CITY INTELLIGENCE.

"PESACH."

The Jewish Feast of the Passover To-night.

To-night the Jewish people of this city will assemble in their synagogues to perform the first public service connected with the annual celebration of the Feast of the Passover. This day corresponds with the "Fourteenth day of the month," Nissan, upon which, by Exodus xii, 6, the people were commanded through Moses to commence the practical celebration of the festival by the slaughter of the Paschal Lamb. Succeeding the slaughter follows the injunction of his blood, sprinkling on the doorposts, and the preparation of his flesh, and the method of partaking of it with unleavened bread and bitter herbs. The special command is also given that it shall be eaten "in haste, for it is the Lord's Passover;" and the explanation follows that on that night the Angel of God would pass over the land of Egypt, and slay the first born of the Egyptians, but spare the houses of the Israelites.

At the conclusion of the Synagogical ritual service, the congregation retire to their homes, where the whole family assemble at the table, together with man servant and maid servant, provided he or she be Jewish; the master of the house chants the Biblical description of the delivery of the "Children of Israel out of the land of Egypt and out of the House of Bondage." Together with this there is also chanted various rabbinical comments on the history of the deliverance, which is incorporated in the text of the service.

At this ceremony there still appears on Jewish tables the remnants of a Paschal Lamb, and the bitter herbs enjoined in Exodus. So far our Jewish fellow-citizens abide with the text. But here they generally leave it, and instead of eating the lamb roast with a fire, his head with his legs, and with the purtenance thereof, "and with their loins girded, their shoes on their feet, their staves in their hands, and in haste," it has become the custom for the partakers of the Paschal meal to ungird the loins, robe themselves easily and comfortably in dressing gown and slippers and velvet skull-cap, and without any haste at all pass through the no very difficult ordeal of partaking of a well-prepared meal. Prayer by the master of the house follows, and the whole family and domestics sit at the table, singing and chanting Hebrew psalms and hymns till a late hour.

The Jew on this night endeavors as much as possible to go back mentally 3500 years, and picture to his mind's eye that he himself walked dryshod across the Red Sea. To this, among other things, may be attributed the presence of the domestic on an equality with himself at his table. The night which he commemorates, they were all escaped bondmen and bondwomen alike, and the night on which he commemorates i, they are all free alike, and although the same services are repeated the succeeding nights and day, it may be stated that the Passover ends at sundown on the first day. The institution of the festival was for the purpose of reminding the Jews perpetually of the "passing over" the houses of the Egyptians, and the slaying of the first-born. The Hebrew word "Pesach" comes from a root meaning "to pass over and spare," "to spare." Besides, the angel of God passed over during the night of one day, and did not occupy seven days in its passage.

THE COAL TONNAGE of the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad and branches for the week ending Saturday, April 1, 1871, was as follows:—

	Total for Week.	Same week last year	Increase and Decrease.
Passing over Main Line and Lebanon Valley Branch	20,713·03	84,507·10	d63,794·07
For shipment by Canal	4,785·02	2,460·11	2,324·11
Shipped Westward via N. Central Railroad	10,674·16	2,078·12	8,596·04
Shipped West or South from Pine Grove	998·04	557·17	421·07
Consumed on Laterals	1,834·09	2,629·14	4795·14
Lehigh and Wyoming Coal	32·07	206·00	d167·13
Total Anth. paying freight	39,028·03	92,441·04	d53,413·12
Bituminous	14,291·02	9,559·14	4,731·08
Total all kinds paying freight	53,319·14	102,000·18	d48,681·04
Coal for Company's use	4,938·09	3,076·16	931·13
Total tonnage for week	58,258·03	105,976·02	d47,719·11
Previously this year	804,065·12	967,692·09	d123,626·17
Total to date	862,323·15	1,073,668·03	d171,346·08

SHIPPED BY CANAL.

From Schuylkill Haven	1,935·00	7,798·02	d5,863·02
From Port Clinton	1,040·00	370·00	670·00
Total tonnage for week	2,975·00	8,168·02	d5,193·02
Previously this year	37,069·17	36,579·02	491·15
Total to date	40,044·17	44,747·04	4,711·07

ANOTHER OYSTER WAR.—August Bush is not a jolly but a sanguinary oysterman. A few days ago he entered into an agreement with James Farroll, the proprietor of an oyster-boat, to go fishing down the bay. The craft is now lying at Spruce street wharf, and at 8 o'clock this morning the parties above named became engaged in a wrangle about some matters. Bush, to cut the matter short, cut Farroll with a large knife in five or six different places, badly hacking but not dangerously wounding that individual. Bush was taken in charge by a policeman, and brought before Alderman Delaney. The magistrate committed the defendant in default of $1000 bail. Farroll's residence is at Swanson and Queen streets. He was taken to the Pennsylvania Hospital.

