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TY INTELLIGENCE. THE STATE SENATE.

Meeting of the Convention to Nominate a Re-publican Candidate in the First District—The

The delegates to the First Senatorial Republican Convention met this morates at 10 o'clock, in Jeffer-son Hall, Sixth and Christian streets. As is customary on the assembling of a political convention, a large number of outsiders managed to obtain admission to the room, and considerable time was wasted in clearing the hall of all persons except

delegates.
Mr. Robert Beatty called the convention to order, and a temporory organization was effected as fol-

President—Thomas Noble, Scorelaries—William C. Zancand E. T. Helferty. The following named gentlemen were then ap-pointed committees on permanent organization and contested seats:-

Permanent Organization—First ward, J. M. Boice; Second ward, George H. Tatem; Third ward, A. S. Redstreake; Fourth ward, Edward Walker; Seventh ward, M. Greer; Eighth ward, Peter B. Long.
Gontested Seats-First ward, Abert List; Second ward, John C. Thompson; Taird ward, R. G.
Pidgeon; Fourth ward, Albert Hann; Seventh ward, M. Donaldson; Eighth ward, Robert H.

Considerable time was wasted in settling difficult ales among the delegates of the Twenty-sixth ward. It appears that in this ward there are a number of contested scats, and it was impossible for the delegates to agree on representatives on the Committees on Permanent Organization and Contested

Seats.

The contestants and those who claimed to be regular delegates each named a person to represent them on the committees, and rushed to the President's stand to have their choice affirmed by the chair. Then followed a scene of wild disorder, and at one time it was feared that the convention would break up in a regular row. The difficulty was finally settled by the selection of James Patterson on the Committee on Permanent Organization, and Frank Gwynn, Jr., on the Committee on Contested

Seats.
Oniet was then restored for a few moments, the disappointed ones having retired from the room.

Their appearance subsequently was the cause of another "flare up," but they were quieted a second sime, and the secretary read the list of the com-

in the Fourth ward appointments there appeared to be some trouble. Two persons were named on each committee, and in order to settle the difficulty the delegates retired to an ante-room to consider the matter. The Secretary of the ward delegation subsequently appeared and stated that Mr. Hann and Mr. Walker had been chosen, and the Chair de-

eided in favor of the gentlemen named.

The Chair then received the credentials of the delegates and handed them over to the Committee on Credentials, who retired to act on contested On motion, the convention took a recess until 1

At 1 o'clock Mr. Noble called the convention to

order.
The Committee on Organization then reported the following gentlemen as permanent officers of the convention

President—John Q. Adams, Seventh ward.

President—John Q. Adams, Seventh ward.

Vice-Presidents—Peter B. Long, Eighth ward.

Joseph H. Tatem, Second ward.

Jeseph Heritage, M. D., Third ward.

Robert H. Dornan, Fourth ward.

J. B. Alexander, Twenty-sixth ward. Secretaries-William C. Zane, Third ward. Edward F. Helfert, Second ward.

Teilers-Robert Pidgeon and Robert Beatty. Doorkeepers-John Conner, Daniel Stokes, Thos. Bartman, and Charles Stemund

Messengers—Unaries Matthews, Thomas Wilson, and George Ehrhenberg.
The report of the committee was received.
Mr. Adams, on taking the chair, made a few remarks, returning thinks for the honor conferred upon him in electing him to preside over the deliberations of the convention. The speaker urged the necessity of selecting a good candidate, as the opposition had nominated a gentleman of unblemished reputation, and it was necessary to put before the people a candidate of like character, who will be able to poll a large vote. The chairman said he would respect every delegate present and give him a hearing, and in return he expected united action in maintaining harmony in the convention.

in maintaining harmony in the convention.

A call was then made for the report of the Committee on Gredentials, and a committee was ap-pointed to ascertain at what hour the committee would be ready to report. It was subsequently announced that the committee would not be prepared to report for one hour, and, on motion, the convention took a recess until two o'clock.

The chairman called the convention to order at . 2 o'clock, and while waiting for the return of the Committee on Contested Seats, an effort was made to clear the room of all persons not delegates. Motions after motions were made amid great disorder, but were not entertained. At about twenty-five minutes of three o'clock the Committee on Coatested Seats appeared and presented their report. Just previous to the committee entering the room a wrangle took place at the door, it being caused by an attempt on the part of outsiders to effect an entrance into the hall. The effort was resisted by those inside, and the door was kept closed. At the request of the Chair all persons present

passed to the east side of the room, and as their names were called they advanced to their seats on the west side. The names of those granted seats by the committee were also called and they passed to the west side of the room. This was resorted to in order to clear the room of all persons not delegates.

