CITY INTELLIGENCE.

SPICY.

Graeff Finds Fault with Birkinbine's Work—The Latter Demands an Investigation.

The following interesting communications explain a rising unpleasantness between the present Chief and the ex-Chief of the Water Department:—

To the Editor of The Evening Telegraph.

NO. 152 SOUTH FOURTH STREET, PHILADELPHIA, March 16, 1871.—Dear Sir:—The following letter has been addressed to Frederick Graeff, Esq., Chief Engineer of the Water Department, to which he has failed to respond. From Mr. Graeff's official position the charges and implications referred to have a damaging effect upon the reputation as an engineer which I have gained by long experience and close attention. I simply ask an opportunity of refuting them before a properly authorized committee.

Respectfully, H. P. M. BIRKINBINE.

PHILADELPHIA, March 3d, 1871.—F. Graeff, Esq., Chief Engineer of Water Department:—In almost every communication you have made to Councils, or published officially, you have found fault with the work done under my administration as Chief Engineer of the Water Department, or that which was in progress when you took charge of the department. However these statements may advance your personal interest, from your official position they have a damaging effect upon my reputation. Mere assertions on your part, and contradictions on mine, can answer no good purpose, and will only result in destroying confidence in one or both of us. I, therefore, make the request that you join me in asking either the Committee on Water, or Councils, to appoint a special committee to investigate the verity of the statements referred to, and also my communication addressed to Councils October 17, 1867, in answer to your earlier reports.

The questions at issue between us are not only of personal interest, but concern the city; for, if my recommendations were right, and the work in progress judiciously planned, you have sacrificed the interest of the city in the changes you have made, and will sacrifice it still further. If you are right, the confidence so long reposed in me was a mistake, and whatever measure of success attended my administration, or the works constructed by me, was purely accidental or must be attributed to other causes than myself; and it would be but proper that my true character and standing as an engineer should be known to the public. Until this is done, I can but assert that you have been mistaken in the changes made and proposed to be made, and refer to the result of my administration, and the works constructed by me, as an answer to you.

HENRY P. M. BIRKINBINE.

A PERFECT MODEL.

What Kind of a Station House Germantown Possesses—A Rare Chance for the Escape of Prisoners—Interesting to City Councils.

Germantown possesses the model police station house. Last evening, while the telegraph operator was sitting in his room, which is immediately above the prisoners' cells, his attention was aroused by a curious noise proceeding from the wash-closet close at hand. The police were immediately alarmed, and the operator ran to the closet, where he found a prisoner with his head and shoulders protruding from an opening in the floor directly under the sink. He was driven back, and the police then opened his cell. The ceiling of the cell had been previously broken, and a square yard of plaster torn away, exposing the floor above. The dripping of water from the sink above had rotted the boards, so that it was a comparatively easy job to tear away enough to make an opening sufficiently large to enable a man to escape. The water-closet to which the aperture led opens upon the hall-way, and as all the doors were unlocked, there was nothing between the prisoner and liberty except the wakefulness of the operator. Sergeant Topham immediately took measures to secure the prisoner, but this proved no easy matter. The cell where he was confined was already broken open; the other cells in the basement had no staples on the doors, and so could not be locked. The cells in the wing of the hall are protected by iron bars, which have been several times torn from their fastenings, and are not considered safe. In this emergency the only resource was to handcuff the prisoner, which was also a little difficult, as there were no handcuffs. Excellent provisions for a station house(!). Councils should take notice.

THE WILL OF THE LATE JUDGE LEWIS.—The will of the late Judge Ellis Lewis was to-day admitted to probate in the Register of Wills' office. He makes the following bequest to Jefferson College. The will says:—

"Before the property devised to my wife for her life-time is distributed after her death, I direct that the sum of $5000 out of the proceeds of said property be given to the Jefferson Medical College of Philadelphia, for the purpose of establishing and maintaining a class for instruction in medical jurisprudence in said college. No interest is to be paid until the time shall arrive for the payment of the principal, and that sum is to be safely invested by the trustees of the college on interest, until, with the aid of contributions of benevolent citizens, a sum shall be raised sufficient to embark in the undertaking."

FLOODED WITH WATER.—Some of the workmen in the laundry establishment in the upper story of the building at the southwest corner of Third and Wood streets neglected, on leaving the place, to turn off the water last night, and the consequence was that the liquor store on the first floor was thoroughly drenched with water. A couple of policemen noticed the water pouring out from under the front door and they broke into the place and stopped the water. The damage is not ascertained.

THE ASSAILANT OF WASHINGTON SMITH ADMITTED TO BAIL.—The attending physician of Washington Smith, who was shot some time ago at the office of Alderman Snoemaker, having certified before that magistrate that the wounded man is out of danger, the assailant, Thomas Wilsor, has been held in $3000 bail for a further hearing on the sixth of April next. Smith unexpectedly recovered from the relapse which threatened his life a few days ago.

