From Our Own Correspondent.

NEW YORK, Sept. 8, 1870. The Neebuch Season.

I will assume that you are anxious to know something about the Seebach season, which is so soon to begin at the French theatre, and about Marie Seebach, who is the principal attraction in it, and I am perfectly willing to pour into your ears, in relation thereto, all that has been poured into mine. The season will comprise twenty-four representations, and will commence somewhere between the 14th and 20th of the present month.

The artists who are to support Madame Seebach consist of Mathilde Veneta, the leading actress of the Hoffburg Imperial Theatre, Vienna; Antoinette Bissinger, leading actress of his Majesty's Theatre of Stuttgart; Elvira Bardenhaner, of the Stadt Theatre of Amsterdam: Madame Heigel, a celebrated comedy "oldwoman," from the Stadt Theatre of Hamburg; Herr von Ernest, one of the most distinguished actors of Breslau; Hermann Harry, "character actor" and "heavy man," from the Landes Theatre, Prague; Edward Devereux, leading javenile, from the Royal Theatre of Manich; Herr Fincke, comedian, from the Theatre of the Wieden, Vienna: Herr Mneller, leading comedian, from the Stadt Theatre, Frankfort; and Herr Brinckmann, from the Royal Theatre of Berlin. The plays of which Seebach's reperfoire is composed are not less than twentyseven in number. Their names and authors are

Fau t and Clavino, by Goethe; Marie Stuart, Ermont, The Maid of Orleans, Love and Intrinse, Pieses, Don Carlos, The Bride of Messing, and William Tel Schnier; I'mdia Galatti and Moss Sarah Sampson, by Lessing: Finish a Galaki and Miss Sarah Sampson, by Lessing: Romeo and Juliet, Taming of the Shraw, Hambet, Winter's Tale, Macbeth, and Othello, by Shakespeare: Jane Egre, by Charlotte Bronie: Mary Fagdalene, by Hebbel; Adrienne Lecouvreur, by Logouve: Mathide, by Benedle: Elizabeth, by Gacometti; Gresidin, by Halm; Valeni and A Cun of Fea, by Scribe: Phadra, by Racine: and The Fabrican', by Emile Devrient. The entire United States season is limited to one hundred nights, one fourth of is limited to one hundred nights, one fourth of which at least will be given to New York.

Madame Seebach is thirty-three years old, having been born on the 24th of February, 1837, at Riga, in Russia. Her pa and ma were German opera-singers. Her pa, who died six years ago at Cologne, was the son of a physician turned actor. Her ma was the daughter of Herr Blumauer, an author of local repute, and was also the intimate friend of Sontag. Madama Seebach has an only sister, five or six years her junior, and named Wilhelmina. The mother of these children died when they were very young, and their earliest years were spent amid poverty and care. When Marie was scarcely more than a child she abandoned singing, which the had intended to practise as a profession, and her father, who was engaged as a stage manager at M. Ferdinand Roeder's theatre at Nuremberg, got ber a situation at the same place of entertainment where he was engaged. For a little while she acted for nothing for the sake of showing what she could do; but, after a brief probation, M. Roeder, catching some glimpses of the merit in her, engaged her at the magnificent salary of two dollars in gold per month. This was not much, but it enabled her, in time, to buy a black velvet dress (for six dollars!) in which she very likely commenced practising those tragic parts in which she subsequently became so famous. Her first pronounced success was in the part of "Juliet," and the triumph so stimulated her that she left Nuremberg and secured a better situation at the theatre in Cassel, where, however, she was not permitted to appear in any but subordinate parts. This disgusted her, and, much to the chagrin of the manager, who prophesied that she would injure her prospects forever, she left Cassel and proceeded to Hamburg, where Doctor Maurice, a well-known manager, engaged her to appear as "Marguerite" in Goethe's Faust. Her debut happened just one month after her having left Cassel, and was the beginning of a dramatic success which

has flowed evenly on ever since. At Hamburg, however, so far from relaxing in her habits of study, she placed herself under the tuition of the celebrated actor Heindrick Marr and the celebrated dramatic preceptress, Mrs. De Glossbrenner. After a while Herr Henry Laube, of the Hoffburg Theatre of Vienna, heard of the wonderful things she was accomplishing and engaged her for his house, On April 3, 1854, she appeared at Vienna as "Mathilde," and there she remained for two years. She cut away all the conventionalities and habitual observances preserved so sedulously by Anschutz, Laroche, Wagner, Fichtner, Lowe, and Julie Rettich, who were ve erans in acting, and formed a school of her own. After the two years were over she spent a long time in fulfilling engagements as a travelling star at Prague, Graz, Pesth, Leipsic, Coburg-Gotha, etc. In April, 1857, she went to the Royal Theatre of Hanover, where she remained nine years. In 1866 Hanover was swallowed up by Prussia, and since then Madame Seebach has been starring through Germany. I do not say that her success here will be equal to that of Ristori, but I have no doubt that it will be very great. The Gran and the Strakosch manner of working stars up are very different. Nilsson, for instance, who is managed by Strakosch, has had an amount of puffing bestowed upon her that was perfectly nauseating. Grau has gone to work in a more modest, but a really more efficient and artistic manner. Of course, Philadelphia is one of the first places that Seebach will visit after her first engagement in New York is completed: and I thought that, in view of that event being not very distant, a few facts relative to the great actress would not be uninteresting. Her husband's name is Niemann. He is a tenor singer, with a Brignolian voice. He does not, I believe, accompany her, but prefers travelling on his own hook, in pursuit of the pleasures and emoluments of the operatic profession.

