthy of imitation. Agreed to. A temporary excitement was caused by the read ing of a telegram addressed to a member of the convention, in which was contained the information that Governor Geary had signed the bill repealing the act which prohibits the sale of liquor in Dan-cannon township, Perry county. The reading of this brought out a flery condemnatory resolution, in which Governor Geary was denounced in the most unmeasured terms.

#### THE PRESBYTERIAN SYNOD.

The Second Day's Session-Flourishing Condition of the Theological Seminary-How to Build Up the Church-More Energy Needed.

The convention reassembled at 10 o'clock this morning. The session was opened with prayer by the Moderator, Rev. Archibald Thompson.

The first busicess in order was the reading of the mirutes of yesternay's session. Rev. James A. Scott and Rev. Dr. David Steele were appointed a Committee on the Signs of the TIMES

on motion of S. B. W. McLeod, M. D., Rev. A. R. Gailey was appointed to receive the innos for Foreign Missions, and that he be delegated to meet he Synod of the Reformed Presbyterian Church of Ireland at its approaching session.

The Boa d of Trustees of the Theological Seminary The receipts for the year were \$2263 66, being an excess of \$2\$145 over those of last year. The endow-ment fund remains the same as at the date of last report, viz., \$30.063 20. The Chicago Presbytery reported as to its opera

tions during the year. The following committee was appointed to pre-pare suitable resolutions upon the death of the Rev. Andrew Walker:--Rev. Samuel Boyd, Rev. S. M.

Ramsey. The Committee on Devotional Exercises reported

afternoon, to be devoted to prayer and religious conference.

Friday-Subject, "How to build up the Church,"

Friday-Subject, "How to build up the Cauron, Fev. J. S. Scott to preside, Saturday-Subject, "How to secure the Nation's Weifare," Rev. Samuel Young to preside, Monday-Subject, "The Communion of Saints."

Monday-Subject, "The Communication of Saints."
 Rev. Dr. C. Crawford to preside.
 Tuesday-Subject, "The Advantages of Covenan-ters." Rev. Dr. J. N. McLeod to preside.
 Wednesday-Subject, "Family Religion." Rev.
 Dr. Alexander Clarke to preside.

Messrs. Peter Gibson, J. S. Martin, and Alexander Kerr were appointed a committee to ascertain what facilities the various railroad companies would afford the members attending the synod.

The synod the memoers attending the synod. The synod then spent half an hour in devotional exercises, Rev. J. S. Scott presided. After the reading of the Scriptures and prayer, the subject for the day, "How to Build up the Church," came up

for discussion. Rev. W. J. McDowell said that no man in the world succeeds unless by perseverance, unless he is earnest and energetic. Paul gloried in the cause of Christ; man should glory in the Church. In order to spread the blessed gospel of Jesus Christ we must be carnest, and show that our heart and soul are in the work, and in order to begin there must be some system such as prayer, which is always efficacious. He urged his hearers to pray and cultivate a spirit of peace and harmony, and show the world that

they were a united people. Mr. Alexander Kerr hoped that before the synod adjourned they should see that every congregatio send in a report showing the condition of their Sun-day schools, as the best way to build up the Church was to commence with the young. They should be educated in a spirit of relig on in order that they might be enabled to glorify God. After the singing of the 147th Psalm the synod adjourned until 8 P. M.

#### BONDED GOODS.

#### The Operation of the New Order.

We give below an official statement showing the operation of the new order of the Collector of the Port under the act of the 14th of June 1870, by which foreign merchandise intended for Philadelphia has been transported over the Camden and Amboy Railroad. It is the report of twelve days:-

May 6. Sixteen cases unfinished umbrella frames from Liverpool, per City of Paris, to William F.

May 6. One package filtering paper, one case benzon acid, one case pyro-g. acid, one case acid, from Bremen, per Donau, to Rosengarden & Sons. May 9. Two cases woollens, from Liverpool, per

City of Washington, to Lippincott, Johnson & Co. May 10. Two cases cottons, from Liverpool, per

May 10. Two cases cottons, from Liverpool, per City of Antwerp, to Wright, Brothers & Co. May 10. One case alpacas for umbrellas, from Liverpool, per City of Antwerp, to William F. Kead. May 12. Three cases accordeons, from Bremen, per Sremen, to G. Doll & Co.

May 12. Three cases machinery and castings, one cask machinery and castings, from Liverpool, per Abyssinia, to Keighley, Dobson & Faulds.

BLAKE.

Sale of the Effects of the Famous Music Dealer-What They Consist Of. On Monday next Thomas & Sons will dispose of the effects of that old music virtuoso, the late George E. Blake, which are very valuable, and possess an interest additional to that attaching to their intrinsic value. James Grant Osbourn has been for nearly two months arranging the music plates and instruments of the deceased, and has given to the public a catalogue embracing a careful classification of all the important articles. By it we discover that Mr. Blake, at the time of his death, was possessed of 1106 plates of ballad music, 132 plates of "Moore's Harmonized Songs," 66 plates of that poet's Irish songs, and 81 plates of his "Har-monized Melodies." There are also in this same group 71 plates of Mozart's songs.

