THE EVENING TELEGRAPH.

VOL. XIV-NO. 82.

FIRST EDITION

THE GERMANS IN FRANCE.

Treatment of the Peasantry.

The Prussian "Invalid Fund."

Dr. Evans in Trouble.

THE INVALID FUND.

Preclamation by the Crown Prince of Prassia -The "Invalid Fund" of Germany.

The Crown Prince of Prusaia has issued the

following proclamation from his headquarters

relative to aid for the wounded and other suffer-

Through great victories of the armies the hope of

a glorious peace has been won for the German peo-ple. On the battle-fields of France the nation has

become conscious of its greatness and union, and this gain, sanctified by the blood of many thousaads

of our warriors, we trust will keep its binding power for all future time. But to the enthusiastic outbursts

and emotions of these weeks have also come feelings

of deep sorrow. Many of the flower of our youth, many of the leaders of our army, have fallen victims

many of the leaders of our army, have fallen victims of the victory, and greater still is the number of those who from wounds and excessive endurance and exertions will be unable in future to gain their livelihood by their own efforts. They above all, and those whom the dead have left behind them, and the living victims of the war, have a claim to the gratitude of the nation. Whoever has shared the enthusiasm of of the solution of our factors and the solutions.

the nation. Whoever has shared the entinusiasm of this contest: whoever, from the rising up of our whole people in their might, hopes for a new era of peace, and whoever in our victories and the defeat of our fees worships a judgment of God on high, lat him now prove his fidelity to the warriors of our people's army and their families. That help only affords what is absolutely necessary and unavoid-obly continued to the general neules and can

allores what is absolutely necessary and unavoid-ably confined to the general normal rules, and can-not attend to need and wants of the individual Great efforts of voluntary help will be required this time, for huge as the success have been the losses of the war. In the same way in which this war has created an uniform and united German army, in which sons of all the German lands fought in brotherize emulation of bravery the care for the inva-

brotherly emulation of bravery, the care for the inva-lids and helpless whom this war leaves behind must become the common business of Germany, the North

become the common business of Germany, the North and the South of our Fatherland taking a like share in it. Former experience has taught that it does not suffice with generous hearts to offer donations of money. Nay, not less important and more diff-cult are the proper distribution thereof, the kind consideration of personal circumstances, and, most important of all, the precaution that the assistance rendered shall not weaken instead of strengthening the nower to eart which may still

strengthening the power to earn which may still exist, and that it really prove beneficial for the life of those assisted. The "Victoria National Invalid Fund," which was founded in 1868 throughout the

largest part of Germany, having answered this pur-pose, and having been found effective in its organi-zation, I hereby authorize the executive manager of

ers by the war:-

PHILADELPHIA, WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 5, 1870.

DOUBLE SHEET-THREE CENTS

EDITION

Connecticut Election.

FROM THE SOUTH.

Southern Commercial Convention.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE. Wednesday, Oct. 5, 1970.

Wednesday, Oct. 5, 1870. 5 Considerable activity prevails in financial cir-cles to-day, and both business and speculative borrowers are somewhat pressed to secure the requisite capital for their operations. The lively condition of things at the Stock Board adds largely to the demand for call loans, and as these are favorites at the banks, there is, of as these are favorites at the banks, there is, of course, less capital obtainable by regular busi-ness borrowers. There is, however, an increas-ing supply of funds at the banks, and the rates remain at about former figures. We quote call loans at 5½@6½ per cent., according to colla-terals, and prime discounts at 7@10 per cent. Gold is quiet but steady, the sales ranging from 113@113½. The demand is almost entirely of a business character.

of a business character.

In Governments the transactions are very small here, and prices are steady at last night's figures, with a slight improvement in 10-40s and currency 6s. At the Stock Board this morning there was

less activity than yesterday, but prices again advanced. State and city securities were steady but quiet.

Reading Railroad sold at 49.81, an advance of 34. Sales of Pennsylvania at 6014 600%; Camden and Amboy at 11454; Lehigh Valley at 5835; Elmira preferred at 39; and Oli Creek and Alleghany at 4456. 26% was bid for Philadel-phia and Erie; and 38 b. o. for Catawissa preferred.

Canal stocks were neglected. Small sales of Lehigh at 83%.