PAY YOUR MONEY FIRST.—In view of recent losses in letting the Town Hall of Germantown for amusements, the following *ultimatum* has been issued to the Janitor by the Commissioner of City Property:—

"PHILADELPHIA, April 3, 1871.—William Hergesheimer—Dear Sir:—I have been directed by the commissioner to inform you that hereafter when application is made for renting the room in Town Hall, you are to receive the money before opening the Hall. Yours respectfully,

"H. C. PUGH, Clerk."

"BIRDS OF THE WORLD."—The study of the habits and forms of the bird creation has always been attractive to the lovers of the beautiful. It will be a pleasure to such to learn that Mr. Blair has completed his series of studies, with appropriate scenery, entitled "Birds of the World." Nearly two years have been spent in bringing this work of art to its present state, and it is a source of gratification to be able to announce its early exhibition.

THE CENTENNIAL COMMITTEE OF THE VIRGINIA LEGISLATURE.—To-day at two o'clock the visiting Centennial Committee from the Virginia Legislature will be conducted to Carpenters' Hall, and after inspecting it will meet with the committee of Councils in Council Chambers at four o'clock for the transaction of the business for which the visit has been made. A banquet will be tendered the guests this evening at the Continental.

"PONEYVILLE LECTURES."—W. L. Dennis, Esq., a well-known lawyer of this city, is a brilliant and humorous delineator of the oddities of men. In his new lecture, which he will deliver at Concert Hall on Friday evening, he will bring all his powers of wit to bear upon the celebrities of the Poneyville bar. Tickets and reserved seats can be secured at the music store of Gould & Fischer.

SUDDEN DEATH.—Mrs. Mary Foley, a very worthy, estimable woman, died this morning about 6 o'clock at her residence in Cantrell street, above Ninth. She was about attending to her duties as usual, yesterday, apparently in good health, was seized with violent hemorrhage of the lungs, and died in an hour.

A PHILADELPHIAN IN LUCK.—Mr. Thomas Ritter, of this city, has been awarded the contract for the construction of a tunnel at Baltimore, connecting the Baltimore and Potomac Railroad with the Northern Central Railroad. The length of the tunnel will be 7400 feet and its cost over $1,000,000.

OWNER WANTED.—Five hides packed in a bag, which had been dropped by thieves at the corner of Second and Gothic streets, and picked up by a policeman of the Third district on Sunday morning last, are now at the station-house, Union Street, below Fourth, awaiting an owner.

COURT-MARTIAL.—This morning the military court for the trial of the men and officers of Company A, 4th Regiment, for disobedience of orders, will assemble at the office of the Military Tax Receiver, to take further testimony in the case.

CENTRAL PRESBYTERY.

The Proceedings of the Adjourned Meeting—Reports of Committees—The Election of Commissioners, Etc.

The adjourned meeting of the Central Presbytery of Philadelphia, continued from yesterday, was held this morning in the West Arch Street Presbyterian Church, Eighteenth and Arch streets, the Moderator, Rev. Mr. Work, in the chair. The minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved.

Revs. Reed, Mutchmore, and Eva, and Elders Combs and Whildin, on the nomination of the Moderator, were appointed the Committee on Conference.

Rev. Mr. Harper was received on letter from another presbytery.

The reports of the standing committees were then received.

The Committee on Publication reported that there had been collected from the various churches during the year for the cause of publication the sum of $827·95. The amount collected last year was $532.

The Committee on Church Extension reported that $9490 had been collected during the year.

The Committee on Church Erection reported that its operations had been interfered with considerably during the year, because it was the memorial year and because so many churches have had projects of erection of their own. For these reasons no report of contributions could be given.

An election for commissioners to the next General Assembly was then entered into. The followed were elected:—

Ministers—Revs. Dr. Reed (alternate, Dr. Mears), Dr. Musgrave (alternate, Dr. Willits), Rev. Mr. Eva (alternate, Dr. Clark).

Laymen—Elders Pollock (alternate, Peiper), McElroy (alternate Gardner), and Whildin (alternate, Lukens).

Permission was given to Mr. William Johnson and others to open a Presbyterian mission Sunday-school on Haverford road, West Philadelphia, and a committee was appointed to visit the school.

A call from the North Broad Street Church to the Rev. Robert M. Harper was read. Permission was given to prosecute it, and it was put into the hands of Mr. Harper.

Mr. Harper said that he accepted the call. A committee was appointed to make arrangements for the installation.

Other business of minor importance occupied the remainder of the session.