There are, besides, 97 plates of Italian songs; 52 of French and Spanish songs; 168 of sacred songs; 151 of select beauties for Spanish guitar; 211 of marches and quicksteps; 925 of variations of Mozart, Beethoven, Cristiani, Latour, Hewitt, Herz, and others. There are 27 overtures (277 plates) by Ogden, Beneldien, Mercadante, Haydn, Bellini, Rossini, Auber, Herold, and Mehul; 268 plates of waltzes; 665 plates of rondos; 50 plates of dances; 441 plates of cotillions and quadrilles; 446 plates of sonata music by Corsin, Dussek, Hormann, Mozart, Nicholai, Plezel, Steibelt, and Vonhal.

There are, again, 7 plano exercises of 149 plates; 25 plano exercises for 4 and 6 hands, of 258 plates; 327 plates for plano instruction; 126 plates for vocal instruction: 61 plates for harp instruction; S10 plates for violin, bagle, accor deon, guitar, and clarionet instructions; and 933 plates for finite instruction, a large number being his own. There are about 200 plates of miscellaneous music that could not be classified under any of the preceding heads.

Then follows a classification of Blake's edition of Dr. Clarke' Handel, there being 92 plates of the "Acis and Galatia," 68 of "Judas Maccaseus," 60 of Dettinger's "Te Deum," 48 of the "Jubilate," 98 of "Alexander's Feast," 213 of the "Messiah," and 174 of "Saul," in all 765 plates. There are 381 lots of sheet music, each ot containing 200 pages, 970 pieces of old imported music, and a great lot of piano sonatas imported.

Among the musical instruments are 177 flutes, 38 fifes, 49 flageolettes, 6 accordeons, two dozen clarionettes, and a great assortment of concert horns, French horns, Kent bugles, cornets, trumpets, trombones, and old German violins, imported fifty years ago, and a great array of materials and instruments for engraving music.

The music plates number about ten thousand. The title-page copper-plate pieces to the works of Handel, which are very fine, are the work of engravers celebrated in their day; the music plates were engraved by Mr. Blake. The instruction books are in excellent preservation, and embrace, besides the works of older authors, those of Hunten, Creamer, and La Four.

The model of the first bridge built over the Schuylkill, at Market street, is in the collection. and will be sold, together with the velocipede constructed on the same principle as the modern ones, and used by its maker, Mr. Blake, fifty years ago.

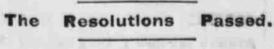
A BEAUTIFUL TESTIMONIAL.-Messrs. Horstmann & Sons have just completed a magnificent banner, which is to be presented to the Mozart Mænnerchor by its admiring lady friends. Both sides are of blue silk. Upon one there is woven in red and white the words "Mozart Mænnerchor," beneath them the inscription "Founded May 4, 1866," and between the two lines a picture of the great composer so skilfully woven as to appear like a portrait in oils. On the other side are the words "Dedicated by the ladies to the society" in red silk, beneath an open book, upon the leaves of which appear in well defined notes one of Mozart's songs, and a golden lyre surrounded by laurels. The whole presents a chaste and beautiful appearance. The banner will be on exhibition in the window of J. & E. B. Orne's store. Ninth and Chesnut streets.

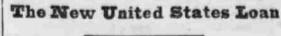
## FOURTH EDITION

# AFFAIRS AT THE CAPITAL

## The Mu-Klux Investigation.

Special Congressional Committee.





Extensive Revenue Seizures.

## FROM WASHINGTON.

| BY ASSOCIATED PRESS. ] Exclusively to The Evening Telegraph.

The Congressional Ku-klux Committee-Resolutions, Etc.

WASHINGTON, May 19.-The Congressional Ku-klux Committee, at their meeting to day, adopted the following resolutions: --Resolved, That for the present a sub-committee of

eight members be appointed to proceed at once with the investigation, and to continue the same as long as they deem it expedient, with authority to take testimony wherever they consider it available by a sub-committee of their own number, and to report all testimony by them obtained to the full com-mittee at a meeting to be held on the twentieth day of September next, or at such earlier time as the sub-committee shall notify the joint select com-mittee to meet; at which time the sub-committees shall visit all such localities in the South as the committee first named shall report to be in a dis turbed condition, and such other localities as the

committee may seem necessary. committee be authorized to appoint said sub-com mittee, of which the chairmen of the Senate and House committees shall be members, and that said two chairmen be authorized to fill any vacancy in

sub-committee. The following were appointed the sub-committee: -Senator Scott, Chairman; Senators Poole and Blair; Representatives Poland, Coburn, Stevenson, Beck, and Van Trump. Resolutions were offered in relation to the rales to govern the taking of testimony, but the whole -U. S. 68 of 1881, 117 ((@1175); do. 1802, 1113 (@1115); do. 1964, 1113 (@1113); do. 1865, 1113 (@1117); do. 1865, new, 113 (@1145); do. 1865, do. 113 (@11414); do. 1865, do. 114 (@1145); 10.408, 110 (@1154); do. 1865, do. 114 (@1145); 10.408, 110 (@1154); do. 1865, do. 113 (@1145); 10.408, 110 (@1154); do. 1865, do. 113 (@1145); 10.408, 100 (@1155); do. 1865, 1103 (@115); 003 (@1053); Union Pacific Rail-road, 1017 (@1105); Union Pacific Land Grant Bonds, 840 (@167);

subject was postponed until the next meeting of the Mr. Bayard offered a resolution to restrict the fes-

timony to facts, since the passage of the Ku-klux a.w.

