City Affairs. -About half-past 5 o'clock on Saturday after-noon last, an explosion occurred at Thomas' warehouse, at Twelfth and Buttonwood streets, blowing two caps off a patent boiler. The en-gineer, James Williams, had banked his fires and was about leaving the room when the ex-plosion occurred. The escaping steam scalded im severely on both legs, from the hips to below the knees, and the coals that were driven out set fire to the room, but the flames were easily extinguished. Mr. Williams resides at

No. 1211 Hamilton street. —On Saturday afternoon, about 4 o'clock, a still in the works of the Greenwich Point Re-finery and Storage Company exploded with a ud noise, setting fire to the wood-work over the still and a tool-house near by. The flames were prevented from extending to other buildings by throwing up an embankment around the fire. The loss amounted to about \$5000. No insurance. Several of the workmen made narrow escapes from injury at the time of the

At half-past ten o'clock yesterday morning slight fire occurred at a blacksmith shop No. 1127 Melon street. Damage trifling.

—At half-past eleven o'clock yesterday morning the upper part of a two-and-a-half story double brick building, ewned by the Philadelphia Saving Fund Society, and situated in the rear of No 220 South Third street, was discovered to be on fire. The south end of the building is occupied by G. Henry Dubs, tailor, as a residence and a workshow. as a residence and a workshop. The fire originated in the attic, and destroyed the furniture of the room and the loft, and roof of the building. Mr. Dubs has an insurance of \$500 in the Niagara Insurance Company, which will cover his loss. The north end of the house is occupied hy Mrs. Mary A. Eck as a store room and wash house. She suffers slightly by water.

-Ellen Dougherty, residing in the rear of No. 2324 Howard street, fell down stairs on last Saturday night, and was severely cut about the head.

-About 1800 men are now employed in the Baldwin Locomotive Works in this city, and one locomotive is turned out for each working day. -The exports of petroleum from this port last week amounted to 1,782,976 gallons. Three ships, 14 barks, 5 brigs, and 2 schooners are now

-The free night school for artisans, organized last year, will again be opened at the Central High School on the 1st of November.

Domestic Affairs.

-Gold closed on Saturday at 113. -Senator Morton left Indiana for Washington on Saturday night. -Mr. Delano's successor, it is stated upon good authority, has not yet been determined

-Moses Green, United States Commissioner at Hannibal, Missouri, died of apoplexy a few

days ago. -The authorities of Galveston, Texas, have removed the quarantine restrictions against New Orleans, and intercourse between those cities is

-There is not a shadow of foundation for the report that France proposed to cede her posses-sions in the West Indies in return for an unobstructed sale to her of arms.

THE CENSUS.

The Population of	the Western Increase of 39	District Per Cent.
	1870.	186

	1870.	1869
Alleghany2	62,482	178,831
	43,385	35,793
	36,132	29,140
	36,485	
Blair	38,051	27,826
	51,100	48,734
	28,636	26,736
Cameron		new county
	25,779	17,750
	36,572	29,155
	23,213	17,720
Columbia	28,765	25,063
Crawford	64,827	48,750
	34,394	27,000
Clarion	26,542	24,988
Elk	8,315	5,915
	65,977	49,439
Fulton	9,361	9,131
Forest	4,183	898
	43,284	39,900
Creama	25,893	24,348
	91 050	
	31,252	28,100
	36,123	33,687
	21,661	18,270
	17,491	16,986
	27,298	22,990
Luzerne	60,971	90,244
Lycoming	47,638	37,399
McKean	8,826	8,859
Mercer	49,981	36,856
Miniin	17,509	16,340
	15,334	13,059
Northumberland	11,440	38,922
	11,418	11,470
Snyder	15,606	15,035
	28,225	26,778
Sullivan	6,191	5,637
	37,530	36,267
	85,102	31,044
	15,568	14,04
	46,382	25,048
	23,897	19,190
Washington	48,481	46,80
	58,699	53,736
Wyoming	14,585	12,540
	-	
1.7	13,957	1,233,039
	33,039	

Barclay township not yet in. + New county, formed out of Potter and McKean. The increase in the counties named above is equal to 39 per cent., and if the same population is shown in the eastern portion of the State, the present population of Pennsylvania is full 4,000,000, against 2,906,215 in 1860.

THE WAR.

LAST NIGHT'S DESPATCHES

OF AN ARMISTICE-ANOTHER FIGHT NEAR PARIS, AND THE DEFEAT OF THE FRENCH. Bismarck has repudiated all those sayings asscribed to him, in the letters of Russell, newspaper correspondent, and asserts that he had only corrected him in a material point.

PEACE RUMORS-ENGLAND TO INTERFERE-TERMS

The government authorities lately seized twentyfive barrels of powder at a Fenian store in Ireland. They were taken to Woolwich, opened, and found to contain lucifer matches and nails in considerable quantities mixed through the powder. The

able quantities mixed through the powder. The barrels, with their contents, were carefully placed on an old barge and sunk in the river.