DEATH OF A BANK PRESIDENT.—William F. Hughes, the President of the City National Bank, died of pneumonia at half-past 7 o'clock this morning, at his residence, northwest corner of Sixteenth and Chesnut streets. The deceased, being elderly, and in the decline of his physical powers, has been ailing for a year past, but he was not confined to his residence until the past five days, and his illness only compelled him to take to his bed on Monday last. Mr. Hughes had amassed a handsome fortune, having been engaged in business from early manhood. He had been connected with the City National Bank as its President for the past fourteen years, and he was also engaged for a number of years in the sale of baled hay on South Second street. The bank with which he was connected was closed this morning on the receipt of the news of the death of its President.

A HANDSOME MEMORIAL WINDOW.—The vestry of St. Clement's Episcopal Church has passed the following resolution:—

Resolved, That the thanks of this vestry be extended to the Rev. Dr. Stewart for the gift of the very beautiful window over the altar, in memory of his father; and that he be permitted to affix a brass plate to the flange of the window casing, setting forth the object of the memorial.

The window is a fine work of art, made by the Messrs. Mayer & Co., of Munich and London, and represents the Crucifixion. The figure on the cross is drawn after Albert Durer; and the Beloved Disciple and the Blessed Virgin stand on either side of the cross. Besides the beauty of the glass, the picture is remarkable for its delicacy of outline and the harmony of its colors. It can be seen outside when the church is lit up.

IN A WATER STREET DEN.—John Welsh has been residing in Newark, N. J., for some time past, but he paid a visit to this city a few days ago, and during his rambles yesterday he entered a low den on Water street, above Dock, and took a drink. In this delightful place was a woman whose morals, it is alleged, are not of the very first order. Her name is Mary Jane Hagen, and while in conversation with Mr. Welsh she improved the opportunity of stealing $36 from his vest pocket. Mary was arrested, and this morning she was before Alderman Delaney, when the above facts having been testified to, she was held in $500 bail for her appearance at court.

A WESTERN UNION EMPLOYE ARRESTED.—Mr. James L. Grace, in the employ of the Western Union Telegraph Company, was this morning engaged in placing wires on some telegraph poles on Fifteenth street, between Market and Chesnut streets, when he was arrested by High Constable Campbell, who claimed that the company has no authority to erect poles and run wires on that street. Mr. Grace was taken before Alderman Kerr, and was held in bail by that magistrate for a hearing on Saturday next. The superintendent of the company is not in town at present, but will arrive on the day mentioned, when he will produce the necessary papers showing their authority to erect poles on that street.

THE AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.—The monthly meeting of this society was held this morning at its rooms, at Ninth and Walnut streets. Henry H. Drayton, Esq., presided.

Dr. Elwyn presented a cane, once the property of the late John S. Skinner, a celebrated writer on agricultural topics. The cane was given to Henry C. Carey, Esq., and he in turn gave it into the hands of the Doctor to present to the society. A vote of thanks was tendered to Mr. Carey.

A discussion on dairy topics then ensued, which was terminated by an adjournment.

A WOMAN THROWS HER CHILD DOWN STAIRS.—On Monday last Mary Specketer, whose husband keeps a lager beer saloon at Hancock and Dauphin streets, was intoxicated, and in a fit of drunken spleen she seized her infant child and threw it down a flight of stairs, nearly killing the babe. She then secured a broadaxe, and said that she would cut its head off, and she would undoubtedly have carried the threat into execution had not a neighbor interfered and wrenched the weapon from her hand. The brutal mother this morning was arraigned before Alderman Heins, who sent her to prison.

SUNDAY-SCHOOL ANNIVERSARY THIS EVENING.—This evening a very interesting Sunday-school anniversary will be held in the Second Reformed Church, on Seventh street, above Brown. The occasion is one of a long-continued series which it has been the custom to hold ever since the schools have been in existence. They are always looked forward to with great pleasure by teachers as well as scholars.

MAKING GIRLS DRUNK.—William Armstrong and William Gamble were yesterday held in bail by Alderman Heins for giving liquor to two young girls, thereby making them very drunk. The girls were taken in this condition to the Eleventh District Station House, and locked up until they sobered off. They then told their residence and were sent home. The officers of the Eleventh district arrested the accused.

RUN AWAY.—Mr. Thomas Wood's double term ran away from the front of his residence, Twenty-first and Spring Garden streets yesterday morning. The animals ran as far as Twentieth street, when a lamp-post stopped their progress. The animals were not injured, but the wagon sustained some damage.

FATAL ACCIDENT.—Mrs. Collins, an elderly lady, fell down the cellar-stairs of her residence, No. 2044 Rittenhouse street, at 9 o'clock last evening, and from the injuries received died at an early hour this morning.

FELL FROM A SWING.—George McCue, a lad of six years, living at No. 421 Bainbridge street, received severe cuts about the head by falling off a swing last evening.

