MUSICAL AND DRAMATIC.

"Ju'lus Cresar" at the Academy of Music. In spite of the previous disappointments, a large suddence was attracted last evening to the Academy of Music to see the performance of Julius Cosar. This noble play is one of Shakespeare's most mature works, and it is literally a crystallization of history. No other writer than Shakespeare has ever gone so to the heart of a great subject, and within the limits of five brief acts so reproduced an era in history without crowding his personages and incidents, and without omitting anything that is essential. In its outlines the tragedy of Julius Cosar is wonderfully true to history, and this very fidelity, while it adds greatly to its interest as a closet play, interferes to some extent with its effect upon the stage. The death of "Cæsar" is apparently the natural climax of the tragedy, but the men who assassinated him were no common intriguants and murderers, and it was necessary to carry out the conspiracy to its legitimate conclusion in the death of "Brutus" and "Cassius." This prouces the effect of an anti-climax, and yet the last two acts are the ones that we would be least willing to lose, as they give us the famous quarrel scene between "Brutus" and "Cassius," with their reconciliation and the melancholy ending of their careers and they serve also to exhibit the characters of the two men more clearly than would have been possible in the incipiency and progress of the conspiracy, and to show how, with such leaders of a great political revolution, it must of necessity fail. Another reason why the play is not altogether satisfactory in representation in the division of interest between the leading characters. "Julius Cæsar" is the nominal hero, but "Brutus" is, with undoubted propriety, made the most prominent figure. At the same time "Brutus" is to some extent a passive instrument in the bands of other men, and "Cassius" is the active agent in the conspiracy. Supplementary to these we have the figure of "Marc Antony" delineated in Shakespeare's most masterly manner as the friend o "Cresar," and, with "Octavius," the avenger of his death, while at the same time he is playing with equal boldness and skill a game that he hopes will enable him to grasp "Cresar's" power. The performance of Julius Casar at the Academy

of Music last evening, while it lacked some elements of completeness, was exceptionally good. Mr. E. L. Davenport represented "Brutus" as the gentleman. scholar, and patriot that Shakespeare drew, and Mr. Frank Mayo personated the flery and less scrupulous "Cassius" with much force, albeit he was at times overcome by the temptations that the play holds out for over-declamation. This is a fault that Mr. Mayo is not commonly guilty of, and a further study of the part must convince him that his personation will lose nothing in power by being a trifle more subdued in manner. Mr. McDonough, who assumed the part of "Casca" at short notice, invested it with considerable humor, as was fitting, and with much abominable elecution that is open to no extenuation. Mr. F. C. Bangs was a capable representative of "Marc Antony," although his elegant delivery of the oration over the body of "Cæsar" was artificial rather than natural. Mr. Charles Morton gave a fair representation, and Mr. A. H. Davenport filled the minor role of "Octavius Cæsar" satisfactorily. The female characters in this play are of small importance, but what "Portia" and "Calphurnia" had to do was well done by Madame Ponisi and Miss Josie Orton.

The City Amusements. AT THE ACADEMY OF MUSIC Julius Casar will be

repeated this evening. AT THE WALNUT Mr. Forrest will personate Jack Cade this evening.
AT THE CHESNUT the Lingard Combination will appear this evening in a light and pleasing entertain-

AT THE ARCH the drama of Fernande will be repeated this evening.
At the Eleventh Street Opera House Ethiopian rlesques, songs, and dances are announced for

AT THE ARCH STREET OPERA House an attractive minstrel performance will be given this evening.

AT THE AMERICAN a variety programme will be presented this evening

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

JOTTINGS,—Broad street is thirty-three miles long.
—City Councils meet this afternoon.

 Rail-bird shooting has commenced.
 A brilliant ball season is in the prospective.
 The census of Philadelphia is still incomplete. Penrose Ferry Bridge progresses very slowly.

The boat race on the Schuylkill this afternoon

is attracting considerable attention. —Beggar-Detective Connawasser is to receive his papers as Professor of the Welsh vernacular. The Excelsior Regiment will visit Germantown on the 17th of next month.

-Philadelphia is at prerent run down with bogus newspaper reporters.

—7 he coupes are being extensively employed by

—The coupes are being extensively employed by ladies for shopping purposes.

—The school children are on the qui vive as to when the nutting expedition to the Park will come off. -Republicans should remember that the rertionment of the State takes place next winter at Harrisburg.

—The dissensions in the two political parties in this city will cause a heavy vote at the coming elec-

—An eccentric individual appeared on Chesaut street this morning with a long German pipe decorated with miniature American flags.
—Hundreds of urchins devoted yesterday to search-

ing for the \$1000 which were advertised as having been lost in Independence Square, —The first criminal prosecution under the Registry act will be commenced before Recorder Givin -All slaughter-houses and bone-boiling establish-

ments in the built-up portions of the city should be declared nuisances by the Board of Health. -The Bible Christian Church, Third street, above Girard avenue, has lately undergone a thorough re-

-A new Lodge of Odd-Fellows, styled Remembrance, No. 731, was instituted a night or two since

in the upper part of the city.

The Young America and Germantown Cricket Clubs play for the championship to-morrow and Saturday. Saturday.

— A number of the country members of the Legislature have been in the city during the past few

days.

The Nineteenth ward Republican delegates will meet this evening for the purpose of placing in no-mination an extra Common Councilman.