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

DIVORCE APPLICANTS.-The new list for divorces at the present term of Court contains but ten appli-catt us so far. They are as follows:— Mrs. Hermina Mann Gartner vs. Daniel Gartner.

Mrs. Mary A Simons vs. John Simons. Mrs. Kate Tyler vs. Leamin Tyler. Mrs. Edgabeth L Senior vs. Ferdinand D. Senior-Mrs Emma Titlow vs. George Titlow.

Mrs. Charlotte E. Worman vs. John D. Worman. Mrs. Julia Walter vs. John Walter.

Mrs. Fanny Rickards vs. Isanc Rickards. Mrs. Lydia Ripperger vs. Henry J. Ripperger. Mrs. Frances Ann Griffin vs. Ritner Griffin.

Thomas M. Richards vs. Mrs. Augusts A. Richards. A fred Evans vs. Mrs. Mary J. Evans. rederick Yermer vs. Mrs. Elizaoeth Yermer. Monday, the 19th day of September, is the day fixed for hearing this list.

A WEALTHY PRISONER .- C. Parker, from Montgomery, got on a spree in this city a few days ago, and last night, while in a beastly state of intoxication, was taken in charge by a policeman at Tweaty-third and Vine streets. Arriving at the station, he was searched and \$560 were found in his possession. After paying the usual fine this morning he was heersted.

RESCUED FROM DROWNING .- Michael Barr, while viewing the fire ground along the Delaware river front yesterday, toppied overboard. Harbor Police-man Lex was on hand and went over after the stating man and succeeded in rescuing him.

CRIME.

A Watchman Surprised. Backed, and Gagged
—An Unprefitable Job.
The boldness with which Lyons, alies Landman, and his confederates operated at the Navy Yard not long since, was the subject of great comment in po-lice circles, and none were more astonished than the marines themselves, who, with loaded muskets, guarded the naval rendezvous. As a mawkish sympathy exists to this community for criminals, and but seldom, if ever, are thieves of any note brought to justice, there is no reason to doubt that. under such circumstances, burglars become bold and commit depredations of a character which should imprison them almosts lifetime.

should imprison them almosta lifetime.

A case occurred early this morning which for boidness is something similar to that of the Navy Yard "job." Messrs. Maule, Bro. & Co., lumber merchants, are located at Twenty-fifth and South streets. They carry on business on an extensive scale. On their premises, which cover a large area of ground, they have an office, stables, etc., and in order to insure themselves against loss by their or fire they employ a private watchman, whose hours of duty are from 6 P. M. to 5 A. M. The watchman is named John Gailley, aged about fifty years. The of daty are from 6 F. M. to 5 A. M. The watchman is named John Gailley, aged about fifty years. The office of the firm is a one-story brick building fronting on South street, on a line with Fifteenth street. In this structure the watchman has his neadquarters. After making his rounds through the yard every half hour he returns to his office, and there remains a short time to resume his tramp. The doors and windows of the office opening on the yard are left open, in order that he may have a view of what is

About 2 o'clock this morning the old gentleman entered the office, after a trip over the premises, and seated himself in a chair with his back to the door. to laid his six shooter on a table in front of him.
While in that condition four men with blackened countenances suddenly entered the doorway, one of whom reached for the revolver. Presenting the weapon at the old gentleman, the thief directed him to keep quiet or he would blow his brains out. Then the tying process commenced. Mr. Gallly was first handcurfed, his legs tied to the rounds of the chair, and a handkerchief wrapped around his face to prevent him from seeing them or their actions. His beey was also made fast to the chair.

The thieves remained on the premises about half an hour. They examined the Herring safe, which is built in the wall, but did not even attempt to open it. The safe is one of the burgiar-or of kind, the door being made of pure steel. A look at the formidable barrier to their entrance to the sa the formidable barrier to their entrance to the same was enough, and the theves gave up all idea of operating in that direction. A desk then attracted their attention, and one of the drawers was opened. As it contained only papers, nothing was disturbed. The closets in the office, in which was hanging weating apparel, were opened, and this morning everything was found in order therein.

The only article carried off was the revolver ba-enging to the watchman, and in lieu of this taey eft a splendid pair of steel handcuffs. Mr. Galley emalned in the condition the thieves placed him until 5 o'clock in the morning, when one of the stable hands rapped at the door, as was his usual custom. The door not being opened to him, he mounted the tence, and discovered Gailley in the position described. The strangest part of the whole affair is that the burglars committed no violence whatever on the old gentleman; nor did they even search bire, or carry away any of the clothing in the closets. Mr. Gailley had in his possession at the time a silver watch and \$70 in money. Their intension was no doubt the robbery of the safe, in which they expected to make a large haul.

One of the Fifth District officers passed up South street, on the north side, about the hour of 2 o'clock, but he saw nothing unusual, and continued on The affair attracted considerable attention in that

section of the city, and rumors of all kinds were The detectives have been notified, and they are

now investigating the matter. SALMAGUNDI,-The uniforms of the Albany Zon-aves were very pretty, but oh, if they were to be

caught in a shower!
—In New York yesterday the "Amity Club" got into a heavy fight at a picule, severely injuring a number of men and women, and getting twelve of their number arrested. If this be amity, what may - A sign up street states that a live boy is wanted.