MEETING OF THE AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY. - A stated meeting of the Philadelchia Society for the Promotion of Agriculture, was neld this morning at 12 o'clock, in the society rooms, Ninth and Walnut streets, the President in the chair.

A communication was received from Dr. Kennedy

on the subject of the public trial of the steam plough The trial was reported as having been very successful in proving that a field locomotive can be driven over the soil without injuring it for agricultural pur-

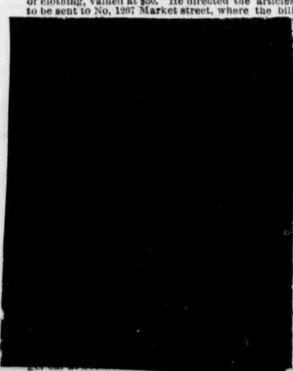
poses by packing.

The inventor of the plough, Mr. Hydrick, gave a description of the plough in detail, and of its differences from other steam ploughs which had been tried on former occasions.

An estimate of expenses of steam ploughing and plongning by horse power was presented. The dif-ference was more than double in favor of the steam

A disscusion took place on the subject of food for cows for various purposes, which was participated in by various members of the society. After the transaction of some miscellaucous business, the society adjourned.

AN OLD DODGE.—At noon yesterday a fellow giv-ing the name of A. W. Cunningham called at the store of Chares Stokes & Co. and purchased a suit of clothing, valued at \$50. He directed the articles to be sent to No, 1207 Market street, where the bill



tive followed him to Front street, where he overhauled him. There was considerable excitement among the pedestrians. Hackett is charged with obbery, and will have a hearing at the Central S'ation this afternoon.

SMASHING WINDOWS, Erc. - Bartholomew Calls, an street and not relishing the treatment received therein, left, and in a few minutes several stones came is through the windows. The proprietor went out to see what was the matter, when his nose came in contact with one of the hands of Bartholomew. The latter was arrested and taken before Alderman Pancoast and held in \$500 ball for trial.

ETABBED.—About half-past 5 o'clock last evening there was a row at the delegate election at Twelfth and Brinton streets, during which Hillary Conner was stabbed in the leg. The injury is not a serious

ALLEGED MALICIOUSNESS .- Alderman Collins has held Samuel Davis for a further hearing on the charge of maliciously driving over one Anthony zipther yesterday, on Seventh street, below Bain-

a work for women similar to what the young men's
association are doing among young men. There has
been a great interest felt in the movement, and at
a committee meeting, composed of one lady from
each church, on Monday afternoon last, William
Bucknell, Esq., pledged himself for \$5000 towards
the purchase of a suitable building for a boarding house. The establishment of a boarding house where sales ladies and others who can only afford a moderate board may have a comfortable home will be one of the first efforts of the association. A public meeting will be held next Monday evening a week in the Tabernaele Baptist Church, Cheanut street, west of Eighteenth, to make the community better acquainted with the plans of this new and

AN UNGRATEFUL BOARDER.—Some ten days since a German, representing himself as a fresh arrival from Baden, without funds, called at the boardinghouse of William Behret, No. 519 S. Front street, and applied for accommodations for a few days. Mr. Behret took him in and kept him until last even-ing, when the boarder left the house without notice. Prior to that he had broken into three rooms and stolen a trunk of clothing and other articles.

LARCENY OF LEATHER.—Yesterday an express-man received orders to repair to No. 240 Arch street, and there receive two rolls of Spanish sole leather, which he was to deliver in another part of the city. He called as directed and found only one roll. It was then ascertained that a drayman a few minutes previous had carried off the other package.

THE CASE OF DESTITUTION to which we called attention vesterday-that of the widow and six children of Captain Christian, of the back Meaco, lost in October—is one which is worthy the attention of benevolent persons. We desire to acknowledge the receipt of \$19 from "F." for the relief of the destitute

RESIGNATIONS ACCEPTED.—The resignation of Colonel St. Clair A. Mulholland and Major John Kelly, of the 3d Regiment, which were forwarded to Harrisburg some days since, have been accepted by Adjutant-General Russell, and they are therefore honorably mustered out of the service.