M. J. BALDWIN HAY, U. S. Consul at Jaffa, will deliver a lecture in the chapel of the Church of the Holy Apostles, Twenty-first and Christian streets, on Saturday evening, March 25, 1871, at 8 o'clock. Subject—"Eastern Life and Customs," illustrated by costumes and dresses. Admission free. A collection will be taken up in aid of the American Mission at Jaffa.

HEARTLESS THIEF.—George Wagner, a boarder in house on Levering street, Manayunk, a few days ago stole $10 from a poor woman residing in the same house. The thief was arrested and has been committed by Alderman Diehm.

MRS MARGARET WAFER will arrive in the city to-day from Providence, R. I., to take in charge the remains of her husband, who died in the Episcopal Hospital yesterday from the effects of falling from a train near Frankford.

EXPLOSIVE COAL OIL.—A coal-oil lamp exploded, at 11 o'clock last evening, in the dwelling No. 1709 Wallace street. A portion of the staircase was burned, but otherwise the damage was of small account.

TWO MORE CORNER-LOUNGERS.—A couple of corner-loungers were arrested at Tenth and Master streets last evening. Alderman Allison held the accused in $300 bail each.

DIED.

(*For additional Deaths see Fifth Page.*)

FOERING.—On the 23d instant, SAMUEL D., son of Albert R. and Martha M. Foering, in the 25th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, from the residence of his parents, No. 1423 N. Fifteenth street, on Tuesday morning, the 28th instant, at 10 o'clock.

WEDDING AND ENGAGEMENT RINGS of solid 18-karat fine gold. QUALITY WARRANTED. A full assortment of sizes always on hand. FARR & BROTHER, Makers, No. 324 CHESNUT Street, below Fourth.

FURNITURE, At Your Own Prices. GOULD & CO., Nos. 37 and 39 North SECOND Street, And northeast cor. NINTH and MARKET Sts., Will sell you Furniture at your own prices to make room for the extensive alterations. 3 22 wfm6t8p

THIRD EDITION

LATER FROM EUROPE.

FRENCH REVOLUTION.

Ways of the West.

Movement of Troops.

The Fire in St. Louis.

Public Schools of Missouri.

Accident to Peter Cooper.

Matters at Washington.

Mr. Sumner's Hayti Resolutions.

Execution of a Murderer.

Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc

FROM EUROPE.

Returning Prisoners Refuse to Join the Paris Mobs.

LONDON, March 24.—The London *Times'* special despatch from Versailles says the Montmartreists have stopped a train *en route* with prisoners to Versailles. The released prisoners of the 69th Regiment of the line resisted all the efforts made to induce them to join the insurgents, and upon their arrival at Versailles were received enthusiastically by the authorities, the people, and troops. Their officers were at once promoted. The insurgent committee has arrested one of its own officers, named Lullier.

The Latest Reports.

PARIS, March 24.—Paris is quiet to-day. The shops are all closed, and there are but few pedestrians in the streets. The Civic Guard of Marseilles have seized the telegraphs in that vicinity, and service towards Spain is stopped.

This Afternoon's Quotations.

LONDON, March 24—1·30 P. M.—Consols for money, 92¼; for account, 92¾; American securities quiet and steady.

LONDON, March 24.—Linseed oil, £32 10s.; rosin, 6s. 6d. @ 6s. 9d.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Execution of James Grady.

Despatch to the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, March 24.—James Grady was hanged to-day in the jail yard for the violation of an old lady, which resulted in her death.

Salt, Coal, and Incomes.

Special Despatch to the Evening Telegraph.

WASHINGTON, March 24.—It is proposed to offer the following as an amendment to the Deficiency Appropriation bill when it is taken up in the Senate:—After June 30, 1871, coal and salt may be imported into the United States free of duty, and no tax shall be imposed upon incomes which shall have accrued after December 31, 1870.

The House select committee of nine on

The President's Message,

relative to the South, has been in session three hours, and have not come to any conclusion. The point of difference is the proposition to give the President the additional powers which he asks to have conferred upon him. The Democrats on the committee and in the House will resist this to the end.

It is difficult to determine

How Long the Session will Last,

or whether any measure will be reported by this committee.

Senator Sumner

succeeded to-day, under the ruling of Vice-President Colfax, in getting his resolutions read in open Senate relative to the use of the navy in the ports of Hayti without, as he alleges, the authority of law.

The President's friends, Conkling, Cole, and others, made points of order against the reading of the resolutions, but they were overruled by the Vice-President, who decided in favor of Sumner.

Cole and others denied the allegations of the resolutions, but Sumner gave notice that he was prepared to substantiate every word in the resolutions from the official executive documents.