BEAT AN OFFICER.—William Rice was drunk at Twenty-first and Market streets this morning, and beat Officer Farrell, of the Sixth district. Alderman Jones held the accused to bail.

THE RELIEF.

More Money for the French and German Sufferers.

Anthony J. Drexel, Esq., this morning reports the following additional donations:—

St. John's German Lutheran Church, Rev. A. Spath		$132·41
Collected by Rev. M. Johnston:—		
G. Ullman	$10	
A. Frenkel	1	
Cash	1	
Isaac Wolf	2	
Isaac May	5	
S. Blumenthal	10	
Krieger Brothers	5	
Cash	1	
		35·00
Bunting, Lurborrow & Co.		50·00
Lutherbaum Christ Church, Chesnut Hill		6·65
C. H. Garcen & Co.		50·00
Collected by E. Bradford Clarke:—		
Thompson Black's Son & Co.	$25	
E. Bradford Clark	25	
		50·00
Collected by Edward J. Crippen:—		
Cash, A. J. D.	$5	
Crippen & Maddock	20	
Pommer & Bro.	5	
Thomas F. Brady	5	
Cash, W. C.	5	
G. W. Boyer	5	
T. R. P., Cash	5	
Cash	5	
		55·00
Collected by James R. Webb:—		
John Correy	$5	
Mitchell & Fletcher	10	
James R. Webb	10	
		25·00
From Committee on amusements, by John E. McDonough and Jno. Thornley, Esq.		550·00
From E. Moran, Esq., proceeds of exhibition of his painting and sale of the "Relief Ship"		700·00
Previously acknowledged		21,135·50
Total		$22,789·56

CORONER'S INQUESTS.—Deputy Coroner Sees this morning held an inquest at the Morgue in the case of a child, aged two years, named Thomas Surey, who was run over by a cart on Monday afternoon, on Twenty-third street, above Race. The child was playing with others upon the pavement, and as the cart was passing that point, the boy ran out, struck the wheel, was thrown under it, and run over. He died almost instantly. The parents live at No. 2 Ashton place, in the vicinity. A verdict of accidental death was rendered, and the cart-driver was exonerated from all blame.

An inquest was also held in the case of Joseph Coates, aged fifty years, residing at No. 333 Hazzard street, who died on Monday last, at the Episcopal Hospital, from the effects of injuries received by being run over by his own wagon at Second and Germantown road on the 18th ult. The testimony showed that the horse, at the above-named locality, became fractious, and the driver was thrown to the ground and run over. A verdict in accordance with the facts was rendered.

A YOUNG FORGER—MONEY FOR A FAST LIFE.—Detective Miller has detected a boyish-looking young gentleman, Charles Greer by name, in a series of forgeries, and has brought him before the bar of justice. Greer lives on Nineteenth street, above Chesnut. He is a student in the law office of George Bulkley, Esq. He forged the signature of S. Ridgway Kennedy to three checks, dated respectively March 31, April 1, and April 3, each for $150. On all of these he obtained money from the Philadelphia Bank, where Mr. Kennedy was a depositor.

In searching his desk at Mr. Bulkley's office, the detective found paper on which young Greer had been practising the signature of Mr. Kennedy, and $200 in money. The offender confessed, and will go below.

JERRY PRIZER, ONE OF THE 'PRAIRIE HENS,"—Detectives Carlin and Lukens to-day arrested the famous John Prizer, alias "Jerry," alias "Kit." He is charged with having, early on Sunday morning, robbed John De Hart, at his residence, No. 324 North Third street, of $1600 in Government bonds and $110 in currency. Prizer was at one time the leader of that notorious gang of thieves and burglars known as the "Prairie Hens," and has served two terms in prison. He had a hearing this afternoon.

PHILADELPHIA STOCK EXCHANGE SALES.
Reported by De Haven & Bro., No. 40 S. Third street.

SECOND BOARD.

$1000 U C & A R bds	84	5 sh Cam & Am	119
$1000 do	101½	100 sh Cata Prf. b60	43¾
$1200 City 6s, New	101½	15 sh Penna R.	62½
$1000 Pa & N Y C 7s	94½	100 sh Leh Nav. b30	35⅞
$3000 Phila & E 7s	86½	100 do	35⅞
5 sh Reading R.	53¾	100 do b60	36
500 do	53·94	100 do b30	36
100 do	54	400 sh Sch N P. 2d	17¼
700 do b60	53¾	7 sh Leh Val R. op	60
700 do	54	10 sh Mor Cl pf	115
100 do b30	53·69		

N. Y. MONEY MARKET YESTERDAY.

From the N. Y. Herald.

