THE HEAVENLY PORT. Sailing on the bolsterous ocean, Far from home and far from land; Lord! from Thee we seek protection; Guide and guard us with Thy hand.

When with fears and dangers compassed, May we find Thee strong to save All our hope, our trust, we centre On His might, who walk'd the wave.

May Thy mercy safe return us From the perils of the deep; O'er the world's wide ocean guide us, Bring us to the port we seek.

JEHOVAH-JESUS TRIUMPHANT. "Yet have I set my king upon my holy hill of

What a glorious consideration is this! Amid all the dying circumstances of this poor perishing world, and the startling events that are now shaking empires to their very foundation, how cheering is the reflection that there is a kingdom which can never be moved, and a King who will eternally and uninterruptedly reign No:hing can disprove this great and glorious

Perplexing and bewildering as the external working and appearance of events, yet general appearance of events, yet naught has arisen, nor can arise, to interfere with, much less to frustrate, the divine purposes of Him who "worketh all things after the oounsel of His own will" (Eph. i, 11). Blessed be His great and adorable name, "He doth according to His will in the army of heaven, and among the inhabitants of the earth; and none dare stay His hand, or say unto Him, What doest thou?" (Dan. iv. 35). "The Lord sitteth upon the flood; yea, the Lord sitteth King for ever" (Psalm xxix, And the real-and only happy-position of a child of God, under the present aspect of things, is to seek and to realize grace from on high, in order to "be still and know that He is for "He will be exalted among the heathen; He will be exalted in the earth" (Psalm xivi, 10). The mercy is to rest in Him, and to rejoice in the fact that, however subtle the enemy, or whatever the artifices of men as prompted by the wicked one, nothing can by any means interfere with, or even in the least-wise retard, the course which Jehovah, from all eternity, designed to pursue. The powers of darkness, as well as all the combined efforts of man, can but be subservient to the wise and unerr-ing will and pleasure of Him who is "wonderful in counsel and excellent in working" (Isaiah xxviii, 29).

## SUMMARY OF CHURCH NEWS.

EPISCOPAL.

-Only four Episcopal churches in Ohio discard the use of the surplice, and perhaps only one out of Ohio, that in Hanover, Mass. -The Episcopalians of Oregon have contributed more than \$20,000 for educational and

church purposes since Bishop Morris commenced his labors in that field.

The Episcopal bishops of New York have met and arranged for the formation of such a federate council of the State dioceses as the last

General Convention allowed.

—The Rev. Philander K. Cady, D. D., has been elected Professor of Systematic Divinity in the General Episcopal Seminary in New York city, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Dr. Mahan, of Baltimore.

METHODIST. -The Lynchburg Virginian learns that the Rev. Dr. Munsey, of the Methodist Episcopal Church South, "has accepted a call to the pas-torate of the Central Methodist Church in Baltimore, and will at once enter upon his new field

-Central College, Southern Methodist, at of \$100,000, some \$80,000 of which the late Dr. Smith had raised.

-The Rev. J. S. Inskip writes to the Home Journal that up to October 26th there had been two hundred and sixty-five conversions at Eutaw Street Church, Baltimore.

—At the late meeting of the Methodist Con-

ference of Wisconsin the Rev. O. B. Thayer, a Protestant clergyman of Chicago, was admitted to membership; also the Rev. J. V. Trenery, from the Primitive Methodist Church. -The Wesleyan Methodist Society of Dux-

bury, Mass., has voted unanimously for union with the Congregationalists. -At the recent session of the Oregon Conference several Indian converts gave an account

of their conversion through an interpreter. Among the members of the Conference is an Indian convert—Rev. Thomas Pearne—who is now stationed at Fort Simcoe.

PRESENTERIAN.

-The Rev. Dr. B. Tucker Lacy has been appointed Superintendent of Missions in the Synod of Missouri; and the Rev. Dr. Stuart Robinson has been appointed Superintendent of Sustentation in the Synod of Kentucky.

—The evangelist of the Central Presbytery of

Mississippi, the Rev. R. McInnis, reports abunant fruits of his labors. Since the last meeting of the Presbytery three new churches have been organized, with an aggregate membership of fifty persons. One hundred and fifteen members have been received into the church. Eight ruling elders have been ordained and installed. He has preached one hundred and fifty-four mes, baptized twenty adults and over twenty infants.