In miscellaneous shares there were sales of

Jenigh at 53%.
In miscellaneous shares there were sales of New York and Middle Coal at 5 and Heston-ville Passenger Railroad at 14%.
MESSES. DE HAVEN & BROTHER, NO. 40 S. Third street, Philadelphia, report the following quotations: --U.S. 68 of 1851, 113% @114; do. 1862, 112% @112%; do. 1864, 113% @114; ido. 1862, 112% @112%; do. 1864, 113% @114; ido. 1865, 111% @1113; ido. 1865, new, 110% @110%; do. 1867, do. 110% @110%; do. 1865, do. 110% @110%; ido. 1867, do. 110% @110%; ido. 1865, do. 110% @110%; ido. 1867, do. 110% @110%; ido. 1868, do. 110% @110%; ido. 1867, do. 110% @110%; ido. 1868, do. 110% @110%; ido. 1864, 011% @1113%; Gold, 118@ 113%; Silver, 109@110; Union Pacific Railroad 18t Mort. Bonds, S56@845; Central Pacific Railroad, 885 @906; Union Pacific Land Grant Bonds, 700@725.
JAY COOKE & Oo, quote Government securities as follows:--U. S. 68 of 1851, 113% @114%; 5-208 of 1862, 112% @111%; do. 1865, 111% @111%; ido. Nov. 1865, 111% @111%; do. 1865, 111% @110%; ido. do., 1867, 110% @110%; ido. 1865, 111% @110%; ido. do., 1867, 110% @110%; ido. 1865, 111% @110%; ido. 36 S. Third street, report the following quotations:--U. S. 68 of 1851, 118% @114; 5-208 of 1862, 112% @113; do. 1864, 111% @111%; ido. 1865, 111% @112%; do., July, 1865, 110% @110%; ido. 1865, 111% @112%; do., July, 1865, 110% @110%; ido. 1865, 111% @112%; do., July, 1865, 110% @110%; ido. 1865, 111% @112%; do., July, 1865, 110% @110%; ido. 1865, 111% @113%; do. 1864, 111% @110%; ido. 1865, 111% @113%; do. 364, 110% @110%; ido. 1865, 111% @113%; do. 364, 110% @110%; ido. 365, 111% @113%; do. 364, 110% @110%; ido. 365, 111% @113%; do. 364, 110% @110%; ido. 365, 111% @113%; do. 365,

PHILADELPHIA STOCK EXCHANGE SALES. Reported by De Haven & Bro. No. 48 S Th

repor	ted by De mavena D	10., 140	. 40 S. I HII'd Street.
- 1. Out	FIRST I	BOARI).
\$5000 \$3000	Amer Gold 113 %	38 sh	Leh V R.ong 581
\$400	do 18. C. 1013	5 sh	OC&AR 44%
\$100	do 10128	100 sh	NY& Mid. 5
\$1000	W Jer 68 90 3	100 sh	Hestony'e, b60 14
\$500	W Jersey R 76. 95	100	do 14%
		25	do 14
	h Cam & Am R.114%	9 sh	Read R trf. 50
3	do	400	do830. 49%
	dob3.1143	600	do49.81
	h Penna R. 860. 601		do
	do 60%	100	do., 85&in.49.81
50			dob30. 49%
29			do, \$10.49 81
28	h Norrist'n R., 78	100	do
1.11	BETWEEN	BOAL	RDS.
\$1000	Pittsbg 58.85. 73	100 sh	Read 2d&1.50 1-16
8500	Leh 6s gold 1 89 5	100	do.2d&in.501-16
\$1500	Am Gold c. 113 1	1100	dols.50 1-16
100 8	h Hestonville 14%	200	do
46 8	h Leh N St 3336	100	do
50	do s5wn. 333	200	do2d&1.501-16
99.8	h Leh V R deh ssu!	800	do d0 Lin 801 18

do.d2&in.501-16 100 sh Cata Prf...c. 373 300 0

SECOND EDITION FOURTH EDITION FIFTH and then proceeds:-"Three days were granted to them. It is the same time that intervenes between a sentence of death and its execution. What could be arranged in so short a period? Nothing. After one had obtained one's travelling papers under the existing difficulties, there was just time enough hastily to gather together a few effects and to hasten to the station. In a few effects and to hasten to the station. In the places of business, the workshops and the dwelling-houses, everything had to be left as it stood; they were locked and left to the care of Providence, and we fled the country where Ger-mans were deprived of their rights and left with-The out protection to the rage of a fanatical people. It will probably never be possible to determine how great have been the money losses of the Germans expelled from all parts of France by this measure, but we may consider it perfectly Bazaine Adheres to Napoleon The Exodus from France certain that it is not much below a milliard. Is this sum to be entirely lost to the German na-tion? We, who address this petition to your Majesty in the name of our fellow-sufferers, and The Condition of Strasburg as their representatives, are fully convinced that the men who now lead the policy of Germany will not consent to this."

Treatment of French Pensants by the Gor-

Of the treatment of the peasantry, and espe-cially of the women, by the victorious German soldiery, Mr. A. Seymour writes as follows to

the London Telegraph of September 19: -The village of Bazeilles, which was a suburb of 2000 inhabitants, is now a mass of smoking ruins, although there was little or no fighting there, and one house alone remains standing of the once flourishing village. A gentleman there told me that the wool off the looms was taken to make litter for the horses, and the furniture in the chateaux was all wantonly destroyed. An English gentleman, long resident at Sedan, told us he had seen the Chateau of Bellevue, belonging to M. Amour, in which the Emperor slept on the Friday night. On the Saturday, the next day, the Saturday, the went there, and and finding that the whole interior of the chateau was intact, he, on his return to Sedan that evening, informed the owner of the fact of his house not having been injured. In consequence of this information, the owner, M. Amour, applied for a guard to defend his property, which was granted him; but on his arrival there in the forenoon of the following day (Sunday) he found the whole house ransacked, and what was not taken away was destroyed. Much more could I tell yon, sir, and the public, but I have occupied you, space sufficiently. One last statement, however, I must make—that there are the souls of many must make-that there are the hen shot, crying for retribution, if not for vengeance. At Glaire and at Bazeilles I heard of cases. Near the latter place an eye-witness told me he saw the corpse of a peasant between two women, propped up against the wall, where they had been shot; not content with what may or may not have been a severe but so-called necessary example, their executioners had fastened them to the wall, and placed a flower in each of their mouths, making death more horrible by such hideous mockery. These which I relate are facts, not matters of opinion; and I doubt not that many of your readers will some day, if not now, be able to confirm them.