Suppose they usually dear in dend ones, and try the other for a change. The live article is much easier -An improved name for the genus homo-saliva

generator. ... The compositors' cases in the mission printing houses in China have each over six thousand com-partments for the reception of the numerous letters of the Chinese alphabet. The cases are built in the form of an amphitheatre, and the compositor stands in the middle. Every letter he sets he selects from the six thousand. Deliver us from being a Chinese

salmagundi thinks that the parade of the American Protestant Associations yesterday was a fraud. What's the use of protesting nowadays? Might as well let things take their course. There is no more use in it than there was in Salmagundi's standing on the Custom He use steps for three hours waiting for the parade to come, and running the risk of being made the subject of a Government seizure Government officials never were used to having ladies on their stens. And when the parade did come what was there to see? A lot of men with ribbons over their shoulders, one just like the other. To be sure, there were bands, but then they all played at once and made a most awful noise. And it made balmagundi's heart ache within her to see how tanned and dark some of the musicians had be-come from marching in the sun and blowing those terrible horns. Why some of them were perfectly black in the face. Then there were the Indians; they were perfectly horrid. Never knew before that there were so many Indians about these parts. We live to learn. And the policemen. Always did think that a policeman could ride a horse as well as any other man until the head of that parade came by.

FIRES-A BARN AND A STABLE DESTROYED-A CHILD BURNED IN THE FLAMES, ... Shortly after midnight the frame stable of James Jamison, situated at Grape and Pleasant streets, was totally destroyed The loss is about \$2000, on which there is an insurance of \$1000. The origin of the fire is un-

Yesterday afternoon the barn of George J. Isaacs. on Rick's lane, near Bustleton, Twenty-third ward, was barned to the ground, including all its contents. It seems that George F. Hellings, aged five years, a grandson of Mr. Isaacs, procured some matches from the house and then went into the barn. While playing there with them the hay ignited, and before he could get out the flames had enveloped him. His charted remains were found after the fire had ocen extinguished.
At half-past 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon the

upper part of Hanlon's tavern, Nr. 2447 Callowhiti street, was slightly damaged by fire which had been started in a closet on the third floor.

A barred in a closet on the third floor.

A barred of what was supposed to be whisky exploded yesterday in a place on Francis street, above Ridge avenue. The wood-work of the room was charred. While extinguishing the flames Patrick Veller and the street of the room was charred. Kelly was badly burned about the head and body.

CANDIDATES FOR ADMISSION TO THE BAR .- The Board of Examiners for admission of candidates to practice as attorneys in the District Court and Court of Common Pleas for the city and county of Philadelphia for the present, or September term, copsists of Messrs. Isasc Hazelhurst, chairman; D. Newlin Fell, Charles N. Gross, T. H. Oehlschlager, James W. Latta, Robert S. Paschall, George W. Spiese, J. D. Meredith, Secretary. The board meets on Thursday, 22d inst., at 3 o'clock P. M. at the Law Library, Sixth and Chesnut streets. The following named gentlemen have given notice of their inten-

tion to apply:—
George E Buckley, student with Geo. Harding, Esq.
Joseph Tull,
H. C. Hoines,
Wm. H. Redhener,
Alfred Driver,
J. C. Redhener, Esq.
E. M. Husbands, Esq.
E. M. Husbands, Esq.
E. M. Husbands, Esq.
E. M. Grice, Esq. Isnac C. Price, Esq. L. C. Coleman, Esq. G. W. Wollaston, Esq. John F. Young, T. M. Corrigan, J. W. Hunsicker, Esq. A. B. Bertolet,

ACCIDENT ON THE CAMDEN AND AMBOY RAILROAD. —The train that left New York at about 6 o'clock this morning, coming to this city by way of Camden, on arriving in the neighborhood of the Fish House, near the Camden end, ran over a man who appa rently had been walking on the track. He was killed instantly. The body was much brussed, and he was cut about the arms and head. The train was stepped and the body was taken on board and brought to Camden, where the Coroner was sum-moned, who will hold an inquest at some time to-day. The man, from his d ess and general appear-

ance, was evidently a laborer. On his arm the jui-tials "W. H." were tatooed to indua ink.

It might be stated by way of explanation that there is a very studen curve in the track at the rish House, and the engineer was not able to see the man until the engine was right upon him. The whistle is always blown continuously before turning this curve, but in this case the man must either have been deaf or totally regardless of his life.

Dishonesty.—Mary Clark a few days since took ledgings in a house in the vicinity of Thirteenth and Filbert streets. Yesterday morning she left, and shortly after her departure several articles of wearing apparel belonging to other people were missed. She was arrested, and afterwards held for trial by Alderman Bonsall.

Alderman Bonsail.

KNIGHTS TEMPLAR EXCURSION.—Preparations are being made for a grand reunion of Knights Templar, to take place at Easton, Pa., on the 6th of October, under the anspices of Hugh de Payen Eacampment, No. 19, located there. A grand promeaude concert, to take piace at the large and suitable building on the Fair Grounds, is one of the most attractive reatures of the contemplated reunion.

