

Evening Telegraph

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SATURDAY, APRIL 1, 1871.

MR. LO ON THE WAR-PATH.

WITH the departure of winter and the approach of the warm weather appear the usual indications of hostile activity among the Indians, and the prospects are that the coming season will be marked by the usual amount of bloodshed and outrage. A despatch from Arizona, which we published yesterday, represented that the Indian depredations in that Territory are increasing with frightful rapidity, and gave a list of murders, robberies, and assaults committed by the savages during the month just past. It is apparent that the Indians of Arizona propose to carry on a bloody warfare during the coming summer, and it is not improbable that throughout the entire Indian region hostilities will be resumed, and the peaceful solution of the difficulties between the white and red men be rendered harder than ever to accomplish. It is not pleasant to think of the extermination of the aboriginal races of this continent as the only solution of the difficulties which now exist upon our Western plains, and which impede the march of civilization; but certainly at present there does not appear to be any other practical solution, unless there is a total and radical change in our whole Indian policy. The Government ought to make a more decided effort than it has ever yet done to induce the Indians to give up their nomadic life and to settle down as cultivators of the ground. Some of them have been persuaded to do this, and with such success that there is reason to hope others will follow their example, if the proper pressure is brought to bear upon them. So long as the Indian tribes are treated with as if they were independent nations, and are bribed with gifts and money to keep the peace, so long will Indian agents have opportunities to plunder, and the usual outrages will continue season after season until the red race is finally swept from the face of the earth. But if the savages are encouraged to become citizens, and are carefully protected in their rights as such, there may be some hope for them, and some expectation that Indian warfare upon the Western plains will ere a great many years, be heard of no more. All that has yet been done toward civilizing the savages has been done by private enterprise; but now that private individuals have demonstrated that some of the Indians, at least, are both willing and anxious to be civilized, it is time that the public at large, and the Government as the representative of the people, should make a really earnest attempt to put an end to a condition of affairs upon the plains which is not creditable to the nation.

A HIGH-TONED JENKINS.

We published, a few days ago, an extract from an article in a late number of Scribner's Monthly, describing a visit to the famous novelist Dumas, which was written by Mr. Bigelow, formerly United States Consul and, for some time, United States Minister at Paris, as well as ex-editor of the New York Evening Post and of the New York Times. The article itself is piquant and entertaining; but, in view of the nature of its disclosures, it will afford a new illustration of the risks which every public man encounters when he ventures to invite a New York or New England journalist or writer to partake of his domestic hospitalities. Bigelow has occupied high official as well as high editorial positions, and he ought to know how far the boundaries of private life can properly be invaded by professional writers, more especially when such invasions involve a breach of official confidence. The Arabs have a way of respecting the life and property of any stranger guest who has eaten salt with them in their tents, but Mr. Bigelow, late American Minister at Paris, appears to be incapable of comprehending that a guest can be under any obligations to refrain from telling the world all that he sees or hears at a private breakfast-table, to which he was invited under the impression that he possessed some of the instincts of a gentleman. Like N. P. Willis and Harriet Beecher Stowe, Bigelow regards details of private life which he ascertained in a confidential or semi-confidential way as literary property, to be freely disposed of to the highest bidder. He does not seem to understand that there is any impropriety in laying bare the secret motives and wishes of his host, and the peculiarities of his habits and demeanor, or that he is under any greater restrictions than a local reporter, interviewer, or Jenkins. European writers of acknowledged reputation who wished to discuss with equal freedom their contemporaries (and especially those writers who had gained their information while they occupied official positions), have usually provided by will that such comments should appear as posthumous publications at some remote period after the death of the writer, and the death of those whose secrets or infirmities were disclosed. The feeling that this is the proper course is so strong in Europe, that strong objections have been made to the introduction in fiction, under fictitious names, of sufficiently accurate descriptions of living men and women to enable their portraits to be recognized in private circles. But no such feeling restrains Bigelow; and in view of what he tells of the hopes and habits of Dumas, there is no reason why he should not disclose all the family secrets of any Parisian who was unfortunate enough to make his acquaintance while he was acting as American Minister. We believe, however, that in spite of such notable exceptions as Willis, Harriet Beecher Stowe, and Bigelow, there are plenty of good American writers gifted with a sense of the proprieties of life and of the necessity of avoiding some of the innumerable topics brought to their notice.

