## THE DAILY EVENING TELEGRAPH -- PHILADELPHIA, SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 18, 1871.

## CITY INTRLLI .....

8

## DARING FOP GERIES.

Ny Inding.

We are <sup>p</sup> gain called upon to record the adroit-ness of a forger, who skilfally hoodwinked a large firm in this city, and but for a doubt which very opportunely crossed the mind of one of the prospective victims, would have unquestionably mulcted other firms in like man-ner. On Wednesday last, a gentleman, prepos-seesing in appearance, faultless in his dress, in the neighborhood of thirty years of age, called at the establishment of Messrs. Joel J. Baily & Co., No. 28 North Third street, who are dealers in bosiery, notions, and fancy goods. He gave his name as R. Barnwell Rhett, and that he had just arrived from South Carolina, where he resided, to purchase goods for the firm of Slote, Webb & Co. He intimated that he had travelled far in search of such as he wanted, and had concluded that he could at no place meet with better bargains than in Philadelphia. Philadelphia then he came, and that moment found him in Bally & Co.'s store. He made a careful examination of the stock, with the eye of a connoisseur, and then retired, saying: -" will call to morrow

On Thursday, at 2 P. M., he fulfilled his pro-mise, and selected about \$400 worth of goods. He walked to the rear of the store, where stood a small desk, and while under the protense of writing he cunningly abstracted a sheet of paper with the firm's heading from one of the pigeonholes. He then turned around, saying, out my bill. I will call and settle next day" From Baily & Co.'s he went to the establish-ment of William G. Spencer & Co., dealers in ment of william G. Spencer & Co., dealers in hosiery and fancy goods, doing business on Chesnut street, below Seventh, and there pur-chased goods to the amount of \$400, and said that he would call and settle. That afternoon Messrs. Spencer & Co. received the following order, which was brought by a porter .--

OFFICE OF JOEL J. BAILY & Co., NO. 28 NORTH FRIED STREET, PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 17, 1871.-THIRD THERD STREET, PHILADELPHIA, FCO. 11, ISL.-Messre, W. G. Spencer & Co.-Gentlemen:-Please send us goods bought yesterday for Messre. Slote, Webb & Co., of Charleston, S. C., and charge same to us. Mr. Rhett was obliged to leave town this morning, and requested us to inclose your goods in our shipment. Respectfully. JOEL J. BALLY & Co. Per S. L.

#### Per S. L.

When one of the firm received this note, a shade of suspicion crossed his mind. He asked the porter, "Are you employed oy Mr. Baily?" "No," said the porter. "We will not deliver the goods now;" and with this answer the porter left. Upon sending word to Baily & Co, the Messrs. Spencer discovered the order to have been forged on the sheet of paper that had first been stolen from the office of the Third street

frm. The same individual, baffled at this point, then North Eighth went to A. J. Bartholomew, on North Eighih street, and purchased \$390 worth of kid gloves, and said he would call "next day" and pay for them. Instead of calling, he sent by his porter a check on the Union Banking Company, signed by J. J. Baily & Co., with a note similar to that which had been sent to the firm of Spencer & Co., that is, saying that he was obliged to leave the city, and that Baily & Co. would receive the goods for Messrs Slote, Webb & Co., and include them in their shipment.

This time the forgery was successful, and Mr. Bartholomew delivered the goods. To his dismay he discovered that the signatures to both the note and the check were forged. Mr. Bartholomew is confident he can identify the forger, while the goods which he was so adroitly swindled out of are well described, and thus their identification will be easy. Upon proceeding to the Continental Hotel the

parties concerned discovered that the bona-fide Mr. Rhett of South Carolina was stopping there, and was living in entire innocence of the thought that a rascal was, under his name, perpetrating villainies in this city.

## THE COAL TRADE.

The Blocking Up of the Trade for the Present-Good Results to Follow-A Free Fight Be-tween the Hallroads and the Dulos-The Adranced Tolls Quotations, Rtc

The all-important question of who are the parties who are to rule the coal trade in the future is now being brought forcibly before those interested, and a speedy answer is in pro-cess of being worked out. The result is being

anxiously waited for. The unreasonable and ontrageous management of the Miners' Union has at length brought matters to a crisis, and decided action is being taken to put a stop to unjust demands in the future.