The Lendon papers of to-day publish reports made by deserters from Metz to the effect that Bazaine is dead, that Canrobert is in command, and that hunger and pestilence prevailed in the city. These stories are generally discredited. At Berlin, however, the capitulation of Bazaine is

Berlin, however, the capitulation of Bazaine is hourly expected. It now seems that the overtures he recently made, looking to a surrender, referred only to the troops which had refuged at Metz, and not to the garrison of the city. It is reported that the North German sovereigns have been convoked at Versailles to declare King William Emperor of

Germany.

A sortic was made from Paris last night in the direction of Versailles, and the Germans, after some hours' fighting, drove the French back, taking 100 prisoners and two guns. The German loss was small, and was caused by a bomb bursting of a battalion. in the midst of a battalion.

The first parallel against the southern fort of Schlestadt has been opened. It is 600 paces from the work and has been mounted with thirty-two guns, ready for use. The Prussians lost in its establishment only three men.

London, Oct. 22.—The evening edition of the Times contains a special telegram from Berlin, stating that Prussia has repeated her willingness to grant an armistice if the principle of the cession of territory be conceded. The mere dismantling of the fortresses in Alsace and Lorraine under a European guarantee is insufficient.

Describers from Metz are constantly arriving at

Deserters from Metz are constantly arriving at Brussels. King Leopold has given 50,000f. in aid of the German wounded.

A dispatch from Lille to-day confirms the occupation of St. Quentin by the Prussians after a short cannonade.

short cannonade.

London, Oct. 23.—It is reported that England will immediately offer direct intervention for an

armistice. Lords Lyons and Loftus have taken steps to that effect at Tours and Berlin, and perfect accord in the matter exists between England, Aus-

accord in the matter exists between England, Austria and Italy.

The Germans took 6000 prisoners at the capture of Orleans. They have bombarded Vernon, on the Paris and Havre railway, and are advancing on Amiens in two columns. One was at Breteuil last night, and the other at Montdidier. A dispatch from Lille reports that the Prussian advance guard is hivonesked at Ribemont, near St. Quentin, and

is bivouacked at Ribemont, near St. Quentin, and another body is approaching La Fere.

General Von der Tann, commanding the German troops on the Loire, has issued a proclamation, in which he declares that the main condition of peace is the restitution of Alsace and Lorraine to Ger-

The Prussians have taken all clothing from the shops and wine from the cellars in Orleans The following new military divisions have been formed in France: North, Bourbaki commanding, with headquarters at Lille; West, Fiercu commanding, with headquarters at Le Mans; Centre, Polhes commanding, with headquarters at Bourges; East, General Cambrieres, headquarters at Besancon.

Assizes are to be opened on November 3. Administrative councils are established in twenty-two military districts into which France is subdivided. Each council is to retain one civil functionary, who will have the sole charge of raising and organizing

LONDON, Oct. 22.—[Special to the New York Her-ald].—A letter just received, and dated Panis, Oct. 14, says: Negotiations for peace continue. Bis-marck sent letters yesterday to Washburne and

Jules Favre, of a conciliatory character.

An armistice, to allow a Constituent Assembly to be elected, to decide definitely on peace, was under discussion, the principal conditions of which are that the military situations shall remain in statu o. The members of the Assembly elected are to sllowed to enter Paris, and none else. Alsace and Lorraine are not to vote, to which Favre ob jects, very absurdly, as that province cannot vote while occupied by the Prussian armies. This solu-tion of the neutrality of Alsace and Lorraine is favored by Bismarck.

The gates of Paris are opened at daylight, and closed at 6 P. M. Omnibuses are not allowed to run after 10:30 P. M.

The pictures, statues, and tapestry at St. Cloud were removed before the investment, and were not were removed before the investment, and were not burned. There is great destruction in every direc-tion. Paris secretly prays for peace, but the people are afraid to say so aloud. There is no want of pluck and patience, but the situation is terribly dis-tressing, and there is an enormous amount of pov-erty and suffering. It is thought that soup kitchens will be organized to deal out rations to all who have certificates. The weather is changeable, wet and pleasant by turns, but is not yet cold. The novelty of the siege is over, and life is dull and op-pressive now. Mr. Washburne was very ill yester-day, but is better to-day. London, Oct. 23.—[Special to the New York

London, Oct. 23.—[Special to the New York Heraid.]—A Versailles letter, of October 18, de-scribes a visit to Meudon. The Prussian positions scribes a visit to Meudon. The Prussian positions are rapidly becoming impregnable, and active preparations are being made for mounting siege guns in every direction. He says Burnside's bag, now known as the "through mail," leaves with Sheridan te-day. Sheridan will not return, regarding the war as virtnally over, and the seige dull and slow. He returns home in the spring. Bismarck paid him a farewell visit last night. Sheridan said to-day that he had been royally treated by the Prussians. Bismarck, Moltke, the King and Crown Prince could not have been more cordial.