Grady, the Murderer

of Mrs. Falukner, was hung to-day at noon. The President refused to reprive him, notwithstanding the strong pressure brought to bear on him. About two hundred people witnessed the execution.

FROM THE WEST.

Insurance on the St. Louis Fire.

ST. LOUIS, March 24.—The insurance on the Union Iron Works, burned in South St. Louis yesterday morning, was $9666, in equal amounts in the Enterprise, Philadelphia; Security and Excelsior, New York; St. Paul, Minnesota; and Norwich, Connecticut.

A delegation of the City Councils of Memphis witnessed

A Test of Steam Fire Engines

yesterday, which was satisfactory to them. They will make a further examination of the working of the fire department and the municipal affairs of the city generally, and leave for home this evening.

Public School Matters.

The public school superintendents of Milwaukee, Chicago, Detroit, and Toledo are here looking into the operation of our public school system. They will be joined by superintendents from other places to-day.

Movement of Troops.

Company D, 4th U. S. Infantry, *en route* from Paducah, Kentucky, arrived here from Northern plains. The entire regiment, which has been stationed at posts on and north of the Union Pacific Railroad for the past four years, is now *en route* for service in Kentucky and Tennessee.

Fire in Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, March 24.—A fire broke out in Leopold & Bro.'s cabinet shop on Loraine street, this morning, damaging it, and injuring the building to the amount of $8000 to $10,000.

FROM NEW ENGLAND.

Blasting Accident.

ROCKLAND, Me., March 24.—A premature explosion, while blasting, occurred yesterday, which seriously injured Josiah H. Paine and two boys, sons of Joseph Clark, and they will probably lose their eyesight.

FROM NEW YORK.

Accident to Peter Cooper.

NEW YORK, March 24.—The venerable Peter Cooper was thrown from his carriage, in Liberty street, to-day, but fortunately escaped without serious injuries.

Arrest of a Railway Thief.

The Morris and Essex Railroad have for some weeks past been constantly losing small packages on their line, and a strict watch was accordingly instituted, and resulted in the arrest, last evening, of Edwin Forrester, John Sheehan, and Ralph Clark, employees of the company, at Pier 14, North River, under John H. Starin, Transfer Agent. The prisoners were arraigned before Justice Hogan this morning, at the Tombs, and remanded for examination.

FROM NEW JERSEY.

The Jersey City Charter Vetoed.

TRENTON, March 24.—The Governor has vetoed the Jersey City charter on the ground of its being unconstitutional in many points, and also exempting the city bonds from taxation. The veto covers three pages of printed foolscap. Both houses adjourned at noon. The disputed motion of last night has been made the special order for Tuesday morning. The Senate has recalled from the House and the House from the Governor the supplement to the Paterson and Newark Railroad Company.

FROM THE DOMINION.

Duties on Flour, Grain, Salt, and Coal.

OTTAWA, March 24.—The Finance Minister stated in the Commons last night, that the duties on flour, grain, salt, and coal would be repealed on the 1st of April, at the same time the 5 per cent. duties were taken off.

PENNSYLVANIA LEGISLATURE.

Senate.

HARRISBURG, March 24.—The Speaker presented a copy of a resolution passed by the Philadelphia Conference of the M. E. Church asking for the repeal of the collateral inheritance tax.

Mr. Davis, from the Judiciary Committee, made a preliminary report in regard to the coal trade.

[This report will be found in another column.]

Mr. White said of course it was to be understood only as a preliminary report, as they were still examining witnesses. The report was ordered to be printed in the journal, and three thousand copies were ordered to be printed for the Senate.

Senate bill to facilitate the collection of claims due the Commonwealth, with amendments, was reported. Also Senate bill for the relief of Edward R. Biddle, affirmatively.

Mr. Dill, one in relation to the stay of executions in the Twenty-ninth Judicial district.

Mr. Purman, one to incorporate the Paper Printing Company of Pittsburg.

Mr. Connell, one to incorporate the Board of Education of the Presbyterian church of the United States of America, and to make them the successors of the trustees of the Board of Education of the Presbyterian Church of the United States and of the permanent Committee on Education for the ministry of the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church in the United States of America.

On motion, it was resolved that when the Senate adjourns to-day it does so to meet on Monday at 7½ P. M., the order being the consideration of public bills. The amendments of the House to the supplement to the act incorporating gas and water companies were concurred in. Also, the amendment to the Public Printing and Binding bill. House supplement to the act incorporating the Cowanesque Valley Railroad Company passed.

Mr. Purman resumed his remarks on the Senate bill relative to boroughs, and after speaking at length the consideration of the bill was postponed and a resolution was passed providing for the payment of certain witnesses before the coal trouble investigating committee, and the Senate adjourned till Monday evening at 7½ o'clock.

The House is not in session.

