SECOND EDITION LATEST BY TELEGRAPH. WAR REPORTS BY CABLE

The Victorious Prussians

Way Open to Paris!

Crown Prince on the March Peace Yet Impossible!

Napoleon Laments His "Betrayal."

Bismarck's Regiment Destroyed

Desperate Strait of the French.

The Battle of Woerth

Edmond About's Experience. Proceedings of the Corps Legislatif.

Paris, Aug. 19.-In the Corps Legislatif last evening, Count de Palikao, Minister of War, took the floor, and in response to an inquiry made an explanation relative to the fact of

General Trochu being declared Governor of Paris.

The Government regarded it as a wise movement, he said, to confide the defense of the city of Paris to a person eminently qualified to increase the security of peace in the minds of citizens.

General Trochu will be replaced in command of the corps of reserves that were formerly under his command.

Reported Prussian Disasters.

Count de Palikao then informed the Corps that it was certain the Prussians had suffered severely in the late engagements. Their centre had been especially crippled. They had tried to retreat to St. Michael, but were not able to effect a junction with the Prince

Bismarck's Regiment Totally Destroyed. The entire regiment of White Cuirassiers, under command of Count von Bismarck, was totally destroyed near Schlettstadt. French peasants attacked a detachment of Prussian dragoons and made them prisoners.

The Count then dwelt upon the fact that a despatch from Brussels, emanating from a Prassian source, made no mention of these French victories.

The remarks of the Minister were received enthusiastically by the Deputies.

The London "Times" on the Situation. The Times, in its article on the situation to-day, says:-The road to Paris is open to the Crown Prince, who may leave Prince Frederick Charles to watch Marshal Bazaine.

The Blockade of Hamburg. A Hamburg letter says people there are quite reconciled to the blockade, adapting their business to its requirements.

Ne Peace yet Possible.

The Morning Post says semi-officially:-"No peace negotiations are afoot. The government is satisfied that France will not treat until she has done retreating. All turns on the capture of Paris."

Prince Murat. The Post also denies the story recently published of the presence of Prince Murat in

The French Army (ut in Two and the Road to The Times publishes a special telegram

from Berlin this morning, which contains

the following intelligence:-The French army has been separated by the victory of the Prussians at Mars-la-Tour. The main body has been forced back on Metz and brought to a stand by the first and second German armies, under Prince Frederick Charles and General Steinmetz. The road is now open to Chalons for the Crown Prince, who has only General Trochu and some fragments of Marshal MacMahon's corps to encounter on the way. The decisive

French Official Report of the Battle of Metz. Paris, Aug. 19.—The following was issued

GENERAL HEADQUARTERS, Aug. 18-5 P. M. -In the encounter of August 16th instant the corps of General Ladmirault formed the extreme right of the army. A battalien of the 78d Regiment of the line destroyed a Prussian regiment of lancers, and took its colors. There have been many brilliant cavalry charges, in one of which General Le Grand was killed at the head of his division. General Montaign is missing. The Prussian Generals Doering and Wedel were killed, and Generals Gironter and Von Rauch were

Prince Albert (?) of Prussia, commanding the cavalry, was killed. The following morning we were masters of the position previously occupied by the enemy.

On the morning of the 17th several com-

bats with the rear gnard took place near Gra-

The force of the enemy in the battle of the 16th may be approximately estimated at 150,000 men.

We have not yet the exact figures of our

Execution of Prussian Spies,

Paris, Aug. 19 .- The journals this morning say that nineteen Prussian spies have lately been arrested, and after trial and condemnation by a Council of War, they were shot at Fort de Montrouge.

Among the executions were five officers of the enemy's etat major who were arrested some days since in the plain of Satory, near Fort d'Ivry. These spies were disguised and were taking notes of the plans of fortifi-

Napoleon Says he has been Betrayed. The following despatches are from private

LONDON, Aug. 19-11:30 A. M .- The Daily News of this morning contains a despatch from Brussels which says Napoleon suffers from febrile monomania. He cries out that he has been betraved.

The French Disaster at Metz.