A meeting of prominent representatives of the Wyoming, Lehigh, and Schuylkill operators, of the Lehigh and Schuylkill iron manufacturers, and of all the prominent carrying companies, was held during the week in New York, at the office of the Delaware and Lackawanna Company. A policy was there inaugurated and since partly carried out, which will be severely felt by the miners. This policy, we believe, is to be aided by all the parties represented at the meeting The companies are now heartily tired of the un ending strife between themselves and the union. of the numerous strikes, the unjust demands, and the general idiotic method of governmen in vogue in the union, and have now taken the law into their own hands. Such a course was threatened some time ago, but the miners would

not take warning. The policy inaugurated was that of raising the tolls of the carrying companies to such a high figure that no business can possibly be done except with those who must have coal at any The end aimed at is the total annihila price. tion of the union. The Reading Road has accord-ingly issued a new list doubling the former rates. and the Lehigh Valley and Lehigh and Susquehanna companies have given notice of new rates which will be nearly triple. The other companies have not been heard from, yet but they prohably will be shortly.

Under these circumstances, the proposed resumption ordered by the General Council of the W. B. A. is of no effect. The operators who would not consent to co-operate with each other, thinking that when all others were doing nothing they might then have a small chance, are thus compelled to remain idle and help the general end.

The iron men are supposed to have given their consent and co-operation to the plan, they being about ready to stop anyhow on account of the state of their trade. At all events it is a ques-tion whether they would not get more advantage from a short total stoppage now, resulting in a more regular supply of fuel in the future.

The action of the companies is greatly to be commended, though it is open to some objections. The end sought is so desirable that every one should be willing to make some sacrifices. especially as there are such good prospects of success. There was never so good a chance for combination on the part of those opposed to the union for the purpose of its dismemberment, as at present. The plan, if steadily held to, will certainly accomplish its overthrow. It is better to suffer for a short season in order that we may have better things in the end.

The immediate effect of the higher tolls will be to materially advance the prices at the ports. But it is thought that there need be no coal famine. The supply on hand at this port is small, it is true, but it is thought that enough can be had either of our regular Schuyikill coal already mined, or of softer varieties from other regions, to weather through the time necessary. The supply in the yards in Phila-delphia will probably last the retail trade until about the middle of March.

One objection to the plan is that the compa nies may take advantage of the high prices which the high tolls will produce and retain a higher rate than they should after the necessity no more exists, making the burden to be felt by the consumer. But even if this were so, the public would rather be swindled by a corporation not governed by ignorant men, as the union is, which latter organization would do the same thing if possible. A total stoppage now on the part of the operatorsiis after all the quickest way to a resumption, and therefore it meets with general appro-bation. Concession on both sides has been urged and tried, but on account of unfair advantages taken it has not been successful. The time has come for more severe measures. As was to be expected, there have been nume-rous petitions started by the miners for the pur-pose of being presented to the Legislature, ask-ing for a curtailment, of the franchises of the railroad companies. The President of the Union has himself been in Harrisburg looking after the matter. The miners by means of cards in the newspapers are appealing to philanthropists to aid the cause of the workingmen. They should remember that philanthropists have interests of their own to consider, and are as much interested in a fair state of the coal trade as any-Our despatches in another column from the coal region shows how the popular feeling is going against the Union. This is but a straw to show which way the wind blows. The following is a synopsis of the trade for the week from the Pottsville Miners' Journal of

a formare in which the proprietors are interested, many i the formace men in the Lehigh are co-ope-ration with the cost operators and transporters and also the consumers on the line of the Schuyikill to put top to the terrible state of affairs that now exist a the cost regions; and some of the beaviest minimateurers of from declared that they would so set blow out their formaces and have them state for a year before they would be compelled to go to the incoovenience of stacking up coal at heavy expense to last for a month or so to suit the bahest-of ignorant leaders of the W.B.A., and they will do it too.

#### HUNTING PARK.

Municipal Neglect of a Generous Gift-

There is now on foot an effort in which a great many people are interested. Hunting Park is to be rendered, should no obstacle be placed in the way, a beautiful resort, instead of being permitted to remain a neglected tract, dreary in winter and overrun with rank growth in summer. This park is located on North Broad street, about four miles from Chesnut street, and contains a little over 43 acres. Iu 1856 it was generously donated to the city of Philadelphia by several citizens, to be used as a public park, free of access for all the inhabi-tants, and "for the health and the enjoyment of the people." The ordinance dedicating it to public use, and entitling it "Hanting Park," passed July 10, 1856.

At that time \$4000 were given to improve it, and this is about all that has been appropriated to carry out the sime and intentions of the donors.