New York Produce Market.

NEW YORK, March 24.—Cotton quiet; sales of 1000 bales uplands at 15¼c.; Orleans at 15¼c. Flour dull and market favors buyers; sales of 8000 barrels State at $6@7·25; Ohio at $6·75@7·50; Western at $6@7·50. Wheat dull and market favors buyers; sales of 26,000 bushels new spring at $1·68@1·69; winter red and amber Western at $1·70@1·72. Corn irregular and unsettled; sales 34,000 bushels new mixed Western at 85@86c. Oats dull; sales 12,000 bushels Ohio at 62@70c. Beef quiet. Pork quiet. Lard steady. Whisky quiet at 91c.

CHARITY.

The French and German Fund.

The Executive Committee of the French and German Relief Fund met to-day in the Mayor's office. A committee was appointed to attend to purchases and to superintend the receipt of donations of provisions and clothing and the shipment of the same. The fund which has been collected is to be expended for provisions. The storeship Relief is expected to arrive at Philadelphia by the first of April. A. J. Drexel, Esq., Treasurer, acknowledges the receipt of the following additional subscriptions:—

Amount previously acknowledged	$17,106·15	Morris, Tasker & Co.	$50·00
German Ref. Salem Congregation	49·40	A Friend	25·00
F. Gutekunst	25·00	E. Morris	20·00
Samuel Merton	50·00	J. E. Johnson	10·00
Naylor & Co.	25·00	J. B. Stetson	10·00
Collections by the Hardware Committee, as follows:—		Sullender & Pascal	10·00
		W. F. Warburton	10·00
J. M. Vance & Co	25·00	Miller & Zinn	10·00
W. H. & G. W. Allen	25·00	J. H. M	5·00
Chas. M. Ghriskey	10·00	J. T. L.	2·00
Biddle Hardware Co.	250·00	Stanbridge & Barr	5·00
		Truman & Shaw	25·00
M. Rowland & Co.	50·00	Field & Harding	10·00
W. H. Sowers	10·00	Total	$17,817·55

PHILADELPHIA STOCK EXCHANGE SALES.
Reported by De Haven & Bro., No. 40 S. Third street.

SECOND BOARD.

$2000 Hunt & B Top R 7s	94¾	1100 sh Leh Nav St.	35¾
		200 do.b60.	35⅝
80 sh Leh Val	59⅜	100 sh N Pa R.	46
5 sh Mech Bk	32⅜	45 sh Lit Sch RR.	44½
12 sh Cam & Am	116⅜	100 sh Read..s5wn.	51¼

GAS FIXTURES.

CORNELIUS & SONS,

MANUFACTURERS

OF

GAS FIXTURES

Wholesale and Retail

Salesrooms,

No. 821 CHERRY Street,

PHILADELPHIA.

We have no store or salesroom

on Chesnut street.

CORNELIUS & SONS.

FOURTH EDITION

Proceedings of Congress.

Nominations by the President

Wholesale Jail Delivery.

Shocking Accident in Ohio.

Fenian Brotherhood.

New Dominion Advices.

The Georgian Bay Canal.

Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Land Appraisers Appointed.

Despatch to the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, March 24.—A commission has been appointed, to meet at Mackinaw, Mich., on the 30th inst., to appraise a tract of land in that city occupied by the mission house to be conveyed under act of Congress to E. A. Franks. The commission will consist of Dr. John R. Bailey and Mr. James Lasley, of Mackinaw, and Assistant Surgeon S. S. Jessop, United States Army, who will report to the War Department.

Nominations by the President.

The President sent the following nominations to the Senate to-day:—Horatio C. Newcomb, of Indiana, Assistant Secretary of the Interior; James Rowe, receiver of public moneys at Chillicothe, Ohio; William B. Franklin, register of the land office at Chillicothe, Ohio. Collectors of Internal Revenue—John Zager, Twelfth district of Illinois; William H. Robb, Eighth district of Ohio; Joseph Mason, Twenty-second district of New York. Assessors of Internal Revenue—Charles Stephani, Twelfth district of Illinois; George W. Graham, Fourth district of Virginia; Horace Candee, Twenty-third district of New York.

Navy Orders.

Lieutenant-Commander John Schouler is ordered to ordnance duty at the Boston Navy Yard.

Lieutenant-Commander S. Dana Greene is detached from the Pacific fleet, and ordered to the Naval Academy on May 1.

FROM THE DOMINION.

The Georgian Bay Canal.