-The Union Theological Seminary, in University-place, New York, is to be removed to the upper part of the city, where lots have been purchased on which to build. Half a million lollars is needed for this purpose, of which 310,000 have already been either subscribed or ledged.

-The anniversary meeting of the Bapists of Massachusetts, held in Fitchburg october 25, developed a remarkable fact. The pody consists of 307 ordained clergymen, and there are but 266 churches in the common-wealth. This is only another instance of the excess of supply over demand in the old Stateexcess specially to be observed in all the earned professions.

—The Rev. Dr. Hague accepts the cordial in-

itation of the church at Orange, N. J., to be--The colored Baptists of Kentucky are to

ave a theological school at Frankfort, and ave bought fifty acres of land for the purpose The Rev. J. W. M. Williams, D. D., of altimore, Md., has been called to the Presiency of Georgetown College, Ky., and the ssor of Theology and pastor of the church at eorgetown. CONGREGATIONAL.

The new building of the Yale Theological eminary is now complete in its appointments, and is occupied by the students, who number his year about thirty-five.

The Rev. Mr. Wright, of the Berkeley Street hurch, Boston, declines the call to the Second ongregational Church of San Francisco.

-The Rev. C. Morris Wines has received a nanimous call to become pastor of the Fourth ongregational Church, Hartford, Conn., late ev. Dr. Burton's.

REFORMED (DUTCH.) -At the communion in Lee Avenue Reformed hurch, Brooklyn (Rev. Dr. Carroll's), on Octo-23, twenty-five were added to the memberip on profession of faith, and fifteen on certi-

ates from other churches.

The Syncd of the Reformed Church, rently convened at Mechanicsburg, Pennsylvan, has decided to remove the Theological minary from Mercersburg to Lancaster, Penn-

-Friday, November 4, was observed by the formed churches throughout the United ates as a day of fasting and prayer. LUTHERAN.

NAME OF TAXABLE PARTIES.

OUR RELIGIOUS COLUMN. | earn twice as much by sewing as he can by preaching. FRUITS OF MISSIONARY WORK.

> -As regards the fruits of the missionary operations, the American societies have 59,062 members in their mission churches, and 40,639 pupils in the missionary schools; the European societies, 242,020 members of missionary churches, and 248,846 pupils of missionary schools: American and European societies together, 301,032 members of missionary churches, and 289,465 pupils in missionary schools. regards membership in the missionary churches, the Wesleyan Society of England has reaped the largest harvest, as it has in its missionary churches no less than 115,705 members, or more than one-third of all the missionary churches taken together. Next in order follow the London Missionary Society, with 35 487 members: the American Board, with 20,788; the Basel Society, with 20,571; the American Baptist Union, with 20,193; the English Church Missionary Society, with 16,569; the Society for the Propagation of the Gospel, with 8497; the Baptist Free Mission Society, with about 8000: the Lutheran Society of Leipsic, with 9201; the English Baptist Missionary Society, with 6169; the United Presbyterians of Scotland, with 5710; the United Methodist Free Churches, with 5)44; Gossner's Missionary Society of Berlin, with 4700; the Rhenish Missionary Society, with 4656: the Methodist Episcopal Board, with 3701: and the Basel Society, with 3200. MISSIONARY FIELDS.

-Of the various missionary fields, India (inclusive of Burmah, Siam, and Ceylon) shows the largest number of members in missionary churches and pupils in missionary schools. Of the former, there are 74,810, of the latter 163,767, with the prospect of a very large and rapid increase. Indeed, there are, both in British and in Farther India, tribes in which pagan-ism is approaching its entire extinction.

-In the islands of the Indian Archipelago, the Dutch and German missionaries continue to obtain great results; but the accounts of their labors are not so complete as to give an accurate dea of the condition of the mission enurches. The churches connected with the Rhenish Mis-

sionary Society have 468 members. -In China and Japan great progress has been made during the past few years. The number of communicants has reached 6215, and of pupils 4740. In China, the further advance of the missions appears at present to be checked by the anti-Christian excitement raging among the natives; but this, it is hoped by the missionaries, can only be temporary, and is likely to be followed by a greater spirit of inquiry among the masses of the population. In Japan, which is undergoing a complete political transformation, the prospects of Christianity are unusually bright, as it appears to gain ground among the foremost and leading classes of the

## MEWS SUMMEARY.

Domestic Affairs.