Many efforts have been made to make this spot is viting to our people. It is pleasantly situated. It is at the northern terminus of Broad street, which, in pleasant weather, is thronged by thousands of promenaders and riders. Our chief thoroughfare would have a stronger attraction if at its terminus it led into a pleasant park that had been tastefully arranged. It is suggested that this park be laid out in drives, with a circular track where our horsemen, restrained by the law from racing on Broad street, might put their steeds to the

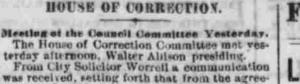
There is to be a concert of action to rejuvanate this descried spot, and to make it as in-viting as its generous donors anticipated. The park is now, we believe, in the hands of the Board of City Trusts. In attending to their many duties re ating to the Girard Estate, the trustees have undoubtedly overlooked it. William F. Smith, the representative from Germantown, has introduced into the Legislature an act extending the powers of the Park Commissioners, so as to authorize them to take charge of Hunting Park; and on Thursday last, in Select Council, Mr. King offered a bill vesting the care of this park in a commission composed of Messre. Charles H. Muirhead, Edwin H. Fitler, Theodore Solalgnac, Edwin Hopkins, Thomas Dolan, James D. Wetham, Edward Burton, and Beareau Borie, who are pledged to improve it without any cost to the city. No matter who superintends, the improvement of this spot should be encouraged.

#### SLEEPY-HEADS.

Bold Robbery that Gught to Have Been Discovered. Walnut street, between Third and Fourth,

must have been deserted by our policemen last night. J. F. Stockdale & Co.'s store, No. 331. was entered and robbed of stock to the value of \$400. The robbers, under cover of the dark-ness, broke a pane of glass in the upper sash of one of the windows, and turned up the catch, and let the sash down. They then scrambled into the building, closed the inside shutters, lighted the gas, and commenced their work.

They emptied \$350 worth of imported cigar from their bexes, deeming it nonsense to carry any superfluous weight. They overhauled the desks and drawers, but found no cash. A revolver presented to Mr. Stockdale when a collector they carried off. It was valued at \$25. With admirable jndgment, from the rows of bottles of brandy they selected the finest brand. Among the cigars carried off was a lot for which the owner had paid \$225 per thousand. What is strange about the entire proceeding is that while the robbers might have escaped into Harmony court by simply unbolting a real door, they departed as they had entered, through the window, and in the glare of the light, which they had not extinguished. This shows conclusively that no "perlice" were about, or the light in the store would have been discovered. Mr. Stockdale is a member of Common Council. He looks upon this event as a judgment for not having voted for a metropolitan police bill. THE MORTALITY OF THE CITY .- The number of deaths in the city for the week ending at noon to-day was 274, being an increase of over those of last week and a decrease of 60 from the corresponding period of last year. Of these 139 were adults and 135 minors. 202 were people of the United States, and 60 were foreigners. 11 were people of color. 9 were from the country. The principal causes of death were :- Consumption of the lungs, 48; disease of the heart, 15; marasmus, 6; old age, 13; typhoid fever, S; convulsions, 11; inflammation of the lungs, 27; debility, 14. The deaths were divided as follows among the different wards:-



ment made with the contractor for the building of a House of Correction, he was of the opinion that the clause "providing that payments shall be made upon the architect's certificates, upon monthly estimates and valuation of said works, for materials furnished and work done, less ten per cent. thereof," contemplates a payment at the end of each month for the materials which shall at that time have been delivered upon the ground, and is not restricted to such materials as shall have been actually used in the operation of building.

That the valuation of the work done and materials furnished in any given month is not restricted by the agreement to the actual price paid by the contractor for such materials, But may be based upon their market value at that

Strickland Kneass, Chief Engineer and Sur veyor, in reply to an inquiry of Mr. Allison, chairman of the committee, as to his mode of making estimates, says that he has always made his current estimates a comparative valuation of the work done, and has in all cases paid for material delivered on the ground, not always its full value. If this was not done, he says, all men with small capital, though perhaps the best men to carry on the work, would be ruled out

by competition. The act to establish and maintain the House of Correction agreed on by the commission was then read, and after sundry amendments, the most important of which requires that the comrensation of all officers of the house shall be approved by Councils, it was agreed to, and the committee adjourned.