AMERICANS IN PARIS.

Dr. Evans in Trouble-Serving two Masters. A French correspondent sends a story about Dr. Evans, the well-known dentist of Paris, which will interest those who know him. He writes:-

A story is gaining ground which may, if not authoritatively contradicted, cause some trouble to one of our best known fellow-countrymen. Dr. Evans, the American dentist, possesse four very handsome villas in the Avenue de l'Imperatrice, whose last name - it has been again changed since last Thursday-is Boulevard Uhrich, and from the lightning-rods of these suburban residences has suspended im-mense pieces of striped red and white bunting, with the national stars on a blue ground in the corner. At first this exhibition rather pleased the people, but soon it began to be whispered that all this patriotism was dictated by selfish mo tives; and then somebody hinted that he had heard from somebody else, naming a very eminent American surgeon now in the field with the volunteer ambulances as his authority, that Dr. Evans has been playing a double game; in short, serving King William with most useful information, and carrying to and fro between Paris and Berlin important documents on his professional visits to the royal family, for which he used to receive 25,000 francs per annum, and on the other side helping his imperial patron in the abstraction of valuable plate and jewels, which otherwise would have fallen into the hands of the new government, even if it escaped the perquisitions of the Germans. The rumor is most probably without founda-tion, like the thousand-and one others circulating about everything and everybody, but it seems that the new Prefect of Police has ordered an investigation of both charges to be made. It will not be a pleasant thing, for many reasons, should the charge prove correct. Dr. Evans owes everything to Napoleon, but the vengeance certain to be wreaked upon him by the mob would be more terrible than even the moral obloquy which would attach to double dealing. It takes very little to bring Judge Lynch upon the scene just now, and no one is quite safe from his satellites.

MoreFightingnearParis The Defense of the City. The Rumored Death of Von Molike Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc. Etc., Etc. FROM EUROPE. Condition of Strasburg.

Siege of Metz.

BERLIN, Oct. 5 .- Affairs in Strasburg have resumed their ordinary course so promptly that correspondents say it is difficult to realize the late events.

The Slege of Metz.

SAARBRUCKEN, Oct. 4-Afternoon.-The garrison at Metz make sorties every day, but without important results. The French are always driven back with loss. Marshal Bazaine is in command there, and adheres to the Emperor. The besieged are constantly sending up balloons. A large cavalry brigade has gone to Tours.

The Defenses of Paris. Paris is surrounded by trenches, rifle pits, barricades and other temporary defenses. The villas in the suburbs and the walls of collages are loop-holed for rifles.

The Foreign Legion. LONDON, Oct. 5.—The Foreign Logion has left Tours, but its destination is unknown.

Another Skirmish-Result Unknown. BELLE-VERDE, VIA TOURS, Oct. 5 .- There was a sharp encounter this morning at Nibels-

Chambou. No result is given.

Bugagement at Fontainebleau. LONDON, Oct. 5.-A serious engagement occurred in the forest of Fontainebleau, near Chailly, yesterday.

The Rumored Death of Von Molthe. The Telegraph this morning has a number of despatches relating to the rumored death of General Von Moltke. The editor in his comments expresses the opinion that the lead coffin which passed through Chalons and Toul contained the remains of a great Prussian general.

TO-DAY'S CABLE NEWS. LATER WAR NEWS. THE LATEST NEWS. The King William at the Front. Southern Commercial Convention. He Will Not Return Before Peace. The Fighting at Paris. CINCINNATI, Oct. 5 .- The Southern Commercial Convention was called to order by President Garrett The Affair at Fontainebleau Convention was called to order by President Garrett at 10 o'clock, and a prayer was offered by the Rev. Mr. Elliott. The reading of the minutes was dis-pensed with. Mr. Stennard, of St. Louis, offered a resolution fixing the hours of meeting from 10 to 1, and from 3 to 6 and 8 to 10 P. M., unless otherwise ordered by the convention. Adopted. The regular order of business was then proceeded with, which was the announcement by the several States of The French Claim the Day. was the announcement by, the several States of their selection of members of committees, to each of 21 topics to come before the convention. AFFAIRS AT THE CAPITAL. Reports from several of the committees of the Louisville Convention were presented and referred A large number of resolutions on various subjects were read and referred. The rule limiting speeches to ten minutes was adopted Important Recruiting Order. adopted. The District of Columbia was added to the list of States, N. P. Banks, of Massachusetts, and J. B. Wilson, of Washington, D. C., being the only delegates from Massachusetts and the District of Columbia, they

Etc., Etc., Etc., Btc.

FROM EUROPE.

King William at the Front.

LONDON, Oct. 5 .- Advices just received from Berlin state that the citizens in large numbers have petitioned the King not to expose himself to personal danger at the siege of Paris. His Majesty has replied that he has taken his declsion, which is that he will not return to Berlin until the war is terminated.

Hopes of an Armistice. Couriers from the English and Russian Governments bringing despatches are daily passing between their respective capitals and the Prussian headquarters. From what has been ascertained as to the policy proposed, it is believed that both these governments are paving the way to an armistice.

