#### Continuation of the Coroner's Inquest -Tentmony of the Policeman who First Entered the House.

The New York Post of last evening says:-The inquest of Coroner Rollins in the Nathan murder was resumed this morning. The seats of the court-room were all filled with spectators, but there was no crowd in the aisles or at the door. Frederick and Washington Nathan were the only sons of the murdered man present. Both have olive complexions and curly hair. Frederick has thick black whiskers in addition to his moustache. Washington has a slight black moustache, but no whiskers. Mr. Emmanuel B. Hart accompanied the young men. Both of the latter looked entirely guiltless and

perfectly easy. TESTIMONY OF POLICE OFFICER MANGAM.

Officer John Mangam was the first witness examined:-He was about one hundred feet from No. 12 West Twenty-third street, the residence of Mr. Nathan; his attention was drawn by two men standing on the stoop in their night shirts: he gave a police alarm, and entered the house; one of the young men said his father had been murdered, and requested him to mount the stairs; he did so, and found the elder Mr. Nathan dead between the study and the front second-story room; he went through the top part of the house, searched it, returned to the body and found it warm. He sent for a doctor to the Fifth Avenue Hotel, and again placed his hand on the body, and found it cold; when the doctor came he said it had been dead three

Witness searched the house again and sent for another officer. Officer Rowley arrived and searched the lower part of the house; he found one back door open, but all the rest closely closed; he sent Rowley back to the station, and went down stairs; Frederick Nathan pointed to the iron instrument called a "dog," which was lying at the murdered man's side; witness picked it up and found blood on it; Frederick had blood on his night shirt bosom and skirt, and likewise had blood on his stockings.

Witness took particular notice of the front door during his patrol, and found it closed be-tween 136 and 436 A. M.; he heard no alarm whistle until Washington Nathan called the porter of the Fifth Avenue Hotel; he had tried the door at 5% A. M.; wire screens stood in the open windows of Mr. Nathan's bedroom; a light was burning in the front room during the night, which was visible from the street; on ascending the stairs he found the door of Mr. Nathan's room, leading into the hall, open, and also the door of the housekeeper's room, at the back; he saw a carriage standing at No. 103 West Twentysecond street, but no other in that street, during the morning: the house was of an objectionable

By Muansell B. Field, juryman—Saw the corpse of Mr. Nathan on the opposite side of the room, immediately on entering; the blood on the "dog" was dry; bloody footsteps were on the hall stairs; they were all descending foot-steps; saw no blood upon the door or upon its handle, nor yet in the hall, except the foot-

There was no blood on the bed, but some coppers were upon it; saw the pantaloons, shirt. and vest of Mr. Nathan; saw Frederick Nathan pick one of them up; the clothes were against the wall; the watch was gone from the vest; no blood was on the vest; Mr. Frederick Nathan opened a pocketbook and said there was a paper in it; did not look in the pocketbook; Frederick Nathan picked up the shirt; there were no studs in it, but sleeve buttons on the wristbands; there was a small patch of blood on one sleeve: there was blood on the walls of the room on each side of the door leading to the study; saw carpenter's tools in a chest in the house; they lay there in a disorderly way: saw the housenothing to her, nor she to him: did not try the back door nor examine the fastenings.

By the Coroner-There was blood on the front of Frederick Nathan's shirt, apparently daubed, and a spot on the front of the shirt; the housekeeper told witness that she had been a woke by the noise of Mr. Washington Nathan's loud calls: Washington Nathan said: - "Officer, offi-

cer, come in officer, come in." On witness reaching the steps, he said: -- "My father has been murdered:" did not notice father has been murdered;" did not notice whether Washington Nathan had or had not steckings on his feet; noticed stockings on the feet of Frederick Nathan; saw a tin box with an open lid in the study, with papers lying on the desk; also saw an overturned chair; there was a wooden drawer on Mr. Nathan's bed, containing three coppers; there was no blood on

## Immense Additional Rewards Offered.

The family offer a series of additional rewards for the detection of the murderer and the recovery of certain articles stolen at the time of the murder. These rewards are as follows: -Ten thousand dellars reward for the arrest and conviction of the murderer of Mr. Nathan. Two hundred and fifty dollars reward for the identification and recovery of the three diamond shirt-stude taken from the clothing of deceased

by the murderer. One thousand dollars reward for the gold anchor, stem-winder, hunting-case watch, nineteen lines, No. 5657, Edward Perregaux maker; also stolen by the murderer.

One hundred and twenty-five dollars reward for an old-fashioned open-faced gold watch—no description—stolen from the safe on the night of the murder.

Five hundred dollars reward for the identification of the steel "dog," or clamp, used as a weapon to commit the murder. The tool being used by ship-carpenters, pump-makers, boat-builders, and other hardwood workers.

Five hundred dollars reward for the man to come forward who was seen to ascend the steps of the Nathan residence, on the morning of the murder, and after picking up a piece of white paper walk away with the same.