OUR CENTENNIAL -WHAT NEW JERSEY SAYS. -The joint resolution and preamble of the New Jersey Legi-lature, which recently passed non. con., endorsing Philadelphia as the place for bolding the great centennial anniversary, says: -

1. Le il resolved by the Senate and General Assembly of the State of New Jersey, That an exhibition of pro-ducts of manufactures and art of the United States, and of all nations, will be an appropriate means o celebrating the centenary anniversary of the Deck ration of Independence; and it is most suitable and proper that the exhibition be held at the city of Phi-

adelphia, Pennsylvania. 2. And be it received, That the action of the House of Representatives of the United States, looking owards such celebration, is approved and sustained

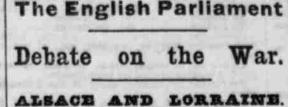
by this State. 3. And be it resolved, That the Legislature of New Jersey will, at the proper time, adopt such measures as may be expedient to provide for the display, at the exhibition, of the products of the State.

RELIEF FOR FRANCE-THE COMMITTEE TO DEVISE MEANS.-At the meeting held yesterday afternoon in the Mayor's office to raise subscriptions for the impoverished French, the Mayor was authorized to appoint an executive committee to take the matter in charge. He has selected the following gentlemen:-Harry Lewis, John Wanamaker, Peter Jacob, Dr. E. Morwitz, William Massey, Wm. J. Horstman, Washington J. Jackson, Anthony J. Drexel, William Gulager, C. J. Hoffman. The Mayor is chairman of this body. A meeting of the executive committee will be held this afternoon.

FIRE-About 8 o'clock this morning a fire broke out in some barrels of rubbish in the cellar of the residence of Mr. George Ritchle, No. 1331 North Broad street, and burned through the floor into the dining-room, destroying furnitare to the value of \$200. The firemen were promptly on hand, and by their exertions succeeded in saving the building from destruction.

THEET OF BROOMS .- An individual named Charles Henry Augustus was arrested yesterday for the larceny of a dozen brooms from the store of Wm. J. Holtz, at Second and Dana streets. Defendant had a hearing before Alderman Toland and was committed for trial.

# FOURTH EDITION LATEST CABLE NEWS.



**Excitement in the French Assembly** 

The Spanish Cortes Elections

Matters at the Capital. Proceedings of Congress.

## Weekly Treasury Exhibit

Sten Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.

## FROM EUROPE.

Esglish Parliamentary Proceedings. LONDON, Feb. 18.—The debate in the Commons last night became general. The pervading tone was that England's weak hesitation had lost her the respect of the belligerents, and invited an early war for her own existence. Gladstone recapitulated the negotiations at St. Petersburg, which, he said, had been fruitlessly made to depend upon Lord Lyons' withdrawal. He (Gladstone) believed magnanimity on the part of the Germans would benefit not only France and Europe but Germany itself.

The subject here dropped, and discussion ensued upon the naval administration, during which Gladstone again addressed the House in defense of the Admiralty, asserting that during the Childers administration nearly two millions of taxation were saved to the country, whose maritime supremacy was at the same time assured.

#### Alsace and Lorraine.

FORDEAUX, Feb. 17 .- In the Assembly to-day M. Keller presented a declaration bearing the signatures of deputies of the Haut and Bas-Rhin, the Meurthe, and the Moselle, protesting on behalf of the inhabitants of these departments against the separation of Alsace and Lorraine from France. The proposal of Mr. Keller was referred to a committee, who subsequently submitted a report expressing the strongest sympathy with the populations of Alsace and Lorraine, and directing that the declaration of M. Keller be spread upon the records of the Assembly and referred to the French negotiators when they come to treat with Prussia. The

## FROM NEW YORK.

The Latest Budson Railroad Accident. The Latest Budson Railroad Accident. Foremanness, Feb. 18.—It is now stated on suthority that the accident between Albany and the track at 6 P. M., the truck of one of the ears being of, which drew the spikes from the rails. The conductor or brakeman failed to notify the flarm in of the fact. The burning of the cars was caused by an analysis of the ship Neptune Ostrages. New Yonk, Feb. 18.—The examination of Captain Peabody, of the ship Neptune, and his mates, hinticiting crue and inburnan punishment apon sail-ors while on a voyage from Liverpool, begun to-day before United States Commissioner Shields. The bestimony showed that the men were exposed to severe cold until nearly frozen in one instance. The future. The set them dropped of, being frost-bitten.

WISHART'S OOLUMN.