—Persons should be careful in handling coal-eil lamps, and not fill them when lighted. Several ac-cidents have recently occurred through carelessness

in this particular.

—Common Councilman Huhn, ex-Representative Davis, and Representative Johnson will be the pro-minent candidates for the place now occupied by

Senator Henszey.

The banks of the Schuylkill will be lined with thousands of people this afternoon to witness the race between the crews of the Nassan Boat Club and the Schuylkill Navy.

—The Cohocksink rresbyterian Church was the

only one in this city to which one hundred members and more were added on profession of faith during the last year. -A number of coats and hats have been stolen from racks by fellows pretending to be census takers, while the servants have absented themselves from the door for the purpose of obtaining the ne-

THE FIRST MEETING of the winter course was held THE FIRST MEETING of the winter course was held at the Frankin Institute last evening and was largely attended. The report of Dr. Wahl, the Secretary, included the discoveries and advances in the various sciences and arts which had been made within the few months just past. We notice the announcement of the discovery of a mode of artificially manufacturing "Alizarene" (the coloring principle of the madder root). Specimens of both natural and artificial products were shown, and their identity demonstrated by chemical reactions and by the exhibition of fabrics dyed by each of them. The identity demonstrated by chemical reactions and by
the exhibition of fabrics dyed by each of them. The
metallic nature of hydrogen gas was shown by alloying it with mercury; and, besides many other scientific novelties too numerous to mention, the Shaw
Compound Propeller Pump, which treats the water
as though it were a boit, was exhibited in operation
and described. The interest of the meeting was
kept up until a late hour, when an adjournment was
announced.

ROGUES' GALLERY ABOLISHED.—The rogues' gallery connected with the Detective Department has been abolished. The pictures have been taken out and photographed, and it is the intention of the Mayor to supply each station-house with an album containing the likenesses of all the criminals. All persons hereafter arrested and convicted of felonies are to be photographed and a copy sent to each station-house for insertion in the albums.

TAPPED A TILL.—A newsboy named Louis Linder, with a companion, went into a confectionery store at No. 1026 Federal street last night, and while one engaged the attention of the attendant the other helped himself to the money-drawer. Louis was arrested and taken before Alderman Collins, who held him in \$600 ball to answer.

THE POLL TAX.

The Collectors Appointed by the Receiver of Taxes.

The following gentlemen have been appointed Collectors of the personal poll tax of fifty cents, by Receiver of Taxes R. A. Peltz:-

Alderman S. Lutz, No. 1805 Moyamensing ave.
 Alderman Jesse S. Bonsall, Passyunk read and Reed street.
 Joseph Tatum, Prime street and Moyamensing

Jesse W. Tittermary, No. 910 Passyunk road.
Thomas Stewart, No. 944 S. Front street.
John J. Schell, No. 742 S. Third street.
George White, No. 408 S. Second street.
George W. Eckert, No. 111 S. Fifth street.
Frederick Smith, No. 228 New street.
Charles J. Smith, N. W. corner Ninth and Lombard streets

bard streets.
Wm. J. Ovens, No. 1348 Lombard street.
Samuel McKinsley, N. W. corner Locust and

Samuel McKinsley, N. W. Corner Locust and Juniper streets.
Ald. John Nichols, Eighth, below Walnut.
Ald. S. P. Jones, Jr., No. 31 S. Eleventh street.
Ald. L. Godbou, No. 143 N. Thirteenth street.
H. P. Lippincott, Twentieth and Cherry streets.
Edward Smith, No. 212 Wood street.
Ald. Wm. S. Toland, N. W. corner Third and

Buttonwood streets.

Samuel Allen, S. W. cor. Franklin and Peplar,
Ald. Chas. M. Carpenter, N. W. corner Eighth
and Wood streets.

Alderman Jacob R. Massey, S. E. corner of Thir-

 Alderman Jacob R. Massey, S. E. corner of Thirteenth and Green streets.
 E. Haws, No. 640 N. Eighteenth street.
 James E. Ritchie, No. 2143 Mount Vernon street.
 Dr. H. L. Altkin, No. 1422 Spring Garden street.
 John Kurtz, No. 931 N. Fifth street.
 John Kurtz, No. 931 N. Fifth street.
 John Finletter, No. 1423 Howard street.
 John Finletter, No. 1423 Howard street.
 Alderman Luke Sutphin, No. 306 E. Girard av.
 Alderman E, C, Eggleton, No. 1325 Frankford rd.
 George L. Deitz, Fifth and Berks, at Ald. Heins'.
 Wm. B. Crawford, No. 1918 Frankford road.
 Alex. McEwen, N. E. corner Trenton avenue
 and York. and York.

and York.

20. Robert Stewart, No. 1733 N. Tenth street.
A. M. Roberts, No. 2054 Ridge avenue.
Joshua M. Points, No. 725 Popiar street.

21. Matthew Pester, Lyceum Hall, Roxborough.
Captain Wm. Domson, Morris Hotel, Manayunk.
William Jones, Grape street, Manayunk.

22. Ald. Jacob Good, Main street near Carr, Germantown.

Wm. B. Hart, Donat's Hotel, Chesnut Hill.

Wm. B. Hart, Donat's Hotel, Chesnut Hill.
Oscar Bolton, No. 122 Ashmead street.
Wm. Hopkins, No. 4925 Main street, Germantown.
John Graham, Branchtown Hotel, Branchtown.
23. Jarres Hogan, No. 4307 Frankford st., Frankford.
A. C. Shallcross, Holmesburg.
John F. Duncan, Bustleton, Jamison Loll, Somerton. William Taylor, White Hall.