The London Times of this morning says a despatch from Berlin states that the French armies were separated at Mars-la-Tour, and the main army at Metz was checked by the 1st and 2d armies of Prussia.

The March to Chalons. The Crown Prince, with three army corps, is now marching to attack General Frossard at Chalons.

Desperate Strait of Bazaine's Army. The despatch adds that Marshal Bazaine must cut his way through the German army, or the army of the Rhine will be forced to

The Situation at Metz. LONDON, Aug. 19-8:30 A. M .- Part of the French army has been forced back to Metz.

The position there is regarded as very critical. More Peace Rumors. It is believed that preliminary negotiations for peace are under discussion here.

The Battle of Woorth-Edmond About's Expe-

Paris, Thursday, Aug. 18.—Edmond About describes the scenes after the battle of Woerth,

"One sees solid regiments, who proudly retreat, while a few bad soldiers, disbanded, lost, demoralized, and disarmed, throw themselves desperately into each by-path. I arrived just to stop three wretched Turcos, mounted on artillery horses, as they were entering an old quarry with the hope of making a short cut from the field. Our artillery must have been roughly used, so many caissons pass along the road without guns. But here comes one or two regiments of the line quite firm, tolerably complete in numbers, rifle on shoulder and knapsack on back. Behind them Marshal MacMahon, calm, dignified, almost smiling, and fresh as a rose. I salute him as he passes. He responds without noticing me. One of his aids, M. d'Alzac, names me. Then the old hero stops, and tells me quite simply the story of his defeat thus:—'I had only 35,000 men, and I found 150,000 in front of We have given way before numbers. They have killed or wounded about 5000 men. But we shall have our revenge. Explain this to the public. But where are you going in that direction?' 'To Saverne,' I reply a You will be cap tured. The Prussians will be there in two hours, says the General. 'I have my wite and children there, 'I answer. 'God preserve you. Do not fail to say that the morale of the troops is ex-We shake hands.

"I exchange a few pleasant words with M. d'Alzac, and I search vainly in the ranks of the staff as it moves on for the laughing and kindly face of M. de Vogue, officer of ordnance. This fine young man, full of promice, was killed by son with a bullet through the heart. Both a bullet through the forehead, and General Colside of the Marshal, who was reckless of his life. Last comes a regiment Last comes a regiment of Turcos, the most complete and finest of the three. These fellows have not thrown away their knapsacks nor their arms. One of the first comes out of the ranks and clasps me around the neck. It is Albert Dury, a fellowjournalist, and the excellent fellow begins by telling me: "I have been to your house; it is empty. All your people are safe but you. you see, am firm as a post. Oh, my poor friends! What a disaster! We will repair it, though." He runs off and disappears in the motley crowd of his comrades. A little further on I saw a civilian dressed in a short coat of grey velvet, who marches like an officer between two companies of the line. It is M. Guildran, the artist of the Illustration, an old friend of the day before vesterday. He earries his portefolio acrost his back, and to-morrow morning at Pfazburg he

will, no doubt, make a sketch of this shameful This Morning's Quotations. LONDON, Aug. 19-12 M.—Consols open at 91% for money and 91% for account. American securities firmer and higher. United States 5-20s, 1862s, 88%; 1865s, old, 87%; 1867s, 86%; 10-40s, 83. Stocks steady; Erie, 18; Illinois Central, 110;

Great Western, 23.
LIVERPOOL, Aug. 19-12 M.—Cotton opens firm middling uplands, 8%d.; middling Orleans, 9d. The sales are estimated at 12,000 bales. Sales of the week 71,000 bales, of which 14,000 were for expor and 5000 for speculation. Stock on hand 529,000 bales, 246,000 of which are American. Receipts of the week 22,000 bales, of which 4000 are American Flour, 25s. Lard, 72s. 6d. Refined Petroleum, London, Aug. 19—12 M.—Turpentine easier at 29s. HAVRE, Aug. 18.—Cotton firm, on the spot, at 98f.

Panis, Aug. 19 .- The Bourse closed firm yesterday.

FROM THE WEST.

