# FIRST EDITION

THE CUBAN AMNESTY QUESTION.

The Trial of Dr. Lanahan

The Bishops' Communication.

The New Jersey Water Famine.

Mysterious Tragedy in Baltimore.

The Brooklyn Whisky War.

Two Thousand Troops Engaged.

Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.

CUBA.

The General Amsenty-Return of Cubans to be Permitted-Che Ricction of King. HAVANA, Jan. 7 .- The question of universal amnesty forms at present an undercurrent of interest and excitement here. As reported, so sweeping and general in its character is this amnesty to be, that all Cubans now in foreign countries will be permitted to return, and their property restored to them on giving in their allegiance to the Government; while those in the

field will be pardoned without exception upon laying down their arms. As unlikely as this may seem, there is much reason to believe that this is the intention. It is certain that Valmaseda is the only man living who can do this; but so great is his popularity among the Spaniards and confidence in his patriotism, they will quietly submit to anything he may determine. At the same time he is especially anxious to rid himself of the charges of cruelty preferred against him, and no better

way to accomplish this could be undertaken.

On the 5th a meeting of the more prominent Spaniards was called at the Palace, and rumor was at once rife that it referred to the amuesty question. It turned out, however, to be for the purpose of discussing the stamp tax recently imposed, and which falls in the most inconvenient and operous manner upon the merchants, and which at the same time imposes duties on officials which it is utterly impracti-

eable for them to perform.

Valmaseda has forwarded the following despatch to the Colonial Minister, under date of

In the name of the royal people of the island, of all its corporations, of the army, navy, and volun-beers, I request your Excellency to felicitate his Serene Highness the King, and tender him our re-spect and homage. Three days of holiday were decreed here on secount of the arrival in Madrid of the King, mmencing on the 4th. Salutes were fired. and the houses and streets bedecked with

bunting. A letter from Cienfuegos states a deposit of mand munitions of war has been found on an estate in that jurisdiction, and that the overseer of the place committed suicide in consequence. The owner, General Garcevan, is imprisoned, to answer to the charge of treason.

## THE BOOK CONCERN TROUBLES.

The following is the Bishops' communication in the Lanahan trial, now being held in New fork, an abstract of which has been sent by telegraph:-

To the Book Committee of the Methodist Episcopal Church.—Dear Brothers:—In our re-lations to the Book Committee we desire to act on all questions with the utmost frankness and courtesy. Heretofore we have not been con-sulted by your body as to the questions involved in this investigation. Of this we do not com-plain, but it seems to us a point has now been eached when courtesy to the committee, as ell as a due regard to our own responsibilities the premises, require us to make the follow-

ing statements:—
1. In meeting with the committee at their equest to act concurrently with them in this avestigation, we must not be understood as haring in any sense, or to any extent, the reponsibility of receiving or entertaining charges gainst an editor or agent, prepared or pre-ented as these have been. Yet as these charges have been received or entertained by the com-nittee, we consider it to be a duty to proceed

with them in the investigation.

2. We cannot act as a concurrent authority in my investigation, except as to the official conret of our editor or agent.
The agents and the editors, if travelling achers, are amenable for their moral and inisterial conduct to the same ecclesiastical athority as are other ministers of the Churchbey are members of annual conferences and re officially connected with quarterly con-sciences, and are thus placed under the jurisdic-ion of the presiding elder in the interval of the innual conference as blabops.

We cannot consider and give official decisions

pon such matters as come properly under the prisdiction of annual conferences when in seson, or, if presiding elder, in the interval of

aid conference.

3. It has long been a rule in our judicial dministration not to allow third parties to predministration not be allowed the product of charges of slander or of slanderous utter-ces, and this administration has never been scepted to by the General Conference. We must abide by this rule in this investigation, so

r as we are concerned.