## THE MEDICAL PRO-PERTIES OF TAR.

The pine tree has long been known to possess valuable medical properties. For palmonary diseases it is doubtful whether any . remedy has as yet been discovered equal to it. It seems to change and renew the very structure on which it acts, and to infuse into the system an indescribable power equal to the natural power before disease had even taken hold of the body, so as to make, as it were, an entirely new tissue, and to give a newness of life and energy which one who has been sick a long time knows the value of ut cannot fully describe. The great objection, however, to all tar preparations has been their unpleasant taste, and consequent liability to sickness and nauseate the stomach. We have before us, however, a preparation of the kind referred to, which obviates all these objections, and is as agreeable to the palate as it is valuable in the cure of disease. We mean "Dr. Wishart's Pine Tree Tar Cordial." a real, genuine, bona fide medicinal cordial, distilled from the pine tree by a process known only to the Doctor himself, the sale and popularity of which are only equalled by the amount of suffering it has relieved, and the number of diseases it is so well calculated to effectually cure. In the Pine Tree Tar Cordial the invalid may be sure he has a remedy of very extraordinary power for throat and lung affections, and when taken in con-Assembly then conferred the executive power of junction with the "Great American Dyspepsis Pills," an infallible cure for dyspepsis, liver complaint, sick headache, and the many ailments arising from a disordered state of the liver and digestive organs. In our sphere as publishers we feel some degree of cantiousness in what we recommend to our readers, but when we know of any. thing of value to the public we shall not heritate to make it known through our columns. We advise those of our readers who are suffering from dyspepsia, etc., to give Dr. Wishart's celebrated remedies a trial. A medical expert, holding honorable colle giate diplomas, devotes his entire time to the examination of patients at the office parlors. Associated with him are three consulting physicians of acknowledged eminence, whose services are given to the public free of charge. This opportunity is offered by no other in stitution in the country. Thousands of certificates of absolute cure (when all else failed to afford relief), as well as recommendatory letters without number. have been received by Dr. Wishart, the proprietor, attesting the uniform success with which they have been employed. Many of said letters are from the highest sources, including eminent statesmen, Governors, State judges, clergymen, etc.-men slow to be convinced, prejudiced perhaps at first, but feeling themselves under a sense of duty bound to tell the Doctor what they had done for them and to recommend them to others. The Great American Dyspepsia Pills and Pine Tree Tar Cordial are sold by all druggists throughout the world. They can also be obtained at Dr. WISHART'S GREAT FAMILY MEDICINE STORE, No. 232 North SECOND Street. Philadelphia, where a successful practising physician can be consulted each day, free of charge. Those in need of professional aid or counsel will do well to make a note of the above. Communications by mail, soliciting professional advice, will be considered strictly confidential and promptly answered, free of charge. The most complete stock of Family Medicines, Hair Preparations, Perfumery. etc., in the city. Give us a trial. Address all communications,

#### TEACHERS' INSTITUTE.

Annual Meeting at the High School Yesterday, The annual meeting of the Teachers' Institute was held yesterday afternoon in the lectureroom of the Central High School. J. Morton Thomas presided.

The Committee on Library and Publication re-ported that since the last annual meeting over 1200 copies of the report of the proceedings of the insti-tute for the year 1869 have been distributed. The Committee on Trust and Reitef reported that

The Committee on Trust and Reitef reported that at the commencement of the year they found to the credit of the fund, as reported at the last annual meeting, \$2600 5-20 United States coupon bonds, and \$1600 5-20 registered bonds. The total receipts were \$265:59. They have expended for the purchase of \$100 City 6's, dated July, 1870, \$100 62, and \$100 do. January, 1871, \$100. Total expenditure, \$200 62, Iraving a balance in cash, \$4'77. On Matual United States 5-20 bonds to the amount of \$3000; City 6's, new, free of tax, \$200. Total, \$3200. The special committee appointed at an adjourned meeting of the Institute for the consideration of the leachers' salaries and the proposal of a plan for raising the same, presented a report, setting forth that before the committee had time to properly con-sider the important subject submittee on Estimates of

a joint meeting of the Committee on Estimates of the Board of Publication and the committees of both branches of Councils on Schools, had resulted in the adoption of a resolution by which, with the excep-tion of professors in the Boys' High School, it was recommended that Councils increase the salaries of all teachers in the public schools ten per cent.

The committee therefore feit that any further action with reference to the accomplishment of the objects of their appointment at the present time would be useless, and they therefore recommended, as the best effort which they could make with reference to an increase of salaries, to urge and endeavor to secure the adoption of the resolution proposed by the joint action of the committee of Councils, and the estimating committees of the Board of Public Education.

The report closes with the following resolu

Resolved, That the members of the institute wi use their united exertions to secure the passage of the resolution of the Committees of Councils upo

Schools, proposing to increase the salaries of teach ensity of the sector of the secto pointing a committee to wait upon each member Council within one week after their appointment fo th purpose of an increase of salaries. The follow ing persons were then elected officers for the ensu ing jear:-For President, J. Morton Thomas; Vice-Presiden

Charles A. Singer; Secretary, Frederick F. Christine Corresponding Secretary, Marmaduke Watson Treasurer, D. Wesley Bartine. Business Committee (Representative of Boys' Hig School, Committee (Representative of Boys' Hig

Business Committee (Representative of Boys' Hig School)—George Stnart. Representative of Giris' Normal School—Georg W. Fetter.