OTTAWA, March 24.—An influential delegation from Chicago have had an interview with the Railway Committee, of which Sir George E. Cartier is chairman, and consisting of leading public men of both political parties. Governor Bross, of Illinois, in an interesting and lengthy speech setting forth the advantages of the Georgian Bay Canal, said the business men of the West had come to the conclusion that a canal avoiding St. Clair Flats, Lake Erie, and Welland Canal, with only eighty miles of canal and slack water navigation, with a capacity for vessels of one thousand or twelve hundred tons, and a corresponding enlargement of the St. Lawrence, is the only channel adequate to the wants of the commerce of the West. He then sketched the rapid increase of Western trade, and proved from statistics that had the canal been in operation this year its revenue would be over two millions and a half, and that for 1870 would exceed four millions. What the West wanted was the cheapest and largest possible outlets to the ocean.

Governor Bross said a large majority of the people of the West were in favor of free trade and reciprocity, and are determined to have it. If legislators now at Washington will not give it the West will send those who will.

Mr. Holden said that Mr. Bross deserved thanks for his elaborate statements, and that there was perfect unanimity among all parties as to the importance of improving all avenues leading to the West.

Sir A. T. Gale trusted what was going on at Washington would lead to a settlement of these questions.

Mr. Holden, as a representative of Chicago, thanked the committee for their good feeling.

Sir George Cartier, in reply, favored reciprocity between the two countries, and added that Canada should be thankful for the expression of the desire of the people of the West to supply us with their great trade.

This morning the deputation breakfasted with Sir F. Hicks.

The House of Commons has voted six millions for the purposes of the Intercolonial Railway, the road to be built broad gauge, to correspond with the Grand Trunk.

FROM NEW YORK.

General Halpine and the Fenians.

NEW YORK, March 24.—At the session of the Fenian Convention this morning a telegram was received from General Halpine, regretting his inability to attend, and authorizing his name to be continued on the registry of the Fenian Brotherhood. The Committee on Organization was instructed to wait on O'Donovan Rossa and other exiles, and again invite their co-operation with the Fenian Brotherhood in efforts to effect a union of all the Irish nationalities. The military affairs of the Brotherhood are to be well considered.

Fisk, Jr., vs. the Union Pacific Railroad.

NEW YORK, March 24.—Upon motion of the defendant in the case of James Fisk, Jr., vs. the Union Pacific Railroad and others to remove from the files of the court a bill in equity and declaration filed by the plaintiff, Judge Blatchford has decided that the bill in equity is defective and can be removed. The declaration will remain.

The French Relief Fund.

NEW YORK, March 24.—The French relief committee of this city has received voluminous correspondence from France, detailing the sufferings of the people during the progress of the war, and the many trials to which they were subjected. To-day the committee forwarded to the London distributing committee £2000, making a total of £15,000, exclusive of £2000 sent direct to Mr. Washburne, United States Minister at Paris.

FROM THE WEST.

Escape from a Minnesota Jail.

MINNEAPOLIS, March 24.—Five persons, named J. K. Tucker, Nelson Shelafoo, David Ridgely, Thomas McKinney, and Leon Lafter, escaped from jail last night. McKinney and Ridgely have been recaptured.

Fatal and Shocking Accident.

CINCINNATI, March 24.—Thomas Preble, son of the senior partner of Preble & Fisher, in New Richmond, O., was caught on Wednesday by a belt attached to a planing machine and carried around with such velocity that his legs and arms were threshed into shreds, and the man instantly killed.

The Parade of the Fire Department

this morning was the finest ever seen in the city. The grand display was witnessed from the balconies of the Burnet House by members of the Legislature and the Governor of the State, before whom the procession passed in review.

FROM EUROPE.

The Rouen National Guards.

LONDON, March 24.—The Minister of the Interior has notified the National Guards of Rouen to make preparations to defend the Government against insurrection.

Evening Quotations.

LIVERPOOL, March 24—3 P. M.—Stock of cotton afloat, 523,000 bales, including 340,000 of American. Market for yarns and fabrics at Manchester firmer at better prices. New red Western spring wheat, 10s. 10d. @ 11s. 3d. for lowest grades of No. 2 to highest grades of No. 1. Receipts of wheat for three days, 35,000 quarters; American, 30,000. Lard, 57s. 6d.

CONGRESS.

FORTY-SECOND TERM—FIRST SESSION.

Senate.

WASHINGTON, March 24.—The Vice-President laid before the Senate the resolution received from the House for the final adjournment of that body, with the concurrence of the Senate, on Monday next.

On motion of Mr. Edmunds, the resolution was tabled by a *viva voce* vote.

The Vice-President stated that, under his interpretation of the order prescribing business of the present session, memorials and petitions which might be presented could not be referred to committees, but must be placed on the file of the Senate.

Mr. Sumner sent to the secretary a resolution, which he asked to have read.

Mr. Conkling renewed the question of order submitted by him yesterday, that the resolution could not be received, inasmuch as no other business could be introduced than the matters specifically stated in the order lately adopted.