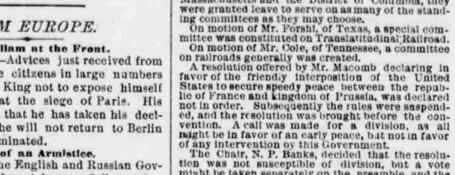
Alsace and Lorraine.

Reports are current that it is suggested that there should be an incorporation of both Mecklenbergs into Prussia, and that the Grand Dukes thereof be compensated by the cession to them of Alsace and Lorraine.

Papal Infallibility. A large meeting of the German Catholic aristocracy is about to be held at Fulda in reference to the question of infallibility.

Another Prussian Victory. TOURS, Oct. 5 .- A despatch just received here from Chartres, dated to-day, contains the following intelligence:-

"The Prussians gained some advantage near Epernon yesterday, which opens that place to their arms. They bombarded Epernon for a time. The Mobiles and franc-tireurs fought



zation, I hereby authorize the executive manager of that fund to take in hand the organization and management of an "Invalid Fund of Germany," and to call for contributions and the establishment of branches thereof. His Majesty the King, Commander-in-Chief of the German army, as in the years 1864 and 1866, has given me his consent to this patriotic enterprise. This time it has been my good fortune to lead an army into the field in which the Bavarian, the Wurtemberger, and the Badener have fought side by side with the Prussian, and I may address myself to the hearts of, all Ger-mans. May this work of love be a common labor between us for our Fatherland, and may it be the introduction to many united and blessed works of peace! FRIEDRICH WILHELM, FRIEDRICH WILHELM, peace! Crown Prince of Prussia. Headquarters, Rheims, Sept. 6, 1870.

FRENCH EMIGRATION.

The New Exedus-Paris in Brussels.

Brussels (Sept. 20) Correspondence London Times. Few English who have not dwelt in Paris for long periods, and examined it below its merest surface-life, know of what all that fast-andloose population of the boulevards consists, and how many nationalities it comprises, for all these people dress alike, look alike, speak the Parisian slang of the day with equal glibness, and French sufficiently well to impose on the majority of Britons. Numbers of them are now to be seen in Brussels, either on their way to more peaceful lands than Frace, or awaiting the happy hour when they may return to their cherished haunts and habits. The Soating population of Brussels yesterday was 35,000, enormous for a city of this size, I know not to what extent members of the defeated French armies figure in it; but there must be a considerable number of them here in hospital or in pri-vate houses. Several ambulances have been installed, and the wounded meet with ready sympathy and aid, and excite great curiosity and interest. Before one of the hospitals in the bust-ling Rue Neuve, tan has been spread to deaden the noise of vehicles, and there, on Sunday, a permanent crowd kept its station, conversing in low tones and gazing up at the windows. There was not much to be seen; occasionally an emaclated countenance peeped through a pane, and one could frequently discern the white summits of several nightcaps, but that was about all. Imagination did the rest, and when some of the gapers grew weary and departed others took their places, and so all day the hospital had its guard of peaceful and sympathizing citizens. On the balconies of private houses one sees wounded Frenchmen sitting and smoking, most kindly cared for by their hosts, who have volunteered to take them in. I saw a sergeant of Turcos-neither black, brown nor yellow, but pure white, for many of these African troops, whose employment has justly scandalized the Prussians, are native Frenchmen-with a eleeve of his jacket hanging empty and his bandaged arm in a sling, conversing on a bal-cony with a worthy Belgian burgess, whose honest round face beamed with sympathy, and I mistook not, with admiration of the mighty feats of war and perilous adventures his interesting guest was relating to him. Probably most of the unwounded French military now in Brussels have put on civilian garb, but one still meets a certain number of uniforms, their colors faded, their smartness gone-gone, too, not a little of their wearers' former swagger. Can these be the Hussars and Chasseurs we saw ruffling it in Paris so short a time ago Sore, indeed, must have been their disaster, and sadly has the pride been taken out of them by Prussia's stern and steadfast legions. They form but a very minor feature of the crowd of French now here, and which comprises innumerable familiar faces. Here are journal-ists, actors, pillars of the Bourse, sing-ers and dancers, artists (in France ists. ETS tumbler or tight-rope vaulter is an every artist) from the Cirque de l'Imperatrice, whole orchestras from Paris concerts (Strauss himself included) ballet girls, and ambiguous females in numbers, but hardly recognizable in sedate attire and in the absence of paint. That national institution of France, the rogue pot, at times pretty freely exported into some other countries, is forgotten in the sadness of exile. If war is a great destroyer and a dreadful scourge, it is also in some respects a mighty purifier, and so Paris, when it shall have got through its present trials, will, perhaps, find it to have been.

GERMANY,

Ulaims of the Germans Expelled from France. Such of the Germans who have been exiled from France as are new in Berlin have resolved to present a petition to the King. It sets forth that in the Department of the Seine alone 80,000 persons were obliged to leave their business, their property, many even their wives and chil-dren, and fee like criminals from a country to which they had for years devoted their energy,

OBITUARY.

Fitz-Hugh Ludlow.