This was voted down by a party vote.

Mr. Cox wanted to instruct the sub-committee to call on the proper officers of the several Southern States for a statement of the debt and taxes at the present time, with a copy of the laws creating the

The subject was referred to the sub-committee. The committee adjourned till the 20th of Septem ber, unless sooner called together by the sub-com mittee.

All the members of the committees were present with the exception of Representatives Cook and Robinson, both of Illinois. The sub-committee will hold its first meeting to-morrow.

#### The New Loan.

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph. WASHINGTON, May 19 .- The Government agent in New York telegraphs to Secretary Bourwell that he is able now to deliver bonds of the new loan. There is an increasing demand for the loan. Flaxseed is wanted by the crushers at \$2:10:22:15.

## FROM THE WEST.

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS. Exclusively to The Evening Telegraph. Revenue Seizures.

ST. LOUIS, May 17.—The revenue officials yester day seized 75,000 cigars belonging to Catharine O. Berheri for non-payment of duties; also 50 packages of spirits owned by A. Berfield, he not having a license or keeping the book required by law.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

## EVENING TELEGRAPH OFFICE, Friday, May 19, 1871.

In the money market there is no material change to notice. The supply is more than ample for all purposes of business and specula-tion, and the period of low rates for money has set in, and will probably continue until the fall. there is a good demand for call loans, as usual, but rates are exceedingly easy, and almost nominal. Discounts move sluggishly, and prime commercial paper is readily disposed of at 6 per cent.

Gold is moderately active and firm, the sales in the New York Gold Room ranging between

112%@112%, closing at %. Government bonds are not active in this market, but prices in New York this morning are quoted 1% higher on the entire list.

Reading halfroad sold at 57% @57 31. Penn-sylvania was weak, with sales at 62% @62%. Cam-den and Amboy sold at 130%; Northern Central at 40%, and Catawiesa preferred at 46%, b. o.

In Canal shares the only sales were Lehigh at 35%@35%. The balance of the list was firm but quiet. Sales of Farmers' and Mechanics' Bank at 1231; Manufacturers at 30, and Hestonville Passenger Railroad at 22%, b. o. 75 was bid for Tenth and Eleventh Streets, and 31 for Germantown.

PHILADELPHIA STOCK EXCHANGE SALES.

FIRST BOARD.

\$2000 Leh gold L... 92 2 sh Far & M Bk.1235 159 sh Manuf Bk... 10

159 sh Manuf Bk... 10 50 sh Cam & Am. 1305

3 sh Manu Bank .. 3014

\$1000 do..... \$7000 Susq Cl 6s.....

220 sh N Cent. .... 40 % 100 100 do..., b60 48%

Reported by De Haven & Bro., No. 40 S. Third street.

SECOND BOARD.

MESSES. DE HAVEN & BROTHER, No. 40 S. Third

street, Philadelphia, report the following quotations -U. S. 68 of 1881, 1174(@1175; do. 1862, 1115(@11175;

MESSRS, WILLIAM PAINTER & Co., No. 35 S. Third

Alessis, William PAINTER & Co., No. 35 S. Third street, report the following quotations: -U. S. 65 of 1891, 1173, 2017); ; 5-908 of 1864, 1114(2011); ; do. 1864, 1114(2011); ; do. 1865, 1114(2011); ; do. Jaiy, 1860, 114(2014); ; do. July, 1867, 114(2014); ; do. July, 1868, 114(2014); ; 10-409, 110); 2010); U. S. Pacido R. R. Currency 68, 1155(20116); Gold, 1113(20112); NAME & LAUNER, Enclose, property intermeter

NARR & LADNER, Brokers, report this morning

Philadelphia Trade Report.

small way at 8@8%c, per lb. Timothy is nominal.