Alleged Embezelement. St. Louis, Aug. 19 .- J. M. Edgar, clerk, and Benjamin F. Reynolds, manager of the branch office of the Wheeler & Wilson Sewing Machine Company, in the lower part of the city, were arrested yesterday for robbing the main office of about \$1000 worth of property.

West Point Cadetship. John P. Weisser, of this city, has been awarded the vacant cadetship at West Point for the Second Congressional district of this State.

FROM NEW YORK.

Fire at Auburn. AUBURN, Aug. 19 .- At 12 o'clock last night a fire broke out in the sash and blind factory and planing mill of Evarts Brothers. The building which was of weod, and the valuable machinery contained in it, were destroyed. Loss \$10,000; insurance \$8000.

FROM NEW ENGLAND.

Fire in Springfield. SPRINGFIELD, Aug. 19 .- A fire broke out at 1 o'clock last night in Richmond's stables, on Sanford street, and extended rapidly to Walker's and Sceery's blocks, on the same street, both of which were destroyed. The loss is heavy.

SAMUEL VAUGHAN MERRICK.

Meeting of Port Wardens-Resolutions of Re-A special meeting of the Board of Port Wardens was held this afternoon at their office, No. 119 Walnut street, for the purpose of paying the respect due the deceased as the President of the Board.

on motion of George W. Hacker, Esq., the meeting came to order by calling E. Harper Jeffries, Esq., to the chair, on taking which Mr. Jeffries paid a high compliment to the deceased. Samuel J. Christian, Esq., after alluding to the high estimation in which the deceased was held by the community, moved for the appointment of a committee to draft suitable resolutions. This was agreed to and the Chairman named S. J. Christian, George W. Hacker, and William M. Greiner.

The committee retired and in a few minutes returned and reported the following preamble and resolutions, which were unanimously

Whoreas, It has pleased the Sovereign Ruler of the universe to take from among us Samuel V. Merrick our late President, and Whereas, In all the relations of the deceased with his fellow-members of this board he uniformly exhibited not only the utmost courtesy but that marked and friendly interest in the individual wel-fare of each that was so fully in Keeping with his character as a Christian and as a man; therefore

Resolved, That we tender to the family and friends
of our deceased President our heartfelt sympathy

this the hour of their great affliction.

Resolved, That as a mark of respect to the memory of the deceased we will attend his funeral in a body.

John W. Everman. Esq., seconded the resolutions in a few appropriate remarks, after which the board adjourned.

THE SECOND CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT-THE REPUBLICAN CONTEST IN THE HANDS OF THE STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE .- John V. Creely, Esq., who claims to have been defrauded of the Republican nomination for Congress in the Second district, is not content with the decision of the City Executive Committee, which has recognized Hon. Charles O'Neill as the nominee. Mr. Creely from the first denied the right of the city committee to interfere in the matter, on the ground that any question affecting a Congressional district was a State matter, and therefore should be referred to the

State Central Committee. He accordingly repaired to Altoona, where the State Committee met on Tuesday last, and submitted his case to that organization. It sustained him in his claim, and referred the question of contest to the executive committee of the general committee. This body will sit in this city and hear testimony on both sides, after which they will report to the general committee.

INCENDIARISM .- About 10 o'clock yesterday morning a fire occurred amongst some straw in the cellar of the private stable of a Mr. Sykes, situated on Clapier street, near Wissahickon avenue, Germantown. The servants of the family, with the aid of the garden hose and several buckets of water, succeeded in keeping the flames down until the arrival of the firemen, when the fire was, as was supposed, extin-guished. About 1 o'clock P. M., however, as Fire Marshal Blackburn was examining into the affair, the flames broke out a second time, from beneath a pile of kindling wood, where they had been smouldering for some time. An alarm was again sounded, and the firemen soon arrived. Meantime the hands on the place re-moved everything of value from the building. Considerable difficulty was experienced in getting water, and before it could be obtained the place was damaged to the extent of \$1000. The building was owned by Mr. Sykes, and was in-sured for \$1000 in the Green Tree Insurance

U. S. COMMISSIONER'S CASE. - Before United States Commissioner C. P. Clarke, to-day at noon was arraigned one Herman Anger, on the charge of fraudulently dealing in cigars, untaxed and unstamped.