The Vice-President ruled that a resolution to instruct a committee to report a bill was in the nature of legislation, and could not be received, but that a mere resolution of inquiry or calling upon the President or a department for information was not excluded. The Chair would, however, submit the question upon the reception of the resolution to the Senate. He then read from the official report in the *Globe* of the proceedings of the Senate at the called session in March, 1861, for Executive business.

On the introduction at that time of a resolution by Mr. Douglas, calling for information concerning the acts of the Southern insurgents, objection was raised to its introduction, and the then Vice-President (Mr. Hamlin) decided that it was not in the nature of legislation, and could, therefore, be received. In the opinion of the Chair, resolutions for Executive information, expressive of the sense of the Senate upon any subject, or affecting the rights of members, only could be received.

Mr. Thurman held that the resolution should be read, as otherwise the Senate could not tell whether it was within the category of those admissible, in the opinion of the Chair.

Mr. Conkling said his point of order was that the resolution could not be read pending the question of its reception. He did not know what the resolution was, and denied that his motive was to object to any particular resolution. His objection was general, and solely to preserve intact the order of business.

Mr. Davis, of Kentucky, insisted upon the right of every member to have a resolution read for information, and that it was frequently exercised.

The Vice-President remarked that he would direct the resolution to be read under the precedent established by the Senate in 1861, when during the pendency of a similar order certain resolutions introduced by Mr. Chandler in reference to Maximilian were received.

The resolutions being substantially the same that were offered by Mr. Sumner yesterday with an addition, and relating to the employment of the United States naval forces in Dominican waters, were then read by the Secretary.

Mr. Sumner then moved that the resolutions be printed and laid on the table for the present. He intended to offer them as an amendment to the resolution relating to the South.

The Vice-President remarked that he had submitted to the Senate whether the resolutions should be received, and that question was not yet decided.

Mr. Casserly desired some Senator to state the ground upon which the objection to the reception of the resolutions was based. He desired that some such statement should be made for the information of the Senate. No response was made to the inquiry.

After further discussion the morning hour expired, when Mr. Sherman moved to lay on the table Mr. Conkling's point of order.

The Vice-President, in reply to Mr. Edmunds, stated that this would not carry with it the resolutions.

Mr. Sumner demanded the yeas and nays on the motion to lay on the table, which was agreed to—ayes 29, noes 25. The vote was as follows:—

Ayes—Messrs. Boreman, Brownlow, Buckingham, Caldwell, Cameron, Chandler, Cole, Conkling, Corbett, Edmunds, Ferry of Michigan, Frelinghuysen, Gilbert, Hamilton of Texas, Harlan, Hills, Hitchcock, Howe, Morton, Osborn, Pomeroy, Poole, Pratt, Rice, Sawyer, Sherman, West, Windom, and Wright—29.

Nays—Messrs. Bayard, Blair, Casserly, Cooper, Cragin, Davis, of Kentucky; Davis, of West Virginia; Fenton, Hamilton, of Maryland; Hamlin, Johnston, Kelley, Morrill, of Vermont; Patterson, Robertson, Saulsbury, Schurz, Spencer, Stevenson, Stockton, Sumner, Thurman, Tipton, Vickers, and Wilson—25.

Mr. Sumner inquired as to the present status of his resolutions.

The Vice-President replied that they had not been received.

Mr. Sumner then asked whether they would not come up in order in the morning hour to-morrow.

Mr. Sherman suggested that the matter could be taken up on the vote of a majority.

Mr. Sumner moved to have them printed. Agreed to by a unanimous vote.

Mr. Sumner was then granted leave to make a statement, which was to the effect that he had been prevented from delivering a prepared speech on St. Domingo at the last session by indisposition. He had since regained his strength slowly but not completely, but the importance of the subject impelled him to address the Senate upon it, and he hoped he might have the indulgence of the Senate to proceed with the question which he proposed in connection with the pending resolution for legislation on Southern outrages, in which the Senator from Indiana (Mr. Morton) took so great an interest.

Mr. Morton hoped Mr. Sumner would have permission to make his speech at any time he saw proper. For one, he gave his consent to it.

THE FRENCH RELIEF FUND.

Letter from Ex-Secretary McCulloch.

The French Relief Committee of the New York Chamber of Commerce have received the following letter from Hugh McCulloch, a member of the London Distributing Committee:—

NO. 41 LOMBARD STREET, LONDON, E. C., March 7, 1871.—Gentlemen:—I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 20th ult., addressed to Messrs. Moran and Morgan and myself. Ere this you have received advices of the action of the committee on the distribution of the money placed in the hands of Mr. Morgan, but it may be proper for me to say that the best means within our control have been used to extend relief to those parts of the rural districts of France that suffered most severely by the war.