-Gold closed yesterday at 111]. -Italians in great numbers continue to join Garibaldi's command. -A well-executed counterfeit twenty dol-

lar note on the Oneida National Bank of Utica, N. Y., has made its appearance in Boston. -A steerage passenger by the steamship City of Cork was relieved of \$4000 worth of

smuggled diamonds yesterday at Boston by the revenue officers. -An editorial excursion party from Northern Indiana, on a tour through the Southern States, arrived at Atlanta yesterday morning

being constructed across the Mississippi River, in the vicinity of St. Charles, Mo., fell yesterday afternoon, killing six men and counding nine others

-A terrible accident occurred on the Greenville and Columbia Railroad on Thursday, about twelve miles above Columbia, S. C., by the train falling through the trestle work. Four persons were instantly killed and several seriously injured.

eth that for your honour has sent a good beef, 1 Rump, pleased to take it, and pay day labour of bearer coolly. As your obedient

And the second was:of beef, 1 Brisket, 1 Rib, please to take it, and to pay day labour of coolly, and your

"Rid" is a native corruption of the gentleman's real name. We leave it so.

explains itself, except one word, "reptile, which is perhaps a mistake for "replete:"— "Sir: I humbly beg you to cause the telegram received at last night to be sent to me for its correction, and not to bring this into

"R. D. MOOKERJEE."

head master:-"My dear sir:-I humbly beg to inform You pleas to give me leave for one week, because I could not walk with my feet, now I am very unfavorable. Give my compliments to My Master. I pray to God for everlasting

SHEWBART LALL," Servant. Something might be added to this on the subject of chits (that is, notes), a most sur-prising number of which are received, and have to be answered, by most English people

vant, a child, or a friend; or how often just | by putting on his hat, and stepping out for a few yards, he asks a question of a neighbor, or gives him some news, or makes some little arrangement. Now, suppose that every such case had to be managed by a written note, and then you get a notion of the extent of such a correspondence in India. Just putting on a hat and stepping out to a neighbor's is as little to be thought of there (for a good part of the year at least) as a walk from London to Brighton. And as to verbal messages, no one tries that plan after the vexatious trials in the early months of inexperience. Either because the native servants are so inattentive and forgetful, or because Europeans so rarely acquire a perfect command of the vernacular, or perhaps from both these causes together, a message sent verbally is always delivered wrongly. A very slight difference in the pronunciation will often make a great difference in the sense of a word. Thus, a lady, who was an excellent linguist, had a padlock brought to her instead of the brass dish she thought she had sent for; and the names of the two articles are so nearly alike, that it is difficult for Europeans to perceive the difference at all.

### AN ITALIAN BRIGAND.

Life, Career, and Death of a Neapolitan Outlaw-Hits Birth, Services, and First Call-Romance of Crime-The Hero of the Vesuvius-Twelve Murders-Betruyal, Arcest, a Beath Struggle, and Death-Picty, Passion,

A correspondent of the London Times writes from Florence, Italy, under date of October 19, as follows: -

The Neapolitan papers are just now full of details and interesting particulars about the capture of the notorious brigand Pilone, once the terror of the country surrounding Mount Vesuvius, who was arrested and killed at Naples on the 14th instant. As everything which concerns the life and death of this celebrated capo-brigante is in the highest degree characteristic of brigands and brigand life in Italy in general, and this man in particular, I

will just give you a short resume of the eventful biography of this illustrious personsge, now no more. ANTONIO COZZOLINO-this is the real name of Pilone-was born at Resina in 1825, and followed the trade of a stone-cutter until he strained the age of twenty-one, when he was called upon to enter the Neapolitan army. He was still serving in the Royal Artillery at the time when General Fanti conceived the unlucky idea of sending Francesco II's dis-banded soldiers home. On their being again called to service, Pilone and many others besides took flight and turned professed brigands. His superior energy and intelligence very soon gave him chief command over all the robbers infesting the country, and he has

been nearly the only one among them who has invariably succeeded during the last ten years in escaping the search and eluding the pursuit of the Italian army and police. He very often had the temerity to venture even as far as the precincts of the capitalitself. He it was who captured and detained as prisoner the Deputy Avitabile, at that time director of the Neapalitan Bank. He went, moreover, twice to Rome; once, it is said (but of course we are at liberty to