4. We do not judge it proper for us to confer the general fitness or unfitness for the
fice of any man appointed by the General onference as editor or agent, unless the cause such alleged unfitness has occurred since his ection. As provided in the discipline, we may, given contingencies, pass upon official connect, but not upon general fitness for office, ex-

#### E. S. JANES, S. SCOTT, M. SIMPSON, E. R. AMES. JERSEY'S WATER FAMINE.

Floodgate Brenks - The Works Entirely Stopped. The Newark Advertiser of last evening says: The great pipe has been moved into position raising. The men will work all night, if cessary, putting in guards, arranging ropes, a. A layer of plank is being placed around a pipe around which the large rope that raises is wound. One of the appliances to shift the pe along to the foot of the sheers was a huge an passing through the entire length and tened with a large timber. To the other end a attached a rope which was worked with a ab. The whole force go heart and soul into ab. The whole force go heart and soul into a work, and every man seems to take a pride the enterprise. Their united movements are zegular as the workings of a vast machine. This morning at 11 o'clock a floodgate broke, means of which the engines at the Water orks at Belleville have been enabled to throw neiderable quantities of water late the resert. In consequence of this accident the works we entirely stopped. Now the water famine Jersey City is complete, and great excitement syalis. THE SAN DOMINGO EXPEDITION.

The Frigate Tennessee to Sall from New York Direct to Man Domingo on Monday Next.

Contrary to expectations the frigate Tennessee was not ready yesterday to leave the New York Navy Yard, to proceed to an anchorage off the Battery to take on board her powder. In the afternoon, however, an official board of officers inspected the frigate throughout, and prononneed her in every way properly fitted out and equipped for sea. The engines of the ship have been tried at the dock, and found to work smoothly and satisfactorily, considering every-

thing.
With eight boilers under a full pressure of steam, it is expected that the engines can be made to work up to thirty revolutions a minute, which ought to give a speed to the ship, under favorable circumstances, of from eight to nine knots an hour. Under sail and steam the ship is expected to perform wonders, or at least to knock off twelve to fourteen knots an hour. It will require six to eight days for the Tonnessee to sail from New York to Samana bay, under favorable circumstances.

The proposed visit of the ship to Hampton Roads has been relinquished, in consequence of the loss of time involved in a trip out of a direct course to San Domingo. As now contemplated. the ship will sail with the commissioners on Monday next, and will make a straight wake for the island. The commissioners are expected from Washington on Sunday morning, and will be on board the Tennessee before two o'clock in the afternoon, ready to pack their baggage away before the ship feels the heavy swells of the

A swarm of civilians are to accompany the Commission in various capacities, and many of them will be obliged to essay the perilous feat of lodging in a swinging hammock.

#### THE BROOKLYN WHISKY RAID.

Violence of the Mob-The Streets Cleared by Troops-Important Seizures. The New York Post of last evening says:—

At 7 o'clock this morning the raid upon the illicit whisky stills in Brooklyn, which was interrupted by the darkness of last evening, was resumed with the same precautions and the ald

About 1400 soldiers, including the 8th Infantry, an artillery corps, a body of sappers and miners, detachments of marines, and other troops, were under arms.

An unanticipated and important discovery was made made in John street, between Jay and Pearl streets. In a large open yard were two newly-erected sheds of considerable size. When opened nothing suspicious was visible, but the nasal organs of the revenue officers at once de-tected a strong odor of "mash." Sappers and miners were at once set to work, and with which was well laid and substantial. When the first planks were raised, a volume of steam, of pungent odor, rushed through the aperture, and t was plain that an important seizure was about to be made. Just as the excitement was at its height a shower of stones tell among the lookers-on, and before the work was proceeded with a detachment of troops were ordered to clear the adjacent streets, and to occupy the housetops surrounding the yard.

These orders were obeyed, and the sappers again set to work. In a very few minutes the flooring of both sheds was demolished, and fifteen huge vats full of mash were exposed. As the liquid was hot, it was certain that the still nd a careful search was at once made. In the adjoining house a still, yet hot and wet inside, was found. But here a slight difficulty occurred. The owner of the still defied the officers to sieze it, claiming that

he had bought it at auction about a week ago, and that they had no evidence to prove that it had been used illegally, as it was not on the same premises with the mash.

Although neither General Jourdan, nor his associates, doubted that the still had been used in making the liquid that was then pouring into the gutters through the hose of a fire-engine, it was left unvalented. The total release the total series and the state of the series and the series are series as a series of the series and the series are series as a series of the series are series. was left unmolested. The total value of the mash, still, and shed seized in John street is estimated at \$10 000.