WHEN Russia announced her determination to be no longer bound by the treaty of 1856, which excluded her navy from the Black Sea, there was a furious burst of rage and indignation in England; and, to judge from all the external signs another great war was imminent. Russia, however, knew that her opportunity had arrived, and was determined to have her own way by fair means or by force. The British lion was soothed by means of pacific diplomatic notes, and the upshot of the whole affair was that a conference was held and Russia obtained all she asked for. A great war was avoided, to the intense gratification of all Englishmen who knew how unprepared they were to go into a contest, and to the intense disgust of those who are obliged to witness the downfall of British power and influence in Europe without being able to do anything to prevent it. Considering all the circumstances of the case, it is painful to find a man of the influence of Sir Charles Dilke getting up in the House of Commons and denouncing the action of Russia, and blaming Earl Granville for consenting to reopen the Black Sea question in the London Conference. Denunciation of Russia will not help matters a bit, but will make Gortschakoff smile, as General Butler must have smiled at Disraeli's remarks about the discourteous treatment of England by the American House of Representatives in general and B. F. Butler in particular. The British Foreign Minister did the best he could to settle the Black Sea question in a manner not absolutely disgraceful to the Government and nation he represented, and having done his part, he deserves credit rather than censure. All the blatant orators of the House of Commons together could have done nothing to alter the results of the conference, but they might easily have complicated matters, and made the British position much worse than it really was. Sir Charles Dilke said, according to the cable despatch, that the result of the conference was inevitable, owing to collusion between Russia and Prussia. This is very probable; but so long as the English Government could not help itself, it would seem to be the part of wisdom for English orators to endeavor to conceal their mortification over an event that they were unable to obviate.

NOTICES.

READY FOR SPRING BUSINESS! READY FOR SPRING BUSINESS! READY FOR SPRING BUSINESS! ANNOUNCEMENT EXTRAORDINARY! ANNOUNCEMENT EXTRAORDINARY! ANNOUNCEMENT EXTRAORDINARY! OUR STOCK HAS BEEN RE-ARRANGED, OUR STOCK HAS BEEN RE-ARRANGED, AND WE ARE NOW READY TO SHOW OUR NEW SPRING STYLES IN GENTLEMEN'S AND BOYS' FINE READY-MADE CLOTHING. OUR STOCK IS IMMENSE, OUR STOCK IS IMMENSE, OUR ASSORTMENT IS COMPLETE, OUR ASSORTMENT IS COMPLETE, OUR PATTERNS ARE BEAUTIFUL, OUR PATTERNS ARE BEAUTIFUL, OUR COLORS ARE EXQUISITE, OUR COLORS ARE EXQUISITE, OUR QUALITIES ARE DURABLE, OUR QUALITIES ARE DURABLE, OUR SHAPES ARE NEW, OUR SHAPES ARE NEW, OUR FITS ARE PERFECT, OUR FITS ARE PERFECT, OUR MAKE IS THE BEST, OUR MAKE IS THE BEST, OUR PRICES ARE THE LOWEST, OUR PRICES ARE THE LOWEST.