Alfred Stimmel testified as follows:-I am an Assistant Assessor of the Second District of Pennsylvania: I saw the defendant yesterday for the first time; he had in his possession ten boxes of cigars containing 100 each; they were neither properly taxed or stamped; they were old boxes with old stamps on them, cancelled in 1869 and May, 1870. The cigars were fresh, having been made within one month; he stated that he offered them for sale for the purpose of raising money to pay his rent. The accused was held in \$500 bail to answer.

RUNAWAY .- About 10 o'clock this morning a horse attached to a milk wagon, and driven by boy, became frightened at some object in the neighborhood of Eighth and Callowhill streets and dashed off. At Eighth and Willow streets the frightened animal ran into a mule team attached to a train of freight cars. One of the mules had a leg broken and was soon despatched; another was also badly injured. Strange to say, the lad and the runaway animal both escaped all injury.

MURDEROUS ASSAULT .- Yesterday afternoon the attention of a policeman was called to a row going on in the yard of a house on Twenty-fourth street above Hare, and entering he found two men fighting, one on top of the other, and the under one flourishing a knife. Separating them, he learned that the under one, named John F. Kelley, had made an assault upon the other with the intent of killing him. Alderman Pancoast held John in \$800 bail to answer.

ANOTHER RAID .- Last night Lieutenant Flaherty, with a squad of men, made a raid upon the low women that nightly infest the Eighth ward with their presence, and arrested eighteen of them. One of their number, named Eliza McGlenn, alias the Bully, made an assault upon Officer Thompson, and beat kim severely. For this she was sent to prison in default of bail. The others were fined and discharged.

ATTEMPTED SUICIDE .- About 814 o'clock this morning three of the Schuylkill Harbor Police force saw a woman at Arch street wharf, acting rather suspiciously. Approaching her they learned that she had come from Canada, had no friends, could obtain no work, and was going to commit sulcide. She was sent to the Almshouse. She gives the name of Ellen Megee.

RUN OVER .- Early this morning Isabella Tierney, residing No. 513 Lombard street, was run over by a hay wagon at Fourth and South streets, and severely injured about the body. She was removed to a drug store near by, where her wants were attended to, and thence to her

FIRE AND ACCIDENT .- About 10.15 last P. M. a fire occurred in Lloyd's coal oil refinery, at Gibson's Point. During its continuance one of the workmen, named Daniel Fennel, was badly burned about the head and face.

SERIOUS ACCIDENT.—Eaton Howard, aged 35 years, residing at No. 317 Bainbridge street, was badly injured this morning about the back by a bar of iron falling on him, at Washington street wharf. He was taken to the Second District Station House.

ANKLE SPRAINED .- This morning, Samuel Cotton, aged forty-five years, residing No. 525 North Twenty-fifth street, fell on the curbstone at Eleventh and Jefferson streets, and sprained his ankle. He was taken to St. Joseph's Hos-

FROM Turner & Co. we have received Every Saturday, Appleton's Journal, Our Boys and Girls, and the September number of The Transatlantic. The Central News Company, No. 505 Chestnut street, sends us the latest numbers of

Unsuccessful .- About 4 o'clock this morning the dwelling No. 146 Brown street was entered by thieves, who fortunately were frightened off before obtaining any plunder. LINE DRESS, IMPROVED SHOULDER-

SEAM

PATTERN SHIRTS, MADE BY R. EAYRE, ONLY, 18 4 wfm4m8p 58 N. SIXTH St., below Arch.

CITY INTELLIGENCE. THIRD EDITION FOURTH EDITION

The Demands of Prussia. Report of Gen. Steinmetz. Battle of Longueville. The Battle of Tuesday. French Official Report. Prussia's Peace Conditions The Prussian "Secret" Service.

AFFAIRS AT THE CAPITAL Important Census Returns.

Maval Officers and Surveyors

LATER WAR NEWS.