who was courageous enough to arrest him

alone and unassisted. What with the terror

he inspired, and the sympathy he often suc-

ceeded in exciting-especially by his prover-

bial generosity and notorious piety (for,

whether feigned or genuine, he, at any rate,

gave himself out for a fervent devotee)-he

has always found plenty of people ready to conceal him, and even enjoyed the saintly

appellation or surname of Cavaliere Sant' An-

tonio. Nevertheless, since the active ad-

ministration of the new Prefect of Naples,

Marchese d'Afflitto, Pilone had begun to feel

less at case. Almost all his accomplices and

manutengol in the ordinary theatre of his ex-

ploits had been successively captured, and

people on whom the vaguest suspicion of com-

plicity or friendship with him rested were liable to arrest. So he thought it more pru-

dent to draw near Naples, and contrive to

make sure of some safe places of refuge both

in the town itself and in the immediate

suburbs. He was the compare (godfather) of

half the population between Oltaiano and

Boscoreale, and as the title of compare is far

more respected in that part of the world than

that of father or brother, he met with the

most extraordinary discretion and fidelity

among his allies, the inhabitants of the vil-

lages around Naples, and of the city itself.

He was frequently to be seen in town, and

upon one occasion a certain Marchese R.,

when walking across the Piazza Reale, ob-

served a servant of his speaking with

low, and, on questioning him, the man, trembling, confessed that it was the notorious Pilone. The brigand,

imagining himself now to be in perfect

safety, and finding himself, moreover, short

of cash, took to organizing a system of ric-catti, as they are called in Italy, or forcing

wealthy people to give him large sums of money by threatening letters; and as they had considerably more fear of him than con-

fidence in the police, they never dared to de

nounce the man, who was meanwhile plun-

dering them in private at his ease. Since

Cavaliere Colmeyer, however, has been at

the head of the police at Naples, Pilone had enjoyed less and less tranquillity, a very

severe surveillance having been established

over the quarters he was most in the habit of

frequenting, such as Forio, Mercato, and the lower parts of the

tracking him was a certain Petrillo, who reminds me forcibly of the Sergent de

Police bent on taking Jean Valjean, in Victor

Hugo's Miserables. This man seems to have

taken up his profession from vocation, and to

exercise it artistically. He possesses the feu sacre, the disinterestedness, the indefatigable

zeal of the mau who is determined upon ac-

complishing his end. Now, Petrillo, it seems,

had made the capture of this famous brigante

the one aim of his life, and, after numerous

fruitless attempts, finally succeeded on Fri-day last. Here the different accounts cease

to agree. According to some, it was a friend

of Cavaliere Sant' Antonio, some treacherous

accomplice of the brigante, or some intended

benefactor of his country, who gave in-formation to the police to the effect

that Pilone was expected on the 14th under the bridge of the Arenaccia, where he was to receive a ricatto he had

imposed on a proprietor of basco tre case, living at Naples. Others maintain that the

Among the officers employed in

an ill-favored, repulsive-looking

and will to-day resume its trip.

One span of the railroad bridge now believe as much of this on dit at we please), at the express command of Francesco II, who is said to have bestowed on him a decoration: the second time by order of the Pope, ho wished to imprison there for several months. He has been condemned to death no less than three times,

which is not too much, when we learn that among the innumerable murders he has committed, twelve at least have been judicially brought home to him. most conspicuous among these crimes is, perhaps, his assassination of the sergeant of the Carabinieri, De Gasparis,

THE ENGLISH OF INDIA.

CURIOUS EPISTOLARY SPECIMENS. English residents in India get a number of letters from natives who may have occasion to apply to them, either on matters of business or to ask a favor or obtain a situation. Some of these are well written-indeed, the handwriting is generally excellent-and in many cases the composition is marked by great propriety and good taste. But with many others, adds a contributor to Chambers' Journal, it is very different, and the excellence of the penmanship and correctness of the spelling stand out in drollest contrast with the matter of the epistle. Tradespeople who are perfectly ignorant of any but their own tongue send bills to their English customers. These they get written by some native scribe, who has learned enough of English, or at least is supposed to have learned enough, to be able to make out a bill of parcels, or a monthly statement of account which the Saheb or Mem Saheb will be able to read; or to write a note explaining anything unusual in the conduct of the business. As an instance of this take the following two notes. They were sent by a butcher in Berhampore to a silk factor at Beldanga with some beef, which, being sup-plied without order, the butcher judged it necessary to send some explanation; and this is what he sent, verbatim et literatim. Outside the address of both was the same:-To the Great Honorable - Rid, Esquire. The first ran thus:-

"To His Highness --- Rid Esquire. -The humble butcher Nowkoury Respectfully shewbutcher shall ever pray."