WE NEVER HAVE HAD SUCH A GRAND DISPLAY OF NEW THINGS. IN OUR CHILDREN'S DEPARTMENT ARE MANY ENTIRELY NEW IDEAS IN FANCY SUITS FOR BOYS OF 2 YEARS OF AGE AND UPWARDS. CHILDREN'S FANCY STRIPED SUITS, CHILDREN'S CONTINENTALS, CHILDREN'S KNEE-BREECHES, CHILDREN'S PRINCE IMPERIALS, ETC. BOYS' JACKETS AND PANTS FOR SUNDAYS, BOYS' JACKETS AND PANTS FOR SCHOOL, YOUTHS' FINE DRESS SUITS, YOUTHS' NEW DERBY SACES, YOUTHS' STRIPED CASSIMERE SUITS, YOUTHS' CHESTERFIELDS, GENTS' FINE BLACK DRESS SUITS, GENTS' ELEGANT NEW FINE CHESTERFIELDS, GENTS' FANCY CASSIMERE SUITS, GENTS' STRIPED CASSIMERE SUITS, GENTS' MEDIUM-WEIGHT BUSINESS SUITS, GENTS' DURABLE WORKING SUITS, SPRING OVERCOATS, SPRING OVERCOATS, \$20. WANAMAKER & BROWN, WANAMAKER & BROWN, OAK HALL, OAK HALL, OAK HALL, OAK HALL, THE LARGEST CLOTHING HOUSE IN AMERICA, THE LARGEST CLOTHING HOUSE IN AMERICA, S. E. CORNER SIXTH AND MARKET STREETS.

THE SUDDEN CHANGES OF TEMPERATURE, together with the searching winds which are now so common, are causing severe Colds to prevail everywhere, and laying the foundations for many cases of Inflammation of the Lungs, Pleurisy, Asthma, and other Lung Disorders. Prudent people should now take special precautions to avoid unnecessary exposure, and if unfortunate enough to contract Colds, would do well to resort at once to Dr. Jayne's Expectant, a safe and reliable remedy, which will not only promptly cure Coughs and Colds, but will relieve and strengthen the Pulmonary and Bronchial organs, and remove all dangerous symptoms. Sold everywhere.

CHECK-PUNCTURING MACHINES.—Our readers are referred to the advertisement in another column of the Check-puncturing Company, of which Mr. George W. Holmes, Jr., No. 30 1/2 North Fifth street, is the general agent. The puncturing machines manufactured by this company are endorsed as the best contrivances for the puncturing of commercial paper, checks, drafts, etc., before the public, by Hon. F. E. Spinner, Treasurer of the United States; J. H. Saville, Esq., Chief Clerk of the Treasury Department; and all the principal officers of the Treasury Department, as well as by many of our leading bankers, merchants, and others.

NO CURE, NO PAY.—FORRESTER'S JUNIPER TABLETS FOR Coughs, Whooping Cough, Asthma, Bronchitis, Sore Throat, Spitting of Blood and Lung Diseases. Immediate relief and positive cure, or price refunded. N. B.—The only genuine is prepared by Dr. J. Mason Forrester & Co., since 1862. For sale by French, Richards & Co., Tenth and Market, and A. M. Wilson, Ninth and Filbert. Price 50 cents.

FISH. EXTRA NEW MESS MACREREL, YARMOUTH BLOATERS, SPICED AND FRESH SALMON. E. BRADFORD CLARKE, (SUCCESSOR TO SIMON COLTON & CLARKE.) S. W. Corner BROAD and WALNUT, 1st 1/2 street PHILADELPHIA. FINANCIAL.

To Bank Depositors, Government Bond Holders, AND The Business Public Generally— TO ALL WHO DEAL IN STOCKS— TO ALL WHO DRAW CHECKS, ORDERS, OR NOTES— TO ALL WHO HAVE DEALT OR DESIRE TO DEAL IN GOVERNMENT BONDS OR OTHER SECURITIES, LIABLE TO BE ALTERED IN NUMBER OR AMOUNT, OR STOLEN— TO ALL WHO HAVE BOOKS AND LEDGER BALANCES, ALSO LIABLE TO ALTERATION— TO ALL LIFE AND FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES— TO ALL WHO EXPECT TO HAVE PROPERTY TO BEQUEATH BY WILL, AND DO NOT WISH THE LEGATEE'S NAME CHANGED, OR THE BEQUEST INCREASED— WE SAY, PROVIDE YOURSELF WITH THE "CHECK PUNCTURER," EITHER ROLLER OR STAMP.

