

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

INTERNAL REVENUE.

Important Instructions Concerning Taxes on Dividends, Surplus Profits, and Interest on the Bonds of Corporations.

The Commissioner of Internal Revenue has issued the following important circular:— Upon further consideration it is deemed advisable to publish the following instructions, which it is believed cover all the questions which have arisen respecting the liability to tax of dividends, surplus profits, and interest on bonds of the corporations enumerated in sections 130 and 132, act June 30, 1870, as amended, and section 15, act July 14, 1870.

First. Dividends of the corporations enumerated in sections 130 and 132 aforesaid, which were declared at any time prior to August 1, 1870, are subject to a tax of five per cent.

Second. Undivided profits of said corporations which were carried to the account of any surplus or contingent fund prior to August 1, 1870, are subject to a tax of five per cent.

Third. Interest (or coupons representing interest) due from the corporations mentioned in section 132, which became due and payable prior to August 1, 1870, is also subject to tax at the rate of five per cent.

Fourth. All dividends of the corporations before mentioned which were declared with a dividend tax, even when said dividends are comprised wholly or in part of profits accrued prior to August 1, 1870, are exempt from tax to August 1, 1870.

Fifth. Profits carried to the account of a fund in the last five months of 1870 are exempt from a surplus tax, even if said profits were earned prior to August 1, or subsequent to December 31, 1870, excluding profits of the last five months of 1870.

Sixth. No tax shall be withheld from interest (or coupons representing interest) falling due and payable within the above period of five months.

Seventh. Dividends of said corporations which are declared on or after January 1, 1871, are taxable as follows:— If composed wholly of profits accrued prior to August 1, 1870, at the rate of 2 1/2 per cent; if composed partly of profits accrued prior to August 1, 1870, and partly of those accrued since January 1, 1871, at the rate of 2 1/2 per cent on the amount of the dividend as represented by profits accrued either prior to August 1, or subsequent to December 31, 1870, excluding profits of the last five months of 1870.

Eighth. Profits carried to the account of a fund on or after January 1, 1871, are subject to the same liability to tax as the dividends above described. So much of said profits as were earned prior to August 1, or subsequent to December 31, 1870, are taxable at the rate of 2 1/2 per cent.

Ninth. Profits of the corporations previously mentioned, which were earned or accrued within the last five months of 1870, are not taxable when divided or carried to the account of a fund subsequent to December 31, 1870.

Tenth. Interest falling due and payable on or subsequent to January 1, 1871, is taxable at the rate of 2 1/2 per cent, if such interest accrued either prior to August 1, or subsequent to December 31, 1870, and if such interest accrued within the last five months of 1870, no tax whatever is to be withheld.

Eleventh. Returns of dividends and surplus profits by the corporations mentioned in section 15, act of July 14, 1870, should be rendered on Form 65, and returns of interest on Form 63 as revised.

Twelfth. All previous rulings of this office inconsistent with these instructions are hereby revoked. A. PLEASANTON, Commissioner.

WALLS OF IRON.

The Vault of the Fourth National Bank.

The Fourth National Bank, on Arch street, below Eighth, has been so thoroughly renovated, repaired, and ornamented that it has been made a most interesting and valuable place. The vault, which is a safe, and its ceiling has been beautifully frescoed, the wood work has been handsomely grained, and the private office has been carpeted with Brussels and so thoroughly renovated as to have no more a most interesting and valuable place. The vault, which is a safe, and its ceiling has been beautifully frescoed, the wood work has been handsomely grained, and the private office has been carpeted with Brussels and so thoroughly renovated as to have no more a most interesting and valuable place.

GOING WEST.

The New Structures for the Collegiate and Scientific Departments of the University of Pennsylvania.

Yesterday afternoon a meeting of the Building Committee of the Trustees of the University of Pennsylvania was held at the office of Cadwalader Bidde, No. 408 South Fourth street, when the contract for the erection of the new buildings for the collegiate and scientific departments on a lot of ground bounded by Thirty-third and Thirty-fifth and Locust and Spruce streets, was awarded to Messrs. Struthers & Son, who contract to do the work for \$231,900. The buildings to be erected are:— First, a building, the amounts ranging from \$24,300 to \$285,337.

