## Evening Telegraph

PUBLISHED EVERY AFTERNOON (SUNDAYS EXCEPTED).

AT THE EVENING TELEGRAPH BUILDING, No. 108 S. THIRD STREET, PHILADELPHIA.

The Price is three cents per copy (double sheet), or eighteen cents per week, payable to the carrier by whom served. The subscription price by mail is Nine Dollars per annum, or One D lla- and Fifty Cents for two months, invariably advance for the time ordered.

TUESDAY, MARCH 28, 1871.

MR. SUMNERS ANTI-SAN DOMINGO WHATEVER may be the inherent value or

the negotiations relating to that proposed acquisition. The sketch he gives of the leaders of Dominics is anything but complimentary. Our own politicians are bad enough, but they are embodiments of virtue when compared with the rulers of the Spanish-American nations, and, more especially, such men as Baez. He has figured during the last eight or ten years as the active ally of the Spaniards in their efforts to establish their dominion over Dominica, as a zealous opponent of annexation to the United States, as a patriot of the first water, as a cruel and sanguinary tyraut, and, finally, as a gigantic real estate speculator, who proposes to transfer his country bedily to the United States Government. The principal portion of Senator Sumner's speech is made up of an exposure of the tyrannies, perfidies, and rescalities of Baez, and of a series of complaints that the naval power of this country was improperly employed to maintain his authority while the negotiations with the United States were pending. All these points seem to be clearly established. There can be no doubt that Baez is a cruel and unprincipled scoundrel; that the Dominicans, either through their own inherent efforts or by the aid of the Haytiens, would have deposed him during the last year, if American war vessels had not propped up his shadowy authority; and that the administration i-sued orders and rendered assistance to Baez of such a character that it is amenable to caustic criticism. It is probable that some of these acts may be, in part, explained by the defenders of the Presidential policy; and it is only fair that their responses should be duly considered before final judgment is passed on this part of the controversy; but as matters stand now, there are apparently good grounds for the belief that American fleets have been maintaining a usurper in office for the purpose of enhim to sell to us country. The alleged violations of international law connected with such a transaction, upon which Senator Sumner lays great stress, are of even less importance than their probable bearing upon the practical value of Dominica. We bought Florida from the Spaniards, but the long fight with the Seminoles cost the nation more money than the territory was ever worth; and if the Dominicans, in consequence of a belief that Basz has betrayed them, or from any other caus, resist the enforcement our authority, they may prove as worthless and as troublesome as the Seminoles. That they do not lack the power, even when under chicken-thief leaders like Cabral, to wage hostilities in an effective manner, is proved by their recent successful resistance to Spain: and it is not pleasant to contemplate the prospect that we would be compelled to wage a war like that continued for years in Florida, or like the wars waged by Spain against the Cuban insurgents and against the Dominicans. If our first step after annexation must be the massacre of an insurgent population capable of prolonging a struggle indefinitely by a retreat into interior mountains or swamps, we may well shrink from a policy that would entail such repulsive, distasteful, and cruel duties. The forthcoming report of the commissioners sent to Dominica may throw additional light upon the sentiments of the masses of that country; but it will be hardly safe to place implicit reliance upon their opinions. With the results of the experiment made by Napoleon and Maximilian in Mexico, and a foreknowledge of the defeat of the effort to re-establish Spanish authority over Dominica, which was apparently commenced with the unanimous consent of the people interested, we may well pause, in view of the complications described in Samner's speech, before we accept the black elephant tendered by Baez.

THE CABLE REPORTS from France indicate that the revolutionary movement has spread from Paris to other leading towns, and the late elections in Paris bave resulted in Communist triumphs, partly on account of the absence of the friends of law and order from the polls. Although the authority of M. Thiers is supposed to be seriously menaced by these events, it is by no means certain that it will necessarily be overthrown. The existing Government lacks, above all other things, soldiers in whom it can confide; and continuance of its authority seems to hinge upon its ability to speedily organize a trustworthy army. Under similar circumstances, in the United States, hundreds of thousands of reliable volunteers would rush to the defense of an Assembly chosen by the whole nation; but it is impossible to predict what Frenchmen may or may not do.