The death of Fitz-Hugh Ludlow, the well-known magazinist, is announced as having occurred at Geneva, Switzerland, recently. Mr. Ludlow was the son of the Rev. H. S. Ludlow, a Congregationalist clergyman of New York State. He was born about the year 1837, and commenced his career as a writer about 1855, when some of his essays, which were published in the New York papers, attracted much attention. He was a regular and voluminous contributor to the New York Evening Post and occasionally to other journals. He first important literary venture was the "Hasheesh Eater," which [appeared in 1857. This was a vivid description of the effects of the drug, but it suffered by the comparisons that were necessarily made between it and De Quincey's "Confessions of an Opium Eater." Soon after a series of stories from Mr. Ludlow's pen appeared in Harper's Weekly, and these, with his papers descriptive of the trip which he took across the plains with Bierstadt, the artist, added to his reputation as a graceful and picturesque writer. Upon his return to New York he published "Across the Continent," a record of his journey made up of his magazine articles and other papers, and "The Opium Habit," in which he recited his own experiences with opium, and endeavored to treat the subject of narcotics in a more scientific manner than he had done in his "Hasheesh Eater." His constitution had been for a long time shattered by his indulgence in opium, and his death was not unexpected. About ten years ago Mr. Ludow was married, but the union was not fortunate. and his wife obtained a divorce from him, and was subsequently married to a distinguished artist.

-"Papa Wrangel," as the Berlin people call the venerable Field-Marshal of that name, is too old to fight; but he takes the greatest inte-rest in the war, and when the regiment of culrassiers formerly commanded by him arrived in Berlin he was at the station to welcome them. Though a man of deeds, rather than words, he managed to make a speech, which he concluded in a characteristic and practical way, by taking out his pocket-book and saying, "Look here, out his pocket-book and saying, "Look here my lads! Here's a hundred thaler note, and that's for the first one among you who takes a French eagle; and here's a fifty-thaler note, which is for you, my son (turning to the standard-beater), if you bring back your colors safely and honorably,

This Morning's Quotations.

This Morning's Quetations. LONDON, Oct. 5-11:30 A. M.-Consols for money, 925; for account, 923c. American securities quiet; U. S. 5-208 of 1862, 91; of 1865, old, 904; of 1867, 893; 10-408, 853c. Stocks quiet; Erie Railroad, 173c; Illinois Central, 113; Great Western, 26. Liverrooi, Oct. 5-11:30 A. M.-Cotton quiet and steady; middling uplands, 8%d.; middling Or-leans, 83cd. The sales to-day are estimated at 10,000 bales. bales.

Flour 228. 3d. Corn, 288. 6d. ANTWERP, Oct. 5. – Petroleum opened quiet at

FROM THE SOUTH.

Tennessee Politics.

MEMPHIS, Oct. 5 .- A Republican mass meeting to appoint delegates to the Congressional Convention | met in the Opera House on Monday night. About two thousand persons, principally colored, were present. Owing to a division in regard to Smith and Munn, the rival candidates, the utmost confusion prevailed. At least one hundred persons were on the stage trying to speak at the same time. Knives and pistols were freely drawn. Charles Morrison, while attempting to use a pistol, was fatally cut with a razor. Finally the friends of Munn withdrew. and delegates were appointed who were instructed to vote for General Smith.

Fatal Drowning Lase.

Miss Geraldine Murphy, daughter of ex-Governor Murphy, of Arkansas, was drowned near Fayetteville last week while attempting to cross a creek in a buggy. Her body was recovered.

Gamblers Punished.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Oct. 5 .- At Christiana, on the Nashville and Chattanooga Railroad, on Monday night, the citizens captured twenty gamblers and whipped them. They had been defrauding the white and black employes of the railroad company.

Tennessee State Fair.

There is a large attendance at the State Fair. Kentucky took the premiums for the best saddle mare and best trotting mare in one mile.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Beauregard in New Orleans.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 4 .- There cannot be much truth in the report from London that General Beauregard is to organize a French corps d'armee and lead it against the Prussians, since he is not in France, but was a short time since in Virginia, and is now believed to be in New Orleans. So far as information here goes, it does not show that there is any great desire on the part of ex-Confederate officers to take up the cause of France.

FROM NEW YORK.

Gold Awards. NEW YORK, Oct. 5. -There were thirty-two bids for gold to-day, amounting to \$3,610,000. The highest bid was 113 1-10-the lowest, 112 10. The awards will

be about \$1,000,000 at 113 to 118 10.

be about \$1,000,000 at 113 to 113 10. New York Stock and Money Market. NEW YORK, Oct. 5.—Stocks strong. Money, 4 (35. per cent. Gold, 113. 5-208, 1862, coupon, 112%; do. 1964, do., 111%; do. 1865, do., 111%; do. 1865, new, 110%; do. 1867, 110%; do. 1865, 110%; 10-408, 106%; Virginia 68, new, 64; Missouri 68, 90%; Canton, 66; Cumberiand preferred, 31; N. Y. Central and Hudson River, 92%; Erie, 22%; Reading, 99%; Adams Express, 67; Michigan Central, 120; Michigan Southern, 93%; filinois Central, 127; Cleveland and Pittaburg, 106%; Chicago and Rock Isiand, 116%; Pittsburg and Fort Wayne, 92%; Western Union Telegraph, 37%.