Bureau. Freedmen's

Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc. FROM EUROPE.

General Le Bouf. PARIS. Aug. 19-The report that the wife of General Le Bouf is a Prussian lady is contra-

The Prussian Secret Service. The authorities continue to arrest suspected parties. Many discoveries have been made of arms and papers, demonstrating a widely

extended system of Prussian spying throughout France. The public has been greatly excited these important developments, and demand imperatively that the severest punishment be meted out to such enemies. Patriotiem of Brittniny. Despatches from Brittany mention the patri-

otic ardor of the entire population. Volunteering in all parts of the empire is constant and enthu-The Battle of Longueville.

The Figure to-day has the following details of the battle of Longueville:-

The battle occurred at Borny, four kilometres (about 21/ miles) from Metz, and not at Longueville, as has been stated. The battle occurred on Sunday. Half of our army, which was about 200,000 strong, were passing the Moselle at that place on one bridge. The Prussians made a mistake and attacked about an hour too soon. The corps of General L'Admirault and De Caen were able to face the enemy in about half an hour from the time the first attack was

The Prussians had evidently a plan of the fortifications of Metz, but which apparently did not contain any indication of Fort St. Quintin, for in trying to avoid Fort St. Julien they marched directly towards Fort St. Quintin, which, when they came within easy range, opened very destructive fire on them. In their confusion, the Prussians retreated and came within range of the guns of Fort St. Julien, which also opened fire, increasing the loss of the enemy. The Prussians then attacked another point of our position, which was defended by only one regiment of infantry and a masked battery of mitrailleuses.

The latter immediately uncovered and made great havoc in the ranks of the Prussians. Firing ceased at half-past 7 in the evening, having lasted from 4 o'clock. We had about one thousand killed and perhaps as many wounded. The Prussians sent a flag of truce demanding an armistice for the purpose of burying the dead. They admitted the loss of 8000 thousand killed. The armistice was refused. In this battle the 1st Corps of Prussians was commanded by General Manteuffel and the 7th Corps by Count Zastrow. They had 50,000 infantry, 33,000 cavalry, and 96 guns.

The Demands of Prussia. The following important private despatch has been received by Messrs. D. C. Wharton Smith & Co., bankers of Philadelphia.]

LONDON, 1 P. M .- The demands of Prussia if pegotiations for peace are entertained are that King William be declared Emperor of Germany, the province of Alsace, including Strasburg, to be given to Baden, the Orleans family restored and Napoleon to be deposed. General Trochu is Governor of Paris. The

city is declared in danger. The Crown Prince is marching to attack Frossard, and Bazaine will be compelled to cut his way through the German army. Prince Albert, nephew of King William, and General Legrand were killed yesterday.

FROM WASHINGTON. Naval Officers and Surveyors. Special Despatch to The Boening Telegraph.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19 .- The Attorney-General has decided that the eighth section of the General Appropriation act of July 12, 1870, does not repeal the act of March 3, 1851, so far as relates to the compensation of naval officers and surveyors at the ports of Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, and New Orleans. He decides that this section gives to naval officers and surveyors the maximum compensation of \$5000 and \$4500, respectively, out of any and all lawful fees and emoluments.

Treasury Department Applications. Four thousand applications for appointments in the Treasury Department are on file, and as the force is being reduced instead of increased, the chances of applicants are not very en-

The Freedmen's Bureau has issued a circular stating that arrangements

have been made at the Freedmen's Hospital in this city for the care of disabled colored soldiers not provided for by existing laws. Applicants entitled to beneats will be furnished free transportation from their homes. A French Mail.

Application has been made to the Postmaster-General by W. H. Webb, of New York, to despatch a French mail to Havre on Tuesday next, per steamer Gulding Star, and has been granted. This mail will take both letters and printed matter, the compensation being the aggregate sea and inland postage, but no subsidy. This is the first American steamer that has carried a European mall for several years, and if Mr. Webb desires to continue the service at the same compensation the Post Office Department will

New York Produce Market. New York, Aug. 19.—Cotton in fair demand; sales soo bales at 19 %c. Flour heavy, but without decided change. Wheat declining: sales 26,000 bushels No. 2 at \$1 200 126; winter red, \$1 40 21 42. Corn firmer; sales 40,000 bushels mixed Western at \$6,200, Oats heavy; State, 20 2070. Provisions unchanged. Whisky steady.