THE BROAD STREET RAILROAD BILL WAS DO. gatively reported in the Legislature yesterday. It is to be hoped that this is the last THE PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

THE anti-Penn Squareites having held their indignation meeting without apparently con-

vincing anybody but themselves-i. c. the

property-holders about Washington and Independence Squares-of the iniquity of the socalled "intersection job;" having set off their fireworks without exciting any enthusiasm except among a small crowd of small boys; having instigated a corruption investigation which has come to nothing, for the reason that no witnesses can be found to substantiate the accusations so boldly put forth in the anti-Penn Square organ; and having now, it wond seem exhausted both argument and vituperation, it is to be hoped that the commissioners will, uninfluenced by factious clamor, past, present, or prospective, go to work and erect the public buildings where the people have said that they shall be erected, without further delay. The Legislature took the one proper course to settle definitely and forever the controversy with regard to the site for the new public worthlessness of Dominica, it is impossible buildings by submitting the subject to the to read Senstor Sumner's speech without vote of the citizens of Philadelphia. Every coming to the conclusion that very irregular man, woman, and child in Philadelphia knows and improper means have been resorted to in how the election resulted, and the choice of Penn Square by an overwhelming majority ought to have put a stop to all further agitation. The attempt of the property-holders whose incomes would probably be affected by the removal of the public offices from their present location to nullify the decision of the citizens of Philadelphia is one of the most shameless and impudent violations of the fundamental principle of republicanism that has ever occurred in this or any other community. The motives of those who have opposed the plans of the commission have been so utterly transparent that their arguments have been deprived of any force they would have had under other circumstances, and the whole effect of the post-election controversy has been to confirm those who voted for Penn Square in the opinion that they made a proper decision last October. We do not blame the Washington Square property-holders for wishing to hold fast to their present good things, but it certainly cannot be expected that the entire city of Philadelphia must be inconvenienced in order to oblige a small coterie of individuals who are engaged in the lucrative business of letting out lawyers' offices at exorbitant rates. This would be carrying the principle of accommodation entirely too far, and while the desolate owners of buildings in the neighborhood of Fifth and Sixth and Chesnut and Walnut streets have our sincere sympathies in their misfortune, we must deprecate the manner in which they have endeavored to obstruct a great public enterprise in order that their private interests might be benefited.

The present seasonable weather should be taken advantage of by the Building Commissioners to commence the work of digging the cellar and laying the foundations, in order that it may be well advanced before next winter. If the work is delayed until the commissioners cease to be criticized, it will never ommence at all; and it should be remem bered that all the clamor which has been raised since the election has been with a view of preventing the public buildings from being removed from their present location. The commissioners will not be doing their duty if they allow themselves any longer to be impeded in the important work which they have in hand by the Chinese thunder of the anti-Penn Squareites; and if we are ever to have public buildings suitable to the dignity of the city, and which will afford decent accommodations for our courts and municipal offices they should be commenced at once and finished as rapidly as possible.

THE INCOME TAX RETURNS. WE published yesterday a remarkable editorial article from the New York Tribune concerning the changes in the law regulating the assessment and collection of the income tax, and the fact that the Commissioner of Internal Revenue, in preparing the blanks for the returns, had overlooked these changes, General Pleasanton, whose manly efforts to secure the repeal of the tax have not been lost sight of by the people, has promptly rectified the mistake made at the outset. His decision modifying the original form of return will be found on another page, and every person who has not yet made his return should read it before submitting answers to the impertinent questions embraced in the blanks recently distributed by the assistant assessors. The Commissioner fully meets the point made in reference to the details of income, by authorizing a form of return which simply requires a statement of the net income liable to taxation. In reference, however, to the cases of those whose gross incomes did not exceed \$2000 during 1870, the Commissioner fails to give all the relief that was demanded. A portion of the affidavit has been stricken out, but every person whose income did not exceed \$2000 is still required to make an affidavit to the effect that he "was not possessed of an income valued in the United States legal-tender currency liable to be assessed according to the provisions of the act of July 14, 1870." As was shown by the Tribune article, there is no authority of law for the exaction of any return whatever in such cases. Whether or not it is desirable for the people to defy the Commissioner by neglecting to make the return, is a matter for individual decision. Many will doubtless prefer to hunt up the assistant assessor to avoid all possibility of trouble, while others will be prompted to rely upon their rights as citizens and refuse compliance with an unwarranted decision of the Commissioner.

THE ENGLISH HOUSE OF LORDS is determined to preserve intact all the legacies of the Middle Ages. Last night the bill legalizing marriage with a deceased wife's sister, previously passed by the House of Commons. came up for final disposition, but only to be rejected, after a lengthy discussion. The prohibition is repeatedly violated in England, it is opposed to the spirit of the age, and the House of Lords, by its adverse action, has simply aimed another blow at its own sta-

SMITH, THE "ROOSTER," has pneumatic tubes on the brain. Yesterday afternoon he introduced in the Legislature a bill authorizing the construction of pneumatic tubes under the city of Philadelphia and under the Delaware river. If this bill should become a law, it is to be hoped that Smith will be at once injected into his submarine network, and kept moving back and forth under ground until be gets his fill of pneumatics. Perhaps it would be a good thing to authorize the construction of a pneumatic tube under the Atlantic to San Domingo, when we could rid ourselves forever of Smith by shooting him down into the tropics.