IT IS SIMPLE, IT IS CONVENIENT; THE ROLLER CAN BE CARRIED IN THE POCCKET. IT IS ENDORSED AND ITS USE RECOMMENDED BY THE PROMINENT BANKERS AND OFFICIALS IN THE COUNTRY. SEE CIRCULAR BELOW. IT IS WITHIN THE REACH OF ALL. \$3.00 and \$5.00.

TREASURY OF THE UNITED STATES, CASH DIVISION, WASHINGTON, D. C., March 22, 1871. HON. F. E. SPINNER, TREASURER UNITED STATES. Dear Sir:—We, the undersigned, have given the "Puncturing Machines," shown us by Mr. G. W. Holmes, Jr., of Philadelphia, our personal attention, and, having given it every test our judgment suggested, we approve and recommend its adoption as a means for preventing the alteration of Government Bonds and Securities:— L. P. TUTTLE, Assistant Treasurer United States. A. U. WYMAN, Cashier United States Treasury. FRANK JONES, Assistant Cashier United States Treasury. J. W. WHELPLEY, Teller United States Treasury. H. A. WHITNEY, Currency Teller United States Treasury. H. JERMON, Chief Loan Division.

I have examined the above instruments and believe them to be the best machines for the purpose which have been brought to my attention. J. H. SAVILLE, Chief Clerk Treasury Department.

I concur in the opinion of the persons in this office who have signed the above recommendations. F. E. SPINNER, Treasurer United States.

We, the undersigned, having examined the Puncturing Machines shown us by George W. Holmes, Jr., of Philadelphia, have no hesitation in saying that such use and application in puncturing Commercial Paper, such as checks, drafts, etc., will be an effectual safeguard against the alteration of such instruments. They are simple in construction, convenient for use, and we would recommend their adoption by all persons whose business requires papers to be in circulation which are liable to be altered in amount, and especially bankers and acceptors. Philadelphia National Bank, Bank of North America, Mechanics' National Bank, First National Bank, Western National Bank, Commonwealth National Bank, Corn Exchange National Bank, Union National Bank, Central National Bank, Tradesmen's National Bank, Fourth National Bank, National Bank Republic, Manufacturers' National Bank, Penn National Bank, Kensington National Bank, Eighth National Bank, National Bank of Northern Liberties, Consolidation National Bank, Third National Bank, Sixth National Bank, National Security Bank, Bank of America, Union Banking Company, First National Bank, Camden, N. J., Fidelity Insurance, Trust, and Safe Deposit Company, Philadelphia Trust and Safe Deposit Company, GEORGE E. STEPHENSON, Assistant Treasurer United States, Philadelphia.

JAY COOKE & CO., Bankers, DIRECTOR & CO., Bankers, E. W. CLARK & CO., Bankers, THOMAS R. DAVIS, Auditor Penna. R. R. Co. CHARLES MAGARIE & CO., Nos 89, 93 and 34 South Sixth Street, Bankers. J. B. LIPPINCOTT & CO., Nos. 715 and 717 Market street. W. F. MURPHY'S SONS, Bank Stationers. H. H. BINGHAM, Postmaster, Philadelphia. E. COLEMAN, Sup't Adams Express, Phila. They are also endorsed by Banks of New York, Washington, and other cities, and by the mercantile community in general. The Check Puncturing Company.

GEO. W. HOLMES, JR., GENERAL AGENT FOR THE UNITED STATES. OFFICE, No. 30 1/2 North FIFTH ST., PHILADELPHIA.

THE PHILADELPHIA CLOTH HOUSE, N. W. Corner of NINTH and MARKET Streets.

HANDSOME SPRING CASSIMERES. FINE DIAGONAL COATINGS. GENUINE SCOTCH CHEVIOTS. Just received, a large invoice of LUPIN'S BLACK DRAPS D'ETE, FOR LADIES' EMBROIDERED SACQUES. WILLIAM T. SNODGRASS & CO., N. W. Corner of Ninth and Market Streets.