Leonard Shallcross, Cayton, Cedarville Hotel.

Ald. Geo. E. Johnson, No. 4072 Haverford road.
Charles M. Morell, Fifty-second and Paschall streets, Hestonville, Thomas L. Marshall, Wm. Penn Hotel, No. 3817

 S. W. Lentz, No. 2768 Frankford road. Robert M. Cave, Clearfield and Frankford road. Thos. H. Neild, Thirty-eighth and Bridge streets, Bridesburg.

Bridesburg.

26. James Davenport, Sr., No. 1505 Ellsworth street.
Samuel Begley, Tairteenth and Federal streets.
Joseph A. Mathews, No. 1120 S. Twentieth street,

27. Joseph R. Glascoe, Toll-gate, Paschalville.
Alderman T. Randall, No. 2920 Market street. George Blankley, No. 3956 Market street. 28. John H. R. Story, Twenty-ninth and Fletcher.

William A. Dubarry, Gross | Hotel, Broad street and Montgomery avenue.

John W. White, Brown's Hotel, Broad and West-Alderman C. R. Sorber, No. 331 Ridge avenue.

WHISKY.

State Officers in Trouble.

Inspector Charles C. Overbeck and Deputies William Kneass and George T. Perry were arraigned before Alderman McColgan at noon yesterday, charged, on the oath of Joseph F. Sinnott, with conspiring together with persons unknown, under cover of their offices as inspectors and deputy inspectors of domestic distilled spirits, to extort money wrongfully and illegally from the makers and venders of domestic distilled spirits, and to oppress, vex, and harass them in their business. Also, with misdemeanor in office in marking domestic distilled spirits as inspected which they well knew were not State Officers in Trouble. spirits as inspected which they well knew were not inspected, and charging and collecting the inspec-tor's fees thereon, and in using their office as in-spectors for the purpose of extortion and for their own private gains outside of the fees allowed by law.

Defendants waived a hearing, and entered ball in the sum of \$1500 each for their appearance at court. A NUISANCE.—Persons who have frequently passed over Chesnut Street Bridge during the last year have no doubt noticed, and will remember, the fact that on the wharves immediately adjoining the bridge large piles of horse manure were thrown early in the fall of 1865, and have since lain there exposed to every change of weather, and creating a most unpleasant and unhealthy stench. The amount has been changed at different times, and the pile has been several times stirred and worked over, to its greatly increased value, but also to its greatly increased disagreeableness. The atmosphere has at times been almost unendurable on the bridge, and quite perceptibly tainted at a distance of two squares east or west, according to the wind, so that the residents of West Philadelphia have been much annoyed, and visitors to that portion of the

tty often much disgusted.
To a statement of these facts the Board of Health, To a statement of these facts the Board of Health, or rather its officer, replied that "manure, in itself, is not considered a nuisance" (or words to this effect), and that Councils "have granted the use of these wharves for this business." In other words, though the air is filled with the foulest gases from decaying and decayed manure; though many of the citizens of two whole wards are counciled to pass through this decayed manure; though many of the citizens of two whole wards are compelled to pass through this atmosphere, or else to go far out of the way; and though nine-tenths of the strangers who visit our city from the North and West are brought to the hotels over this bridge; in spite of these thiugs the Board of Health, charged with abating all nuisances, is powerless to abate this.

Manifestly, it should be attended to. If the Health Officer is powerless, the Councilmen of the Twenty-fourth and Twenty-seventh wards have the chance

fourth and Twenty-seventh wards have the chance to remedy the evil and win the gratitude of the people who hoped to find health and pure air in re-turn for the distance travelled every day in going to and from business. Should the abuse continue, our city will only the longer be disgraced. The Board of Health and our Councilmen should look to this

THE POPULATION OF WEST CHESTER.—The census returns from West Chester show that that borough has now a white population of 4708 and a colored population of 903. In 1860 the whites numbered 4196 and the colored 561, thus showing an increase since that time of 512 whites and 342 colored. The present white population consists of 2022 males and 2656 females, and the colored of 395 males and 508 females. This is an increase of 12 per cent. on the white and 60 per cent. on the colored population for the ten years. There are 577 persons of foreign birth in the borough, and these consist of 255 males and 322 females. There are 1103 dwellings and 1105 families, with an average of five persons to a family.

AT a meeting of the Trustees of the University of Pennsylvania, held on Tuesday last, it was deter-mined to commence the erection of the new buildings in the Twenty-seventh ward early next spring. The plans submitted by Professor Richards, of the University Faculty, who is instructor of drawing, have been adopted. It is designed to erect four buildings at once on the ten acres, which will be architectural ornaments to the city, and which will probably be completed within two years.

DEATH OF AN ESTIMABLE LADY, -Mrs. Catharine Drexel, the widow of the late lamented Francis M. Drexel, the founder of the well-known banking house, died last evening at her residence, No. 1900 Rittenhouse Square. The funeral will take place on Saturday morning, at 10 o'clock. Her death will be lamented by a very large circle of friends who were endeared by her many virtues.

An Imposton.—Last week a man named John Carr, alias George Bowers, went into Baldwin's Locomotive Works, and personating one of the workmen, drew \$11 pay. Yesterday Carr tried the same dodge, but was caught at it. He was handed over to a policeman, and Alderman Massey committed him in default of \$800 ball.