The King says the French have his sympathies, but they are making at present such a poor figure

but they are making at present such a poor figure that he regards the slege of Paris a laughable farce. "I have been," he says, "disappointed with the French—so has the whole world; but it is easy the French—so has the whole world; but it is easy to account for their failure. They have been weakened so much by centralization that they are willing to lay all their misfortunes on the shoulders of the empire as a scapegoat, instead of beldly helping themselves. It is lamentable to see a nation of 40,000,000 so utterly broken. Fight! and they ought to fight, till their boots fall off:"

Sheridan made an excellent impression, and his prompt outspoken manner was much enjoyed by the King and Bismarck.

There are fifty slegge guns now up in front that

There are fifty slege guns now up in front that are not yet in battery. They are eighteen to sixty pounders, and are still on their high carriages. Starvation, however, it seems to many, is the true cue for the reduction of Paris. The leaders, nevertheless, have resolved to push the bombardment the very first instant the guns are ready.

London, Oct. 23.—[Special to the New York Tribune].—The telegrams from Tours and Vienna, announcing the proposal by England of an armistice.

nouncing the proposal by England of an armistice, are substantially true. I have the highest authority for saying that the British government concluded last week that the British government concluded last week that the time had arrived for making another effort. They considered the moment critical, and feit it their duty to try something, and have urged an armistice by making common representations to Prussia and France, and asking the other Powers to join them in the effort to bring it about. The armistice is intended to allow the convocation of the France Assembly. It is understood that

tion of the French Assembly. It is understood that Bismarck favors such convocation, but insists that the armistice must involve the impracticable basis of peace. While the overtures of Great Britain have not been unfavorably received at both Tours and Versailles, the British government has small hopes of success. There is a chance, but only a chance, that the present effort may produce a sus pension of hostilities.

It is reported that the Emperor and Empress agreed with the King and Bismarck upon the project of peace, which includes the dismantling of the fortresses in eastern France, and indemnity by France to Germany of 6,000,000 france in cattle, horses, grain, wine and oil. No cession of territory is to be made unless the people of Alsace, upon a is to be made unless the people of Alsace, upon a plebiscitum, should vote for annexation to Germany; Bazaine to leave Metz, and proclaim the Prince Imperial as emperor, with the Empress as regent. It is added that the solution depends absolutely on the acceptance by King William of the conditions introduced into the proposed arrangement by the great powers, that the cession of Alsace must be determined.

determined by its people. The powers insist on this, and it is rumored that if Germany objects to it they will intervene by force to compel Prussia to with-

VERSAILLES, Oct. 21, via Berlin, Oct. 22.—At noon, to-day, a sortie was made by the French from Fort Mont Valerien, supported by forty field guns They were victoriously repulsed by detachments of the 9th and 10th divisions of infantry and a regiment of Landwehr, supported toward the close of the engagement by the 4th corps. The Prussians captured 100 prisoners and two cannon. The Ger-man loss was small. The King witnessed the battle from the Marly viaduct. The people of Versailles were greatly alarmed.

The official report of captures made at Solssons has just been made public. Ninety-one officers and 4633 rank and file surrendered, and 128 guns of all kinds; 70,000 bombs, 150 tons of gunpowder, and a military chest containing 92,000 francs fell into the hands of the Germans.

George Francis Train arrived at Marseilles yesterday, and created a great excitement by making a speech, in which he denounced the Prussians in the most bitter terms.

It is reported that the Prussian forces now occupying Orleans are committing such excesses that it is believed that they are on the point of leaving that city, and are determined to leave nothing to the inhabitants. The Prussians have been hastily sending towards Paris enormous quantities of cattle and sheep and large supplies of forage.

Instances of extreme cruelty practiced by the

Instances of extreme cruelty practiced by the Prussians toward the Franc-tireurs are related from all parts of the country, and this only serves to render the latter more desperate and determined to take no prisoners. Over thirty Prussian spies, arrested in different parts of France, were brought here to-day. The sub-prefect of St. Quentin has arrived here, having resigned his office because the municipal authorities refused to defend the town a second time in case of attack; the consequence of this refusal by the authorities being the occupation of the town by the Prussians, who now hold it. General Bourbaki has commenced operations in

BESANCON. Oct. 22 .- There was heavy fighting BESANCON. Oct. 22.—There was heavy fighting to-day between Voray and Cussey, north of this city, which lasted from 9 a. m. till night. The result is not known. It is reported that the zouaves and troops of the Vosges distinguished themselves by makinglyigorous bayonet charges.

The Constitutionnel prints the report of the mediation of England, and says, "there is reason to hope for peace." It adds, "that as soon as an armistice is concluded, the elections for the constituent Assembly will be ordered."