THE VAGARIES OF A DRUNKARD.

Edward Calhoun, a youth of eighteen years of age, and a devoted disciple of Bacchus, yesterday entered the beer house at Alder and Poplar streets, of which Mr. Myer is the proprietor, and directly commenced, and in a manner determined to continue, drinking to excess. He was accompanied by a number of his friends, and having demolished all these inanimate things, proceeded for the amazed Myer and his wife in a way that was murderous. But the couple soon rallied and put Calhoun to flight, and he was caught by Police Officer Gilpin at Twelfth and Poplar streets. Alderman Massey held him in \$1200 bail to answer.

THE NEW CHIEF ENGINEER.

The election of Mr. Wm. H. Johnson as Chief Engineer of the Paid Fire Department appears to be generally satisfactory. Mr. Johnson is a man of intelligence and fair reputation. He is an old fireman, and has been for many years in the ranks under Mayors Henry and McMichael, was a United States Assessor in the Fourth district at one time, and at present is employed in the Custom House.

BROKE HIS RIBS.

Last night, Thomas Taylor was arrested at Eighteenth and Kate streets for an aggravated assault on one Daniel Black, some three or four days ago, in which the latter's ribs were broken, and is now laid up. Thomas will have a hearing at the Central Station this afternoon.

A PETTY THEFT.

James Daley yesterday afternoon was caught by Officer Sherry with a horse blanket, the third story will contain a large examination hall, recitation rooms, and three large rooms devoted to civil and mechanical engineering. The fourth story will contain four rooms for students, society rooms, and libraries. On each end of the building will be towers, 150 feet in height, and 25 feet square, surmounted with slated spires. The entire buildings are to be heated by a low pressure apparatus, consisting of three boilers, any two of which must be capable of heating the whole structure. The entire edifice is to be completed by the last of August, 1872.

MORAL SCIENCE.

The International Christian Moral Science Association—Breakfast at the Continental Hotel.

Invitations to breakfast are rather a novelty in this country, although the custom is quite frequent in England, among the clergy especially. This morning at 9 o'clock there assembled at breakfast in the Continental Hotel about one hundred and fifty of the most prominent citizens and clergy who had been invited to hear explained by the Rev. Dr. Cather, the Secretary of the Institution, the purposes of the association which has been established in England. After breakfast religious exercises were held, and the Rev. Dr. Cather, W. G. Moorhead, Esq., arose, and making a few preliminary remarks, introduced Rev. Dr. Cather. Dr. Cather made an extended speech, going into the details of the scheme, and commending its importance to the whole Church. He quoted a remark of Lord Derby to the effect that the man who, in this practical and busy age, asks the attention of his fellow-men to a subject other than what is absolutely necessary is guilty of an impertinence if not a crime. The speaker thought that the powers of the Church have been too much abstracted. There has been a fearful waste of force, a waste partly because the work could be done by others and partly because the work was not directed to explain to them plain which would render others unnecessary. He believed it would be practical and also productive of great results. It will intensify the work and will bring to an end unnecessary societies. He said that the speaker thought that the powers of the Church have been too much abstracted. There has been a fearful waste of force, a waste partly because the work could be done by others and partly because the work was not directed to explain to them plain which would render others unnecessary. He believed it would be practical and also productive of great results. It will intensify the work and will bring to an end unnecessary societies.

FRANC GERMAN RELIEF SUBSCRIPTIONS.

A. J. Drexel, Treasurer of the fund, acknowledges, in addition to the \$290078 previously received, the following sums:— J. H. Krause & Co. \$25,000; Morrison, Spear & Co. 5,000; Reddy & Clark 5,000; S. L. Kirt 5,000; North Presbyterian Church 6,677; Lancaster Avenue Presbyterian Church 3,000; Church of the Saviour 57,84; St. Joseph's Church 131,00; St. Vincent's Church, Germania Association 2,04; Rev. E. Pike, Foxborough 32,00; Sixth Presbyterian Church 45,50; The Church of the Holy Apostles 25,00; Collected by Simon Snyder and Mavor gains 300,00; Making a total up to March of \$869,943.