"The money market was irregular, but fairly active, at five to six per cent. on Government collaterals, and six to seven per cent. on stocks and miscellaneous securities. In view of the low reserve of the banks and the large volume of business at the Stock Exchange, the street was rather more inclined to accept these rates as temporarily just; but borrowers are confident that, with the prospect of a speedy return to the city of the money which went away during the latter portion of last month, in connection with the April settlements in the rural districts, they will be able to obtain money at the figures which prevailed early in March. Prime commercial paper has not been materially affected by the better demand for money, an evidence of the want of faith in the permanency of the present rates for call loans, and the several grades of prime paper are quoted at 6@7 per cent. discount. The leading bankers advanced the rates of foreign exchange, but sales were made on the street at the former figures.

"The advance in foreign exchange induced considerable buying of gold early in the morning, with the effect of producing a rise from 110½ to 110¾. Subsequently the bullish sentiment weakened, and gold declined to 110¾, the quotation standing at one time in the afternoon 110⅝@110½, although it closed at 110½@110¾.

"The Government list was strong on the reaction in public feeling as to the Treasury programme for the current month, which is now really more acceptable than would have been the startling affair which the rumors of the street had magnified out of the attitude of Mr. Boutwell as regards the money market and the new loan. To-morrow the Assistant Treasurer will initiate the April programme with the purchase of three millions of Five-twenties, for which, it is said, he will pay in legal-tenders, while he will, of course, accept national bank notes for the two millions of gold to be sold on Thursday. The effect will be to add five millions to the legal reserve of the banks. A pursuance of the same policy throughout the month will add eighteen millions to their reserve and enable the banks on the first of May to expand their loans (if so disposed) over seventy millions of dollars. And in this calculation no account is taken of the probable return of the many millions which went away to the country in March and are now coming back to the city again. The chief rise was in the '62, which sold at 113 when gold was at 110½, or only ¼ per cent. less than par in gold.

"The Secretary of the Treasury has ordered the calling in, during the next thirty days, of another instalment of the three per cent. certificates, the amount to be cancelled being three millions of dollars. These obligations bear only three per cent. interest in currency, while the Five-twenties bear six per cent. in gold. Why not apply the three millions to the purchase of the latter, and save three per cent. per annum? Of course the law now requires the purchase of three per cents, as fast as the new banks are organized, but that law was the suggestion of Mr. Boutwell."

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THIRD EDITION

MATTERS AT WASHINGTON.

English Mission and Gen. Schenck.

The San Domingo Report.

The Samana Bay Rental.

The Ku-klux Bill Debate.

Later from Europe.

The Fighting Yesterday

Positions of Both Armies.

Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc

FROM EUROPE.

The Fighting Yesterday.

LONDON, April 5.—A despatch from Paris says the fighting continued until after 6 o'clock of the evening of the 4th. It is said the Nationals have fortified Moulin and St. Pierre. General Lullier is reported to have escaped from the custody of the Central Committee.

The Paris Boulevards

are crowded with people and present an animated appearance. The cafes are open and omnibuses running through. The shops are all closed. The excitement is intense, but

The City is Quiet.

All foreigners have hoised the flags of their respective countries.

The Rebellion in Marseilles.

A despatch from Marseilles of the 5th says the insurgents in that city are mainly Garibaldians, and nearly all have been arrested.

Positions Held by the Communists.

LONDON, April 5.—A despatch from Paris states that the redoubt and bridge of Neuilly are still held by the Communists.

Mont Valerien

is silent to-day, and should the insurgents remain in their present attitude, and show no signs of surrender, it is said the forts will open fire on the Communists again.

Advantage with the Government.

The advantage still continues with the Government troops at Meudon. Fort d'Issy is still held by the insurgents with great tenacity. The National troops are massed in large numbers between Clamart and Issy. There have been a number of skirmishes, but no general engagement. A battle is hourly expected.

This Afternoon's Quotations.

LIVERPOOL, April 5—1·30 P. M.—Beef, 11ls.
FRANKFORT, April 5.—United States Bonds, 96¼@96⅞, for the issue of 1862.

FROM WASHINGTON.

The San Domingo Report.

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

WASHINGTON, April 5.—The report of the San Domingo Commission was signed by all the commissioners this morning, and will be sent to the President to-day. The report as finally agreed upon makes no recommendation about annexation. When it is sent to Congress it will be accompanied by a message from the President setting forth the President's views, but leaving the matter entirely in the hands of Congress. It is stated that the President, before Congress adjourns, will ask for

an Appropriation of $150,000,

to pay for the annual rent of the Bay of Samana.

The Secretary of State sent to Speaker Blaine to-day a communication calling attention to the fact that under the existing law

General Schenck,

Minister to England, while acting as a member of the Joint High Commission, cannot receive pay as minister, first, because he is not at his post of duty, and second, because he cannot, according to law, receive pay as a member of the Joint High Commission, because no officer can be paid for holding two offices at once.