"To His Highness -- Rid Esquire, -The humble butcher Nowkoury respectfully sheweth that your honour has sent a good peice butcher will not send in following weak any peice pleased to salt to this peice for other As your obedient butcher shall ever

Next is one sent to the goods clerk at the Mirzapore Railway station. It sufficiently

my superior's notice, as man is reptile with the error. I am your obet. servant,

From a scholar in a mission school to the

life. I am Your most humble and Obedient

—We know a Swedish preacher, says the irchenfreund, who studied thirteen years at ree different colleges, and who now must bor for \$350 a year. He says his wife can receives or sends a verbal message by a ser-

victim himself denounced to the authorities the intended spoliation, and was ordered, in consequence, to follow up the business. However this may be, Pilone was in town as soon as the 10th inst., and the policemen, coming across him several times, had ample opportunity to note his features and dress, so as not to be liable to mistake his identity on the appointed day. So, last Friday, when the man who was to pay the ricatto alighted from the omnibus, near the Orto Botanico, he found his brigand faithful to the rendez vous. He would have been easy to recognize by a slight limp of the left foot, even had he not been clothed in his habitual costume-a white flat hat, violet cravat, black velvet jacket, black waistcoat, and striped trousers. He carried a rough stick in his hand, wore blue spectacles on his nose, had cut off his beard, and only retained his black whiskers, already tinged with gray. While the ricatto was counting out the money, Petrillo pounced upon Pilone and seized him, while several police agents, in plain clothes, approached. The herculean strength of this officer, however, was not a match for the terrible hero of the Vesuvins, who succeeded in freeing himself from the iron grasp of his enemy, and almost knocked him down with his stick. He then threw himself between the legs of his assailant, saying repeatedly. Sono tradito, sono tradito! (I am betrayed) unsheathed his dagger, dealing wounds recklessly on all sides with it, and distributed sundry kicks with his feet. In the struggle he received a stab from a dagger belonging to one of the agents in his right side, and again fell to the ground, this time to rise no more. The corpse was laid on a bier and carried in triumph to the questura. All the town rushed out to see till terrere della Montagna, and all that day and the next following people continued assem-bling before the Paiazza San Giacomo; it became necessary to place sentinels at the gates in order to prevent the multitude from invading the house. A deputation of the lower classes actually came to Cavaliere Colmeyer, and requested that the dead body might be publicly exposed; but he wisely refused. In the evening, however, it was brought to the Campo Eanto Vecchio, whither the mob proceeded. Many carriages were to be seen there, for there was scarcely a Neapolitan who did not try to catch a glimpse of the body; one touched it with his stick, another put his hand into the wound, all more or less insulted the corpse-so that once more a guard was required to protect the dead man. He is described as robust, without corpulancy, and his complexion is said to be remarkably fair. His features had a calm, almost dignified, expression, and were regular and agreeable. His hands and feet were exceedingly small-aristocratic, as an eve-witness of his capture expresses himself; the whole appearance of the body, in short, placid and attrac-On him the police found several objects, which I enumerate, as they are eloquently demonstrative of the strange mental condition of the man, and the singular contradic-