FROM THE SEAT OF WAR

TO-DAY'S WASHINGTON NEWS.

FROM EUROPE.

General Stellumetz's Movements—The Terrifle Fight of the 16th Instant. Berlin, Aug. 19.—The Stantanzeiger of this city has the following details of General Steinmetz's movements: -The General succeeded in engaging the enemy while the latter was retreating from Metz in a southerly direction, and obliged bim to pause near Arricark, where, approaching on the left bank of the river, Prince Frederick Charles overtook the French left on the 16th. The Prince had the 3d Corps, just arrived from Verdun. This corps, although it had been engaged at Saarbrucken and Forbach. instantly attacked the enemy in company with General Stulpnagel's 5th Division, and maintained its ground against a superior force for six bours, until the Hanover corps, with the 224 and 25th Divisions, arrived on the scene. These six divisions, under Prince Frederick Charles, repulsed the 3d, 4th, 2d, and 6th Divisions of the French and the Imperial Guards. The Prussians took 2000 prisoners, two eagles, and seven guns, and constrained the enemy to a rapid movement from the banks of the Meuse to

the fortified city of Metz. King William's Peace Conditions. The New York Telegram's London special says the demands of the King of Prussia are stated to be as follows:-First. That he, King William, be declared Emperor of Germany, Second. That the province of Alsace, together with the city of Strasburg, be given to the Grand Duchy of Baden. Third. That Bayaria receive a full money compensation in consideration of her services and expenses in the war. Fourth That Napoleon III be deposed, and that an Orleans prince be placed upon the throne of France. The feeling in England and Germany is universal in favor of these conditions.

French Blockade of Prussian Ports. Advices received here from Copenhagen this morning inform us that the French blockade of the Baltic ports has been declared effective. Ten days are allowed for all vessels running out.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Census Returns

Despatch to the Associated Press. Washington, Aug. 19 .- The returns of the census are reaching the Superintendent's office now very rapidly. The reports of the enumera-tion in nearly the whole of Kansas were received-to-day, and the United States Marshal of San Francisco reports that he expects by the first of September to have concluded the entire enumeration of California. The returns from the Southern States are the slowest coming in. and the Marshals complain that some difficulty is experienced in obtaining information from the colored people, owing to the inability of great numbers of them, who live in the interior counties, to give correct responses to the questions propounded by the census officials. Already the returns indicate a vast increase in the population of the cities around New York. Although New York itself shows an absolute increase, there is not proportionately any similarity in the extent of that noted in Brooklyn or in any of the cities surrounding and immediately contiguous to the

great centre of trade and capital. National Banks in the South. Despatch to the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 19 .- The Comptroller of the Currency to-day authorized the establishment of a national bank at Richmond, Kentucky and also one at New Orleans, under the fifty four million clause of the currency act.

Gold Banks on the Pacific Coast. Senator Cole is in town to-day, and has been in consultation with the Comptroller of the Currency relative to the organization of gold banks on the Pacific coast, under the new act Senator Casserly has recently written to the Comptroller on the same subject.

FROM NEW YORK.

Murder Burglary, and Suicide. BINGHAMTON, N. Y., Aug. 19.—The bodies of two of the three burglars who murdered the young man Merrick in Halbert's store in this city on Wednesday morning were found this morning in Chenango river. After the marder they attempted to cross the river and were drowned. They were both injured, one of them very severely in the fight with the clerk at the store. Their confederate is still at large. bodies have not been identified, but it is evident they did not belong in this neighborhood.

Three men camping out in the woods have recently committed six burglaries near Silver Lake, Pennsylvania, 10 miles from this city. A young woman known as Susie French committed suicide in a house of ill fame here yesterday. She had been intimate with a man suspected of committing a burglary here re-

I ast night, in this city, a highwayman caught a boy, aged 16, menaced him with a revolver, and robbed him of his pocket book, containing a few dollars.