THEFT OF MONEY .- Mary Gilroy was taken into custedy yesterday by Policeman Brady, of the Seventh district, upon the charge of the larceny of a pocket-book containing \$36 from a house at Front and Coates streets. Defendant had a hearing before Alderman Cahill, and was held in \$600 bail to

CRUELTY TO ANIMALS—Hugh Murdock was arrested by Officer Harra, of the Seventeenth police district, yesterday, for crueity to a horse which he was driving. The allegation is that the animal was covered with sores, lame, and without shoes. The prisoner had a hearing before Alderman Cahili and was held in \$500 bati to answer.

advertisement of a real estate sale by Thomas & Sous on Tuesday, October 4, and also of another on Tuesday, October 18, when valuable properties will be disposed of.

THE GOLD BILL SIGNED.—Mayor Fox has signed the bill which provides that the interest and princi-pal of the loans contracted prior to 1862 shall be paid in gold.

SEVERELY BEATEN,—About 11 o'clock last night Addis Hayes, a member of the Fairmount Engine Co., found his way into a tavern at Broad and Olive streets, where he was set upon and severely beaten by two parties on the premises. Warrants have been issued for the arrest of the assailants.

FAST DRIVING.—Alfred Farrington was arrested at Second and Brown streets yesterday for fast driving, and was held in \$500 ball by Alderman Cahill. NARR & LADNER, Brokers, report this morning

LATEST SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE. For additional Marine News see Inside Pages,

GLASGOW, Sept. 22.—Steamships India and Britan-nia, from New York for this port, were signalled off Moville last evening. Moville last evening.

Steamship Ottawa, from Quebec for this port, arrived at Moville to-day.

QUEENSTOWN, Sept. 22.—Steamship France, from New York for Liverpool, arrived yesterday.

PORT OF PHILADELPHIA SEPTEMBER 22 STATE OF THERMOMETER AT THE EVENING TELEGRAPH 7 A. M.......64 | 11 A. M.......70 | 2 P. M......76

CLEARED THIS MORNING.

Steamer Monitor, Jones, New York, W.M. Baird & Co.
St'r Anthracite, Green. New York, W.M. Baird & Co.
St'r Bristol, Wallace, New York, W. P. Clyde & Co.
N. G. bark Leopard, Mathiesen, Elsinore for orders,
L. Westergaard & Co.
Brig Morancy, Hill, Boston, Repplier, Gordon & Co.
Schr Rich'd Peterson, English, Cambridgep't, do.
Schr Emily and Jenny, Hewitt, Boston, do.
Tug Hudson, Nicholson, Baltimore, with a tow of barges, W. P. Clyde & Co.
Tug G. B. Hutchins, Davis, Havre-de-Grace, with a tow of barges, W. P. Clyde & Co.

ARRIVED THIS MORNING. Steamer Leopard, Hughes, from Boston, in ballast to John S. Hilles.

Steamer Leopard, Hugnes, from Boston, in badast to John S. Hilles.

Steamer Frank, Pierce, 24 hours from New York, with mdse. to W. M. Baird & Co.

Steamer Chester, Jones, 24 hours from New York, with mdse. to W. P. Clyde & Co.

Hol. bark Enterprise, Mulder, 38 days from Rotterdam, with mdse, and gin to L. Westergaard & Co. 5th inst., between Cape Sable and George's Banks, experienced a severe gale from N. to N. W. 6th inst., on George's Banks, saw part of a vessel's boat, painted green, a green water-cask, a bowsprit painted white and black, and other wrecked stuff, supposed to belong to a three-masted schr.

Bark H. D. Brookman, Savin, 49 days from Gefle, with bar and scrap iron to Naylor & Co.—vessel to L. Westergaard & Co.

L. Westergaard & Co.

Brig Josie A. Devereux, Clark, 47 days from Liverpool, with mdse. to Peter Wright & Sons.

Schr Henry A. Taber, Bowman, from New Bedford, with box boards to Rice & Co.

Schr Tycoon, Cooper, 1 day from Smyrna, Del., with grain to Jas. L. Bewley & Co.

Schr E. & H. Bloxom, Morris, 1 day from Little Creek Landing, with grain to Jas. L. Bewley & Co.

Schr Garnet, Marshall, 3 days from Draworidge, Del., with charcoal to Jas. L. Bewley & Co.

Schr Alfred E. Smyrk, Applegate, from Washington, D. C., with old iron to Purves & Son.

Schr Maggie Cummings, Smith, fm Provincetown, with fish L. Westergaard & Co.

Schr Mary Price, Ferguson, from Plymouth, with erchandise. Schr Eugene, Hawes, from Wellfleet, with mase.

Schr Eugene, Hawes, from Wellfleet, with mdse.
Schr Beile Conway, Kinner, from Richmond.
Schr E. R. Graham, Smith, from Milton, Mass.
Schr E. Sinnickson, Winsmore, from Norwich.
Schr J. N. Huddell, Cramer, from Boston.
Schr Kate E. Rich, Jeffries, do.
Schr Kate E. Rich, Jeffries, do.
Schr C. B. Wood, Gandy, do.
Schr Annie E. Weeks, Marks, do.
Schr S. H. Sharp, Webb, do.
Schr S. H. Sharp, Webb, do.
Schr W. G. Dearborn, Scull, from Salem.
Schr Sarah Wood, Hickman, from Dorchester.
Schr Mary Ellen, Thurber, from Fire Island.
Tug Thos. Jefferson, Allen, from Baltimore, with a tow of barges to W. P. Clyde & Co.
Tug Chesapeake, Merrihew, from Havre-de-Grace, with a tow of barges to W. P. Clyde & Co.