Baltimere Produce Market. BALTHORE, Oct. 5.—Cotton dull and nominally ice. Flour active and firmer. Wheat firm and more doing ; choice Maryland red, \$1:00@1.05; good to prime, \$1:40@1.00; fair to good, \$1:25@1.35; com-mon, \$1:40@1.20; white wheat, \$1:40@1.75; choice Western amber, \$1:45@1.05; prime indiana, \$1:30@ 1:25. Corn-white, \$1:45@1.05; yellow, 95@95c, ; West-ern, 55@90c. Oats higher at 50@52c. Rye, 75@90c. Mess Pork firmer at \$26:50. Bacon active and ad-vancing : rib sides, 10%@17c.; clear do., 17%@17%c.; shoulders, 14%@14%c; hams, 25@25%c. Lard firmer at 16%c, Whisky firm but quiet at 91c.

courageously, but were unable to contend against the vigorous artillery fire of the enemy."

The Fontainebleau Affair.

FONTAINEBLEAU, Oct. 4 .- A detachment of Prussians several hundred strong made an attack on the franc-tireurs near here to-day

and were handsomely repulsed. The Prussians

HALIFAX, Oct. 5.—Captain Leith, of the Inman steamship City of Antwerp, makes the following re-port: On Saturday, October 1, at 6 P. M., in latitude 43:00 north, longitude 47:50 west, was boarded by a boat from the screw steamer St. Laurent, from Brest for New York, which vessel broke the cogs of her driving wheel on September 30, at 11 o'clock A. M. She expected to repair and proceed in two data from the time of bearding the City of Antwerp retreated towards Chailly. Fighting Near Orleans. Tours, Oct. 5.—It is reported here to-day that fighting is going on near Orleans. A despatch from Belfort says that the francdays from the time of boarding the City of Antwerp. The St. Laurent will therefore be due in New York tireurs had defeated a detachment of the new Prussian army which recently crossed the Rhine on Friday.

near Colmar. Care of the Wounded.

BRUSSELS, Oct. 5 .- The Moniteur reaffirms, in contradiction to the German reports, that the Prussian wounded are treated with extreme kindness in Belgium, and adds that the Bavarian Government has already attested to the Belgian tenderness.

The Bogus Napoleon Manifeste. BERLIN, Oct. 5.—The following news, is official. The manifesto dated at Wilhelmshohe and signed by Napoleon, which was recently published by La Situation at London, is entirely unknown here, and is doubtless apocryphal.

The French Algerian Army.

LONDON, Oct. 5 .- The French army now in Algeria, numbering 37,000 men, demands to be recalled to resist the Prussians. M. Lawon, editor of the Paris Pays, has been arrested. The charges against him have not yet been made public. This Afternoon's Quotations.

LONDON, Oct. 5-2 P. M.-Consols, 92% @92% for both money and account. Erie Railway, 15. LIVERPOOL, Oct. 5-2 P. M.-Cotton-Sales 12,000 bales. Pork. 108s.

Dales, Fork, 1988. LONDON, Oct. 5-2 P. M.-Tallow easier. Linseed Oil easier. Common Rosin, 5s. 9d.@6s. FROM WASHINGTON.

Orders to Recruiting Officers.

Despatch to the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 5 .- The following general order is issued from the War Department :- First. The Western superintendency of the general recruiting service, under charge of Colonel J. D. Stevenson, St. Louis, Missouri, is hereby discontinued. Second. The officers in charge of the rendezvous for the general service in that superintendency will make their reports and returns from October 1, 1870, to Lieutenant-Colonel H W. Wessels, Superintendent General Recruiting Service at Cincinnati, Ohio, and General Recoulding Service at Cinchanal, Onio, and send recruits enlisted by them to Newport Barracks, Ky., under his orders. Third. The permanent party and unassigned recruits of the general service at Fort Leavenworth will be sent to Newport Barracks. Fourth. Recruiting property at Fort Leavenworth will be carefully stored until further provision is made for disposing of it, except infantry uniform clothing, which will be sent to Newport Barracks and turned over to the proper officer there.

and turned over to the proper officer there. Fifth. As soon as the services of officers on duty at the depot at Fort Leavenworth can be dispensed with, Colonel Stevenson will relieve them from duty and order them to join their regiments or await or-ders as the case may be, and having taken all mea-sures to break up the depot, he will himself report nis action, by letter, to this office, and await further orders

Sixth. The rendezvous for the mounted recruiting service in the western superintendency will be closed, and the unassigned recruits of that arm at Ford and the unassigned recruits of that arm at Fori Leavenworth sent under proper charge to Omaha, Nebraska, and reported to the Commanding Gen-eral of the Department of the Platte, for assignment to the 2d Cavalry. The superintendent of mounted recruiting service will give orders for the disposition of the officers, recruiting parties, and property at the rendezvous to be discontinued. Seventh. All irregular recruiting rendezvous throughout the country, excepting those for co-lored infantry, as now authorized, will be closed. This will not be understood as discontinuing the enlistments and re-enlistments made by regimental

enlistments and re-enlistments made by regimenta recruiting officers where no expense to the recruit

By order of the Secretary of War. E. D. TOWNSEND, Adjutant-General.