OBITUARY.

McKean Buchanan, Paymaster U. S. N. McKean Buchanan, a distinguished United States naval officer, died recently at Charlestown, Mass. He held the office of paymaster, and was one of the oldest of that rank in the service, being in his seventy-third year. He was a native of Baltimore, a son of Dr. George Buchanan, and grandson of Thomas McKean, one of the signers of the Declaration of Independence, and afterwards a Governor of this Commonwealth. Mr. Buchanan was commissioned as purser in the navy by President Adams in 1826. Since that time he has seen thirty-two and a half years of active service, one-half of which time was spent at sea. He made four cruises to the Pacific and one voyage around the world in the sloop Vincennes, which trip was the first of the kind made by any American manof-war. In 1861 he was on board the frigate Congress when it engaged with and was disabled by the Rebel iron-clad Merrimac in Hampton Roads. In that deadly naval battle he commanded the berth-deck division of his vessel. This was his final service afloat. By the law of December, 1861, he was placed on the retired list by reason of his age, but on account of his great abilities he was kept in active service until within a short time of his death.

John Tappan, a distinguished and venerable merchant of Boston, better known as President and Treasurer of the American Tract Society, which office he held for forty years, died on Saturday last, at his residence near that city. At the time of his death he was nearly ninety years of age. His native place was Northampton, but he went to Boston about the year 1799, and has since remained there. After a short but very successful business career, he retired upon a competency as early as 1825. He has since held several offices of business honor and trust in the city. He was at one time a religious follower of Dr. Channing, but afterwards returned to the orthodox faith. He held the most responsible office of the Trac: Society, and was always interested in foreign missions, holding the position of member of the Prudential Committee of the American Board. To this cause, as well as to many others, he was always a liberal contributo. He also held offices in other religious and benevolent institutions, and was a prominent and early advocate of the temperance movement.

NOTICES.

OVERCOATS, OVEL COATS FOR SPRING. OVERCOATS,

ALL THE NEW STYLES

BEAUTIFUL, FRESH SPRING SUITS, BRAUTIFUL, FRESH SPRING SUITS, BEAUTIFUL, FRESH SPRING SUITS,

BUSINESS OR DRESS. BOYS' ALL-WOOL SUITS, BOYS' ALL-WOOL SUITS, BOYS' ALL-WOOL SUITS,

SUNDAYS AND WEEKDAYS. SUNDAYS AND WREKDAYS. VERY CHEAP. VERY DURABLE AND VERY DURABLE AND VERY CHEAP. IMMENSE ASSORTMENT OF CHILDREN'S FANCY SUITS,

IMMENSE ASSORTMENT OF CHILDREN'S FANCY SUITS,

ON THE FIRST FLOOR.

FOR

WANAMAKER & BROWN'S. WANAMAKER & BROWN'S. WANAMAKER & BROWN'S, OAK HALL.

OAK HALL, THE POPULAR CLOTHING HOUSE, S. E. COBNER SIXTH AND MARKET STREETS,

THE SUDDEN CHANGES OF TEMPERATURE, together with the searching winds which are now so common are causing severe Colds to prevail everywhere, and laying the foundations for many cases of Inflammation of the Lungs, Pleurisy, Asthma, and other Lung Disorders. Prudent people should now take especial precautions to avoid unnecessary exposure, and if unfortunate enough to contract Colds, would do well to resort at once to Dr. Jayne's Expectorant, a safe and reliable remedy, which will not only promptly cure Coughs and Colds, but will relieve and strengthen the Pulmonary and Bronchia organs, and remove all dangerous symptoms. Sold

FISH.

EXTRA NEW MESS MACKEREL,

YARMOUTH BLOATERS,

SPICED AND FRESH SALMON

## E. BRADFORD CLARKE,

(SUCCESSOR TO SIMON COLTON & CLARKE,)

S. W. Corner BROAD and WALNUT, 1 81 tuthstf4p PHILADESPHIA.

HAVING BEEN APPOINTED AGENTS FOR THE SALE AND EXCHANGE

OF THE

## NEW UNITED STATES LOAN,

We would tender our services to investors or holders of old loans destring to make exchange.