BOARDING-HOUSE TRIEF .- Last evening a man applied at the hotel of C. S. Dubois, located at Darby, and engaged a room for the night. This morning he left at an early hour, and an investigation dis-closed the fact that he had taken with him an overcoat and six boxes of cigars.

Assaulting a Policeman.—James Hunter has been held by Alderman Massey on a charge of being implicated in the outrageous assault made on Policeman Nichols, of the Sixth district, on Sunday last, at Fifteenth and Wood streets.

Wife Brates.—John McDougal, residing at No. 1918 Carpenter street, has been added to the roll of wife beaters, Alderman Dallas having sent him to

prison on that charge.

LEGAL INTELLIGENCE.

Salted Away for the Season. Court of Quarter Sessions-Judge Paxson,

This morning Judge Paxson put the following evildoers out of the way:

George Law, colored, pleaded guilty to the charges
of burglary and carrying concealed deadly weapons,
and for the first was sentenced to seven years and
eleven months in the Eastern Peniteutiary, and for Robert Gross, colored, pleaded guilty to the same charge of burglary and was sentenced to seven years and eleven months in the Eastern Penitentiary.

Patrick McDermott pleaded guilty to the charge of larceny and was sentenced to the Eastern Peniten-tiary for two years and six months.

John Leary pleaded guilty to the charge of larceny and was sentenced to the County Prison for 6 months.

William Jones pleaded guilty to the charge of larceny and was sentenced to the County Prison for Charles Forepaugh pleaded guilty to the charge of larceny and was scatenced to the County Prison for

John Green pleaded guilty to the charge of larceny and was sentenced to the County Prison for The down town case of garroting was called for trial, but upon the application of the prisoners the case was postponed until next Monday.

ARMY MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

Report of Surgeon-General Barnes - Morcality Among White and Colored Troop The Medicul and Surgical History of the

The substance of Surgeon-General Barnes' report to Secretary Belknap is given below:-BICK AND WOUNDED.

The monthly reports of sick and wounded re-ceived at this office for the fiscal year terminating June 30, 1870, represent an annual average mean strength of 29,022 white and 3407 colored troops. Among the white troops the total number of cases of all kinds reported, as taken on the sick list, was 62,580, being at the rate of 2156 per 1800 of mean strength.

Of these, 58,836, or 1855 per 1900 of strength, were for disease alone, and 8744 cases, or 301 per 1900 of strength, were wounds, accidents, and injuries. The average number constantly on sick report was 1419. or 49 per 1000 of strength. Of these 1156, or 49 per or 49 per 1000 of strength. Of these 1155, or 49 per 1000 of strength, were under treatment for disease, and 263, or 9 per 1000 of strength, for wounds, accidents, and injuries. The total number of deaths reported was 374, or 12 per 1000 of mean strength. Of these, 249, or 8 per 1000 of strength, died of disease, and 125, or 4 per 1000 of strength, of wounds, accidents, and injuries. The above mortality rate for white troops from disease shows a considerable improvement over the ratios of former rears. The comparatively large mortality from years. The comparatively large mortality from wounds, accidents, and injuries is explained by the Indian hostilities, which still continue to exist. s to be regretted that the figures representing the mortality from disease among the colored troops are not so favorable. The proportion of deaths from all causes to cases treated was one death to

REPORTS FROM COLORED TROOPS. The reports from the colored troops give the following figures, which do not include the white officers. The total number of cases of all kinds reported was 6206, or 1822 per 1000 of strength. Of these, 5479, or 1608 per 1000 of strength, were cases of disease, and 720, or 213 per 1000 of strength, were wounds, accidents, and injuries. The average number constantly on sick report was 158, or 52 per 1000 of strength, of whom 146, or 43 per 1000, were under treatment for disease, and 32, or 9 per 1000, for wounds, accidents, and injuries. The number of deaths from all causes reported was 66, or 19 per 1000 of strength. Of these, 51, or 15 per 1000 of strength, died of disease, and 15, or 4 per 1000, of wounds, accidents, and injuries. It will therefore be perceived that, while the rate of mortality from wounds and injuries among the colored troops agrees with that among the white troops their rate of mortality from disease alone is nearly double. The proportion of deaths from all causes to cases treated was 1 to 94 cases. MEDICAL AND SURGICAL WAR HISTORY.