tion between his conduct and alleged, perhaps unfeigned, faith. There was a common little portfolio, with a great many letters bearing different addresses, according to the numerous feigned names which the brigante was wont to assume. On one side of the portfolio were written in his own rough handwriting several verses directed to the Saviour -"O cuore di Cesu quello e tico posso fata" (in Italian: "O cuore di Gesu, quel ch'io dico possa far tu"). This was not the only token of his fervent piety, for he wore a little armlet with the image of St. Ciro round his neck, and carried in his pocket a little brass reliquaire, containing fragments of the bones of Santa Francesca, San Colombo, San Giottino, and a bit of the Holy Virgin's veil; besides an image of Santa Maria delle Paladi, a meditation on the passion of Our Saviour, a paper with the words, "Antonio Cazzolino, I am the son of Mary addolorata, for in the heaven is the Lord. and nobody is more master than he." Further were found a half sheet of the Gazetta del Popolo of the 20th of May; an elementary alphabet with the catechism, which seems to have served him the purpose of a spelling-book; a white cambric handkerchief of the finest texture, with two Pa and a crown embroidered in the corner of it, and another common red and white neckerchief: 40 francs in paper money, and a few sous; a photograph of his own estimable person; a letter which has not been shown; his long dagger, and, a still more dangerous weapon, a match-box. In order to strike terror into the hearts of his victims, he used to say to them, "You must either pay me so much or I shall set fire to your house," showing the match-box, and, indeed, he more than once executed ois threat. The inexhaustible pocket of this sanctified brigand contained a great many more articles; for instance, a small linen bag, wherein were figures of saints, among others, that of the Virgin, San Joseph, and the Bambino, with the words "Gesu, Giuseppe. Maria—Vi dono il cuoree e l'anima mia;" an image of Notre Dame de Salette, and several others besides. But the crown of all was a Host, I cannot tell whether consecrated or not, wrapt in a paper, both wafer and paper red with blood, wine, or the dye of the red flannel he wore. By all this you may see that the legend did not err concerning him, for he had his legend to the following effect: "Cavalier Sant' Antonio, having always carried about him relies of the saints and our Saviour 'duly consecrated in the form of the Host, was unvulnerable to gun or sword."

MARINE TELEGRAPH.

In this latter point the legend, however,

proved false, and the photograph had well-

nigh proved a better defense than the Host

itself, for it had been perforated in the mid-

dle by the mortal stab.

For additional Marine News see First Page. ALMANAC FOR PHILADELPHIA-THIS DAY. SUN RISES...... 6'43 MOON SETS...... 8 02 SUN SETS...... 4'45 HIGH WATER...... 3 55

PHILADELPHIA BOARD OF TRADE. WASE. BUTCHER,
ISRAEL W. MORRIS,
JAMES DOUGHERTY,
COMMITTEE OF THE MONTH.

CLEARED YESTERDAY. Steamship Pioneer, Wakeley, Wilmington, N.C., Philadelphia and Southern Mail Steamship Co. Steamer J. S. Shriver, Webb, Baltimore, A. Groves, Jr. Bark Lepanto, Bell, Antwerp, L. Westergaard & Co. Brig Gipsey Queen, Dalling, Marbiehead, Warren & Gregg.

ARRIVED YESTERDAY. Steamer Fannie, Fenton, 24 hours from New York, with mose, to W. M. Baird & Co.
Steamer Novelty, Shaw, 24 hours from New York, with mose, to W. M. Baird & Co.

Correspondence of The Evening Telegraph.
EASTON & MCMAHON'S BULLETIN. EASTON & McMAHON'S BULLISTIN.

New York Office, Nov. 11.—Eight barges leave in tow to-night, for Baltimore, light;

Barge C. F. Nagle, with barley, for Philadelphia.

Baltimore Branch Office, Nov. 11.—The following barges leave in tow to-night, castward:—

J. L. Kirkpatrick, Fremont, C. H. Gage, Mary McCaffrey, C. O' Rourke, John Ryan, and Aleconde, all with coal, for New York.

W. T. Blessing, with grain, for New York.

Myttle, with coal, for Philadelphia.

Princeton, with coal, for Bridgeton.

Philadelphia Branch Office, Nov. 12.—The

following barges left last night loaded with coal, for New York:- Kate Moyer, Jackson, and John Mc-Kenzie.
D. Cohen, with iron pipe, for New York.
A. O. Buck, with coal, and 5 regular barges, light, for Baltimore.
L. S. C.

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

HAVEE-DE-GRACE, Nov. 12.—The following boats left this morning in tow:—

Harry and U. S. Graut, with lumber to Taylor &

Susquehanna, with lumber to Malore &Son. Lizzie, with lumber to Patterson & Lippincott, James R. Harris, with lumber to Maule, Bro. & Co. Lutus Wiley, with flint, for Trenton.

LEWES, Del., Nov. 11 — A. M. — The pilot-boat Howard reports U. S. steamer Taliapoosa passed in Went to sea yesterday, barks Clara and H. O. Brookman. The Cope reports that the bark Huron passed out yesterday A. M.
Went to sea this A. M. from the harbor, brig Clars, a brig unknown, and all other vessels

orted yesterday.
Wind N. W.; iresh. Thermometer, 44. P. M.—The cope reports that the bark Joshua Loring went to sea yesterdes, and brig Teviot and schr Lottle went out from barbor this A. M.— Wind N. W. Thermometer, 54.