The Flour market is less active, there being no de-

mand except from the home trade, who are tempo-

rarily well supplied. About 600 barrels sold, inclu-

ding superfine at \$5\*25:65:62%; extras at \$5:50:66; Wisconsin extra family at \$6\*75; Minnesota do. do. at \$7:67\*25; Pennsylvania do. do. at \$6\*25:66\*75; In-diana and Ohio do. do. at \$7:67\*50; and fancy brands

FRIDAY, May 19 .- Seeds .- Cloverseed sells in a

9236 61 102

100 do.... b30. 57% 192 sh Leh Val R.... 62% 376 sh N Cent R .... 42

will soon obtain a foothold among the people ithat all the power of these engaged in the infernal liquor traffic will not be able to eradicate. The sontiments of the people and also the position of parties must also be taken into cousideration. There are thousands of persons who favor temperance, and will support or vote in favor of it, if you do not sepa-rate it from other questions of policy before the country in which they feel a greater interest in bearing upon their business interests. A separate party would drive this force from you, in spite of all your arguments to the con-trary, and thus weaken you.

their business interests. A separate party would drive this force from you, in spite of all your arguments to the con-trary, and thus weaken you. Further, three-fourths of the friends of the temperance cause in Pennsylvania belong to the Republican party. The votes in our legislative halls show this: while three-fourths of the Democratic party oppose temperance - their votes also prove this. Nothing would please the ramsel-lers so much as to see a separate Temperance party organ-ized, and they would, under the circumstances, contribute to keep it in the field, knewing that it would draw nearly all its force from the Republican party, and they could easily defeat both parties, and by such means easily obtain the ascendancy. You would also drive a large portion of the linkewarm Republicans to the Democracy would leave their party and join a minority for the sake of their tem-perance principles. He had a strong illustration of this in the conduct of the "Great War Horse of Temperance," the Ber. John Chambers, in the Governor's election be-tween Pollock and Bigler, when the question of prohibi-tion was before the people of the State. Again, by weakening its other leading princi-ples, and this will greatly weaken the cause of tem-perance. By pursuing the policy indicated above you will compel the Republican party to engraft tempor-ance among its other leading princi-ples, and this will greatly strength from the young temperance boys, as they arrive at age, while the run or Democratic party will draw but few. This is a question which but few think of, but it has an important bearing on this question.

ruin or Democratic party will draw but few. This is a guestion which but few think of, but it has an important bearing on this question. The Maine Law was passed by some Democrats voting for it, but there many of the leading Democrats in the Stars were active temperance men. But in no other State has the Democracy advocate effective temperance, or ever passed a temperance law. The few who advocate temperances are only an exception to the general rule. The vote in our House of Representatives, should a few Benublicans vote against it, makes the rule held good. "The Local Option law, and a few Republicans vote against it, makes the rule held good." The country, which must be decided at the next Presidential election. I mean the prohibition policy of the country, on this question the Republicans are munity depends. On this question the Republicans are the temperance question. To yeaken the Republicans and the temperance question. To yeaken the Republicans and yourd at the temperance question. To yeaken the Republicans and yourd at the temperance question. To yeaken the Republicans are strong to a strongly as it is the party of protection to homes industry, will be disastrous to the best in the strong industry and world cause may of these who would, under other circumstances, cooperate with the temperance cause, to curre it for the time being, and world never cordially again unlite themselves with the temperance of attrong teellings on the subject on which high result to the strong teelling on the subject of the total strongs a rimon doil emperance as I am. I should housands of others who are now devoi efficients of the toiling, and which might result to the strest time, and so would thousands of others who are now devoi efficients of the toiling and the leaders and sub a partilled, and which might result to the strest time, and so would thousands of others who are now devoi efficients of teening and which might result to the strest time the subject of the took up the suble tis the of the the toling of the town of

After the reading of the letters the convention then took up the substitute of Mr. Black, those resolutions having been made the special order for 10 o'clock. The resolutions of Mr. Black, which were effered just previous to adjournment last even-ing, provide for the formation of voting leagues. to that the candidates of the political parthes for State offices should be questioned as to their views on the temperance question, and if they de-cline to give their adherence to the cause, a convention should be called immediately, and nominate

licket on the temperance platform. Dr. Nevin addressed the convention, and when he took hissent General Wagner made objection to the consideration of the substitute on the ground that it was not before the body, iunsmuch as the resolutions submitted yesterday by the committee did not pass to the convention but were yet in the possession of the committee, and he called a point of order on the objection. The chairman decided the point not well taken, and, after a further discussion, Mr. Black withdrew his substitute, which act brought a supple-mentary report of the committee before the con-

Thomas M. Coleman, then arose and delivered a spirited address, in which he pointedly remarted that it was utterly useless to expect to succeed with a party having for its basis prohibition, inasimich as the respectable portion of the community would not give it their support. Mr. Coleman, however, was in favor of marshalling the forces of the temper-ance men, believing that united action by that body will be productive of great results. At this stage of the proceedings Hon. Neal Dow entered, and was greeted with anoianse. Mrs. Goff then wished to speak a few words, and permission being given her to do so, she made an address, which she ornamented by a pathetic results of several scenes of domestic distress occasioned oy

of several access of domestic distress occasioned oy rum-drinking. She worketi up in her address , slight digression on woman's rights, and got off with rervor several epigrammatic philosophical relac-tions which actually brought down the house. She chings announced that and which bound of the she at last announced that she would conclude, which statement was halled with unqualified approbation Hon. Neal Dow was invited to address the conven-tion. He began with the remark that the time was when temperance and politics were kept strictly apart. Previous to the Maine law, in all tempe-

The chairman doubted the propriety of acting immediately on the resolution, inasmuch as the des patch from Harrisburg came in an unofficial shape. He thought the matter ought to be postponed until the afternoon session, and he would find out in the

meantime if the information be correct. The resolution was postponed, and the convention adjourned.