The journals contain the following note, inspired

The journals contain the following note, inspired

by the government: "We may affirm that the government in no case will accept a peace humiliating to France. It will remain firm in its rejection of all propositions for the dismemberment of France, and is prepared for all sacrifices to save the national honor. Invasion has not prevented the organization of the defence of the country on a formidable scale. We have at divers points, which it would be imprudent to men-tion, excellent troops, well armed and equipped, and ready to move at a given moment, as will soon

In correboration of the above, it may be stated on the best authority, that two armies ably com-manded and composed of excellent troops, are ready to move forward. Further details cannot be given, but events will soon prove the truth of these

Rough, Oct. 23, evening.—At Ivry-la-Battarie, in the Department of the Eure, old men, women and children rose against the Prussian troops occupying the place, and terrible scenes ensued. Numbers were executed on both sides, and ambulances have been sent to the relief of the wounded.

The Prussians are concentrating at Gizors.
Cardinal Bonnechose to-day read from the pulpit a protest against the invasion of Rome.

SENS, Oct. 23.—A balloon which left Paris yesterday, landed safely between Sagny and Meaux, but quite near the Prussian lines. When at a height of 2000 metres, it was struck by a new projectile now in use by the Prussians.

The official Journal of Paris has published the answer of General Ducrot to the Prussian charge that he broke his parole. He says he escaped from Sedan after he had placed himself in the hands of the Prussians, having refused to sign the capitulation or give his parole.

The official Journal of October 19 relates the destruction of several more Prussian batteries which had lately been erected. The fire of the forts had dismounted the Prussian guns and killed a number of the enemy.

number of the enemy.

VENERATION SMALL.

How a Western Judge Gets Himself Re-ported in the Papers.

There is a certain Judge Bannion in Chicago, for whom the reporters of that fast city do not appear to entertain any great respect. The following, from the Republican, shows how the learned Judge catches it from these smart fellows. Omitting the statement of a recent case before the Court, which

publican's report:-Bannion, J .- H'it h'is h'apparent to the Court that you h'are screening somebody. This tribunal does not tolerate h'any such thing. Screening h'is h'al-

is of no especial interest, we quote from the Re-

Attorney for the defense-But your Honor-Bannion, J.—The Court knows wat the counsel could say. The court did not mean to be h'understood that h'all screening was wrong. The Court aving been h'in the coal business h'appreciates the aving been hin the coal business h'appreciates the h'importance of screening h'in that direction, but criminals h'is not coal, sir, though they may be at black'arted. Let this case proceed. For h'atrociousness, h'it is h'enormous, and this Court must dunish somebody, h'even though this witness jorgets the sencitly of h's h'oath, and screens.

Counsel for Defense—Your Honor must be convinced that at least some of these parties are innocent of even complicity in this affair. At present

cent of even complicity in this affair. At present their mouths are closed. Suppose your Honor was to discharge one of them and see what he has to

Bannion, J.—Your suggestion h'is not h'accepted, sir. When this Court waits a suggestion from you, sir, this Court will h'ask for it. This Court will discharge none of the h'outlaws concerned h'in this h'atrocious and 'orrible h'affair. H'if it was to do so, no man's life would be safe. Counsel may smile h'at my remarks, h'as I see they do, but h'it is a serious matter—one of the most damnable matters that this court 'as h'ever 'ad the honor to try. Counsel—If you will release one of these men, I will put him upon the stand. Your Honor certainly cannot commit on the testimony now in.

Injured Peddler-Your Honor, it was none of these parties that struck me.

Bannion, J.—You will 'old your tongue, witness.
This h's a most h'atrooious h'affair. You know who It you, and are screening.
Injured Peddler-If I did know, your Honor, I would certainly prosecute them. I would not for-give any man who would treat me as I've been

treated.

Bannion, J. (addressing the witness)—You may go to your 'ome, sir. You know simply nothink at all. | Then, clearing his voice. This question h'appears to be a very prinful one, and yet a very simple one. Wen this man h'appeared before me last Friday, my h'opfnion was, h'and it was concurred hi'n by the Police Department, that h'i should never h'gain see 'im h'alive. 'E 'as been most shamefully and frightfully h'abused. 'E 'as suffered the most fratrocious h'abuse it has h'ever been my good fortune to witness, h'and yet 'e now h'attempts to screen the witness, h'and yet 'e now h'attempts to screen the man who h'injured 'im. Of all the h'atrocious things I 'ave h'eard of, this is the most h'atrocious thing. I 'ave h'eard of, this is the most h'atrocious thing. 'As it come to this, that h'a man shall be struck to the h'earth while h'in a saloon? Shall you? Shall h'!? H'I shall leave a Grand Jury to decide h'!t. The judgment of this Court, therefore, h'is that these three prisoners be remoyed to the place from w'ence they came, and h'if they do not furnish five 'undred dollars h'aplece, that they be conveyed thence to the County Jail, there to h'await the h'action of the Grand Jury h'of the Criminal Court of Cook county. The man Douner, h'I shall 'old h'in three 'undred dollars ball to prosecute this h'atrocious case, the most h'atrocious case I 'ave hever 'ad the honor to try. H'ajourn this court. — Execunt omnes. try. H'ajourn this court .- Excunt omne

AN 'ORRIBLE TALE.