The printing of the medical volume of the first part of the "Medical and Surgical History of the War" is near completion. This volume embraces the statistical tables representing the sickness, mortality, and discharges from service on surgeon's tality, and discharges from service on surgeon's certificate of disability, of white and colored troops during the war, and will be a work of nearly 750 pages, quarto. To secure accuracy, the tables were stereotyped as they were finished, and before finally sending them to press they have been thoroughly revised throughout, and every effort made to attain accuracy. With this volume will be bound the appendix to the first part of the "Medical and Surgical Histo the first part of the "Medical and Surgical History of the War," containing the reports of Medical Directors and other appended documents-about 400 pages. The whole of the manuscript for the surgical volume of the first part of the "medical and Surgical History of the War," authorized by the act of Congress approved March \$, 1869, is now prepared, and several of the more important subjects that would belong to the second volume, as, for example, the tabular statements, discussions, histories of cases (with illustrative wood cuts and litho-graphs), of 29,572 cases of amputations, and 4775 excisions, are nearly perfected. Besides this, the surgical statistics of the army for the five years succeeding the war have been consolidated and arranged for publication, and much information has been furnished to authenticate just claims of applicants and to defeat those that were fraudulent under the act of Congress anthorizing the issue of artificial limbs to mutilated soldiers and seamen. The effect of this law, in bringing to Washington a large number of pensioners to present their claims, has permitted the study of the remote effects of injuries and mutiations. The peculiar value which the surgical data of the late war have acquired, in consequence of the measures taken to trace the ulterior results of the more important causes expect the overestimeted. In the reportant cases, cannot be overestimated. In the reports of the surgery of European wars, and of campaigns in India, Abyssinia, and elsewhere, the history of cases terminate when the men were invalided or discharged. Although the elaborate reports of the casualties of the French armies in the Crimeen and Lisian were were published in 1885. Crimean and Italian wars were published in 1865 and 1869, after an interval of ten years from the conclusion of hostilities in each case, no information is given subsequent to the date of discharge or pen-

RODGERS & WOSTENHOLM'S Knives, Fairchilds' Celebrated G RODGERS & WOSTENHOLM'S POCKET Knives, Fairchilds' Celebrated Gold Pens, Pocket-books, etc., in great variety.

WM. M. CHRISTY, Stationer, 1 22 11 1 No. 127 S. THIRD St., below Chesnut.

THE WOMEN OF PHILADELPHIA are about forming a Christian Association among their own sex to de a work for women similar to what the young men's

TO-DAY'S WASHINGTON NEWS.

The Senate Committees.

The Internal Revenue

will be Commissioner?

of Congress. Proceedings

FROM WASHINGTON.

Logan and Pleasanton.

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph. WASHINGTON, Dec. 7 .- General Logan yes terday called upon the President for the purpose of protesting against the appointment of General Pleasanton, of New York, as Commis-sioner of Internal Renenue. Logan said he came as the representative of the Grand Army of the Republic, and he was prepared to show that Pleasanton had neither personal nor poli-tical claims to the place. Upon being asked by the President who he favored, he answered Douglass. Several gentlemen from Pennsylvania called at the White House to-day to urge Douglass. They were introduced by General

The Committee of the Judiciary of the House have taken up the question of ap portioning representatives among the various States. At the last session a bill was passed fixing the number of members of the House at two hundred and seventy-five. This was amended by the Senate so as to make it three hundred. A new bill will be prepared adjusting it in accordance with the census. The gentleman who has the matter in charge says there will be no interference with the ratio of representation for the present.

The Senate Committees are not yet ready to be reported, and, therefore, the Senate Republican caucus did not meet today. There will be few changes in the arrangement of committees. Schurz and other Senstors who sympathized with the revenue reform movement will not be disturbed in their positions on committees.

CONGRESS.

FORTY-FIRST TERM - THIRD SESSION.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 7.—The following bills were introduced and temporality laid on the table:

By Mr. Conkling (N. Y): to encourage and promote telegraphich communication between America, Asia, and

By Mr. Cenkling (N. Y) to encourage and promote telegraphic communication between America. Asia, and Kurope.

The bill gives the American and East India Telegraph Company the exclusive right for twenty-one years to construct and mair tain a line or lines of telegraph cable on the Pacific coast of the United States, to connect the American and Asiatic coasts. Provided that said company shall begin to lay said cable within one year, and complete it within three years from the passage of this act, the Navy Department to assist in making surveys and laying the cable by a detail of one or more steam vessels. The Government is to have priority in the use of the lines, and is to protect the same from injury.