The sheds and tubs were torn to pieces, and the serviceable planking removed to the Navy In the meantime, it was ascertained that a number of suspicious barrels had been found at the foot of Gold street, and, on examination, doubtless been collected from some of the vats which were not thoroughly pumped out last night. The barrels had been artfully placed near some sugar refineries, and they were at first thought to contain molasses. The bungs were

knocked out and the liquor allowed to escape to It was remarked to-day by a gentleman experienced in these matters that illicit distilleries as a rule were constructed in such a manner that the contents of the vats can be emptled at a mothe river. ment's notice into the nearest sewer. The Brooklyn distillers, however, are unable to do this, as their vats are deeply suak into the earth, in order to render detection more difficult and to give more trouble to the revenue officers.

## THE TRI-LINGUAL AGAIN.

Another Fechterian Funx Pas—He Refuses to Act if Mr. Wallack is Allowed in the Theatre. Under the heading "An Unmitigated Outrage by Charles Fechter," the Boston Traveller of last evenlug has the following editorial article:-

Under the heading "An Unmitigated Outrage by Charles Fechter," the Boston Traveller of last evening has the following editorial article:

Some weeks ago we endeavored, until we could no longer help it, to keep all reference to the quarrels at the Globe Theatre out of the columns of the Traveller, and when sent for by Mr. Fechter on the afternoon of the 14th of December last, and requested to publish his statement of the troubles in this paper, we begged him to keep out of print, on the ground that a newspaper quarrel would only redound to his lajury and standing in the community; but, with an unyleiding obstinancy entirely characteristic of the man, he refused to listen to reason, and so went before the public.

We had hoped that, for his own sake, after this Mr. Fechter would have kept himself within bounds, and, by acting the part of a gentieman, would at least have assumed a virtue which it would appear he is not really possessed of. For the past week he has thrown a series of petty annoyances in the way of the proprietor of the theare, all tending to impair his efforts to inaugurate the new management of Monday evening next, and in this respect has shown a petty harrowness and jealousy univorthy of a man who makes his boasts that all he does is for the interest of art and the elevation of his brother artists, These annoyances culminated this morning by Mr. Fechter, acting as we suppose under his presumed privileges as "sole manager," refusing the use of the stage was made at a time when the stage was not needed for any other purpose, when there were no rehearsals of any of Mr. Fechter's pieces, and when the use of the stage would in ho way interfere with any of the arrangements of the "sole manager," This action on the part of Mr. Fechter has taken a step in which he can be in no way justified, and taken its rise in a jealousy against Mr. James W. Wallack, Mr. Fechter has declared that Mr. Wallack Mr. Fechter has declared that Mr. Wallack Mr. Fechter has declared that Mr. Wallack Mr. Fechter has declared to

SECOND EDITION THIRD EDITION

BATTLE OF LE MANS. The Battle of Le Mans. Advices from the Pacific Railways in the West.

The Legislature of Nevada. The Albany Express Robbery.

FROM EUROPE. The Battle of Le Mans-Despatch from the Duke of Mecklenburg.
London, Jan. 13.—The Duke of Mecklenburg telegraphs to his wife from Montfort, Department of Sarthe, on the 12th, "That after a severe engagement at St. Cornellle we reached the river near Savigne-l'Ev que, seven miles northeast from Le Mans, with small loss. We have taken 1000 prisoners."

Yesterday's Quotations.
London, Jan. 13-1'30 P. M.—American securities quiet. Stocks quiet. Illinois Central 109%, ex-dividend. ex-dividend.

LIVERPOOL, Jan. 13—1-30 P. M.—The stock of cotton in port is 545,000, of which 234,000 bales are American. The receipts of the week have been 950,000 bales, of which 63,000 bales were American.

The receipts of Wheat for three days have been 30,000 quarters, all American. Corn is quoted at 32s. 6d. New Pork easier. Lard, 59s. London, Jan. 13—P. M.—Sugar to arrive is buoyant

## FROM THE PACIFIC COAST.

Rallway Election. San Francisco, Jan. 13. — The California Pacific Railroad Company, the line of which commences at Vallego, in Salano county, twentyeight miles N. N. E. of San Francisco, and runs northward, has just elected the strongest board of directors ever chosen on the Pacific slope. consisting of Ed. H. Green, of London; Julius May and Rodolph Sulzback, of Frankfort: M. K. Jessup, of New York; Colonel John P. Jackson, Eugene L. Sullivan, F. E. Atherton, John Parrot, and Milton S. Latham, of San Francisco. The company declares its intention to push the work on the main line and all its branches. Furthermore, also declares a determination not to sell out or to be absorbed in any rival organization. The Enancial condition of the company is unexceptionably good, and its business prospects satisfactory. The company designs to make extensive improvements in Vallego.