FINE Curtain Materials. NEW LACE Curtains and Shades WALRAVEN, MASONIC HALL, No. 719 CHESNUT St., PHILADELPHIA.

J. F. & E. B. ORNE, 904 CHESNUT STREET, Spring Importations CHINA MATTINGS. Novelties in Fancy Styles Fine White and Red Checked, In all Widths.

FINANCIAL. HAVING BEEN APPOINTED AGENTS FOR THE SALE AND EXCHANGE OF THE NEW UNITED STATES LOAN, We would tender our services to investors or holders of old loans desiring to make exchange. DREXEL & CO., No. 34 SOUTH THIRD STREET, PHILADELPHIA.

LADIES' HUMAN HAIR EMPORIUM; No. 7 S. TENTH STREET. Having opened a new and splendid store for the accommodation of the ladies who desire fine HAIR WORK, the best talent that can be procured is employed in this line of business, who have had twelve years' experience in France and Germany, making up all the various designs of HAIR FROM COMBS, which some have the presumption to claim as their inventions. The ability of MISS WEEKS in HAIR DRESSING is acknowledged by all who have seen her stand unrivalled. (41st 29th) G. F. WEEKS.

J. F. & E. B. ORNE, 904 CHESNUT STREET, FRENCH AXMINSTER MOQUETTE CARPET, \$3.25 PER YARD.

AMERICAN STEAM SAFE CO., No. 32 S. FOURTH St., PHILADELPHIA, SOLE MANUFACTURERS OF STEAM FIRE-PROOF SAFES, SANBORN'S PATENT Bank Vaults, Burglar-Proof Safes, ETC. ETC., Of Welded Steel and Iron, with Sargent's, Inham's, and Philard's Locks. SILVER SAFES, EXPRESS BOXES, Etc., built to order. J. F. & E. B. ORNE, 904 CHESNUT STREET, Just Received, 500 PIECES Spring Styles English Brussels Carpets.

EDWARD PONTI & CO., IMPORTERS OF FOREIGN PRODUCE, Wines, Oils, Fruits, Cigars, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL, No. 904 WALNUT Street, PHILADELPHIA. (29th) JAMES W. HAVENS, EDWARD PONTI, 1871. FOR SALE—A DARK BROWN HORSE, very handsome and spirited, and warranted perfectly sound. Apply to W. H. B., No. 311 WALNUT Street, \$300.

JUST OPENED. A LARGE INVOICE OF English Work Baskets, WITH FITTINGS COMPLETE, Just received by steamer Russia. J. E. CALDWELL & CO., JEWELLERS, No. 902 CHESNUT Street, PHILADELPHIA.

J. F. & E. B. ORNE, 904 CHESNUT STREET, Fresh Imported, 100 PIECES YARD and a half wide VELVETS. 1000 PIECES ENGLISH TAPESTRY, ALL THE NEW STYLES OF THE SEASON. Moderate Prices.

CHINA, GLASSWARE, ETC. GAY'S CHINA PALACE Removed from 1012 to No. 1109 CHESNUT Street. Opening of the New Store Monday, March 13. An entire new Stock imported and selected by Mr. Gay in Europe, to which the attention of the Public is invited. We will commence in our New Store on MONDAY, and offer goods at a great reduction on former prices. White French China Dining Sets, 157 pieces... \$18-00 White French China Tea Sets, 44 pieces... 6-75 White French China Tea Sets, 46 pieces... 6-75 Stone China Dining Sets, 85 pieces... 4-75 Stone China Cups and Saucers, per set 12 pieces 50 Table Tumbler, per dozen... 50 Table Goblets, per dozen... 75 Glass Tea Sets (4 articles)... 45 Bohemian Cologne Sets, 3 Bottles and Perf Box 30 An endless variety of Fancy Goods, at an immense reduction from former prices. Goods to go out of the city will be packed and delivered to transportation office free of charge, and insured against breakage to destination. SHOW ROOMS OPEN TILL 9 O'CLOCK AT NIGHT. (15 am wim)