By Mr. Summer (Mass.), to secure wages to seamen in cases of wreck, entitling every seaman to his wages up to the peviod of wreck, provided he has previously exerted himself to the utmost to save the saip, cargo, and stores. The master of the vessel to be a competent witness on this question. All stipulations by which seamen shall consent to abandon their wages in case of wreck of vessel or of the failure to save freight are made void.

By Mr. Willon (Mass.), to secure eligibility to American ships for foreign trade, and to encourage shipbuilding in the United States. It provides for the appointment by the Secretary of the Treasury of a commission to establish a standard for rating ships and allowing the managing owner of every American built ship desiring to employ his vessel in foreign trade to have it rated when such years had lave delivered her cargo of dutiable goods in any port of the United States. The owner of such goods is to be entitled to a drawback of — per cent on the amount of duties. The bill also allows to owners of ship-yards a drawback equal to the amount of duties on materials used in the manufacture of wachinery designed solely for perfecting and cheappening ship construction.

By Mr. Carpenter, to smean section 23 of the Bank-ruptey act of March 2 1827 bestriken. facture of machinery designed solely for perfecting and cheapening ship construction. By Mr. Carpenter, to amend section 23 of the Bank-ruptcy act of March 2, 1887, by striking out from the fourth line the words "and within one year," so as to remove the limitation of time within which a bankrupt may apply

the limitation of time within which a bankrupt may apply for a cischarge.

By Mr. Cole, to create the Southern Judicial Bistrict of California.

Several memorials were presented asking for compensation for property taken by the Federal Government in Kentucky and Tennessee during the war.

It was agreed to make the calendar the daily order of business on and after Monday next until finished, all unobjected bills to be considered in their order, and each Senator to be allowed to speak once on each question, and for five minutes only.

The Senate 1280 adjourned.

House of Representatives.

House of Representatives. John Manning, member elect from the Fourth district North Carolina, presented himself and took the oath of ffice. Mr. Archer (Md.), from the Naval Committee, reported a bill granting pensions to the widows and minor children of Surgoons Adams and Rudenstein of the navy

assed.

Bills were introduced and referred, as follows:—
By Mr. Sheldon (La.), to amend the currency act of
th July 1879.

By Mr. Johnson (Cal.) to establish a port of delivery at By Mr. Johnson (Cal.) to establish a port of delivery at fureka, California. Also, to restore to certain settlers in California rights taken from them under act of Congress. Also, to restore to certain parties their rights under the law2, and treaties of the United States. By Mr. Moore (M. J.) for pay to restored naval officers. By Mr. Lynch (Me.), to provide for the gradual resump-tion of angels navments. tion of specie payments.

The bill provides for the destruction of all United States

By Mr. Lynch (Me.), to provide for the gradual resumption of specie payments.

The bil provides for the destruction of all United States notes as they are received in the regular course of business into the Treasury, and the issuing of a like amount to be paid out as required for disbursements payable in specie after six months from cate. National Banks to redeem the new United States notes. The new United States notes to be received for duties or imports, if they have become redeemable in coin.

By Mr. Stevenson, to authorize Cincinnati and Southern Railroad Company to build bridges over navigable rivers, that over the Chio to be not less than ninety feet above low water mark, and to build upon plans to be approved by the Secretary of War.

By Mr. McNeely, to abolish the Freedmen's Bareau.

Resolutions were offered as follows:

Fy Mr. Buffinton, calling ou the Secretary of State for information relative to the alleged seizure of the schooner Granada, of Province Town, Mass, by a British cutter in the harbor of Port Hood, Nova Scotia, on the pretext that she had on board too much provisions for a two months fishing voyage. Adopted.

By Mr. Mungen, reciting the paragraph in the President's message relative to the European project to make the bay of Samana a free port, and declaring that Congress should regard any such attempts a unfriendly to the United States, and fin contraventics of the Monroe policy, and requesting the President to transmit to Congress any correspondence in the possession of the administration going to show the grounds on which his belief is based. Referred to the Committee on Foreign Affairs.