The Most Disagreeable Miser on Record-Mr. Fagin and the Famous Gentleman of

thnal Green Outdo Last week's Saginaw (Mich.) Republic says:—It has been known for some time that a dirty, wretched old man lived outside the city, about a mile or so, in a fifthy little cabin, entirely alone, and that he was a hermit. No one ever went near him, for it was said he was a magician. His only companion was a miserable-looking dog. He came into the city some-times to beg, and would piteously implore for money, stating that he was starving. Sometimes he would gather rags or scraps of paper and sell them. Every one supposed him to be wretchedly foor. He had an evil look, and mothers would remove their children when they saw him coming.

One day last week, however, a child, the son of Mr. Abraham Skinner, went out alone to fish in the stream, and happened to wander on until, before he knew it, he came to the hovel of the old man. At first he was frightened, but seeing no one around he plucked up courage and went nearer. Every-thing was silent. He went and peeped through a crack in the side of the hut. He almost screamed at what he saw, for he beheld the old man bending over a bag of money that he was counting. There were other bags beside him containing large quantities of money. Mr. Skinner's son was so terrified that when he attempted to move he stumbled. Like lightning the old man rushed out and seized him. "Ha," he screamed, "I've caught you, have I? You saw me, did you? Well now you'll now for it." And before Mr. Well, now you'll pay for it." And before Mr. Skinner's son could say a word, the old monster, with an awful laugh, drew out a knife, and cut the with an awith mugh, drew out a kine, and cut the child's tongue out. Then he chopped off his fingers, "Now," he said, "now you can go, for you can't tell." The poor boy ran off, overcome with agony, and ran to his father's house only to fill them with consternation. What was the matter with their child? He could not speak to tell them! He could not write, for his fingers were cut. Still, the poor boy, after efforts of the most horrible pain, managed to fix a pencil between his bloody stumps of fingers and wrote the awful tale! A party was immediately organized and hastened to the miser den. He was at the door as they approached and fired a revolver six times at them, wounding two of the party seriously. Mr. Skinner returned the fire and the aged villain fell with a piercing shriek, mortally wounded. "My money!" my money!" he moaned, "my beautiful money!" and he crawled to his bags of gold and sank upon them—a corpse! Over \$10,000 was discovered, which was presented to the poor-house and other charitable institutions. The event will never be forgotten by our citizens. The child is slowly recovering. The miser was buried the day after and the hut was torn down.

THE DEMOCRACY.

Address of the National Executive Committee ROOMS OF THE DEMOCRATIC EXECUTIVE RESIDENT COMMITTEE—WASHINGTON, Oct. 21, 1879.—The National Democratic Congressional Resident Committee tender their congratulations to the Democratic and conservative voters of the three great States of Pennsylvania, Indiana, and Ohio, for their recent successes over the corruptions of radicalism,

recent successes over the corruptions of radicalism, aided, as the radicals have been, by a profligate and desperate administration at Washington.

In Pennsylvania a gain of five members of Congress has been secured, the radical majority of last year been largely reduced in each branch of the Legislature, and there is a decided majority in the State on the popular vote against the administration. In Indiana the State has ceen redeemed from further radical misrule by the election of the Democratic and Conservative State ticket, carrying with cratic and Conservative State ticket, carrying with it a gain of two members of Congress and a majority in each branch of the Legislature. Economy and reform are thus made sure to the people of that State in the immediate future.

In this the Radical majority of two years ago has been reduced more than one-half, and the leader of the Radical corruptionists in the present Congress been defeated.

been defeated.

We now appeal to the Democratic and Conservative voters of the States in which elections are about to be held to make further and more determined efforts in behalf of a restoration of an honest administration. We ask that they disregard threats from any central source, and pay no attention in any respect to the proposed use of the military power of the Government in the local management of the elections in the States.

elections in the States.

Let the doors of our organization be thrown wide open for the admission of all who desire economy and honesty in the management of the public treasury, so that the present burden of taxation may be thereby mitigated, regardless of former issues or past political association or name, and bring about entire co-operation among all who seek a restoration of the Union founded upon peace and good will among their fellow men, and a return to strict integrity among the public officers of the nation.

SAMUEL J. RANDALL, Chairman.

N. J. JEPFREYS, Secretary. elections in the States.

N. J. JEFFRBYS, Secretary.

 A society has been organized at Baltimore for the protection of wild fowl on the rivers of Maryland from wholesale slaughter.
 A movement is on foot in Louisiana to induce white farm laborers to emigrate into that

State from Canada. -A fortunate lady, Youngman by name, now a resident of kee county, Ill., has fallen heir to an estate in Scotland worth \$3,500,000.

MARINE TELEGRAPH.