The communication was accompanied by a bill providing that the law be so amended as to allow General Schenck his pay as minister while serving in this country as a member of the Joint High Commission. The bill and communication were ordered to be printed.

The House has resumed the discussion of

The Ku-klux Bill,

which will continue the entire day. At 1 o'clock the amendments to the bill will be taken up and discussed under the ten minutes' rule. It is not expected that a final vote on the bill will be reached before to-morrow.

Democratic Caucus.

Despatch to the Associated Press.

The Democratic members of the Senate held a caucus this morning, Hon. Fernando Wood in the chair. A general interchange of views was had on the course of action to be taken by the minority as to the various amendments to be proposed to the Ku-klux bill. The greatest harmony and concert of action were reached. They will oppose the amendments generally, as well as the bill itself.

Insanity of the French Minister.

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

WASHINGTON, April 5.—The French Government, it would appear, has been very unfortunate in the selection of ministers to this country. The new Minister, who succeeded Parodol, M. Treilhard, some days ago gave signs of insanity and continued growing worse until last Monday when he was sent to the insane asylum. It is hoped that, with careful treatment, he may recover.

Amendment to the Ku-klux Bill.

At the close of the general debate to-day Mr. Shellabarger offered as a substitute for the second and third sections of his bill the amendment of Mr. Cook, which simply gives the United States Courts jurisdiction over all crimes committed by the Ku-klux, and makes the penalty, on conviction, a fine of not less than five hundred nor more than five thousand dollars and imprisonment for not less than six months nor more than six years.

Naval Orders.

Lieut. Joseph Marttion is ordered to the receiving-ship at New York; Commander John Irwin is detached from command of the Yantic and placed on waiting orders.

KAISER WILLIAM AND CZAR ALEXANDER.

What the Mighty Autocrat of Germany has Got to say to His Brother of Russia.

The following is the translation of Emperor William's letter addressed to the Emperor of Russia, dated Versailles, March 3, 1871:—

Very High and Mighty Emperor, very dear and Beloved Cousin, Brother, Nephew, and Friend:—The events of this day, during which I have reviewed my Guards at the gates of Paris, remind me of the time when, under the command of his Majesty the Emperor Alexander I, and of my father who rests in God, our armies, united by a loyal fraternity of arms entered the capital of the same enemy. It affords, therefore, great satisfaction that your Imperial Majesty has deigned to accept so amicably, in testimony of your sympathy for my army, the title of chief of my 1st Grenadiers of the Guard "Emperor Alexander," which will forever bear the name of the uncle of your Majesty, the Emperor Alexander I, of glorious memory, reposing now in God. With the firm conviction that this brave regiment, which has constantly endeavored to show itself worthy of the august name of its proprietor, will, in the new, honorable distinction which has been conferred upon it, find a stimulus for equality meriting the good graces of your Majesty, I have given orders with regard to the nomination of your Imperial Majesty as chief of this regiment, and I am happy to avail myself of the present opportunity to renew to your Majesty the expression of affectionate esteem and sincere friendship with which I remain your Imperial Majesty's very affectionate cousin, brother, uncle and friend. WILLIAM.

FOURTH EDITION

EVENING EUROPEAN NEWS.

Repairing the Cable.

England and the Indies.

Railroading in the Dominion.

New Jersey Legislature.

Western Municipal Elections

Proceedings of Congress.

Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.

FROM EUROPE.

Repairs to the Anglo-American Cable.

LONDON, April 5.—The steamship Scanderia, Captain Halpin, late commander of the Great Eastern, leaves England early in May to repair the Anglo-American cable. With favorable weather that may be expected after reaching the locality of the breaks, there will probably be no difficulty in effecting immediate repairs, as the faults are only in a depth of 120 fathoms.

England and the Indies.

London is now in reliable communication with Singapore, from which point a cable to Hong Kong will be laid next month, and from Hong Kong to Shanghai in June. The Singapore and Australian cable will be laid in November.

Evening Quotations.

LONDON, April 9—4·30 P. M.—Consols for money, 92¾; and for account, 92⅞. U. S. bonds of 1862, 92¾; of 1865, old, 92¾; of 1867, 91¾; 10-40s, 89¼.

LIVERPOOL, April 5—4·30 P. M.—Cotton dull and unchanged; uplands, 7¾@7¾d.; Orleans, 7¾@7¾d. Sales to-day 12,000 bales, including 3000 for export and speculation.

ANTWERP, April 5.—Petroleum, 48⅝f.

FROM THE WEST.

St. Louis Election—A Democratic Result.