By Mr. Crebs (Ill.), reciting that the recent elections have developed the fact that a decrease of tariff duties, especially on the necessaries of slife, is demanded by the country, and instructing the Committee of Ways and Means to report immediately a bill so amending the tariff laws as to reduce the duties on 'tea, coffee, sugar, and sait to lib per cent, ad valorem; on Bessenser steel to 20 per ce

Cox contending that the compensation of letter-carriers in Philadelphia and New York should be at least \$1200 s

The House, however, rejected both propositions. Bultimere Preduce Market. BALTIMORE, Dec. 7.—Cotton—Some disposition to buy at lower rates. We quote middling apiand at 14%@16c.; low middling at 14%c. Flour fairly active and steady. Wheat quiet and prices entirely unchanged. Corn dull; white, 70c.; yellow, 75c. Oats firmer at 50c. Rye 75@85c. Provisions—Very little creek and herely any incontr. ittle stock and hardly any inquiry, and quotations entirely nominal. Mess pork. \$22. Bason, rib sides, 14%c.; clear do., 15c.; shoulders, 13%c.; hams, 18% 20c. Lard, 13%@14c. Whisey steady at 20c., some

New York Produce Market. New York Produce Market.

New York, Dec. 7.—Cotton firm; sales of 2006 bales uplands at 15%c.; Orleans at 16%c. Flour firmer; sales of 18,000 barrels State at \$6.95.66.40; Ohlo at \$6.95.66.48; Western at \$5.05.66.70; Southern at \$6.68.25. Wheat firmer; sales of 68,900 bushels new spring at \$1.35.61.40; red Western at \$1.46.61.47; white State at \$1.60. Corn firmer; sales of 29,000 bushels new mixed Western at 71.679c. Oats dull; sales of 31,000 bushels Ohio at 59.661c.; Western at 50.660c. Beef steady. Pork heavy; new mess, \$21; old, \$22.50; prime, \$17.617.50. Lard steady. Whisky quiet at 90c.

AFFAIRS AT THE CAPITAL

Fereign Relations

Office Appropriations.

FROM WASHINGTON. Our Foreign Relations.

Despetch to the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 7. - The Secretary of State, in transmitting to Congress a repert on the commercial relations of the United States and foreign countries, says the majority of the returns contain no information regarding the commerce between foreign nations and very limited statements concerning that between the United States and other countries, since they are for the most part confined to cargoes of vessels carrying the national flag, and hence scarcely any information relating to foreign commerce is furnished, by which comparison may be instituted, and no account is taken of the large part of American merchandise which, in the present degeneracy of our mercantile navy, is earried in foreign vessels. For the purpose of correcting this deficiency, it is contemplated to issue additional instructions to consular officers, requiring them to forward to the State Department statements of commerce showing descriptions, amount, and value of the imports and exports of each port, as well as

Post Office Appropriations.

the several countries whence the merchandise

arrives or whither it is sent. The returns of

navigation and commerce contain but limited information, being confined to merchandise car-

ried in vessels properly belonging to the United

The Postmaster-General has sent a letter to the House of Representatives, asking for an appro-priation of \$25,486,698 for service ending June 30, 1872. The receipts from postage and the standing appropriations for full mail service are estimated at \$21,467,315, leaving tr be appropriated out of the Treasury \$3,969,383 to make the receipts equal to the estimated expenditures, and the further sum of \$725,000 of special appropriation for steamship service. Naval Orders.

Despatch to the Associated Press. WASHINGTON, Dec. 7 .- Master William M. Paul is ordered to the recruiting ship Ohio at Boston. Assistant Paymaster William F. Stevenson and First Assistant Engineer Rudolph T. Bennett are ordered to the Guerriere. First

Engineer L. W. Robinson is detached from the Philadelphia Navy Yard and ordered to the

FROM NEW YORK. Meeting of the National Board of Trade. BUFFALO, Dec. 7 .- The third session of the National Board of Trade was called to order at 11 A. M. to-day, in the Council Chamber, by Frederick Fraley, of Philadelphia.

The Rev. Cleveland Coxe, Bishop of Western New York, delivered on eloqueut prayer.

Charles G. Curtis, President of the Buffalo Board of Trade, delivered a cordial welcome to the members of the convention. Hamilton A. Hill, of Boston, called the roll of

delegates, when about sixty persons, representatives of the following boards of trade, replied:

Baltimore, Boston, Charleston, Chicago, Cleveland, Milwaukee, Newark, N. J., New York, Philadelphia, Pittsburg, Portland, St. Louis, San Francisco, and Wilmington, Delaware. Letters were read from the Secretary of the Board of Trade of Richmond, Va., stating that

it was impossible to send delegates to the present convention. A letter from the Secretary of the Norfolk (Va.) Board of Trade stated that delegates had been elected, but probably would not arrive in season for the convention.