MEMORANDA. Br. steamer Tripoll, Sowerby, from Liverpool, Queenstown, and Boston, at New York 19th inst. Br. steamer Helvetia, from Liverpool, at New York Jesterday.

Br. steamer City of Paris, Mirehouse, for Liverpool, cleared at New York yesterday.

Br. steamer City of Cork, Allen, for Liverpool via New York, cleared at Boston 16th inst.

Steamer Alaska, from Aspinwall, at New York Steamer James Adger, from New York, at Charles-

Steamer Liberty, Reed, at Havana 5th inst. from New Orleans, for Baltimore via Key West. Steamer Australian, Howe, from Liverpool, at Galveston ist inst.
Steamer Tillie, Partridge, from New York via Key West, at Galveston 2d inst. Steemer Empire, Holmes, fm Charleston 8th inst. for Philadelphia, has on board 419 baies cotton, 22 tierces rice, 76 bales domestics, 191 barrels rosin, 29 sacks fruit, and sundries. Steamer Aries, Wiley, for Philadelphia, cleared at

Steamer Harry Wright, hence, at Key West 3d Steamer J. S. Green, Vance, hence, at Richmond Steamer J. W. Everman, Hinckley, hence, at

Charleston yesterday.

Bark Mary E. Libby, Libby, hence, at Portland 10th Bark Black Brothers, Perry, at Antwerp 27th ult. for Philadelphia 20th inst.

Bark Howard, Shaw, from Rotterdam for Philadelphia, in the Downs 28th ult.; had sprung her fore-Br. bark Guina, Dexter, for Philadelphia to load for Antwerp, cleared at Boston 10th inst.
Brig Abby Watson, Allen, from Bangor for Philadelphia, at Newport P. M. 9th inst.
Brig J. Bickmore, Henley, hence, at Portland 10th

Schr Helen Mar, Nickersen, hence, at Boston 10th instant.
Schr Samuel Motley, Drinkwater, from Boston
for Philadelphia, sailed from Newbort 2th inst.
Schr Pedro A. Grau, Cobb, sailed from Gardiner
4th inst. for New York.
Schr Emily Kidder, for Philadelphia, sailed from
Gardiner 2th inst. Gardiner 9th inst. Schr William B. Mann, Rogers, cleared at New

York yesterday for Jacksonville. Schr Joseph Maxifeld, May, for Philadelphia, cl'd Schr Joseph Maxheid, May, for Philadelphia, o'd at New York yesterday.

Schrs John A. Griffin, Foster, and E. C. Glover, Ingersoil, hence, at Providence 9th inst.

Schr James M. Vance, Burdge, for Philadelphia, sailed from Providence 9th inst.

Schr Baltimore, Dix, from Calais for Philadelphia, sailed from New London 8th inst. sailed from New London Sth inst.
Schr Samuel Hartley, Drinkwater, from Boston
for Philadelphia, at Newport P. M. 9th 12st.
Schr Sidney C. Tyler. Barrett, for Philadelphia,
cleared at Wilmington, N. C., 9th inst., with 267,750
shingles, 112,660 stares, and 12 tons charten.
Schr S. L. Simmons, for New Hav sailed from

Alexandria 10th inst. Schr Wil Wallace, Scull, hence Boston 10th instant.
Schr Fli. Crowell, for Philadell on cleared at
Boston 10th inst.
Schr Sidney Price, Godfrey, cleared a oston 10th
inst. for Bangor, to load for Philadelphia;
Schr Joseph Porter, Burroughs, hence for Pawtucket, at Providence 9th Inst.
Schr A. D. Scull arrived at Ceorgetown, D. C., 9th

instant.
Schr Mary H. Stockham, for Wareham, 8'ld from
Georgetown, D. C., 10th inst.
Schrs Mary Adda, Burns, and Gale, Shropshire,
from Treaton, at New Haven 7th inst.
Schrs Royal Oak, Benson, from Tremont, and Sarah Hall, Gilman, from Bangor, both for Philadelphia, at Salem 8th inst. Schr Wave Crest, Davis, for Philadelphia, s'ld from Marbiehead 9th inst. Schr William Wilder, May, hence, at Portsmouth

Schra C. S. Grove, Weaver, for Bangor; Samuel Castner, Jr., for do., to load for New Haven; and S. S. Godfrey, Godfrey, for do., to load for New York, cleared at Boston 10th inst.