ST. LOUIS, April 5.—Nearly accurate returns from all the precincts of the city give Bacon, Dem., for Mayor, 2053 majority. The majorities for other candidates on the ticket range from 1375 to 3325. F. W. Matthias, Dem., for County Treasurer, probably has 300 majority. Wilson Primm, for Judge of the Criminal Court, had no competitor. Of the twelve Aldermen elected 10 are Democrats, who, with two holding over, will make the City Council a tie.

The School Board will remain Republican. The total vote is less than twenty thousand out of a registration of over twenty-eight thousand. The *Democrat* this morning attributes the defeat of the Republicans mainly to the apathy of the Germans, who largely refrained from voting, and adds, although it has been a defeat, it is pleasing to know that in the heat of the canvass the Republicans have become so firmly welded together as to give an earnest of success in all future contests.

The *Republican*, commenting upon the election, says:—"For this triumph we are indebted not alone to the gallant efforts of the Democracy themselves, but to the substantial aid of the German population, many hundreds of whom, heretofore radical, refusing to obey the leading of politicians, boldly stood forth in support of the recent manly course of their distinguished Senator, and thereby bestowed upon the administration a sharp and well-merited rebuke. The Germans of St. Louis have declared with unmistakable emphasis their endorsement of Senator Schurz and their repudiation of the President and his policy. The moral effect of such a course cannot be overestimated. It will be recognized and appreciated throughout the country, and will exercise a profound influence hereafter in more important struggles."

The *Times* says:—"For the first time in over ten years the city of St. Louis, lately disfranchised and dishonored, elects a Democratic Mayor. The home of Grant repudiates, by a significant majority, the policy of his administration. The great principles which he has abandoned and betrayed have been triumphantly vindicated in the chief city of the West. The voice of St. Louis is the voice of Missouri."

Sedalia, Mo., Election.

The Democrats of Sedalia, Mo., elected their entire ticket yesterday by 75 to 100 majority.

The Democrats of Clinton, Mo., carried their election by three to one.

The Democrats of Chillicothe carried their entire ticket.

The Democratic majority in Springfield, Mo., ranged from 125 to 200.

The Democrats of Warrensburg, for the first time in ten years, won a victory by electing their entire ticket.

St. Paul Election.

ST. PAUL, Minn., April 5.—In the city election yesterday William E. Lee, Democrat, was re-elected Mayor by 200 majority. The balance of the ticket was elected by about the same majority.

Minneapolis Election.

In Minneapolis, Minn., the Republicans yesterday elected Mayor E. B. Ames by about 400 majority.

Fire and Loss of Life.

TOPEKA, Kansas, April 4.—The residence of Mortimer Cook was burned this morning. Mr. Cook, who was asleep, with three children, when the house took fire, was awakened by the noise, and passed two of his children out of a window, when he was suffocated by smoke and fainted, and was pulled out of the house by neighbors, leaving a little girl, three years old, who was burned to death.

FROM NEW JERSEY.

Proceedings of the Legislature.

TRENTON, April 5.—The Senate has killed two bills forbidding the manufacture and sale of adulterated liquors. In executive session the Senate has refused to concur in the nomination of the Governor of Alfred Hugg to be Prosecutor of the Pleas for Atlantic county, but confirmed his three other nominations for prosecutors of Bergen, Passaic, and Union counties: also John P. Bonnell to be Harbormaster of Elizabethport, and Charles S. Boggs, Andrew J. Drake, William S. Horner, and Thomas B. Endicott as Pilot Commissioners; also Charles E. Elmer, Anthony Richless, Samuel Lilly, George Vail, and Beach Vanderpool Commissioners for the erection of the new Lunatic Asylum.

The House is acting on the incidental bill, which amounts to $7000. It has struck out several items amounting to about $3000 already; among which is one for $700 for stationery furnished Senators on orders. The Senators will probably return the stationery or pay the bills themselves. Several other items will most likely be stricken out.

FROM THE DOMINION.

Railroad on Prince Edward's Island.

CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. I., April 5.—The Railway bill has just passed the Assembly. It authorizes the Government to proceed with the immediate construction of a railroad from Georgetown to Tignish, with branches. This road will traverse the Island from end to end, and must effectually open up every section.

Affairs in Winnipeg.

TORONTO, April 5.—Winnipeg dates to March 18 have been received. The Parliament is in session working harmoniously. The Attorney General is going to introduce a new Supreme Court bill. It is said to be very simple and does not copy the French law of the province. The Indians are looking uneasily for a settlement from the home Government for their lands and cannot understand why something definite is not done.

FROM NEW ENGLAND.

The Latest Returns from Connecticut.