President Fraley announced that a opprum was present. The report of the Executive Council was read by Secretary Hill. Tha Treasurer's report and the report on by-laws and market reports were read. Edward S. Walton was called to the chair.

and a ballot taken for President during 1871 resulting in the re-election of Frederick Fraley. of Philadelphia, who was conducted to th chair, and made a feeling response for the honor conferred on him. Pending the ballot for Vice-President, the

convention adjourned for dinner. Upprecedented Balt Demanded New York, Dec. 7.—Dr. Evans, the alleged abortionist, charged with committing an abortion on Ann O'Neill, was committed by Justice Dowling in default of \$50,000 bail.

The Canal Commissioners. ALBANY, Dec. 7 .- At a meeting of the Board of Canal Commissioners, held here to-day. it was resolved that the time for closing the Erle Canal in the Middle and Eastern divisions be extended to the 15th inst., and the Champlain Canal until the 15th inst., unless the same shall be sooner closed by ice.

Specie Shipment. NEW YORK, Dec. 7 .- The steamship China takes \$200,000 in specie to Europe to-day.

FROM NEW ENGLAND

The Howard Murder. NEW BEDFORD, Mass., Dec. 7 .- The colored boy Cuff, alias Hall, since his arrest fully exonerates Petty, the white lad, of having anything to do with the murder of Mr. Howard at West Post Point, and confesses that he alone committed the crime. Petty has blen dis-

FROM THE WEST.

Heavy Robbery in St. Louis. ST. LOUIS, Dec. 7 .- The eleeping room W. J. Boden, formerly receiver of the United States Land Office in Springfield, Mo., was entered and robbed on Tuesday night of \$5000. No clue to the thieves.

FROM EUROPE.

The French Detented Near Orleans. LONDON, Dec. 6 .- A special despatch to the New

York World says:

"I have news to-day from Tours, dated yesterday, at 5 in the evening. After terrible fighting, which lasted the whole day, that part of the Army of the Loire which was covering Orleans was yesterday overpowered by the concentrated attack of the Grand Duke of Mecklenburg's forces, and compelled to shandon its possible, with a heavy law in which York World says :to abandon its position, with a heavy loss in killed. unded, and prisoners. The French lost twenty-e guns. The Germans occupied the railway station on the north of Orleans, and were expected to

PHILADELPHIA STOCK EXCHANGE SALES. Reported by De Haven & Bre., No. 40 S. Tuird street. BETWEEN BOARDS.

\$1200 City 6s, prior to 52...101% 4 do ...16% 5 do ...2d 51% 52000 Leh 6s gold.2d \$614 200 sh Read R .24 51% 52000 Leh V 6s, new bds. cp ...94 1000 do ...8. 51% 100 sh Leh N ...b60 .84% 100 do ...8. 51% 100 do ... BETWEEN BOARDS. enna R 613 do 2d 613 do 1a.bs 613 do b69 613 do b69 613 do b60 613

CHRISTMAS AT

MILLIKEN'S,

1128 CHESNUT STREET and

828 ARCH STREET.

"CHRISTMAS BOXES." LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS.

Finest Display Ever Shown in Philadelphia.

Ladies' Initial Handkerchiefs. Ladies' Embreidered Handkerchiefs. Ladies' Hdkfs. in Fancy Envelopes. Ladies' Handkerchiefs in Fancy Cartons. Gents' Initial Handkerchiefs. Gents' Hemstitched Handkerchiefs. Gent's Printed Handkerchiefs, new. Gents' Handkerchiefs, Fancy Cartons.

BOYS PRINTED LINEN HANDKERCHIEFS, \$1.00 per dozen.

Splendid Display of Table Cloths and Napkins, Piano Covers, Fancy Table Covers.

As we are generally overcrowded during Christmas week, Ladies will find it more satisfactory to inspect our stock for presents as soon as possible.

MILLIKEN'S.

CHESNUT Street and 828 ARCH Street,

WATCHES. 1124 CHESNUT STREET. 1124 Established in 1854. WATCHES.

EVERGOING STEM-WINDERS,

11 6 21

KEY-WINDERS, QUARTER SECONDS, MINUTE REPEATERS,

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