MISCELLANY.
Steamer The Queen, at New York from Liverpool and Queenstown, brought 780 passengers.
Steamer City of Cork, at Boston from Liverpool, brought 165 passengers.

Brig Arostook, before reported ashore at Key
West had been lightened of cargo, but she remained

aground 4th inst.
Schr Hail Columbia, from New York for Galveston, before reported ashore on Luc Key, Fla., is pro-tected from the sea by the reef over which she was ferced by the violence with which she struck, and hopes were entertained of getting her off by taking out a portion or all of her cargo.

A letter to the underwriters, dated Nassau, Oct.

31, reports the loss on the evening of Oct. 22, on Sand Cay, of schr Henry P. Russell, Captain S. E. Nickerson, which cleared at this port 7th Oct. for New Orleans, with an assorted cargo. She was at anchor on the Banks when the hurricane came on, dragged both anchors, and went ashore. Part of her cargo was saved in a damaged condition, and taken to Nassau. The H. P. R. registered 425 tons, rated 136, was built at Deep River, Conn., in 1860, and halled from Boston.

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SHIRT MANUFACTORY. AND GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING STORE. PERFECTLY FITTING SHIRTS AND DRAWERS made from measurement at very short notice. All other articles of GENTLEMEN'S BRESS GOODS in full variety. WINCHESTER & CO.,

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Depot—THIRTEENTH and CALLOWHILL Until further notice trains will leave and arrive as follows:--TRAINS LEAVE. A. M. TRAINS ARRIVE. A. M. Way Passenger..... 7:30 Pottstown Accom.... 8:40 Harrisb'g & Potts. Ex 8:15 Reading & Potts. Acc10:20 P. M. & Potts. W. Tr'n 12:30

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and confidently promise the public a SEASON OF UNEXAMPLED BRILLIANCY. OPENING NIGHT, MONDAY, Nov. 14.

OPENING NIGHT, MONDAY, NOV. 14.

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TUESDAY—BOHEMIAN GIRL.
WEDNESDAY—HUGUENOTS.
THURSDAY—DINORAH.
FRIDAY—MARTHA.
SATURDAY MATINEE—FRA DIAVOLO.
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ENTIRE CHANGE OF REPERTOIRE FOR
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Admiss'op, \$1. Reserved Scats, \$1.50. Family
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THIS (Saturday) EVENING, Nov. 12.
MR. JOHN S. CLARKE
IN THREE CHARACTERS.

Second time of John Brougham's new comedy, AMONG THE BREAKERS HE'S JACK SHEPPARD.

JONATHAN BRADFORD.

TO-DAY—FOURTH CLARKE: MATINEE,
When will be performed OUR AMERICAN COUSIN.
Asa Trenchard.......MR. J. S. CLARKE.

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THEATRE. Begins & to 8 o'clock.
GREAT TRIPLE BILL, FOR SATURDAY.
THIS (Saturday) EVENING, November 12,
FAINT HEART NEVER WON FAIR LADY,
By MRS. JOHN DREW AND COMPANY.
Followed by the comedy of
THE HONEYMOON,
MRS. JOHN DREW AND COMPANY.
And the drama of

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Manager. Tickets, 50 cents. Package of four, \$1.
At the office of the Germania Orchestra, North's
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door.

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GEBAT MENAGERIE AND CIRCUS,
NEW ATTRACTIONS JUST ADDED,
A HERD OF DROMEDARIES,
THE LARGEST EVER IN AMERICA.
YOUNG DOUBLE-HUMPED BACTRIAN CAMEL,
Eirst appearance of First appearance of THE WONDERFUL BRAZILIAN FAMILY IN PHILADELPHIA.

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Admission 50 cents; children under ten years of ege, 25 cents.

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Every Evening and Saturday is attnee,
PADANTO, THE GREAT GYMNAST.

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THE FOUR BLONDES in a New Original Can-Can. THE CAMARA SISTERS. JESTER, THE MAN WITH THE TALKING HAND SAM LONG, THE FUNNY CLOWN,

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GRAND OPENING NIGHT.
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EVERY EVENING THE SEASON.
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From their GRAND CALIFORNIA TOUR. Crowned with new laurels and great success, introducing an extra original programme FOR THE OPENING WEEK,

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