#### DUMB ANIMALS.

The Society that Protects them from Man's Cruelty.

The monthly meeting of the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals was held at No. 1320 Chesnut street last evening. The agent reported 40 complaints, 3 fines, 1 discharged for want of evidence, and 1 committed in default of fine. The receipts for the month were \$225 08, of which \$135 was from a life membership and donations, leaving only \$90.08 available towards the current expenses.

Complaints of the use of lame and brokendown stock at night are undergoing investigation. On two occasions the agent has been engaged on this duty till two o'clock in the morning, the agent of Woman's Branch accompanying him at the one time, and assisting him in protecting a young woman who had just farrived from Limerick. She had lost the address of her friends, and was being driven about in a hack in quest of them, without means to pay her fare or lodgings. She was provided with good quarters, and notice was sent to the Mayor, who advertised for her relatives, and they were found.

Letters accepting appointments as representa tives were received from William S. Stavely Lahaska; George W. Reichenbach, Lancaster John C. Totty, Port Carbon; J. Lacey Darlington, West Chester; and from J. Lewis Crew, William M. Reilly, Henry M. Dechert, and William S. Torr, Philadelphia. Some of the representatives have already opened books for entering complaints, and given notice of their readiness to aid in enforcing the law. The interest in the cause is rapidly extending, and the society is in great need of additional funds to maintain its operations. Certificates of honorable mention were awarded to J. P. Smith for erecting a public watering trough near the Media Training School; and to John W. Woolston for activity in checking abuses of dumb animals.

The drinking fountains were all reported in good order, but the stealing of cups and chains s a source of continual annovance and expense. The agents were directed to pay special attention to the complaints of overworking horses in the park carriages, and to the treatment of calves, cattle, mules, etc., on the canals and railroads.

Resolutions of respect and condolence were passed for the loss of Benjamin Marshall.

THE TEACHERS' INSTITUTE. - This alternoon a quarterly meeting of the Teachers nstitute will be held in the lecture-room of the Central High School. Besides the usual business there will be-

I. Music, under the direction of Professor Jean

1.ouis,
II. A Poem, "Progression," by Miss Lanra L. Rees, of the Park Avenue Girls' Grammar School,
III. Remarks on "Music in the Public Schools," by

Professor Jean Louis. IV, An exhibition of Wheatstone's celebrated exnent of the Telephonic Concert, by Pro-

periment of the Telephonic Concert, by Pro-Iessor Houston. V. Discussion on subjects postponed at the last quarterly meeting, and on the following.... 1. Should education be compulsory? 2. What is the essential distinction between the present particula and the perfect passive aresent passive participle and the perfect passive

AN OLD OFFENDER. - Yesterday morning Surgeant Duffy and a squad of men succeeded in arresting at a house on Eleventh street, above Sainbridge, one Walter Rowland, who is charged with robbing a dry goods store at Thirteenth and Bainbridge streets, last January. Alderman Bonsall committed him to answer.

WIFE SMASHER .- For endeavoring to reduce his wife to the consistency of inanimate pulp, G. W. Leidy, who lives at 715 Encu street, has been held to answer by Alderman Collin .

Wisconsin, to Rosengarden & Sons. n Liverpool, p

May 13. Four cases umbrella sticks, four cases ottons, from Liverpool, per Russia, to William A. Drown & Co May 15. Thirty-six casks iron boltr, two casks

from Liverpool, per Nevada, to James nuts, Colman. May 15. One case hardware, from Liverpool, per

City of Brooklyn, to Kennedy & Co. May 16, Two bales skins and rugs, from Liverpool, per Wisconsin, to W. J. P. Ingraham. May 17. One case cottons, from Liverpool, per City

of Brooklyn, to Fenton. Thompson & Co. May 17. One case nets, from Havre, per Lafayette, to Ostheimer & Woodward.

May 18, Four cases kid gloves, from Havre, per May 18, Four Cases An. Lafayette, to William F. Read. REUBEN WUNDER,

Inspector in charge of Bonded Goods.

A NARROW ESCAPE FOR A LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY .- The American Life Insurance Company of this city came very near meeting with a serious pecuniary loss in the death of ex-Gov-ernor Fenton, of Michigan.

Mr. Fenton about a week ago put in an application for an insurance upon his life to the amount of \$20,000 at the branch office of this Unluckily for his heirs, but very company. luckily for the company, he put off the medical examination for a week on account of being pressed with business. On the day after the application was filed a fire occurred in the town where he lived, and in running to it the Governor injured himself in the stomach by running against a post, and died the next day.