WHIERY CARE.—Thomas Patton, John Patton, and John T. McFall had a hearing before U. S. Commissioner Biddle, at noon to-day, charged with assisting in dispossessing Edgar M. Gregory, U. S. Marshal, of five barrels of whisky which had been taken and detained by him, whi h was in his official custody. The evidence clicited was as follows:

and detained by him, whi h was in his official custody. The evidence clicited was as follows:
Hugh Schauer. Sr., sworn. Was watchman for Marshal Gregory at James Patton's place. No. 2:21 Market street, about the 13th of July; was there fifty-five days; on land Friday the barrels were taken away; first heard disturb. Ance at 2 A. M.; I came out of the place and saw a light in the cellar; it aw soom Patton there; it said to him. "West do you want to do. John; do you want to steal whicky?" two men then came up and took mo and pushed me in the store; one said "K explaim till Patton comes," the first man who pushed me in the store was McCall; after they let me go ether men came to the door; they took five barrels of whicky out; I went back into the yard; before that might Thomas Patton is ever slept in the house; I saw him this morning come from Twenty-second street; before that hight there had been a soog in the yard; toere was none thire that night; saw Thomas in the storeth it night at 11 o'clock; he looked out and I said, "If you are looking for Johnoy, I will let him in;" at that time four police officers came in and took a drink; after that, at 1 o'clock, two rolicemen came in; two of the four who had been there before; heard John and Thomas talking about this matter a day or two after; they were in the back room; I was in the yard; John said again, "You sent my there to 'cok cut;" the door of the colise is na send on the inside, and cannot be opened from the outside; it was not breken open from the outside.

Defendants were held in \$3500 bail to answer.

River Thieves at Wolk—Shore Exchanged

RIVER THIEVES AT WORK-SHOTS EXCHANGED RETWEEN THEM AND A CAPTAIN-THE LATTER STRUCK WITH A BALL-CHICHOPORM. Our river as thieves, who seem to come and go at their ple sore. About 4 o'clock this morning two of thespirates went on board the schooner May Weaver, Iving in the Delaware opposite the Kensington Water Works. While walking across the deck, the daughter of the captain of the vessel was awakened. She awoke her father, who started out of the cabin, revolver in hand. The thieves took the alarm, and jumping into their boat pulled for there. The cap-tain discharged a couple of loads at them, and they returned the fire. A ball struck Captain Weaver in the leg, inflicting an ugly wound. The thieves, of course, escaped.

At an early hour yesterday morning a gang boarded the schooner John Lancaster, lying in the Delaware below the Navy Yard. The captain and crew, who are all colored, were asleep at the time, and it is supposed were operated upon with chloro-form. The thieves then went to work at the cap-tain, and cutting out his pantaloons pocket, secured \$950 and two watches. They also stole a trunk of clothing.

ANOTHER INFAMY,—Christian Hewes has been before Alderman Heins on the terrible charge of attempting to commit a belnous offense upon a gi aged thirteen years, at a tavern Dauphia and Howard streets. The complainant stated her case, and the magistrate deemed the teatimony sufficient to warrant him in holding Christian in \$2000 bail for

havied yesterday at Seventeenth and Tioga streets, with a quantity of freshly washed clothing in her possession. Being unable to account for their pre-sence in her arms was regarded as strongly suswho committed her.

SPIGOT TRIEF.-Charles Max is the name of an todividual who yesterday went into the silk manufactory at American and Diamond streets, and wrenched off several brass spigots. He was subsequently arrested and taken before Alderman Heins, who held him to answer in \$600 bail.

USING THREATENING LANGUAGE -Joshua Taggart has been held in \$500 ball to keep the peace by Algern.an Dongherty for using threatening language to E. W. C. Greene, editor of the Sunday Transcript. The difficulty grose from the publication of an article which Mr. Taggart chose to apply to himself.

Colonel, R. H. Lee, Major.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

EVENING TELEGRAPH OFFICE. Friday, Sept. 9, 1870. There is a falling-off in the demand for money to day, and with a better supply at the banks there is a tendency to greater ease, though we do not feel justified in quoting lower rates The prospects of an early peace between France and Prussia, and the removal of danger of further complications in Europe, have given great relief both to the fluancial and business markets, and everything is quiet in anticipation of fur-ther pacific developments. The rates to-day are 5166614 per cent. on call and 669 per cent. discount on good paper.

Gold is dull and gradually falling as signs of peace become more distinct. The sales ranged up to noon from 118% to 118%, closing at the

In City leans there were small sales of the new

Reading Railroad was neglected, a few shares selling at 481/2. Perusylvania sold at 581/2. and Lehigh Valley at 58%. 37%, b. o., was bid for

kill preferred at 17 b. o. No further trans-PHILADELPHIA STOCK EXCHANGE SALES,

BETWEEN BOARDS.

BETWEEN BOARDS.

\$1000 City 68, Old...1013/4
\$1000 City 68, New 1013/4
\$4000 Am Gold.....1133/4
11 sh Read R......483/4
100 do....650wn...483/4
100 do....580...483/4
100 do....580...483/4
2 sh Penna R....583/4

POARDS.

10 sh Penna R.....583/4
100 do......580...33/4
100 do....580...33/4
2 sh Penna R....583/4 SECOND BOARD.