Por additional Marine News see First Page.

PHILADELPHIA BOARD OF TRADE

WASH. BUTCHER, ISBARL W. MORRIS, COMMITTER OF THE MONTH. JAMES DOUGHERTY, MOVEMENTS OF OURAN STRAMSHIPS.
FOR AMERICA.
Paraguay....London....New York.....Sept. Guiding Star. Havre...
Denmark. Havre...
C. of Mexico. Vera Cruz...
C. of Manch'tr. Liverpool... Calabria..... Liverpool. New York . . . Oct. New York v. H. Oct. New York . . . Oct. .Liverpool.

Nebraska Pennsylvania, Liverpool. Etna. . . . Liverpool. Malta.... Palmyra.....Liverpool. Minnesota....Liverpool. Boston.....Oct. New York....Oct. New York Oct. New York Oct. New York Oct. England.....Liverpool.. England. Liverpool New York Oct.
Iowa Ginsgow New York Oct.
C. of Brussels Liverpool New York Oct.
FOR EUROPE.
Aleppo New York Liverpool Oct.
Silesia New York Hamburg Oct.
Cuba New York Liverpool Oct. .Liverpool.....Oct. .Liverpool.....Oct. .Liverpool....Oct. Mankattan . New York. Malta..... New York... C, of Brussels.. New York... Pereire... New York... Italy... New York... Australia... New York... .Havre Oct. Liverpool Oct. Haly. New York. Liverpool. Oct. 29
Australia New York Glasgow. Oct. 29
Etns New York Liverpool via H. Nov. 1
C of Wash'tn. New York. Liverpool. Nov. 5
City of Paris New York. Liverpool. Nov. 12
COASTWISE, DOMESTIC, ETC.
Merrimack New York. Rio Janeiro. Oct. 24
Empire Philadelphia, Charleston. Oct. 29
Wyoming Philadelphia, Savannah. Oct. 29
Yazoo. Philadelphia, New Orleans. Nov. 1
Mails are forwarded by every steamer in the regular lines. The steamers for or from Liverpool call at

lar lines. The steamers for or from Liverpool call at Queenstown, except the Canadian line, which call at Londonderry. The steamers for or from the Continent call at Southampton.

CLEARED SATURDAY.

Steamship Hercules, Doughty, Charleston, Souder Steamship Fanita, Freeman, New York, John F. Ohl. Steamship Roman, Baker, Boston, H. Winsor & Co. Steamer H. L. Gaw, Iler, Baltimore, A. Groves, Jr. Steamer Mount Vernon, Kerst, Washington, D. C., David Cooper.

Brig Zavalia Williams, Shea, Barbadoes, Warren & Gregg. Schr A. M. Chadwick, Coan, Portsmouth, J. C. Scott

& Sons.
Schr Wm. Tice, Tice, Richmond, Chas. Haslam & Co.
Schr Neilie Staples, Boyd, Portsmouth, N. H., Souder & Adams. Schr Emeline Haight, Avery, Boston, David Cooper. Schr Geo. W. Krebs, Quintin, Alexandria, do.

ARRIVED SATURDAY. Steamer J. S. Shriver, Webb, 13 hours from Baltimore, with mdse, and passengers to A. Groves, Jr.
Steamer E. N. Fairchild, Trout, 24 hours from New
York, with mdse, to Wm. M. Baird & Co.
Steamer Sarah, Jones, 24 hours from New York,
with mdse, to W. M. Baird & Co.
Steamer S. F. Phelps, Brown, 24 hours from New
York, with mdse, to W. M. Baird & Co.
Steamer W. C. Pierrepont, Shropshire, 24 hours Steamer W. C. Pierrepont, Shropshire, 24 hours from New York, with mose to W. M. Baird & Co.
Brig Derigo, Shaw, 4 days from Boston, with lee to Knickerbocker Ice Co.—vessel to Chas. Haslam

Schr Cornelia, Noyes, 3 days from Norfolk, with railroad ties to Lennox & Burgess. Schr Louisa Frazier, Steelman, 5 days fm Boston, with mose, to Chas. Haslam & Co. Schr Rising Sun, Hastings, 5 days from Richmond, Va., with grain to Chas. Haslam & Co.
Schr James Anderson, Tunnell, 2 days fm Indian river, Del., with grain to Jas. L. Bewley & Co.
Schr M. C. Burnite, Durborow, 1 day fm Camden, Del., with grain to Jas. L. Bewley & Co.

ARRIVED YESTERDAY. Schr William Frazier, Donnelly, from Norfolk, with shingles to John Donnelly.

Correspondence of The Evening Telegraph.

EASTON & MCMAHON'S BULLETIN. NEW YORK OFFICE, Oct. 22. — Seven barges leave in tow to-night, for Baltimore, light. H. C. Levery, with logwood; Fanny and R. F. Cahill, with barley; and Lady Loretta, with malt, all for Philadelphia.