COMMISSIONER'S CASE.

This morning the case of John K. Brown, charged with aiding and abetting in the illicit manufacture of spirits, was heard before Commissioner Phillips. John McManus testified that he ran a distillery on Thompson street, where defendant was employed; there were usually four to six mashes of sixty bushels each; Brown was a helper in the daytime, and kept the books and filled up the returns; the whisky was generally taken away without being put in bond; Brown was present often when the spirits were thus removed; the barrels were filled in the cellar; there was never a Government officer present; witnesses often helped to remove the whisky to the wagons; it was usually taken to the place of Felix Carr. The prisoner was held in \$2000 bail to answer.

THE EVANGELICAL ASSOCIATION.

This morning the annual conference for East Pennsylvania was held at the residence of the minister of the association to reconstruct the meaning of the word. A history of the inception of the scheme was given by the speaker. The originators do not know in this country as systematic benevolence. The speaker then defined with exactness why the association has taken for its name the "Moral Science" Association. We wanted to revolutionize the meaning of that word "moral." He did not see it in its accepted or classic sense, but he referred to it in its wider, better, scriptural, and lasting meaning. The common notion is that morals are one thing and religion another. They are both the same. Religion is the experimental sign and the moral is the motive power. The motto of the association to reconstruct the meaning of the word.

THE DEMOCRATS OF THE TWENTY-NINTH WARD.

The Democratic citizens of this ward met last night and elected the following officers of a political association they then and there formed:— President, Jacob Schuler, Secretary, Michael Quinn, Treasurer, Charles Abel, Rev. J. C. Schuler to the Executive Committee, John Frederick.

A MURDER SHROUDED IN MYSTERY.

Three nights ago a man was found on a pavement in the nineteenth ward, bleeding profusely from a number of wounds that had been inflicted on him by persons unknown. He was taken to the Episcopal Hospital and there died this morning. The coroner was notified to hold an inquest.

FALL OF A CHIMNEY—NARROW ESCAPE.

Yesterday a chimney on the building No. 929 Chestnut street, owned by M. L. Baker, fell down, breaking through a \$200 skylight. Three ladies narrowly escaped being hit by the falling mass of brick and mortar.

MANAGER OF THE HOUSE OF REFUGE.

The Mayor has appointed George K. Ziegler, President of the National Bank of Commerce, Manager of the House of Refuge, in the place of the late Evan Rogers.

THE NUMBER.

At the Third District Station House last night 143 lodgers were accommodated.

DRY GOODS.

CHEAP RELIABLE ONE-PRICE STORE.

It gives me great pleasure to inform the ladies that I have just opened a superior stock of Lyons Black Silks. For the spring of 1871, from the lowest to the best grades, unsurpassed for color, cheapness, and durability. It will be my constant aim, at all times to be under the market price.

WE HAVE NO AMERICAN SILKS.

Dress Goods for Spring.

2 cases of Silk Serge for Suits, 75c, cheap at \$1. 2 cases of Black Mohair, superior goods, 75c.

Much Under Price.

Spring Poplins for Suits, from \$1 to 75c. 1 case Serge, Black, beautiful quality, only 50c. A full line of Silk Rolled Poplins for Suits. A full line of Japanese Silks, plain, and stripes, or in dress patterns at 50c. Best quality, low prices. All the above at

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STATE OF REAL ESTATE AND STOCKS.

The following sales of real estate and stocks were made at the Exchange to-day at noon by M. Thomas & Sons:—

Table listing various real estate and stock transactions with prices and descriptions.

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FOURTH EDITION

LATER FROM EUROPE.

CONDITION OF PARIS.

Fears of a Revolution.