\$2000 Pittsbg 5s. 72% 50 sh Penna R. . . 57
4 sh C & A.R. .b5.115 4 sh Consol'n Bk. 45%
2 do. . .114% 5 sh O C & A R.is 45%
19 do. . .114% 100 sh Read R. . . 48.31 19 do.....114% 100 sh Read R....48 31 5 sh Phil Bk....162 100 do.....2d.48 31 JAY COOKE & Co. quote Government securities as follows:—U. S. 6s of 1881, 114%@114%; 5-90s of 1862, 112%@112%; do. Nov. 1835, 111%@111%; do. Nov. 1835, 111%@111%; do. do., 1867, 111% 111%; do. do., July, 110% (2110%; 10-408, 105% (2110%; 210%); do. 1868, 110% (2110%; 10-408, 105% (2016); Pacinca, 111% (2111%). Gold, 113%. Messas. William Painter & Co., No. 36 S. Third street, report the following quotations:—U. S. 68 of 1881, 114% (2114%; 5-208 of 1862, 112% (2112%; do. 1864, 111%@111½; do. 1865, 111%@111½; do. July, 1865, 110½@111½; do., July, 1865, 110½@110½; do., July, 1867, 110½@110½; do. July, 1868, 110½@110½; be. '0-40, 105%@106; U. S. Pacific RR. Cy. 68, 111@111½. Gold, 114½@114½.

MESERS. DE HAVEN & BROTHER, No. 40 S. Third MESSES. DE HAVEN & BROTHER, No. 40 S. Third street, Philade phila, report the following quotations:

—U. S. 6s of 1881, 1144@11145; do. 1862, 1124@11245; do. 1864, 1114@11135; do. 1865, 1114@11135; do. 1865, 1114@11135; do. 1865, new, 1104@1105; do. 1867, do. 1104@1105; do. 1868, do. 1104@1105; 10-408, 1005@1005; U. S. 30 Year 6 per cent. Currency, 1114@11145. Gold, 1124@1125; Silver, 109@112; Union Pacific Railroad 1st Mort, Bonds, 800@820; Central Pacific Railroad, 880@890; Union Pacific Land Grant Bonds, 720@780.

NARE & LADNER, Brokers, report this morning Gold quotations as follows:—

ton for No. 1 Quercitron. The Fionr market is without improvement, there being very little demand either for shipment or nome consumption. About 500 barrels changed hands

\$1.82. Whisky is quiet at 95c, for Western iron-bound and 94c, for do, wood-bound.

LATEST SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE. For additional Marine News see Inside Pages,

CLEARED THIS MORNING. Baird & Co.

SHOCKING DEATH.—Mary O'Brien, aged three years, daughter of Policeman O'Brien, residing No. 2119 Filbert street, died at an early hour this morning, from the effects of scalds received yesterday. It appears that her mother was engaged in washing in the yard, around which little Mary was playing. The nother produced a kettle of boiling water, and having poured it into a too, was returning to the fornace, when she heard a piercing shrick, and on facing about, saw Mary doundering in the tub of scalding fluid. She took the little thing from her frightful position. A physician was summoned, but his efforts were unavailing, as above stated.

STRONGLY SUSPICIOUS .- Mary Jones was overpictous, and she was taken before Alderman Allison,

THE BOLD SOLDIERS OF CAMPEN.- At an election help by Brigadic General De Hart, at Military Headquarters, Camden, on Taursday evening, James M. Scovel was unanimously elected Colonel of the 6th Regiment, Captain Hempsing Lieutenant-Colonel R. H. Lee Maior.

Governments are quiet and steady. The stock market continues dull and nominal.

Canal stocks were quiet, with sales of Schuyl-

Reported by De Haven & Bro., No. 40 S. Third street,

FIRST BOARD.

\$400 City | 58, N. c. 101 | 7 sn Pe
\$2000 Sch N 68, 82. 71 | 73 sh Le
\$500 N Penna 78. . . 94% | 100 sh Sc
\$10000 Amer Gold 113% | 18 sh Re 7 sh Penna R. ls. 584 78 sh Leh V R. ls. 584 100 sh Sch N P. b60, 17 18 sh Reading R. . 48%

Philadelphia Trade Report. FRIDAY, Sept. 9 .- Bark is nominal at \$25@27 per

consumption. About 500 barrers changed hands, including superime at \$5-25@5.50; extras at \$5.62½ @6; lowa, Wisconsin, and Minnesota extra family at \$6@6.75; Pennsylvania and Ohio do. do. at \$6.75@7.25; and fancy brands at \$7.50@8.50, as in quality. Rye Fiour ranges from \$5.75@6. In Corn Meal notation

thing doing.

The demand for Wheat is quite limited and prices favor buyers. Sales of 2000 bushels Indiana red at \$1 32@1 35; white ranges from \$1 40@1 50. Rye is steady at 85c, for Western. Corn is less active. Sales of Pennsylvania yellow at 250,396c.; Western do at 22c.; and Western mixed, low and high, at 84@00c. Onte are tirm, and for prime lots a fair

For accional Marche sees see Inside Paces,

(By Telegraph.)

Fortness Monnos, Va., Sept. 9.—Arrived, bark
Neversink, from Callao, for orders. Lost sails and
fore and maintopmasts and rudder, Sept. 1, south of
Bermuda; had the gale for three days.

Bark virginia, Dare, from Callao, for orders. Reports heavy gale Aug. 31, off Bermuda. Lost sails,
stove bulwarks, and sustained other damages. Capt.
Bishop was knocked down by a sea, and had his
right arm broken in two places. Lost carpenter,
Charles Toode, overboard.

Brig Perseverance, from Santos, for orders.