The Case of Sheriff Jackson. In the case of Jackson, Sheriff of Trinity the constitutional amendments in collecting miners' tax of the Chinese, Judges Hoffman and Sawyer in the United States Circuit Court today sustained the demurrer to the indictment as a defection in the form, and discharged the defendant. A new indictment will be prepared. The Ship Young America.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 13 .- The consignees of the ship Young America, which arrived from New York on the 9th, have been required to sign a general average bond, and to deposit ten per cent., the ship having been obliged to throw overboard part of her cargo while is Weather in California.

Fine rains have prevailed recently from San Diego to Sacramento.

## FROM NEW YORK.

The Express Robbery - The Suspected As-ALBANY, Jan. 14.—On Thursday last, Filkins. the man suspected of having committed the express robbery and attempted murder, was seen. He read the descriptions of himself, and went to a barber-shop, where he had his whis-kers shaved off of his chin, leaving side whiskers on. At that time he wore a striped fiannel shirt, with a large button in the bosom. His inner coat was dark or speckled, vest dark brown, pants brown, overcoat long and dark. He had on overshoes which buckled at the top, and a dark cap. He said he was just from

NEW YORK, Jan. 14 .- The shipment of specie to-day amounts to \$37,600.

## FROM THE PLAINS.

Utah Railway Enterprise.

SALT LAKE, Utah, Jan. 13.—The News says that preliminary steps and the requisite amount of stock were taken to-day for the construction of a line of railroad from this city to Payson. Utah county. The enterprise is in the hands of responsible men.

## FROM WASHINGTON.

The German Societies' Masquerade.

Despatch to the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 14.—The committee on the proposed masquerade in connection with the celebration of the 20th and 21st of February have addressed letters of invitation to all the Arion societies and to a number of fantastic social organizations to participate in the pro-

## FROM THE WEST.

Nevada Legislature, San Francisco, Jan. 14.—Bills have been introduced in the Nevada Legislature to legalize gift concerts for charitable purposes, to provide for taxing the Central Pacific Railroad lands. and to disincorporate the cities of Hamilton, Virginia, and Gold Hill.

## ACCIDENT IN JERSEY CITY.

A Horse Car Demolished by an Eric Rallway

Last night at about half-past seven o'clock, a Last night at about half-past seven o'clock, a collision occurred at the Grove street crossing of the Eric Railway, which resulted seriously. An Eric Railway train stood on the track. It was uncoupled so as to admit of the passage of a horse car on its way from Hoboken to Jersey City. Before the car got out of the way of the train the engineer backed down his train that it might not be coupled again. The horse car was thrown several feet to one side of the track and much damaged. There were ten passengers in the ear, but they all miracuously escaped without serious injury. The blame lies with the engineer of the Eric train, and orders have gone forth dismissing him.—N. Y. Commercial Ad-

WAR NEWS BY CABLE. LATER FROM EUROPE.

Full and Graphic Details

End of the Army of the Loire.

DOMESTIC AFFAIRS. The Illinois Senatorship

Gen. Logan's Election Foreshadowed

Ctc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.

FROM EUROPE.

The Battle of Le Mans-Full and Graphic Par-ticulars.

LE MANS, Jan. 10—Midnight.—(Special to the New York Telegram.)-The Army of the Loire, the hope of France, has been defeated in a bloody battle within seven miles of the city. The report of cannon was heard in the city all day. The entire population of Le Mans crowded the housetops and suburbs of the city and all thoroughfares, and the progress of the fight was

anxiously watched. Although the people are accustomed to the roar of cannon, there never was seen such excitement. At 8 o'clock in the morning the right wing of the French ar.ny, which was on the east of Le Mans, were suddenly attacked by the vanguard, of Prussians which emerged from the woods on the extreme right of the French.

Upon the alarm being given the advance of the French infantry wheeled into line of battle, the artillery pushing forward through interrels made in several ranks. The cavalry took positions upon the right and left wings. A more perfect line of battle could not have been formed by the finest army.

The artillery were well supplied with ammunition and the infantry with one hundred rounds per man. The supply trains were conveniently posted, and real bloody work began. The battle-field was a valley. The two armies occupied heights opposite each other. The French line was semi-circular, and extended twelve miles, overlooking the valley, which was covered with twelve inches of snow. On the oplar position.