"EVENING POST" OFFICE, HARTFORD, April 5.—Our corrected returns give English five plurality. There are slight discrepancies in the votes of two or three towns, but giving English the benefit of the doubt, he cannot have more than fifteen or twenty plurality. There are scattering votes enough to overcome that and send the election to the Legislature.

Obituary.

BOSTON, April 5.—Father Taylor, the venerable minister of the Seamen's Bethel, died at midnight, aged 77.

FROM NEW YORK.

Proposals for Bonds.

NEW YORK, April 5.—There were 28 proposals for bonds to-day, amounting to $10,721,950 at 109·85 to 110·50. The award was $30,000,000 at 109·85. One firm offered $30,000,000 at 109·85, which will no doubt be accepted.

Base Ball.

NEW YORK, April 5.—The Mutual Base Ball Club left to-day for Savannah.

CONGRESS.

FORTY-SECOND TERM—FIRST SESSION.

Senate.

WASHINGTON, April 5.—Mr. Patterson, from the Committee on Foreign Relations, reported and asked present consideration of a bill to pay Hon. R. C. Schenck, Minister to Great Britain, his salary from the date of his appointment, but no additional compensation to be paid him for serving as a member of the Joint High Commission.

Unanimous consent being necessary for the passage of the bill,

Mr. Tipton objected, and the bill went over.

The regular order, Mr. Sherman's resolution for Ku-klux legislation, was proceeded with.

Mr. Casserly said he understood that Senators Pool and Frelinghuysen, who intended to speak, would occupy the floor until 3 o'clock, the time fixed for taking the vote. He therefore suggested that the time be extended until half-past 3 to allow the minority an opportunity to explain amendments. So ordered.

Mr. Pool then addressed the Senate in explanation and defense of his political course, and of the Republican party and administration of North Carolina, in reply to the charges made in the debate by Mr. Blair.

He denounced as basely and maliciously false the charge of Mr. Blair that he (Pool) had issued an address to the negroes of North Carolina, advising them to burn the barns of employers who discharged them, claiming that the address did not bear any such interpretation. He had always advocated a mild and conciliatory policy toward his State, and he would not now employ any other coercive measures than were imperatively required to punish villainous gangs of Democratic secession assassins, with whose deeds the people of North Carolina did not sympathize.

Proceeding further, he argued that while Senators on the Democratic side might have had no intention of protecting murderers, assassins, or criminals of any sort, the tendency of their speeches was to encourage and embolden the Ku-klux, who would be led into the error of believing that they had friends on the Senate floor.

Mr Bayard here interrupted to say he defied the Senator, Pool, and his colleagues on the floor to lay a finger upon a single word of a speech or report that would justify that Senator's charge. No language more positive, indignant, and unmistakable could be uttered in denunciation of the wrongs complained of than had been used by himself and his Democratic associates. If any encouragement for these outrages was to be found in Congress it was in the unfounded allegations of the senator and those who acted with him.

Mr. Casserly remarked that, so far as he knew, the Democrats of the Senate were unanimously in favor of the investigation into Southern outrages proposed by the House.

Mr. Pool denied having made any charge. He had simply uttered an opinion, as he had a right to do. He now reiterated it, and did not intend to be driven from it by any manifestation of feeling or the words of any Senator.

House.

The Speaker laid before the House a letter from the Secretary of State, in which he states that the law provides that "no diplomatic representative shall receive compensation for a time exceeding twenty days while waiting to receive instructions." After that time "no compensation can be paid until he leaves for his post." Another section provides that "no such officers shall receive compensation for the discharge of the duties of another office."

General Schenck, while waiting for instructions, was requested by the President to remain in Washington to act as an American commissioner. The labors of General Schenck are quite as onerous as those of a diplomatic representative. Had he proceeded to London he would have been charged with these duties in that city, and yet it was impossible under the existing law to give him the compensation to which he is entitled.

The Secretary therefore encloses the draft of a bill which authorizes the accounting officer of the Treasury to pay to General Schenck the compensation as Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary up to the time when he shall reach his post, notwithstanding his detention in the United States to serve as a member of the Joint Commission, but no pay as such commissioner.

No action was taken on the bill, except to have it printed.

The House resumed the consideration of the bill to enforce the provisions of the fourteenth amendment to the Constitution of the United States.

Mr. Dawes, of Massachusetts, said he recognized in the bill faults which those who had a right to claim its authorship as well as himself were willing to improve by amendment; but he would give his support to the principles on which the bill was founded. It was not necessary to stop to inquire what were the rights secured to American citizens. Gentlemen on both sides had declared they were ready to defend and secure them. There was no doubt whatever that it was necessary to protect citizens of the United States in all their rights, privileges, and immunities. Reason and a proper interpretation of the Constitution, as well as the express words of the instrument itself, require such