PORT OF PHILADELPHIA SEPTEMBER 9 STATE OF THERMOMETER AT THE EVENING TELEGRAPH 7 A. M.......68 | 11 A. M......74 | 2 P. M......80

Ship Castine, Wilson, Antwerp, P. Wright & Sons. Steamer S. C. Walker, Sherin, New York, W. M. Steamer Tacony, Nichols, New York,
Steamer Ruggier, Philow, Leipsic, Graeff, Rother-

Steamer Ruggier, Pillow, Leipsie, Graeff, Rother mel & Co.
Schr H. G. Hand. Reeves, Boston,
Schr R. RR. No. 41, Barnett, Richmond, Va., do.
Schr Daultless, Coombs, Marolehead,
Schr Wave Crest, Davis, Roxbury,
Schr A. E. Dreibellis, Armstrong, New York, do.
Schr J. Mitder, Laughney,
do,
Schr J. Mitder, Laughney,
do,
Schr P. O. Bowman, Shoe, Westchester,
Schr M. A. Loughney, Hepe, New Haven,
Schr Hyne, Glover, Salem, J. Rommel, Jr., & Bro.
Schr Anne Magee, Young, Braintree,
do,
Schr Romp, Miller, Salem,
Schr E. & L. Martz, Martz, Boston,
Schr Baitimore, Dix,
do,
Schr Laroline Young, Young, do,
Schr Kste Kallahan, Avery, Pawtucket,
Schr E. Wooten, Dennell,
Schr Annie Trudell, Hess,
do,
do, Schr Annie Trudell, Hess, d Schr Jos. Hay. Hathaway, Milton, Schr William Collyer, Taylor, Newpert, do. Schr Eliza Edwards, Somers, Boston, Repplier, Gor-

schr D. Mershon, Ayres, Boston, Schr Lamartine, Dow, Salem, J. C. Scott & S. ms., Schr William Gillman, Mehaney, Saco, do. schr William Gillman, Mehaffey, Saco, do. schr J. T. Wyman, Uoram, Boston, do. gran Raven's Wing, York, Salem, do. Schr Lavolta, Whitmere, Quincy Point, do. Schr S. C. Tyler, Barrett, Portsmouth, N. H., do. Schr J. M. Wilson, Somers, Boston, do. Schr S. C. Halleck, Halleck, do. do. Barge R. RR, No. 94, Dantrick, New York, Graeff, Fethermell & Co. Barge R. RR. No. 4, Wolf,

ARRIVED THIS MORNING.
Steamship Saxon, Sears, 43 hours from Boston, with mode, to II. Winsor & Co. Below the Brandywine, saw two brigs bound up. Below Reedy dywine, saw two brigs bound up. Below Reedy 1-land, two brigs bound up. Above Wilmington, bark Thusnelde, from Newcastle, Eng., coming up in tow. Passengers:—A. G. Watkins, W. J. Jordan, L. C. Macoth, G. A. McKnapp, Chas. Nichols, Mr. Chase, Zenos & lay, D. F. Heiden, E. Chauncey, W. B. Chase, Mr. Harian and friend, Miss McDermots, Mrs. McCanr. Mis. F. B. Glines, Miss F. A. Potter, Wh. Gellyhli, W. C. Stavans, and Mr. Sideal, edg. Wm Gallyhili, W. C. Stevens, and Mr. Slidell, wife, and family.
Schr. S. T. Baker, Davis, 17 days from Orchu, with

guano to Yarnail & Trimble.
Schr Charles Lawrence, Adams, from Little Egg Schr Deimont, Gales, from Gardiner, with ice to Knickerbocker Ice Co. Schr Eugene Borda. Dukes, from Kennebec, with ice to Knickerbocker Ice Co. Schr George and Emily, Harris, from Portland,

Schr George and Emily, Harris, from Portland, with fish to Knight & Sons.

Schr Mary Eveline, Mott, from Newburn, N. C., with shingles to Taylor & Betz.

Schr Robert L. Seth, Emley, from Baltimore, Schr Jane N. Baker, Reed, from Boston, Schr Nightingale, Beebe, from Providence.

Schr Charlotte Fish, Williams, from Salem.

Schr Hannah Little, Smith, from Lynn.

Schr E. G. Socum, Slocum, from Boston.

Schr C. S. Edwards, Corson from Boston.

Schr J. J. Harris, Dayls, from Somerset. Schr J. J. Harris, Davis, from Somerset. Schr Thes. Fish, Willets, from Boston, Schr Rhoda Holmes, Bragg, from New York. Schr Baltimore, Dix, from Boston.

Correspondence of The Evening Telegraph.

EASTON & MCMAHON'S BULLETIN. New York Office, Sept. 8.—Seven barges leave in tow to night, for Baltimore, light. Ba: TIMORE BRANCH OFFICE, Sept. 8.—The following barges leave in tow to night, eastward:—
A. U. Buck, A. J. Taylor, L. D. Collins, George R. Burrett, Iowa, Late and Early, D. W. C. Stephens, R. J. Chard, and H. L. Wilgus, all with coal, for New York.

ew York. James Loughney, with coal, for Trenton. PHILADRIPHIA BRANCO OFFICE, Sept. 9. — Ten light barges left this port yesterday for Baltimore, and one with iron ere, for Wilmington, Del. L. S. C. Special Despotch to The Evening Telegraph.

HAVRE DE GRACE, Sept. 9.—The following boats left this morning in tow:—
J. E. Biackwell, with lumber to Patterson & Lip-Edwin, with lumber to Craig & B'anchard. Chattanooga, with lumber to Taylor & Betts.