It may also be proper for me to say that the committee and other Americans in London are much gratified by the liberality manifested by citizens of the United States, and especially by the citizens of New York, in the donations they have made to sufferers in France. Such a practical illustration of sympathy for these distressed people is an evidence of what Christian civilization is doing to create fraternity between the inhabitants of different and widely separated nations.

Very respectfully, your obedient servant,
HUGH MCCULLOCH.

To Messrs. Charles H. Marshall, Charles Lanier, Anson Phelps Stokes, Committee.

LEGAL INTELLIGENCE.

The Martinsville Outrage.

Court of Quarter Sessions—Judge Peirce.

This morning Assistant District Attorney Heverin called for trial the case of Michael Thorn, William Trimber, and William H. Webb, three of the young men who were indicted for the outrage committed upon Miss Herschberger at Martinsville recently. Counsel, in exercising their challenge, exhausted the venire without completing the jury, the Court had to send out for more jurors.

The Bunn Case.

Court of Quarter Sessions—Judge Allison.

The Court sat to-day to resume the hearing upon habeas corpus in the case of William M. Bunn, who is charged with embezzling funds from the State by obtaining an appropriation to defray the expenses of witnesses in the Bunn-Witham contested election case, which far exceeded the amount actually due. The evidence this morning was merely preliminary to the desired introduction of documentary proofs.

J. Alexander Simpson recalled—The amount was drawn on Saturday, March 20, 1869; I received the money on that day.

E. G. Lee sworn—I am assistant clerk in the House of Representatives of this State; was in 1868-9; I did not journal the bill in the Bunn-Witham case; it is my duty to journalize; I never saw it; I suppose it is in the hands of the resident clerk.

Mr. Small, the resident clerk, was examined, and said he had no recollection of seeing the bill in question.

Mr. Mann being called into the Supreme Court, the hearing was suspended.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

EVENING TELEGRAPH OFFICE, Friday, March 24, 1871.

There is a full average demand for money this morning, and the bulk of the loans are made by the banks on regular business account. Notwithstanding the near approach of April, when money is usually in active demand for business settlements, no severe stringency is anticipated, though rates may advance to some extent. There is a moderate supply of funds both at the banks and in the outside market, but unemployed balances are reduced within very narrow limits. We quote on call at 5½@6½ per cent. and on choice short date paper at 7@8 per cent.

Gold is quiet and weak, but steady, the sales ranging from 110⅞@111, closing at the lower figure.

The Government bond market is active and strong, the entire list showing a further advance of ⅛.

Stocks were dull and heavy. Sales of City 6s, new, at 101⅛@101¼.

Reading was quiet, with sales at 51 3-16@51⅜. Pennsylvania was steady, selling at 61½. Sales of Oil Creek and Allegheny at 48½ and Camden and Amboy at 116⅜@117.

Canal shares were quiet, with sales of Lehigh at 35⅝@35¾, and Morris preferred at 116@117.

The balance of the list was dull. Sales of Manufacturers Bank at 29½ and Central Transportation at 48.

—The following banks have subscribed through Jay Cooke & Co. to-day for the new five per cent. Government bonds:—

Seventh National, Philadelphia	$344,000
First National, Shippensburg, Pa.	75,000
Farmers' National, Warren, Pa.	50,000
Farmers' National, Mount Holly, N. J.	145,000
	$514,000

PHILADELPHIA STOCK EXCHANGE SALES.
Reported by De Haven & Bro., No. 40 S. Third street.

FIRST BOARD.

$5000 Germ'n R 7s	83	20 sh Mor Cl pf	116
$700 City 6s, New	101⅛	2 do	117
$900 do	101⅛	100 sh Reading R	51⅜
50 sh Manuf Bk	29½	120 do	51⅝
12 sh Cam & Am	116½	600 do	51·31
163 sh Leh Val R	59⅞	100 do.s30	51 3-16
40 sh O C & A R	48⅜	141 sh Penna R	61⅜
100 sh Leh N	b30 35⅜	10 sh Cent Trans	48

BETWEEN BOARDS.

$500 W & Frank 7s	87	100 sh Reading R	s5 51⅛
$1200 City 6s, New	101⅛	100 do	51·31
10 sh O C & A R	116⅝	16 sh Penna R	61⅜
33 sh Leh V R	60		

MESSRS. DE HAVEN & BROTHER, No. 40 S. Third street, Philadelphia, report the following quotations:—U. S. 6s of 1881, 115⅛@115⅜; do. 1862, 112¼@112½; do. 1864, 111⅛@111¾; do. 1865, 111⅛@111⅞; do. 1866, new, 110⅜@110¾; do. 1867, do. 110⅛@110⅜; do. 1868, do. 110⅛@110¾; 10-40s, 108⅛@108⅝. U. S. 30 Year 6 per cent. Currency, 113⅜@113¾; Gold, 110⅞@111; Silver, 106⅛@108⅛; Union Pacific Railroad 1st Mort. Bonds, 839@840; Central Pacific Railroad, 959@960; Union Pacific Land Grant Bonds, 750@740.