The loss by one day's delay was worth in this case the snug sum of \$20,000. The singular circumstance is creating much comment in the locality where the deceased was well known.

TOMATO KETCHUP .- Tomato ketchup comes under the head of sauces, and is liable to stamp duty, as will be seen from the following decision:

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, OFFICE INTERNAL RE VENUE, WASHINGTON, May 9, 1871.—Gentlemen:—In reply to your letter of the 4th instant, in relation to the Hability of tomato ketchup to stamp duty, ander schedule C. I have to say that ketchups come under the head of sauces, and are liable to stamp duty as such. Very respectfully, J. W. DOUGLASS, Acting Commissioner of Internal Revenue. To Messrs, Sleeper, Wells & Aldrich, Burlington,

A DESIRABLE CHANGE .- That urbane and smilling dispenser of justice, Alderman J. Mc-Colgan, has recently removed his office from the dingy quarters formerly occupied by him in Library street, above Fourth, to a handsomely furpished office, No. 136 South Sixth street Besides the main room devoted to the hearings, there is a private room for ladies who may be called to appear before him in the character of witnesses. In addition, there is also a handsome private office where undisturbed he may meet his friends.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE .- Early this morning a fire broke out in one of the buildings attached to the dye-house of Messrs. Lancaster & Littlewood on Ridge avenue, above the Reading Railread Bridge. It was damaged to the extent of \$5000. The firm is insured in the Royal, At-lantic, Home, and Manhattan Companies.

GAITER LASTING .- Thomas Healey has been taken into custody for the theft of twenty-four yards of gaiter lasting from a store on Sixth street, above Bainbridge. A portion of the goods was recovered at his boarding place. He was committed for a further hearing by Alderman Collins.

NOT HEARD .- Henry Kirby, who is alleged to have committed a theft on the premises of Dr. Moorehouse, Germantown, did not have a hearing before Alderman Morrow, as was stated re-cently in the local columns of this paper.

A LADY KILLED .- A lady, while in the act of securing milk, standing on the steps of the wagon, fell on the pavement and died one hoar afterwards. The accident happened in front of her residence, Fiftcenth and Kacc streets.

MIRACULOUS,-A furniture car driven by a colored man, at Tenth and Race streets, while turning the corner upset the wagon and horse, and, strange to say, three children and three men being inside escaped without injury.

ROPE STEALERS .- Frank Lord and C. Burke were arrested at 3 o'clock this morning with a lot of rope in their possession, which they had stolen from Arch street wharf. 'They will have a hearing this afternoon at the Central Station.

PETTY THEFT.-Last evening the sharpsighted beggar detective. Mr. Reeder, discovered two boys running off with a wheelbarrow filled with iron scraps, in the vicinity of Lombard and Water streets. He gave chase, and secured the

barrow, but the boys escaped. A BAD DRIVE .- Last evening, at Nineteenth and Green streets, the wheel of a carriage which was being driven swiftly along was wrenched off and the occupant was bounced upon the

pavement. His name is Israel Conklin, and his injuries, while painful, are not serious.

FOR SALE-A NEW BROWN-STORM House and Stable, with cistern, ice-house, and all necessary improvements, with 10 acres of land, on an elevated site, near Ambler Station, one mile above Fort Washington, Montgomery county. Terms no object. Apply to SAMUEL H. AUSTIN SAMUEL H. AUSTIN

No. 129 SEVENTH Street. P. S.-If the above property is not sold by the 1st of June, it will be rented. 519 6t\*

#### FOR SALE,

A PROPERTY ON THE SOUTH SIDE

27 CHESNUT STREET,

BETWEEN THIRD AND FOURTH STS.,

42 feet 10 inches front, suitable for a Bank, Insurance Co., or other public building. Address "IMPROVEMENT," At this office 55 fmw6tSp

25 Cents per Yard, By the Roll, 4-4 MATTING. 5-4 do. 30 Cents. ALSO, **Best Parlor Matting.** 

3-4 and 7-8 Stair do.

R. L. KNIGHT & SON,

1222

CHESNUT STREET.

PHILADELPHIA. 8 17 fmw3m

## NEW MOURNING STORE.

New Stock at Lowest Prices. No 1226 CHESNUT STREET.

NEWEST DESIGNS IN DRESS GOODS. NEWEST DESIGNS IN BONNETS. NEWEST DESIGNS IN VEILS. CHEAPEST ALPACAS IN PHILADA. CHEAPEST BOMBAZINES IN PHILADA. CHEAPEST BLACK SILKS IN PHILADA CHEAPEST CRAPE CLOTHS IN PHILA-

DELPHIA. EVERY ARTICLE AT LOWEST PRICE. KVERY ARTICLE AT LOWEST PRICE. We would respectfully call attention to our new Dress-making and bull Department, where every novely in clack suits will be found ready-made and made to order, at shortest notice, by a competent dressmaker, and also call attention to our White Goods and Ladies' Underwear Departments. Large Stock of Linen and Lawa Suits, of finest finish, al-ways on hand.