Representative of Boys' Grammar School-Jame C. Sickel.

Representative of Girls' Grammar Schools-R. C. Marks.

entative of Consolidated Schools-

Representative of Consolidated Schools-Emery Byram. Representative of Secondary Schools-Josephir Pritchett.

Pritchett. Representative of Primary Schools—Kste Morris Committee on Library and Publications—Lydia / Kirby, Joseph F. Sickel, Edward Gideon. Committee on Trust and Relief Fund—George 1

Stout, Andrew T. Morrison. DWELLING-HOUSE ENTERED .- At an early

hour yesterday morning the residence of John Zeb, No. 1413 North Eighth street, was entered by thieves from the rear. On the premises was a dog, which gave the robbers considerable annoyance, and, fearful that the canine would, by its constant barking, arouse the inmates, the oy is constant barking, arouse the inmates, the robbers came to the conclusion to put it out of the way. They therefore cut the throat of the animal, and threw its body into the cesspool. They then entered the premises. To prevent surprise, they fastened all the doors leading to the upper floors, and, passing into the parlor, they solid a safe in one corner of the parlor. they espled a safe in one corner of the room. To their utter astonishment, the door of the same was found open, and an examination re vealed the fact that it contained nothing. As the safe had only arrived a day or two before, it is suspicioned that the robbers knew that fact, and expected that it would contain some valu As their hopes were blasted, they left without carrying off any property, and, as a matter of revenge, they locked the door of the safe and removed the key.

ROBBERT.-Last night the wholesale liquor house of J. F. Stockdale & Co., No. 331 Walaut street, was entered by thieves and robbed of a quantity of wine.

to-day:-

"The quantity sent by rall for the week was 16,141 tons, against \$3,590 tons for the corresponding week last year. The whole supply for the week was 137,536 tons, against 175,081 for the corresponding week last year. In the supply of anthracite so far this year we are behind that of last year 571,000 tons, and last year at the same period we were 176,000 shead of the previous year, making a diffe-rence of 747,000 tons so far this year.

157		70.	1871	1871.	
	EH.	TOTAL.	WEEK.	TOTAL.	INC. A
An hracite. P. &. R. R	53,590	493,631	19,141	433 792	d 55,84
Boh. Oanal L.Val E.H.S. L.V.R.R.Nth	38,930	86,926 476,761	1,661 217	34,374 33×,116 32,724	d 1.85 d141,63 82,50
L. Canal L. Nav. R. R Ser'ton Sth	11,609 19,781	108,036 176,774	1,380	157,110	d 60,92 176,77
do Ntb) Pa.ConlGo. Pa. Canal	29,615	72,856		2,761	d 97,45
D.& H.Cal D.&H.E.E.E do. do.W do. do S.	29,063 80 11,367	66,030 1,497 16,499	8,502 134	48,232 12,721	d 33,58 d 18,49
WyomingNh. Bhamokin Trevorton	4,366	30,578 1,978	3,967	\$5,158	d 1,97
Big Lick Col. Lykens V.Co. Williamston.	1,294	249 14,085	2,759 1,838	8,88 ) 17,847 2,013	8.89 7.68 J 19.07
1999	143,538 24,404	1,605,043	24,658	1,033,868	15
	139,244	671,175			1.00
Bituminouz, Broad Top B. & O. R. R. Ohes. & O.Ca.	11,842	15 440 51,084	4,515 8,763	94.640 \$4,879	6,20 2,99
Tot'l,sil kind	175,080 87,795	1,065,867 1,112,257	37,736	1,112,837	
	187,554	653,920	-	-	1.1