MESSRS. WILLIAM PAINTER & CO., No. 36 S. Third street, report the following quotations:—U. S. 6s of 1881s, 115⅛@115⅜; 5-20s of 1862, 112⅛@112⅜; do. 1864, 111⅛@111¾; do. 1865, 111⅛@111¾; do., July, 1865, 110⅞@110¾; do., July, 1867, 110⅞@110¾; do. July, 1868, 110⅛@110¾; 10-40s, 108⅛@108¾. Gold, 110⅞@111. U. S. Pacific R. R. Cur'cy 6s, 113¼@114.

NASH & LADNER, Brokers, report this morning gold quotations as follows:—

10 60 A. M.	111	11·45 A. M.	110⅞
10·24 "	110⅞	11·58 "	111
11·40 "	111	12·00 M.	110⅞
11·00 "	110⅞	12 18 P. M.	111
11 30 "	111	12·27 "	110⅞

Philadelphia Trade Reports.

FRIDAY, March 24.—Seeds—Cloverseed is dull at the decline recorded yesterday. Sales at 10⅞@10⅞c. per pound. Timothy is scarce and firm at $3@3·25. Flaxseed may be quoted at $2·10.

The Flour market is without improvement, the demand being confined to the immediate wants of the home consumers, whose purchases foot up 1200 barrels, including superfine at $5·50@5·75; extras at $6@6·25; Wisconsin and Minnesota extra family at $7·25@7·50; Pennsylvania do. do. at $6·25@7; Indiana and Ohio do. do. at $7·25@7·75; and fancy brands at $8@9·25, as to quality. Rye Flour dull at $5·75@6. In Corn Meal nothing doing.

The Wheat market is firm, and the demand is confined to prime lots, which are in small supply. Sales of 1800 bushels Indiana red at $1·68@1·70; Ohio do. at $1·68@1·71; and white at $1·80@1·90. Rye sells at $1·05 for Pennsylvania. Corn is dull at the recent decline. Sales of yellow at 82@83c. Western mixed at 82c.; and 10,000 bushels do. on private terms. Oats are unchanged; sales of 4000 bushels Western and Pennsylvania, part at 66@67c., and part on private terms.

500 bushels four-rowed New York Barley sold on private terms.

Whisky sells at 92½c. for Western iron-bound.

LATEST SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

PORT OF PHILADELPHIA.....MARCH 24

STATE OF THERMOMETER AT THE EVENING TELEGRAPH OFFICE.

8 A. M.....40 | 11 A. M.....47 | 2 P. M.....53

SUN RISES.....5·57 MOON SETS.....9·59
SUN SETS.....6·16 HIGH WATER.....4·1

(*By Cable.*)

LONDON, March 24.—The steamship European, from Baltimore, touched at Moville on Saturday last.

Steamship Denmark, from New York, touched at Queenstown yesterday.

LIVERPOOL, March 24.—Arrived, ship Emily Augusta, from New Orleans.

(*By Telegraph.*)

NEW YORK, March 24.—Arrived, steamships Nevada and Queen, from Liverpool.

PORT HOPE, Canada, March 24.—The steamers have commenced their trips between here and Rochester.

CLEARED THIS MORNING.

Steamer Rattlesnake, Winnett, Georgetown, T. M. Richards.

Steamer E. C. Biddle, McCue, New York, W. P. Clyde & Co.

Steamer Sarah, Jones, New York, W. M. Baird & Co.

Nor. bark Capella, Hubert, Londonderry, L. Westergaard & Co.

Tug Thomas Jefferson, Allen, Baltimore, with a tow of barges, W. P. Clyde & Co.

Tug Hudson, Nicholson, Baltimore, with a tow of barges, W. P. Clyde & Co.

Tug Chesapeake, Merrihew, Havre-de-Grace, with a tow of barges, W. P. Clyde & Co.

Tug Clyde, Duncan, Havre-de-Grace, with a tow of barges, W. P. Clyde & Co.

Tug G. B. Hutchins, Harman, Havre-de-Grace, with a tow of barges, W. P. Clyde & Co.

☞ Captain Albrecht is master of bark Laura Maria, cleared yesterday for Cronstadt, and not as before reported.

ARRIVED THIS MORNING.

Steamship Pioneer, Wakeley, from Wilmington, N. C. with mdse. to Philadelphia and Southern Mail Steamship Co.

Steamer H. L. Gaw, Iler, 13 hours from Baltimore, with mdse. and passengers to A. Groves, Jr.

Steamer Bristol, Wallace, 24 hours from New York, with mdse. to W. P. Clyde & Co.

Steamer Mayflower, Fultz, 24 hours from New York, with m