A. MYERS & CO.,

NO.1226 CHESNUT Street. 4 22 stuth5ptf

## "Kentucky Politics.

LOUISVILLE, May 19 .- A special despatch from Frankfort to the Commercial says that the Damocratic State Central Committee has decided to re-turn the ballot for the late Democratic seat in the convention for Register to the secretary of the con vention to correct the count and publish it. The correct count of the bailot gives the nomination to J. Alexander Grant by two and a fraction votes.

Fire in Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, May 19 .- Last night the extensive chair factory of Harig, Koop & Co., en Third street, took fire, and with a large quantity of material was destroyed. Loss, \$34,359; insurance, \$13,590.

#### St. Louis Trotting Races.

ST. LOUIS, May 19.—The spring trotting races, at the Abbey track, closed yesterday. In the race for \$1600, best three in five, on Wednesday, Pilot, Tem-ple, and Chicago each won two heats, the fifth being a dead heat between Pilot and Lackey. Time, 2\*27, 2\*26%, 2\*28, 2\*31, and 2\*33. Darkness having set in the race was postponed until yesterday, when Chicago won the heat and the race in 2\*27.

FROM NEW ENGLAND.

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS. Exclusively to The Evening Telegraph.

Criminal Trials-Fire in the Woods, Etc WORCESTER, Mass., May 19.—In the criminal term of the Superior Court yesterday the case of Lay-fayette Carpenter, charged with blackmailing, was concluded. The cause of the trial, as detailed in a despatch of some weeks since, was the alleged at-tempt of Carpenter, assisted by one Mrs. Williams, to extort money from George P. Martin by threatening to accuse him of adultery with said Mrs. Wil-liams. The jury found the prisoner guilty. The case goes to the Supreme Court on exceptions. The case of Mrs. Williams, charged with attempted extortion, is expected to be tried to-morrow.

A fire, caused by sparks from a locomotive, which caught in the woods in Auburn on Wednesday is still burning. Over twenty acres of wood have been destroyed.

The case of the Grafton Bank robbers has been postponed until Monday next.

Massachusetts Constabulary Bill. Boston, May 19.—The State Constabulary bill, as reported by the majority of the committee, has passed the House by a vote of 92 to 77. The bill concerning cheap travel on the railways was de-feated in the Senate.

Colored People's Celebration. PROVIDENCE, R. L., May 19 .- The colored people yesterday afternoon celebrated the fifteenth amendment anniversary.

FROM THE SOUTH.

BY ASSOCIATED PRESS. Exclusively to The Evening Telegraph.

Southern Educational Convention. LOUISVILLE, Ky., May 19.—The Educational Con-vention, which has been in session in Huntsville since Monday, closed yesterday. The convention adopted unanimously the overture to the General Assembly, setting forth the principles galiding Presbyterians in defense of education, and asking the Assembly to take action :-First, to secure a liberal support of colleges; second, to discourage the multi-plication of such institutions; third, to provide for the receipt of donations for the establishment of a great univerity; and, fourth, to use the income of such donations for the existing colleges until the university is established. Fire in Alexandria, Va.

ALEXANDRIA, May 19.—The market building, oc-cupying nearly a quarter of a square of ground in the centre of the city, with two adjoining houses, was surned this morning about 1 o'clock. The fire originated in a frame store adjoining the market In the building were the Mayor's office, Council Chambers, Auditor's and other municipal offices, and the Alexandria Washington Masonic Lodge and the Alexandria Washington Masonic Lodge room; also the old museum, containing so many interesting relics, all of which were destroyed. All the furniture of the lodge was saved, though some of it in a damaged condition. The archives of the corporation were saved. The loss is estimated at from \$50,000 to \$75,000, upon which there is only \$10,000 insurance. Two steam fire engines and one hook-and-ladder company came down from Wash-ington to assist the firemen here.

Chicago Flour and Wheat Market.

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph. CHICAGO, May 19-9:30 A.M. - Wheat market steady.

CHICAGO, MAY19-9'30 A. M. -- W leat market steady. No. 2, \$1 2934 (a) 30, cash; 1 2936 (a) 12937 (a) 14 seller May: \$1 2934 (a) 12937 seller June. Corn dull and easier: \$55% (653% seller June: 54(a) 54/4, seller May. *Receipte, Ship'te.* Fiour, bbls. 4,000 5,000 Cats, bus.... \$7,000 53,000 W heat, bus. 52,000 43,000 Rye, bus.... \$4,000 53,000 W heat, bus. 52,000 43,000 Rye, bus.... \$000 1,000

Cable Markets.