Shortly after 9 o'clock the Prussians began a furious cannonade from the woods, near the extreme left, flanked by an immense force of cavalry, the wood concealing their position, when the troops were massed with the evident intention of turning Chanzy's position. The artillery fire continued on both sides until the ammunition of the Prussian artillery was almost exhausted, when the Prusslans became furlous and gave the order for the advance of the in-

The French advanced with equal rapidity along the whole line to meet the Germans in a fair hand to hand musketry fight. The Germans were cool and collected; the French impetuous and behaving bravely, but near noon the Mobiles began to waver, and the French, no longer able to hold their position, began to retreat. Meanwhile the dead and wounded strewed the

ground, and the fields were red with blood. The carnage was fearful, fifteen thousand French having fallen before 5 o'clock, when the whole French army was in full retreat. The number of troops engaged on each side numbered sixty thousand.

General Chanzy is reported sick, but he is still in command, and it is expected another battle will occur to-morrow.

## FROM WASHINGTON.

The Appropriation Bill.

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 14.—The House is in session to-day for the purpose of finishing the Legislative and Executive Appropriation bill. Mr. Dawes states that it will require nearly all the time of the session, from now nntil the 4th of March, to get the appropriation bills through. He says he is determined to give them careful consideration, and to keep all jobs out of them.

The Georgia Senators. The Senate Judiciary Committee is in session on the case of the Georgia Senators. It is the intention of Mr. Trumbull, chairman of the committee, to try and finish the hearing in the case. All the candidates from Georgia claiming seats are in the Senate to-day, so that he can repost to the Senate next week.

Territorial Affairs.
General Cullom made an effort to-day to get the permission of the House to set apart some day for the report from the Committee on Territories, so that he might be able to report enabling acts for Colorado and New Mexico, and also a bill making additional legislation for Utah.

In the case of Rear-Admiral Rowan,

nominated to be Vice-Admiral, it is the intention of tome Senators to call for the correspondence which passed between the Navy Department and the Admiral in the first year of the Rebellion. It is said that this correspondence is damaging to the character of that officer.

General Logan as Good as Elected Senator. General Cullom, of Illinois, received a despatch this morning stating that General Logan had received ninety-eight votes in the Republican legislative caucus of Illinois against thirty for all other candidates. This insures his election as United States Senator to succeed Yates.

Baltmere Produce Market.

Baltmere Produce Market.

Baltmere, Jan. 14.—Cotton dull, and held firmly at yesterday's prices. Plour active and unchanged; Howard street superfixe, \$5@5.50; do. extra, \$6@6.75; do. family, \$7@85.50; dity mills superfixe, \$5.50 a7.56; do. family, \$6@10.50; Western superfixe, \$5@5.37½; do. extra, \$6@6.75; do. family, \$6.75&1.750; do. extra, \$6.66.75; do. family, \$6.75&1.750; fair to prime. \$1.45&1.70; prime to choice red, \$7.70&1.80; fair to good, \$1.40&1.50; common, \$1.50&1.50; Pennayvania, \$1.45&1.47. Corn dull; white, \$2.85&2.; yellow, 74. Oata, \$6.85&2. Provisions unchanged. Whisty 1 191&31.40.

#### FROM NEW YORK.

The Rogers Murderer Discovered.

AUBURN, N. Y., Jan. 14.—A convict in the Anburn State Prison has made a full confession that he is guilty of the Rogers murder.

The Grent Hankruptcy Case. New York, Jan. 14.—Is the bankruptcy case of James Alden vs. The Boston, Hartford, and Erie Railread Company, heard before Judge Biatchford this morning, the counsel for the corporation moved the dismissal of the petition, on the ground of want of jurisdiction of the court. The petition of Seth Adams, of Newtown, Massachusetts, to be admitted to appear and defend, on the ground of bankruptcy proceedings by him against said corporation. now pending in the District Court of Massachusetts, was filed, and the case postponed for

Raliway Accident.