west Philadelphia, and fronting on the Schuyikili river. The debts of the company amount to nearly \$600,000. A decision will be rendered on Friday. Charles E. hex for bondholders; Thomas A. Gum-mey for tratee; Lewis Wain Smith for the com-renv; and Messrs. Carty, Warner. Farman Shep-pard, all Murphy for various creditors and stock-holders. -Two children were recently killed by lightning in lows, while sitting under a tree to sscape a storm,

gains are due to the storm. Vermost Legislature. MONTFELIER, Vt., Oct. 5.—The Legislature of Ver-most convened to-day, and the following organiza-tion of the houses has been made:— Eenate—President pre tem., Hon. C. H. Heath, of Washington county: Secretary, Henry Clark, of Rutland; Chaplain, Rev. Mr. Fisk, of Lynden. Houre—Speaker, Colonci C. H. Joyce, of Rutland; Clerk, D. M. Camp, of Newport; Chaplain, Rev. Mr. Morgan, of Northfield. FROM WASHINGTON.

Admiral Porter has returned to Washington, and had a long confer-ence with Secretary Robeson this morning.

Ship News.

HALIFAX, Oct. 5.-Captain Leith, of the Inman

FROM EUROPE.

The Latest Quotations. LONDON, Oct. 5-4 30 P. M. --Consols closed at 9234 @9234 for money and 9234 for account. American securities firm; 5-208 of 1862, 9136; of 1865, old, 5036; and of 1867, 8934; 10-408, 8536. Railways steady; Erie, 18; Illinois Central, 113; Atlantic and Great Western 96

LIVERPOOL, Oct.'5-4'30 P. M .- Cotton closed firm ;

uplands, 5% @8%d.; Orleans, 5% @9d.; sales 10,000 bales, including 2000 for speculation and export.

Cheese, 64s. LONDON, Oct. 5-4-20 P. M.-Tallow, 43s.; Linseed

LEGAL INTELLIGENCE.

Watchers.

United States Circuit Court-Judge McKennan.

United States Circuit Court—Judge McKennan. This morning counsel for the Republican and Democratic committees came into court and sub-mitted to the Judge lists of the persons they had agreed upon to be appointed watchers for the com-ing elections. There were in all 644 names. The Judge made the appointments and directed the cer-tincates to be made out. No watcher will be per-mitted to act at the noise without his certificate of

mitted to act at the polls without his certificate of appointment. Colonel Bell, the clerk, and his as-

sistants will set to work upon the certificates to-night, and make an earnest effort to have them

Criminal Business.

Court of Quarter Sessions-Judge Ludlow. Mr. Brooke this morning renewed his application

for the allowance of ball in the case of Heary Cooper, who was arrested upon the charge of beat-

testimony tending to identify the prisoner. Bridget Kern was convisted of stealing clothing, taken from a lady's bedroom in the night time She was shortly afterwards arrested in the street with

there was no getting out of that. This time the law would protect the wife by sending him to prison for

Union Car and Manufacturing Company.

Oil, £30 5s.@30 10s.; Turpentine, 27s. ANTWERP, Oct. 5.-Petroleum closed at 52f.

Vestern, 26.

night, and

completed to-morrow.

onths.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 5.

might be taken separately on the preamble and the

resolution. Mr. Snyder of Tennessee moved to lay the resolu-

tion on the table. Carried. A reconsideration was moved and lost, after which

the resolution was referred to a special committee

FROM NEW ENGLAND.

Connectical Election. Norwich, Conn., Oct. 5.—The largest vote ever polled in Norwich was polled on Monday. The Democrats gain nearly 300, but the Republicans elect their ticket except for first selectmen. The Democrats gain in Colchester, Ledyard. Stonington. and Lyme. The Republicans divide Waterford and Sprague. The Democratic gains in Norwich are not very large on the popular vote, and many of their gains are due to the storm.

The committees were then announced.

R. b15, 49% 200 do. b30wn. 49% 200 do. s30.49% 1100 100 do. s60, 49% 300 1400 do. s60, 49% 300 1400 do. b60, 50 200 1400 do. b5, 50 400 40. b10, 50 200 do. b10, 50 200 40. 200 40. 200 200 100 500 100 100 200 300 do..21&in. 50 do. 200

SECOND BOARD

\$200 do. munic. 100% 300 do b5.	64.10
	0 1-10
	5036
\$1000 O C & A R R bs 80% 700 do 830.	50
100 sh Cata Prf.b60. 381 100 do b30.	5034
100 do 38 600 dob3.	5014
100 sh Penna R. 860. 60 200 do b5.	50%
200 sh Read R. 515.501-16 100 do 840	50
100 do.s5wn&f 50 100 do830	50
200 do., s5&1,501-16 100 dob3	5014
100 do \$5&1.501-16, 100 do \$30.5	01-16
160 dob30.50 1-16 200 do2d.5	0 1-16
100 do 50 1-16 100 sh N Cent R	42

Philadelphia Trade Report.