Disturbances at Angers.

Conflict Between People and Troops

Allocation of the Pope.

Proceedings of Congress.

The Question of Adjournment

Justice in New York.

The Ship Neptune Outrages.

The Officers Discharged.

Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.

FROM EUROPE.

Revolutionary Feeling in Paris.

VERSAILLES, March 7.—(Special to N. Y. Evening Telegram.)—The news from Paris confirms the rumors that the inhabitants are growing suspicious and acting on the belief that every man's hand is against them. Foreigners are generally looked upon as spies, and in many instances Americans and Englishmen are insulted and roughly handled in the streets, several barely escaping with their lives. The mob in Paris at present is almost wild with excitement, and the authorities appear powerless to prevent the spread of the threatened revolutionary spirit. The mob is fanned by the Government in possession of a large quantity of arms and ammunition.

Disturbances at Angers.

LONDON, March 7.—(Special to the N. Y. Evening Telegram.)—A serious disturbance occurred on the 27th of February, at Angers, between a number of Bretons and France-tireurs. The Bretons were praying in the Champs de Mars when the France-tireurs came along, and seeing them at their devotions took occasion to mock and pelt them with mud and stones. The Bretons charged upon the France-tireurs, killing three and wounding a large number.

ROME, March 7.—The Pope has held a secret consistory, in which he delivered an allocution of considerable length. The Holy Father in his address to the Cardinals attacks the moves and acts of the authors of the

Recent Italian Events,

and particularly the occupation of Rome, and rejects the guarantee of his spiritual power proposed by the bill recently passed by the Italian Parliament. He also laments the occurrence of the Franco-Prussian war, and expresses his gratitude for the devotion to himself of the Church of the whole Catholic world.

This Afternoon's Auctions.

LONDON, March 7.—Consols 91 1/2 for both money and account, American securities quiet and steady; 1862, 92; of 1865, 91 1/2; of 1867, 90 1/2; of 1869, 89 1/2; Stocks steady. Erie, 110; Illinois, 109 1/2; Alcatraz Insured firm at 625.00 @ 625.00. FRANKFURT, March 7.—Bonds, 96 1/2. Consols, 91 1/2. American securities are pressing. Every article, 7 1/2; Orleans, 7 1/2. Sales to quiet estimate at 5 1/2 @ 6 1/2.

Ship News.

LONDON, March 7.—The steamship Main, from New York, touched at Southampton to-day. The steamship Pennsylvania, from New York, touched at Queenstown.

FROM WASHINGTON.

The House Committee. Special Dispatch to the Evening Telegraph. WASHINGTON, March 7.—The Democrats made an effort to get through a resolution to make Blaine appoint committees at once. It gave rise to considerable debate, during which Ben Butler made an appeal for legislation for the South. Finally, on motion of Mr. Wheeler, of New York, the whole matter was laid on the table without division.

FROM NEW ENGLAND.

Fire at Fall River.

FALL RIVER, March 7.—The packing-room building connected with the Globe Print Works was destroyed by fire this morning. Over two thousand pieces of prints were destroyed. Loss on building, machinery, and goods, about \$25,000. Insured.

Collision in Boston Harbor.

BOSTON, March 7.—Arrived, Cunard steamer Aleppo, from Liverpool. In entering the dock this morning a ferry-boat was forced against her by the strong wind, and received some damage to her cabin, but the Aleppo sustained no injuries.

FROM NEW YORK.

The "Neptune" Officers Discharged.

NEW YORK, March 7.—Captain Peabody, of the ship Neptune, and mates, Bartlett S. Mayo and Henry Shields, charged with cruel and unusual punishment of the crew at sea, have been discharged by United States Commissioner Shields.

New York Produce Markets.