Commodore Vanderbilt. SARATOGA, Aug. 19 .- Commodore Vanderbilt is about in his usual health, and will leave for New York this afternoon.

New York Stock and Money Market. New York Stock and Money Market.

New York, Aug. 19.—Stocks dull. Money easy at 4@5 per cent. Gold, 116%, 5-208, 1862, coupon, 112;% do. 1864, do., 111%; do. 1865, do., 111%; do. 1865, new, 110; do. 1867, 110%; do. 1868, 110%; 10-408, 108. Virginia sixes, new, 63; Missouri sixes, 90%; Canton Company, 66; Cumberland preferred, 30; N. Y. Central and Hudson River, 93%; Eric, 22%; Reading, 85%; Adams Express, 67%; Michigan Cantral, 118%; Michigan Southern, 90%; Hilmois Central, 134; Cleveland and Pittsburg, 104; Chicago and Rock Island, 113%; Pittsburg and Fort Wayne, 94; Western Union Telegraph, 34%.

Bultimore Produce Market

Baltimore Produce Market.

Baltimore, Aug. 19.—Cotton quiet and scarce, and unchanged. Flour dull and prices favor buyers; Howard Street saperfine, \$6@6.25; do. extra, \$6.50@1.26; inferior to fair \$1.10@1.25; white wheat, \$1.40@1.45. Corn—Wulte, \$1.40@1.70; Western red, \$1.40@1.25; white wheat, \$1.40@1.70; white Western, \$00.@25.c.; yellow dull and neglected. Oats, \$6.47c. hye, \$0.685c. Mess Pork dull at \$30.50. Bacon quiet; rib-sides, 17%c.; clear do., 18%c, shoulders, 15%c. Hame, 26c. Lard dull at 17@17%c. Whisky firm at \$7.@26c.; sales late yesterday at outside figure.

FROM THE SOUTH.

The Virginia Springs.

Allegheny Springs, Va., Aug. 19.—The season at the Virginia Springs is now at its height. At Green Brier there are 925 visitors; at Old Sweet, 350; Hot Springs, 200; Rock-Bridge (alum), 350; Healing Springs, 200; Warm Springs, 100; Red Sweet, 300; Salt Sulphur, 100; Montgomery White, 300; and Coyner's, 100. Other springs have their quota. The crowd here cannot be accommodated in the cottages and are camping out. General Beauregard arrived to-day and was quartered in a tent. Ex-Gov. Herbert, of La., Gen. Gordon, of Ga., and Gen. Gov. Herbert, of La., Gen. Gordon, of Ga., and Gen. Hardee, of Alabama, are also here. General Robert E. Lee is at Hot Springs for the rheumatism. General Walker, of Virginia, and his aid, Colonel Owens, passed up the road last night en route for Montgomery Springs. The closing masquerade ball of the season at Green Brier White is announced for the 31st instant. There have been refreshing rains throughout the State for the past ten days, and the crops harvested in Virginia this year will be the most extensive ever known since the war.

THE SECRET TREATY.

Count Bismarck's Despatch. The following is the despatch from Count Bismarck on the secret treaty, read in the English House of Lords by Earl Granville:-

BERLIN, July 28, 1870.—From Count Bismarck to Count Bernstorit:—Your Excellency will be good enough to communicate the following to Lord Granville:—The document published by the Times contains one of the proposals which have been made to us since the Danish war by official and unofficial French agents, with the object of establishing an alliance between Prussia and France for their mutual aggrandizement. I will send the text of an offer made in 1866, according to which France offer made in 1866, according to watch France proposed to aid Prussia with 380,000 men against Austria, and to permit Prussia's aggrandizement by six or eight millions of subjects in return for the cession to France of the district between the Rhine and the Moselle. The impossibility of agreeing to this course was clear to all except French diplomatists. On this proposition being rejected, the French Government began to conscillate unon our deleat. France has not cased being rejected, the French Government began to calculate upon our defeat. France has not ceased to tempt us with offers to be carried out at the cost of Germany and Belgium. In the interests of peace I kept them secret. After the Luxemburg affair the proposals dealing with Beigium and South Germany were renewed. M. Benedetti's manuscript belongs to this period. It is not likely that M. Benedetti acted without the Emperor's sanction. Finally, the conviction that no extension of territory was attainable in conjunction with us must have matured the resolve to obtain it by with us must have matured the resolve to obtain it by nghting us. I have even grounds for believing that, had not this project been made public after our armament on both sides were complete, France would have proposed to us jointly to carry out M. Benedetti's programme against unarmed Europe, and to conclude peace at Belgium's cost. If the French Cabinet now repudiates aims, for our parti-cipation in which it has uninterruptedly labored since 1864, either by demands or promises, this is easily to be explained by the present political situa-