MEMORANDA.

Br. steamers Minnesota, Whineray, for Liverpool, and Lowa, Ovenstone, for Glasgow, cleared at New York restander. York yesterday. Br. steamer idaho, Price, from Liverpool Sept. 7 at New York yesterday.

Sp. steamer Castilla, Brunad, from Havana, with 35 passengers, arrived at New York yesterday.

Steamer Volunteer, Jones, hence, at New York

Steamer Volunteer, Jones, hence, at New York yesterday.

Steamers Huntsville, Crowell, and San Jacinto, Atkins, from Savannah; and El Cid, Nickerson, fm Wilmington, N. C., arrived at New York yesterday. Br. brig Alva, hence for St. John, N. B., was spoken 20th inst., lat. 40 10, long. 71 20, and reports:

—Had fine weather up to the 18th, when had a heavy gale, which turned to a hurricane; shipped a heavy sea, which stove the cabin; lost all ship's stores and nautical instruments, and everything out of the cabin; shifted cargo; leaking very badly; will try to get to the nearest port for repairs; all hands well, but nearly exhausted from pumping. Was supplied with provisions by the pilot-boat James Avery, by whom she was spoken. whom she was spoken.

YOUNG LADIES' INSTITUTE, No. 1922 MOUNT VERNON Street. Sixth Semi-Annual Term be-gins on WEDNESDAY, September 15. Call or send for circular. 9 22 thstu 3*

MRS. F. G. V. CHAMBERS. Fancy and Staple Trimmings. ZEPHYR GOODS, ETC., No. 224 South ELEVENTH Street, Pomades, Soaps, Powders, Perfumeries, Hosiery,

TRIMMINGS, PATTERNS, ETO.

Gloves, Ribbons, Etc. MATS AND CAPS.

AMERICAN SILK HAT COMPANY. No. 721 MARKET STREET.

Broadway and Young Gent's Fall Style Silk Hats, now ready, at manufacturer's prices. A call is asked to satisfy and please all in quest of stylish Dress Hats, as to price and quality.

Remember the NAME and NUMBER. 9 21 1m WARBURTON'S IMPROVED VENTILATED and easy-fitting DRESS HATS (patented), in all the improved fashions of the season. CHESNUT Street, next door to the Post Office.

ESTABLISHED 1825.

H. J. DEAS & CO., MANUFACTURERS OF Warm Air Furnaces AND

Cooking Ranges. Portable Heaters, Low Down Grates, Slate Mantels, Bath Boilers, Registers and Ventilators.

No. 111 North SEVENTH St., PHILADELPHIA. [9 22 thstu6mrp JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

GEORGE D. WISHAM,

No. 7 North EIGHTH Street.

Is now prepared to offer one of the largest and best

selected stocks of Dress Goods To be found in the city, and will be sold at the

LOWEST CASH PRICES.

NEW GOODS OPENING DAILY. Eighth Street Emporium for Black Silks! Black Silks!

BLACK TAFFETA.

BLACK GROS GRAIN, heavy, \$1-50, \$1-75, \$2

BLACK GROS GRAIN, wide, \$2.

BLACK GROS GRAIN, rich, \$2-25, \$2-50, \$2-75, \$3, \$3 50, \$4, \$4 60, \$5. A SPENDID ASSORTMENT OF IRISH POPLINS.

For Bargaios call at GEORGE D. WISHAM'S ONE PRICE STORE. No. 7 North EIGHTH Street. 9 99 the13t Our Motto-Small Profits and Quick Sales.

THIRD EDITION FOURTH EDITION FIFTH EDITION FROM EUROPE. LATER

London and Paris. Communication Re-established

AFFAIRS AT THE CAPITAL

The English Mission

'Old Ben Wade's" Chances.

President Gr t's Movements

Important Naval Orders

The South Atlantic Fleet.

Etc., Etc., Etc.,

FROM EUROPE.

Communication Between London and Paris. LONDON, Sept. 22 .- A line of communication between London and Paris has been reopened. A despatch from Berlin repeats the news that a constitution is preparing for the security of German unity.

Emperor of Germany. Herr Delbruck is arranging the formalities for proclaiming Frederick William Emperor of Ger-

Bank of England. LONDON, Sept. 22 .- The bank statement to be made to-day will be very favorable. It is expected that the increase of specie for the past six days will exceed that of any corresponding period for two years. Money is easy.

FROM WASHINGTON.

The South Atlantic Fleet. Special Despatch to the Evening Telegraph,

WASHINGTON, Sept. 22 .- The Navy Department has a letter from Rear-Admiral Lanman, commanding the South Atlantic fleet, announcing the arrival of United States Minister Stephens in the Wasp.
Mr. Stephens is Minister to Paraguay and Uruguay. He was to proceed at once to Ascen-

President Grant will leave Long Branch on Monday next and proceed to New England, where he will put two of his children to school. He will then return to Long Branch, pack his trunks, and be in Washington on the following Friday with his family, to remain for the winter.