It will thus be seen that there are several new clues announced for the purpose of affording the general public an opportunity to aid in the hue and cry after the murderer. The aggregate reward offered for the detection and conviction of the murderer is now the tempting sum of \$40,000, and the remainder is divided up in smaller sums for the recovery of the watch and diamond studs taken from the clothing of the murdered man, and a watch, a gold medal and a piece of paper picked up by an unknown man on the stoop, besides the identification of the murderous "dog." It is to be hoped that some of these lesser rewards will be speedily claimed by those fortunate enough to be in possession of information, as they will be of material use to the detectives in their search for

## Real Impenches Governor Hoffman

In a statement to the public, Real refers as follows to Governor Hoffman:-I have not been without hopes of a commutation of my sentence. It has seemed impossible to me that such evidence should not have had its effect upon the mind of the Governor. What man in my position could have thought otherwise? The Governor offers the Nathan murder, and Judge Barnard held up the Rogers murder as an excuse for my death.

But what had I to do with those murders? did not murder either Mr. Nathan or Mr. Rogers. I should have had justice without any reference to those murders. Should I, an innocent man, be sent to the gallows because the police failed discover the men who did those bloody deeds? But these are mere excuses. I am sent to my grave for far different reasons. All my po-litical friends in the Twenty-first ward were opposed to Mr. Hoffman's nomination for Governor. They gave all their support to the Hon. Henry C. Murphy of Brooklyn, who was a rival candidate. So long as my friends sustained Mr. Hoffman and the other Tammany nominees, so long I was undisturbed. My case was never called to trial until my friends supported Mr. Murphy as a candidate for Governor, months and months after I was arrested. facts are not only known to Gov. Hoffman, but to nearly every politician in the city. The Tammany politicians took advantage of the excitement caused by the Rogers murder to Chesnut street, the latest numbers of Panch and punish my friends for their refusal to support. Fun have been received.

Hoffman by bringing me to trial. Oakey Hall sat upon the bench with Judge Barnard, and the trial was rushed through without allowing me time to defend myself. Had my friends continued to uphold Tammany, I might now bave been at liberty. Men are now at large through the influence of Tammany who have committed, unlike me, unprovoked murders.

# CITY INTELLIGENCE.

## A SINGULAR CASE.

Robbery and Arrest. On Monday night the mill of Messrs. Crocker & McBride, manufacturers of shawls, situate on Shoemaker's lane, near the station of the Germantown Railroad Company, was entered and robbed of a lot of shawls to the value of The Fourteenth district police were notified, but could find no traces of the thieves. But singular cases occasionally occur in police matters, and this was destined to be one of Early yesterday morning one of the Ninth district officers found lying on the pavement in Callowhill street, near Twenty-third, an inebrated chap named John Moore, and by his side a carpet-bag containing two new shawls. Moore was taken to the station house, and being nnable to account for his possessing the goods

was sent to prison.

Licutenant Souder supposing that they had been stolen immediately detailed Special Officer McGrane to notify ail known shawl manufacturers, which he did, a number of them visiting the station house but failing to identify the stolen property. The Lieutenant was beginning to think that the fellow was innocent of theft when yesterday afternoon he was called upon by Mr. William J. McBride, of the above-named firm, who desired to see the shawls. The goods were at once shown him and readily identified as part of the articles stolen on Monday night. The prisoner Moore was then sent for, and Mr. McBride, on facing him, remembered to have seen him prowling around the mill on Monday afternoon. The evidence being so conclusive, Moore was taken before Alderman Pancoast, where the above facts were relterated. Moore now resides in Hotel de Perkins.

#### INSANITY.

Attempted Wife Murder-About 7 30 o'clock last night Officers Lex and Vanderslice, of the Delaware Harbor Police force, were startled by piercing cries of "Murand searching around found that they came from the second story of the house No. 728 North Front street. Entering through the street door they ascended the stairs, and on reaching the room at the head thereof, saw the occupant, Edw. Stover, endeavoring to throw his wife out of the window. Approaching him, Stover let go his hold on the woman, and made

a fierce onslaught on the officers. They for a moment dealt easily with him. supposing that he was intoxicated, but from the foaming at the mouth and the wild glaring of his eyes they soon discovered that he was insane. Arranging their plan of attack, one approached him from the rear, whilst the other menaced him in front, and in this way he was cornered and captured.