the year so far, 552,980 tons. We are losing at the

compared with hast year, of 13,355 tons, and for the year so far, 523,980 tons. We are losing at the rate of not less than 150,000 tons a week. Soveral collieries had made arrangements to start in Schuyi-kii county to supply parties that wanted coal, but the advance of \$2 per ton on tons and transportation, made by the Reading Railroad Company came like a clap of thunder upon them, and several that had started, or proposed to start, have already or will stop, except three or four that have special contracts to supply furnaces here and also a few on the line that will sooner pay the advanced price than blow out. "The Philadelphia Coal Company started one of their collieries, and propose starting the others to supply Coleman's furnaces at Lebason with the large size of coal, but they must keep the smaller size in the chutes, because if cannot be sold at the present rates of tolls on the line or at Philadelphia. In the Wyoming region two operators pro-posed to start, but they companies were not prepared to furnish cars undi the business was so arranged that they would be authorized to put their rolling stock on the road. In the stant send any coal with the present rates of tolls prevailing, which we learn will be continued but they cannot send any coal with the programers that we have but hey cannot send any coal with the program takes of tolls prevailing, which we learn will be continued until the trade is and arranged that it can program but they cannot send any coal with the present rates of tells prevailing, which we learn will be continued until the trade is so arranged that it can progress without any further stoppage or interruption, and connequently they can only send west and south via Northern Central Railroad. In the Lehigh region the rates of toils and transportation have also been advanced both by the Lehigh Valley and Lehigh and Susquehanna roads, and as far as we could learn yesterday but one colliery was ;working to supply

Wards.	Wards.
First 7	Seventeenth
Second10	Eighteenth
Third 6	
Fourth 9	Twentieth
Fifth17	Twenty-first
Sixtb	Twenty-second
Seventh	Twenty-third
Eighth 5	
	Twenty-fifth
	Twenty-sixth
Eleventh 7	Twenty-seventh
Twelfth 6	Twenty-eighth
Thirteenth 9	Unknown
Fourteenth 9	and the lot of the lot
Fifteenth17	Total
Sixteenth	

13

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THE C

SPELLIN

A PITIABLE STORY .- At the West Philadelphia Railroad Depot there arrived last night a young woman whose residence is in Dalton, N H. She was without money and friends, and the police were obliged to furnish her with quarters for the night at the Sixteenth District Station-house. This morning she appeared be-fore his Honor the Mayor, and made known the following facts. She was employed in a factor following facts :--- She was employed in a factory in Dalton, and there formed the acquaintance of a dashing young clerk in the establishment. Under a promise of marriage, she accompanied him to New York city. Here they were made man and wife, and the day after the marriage she was directed by her hushand to come to this city, while he remained there to settle up his business. The fact that he had destroyed the marriage certificate convinced her that he intended to desert her, but she had no other alternative than to obey his command to come to this city. Her husband paid her fare and checked her baggage here, and now she is without a home or friends.

PLACES OF AMUSEMENT LICENSED .- In addition to the names of the places of amusement. licensed by the Mayor, published recently in THE EVENING TELEGRAPH, we have the follow-Morton Hall.

Bates' Show, No 1111 Market street.
Bates Show, NO 1111 Maract Street.
Masonic Hall, Manayunk.
Mortimer's Varieties.
Liberty Halt.
McCrossin's Hall, Washington avenue
Jacob Valer's Concert Hall.
Union Hall.
Horticultural Hall.
Germania Central Hall.
Newman's Dancing Academy.
City Guarde Hall.
Germania Literary Association.
Germania Literaty Association.

STOLE & PUSH CART .-- Yesterday Michael Devlin was arrested by Policeman Dessinger, of the Tenth district, upon the charge of the lar-ceny of a push cartfrom a store at Hancock st., and Girard avenue. Defendant was chased as farjas Germantown avenue and Jefferson street, and there arrested. The property was recov-ered. Michael had a hearing before Alderman Shoemaker, and was committed for trial,

DEAD INFANT .- This morning a dead infant was found on Hancock street, above Oxford.

SUDDEN DEATH .- The Coroner was notified this morning to hold an inquest at No. 1625 Olive street, upon the body of James E wing, aged twenty-three years, who fell dead at Broad and Master streets. Also, at No. 1832 Seybert street, upon the body of David Graham, who died suddenly last night.

PETROLEUM STOCK .- The receipts during the week just ending, of petroleum, were 12,343 barrels. The stock yesterday aggregated 31,000 barrels. The shipments for the same period amounted to 342,957 gallous, making a total of 3,289.731 gallons exported since the 1st of January.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN, -An application

will be made to the Governor for a parden for William I. Ionis, convicted of bigamy, and now in the County Prison.

#### LEGAL INTELLIGENCE. Homicide Cases.

Court of Oyer and Terminer-Judges Allison and Pacson.