Ben Wade and the English Mission. It is now stated that the appointment of a Minister to England will not be announced until the return of the President. The impression seems to gain ground that old Ben Wade is the Western man upon whom the President has fixed to represent us at the Court of St. James Wade is now here, but professes to know nothing at all about the matter.

General Dent, in conversation to-day, said the President might make a worse appointment than Mr. Wade.

Despatch to the Associated Press. Captain Egbert Thompson has been ordered to command the Naval Station at Mound City, Illinois. First Assistant Engineer George J. Burnap is ordered to duty at New Orleans, relieving First Assistant Engineer George E. Tower, who awaits orders.

Commander Thomas S. Phelps is detached from the Navy Yard at Mare Island, and ordered to the receiving ship Independence. Captain W. A. Wainwright, Assistant Quartermaster United States army, has resigned. Captain A. R. Ettinger, and First Lieutenants William W. Mitchell and Edward S. Simons are honorably discharged.

Captain William P. Wilson is relieved from

FROM THE WEST.

duty as Indian Agent, and placed on waiting

Speech by Mr. Colfax. CINCINNATI, Ohio, Sept. 23.-Vice-President Colfax addressed a large audience yesterday at Rushville, and last night at Connorsville.

A Steamer Sunk.

MEMPHIS, Sept. 23.—The steamer Edinburgh, from Cincinnati for New Orleans, struck a snag at Island No. 40 last night and sunk in nine feet of water. The steamer Belle, of St. Louis, took off the passengers and live stock, and brought them here. The captain came down and secured the wrecker Eckert to raise her, which he thinks can easily be done.

FROM THE PACIFIC COAST.

The Central Pacific Railroad. San Francisco, Sept. 22 .- The earnings of the Central Pacific Railroad for the first fifteen days of September were \$423,335. The present traffic and travel justify an estimate for the full month of nearly \$850,000, which will be the largest monthly earnings since the road was

New York Stock and Money Market. New York Stock and Money Market.

New York, Sept. 22.—Stocks quiet. Money, 526 per cent. Gold, 113%. 5-20s, 1862, coupon, 113%; do. 1864, do., 112; do. 1865, do., 112%; do. 1865, new, 110%; do. 1865, 111; 10-40s, 106%; Virginia 6s, new, 64; Missouri 6s, 90%; Canton, 6s; Cumberland preferred, 30; N. Y. Central and Hudson River, 92%; Erie, 22%; Reading, 96%; Adams Express, 65; Michigan Central, 119; Michigan Southern, 93; Illinois Central, 186; Cleveland and Pittsburg, 106%; Chicago and Rock Island, 115%; Pittsburg and Fort Wayne, 93%; Western Union Telegraph, \$4%.

New York Produce Market. NEW YORK, Sept. 22.—Cotton dull; sales 650 bales midding uplands at 1840.; middling Orleans at 840. Flour is without decided change; sales 8000 parrels. Wheat firm for winter and heavy for spring; barrels. Wheat firm for winter and heavy for spring; sales 56,000 bushels No. 2 spring at \$1'15@1'16; winter red Western at \$1'33@1'36. Corn dull; sales 33,000 bushels mixed Western at 90c. Oats quiet; sales 28,000 bushels Ohio at 54@57c.; Western at 52@54c. Beef quiet. Pork firm; new mess, \$25.50; prime, \$23@24.50. Lard quiet; steam, 15@16c.; kettle, 16@16%c. Whisky dull at 90%c.

Baltimore Produce Marke.

Baltimore, Sept. 22.—Cotton dull and nominally 18c. Flour quiet and steady; Howard Street superfine, \$5.26.26.75; do. extra, \$6.66.75; do. family, \$7.88.25; City Mills superfine, \$5.25.66.50; do. extra, \$6.67; do. family, \$7.25.69.50; Western superfine, \$5.25.66.50; do. extra, \$6.66.50; do. family, \$6.39.67.25.
Wi eat steady, with a good demand; choice Maryland red, \$1.55.61.50; prime do., \$1.25.61.50; common, \$1.10.61.25; white wheat, \$1.40.21.65; winter red Western, \$1.32.61.35. Corn — White, \$7c.6\$1.92; vellow, 95c. Oats dull at 47.649c. Rye, 70.699c. Mess Pork quiet at \$28. Bacon and Lard unchanged. Whisky less firm at 91.692c.

... They are having prize fights in St. Louis, and the police don't care.

—Petersburg has had her first mixed jury of whites and blacks. The Old Dominion is becoming reconstructed.

What Prussia Demands. Severity of the Requisitions Can Paris be Defended? DOMESTIC NEWS.

Swift and Severe Punishment Last Week's Customs Receipts.

The Pittsburg Highway Robbery.

Etc. Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.

FROM EUROPE.

Alsace and Lorraine. LONDON, Sept. 22 .- The German Official Gazette, a new journal published at Hagenau, in the Department of Bas Rhine, Alsace, refers in its first number to the proposed incorporation of Alsace and Lorraine with Germany. It says these provinces are already Teutonic in language, politics, manners, and ideas, and they will be only too happy to separate from infidel. socialistic France.

Rallways Cut Near Tours. Tours, Sept. 22 .- The Prussians have cut the Orieans Railway and now occupy several points along the line. Traffic on this road now stops at Blois. The Prussians menace Orleans.

Arab Revolt. A general revolt of Arabs has occurred at Algeria, and the Chasseurs d'Afrique have consequently been sent back from Marsellles. The bronze statuary in Paris has been melted

up to supply the besieged with cannon. M. de la Guerroniere has been arrested and sent to prison at St. Pierre, near Marseilles. The German Demands.