Young Ladies institute, No. 1642 Green Street. Dates resumed September 14. REV. ENOCH H. SUPPLEE, A. M., PRUSSIAN BLUE-THE NEW NOTE PAPER.
DREKA.
CARD ENGRAVER AND STATIONER,
6 S1 tuths (No. 1033 CHESNUT Street.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

FIFST CONGREGATIONAL UNITARIAN CHUR H, corner of TENT4 and LOCUST.—Services resumed next Sunday, 11th inst, at usual nour, 10% o'clock.

9 9 2t*

CENT.'S FURNISHING GOODS. FINE DRESS, IMPROVED SHOULDER-SEAM PATTERN SHIRTS.

MADE BY R. EAYRE, ONLY, [5 4 wfm4m8p 58 N. SIXTH St., below Arch.

FOR SALE.

FINE SUGAR PLANTATION FOR SALE.

Situated in the State of Louisiana, parish of Plaquemines, at about thirty-five miles below the ity of New Orleans, on the left bank of the river Mississippi. Having a front of about thirty-six acres on said river, by a depth of about thirty-seven acres, making a superficies of thirteen hundred and twentythree acres, about four hundred acres of which are under culture, the greater portion planted with sugar-cane. A sufficient quantity of seed-cane will be reserved to plant about one hundred acres next season. With all necessary buildings, including a nne dwelling-house, sugar-house, with steam sugarmill, and the Hillieux apparatus, all complete, and in actual use, laborers' quarters, stables, etc. This plantation is susceptible of making three to four hundred hogsheads of sugar next year, and the crop can easily be raised to six hundred hogsheads, and

Tities indisputable.

This tine property will be sold low, to close a con-

For further particulars apply to

No. 206 WALNUT Street, Philadelphia,

E. L. MOSS,

demand prevails. Sales of 2000 bushels Western at 1998 and prime Pennsylvania and Delaware at 590.

Seeds—The receipts of Cloverseed continue light, and it sells in lots at \$3.95@3.50. Temothy is in demand at \$6@5.25. Flaxseed is wanted by the crushers at \$2.25@2.30.

Barley is in demand and 4000 bushels Iowa sold at \$1.49.

Mr. Washburne's Address.

The March on the Capital.

Panic in the City

Irresistible! Prussia

And Diplomacy Powerless.

NEWS

Mr. Washburne's Address to the Parisians. PARIE, Sept. 9 .- The following is the address delivered by Minister Washburne to the crowds

of people and soldiers who came to serenade

FROM THE PACIFIC.

him last evening:-"I thank you, on the part of my Government, for this demonstration. I shall have great pleasure in transmitting the thanks you express with so much eloquence for the recognition of the new republic of France. In my communication, to which you make such kind greeting, I have but made known the sentiments of the President and people of the United States of America, who take a profound interest in the great movement just inaugurated in France, and will desire most fervently its success and the happiness and prosperky of the French people. Existing themselves under a republican form of government, they know how to appreciate its benefits. With warm hearts and language they felicitate their former allies on the accomplishment of a pacific revolution, free from all stain of blood, and claiming the sympathy of all

lovers of true liberty." Along the boulevards to-night there were many shouts of "Vive les Etats Unis!" and "Vive Independance!" The action of the United States Government is warmly commented on in all parts of the city.

Jules Favre called again to-day to reiterate his thanks to the nation and to Mr Wash-1848 and 1870.

The La France newspaper recalls the fact that in 1848 the United States was the first country to recognise the French republic, and she is first again in 1870.

Russian Criticism of Favre. St. Petersburg Sept. 9.-The Journal of this city, semi-off lal organ, says in relation to Jules Favre's late circular, "The French Government carries patriotism too far if rather than yield the fortifications and soil no longer valuable, it invokes a war of extermination. Prussia will naturally exact double guarantees to secure its noble victories. It is difficult to appreciate the language of M. Favre. He asserts that the cause of France against Prussia is that of right and justice, when only in July his language was precisely the reverse."

Alsuce and Lorraine. BERLIN, Sept. 9. - After a protracted conference among the members of the North German Confederation, it has been decided that the French provinces of Alsace and Lorraine are to be annexed to Germany and not to Prussia individually. French Imperialists in England.

LONDON, Sept. 9 .- MM. Rouher, Persigny, Baroche, Gramont, and other Imperialists have arrived in England. Rochefort's Influence. The letter of Henri Rochefort disclaiming the

violence of the Marseillaise newspaper has produced an excellent effect on the public mind. Workemen, who seem to consider Rochefort their particular representative, quite agree with him that this is no time to create difficulties. Prussians Imprisoned to Paris. PARIS, Sept. 9 .- Prussians who have not

soned to-day. Condition of Strasburg.

LONDON, Sept. 9 —Women and children only are allowed to leave Strasburg. The Prussian fire on the city is incessant, but apparently without result. A practicable breach is no

obeyed the order to leave the city were impri-

likely to be made for a fortnight. Peace or Wart LONDON, Sept. 9 .- Everything is in a state of suspense. There is no important war news, and no one knows whether the next announcement is to be peace or war. Notes of a decided character have been addressed to Berlin on the subject of peace by the Cabinets of St. Petersburg and London. It is said that Queen Victoria has appealed to Queen Augusta in behalf

of peace. The Prusslans Steadily Advancing. Paris, Sept. 9 .- All accounts agree in stating that the Prussian army is advancing rapidly on this city by forced marches. The advance cavalry of the enemy has already appeared within ten miles of the fortifications of this city, and have cut he Northern Railway. The main army of the Prussians is now distant only thirty miles from Paris. The inhabitants of the city and suburbs are in a state of tremendous consternation and excitement consequent upon the near approach of the invaders.