BALTIMOBE BRANCH OFFICE, Oct. 22 .- The follow-BALTIMOBE BRANCH OFFICE, Oct. 22.—The following barges leave in tow to-night, eastward:—
C. Downer, Dornfield, J. J. Wolcott, Fremont, F. Goddard, E. C. Potter, G. H. Stewart, J. T. Hedrick, S. Hammell, M. Bartlett, D. E. Graves, James Tracy, Nich. Childs, Ella, James McMahen, Board of Trade, and A. Newcomb, all with coal, for New York. PHILADELPHIA BRANCH OFFICE, Oct. 24. — The Gen. Keim, with coal, for New York, left Saturday. Kate Stewart, with iron, for Baltimore, will leave

15 regular barges, light, left this port on Saturday for Baltimore.

(By Telegraph.)

Lewes, Del., Oct. 22—3 P. M.—The pilot-boat Cope reports the bark B. Rogers, Crosby, from Alicante, bound in this morning.

Passing out, bark Henry and schr Fred. Smith. Brig John M. Burns left for Philadelphia at 2 P.M.; bark Mary Killam leaving for Charleston. In harbor, bark Ocean, U. S. gunboat Frolic, and the steamer Coit. Wind N. W. Thermometer, 66.

MEMORANDA Br. ship Coromandel, Chapman, hence for Queenstown, put into St. John, N. B., 20th inst. to repair.
Ship Tuscarora, hence, at Savannah 22d inst.
Ship Abyssinia, Christian, from Liverpool 26th Aug.
for Philadelphia, was spoken 19th inst., lat. 40 35,

long, 19 30. Ship Jamestown, Call, hence, was up at Savannah Ship Jamestown, Carl, hence, was up at Savannah 20th inst. for Liverpool.

Br. steamer Aleppo, Moreland, from Liverpool, Queenstown, and Boston, at New York 22d inst.

Br. steamers France, Grogan, and City of Brooklyn, Brooks, for Liverpool; and India, Munroe, for Glasgow, cleared at New York 22d inst.

N. G. steamer Union, Dreyer, for Bremen, cleared at New York 22d inst. N. G. steamer Westphalia, Schwensen, from New York 5th inst. for Hamburg, at Leith 19th, and re-mained 21st., waiting orders.

mained 21st., waiting orders.

Steamer Rina, Lochead, from Liverpool for Boston and New York, at Halifax 22d inst., to proceed at 5 P. M. same day.

Steamer General Sedgwick, Nichols, from Galveston 10th via Key West 15th, at New York 22d iust.

Steamer Mary Sanford, Chadwick, from Wilmington, N. C., at New York 21st inst.

Steamers James Adger, Lockwood, from Charleston, and Fairbanks, Howe, from Wilmington, N. C., at New York 21st inst.

at New York 21st inst. at New York 21st inst.

Steamers Dudley Buck, Trevairane, for Laguayra
and Port Spain; Tillle, Partridge, for Key West and
Galveston; George Cromwell, Clapp; Western Metropolis, Quick; and General Meade, Sampson, for
New Orleans, cleared at New York 22d inst. Steamer Leopard, Hughes, from Charleston 20th inst. for Philadelphia, has on board 166 tierces rice, 637 bales cotton, 94 bales yarn, 4 bales rags, 13 rolls leather, 260 barrels rosin, and sundries. Steamer Wyoming, Teal, for Philadelphia, cleared at Savannah 22d inst. Steamer Empire, Herring, for Philadelphia, sailed

from Charleston 22d inst. Steamer James S. Green, Vance, for Philadelphia, Steamer James S. Green, vance, for Philadelphia, sailed from Richmond 20th inst.

Steamer Aries, Wiley, hence, at Boston 21st inst.
Bark Jehn Pierce, Nickerson, for Philadelphia, cleared at Boston 21st inst.

Bark Agamemnon, Bailey, from Rio Janiero with coffee, was at Southwest Pass 13th inst.—has been reported bound to Philadelphia.

Brig Torrent, Gould, fm Gardiner for Philadelphia, at the product of the control of the

returned to Portland 20th inst, on account of the Schr Frances Nowell, hence, at Savannah 22d inst. Schr Sybil, Fleming, hence, at Barbadoes 4th inst., and remained 10th.

Schr Ida Lewis, Heustis, from Kennebunk for Philadelphia, at Portland 20th inst. Schrs Rachael Seaman, Seaman, for Boston, and J. P. Cake, Endicott, for Somerset, sailed from Georgetown, D. C., 15th inst. chr E. G. Knight, McAllister, hence, at Rockport Schr Greenland, Parker, hence, at Rockport 17th

Schr Julia Ann, Wills, hence, at New Haven 20th Schr Mattie Holmes, Stubbs, hence, at Bangor 20th Schr Kate Walker, Warren, hence, at Belfast 15th

instant.