NEW YORK, March 7.—Cotton nominal; sales 2000 bales at 14 1/2. Flour dull; sales 9000 bbls. State at 60-62 1/2; Ohio at 60 1/2; Western at 60-61. Wheat dull and prices favor buyers. Corn quiet; sales 28,000 bushels new mixed Western at 52 1/2. Oats steady; sales of 19,000 bushels Ohio at 37 1/2; Western at 37 1/2. Best discharged. Potatoes new, 12 1/2; old, 12 1/2. Lard quiet; new, 12 1/2; old, 12 1/2. Whisky quiet at 90c.

CONGRESS.

FOURTY-SECOND TERM—FIRST SESSION.

Senate.

WASHINGTON, March 7.—Mr. Hamlin, from the committee appointed by the President, reported that he had performed that duty, and the President informed them that he had no communication to make to Congress at present, but would make one in the course of a week. Also that the President had expressed a wish that Congress would not adjourn until the week following the week he had stated that he would shortly have an Executive communication to make to the Senate.

House.

Mr. Cole introduced a bill to abolish the tax on land in Europe. Mr. Foley introduced a bill to enable honorably discharged soldiers and sailors, their widows and orphans to purchase lands on the public lands of the United States, the same bill which passed the House at the last session, but failed in the Senate. Mr. Norton introduced a joint resolution authorizing the President to appoint a commission to the international congress on penitentiary discipline, etc., in Europe.

Proceedings of Congress.

In reply to an inquiry of Mr. Sumner, it was stated that the proposed congress would be held in Florence, Italy. The joint resolution was then passed. All the bills introduced were laid upon the table to await the formation of the committees. The House concurred in the resolution of the Senate, and the House concurred in a resolution to adjourn on Wednesday, March 8, which, upon motion of Mr. Hamlin, was laid on the table. The Senate then, at ten minutes of one o'clock, adjourned until Thursday.

Justice in New York.

Mr. Niblack, on a question of privilege, offered a resolution requesting the speaker to proceed to the appointment of committees of the House. Mr. Poland submitted that that was not a question of privilege. The speaker decided that it was not, but said that he was very glad it was offered, and that he would certainly do so.

The Ship Neptune Outrages.

Mr. Niblack remarked that he was not in favor of Congress entering now on general business. He was in favor of the House continuing to do so until that there was any public reason making it proper for Congress to meet on the fourth of March and elect its speaker. He then proposed that the House should appoint a committee to investigate the outrages of the Neptune. He submitted that there was no propriety in Congress meeting on the fourth of March, at great expense for nothing. He House was merely to elect its speaker and other officers, and then adjourn. The House was to-day in the position of a committee of the House, and the speaker in chief not to subordinate officers, and to take it into account.

There were a number of election cases which should be decided on an early day of the Congress instead of being left, as was generally the case, to the close of Congress, adding greatly to the delay. He concluded by saying that the members should know at an early day to what committees they were assigned, so that they might make themselves familiar with the general business of such committees.

The speaker stated his views on the subject. He said that two years ago it was not for seven days after the organization of the House that the speaker was announced, and he was persuaded that even then the announcement was made in a very hasty manner. He was very glad then to have had the opportunity of being better acquainted with the antecedents, position, character, and tastes of members, which would be in the hands of the speaker, to avoid mistakes which possibly occurred.

The present House consisted much more largely of new members than the last. He was glad to have had the opportunity to acquaint himself with the personal characteristics of the new members. Taking into view the fact that the House would meet on Saturday in favor of an early adjournment it was not his purpose, unless otherwise instructed by the House, to appoint the standing committees at this session. He was very glad to have had the opportunity of being better acquainted with the antecedents, position, character, and tastes of members, which would be in the hands of the speaker, to avoid mistakes which possibly occurred.

He therefore thought the suggestion of the speaker eminently wise. He would not wait for anything but the most pressing business to be done, but would keep voting to adjourn until the adjournment took place. Mr. Edridge agreed substantially to what his colleague had said, and thought it was a good deal of practical good sense in his suggestion. Members of the House should know at an early day to what committees they were assigned, so that they might make themselves familiar with the general business of such committees. He was not in favor of the House continuing to do so until that there was any public reason making it proper for Congress to meet on the fourth of March and elect its speaker.

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