Diplomacy Powerless Before the Force of Arms. LONDON, Sept. 9.—Diplomatic notes of the most decided character have been forwarded to Berlin from the Cabinetsof both the English and Russian Governments, suggesting to Prussia certain terms of peace as likely to be acceptable to both France and Prussia. This note points out, with much clearness, that the present moment is most opportune for the consideration of peace proposals, masmuch as all further cause of irritation would be avoided should those proposals receive the necessary consideration before

the bombardment of Paris. In accordance with the course taken by England and Russia, Queen Victoria has addressed a most affectionate letter to Queen lAugusta of Prussia, beseeching her to use that influence which it is well known she possesses over the Kingito bring about this desirable consumma-

FROM NEW ENGLAND. Collision on a Race Course. MANCHESTER, Sept. 9 .- This forenoon the

stallions Lexington, owned by J. Tyler & Co., of Claremont, N. H., and Lucius Speck, owned by C. C. Smith, of Corinth, Vt., while exercising on the race track, each going in opposite directions, collided, instantly killing the latter horse, the shaft penetrating his vitals. Lexington has a shaft wound in his breast and right fore leg broken, and will have to be killed. Incy were both valuable horses.

FROM THE PACIFIC COAST.

Disnster at Sen-Eighteen Lives Loot-SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 9 .- The steamship Tauinga collided with a coal ketch near Auckland, New Zealand, on July 23d, and both vessels foundered immediately, eighteen lives being

Letters from England reached Auckland on July 15, via San Francisco, and nine days before letters of the above date were received via the

Napoleon's Fete Day la Honolulu. HONOLULU, Aug. 24.-A solemn Te Deum was sung here in the Catholic Cathedral in commemoration of the fete of Napoleon, the King. members of the diplomatic corps, and officers of the United States steamer Jamestown were Velcanoes and Earthquakes.
The volcano of Mounaloa exhibits signs of

another eruption. There was a violent earthquake on August 7. The Queen Downger is eriously ill. Fire in California. San Francisco, Sept. 9. -The principal por-

tion of the town of Port Wine, Sierra county, California, was burned on September 1. Twentytwo buildings were destroyed. Great interest is felt here in the municipal

election which occurs to-morrow, and it is thought there will be a very close contest. The Printers' Strike.

which was renewed in Sacramento after its defeat here, has also totally falled. The Sacramento Typographical Union not only formally receded from the demands for which they struck, but also adopted a resolution absolving their members from the obligation not to work in the same offices with "rats," and suspending indefinitely all the rules of the union. The refusal of seven California newspapers to re-employ any strikers has thrown many men out of work. and mukes a demand for thoroughly competent compositors who have had no part in the move-

THE COAL TRADE.—The following is the amount of Coal transported on the Philadelphia and Reading Kailroad during the week ending

PIANOS.	
Total To Thursday, Sept. 9, 1869	.2,421,401 12 .2,892,778 15
Total all kinds for week	. 117,225 08 .2,301,176 04
Total for week paying freight Coal for Company's use	. 118,651 18 . 3,573 15
Anthracite Coal for week	Contraction Contr
From St. Clair. From Port Carbon. From I offsville. From Schuylkfil Haven. From Pine Grove. From Port Clinton. From Harrisburg and Dauphin. From Allentown and Alburtis.	5,363 0S 5,577 68 38,239 16 6,173 19 14,899 19
Thursday, September 8, 1870:—	

PIANOS

CHICKERING & SONS.

The late reduction of prices and the highly successful adoption of the ONE PRICE SYSTEM, now place these celebrated Plactos, which heretofore have been of the highest cost, within the means of the most economical of purchasers.

In connection with the general reduction of prices, special attention is invited to the New Styles of 75% Octave, three stringed Grann - QUAR's PIANOS, and Patent Grand Upright chanes, which magnificent Instruments how tarrly rival the famed Concert and Parlor Grands.

In these favor the styles, extraordinary reductions In these favor te styles, extraordinary reductions have been made in the New Price List.

DUTTON'S PIANO ROOMS.

Nos. 1126 and 1128 CHESNUT Street, Philadelphia. WM. H. DUTTON. N. B .- The best new Pianos to rent. 99 fmwlm4p

GEORGE STECK & CO.'S PIANOS.

Grand, Square and Upright. ALSO.

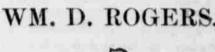
Mason & Hamlin's Cabinet Organs.

PRICES.

AN ELEGANT STOCK AT GREATLY REDUCED J. E. COULD.

> No. 923 CHESNUT STREET. CARRIAGES, ETO.

1870. FALL. 1870.



CARRIAGE BUILDER. Phaetons, Drags and Light Wagons

ROAD AND PARK DRIVING. Of Superior Finish and Newest Styles.

Built to order and for sale. Manufactory and Repository, Nos. 1009 and 1011 CHESNUT Street. 9 8 thstu2mrp PHILADELPHIA.

GAS FIXTURES. BAKER, ARNOLD & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS

GAS FIXTURES. CHANDELIERS,

PENDANTS.

BRACKETS, ETC., Of Every Design.

PHILADELPHIA.

S. W. Corner TWELFTH and BROWN.

S T O C R S L O A N S, E T C.

HOLGHT AND SOLD

AT THE BOARD OF BROKERS,

BY GEORGE J: BOYD,

7 14 thature No. 18 S. THIRD Street,