In the matter of James Mahoney, who was convicted of a ansiaughter in taking the life of Police-man Dennis Sullivan in June last, the motion for a new trial was wishdrawn, and the Court impos sentence of seven years and six months in the

County Prison. John Fitzgerald (colored), who was convicted of John Fitzgerald (colored), who was convicted of murder in the second degree in taking the life of James Davenger (colored), when called for sentence, made an impassioned and quite intelligent speech to the Court. He said his wife's honor had been as-salied by his father, who was the principal witness against him, and that on the day of this occurrence, as he was about starting off to have his shoemaker snife sharpened, his father made a remark which nettled him, and he turned around to accuse him of his criminal conduct, when Davenger interfered. Then, in the heat of the moment, he attempted to push the old man away, and accidentally cut him. The Court imposed a sentence of twelve years in the Penitentiary.

the Penitentiary. In the case of Constable William Whitesides, who was convicted of manslaughter in shooting James Freeman (colored), the Court to-day granted a new

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S 11 stothatispi FIFTH AND WALNUT,

the Government upon M. Thiers.

M. Keller, in a speech, adjured his colleagues to proclaim their inviolable attachment to Alsace and Lorraine. A majority of the Chamber appeared disposed to delay the consideration of the subject until to-morrow, but Thiers strongly insisted upon its immediate consideration, saying that the Chamber must on its own responsibility clearly declare its wishes upon the question.

The Chamber went into committee on the motion of M. Keller, and the sitting was subsequently suspended.

Affairs at Paris-The National Guard, Etc. LONDON, Feb. 18.-A despatch from Versailles of Feb. 17th says the destruction of heavy guns of the fort is in progress.

The drawing of the mines has been completed. The Paris Government intends to stop the pay of the National Guards and their wives, and supply them with work instead.

A million shells and a quarter of a million of mitrailleuse balls have been manufactured in Paris since September 19.

Elections to the Spanish Cortes. MADRID, Feb. 16 - The Spanish elections will

be held on the Sih of March, and the Cortes will meet on the 3d of April. The Correspondencia says elections for deputies to the Spanish Cortes will shortly be held in Porto Rico and Cuba.

The Steamship Chlua. LONDON, Feb. 18 .- The steam h'p China, from New York, touched at Queenstown yesterday.

M. Their- and the Foreign Ministers. BORDEAUX, Feb. 18 .- Immediately after the vote in the Assembly yesterday the English, Austrian, and Italian ambassadors officially visited M. Thiers and recognized the French Government.

Ship News. LIVERPOOL, Feb. 18.—Arrived, brig Essex, from Galveston, with 766 bales of cotton; ship Monsoon, from New Orleans, with 9625 bales; steamer St. Louis, from New Orleans, with 3913 bales; ship Lottle Warren, from Savannah, with 3350 bales.

FROM WASHINGTON.

The Proposition to Acquire Perilons of the Britch North American Possessions. Special Despatch to the Evening Telegraph.

Special Despatch to the Beening Telegraph. WASHINGTON, Feb. 18.—Senator Howard to-day introduced a resolution setting forth that the high commission which is shortly to meet to settle all dif-ferences between Great Britain and the United States in a speedy, honorable, and mutually advan-tageous manaer, all important matters in contro-versy, is recommended to take into consideration the fact that the possession by Great Britain of the northern portion of the continent of North America, which is, in its very nature, an obstacle to the per-ments, and a standing incidement to per-ments, and a standing incidement to per-ments, and a standing incidement to per-minet for the recommended that the commission may in any settlement suggested emorace a cession to the United States of so much of the British pos-sessions as its westward of the Hudson Bay and the outlet of Lake Superior, with the right of free mayi-antic and Aric cocens. The House the celebrated BEGEARMARD Case IN AMERICA.

McGarraban Case is the special order, and it is likely to occupy all day.

Illness of Senator Summer. Scrator Summer has been suffering considerable for the last twelve hours with an acute attack of pleurisy, but is not dangerous. He will probably be detained from the Senate several days.

Treasury Statement. Receipts of fractional currency for the week, \$961,000: shipments of notes, \$147,738; fractional currency, \$678,227. The Treasury holds in trust for national bank circulation, \$257,253,060, and for pub-ile departments, \$16,919,500. Mutilated notes burned during the week, \$525,755; bank currency issued therefor, \$432,990; total amount issued therefor, \$36,621,373. Outstanding circulation, \$365,555,728. Fractional currency redeemed and destroyed, \$649,100. \$649,100.

#### The Carnival on Monday.

The departments will be closed at noon on Mon-day and Tuesday next, in order to give the em-ployes an opportunity to participate in the carnival epercises. On Wednesday, the anniversary of Washington's birthday, the departments will be closed all day.

L. Q. C. WISHART,

No. 232 NORTH SECOND STREET.

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