New York, Jan. 14.—The trainen the Northern Raliroad of New Jersey on entering the depot at Jersey City to-day ran violently against a bumper, and many standing passengers were prostrated. Mr. Wyld, book-keeper in Evolunge Place. in Exchange Place, was badly injured in the

#### FROM THE DOMINION.

The Educational Bill.
Toronto, Jan. 14.—The Education bill now before the Ontario Assembly is a most compre-hensive measure. The chief changes are that all schools be free and attendance compulsory. It is also proposed to introduce into the schools a course of study on natural history, chemistry, and agriculture, and to establish industrial

New York Produce Market.

New York, Jan. 14—Cotton buoyant and in good demand; sales 8000 bales at 15%c. Flour quiet but firm; sales of 10,000-bbls. State at 85.00@6.70; Ohio at 50.20@6.80; Western at 50.50@7. Wheat quiet but firm. Corn firmer. Eales of new mixed Western at 80c. Oats dull; sales of 19,000 bussels Ohio and Western at 59@62c. Beef steady. Pork quiet; new mess, \$21; old, \$19.50. Lard very firm; steam, 11%@ 12%c.; Kettle, 12%c. Whisky firm at 92c.

New York Money and Stock Market. New York Meney and Stock Market.

New York, Jan. 14.—Stocks steady. Money easy at 5@7 per cent. Gold, 110%@110%. 5-20s of 1862, coupon, 100%; do. 1984, do., 100; do. 1865, do. 109; do. 1865, new, 107%; do. 1867, 108%; do. 1865, 108%; 10-40s, 107%; Virginia 6s, new, 61%; Missouri 6s, 80%; 10-40s, 107%; Virginia 6s, new, 61%; Missouri 6s, 80%; Canton Co., 68; Cumberland preferred, 26; New York Central and Hudson River, 92%; Erie, 21%; Reading, 98%; Adams Express, 66; Michigan Central, 11%; Michigan Southern, 93%; Illinois Central, 118%; Cleveland and Pittsburg, 105; Chicago and Rock Island, 105%; Pittsburg and Fort Wayne, 93; Western Union Telegraph, 46%.

## LEGAL INTELLIGENCE.

Supreme Court in Bano-Chief Justice Thompson and Judges Agnew and Williams,

Upon motion of Furman Sheppard, Esq., Messrs. Charles Howson and Thomas J. Grier were this morning admitted as practising attorneys of this After hearing a few miscellaueous motions the court went into consultation.

Criminal Cases.

Court of Quarter Sessions—Allison, P. J.

Lezarus Leary, a bootblack, was tried upon the charge of stealing records from the Supreme Court office. It was testified that an entrance was one afternoon made into the vauit beneath the Register's office, where the records are kept, and Leary was seen standing a short distance off concealing a corkscrew with his foot. Upon examination it was found that a number of old records had been stolen away. There was nothing to prove legally that the prisoner was concerned with the theft, and therefore he was acquitted. It is believed that these boys found a ready market for these records in the shops of junk and waste dealers, who buy them as old paper; and the main object of this prosecution was to discover who these dealers were—which object, however, failed. however, failed.

Michael Dowling, alias "Noodles," was put on trial

Michael Dowling, alias "Noodles," was put on trial charged with assault and battery upon John A. Neff. It was alleged that Mr. Neff was at one of the polls during the recent Senatorial election as a special Deputy United States Marshal, and arrested William Dowling, the prisoner's brother, for attempting to vote fraudulently. Just as he had taken him into out of the prisoner and snother an took hold of custody the prisoner and another on took hold of him and tried to prevent him or tring William to the station house. At the close of our report the case was still on trial. The South Street Bridge Difficulty.

The Senth Street Bridge Difficulty.
Court of Quarter Sessions—Judge Paxson.

A hearing upon habeas corpus was had this morning in the case of Contractor Murphy, who has charge of the erection of the Sonth street bridge. When Mr. Murphy began an excavation on the bank of the river at the foot of a pier of the Junction Railroad bridge, the railroad company compelled him to withdraw from the ground, and when he attempted to resume the work they arrested him and had him bound over to keep the peace. He now asks the Court to discharge him, and argued that this bridge was a State work, and he, as contractor for the Com-

bound over to keep the peace. He now asks the Court to discharge him, and argued that this bridge was a State work, and he, as contractor for the Commissioners appointed by the Legislature, is the agent of the State, and therefore he is bound by command of the Commonwealth to enter upon the ground in question and complete the work. On behalf of the railway it was contended that when the State granted them their franchise it parted with the property in their ground, and therefore could not authorize its use for another purpose.