London, Sept. 22 .- German military authorities demand Alsace and Lorraine, Metz, Toul, and Verdun, and also urge the occupation of Luxembourg; the giving of French Flanders to Belgium, and of Savoy to Switzerland, and of Nice and Corsica to Italy. They will not submit in any way to the interference of neutrals. A British Diplomatist.

BRUSSELS, Sept. 22 .- A British diplomatist arrived here yesterday en route for the headquarters of the King of Prussia on an important mission connected with peace negotiations. Tours, Sept. 22.—Nothing definite has been

tivity among the troops here, and many are leaving with all possible haste. The Government Delegates. It is reported that the Governmental delegates will also leave. Hundreds of persons have arrived here from Blois, who left there because of a fear that the Prussians would soon enter.

The railroad service is still irregular. FROM WASHINGTON.

Customs Receipts.

Despatch to the Associated Press. Washington, Sept. 22.—The following are the custom receipts for the week ending September 17 1870:—From New York, the custom receipts for the week ending September 17, 1870: — From New York, \$3.234,312: Boston, \$505,20: Philadelphia, \$182,436; Baltimore, \$250,707; San Francisco, ending August 20, \$203,895; New Orleans, August 20 to August 27, \$125,911. Total,

\$4,501,831. Personal.

General Babcock, one of the President's secretaries, has returned to Washington. Senator Carpenter, of Wisconsin, arrived this morning.

FROM THE STATE.

Swift and Righteous Punishment. PITTSBURG, Sept. 22.—Cyrus Adams, who knocked down and robbed the paymaster of Shoenberger's mill of eleven thousand dollars vesterday afternoon, was tried to-day and sentenced to twenty-four years imprisonment by Judge Stowe. The prisoner shot twice at the policeman who arrested him, which increased the punishment. He will be in the Penitentiary within twenty four hours after committing the robbery.

MISCELLANEOUS WAR NEWS.

THE EFFECTS OF PEACE ON THE MONEY MARKET. The Economist believes it to be certain that if there should be a sudden peace, and if any govern-ment were established in Paris in which Europe felt tolerable confidence, much money would leave London, and what remained would rise in value.

And this for several reasons:—
First. As it is, money would go to Paris according First. As it is, money would go to Paris according to all common exchange caluclations; but in fact it does not go because the ordinary basis of those calculations is at an end. Those calculations universally assume that there is no danger from war or civil commotion to the transit of buillon. And just now there is extreme danger. But if the war and commotion should cease, this exceptional variation would be at an end, and money would flow from us as usual.

as usual.

Second. There is a considerable sum of money (though how large no one knows) sent here for security, because of the war and because of the revolution in France. If, therefore, the war should on sudden cease, and if a fairly strong government should arise in Paris, the reason why this money

was sent here would be over, and in a little while it would be sure to leave us.

Third. We have been buying goods in France, incited more or less by the low prices there consequent on the war. Some of the purchase-money is now left here for safe custody, but all would go at once if France became as safe as usual, or at all like it. Lastly, as soon as the war is over, France certainly, and perhaps Germany also, must begin to borrow largely.

FEARS THAT PARIS MAY BE BURNED.

The Pall Mail Gazette says:—"There is some reason to tear that Paris may be burned down by the besieged even if she escapes the besiegers. There are in that city vast stores of petroleum, alcohol, and other combustible agents to be used in its defense. These stores are at present covered with a thick layer of earth, which might be a sufficient protection under ordinary circumstances, but to say nothing of the possibility of a shell penetrating this covering, the danger must be extreme of a general explosion when we take into account the recklessness of desperate men who, in their eagerness to utilize every means at their disposal for the destruction of the enemy, are not likely to be careful as to the safety either of themselves or the city they are defending. Perhaps, as regards destruction of property, the hideous waste of war has never in the world's history been more forciby illustrated than in the mere possibility at present existing of Paris being laid in ruins." FEARS THAT PARIS MAY BE BURNED.

THE REVOLUTION. The Saturday Review says that when the Empire had been struck with sudden paralysis it could, in the first instance, have no successor but a Republic. The popular instinct feels an inevitable attraction toward that form of government which is most unlike the one which has been disgraced; and though republicanism of the French type is sometimes hardly distinguishable from despotism, the resemblances he deep down, while the distinctions are all on the surface. Nor can any one who desires to see a constitutional monarchy established in France on the sprace. All can any seasons to the see a constitutional monarchy established in France regret that the experiment should not have been tried at this juncture. The first requisite of stable government in France is that the real forces of the country should be left to find their natural level. In 1851 this saintary process was interrupted by the personal and dynastic ambition of the late Emperor.

THE LATEST NEWS.

Steamship Bremen

Latest Cable Quotations.

Virginia Republican Convention.

FROM THE SOUTH.

The Virginia Republican Convention.

RICHMOND, Va., Sept. 22.—The Republican State Convention met this morning, one hundred and fifty delegates present, representing every county in the State except two. John A. Harman, of Augusta county, was chosen Presi-

The Republican Congressional nominating Convention of the First District yesterday nominated Dr. Norton (colored) for Congress. The white members of the Convention then withdrew and nominated Dr. W. Douglas (white). The contending parties agreed today to submit their differences to the National Executive Committee for arbitration.

FROM NEW YORK.