WEDNESDAY, Oct. 5 .- The Flour market is in a little more active condition than noted yesterday, and 1800@1900 bbls, changed hands in lots to supply the wants of the local trade, at \$4 50(35 for superfine; \$5 25@5.75 for extras; \$6@6.75 for Iowa, Wisconsin, and Minnesota extra family; \$6 50@6 87% for Pennsylvania do. do.; \$6 50@7 for Ohio do. do.; and \$7 25 @8 25 for fancy brands, as in quality. Rye Flour may be quoted at \$5 50. In Corn Meal nothing doing. There is a fair demand for prime Wheat at former rates, but inferior descriptions are neglected. Sales of 5000 bushels Indiana red at \$1 36@1 38; 8000 bush-els prime and choice Western amber at \$1 40@1 43; and 2000 bushels prime Indiana white at \$1 4064143; and 2000 bushels prime Indiana white at \$1 40. Rye may be quoted at Si@90c. Corn is dull, and prices favor buyers. Sales of Pennsylvania yellow at \$1; Western do, at 90@95c.; and Western mixed at 92@

96c. Oats are quiet, with sales of 2000 bushels at 50@52c. for Western, Pennsylvania, and Delaware. Nothing of importance doing in Barley or Malt. Bark-In the absence of sales we quote No. 1 Quercitron at \$27 \$ ton.

Whisky is firmer; 200 barrels Western iron-bound

LATEST SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

For additional Marine News see Inside Pages.

(By Telegraph.) NEW YORK, Oct. 5. — Arrived. steamships Lime-rick, from Liverpool, and Leo, from Havana.

FORT OF PHILADELPHIA OCTOBER 5

STATE OF THERMOMETER AT THE EVENING TELEGRAPH

Cooper, who was arrested upon the charge of beat-ing Officer George W. Burns. The physician attend-ing Burns said the injuries consisted of three black-jack wounds upon the head, and he though he would recover unless crysipelas set in, the time for which had not yet passed. The Judge said that under this condition of affairs he would not feel jus-tified in granting ball just yet, but on Friday he would dispose of the matter finally. Le would not hold him in prison one hour when his right to ball was established by the favorable result of the efficer's wounds. In the meantime, Cooper will re-main in Moyamensing, where he can be placed in the infirmary, and his pistol wound be properly at-tended to by the prison physician. > J. W. Wilson was acquitted of the charge of steal-ing s hat and vest. The evidence of the theft was sufficient, but the jurors were not satisfied with the testimony tending to identify the prisoner.

CLEARED THIS MORNING. Steamer D. Utley, Phillips, New York, W. M. Baird

& Co. & Co. Steamer Mars, Grumley, New York, do. Schr A. M. Edwards, Hinson, Richmond, Repplier,

Gordon & Co. Schr Ruth Shaw, Shaw, Salem, Mass., Schr A. Townsend, Risley, Georgetown,

ARRIVED THIS MORNING.

ARRIVED THIS MORNING. Steamship Tonawanda, Barrett, 60 hours from Savannah, with cotton, rice, etc., to Philadelphia and Southern Mail Steamship Co. Passengers—Mr. O. L. Smith, Jr., Mr. R. W. Roberts, Walter Newburn, C. Archer, David Ahorn, Chas. Simpson, and John Ellig. Steamship Leopard, Hughes, 60 hours from Charles-ten, with indse, to Souder & Adams. Steamer W. Whilidin, Riggans, 13 hours from Bal-timore, with indse, and passengers to A. Groves, Jr. Brig Zavalla Williams, Williams, 6 days from Pro-vidence, with old iron to Phoenix Iron Works. Brig Potomac, Carver, from Boston. Schr Valentia, Carver, 20 days from Havana, in balast to John Mason & Co.

was shortly afterwards arrested in the street with them in her possession. William Cartwright, an old and distinguished member of the I. O. W. B., was found guilty of throwing an old shoe at his wife. The lady said she did pot want him sent to prison. She only desired the "iron arm of the law to get its grasping clinch" upon him and deal mereifally with him. The Judge, however, becognized Cartwright as an old stager, who had come here periodically about once every six months for a number of years back. Whenever he got drunk he would beat his wife, and there was no getting out of that. This time the law

Schr Valentia, Carver, 20 days from Havana, in baliast to John Mason & Co. Schr Mary Lymburner, Lantil, 12 days from Jack-sonville, S. C., with lumber to J. W. Gaskill & Sons -vessel to Khight & Sons. Schr Annie Amsden, Bangs, 5 days from Province-town, with mdse. to Knight & Sons. Schr Sarah Mills, Baker, 3 days from Providence, in ballast to Knight & Sons. Schr Mattle Holmes, Stubbs, 3 days from New York, in ballast to Knight & Sons. Schr Pangusset, Waples, from Boston, with ice to Carpenter Ice Co. Schr E. F. Crowell, Howes, from Gloucester, Mass., with indse.

Union Car and Manufacturing Company. In the Supreme Court, sitting at Nisi Prins this morning, a hearing was had before Judge Read on a buil for a decree of foreclosure on a mortgage given by the Union Car and Manufacturing Company of Philadelphia to Archibald Parkhurst, trustee, to secure the payment of mortgage bonds of the com-pany to the effect of \$20,0005 The property is situated between Chesnut and Wainet streets, in West Philadelphia, and fronting on the Schuyikill river. The debts of the company amount to nearly

with mose. Schr Greenland, Parker, from Boston, with bones

to Tiers & Co. Schr American, Robinson, from Rappahannock,

with iron and wood to captain. Schr Walton, Palmer, from Richmond, Me., with ice to Lyons & Co. Schr Kansas, Insley, from Seaford, Del., with lumber to captain.

Schr Minnesota, Phinney, from New Beuford. Schr Lottie Elots, Yaughn, from New York.