DREXEL & CO.,

No. 34 SOUTH THIRD STREET,

By the Bachelor's Barge Club, The Four-oared Outrigger Barge Lotus

PHILADELPHIA

With oars and furniture, all in excellent condition. H. P. ATKINSON. Apply to No. 83 North THIRD Street. 3 28 tuth2t\*4p

SEWING MACHINES.

WHEELER & WILSON SEWENG MACHENE.

For Sale on Easy Terms.

NO. 914 CHESNUT STREET. PHILADELPHIA.

OLOTHING.

The Popular Clothiers!

Custom Department

GREAT BROWN HALL.

In Full Blast With Choice Varieties Of Foreign and American Fabrica

Of Every Grade,

Bvery Etyle, Every Color, Every Description.

CHEAP! PROMPT!

ROCKHILL & WILSON.

603 and 605 CHESNUT STREET.



With a Stock of Goods From which any and every one may SEE AND SELECT The fabric and style that best suits HIS FANCY, With able and long-tried CUTTERS To do justice to that choice, And with the best skilled WORKMEN To finish it all. We lay our claims for patronage Before the Public.

PIANOS.

## Steinway &

Grand Square and Upright Pianos. Special attention is called to their ne Patent Upright Pianos. With Double Iron Frame, Patent Resonator, Tubular Metal Frame Action, etc., which are matchiess in Tone and Touch, and unrivalled in durability.

CHARLES BLASIUS.

WAREROOMS,

No. 1006 CHESNUT STREET, PHILADELPHIA.

PIANOS AND ORGANS. BAINES' BROS',

MASON AND HAMLIN'S CABINET ORGANS. GOULD & FISCHER.

CHICKERING SONS' Grand, Equare and Upright Pianos.

GREAT REDUCTION. FIXED PRICES.

DUTTON'S PIANO ROOMS, Nos. 1126 and 1128 CHESNUT St.

HARDWARE, ETO.

CUMBERLAND NAILS \$4'40 Per Keg. These Nails are known to be the best in the market

All Nails, no waste, and cost no more than other brands.

Each keg warranted to contain 100 pounds of Nalls Also, a large assortment of fine Hinges, Locks, and Knoba. Salid Bronze, suitable for first-class build-ings, at the great

Cheap-for-Cash Hardware Store

J. B. SHANNON,

No. 1009 MARKET Street.

EDWARD PONTI & CO., IMPORTERS OF FOREIGN PRODUCE, Wines, Oils, Fruits, Cigars, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL, No. 904 WALNUT Street,

PHILADELPHIA.

EDWARD PONTI. [3 275] JAMES W. HAVENS,

M A R C H 2 0 T H, 1 8 7 1,

MESSES, COPELAND & BROWNING—

GENTLEMEN:—

The Building Committee, and the Trustees of the
Arch Street Methodist Episcopal Church, take this
method of expressing to 'ou their appreciation of
the faitafumess with which you have fulfilled your
contract with them for the erection of their church
building.

contract with them for the erection of their church building.

We believe you have compiled with your contract in letter and in spirit. The result is all we could have hoped for, and in these days of severe competition, with so much contract work imperfectly done, is more than we expected. As ye, no sign of any crack indicating settling of the work is apparent, not even in the spire, with its estimated weight from foundation to finead of from 2800 to 3000 tons.

Those of us whose duties required us to be more frequently in business relations with you accord you the merit of pleasant and obliging attention to our suggestions, and to those of Mr. A. Futton, the Architect, and offer ourselves as references to others who may feel disposed to contract with you for the erection of buildings.

This note, unsolidings.

On behalf of the Board of Trustees of the Arch Street M. E. Church.

JOHN WHITEMAN, President.

J. M. LONGACRF, Secretary.

10

PEABODY & WESTON.

No. 723 CHESNUT Street.

CARPET HOUSE.

A visit to our Store will convince any one that we are prepared to offer

Creat Bargains and Special Inducements to Cash Purchasers in Carpetings.

HAVING A LARGE LOT OF

Ingrain, Tapestry Brussels and Body Brussels

Consigned to us for our special account, we can sell them at same prices as they are bought wholesale at in New York. This we guarantee,

> INGRAINS at 75 cents per yard, all wool. TAPESTRY BRUSSELS, \$1.12 per yard. OTHER GOODS JUST AS LOW

> > PEABODY & WESTON.

No. 723 CHESNUT Street, pext door to Masonic Hall.

JEWELRY AND SILVERWARE.

OPENING.