## A MURDERER'S CONFESSION.

A Frightfol Tale of Deprayity and Orime-The "Favorite Island" Horror. Young Beck, the murderer of Mr. and Mrs. Goode, and who was lynched by a mob in Tennessee lately, made in writing a confession which is published in the Memphis Ledger of the 15th inst. We quote from the document:-

MR. GOODE'S MURDER. On the 10th of May I killed Mr. Goode and Mrs. Goode. I killed them directly after dinner, between 1 and 2. o'clock in the afternoon. I was in the habit of hunting for an hour or so after dinner every day, but that day I took the gun to the corn-crib, and when the old man came after the bridles I shot him; he was looking up at me and laughing as I pulled the trigser, but said nothing-never spoke-he fell dead. I got down out of the loft and put my hand in his right pocket, and got \$5 and some

MRS. GOODE'S FATE.

I left the gun at the crib with one barrel loaded, and went immediately to the house; Mrs. Goode was sitting down by the fire in her own room, smoking, when I went in; I told her one of the cattle was in a hole and Mr. Goode wanted her to come and help get it out; I took an axe along and walked behind her into the woods on the path; I then struck her on the head with the axe and dragged her to one side of the path; when I took hold of her body to drag it away one of her slippers fell off; afterwards at a short distance the other came off: I did not move them; I think I dragged her ten or twelve feet;

I hit her on the side of the head. SHE FELL AT ONE LICK, and never spoke nor drew a breath after, though I did not notice much; I dragged her on her back by her feet; I did not disturb her remains: she made no noise at all, and mistrusted nothing: she thought a great deal of me, and I was sorry directly I done it; I had nothing against her; hated to kill her in the house, and got her outside because I thought I would have a chance to

do it behind her back and not look at her. SUMMING UP HIS LIFE, I did everything by myself; had no accom-plices, and never belonged to any secret organization, nor to any band of horse-thieves, or anything else. My only hope was to get away. If I stood trial I thought it would not be a hanging matter, because no one was on the island to see me commit the murder. I joined the North Methodist Church once; I thought I had religion; they gave me six weeks trial before being baptized; I did not remain a member long. do not expect any mercy here, but I think have a hope of it hereafter; I have no message to send to any of my family relations; I asked my brother's pardon before leaving, because knew I would have to die when I came here; consider the sentence passed upon me is just, and that the proceedings have been conducted in a justifiable and fair way; I do not wish to pray now; I prayed frequently for forgiveness while I was in jail. I never confessed anything to my kinsfolks about the murder; they accused me of it, but I never told them whether I did it I want you to write them how I died, and tell them to take warning by me.

HOPES OF SALVATION. Tell my father I advise him to meet me in heaven. I think I am saved-ready to die, and my way is clear. Tell all my friends I think I shall get there, and write to Matt McKey, Greensburg, Indiana, and tell him what time I

LEGAL INTELLIGENCE.

Nothing Done. United States District Court-Judge Cadwalader. A jury was in attendance this morning, but there being no business ready for them, they were discharged until to-morrow. John Kimmett, steward of the British ship Stadacona, who was convicted of smuggling silks, was in court to receive sentence, but after conferring with counsel, the Judge decided to allow the matter to stand over until Septem-

-Newarkers are happy. They have attained to Sunday horse cars and remote lager-beer

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