MANCHESTER, May 19-4 P. M.-The market for yarns and fabrics is dull.

at \$7.75@9, as in quality. Rye Flour may be quoted at \$7.75@6. In Corn Meal nothing doing. The demand for Wheat has fallen off, but the recent advance is well sustained. Sales of Indiana red at \$1 55@1.62; Ohio do, at \$1 55@1.60; 400 bushels No. 1 spring at \$1.60; amber at \$1.65@1.70, and white at 1706175. Rye may be quoted at \$1'18 for Penn-ylvania, and \$1'10 for Western and Southern. Corn \$1.70@1.75. is in fair demand at yesterday's prices. Sales of yellow at 77@78c., and 12,000 bushels Western toixed at 75@76c. Oats are firm, and 2000 bushels Western and Pennsylvania sold at 64@65c. for mixed 66@57c for white

nixed, 66,667C, for white. In Barley and Malt no sales were reported.

Whisky is steady, and 20 barrels Western Iron-bound sold at 93c.

LATEST SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

STATE OF THERMOMETER AT THE EVENING TELEGRAPH

(By Cable.) LIVERPOOL, May 19. — Arrived, ships Marchmont, Normantum, and Rowantree, from New Orieans. LONDON, May 18. — Arrived out, steamships Java, City of Washington, City of Dublin, Thuringia, and India, all from New York. (By Telegraph.) New YORK, May 19. — Arrived, steamship Weser, from Bremen.

CLEARED THIS MORNING. Steamer Tacony, Nichols, New York, W. M. Baird

Bark Express, Sangster, Excter, Eng., L. Wester-gaard & Co. Nor. brig Eyrre, Halverson, Elsinore, do.

ARRIVED THIS MORNING.

ARRIVED THIS MORNING. Stearer H. L. Gaw, lier, 13 hours from Balti-more, with mdse, and passengers to A. Groves, Jr. Steamer Mars, Grumley, 42 hours from Hartford, with mdse, to W. M. Baird & Co. Brig John Pierce, Townsend, from Cardenas 6th inst., with molasses to Thos. P. Stotesbury & Co. Schr Ashland, Mitchell, from Richmond, with pig

Schr Thomas M. Rodney, Still, from Milford, with Schr Nalad Queen, Chase, fm Newport, with fish.

Schr Nalad Queen, Chase, im Newport, with fis. Schr Anna Myrick, Richards, do. do. Schr Sarah Clark, Griffin, from New Haven, Schr Robin Hood, Adams, frem Bridgeport. Schr L. P. Pharo, Henderson, from Providence, Schr W. W. Marcy, Blackman, do. Schr M. V. Cook, Faikenberg, do. Schr Sabao, Lamson, from New York.

NEW YORE OFFICE, May 18, - The following barges leave in tow to night for Baltimore, light:-

F. C. King, R. H. Pomeil, Rescue, Timmons, Ann McCaffrey, Joseph Lord, M. E. Kirkpatrick, T. L. Moore, F. McWilliams, F. Sheldon, Amelia, D. R. White, F. Goddard, James Carby, Warren, Hudson, Passed Sciences and Gorav

BALTIMORE BRANCH OFFICE, May 18.—The follow-ing barges left in tow at noon, eastward :— James Upton, F. H. Parks, Chesapeake, James Tracey, C. B. Walrath, J. J. Munger, W. Walker, and W. Norman.

and W. Norman. The following leave to-night:--W. D. Patterson, J. L. Greenman, Mary Tracy, John Hawkins, Black Diamond, George Wagner. M. Kirkpatrick, Fremont, South Penn, Nich. Childs, H. B. Littlefield, Lilly Morris, C. C. Pope, Liberator, Persia, and E. Sears, all with coal, for New York. PHILADELPHIA BRANCH OFFICE, May 19. - The Mary Kear, R. V. De Witt, and Peter Tanney, with coal, for New York, leave this evening. J. W. Andrews, with pig iron, for Baltimore, left

last night. Weather. -- Wind: -- May 18, 1 P. M., N.; 6 P. M., S. S. W.; May 19, 7 A. M. S. W., warmer. Barometer: -- May 18, 11 P. M., 30 21-80; May 19, 4 A. M., un-changed, 20 21-80; 8 A. M., 80 24-80. L. S. C,

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph. HAVEE-DE-GEACE, May 19. - The following boats

leave in tow to day :- Shaw & Metrill and J. D. Kise, with lumber to

Creig & Blanchard S. W. Arnold and John Hetzell, with lumber to J.

Hattie and Mattie, with lumber to Watson Malone

Gettysburg and R. H. Foust, with lumber, for Wil-

Ado and J. L. Sutton, with coal to J. R. White &

Berry Mountain, George Schmure, and Del. and Hudson Co., with coal to G. C. Morris. J. F. Hicks and Pennsylvania Canal Co., with coal

to H. S. Gross. Atlantic, with lumber to Patterson & Lippincott, Daniei Updegraff, with lumber, for Mantua Creek, J. V. Buser, with lumber, for Haddonfield, C. H. Swan, with coal, for New York. J.H.

W. Andrews, with pig iron, for Baltimore, left

Correspondence of The Evening Telegraph. EASTON & MCMAHON'S BULLETIN.

Passaic, Somerset, and Ocean.

Woolverton

Steamer C. Comstock, Drake, New York,

from Bremen.

& Co.

iron.