Instant.
Schr Mary C. Elliott, Buell, for Philadelphia, sailed from Richmond 20th inst.
Schrs J. I. Worthington, Brown, for Philadelphia, and C. P. Hoffman, Robinson, for Great Egg Harbor, sailed from Providence 20th inst.
Schr William Wilson, Baker, hence, at Somerset 15th inst. Schr Thomas Berden, Wrightington, from Fall River for Philadelphia, at Newport 20th inst.
Schr Charm, Sterns, for Philadelphia, at Norfolk 15th inst. from Petersburg.
Schrs Hiawatha, Lee, and R. J. Whiliden, Fennimore, for Philadelphia, saided from Newburyport 21st inst.
Schr J. Truppan Ciphs for Philadelphia

Schr J. Truman, Gibbs, for Philadelphia, sailed from New Bedford 21st inst. Schrs Annie Magee, Stevens; S. T. Wines, Hulse; Transit, Rackett, for Philadelphia; and Marietta

Steelman, Steelman, for do, or Georgetown, D. C., sailed from Providence 21st inst.
Schrs Elizs B. Emery, Clayton, and E. I., Russell, Smith, from Boston for Philadelphia; and R. H. Wilson, Harris, from Edgartown for do., at Holmes' Hole 19th inst.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALB .- R. J. DOBBINS, BUILDER. OFFICE, LEDGER BUILDING, PHILADELPHIA OFFERS FOR SALE

THE FOLLOWING PROPERTIES, VIZ.: Handsome three-story brown-stone Residence, with French root, situated southwest corner Broad and Thompson streets; contains all modern improve-ments, and is newly frescoed and painted through-out. Lot 25x160 feet.

Also, handsome new brown-stone Residence, west side Bread, above Master street, nearly finished; with side yard. Lot \$5x200 feet. Also, beautiful four-story brown-stone Residence, north side Chesnut street, west of Nineteenth, with

handsome side yard. Also, Building Lots, west side Broad, above Vine street, 75x198 feet deep, and six Lots west side Broad, above Thompson, 25x200 feet deep. 10 20tf

FOR SALE—A VERY VALUABLE HOUSE and LOT at the N. W. corner of Forty-second atreet and Kingsessing avenue.

House built of brown stone, three stories, containing 16 rooms, and finished in the best and most sub-stantial manner, with all the modern improvements one of the most desirable houses in Wesi Philadelphia. Property should be seen to be appreciated. Persons wishing to know the terms and examine the property can do so by calling on JAMES M. SELLERS, until 3½ P. M., at No. 144 S. SIXTH Street, and in the evening at No. 500 S. FORTY-SECOND Street.

FOR SALE OR TO LET—Nos. 2106, 2108, 2110, 2127 and 2133 WALNUT Street. Prices ranging from \$22,000 to \$55,000, or will be rented. Address, by note, S. C. BUNTING, JR., No. 218½ Walnut street.

TO RENT. TO RENT-THE STORE NO. 722 CHESNUT

Street. Apply on the premises between 10 and 19

o'clock A. M.

EDUCATIONAL.

HALLOWELL SELECT HIGH SCHOOL FOR Young Men and Boys, which has been removed from No. 110 N. Tenth street, will be opened on September 12 in the new and more commodious buildings Nos. 112 and 114 N. NINTH Street. Neither effort nor expense has been spared in fitting up the rooms, to make this a first-class school of the highest

A Preparatory Department is connected with the A Preparatory Department is connected with the school. Parents and students are invited to call and examine the rooms and consult the Principals from 9 A. M. to 2 P. M. after August 16.

GEORGE EASTBURN, A. B.,

JOHN G. MOORE, M. S.,

Principals.

H. ACADEMY, ASSEMBLY BUILDINGS,
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A Primary, Elementary, and Finishing School for
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teaching and discipline practised. Circulars at Mr. Warburton's, No. 430 Chesnut street, or at the Academy. Open for visitors from 9 A. M. to 4 P. M. 8 20

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Rev. T. W. CATTELL. YOUNG MEN'S AND BOYS' ENGLISH, CLASSI-CAL AND COMMERCIAL INSTITUTE, No. 1998 MOUNT VERNON Street. Preparation for Business or College. Has a Preparatory Department. Rev. J. G. SHINN, A. M., Principal. 191 smtu2m CHEGARAY INSTITUTE, Nos. 1527 AND U 1529 SPRUCE Street, Philadelphia, will reopen on TUBSDAY, September 10. Erench is the language of the family, and is constantly spoken in the institute.

6 15 wfm 6m L D'HERVILLY, Principal.

HBNRY G. THUNDER'S MUSICAL ACADE-my, No. 1028 PINE Street, is now open for the reception of pupils. See circulars at Music Stores, Office hours 8 to 9 A. M. and 1 to 3 P. M. 10 11 1m*

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"THE SPIRIT OF THE MIST," by T. Buchanan ROME," from the Palatine Hill, by J. O. Montalart. THE GRAND WORK, White Mountain Notch,"

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