The Judge said the only question before him was whether he should preserve the public peace while the parties settled their differences before the proper tribunal, and this he would resolve affirmatively by requiring Mr. Murphy to give security in \$1000 to keep the peace for the period of one year.

Forfeited Bati.

The case of the Commonwealth vs. F. L. Williams was upon the list to-day, and as usual net answered by counsel. This is a matter growing out of the shooting of the list Arthur Curran on the 14th of February, 1869, by the wealthy sugar refiner Ficken, who gave basi in \$19,800 for his appearance for truit and then fied to Europe. The ball was forfeited, and an execution was issued against the property of Mr. Williams, who was Fickens partner. The execution was stayed by Messrs. Mann and Chassidy, who on November 21 last took a rule to show cause why the forfeiture should not be remitted.

The rule has been on the list ever since, delaying the execution, and the counsel representing it have never taken any move upon it. The case was an outrageous one, creating great public indignation at the time, and one in which the community think the law should be enforced.

Acting upon the suggestion we made yesterday, Mr. Sheppard asked the court to put this case, w the all other cases of ball, upon next Saturday's list, when he will insist upon its being finally disposed of.

THE MORTALITY OF THE CITY .- The number of deaths in the city for the week ending at moon to-day was 296, being a increase of 46 over those of last week, and a decrease of 17 from the corresponding period of last year. Of these 162 were adults: 134 were minors; 201 were born in the United States: 76 were foreignwere born in the United States: 76 were foreigners: 17 were people of color; and 11 were from the country. Of this number, 51 died of consumption of the lungs; 13 of disease of the heart; 7 of marasmus; 9 of old age; 8 of typhoid fever; 20 of convulsions; 28 of inflammation of the lungs; 7 of scarlet fever; 3 of congession of the brain; and 10 of debility.

The deaths were divided as follows among the different wards:

Wards.

Second.....Third ..... 4 Twenty-second ..... 9 Twenty-third ...... Seventh ...... Eighth ..... Ninth...... Teath. Twenty-sixth

#### OBITUARY.

This morning Dr. William P. Cunnington, prominent as a musician in our city, was found dead in his bed at his residence, No. 1019 Fitzwater street. The deceased had attained his sixty-eighth year. In early life he studied the science of medicine, but having a greater aptitude for that of music, took it up and attained a high reputation for his skill as an instrumentalist. For more than twenty years he was connected with the orchestra of the Walnut Street Theatre, being for the greater portion of this time its leader.

To our amusement-goers he was well known. To his celebrity acquired through services in the leadership of many orchestras of this city, he added a great deal when he assumed the directorship of the musical entertainments given at Fairmount Park, with the establishment of which he was from the first identified. Mr. Cunnington arranged the instrumentation for Balfe's Bohemian Girl, when it was first produced in this country by the Sagning first produced in this country by the Seguin troupe. He also wrote the music for the prologue of Balfe's Enchantress, which was performed by the Richings company, and also arranged the instrumentation for a considerable portion of the main body of the work. He composed the music for the very popular song, "Trust to linek."

"Trust to Luck."

Mr. Cunnington was born and educated in England, where he married. He came here some thirty-five years ago, and took up his residence in Richmond, where he commenced the vactice of medicine. Within a year from his coming over he moved to this city, and graduated from the University of Pennsylvania. He gave up the practice within a year of his graduation, and adopted, as we have said, the musical profession. He was generally empowered by managers of operas with the selection of orchestras. Of late he has been in very feeble health. His death will cause keen regret to a great number of our citizens.

#### FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

EVENING TELEGRAPH OFFICE, Saturday, Jan. 14, 1871. The local money market continues substantially the same in its leading features. There is an abundant supply of loanable funds. Stock loans on collaterals are still in active request at 51/4 @61/4 per cent., the lower figure being limited to large operations and Government securities. Both at the banks and outside choice busi-ness paper is in demand at 6@8 per cent., but the offerings are very light even for this dull

Government bonds are in active request and strong, prices of the old bonds showing a fur-ther advance. The prospect of an early peace in Europe tends to strengthen the market and

to weaken gold.

Reading Railroad was active and sold largely, opening at 49½, and falling to 49; Pennsylvania was taken at 62@63½; Camden and Amboy at 120@120½; and Lehigh Valley at 59½. Lehigh Navigation sold at 33%@88½, and Empire Transportation at 57. The balance of the list was active but unsettled.