The Bremen Steamships. New York, Sept. 32.—The New York agents of the Bremen steamship line yesterday afternoon received a cable telegram from Bremen directing the steamers Hermann and Frankfort. to be got ready for sea without delay. It is expected that the Bremen will sail on Saturday next.

FROM NEW ENGLAND.

Fire in New Bedford. New Bedford, Sept. 22.—Henry Ryder's oil works, on North Water street, were burned last night. Loss, \$4000; half insured.

FROM EUROPE.

The Latest Quotations. LONTON, Sept. 22—5 P. M.—Consols, 92¼ for money and account. American securities firm. Bonds of 1862, 90¾; of 1865, old, 89¾; of 1867, 88½; 10-40s, 85. Stocks quiet. Erie, 17¾; Illinois Central, 113½; Great Western.

85. Stocks quiet. Erie, 17%; Illinois Central, 110%; Great Western, 24%. LIVERPOOL, Sept. 22—5 P. M.—Cotton dull; uplands, 9%d.; Orleans, 9%d. The sales to-day are estimated at 10,000 bales.

THE IMPERIAL EXILE. The Emperor and his Family-Eugenie Loth to Abdicate-Napoleon Phlegmatic and Re-

A Paris correspondent of the London Times give some interesting particulars respecting the flight of the imperial family :-

the imperial family:—

The members of the imperial Family were not all equally happy in the manner of their exit. Princess Mathilde was arrested on Sunday afternoon at Puys, near Dieppe, and her luggage, amounting to no less than 62 packages, was also taken into custody. Prince Napoleon, whose return from Italy was lately announced as imminent, has probably changed his mind, and will remain at Turin or Moncalleri. Princess Clotilde nobody has seemed disposed to molest. She has always been exemplary in her conduct and bearing, and has been respected accordingly. She left the Palais Royal at eight o'clock yesterday morning, having previously sent for the captain and lieutenant of the National Guard then on duty, to whom she expressed her regret at being obliged to quit Paris. She made a gracious little speech, thanked them for their protection, and shook them by the hand. Of the departure of the Empress, all I can at present positively tell you is that not one of the accounts as yet given of it is correct, that there was great difficulty in getting her away from the Tuileries, which she did not leave till rather a dangerously late hour on Sunday afternoon, and that Pietri was not in attendance were her. received from Paris to-day. There is great acwhich she did not leave till rather a dangerously late houron Sunday afternoon, and that Pietri was not in attendance upon her. Neither was she in man's clothes, as it has been reported, and by many believed. I can tell you also that she had a narrow escape, for as she was driving away in a hack cab into which she got at some distance from the Tuileries, a small boy recognized her, and cried out, "There is the Empress." Fortunately no one was at hand to hear, or the consequences might have been disagreeable. If the Empress had resigned her power into the hands of the Chamber when news came of MacMahon's disaster and the Emperor's surrender. If tilly believe she would have been able power into the hands of the Chamber when news came of MacMahon's disaster and the Emperor's surrender, I fully believe she would have been able to go away as the Princess Clotilde did, without concealment or molestation. She was not popular, but neither can it be said she was particularly obnoxious. But she clung to her palace with pardonable tenacity, after every hope was gone, and friendly violence had to be used at last to get her away. She could not make up her mind to the reverse of fortune, and to relinquish the throne she fondly hoped would be her son's, and her grief and regret are likely to be great and lasting. Not so with the Emperor. All the accounts here received represent him as taking his downfall with great philosophy. A French railway conductor passed through Verviers when the Emperor was there, and was advised, as he was going straight to Paris, to go and see him, and offer to take charge of any commissions for his former capital. He was admitted, and found Napoleon in general's uniform, surrounded by a number of other generals, among them the Belgian Count Chazal. "What do they say at Paris?" he asked. The conductor explaided that he had left it before the last great events occurred. The Emperor thanked him for his offer, said he had no commissions, gave him a tumbler of champaghe, and dismissed him. The man described him as seeming quite composed and cheerful, and in very good health. This reported phlegmatic indifference under misfortune has not made a good impression here. The Government said the Emperor "had been made prisoner in the struggle," instead of which he reached the Prussian headouar-Emperor 'had been made prisoner in the struggle,' instead of which he reached the Prussian headquar instead of which he reached the Prussian headquarters in an open carriage, surrounded by outriders, and smoking a cigarette. That eternal cigarette exasperates the French. Old familiars of the Emperor and of Louis Napoleon the exile are not in the least surprised at his conduct, which they look upon as quite natural in a fatalist, which they maintain he has always been. "He will not be at all unhappy," one of them lately said; "he will enjoy life again, and will console himself by the reflection that he has had his day, and is even now far better off than as the needy expatriated Prince in London lodgings."

odgings."
The Standard publishes the following: The Standard publishes the following:—
The accounts of the conduct and state of the Empress during the last few days of her husband's reign are most touching. She is described as having neither ate nor slept, but as working unremittingly with the Ministers. Her constant cry was "No songet pas a la dynastic, songet seulement a la France." We are also told that for days after the disaster of Woostin, the Emproy sat slight and immovable. He Woerth, the Emperor sat slient and immovable. He is said to have fought on foot from five A. M. till three P. M. on the fatal 1st September.

PHILADELPHIA STOCK EXCHANGE SALES, Reported by De Haven & Bro., No. 40 S. Third street.

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5 sh Lit Sch R... 42 60 do....b5. 42

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