J. M. HAFLEIGH,

Nos. 1012 and 1014 ChESNUT St.

Will Exhibit

Spring Styles

MONDAY, Marca 27.

"TBORNLEY'S

Eighteenth Anniversary.

For eighteen years we have been on SPRING GARDEN St, and smid the reutations of Time we have went steadily on adding to our long and respectacle list of FIRST-CLASS customers (and to our exchaquer, of course) for all of which we to-day present our

ANNIVERSARY THANKS.

And say that never in al. the past have we offered a

more complete stock of

Dry Goods

Than we have the pleasure of now presenting before

the public.

SOME SPECIALTIES.

RICH LINEN TABLE DAMASKS,

JOSEPH H. THORNLEY.

NORTHEAST CORNER OF

EIGHTH and SPRING GARDEN Sts.,

727 CHESNUT STREET. 727

ALEXANDER RICKEY.

Importer, Jobber, and Re-

tailer of Dry Goods.

DEPOT FOR THE SALE OF CHOICE FABRICS

IN DRY GOODS,

AT POPULAR PRICES.

STOCK DAILY REPLENISHED

With the CHEAPEST and CHOICEST OFFERINGS

of this and other markets.

ALEXANDER RICKEY.

WAT LINEN SHEETINGS.

A CASE OF SUPERIOR QUALITY

BARNSLEY SHEETINGS.

Ordered by us, have just come to hand, but

WETTED ON THE VOYAGE.

PERKINS & CO.,

No. 9 South NINTH Street.

WATCHES, JEWELRY, ETO.

NEW YORK WATCH COMPANY'S

WATCHES.

(Factory, Springueld, Masa.

In presenting their Watches to the American pub-

lic, we do no with the knowledge that in point of finish

and time-keeping qualities they are superior for the

ALEX. R. HARPER & BRO.,

price to any Watch made in this country.

we will offer great inducements to purchasers.

As no injury will result if immediately washed out,

No. 727 CHESNUT Street.

PHILADELPHIA.

MUSLINS, CASSIMERES, FLANNELS, B.C.

NEW AND BRAUTIFUL SHAWLS,

PHILADELPHIA.

SPRING DRESS GOODS.

MARSEILLES AND OTHER QUILTS,

BLACK SILKS,

1871

JUST OPENED.

A LARGE INVOICE OF

English Work Baskets.

WITH FITTINGS COMPLETE,

Just received by steamer Russia.

J. E. CALDWELL & CO.,

JEWELLERS,

No. 902 CHESNUT Street, Ladies' Suits and Sacques,

PHILADELPHIA. 8 18 stuth OURTAINS AND SHADES.

FINE

Curtain Materials. NEW LACE

Curtains and Shades

WALRAVEN,

MASONIC HALL.

No. 719 CHESNUT St.,

PHILADELPHIA. HOSIERY.

COOK & BROTHER, No. 53 N. EIGHTM 8 rest,



(TRADE-MARK.)

RETAILERS

HOSIERY GOODS Exclusively of their own importation.

Just received, by steamer China, 8 cases, 450 dozens Children's Fancy Hose, Embracing :4 new and desirable styles, AT LOW RATES. [3 28 tuth3mrp

FIREANDBURGLARPROOFSAFES AMERICAN

STEAM SAFE CO.,

Safe Makers to the United States Government

No. 32 S. FOURTH St., PHILADELPHIA,

SOLE MA ! UFACTURERS

STEAM FIRE-PROOF SAFES.

SANBORN'S PATENT Bank Vaults, Burglar-Proof Safes.

ETC. ETC., Of Welded Steel and Iron, with Sargent's, Isham's, SILVER SAFES, EXPRESS BOXES, Stc., built

8 1 stuth6mrp HYDRAULIC JACKS

MACHINERY,
PRICES REDUCED,
GREATLY IMPROVED PUMP,

Inclosed from dust,
and piston guided top and bottom,
reducing wear fully one-half.
Jacks on hire, from 4 to 100 tons.
PHILIP S JUSTICE.
Shops—SEVENTEENTH and COATES Streets.
Omce—No. 14 N. FIFTH Street. 8 18 stuthim HATS AND CAPS.

WARBURTON'S IMPROVED VENTILATED and easy-fitting DRESS HATS (patented), in all the improved fashions of the season. OHESNUT Street, next door to the rost Office.

2 28 tuths3mrp

For sale by

SLOTUES WRINGERS REPAIRED, No. 1217 MARKET Street (basement).

Successor to John M. Harper. No. 308 CHESNUT STREET, SECOND STORY,

Salesroom of the American Watch,