PHILADELPHIA STOCK EXCHANGE SALES. Reported by De Haven & Bro., No. 40 S. Third street.

\$500 C & A m 68, 89 95 \$3000 Pa 1 m 66, 100 % \$1000 Phila & E 78, 87% \$1000 Leh 68, 84, 83% 70 sh Penna RR. 62% ...la.49 1-16 ..b10.49 1-16 70 sh Penns RR... 62½ 700 do
5 do ...... 62½ 400 do
63 do ..... 86 62½ 100 do
100 do... 860 62 2000 do
200 sh Leh N ... 18, 33¾ 400 do
560 do ... 560 52 300 do
100 sh Cam & A.bi0 120⅓ 100 do
55 do ... 2d 120⅓ 100 do
20 sh Empire Tr... 67 200 do
7 sh Leh Val.ls.c. 50½ 20 do
17 do .... 50½
17 do .... 50½
18 ETWERN BOARDS. do.....ls. 49 do....ls. 49 do.ls.b30.49 1-16 ....ls. 49 \$1000 Pa & N Y C 78 91% \$1000 C & A m 6s, 89 96 \$500 City 6s, New 1003 \$300 do... 1003 \$3060 Leh V R n bds \$300 do ... . . 1003; 200 \$3000 Leh V R n bds 500 100 et leh Nav St 33 200 100 do ... b60 33 200 100 do ... b60 33 200 12 sh Elmira Pf . c. 89 200 do. . 2d&i. sil. 49 

Philadelphia Trade Report. SATURDAY, Jan. 14. Seeds—Cloverseed in less active. Small sales at 101/211c. # pound. Timothy is scarce and firm; we quote at \$6. Plaxseed ranges

Bark-In the absence of sales we quote No. 1 Bark—In the absence of sales we quote No. 1
Quercitron at \$20030 % ton.

The Flour market is firm, but there is no degree
of activity, the inquiry being confined to the wants
of the local trade. Sales of 1400 barrels, including
superfine at \$4500475; extras at \$505374; spring
wheat extra family at \$650057; Pennayivania do.
do. at \$6250650; Indiana and Onto do. 40. \$6374;
03726; and fancy brands at \$75008. Rye Flour commands \$725. Prices of Corn Meal are nousinsi.

The Wheat market is firm, the demand fair;
sales of 2000 bushels Pennayivania red at \$1420145;
Ohio at \$155; Indian do. at \$1550157; and smber
at \$1420165. Rye sells at \$5 cents. Corn is in good
request; netsales of 5000 bushels Western mixed at
71074c; and yellow at 730150. Oats are in fair demand, and 2000 bushels Western sold at 57038c.
Barley is looking up.

Whisky—The demand is light. Sales of 100 Western iron bound barrels at \$80.

## LATEST SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

For additional Marine News see Inside Pages.

NEW YORK, Jan. 14.—Arrived, steamship France, from Liverpool.

FORTRESS MONROR, Va., Jan. 14.—The pilot-boat
Pleasonton reports passed in for Baltimore, brig
Mary E. Rowland, from Rio Jangiro. PORT OF PHILADELPHIA ..... JANUARY 14

STATE OF THERMOMETER AT THE EVENING TELEGRAPH 8 A. M...... 50 | 11 A. M...... 54 | 2 P. M...... 57

CLEARED THIS MORNING. Steamer James S. Green, Vance, Hichmond and Nor-folk, W. P. Clyde & Co. Nor. bark Sylvia, Oisen, Cork or Falmouth for or-ders, L. Westergaard & Co.

ARRIVED THIS MORNING.

Brig S. & W. Welch, Watson, 56 days fin Palermo, with fruit to Issue Jean & Co.—vessel to D. S. Stetson & Co.

Schr S. E. Davis, Hatch, from Provincetown, with fish to A. S. Hughes.

Schr Ring Dove, Swaln, from Dennis, Mass., with merchandles. merchandise.
Sohr E. Nickerson, Crowell, fm Boston, with mose.

MEMORANDA. Steamer Yagoo, Catharine, hence for New Orleans, sailed from Havana 5 P. M. 19th inst.

Brig Arthur Eggleston, from Goree for Boston, was spoken 19th inst. off Shinnecock Light, L. I.—reported by steamer Saxon, at this port.