He was at once removed to the Seventh District Station-House and thence to the insane department of the Almshouse. Had it not been for the speedy assistance rendered by the officers, Mrs. S. no doubt would have met her death at the hands of her maniac husband

VIEWS OF THE SEAT OF WAR.-There have just been received at the Galleries, No. 1125 Chesnut street, a large number of magnificent photographic views of scenes in Belgium, Hol-land, and other parts of Germany. These views include streets and buildings in Berlin, Potsdam, Charlottenburg, Coblentz, Jena, Weimar, Ems. Erfurt, Weisbaden, Baden-Baden, Brussels, Amsterdam, Waterloo, Liege, Ypres, Rotter-dam, Utrecht, and Heidelburg. In addition to the above there are one hundred views of the Rhine, which are of special importance and interest at this moment. Among these are included all the great fortifications which are now surrounded by the hostile armies of France and Prussia. These pictures were taken by some of the best French photographers during the present year, and they represent the various places as they now appear, so that they are really the best war views that are likely to be placed before the American public, until after the conclusion of hostilities, at least.

"A SWITZER,"-John Buehler, a native of Switzerland, was employed a few days since by one Walter Verbeek, of Port Penn, Delaware, to help pick peaches for him. John worked well for a time, but ascertaining that on the place was a trunk belonging to one Nelson Linsen, containing some cash, he picked the lock thereof, and removing \$250 in notes and a lot of jewelry, took the boat for this city. Word being conveyed to the officers here, they were on the lookout for him, and last evening Special Officer Burns found him drunk and asleep on a cellardoor at Front and Walnut streets. On him was found \$46 of the money and two watches. John stated that he had paid \$17 for one and \$50 for the other. The remainder of the cash he said had been used in recovering some clothes from pawn and in carousing. John professed pentience and offered to refund all he had stolen. He will have a bearing to-day at the Central Station, and will be sent to Delaware for trial.

COMMISSIONER'S CASE,-This morning the case of John Kalmmett, steward of the ship Stadaeona, rharged with smuggling silks was continued before United States Commissioner

Benjamin Huckel, Acting Collector of the Port, testified to the manifest of the cargo of the ship Stadacona. There were no silks entered on the bill. The worth of the silks in United States currency was estimated at \$69,122.

Charles Redheffer, Inspector of Customs, testified to discovering the silks on board the vessel in the bread locker; the first time he visited the vessel was on Tuesday, for the purpose of measuring her berths; the second time, on Wednesday, the goods were discovered.

At the conclusion of the hearing the defendant was held in \$5000 bail to appear at court.

DRY GOODS .- Mary Black being fond of dress and having not the wherewithal to pay there for, yesterday determined to obtain at least one dress pattern on the sly. Accordingly she started on a trip along South street, and visiting Simpson's dry goods store, No. 537, succeeded in 'lifting" the article she fancied. The goods being missed, an officer was called in and sent in search of Mary. The officer traced her to Sixth and Bainbridge streets, and there arrested her. Alderman Collins sent Mary to Moyamensing, to study the fashions there.

SALT ASHORE.-This morning no less than five large vessels were discharging immense cargoes of salt at Race street wharf, consigned extensive and well-known house of William Bumm & Son, more largely engaged in this branch of trade than any other firm. The vessels were the ships Stadacona and Coroman-del, bark Tropic Bird, and brigs Roanoke and Hermes. The salt is from Buenos Ayres, and the unloading of such a large quantity gives employment to a great number of men.

ACCIDENT TO A PAINTER .- About 11 o'clock this morning Francis Fink, whilst engaged in painting the Northern Liberty Hose House, fell from the third story and sustained serious injury. He was taken to the Pennsylvania Hos-

pital BAD FOR MARY. - Mary McGlaughlin was this morning sent to prison for the theft of two gold rings and five dollars in cash from Mrs. Ryan, residing at No. 8 Ledger Place, with whom she had been boarding. The stolen property was found in Marv's possession.

RECKLESS JEHUS .- George Raner, Hartley Shoresmith, and Henry Ogle, all residents of Manayunk, have been held by Alderman Thomas in \$500 bail for recklessly driving through the streets of Germantown.

FROM TURNER & Co. we have receved Every Saturday, Appleton's Journal, and Our Boys and Girls. From the Central News Company, No. 505

RESIGNED .- Mossrs, Reed and Barnes, clerks appointed by the late General Leech, this morning tendered their resignations to the new Register of Wills, J. Alexander Simpson, to take effect at once.

SUDDEN DEATH .- William Smith, aged thirtyseven years, residing No 2711 Federal street, was found dead in his bed this morning. Good.- The Fifth District Police last night arrested five boys who were found running to

the fire at Twentieth and South streets. APPOINTED .- Register Simpson to-day appointed Thomas B. Reeves to a clerkship, vice Barnes, resigned.

## LEGAL INTELLIGENCE.

A Queer Forgery Case. Court of Quarter Sessions-Judge Paxson. This morning a young man answering to the name of Charles Baum was put upon trial on a charge of attempting to forge and utter the check of George H. Vandyke & Co., liquor merchants, in Market street, above Sixth. upon the National Bank of the Republic. From the evidence it appears that on the 25th of May the prisoner took a room at the St. Charles Hotel, in Third street, registering himself as James A. Lewis, of Boston. A few days afterwards he went to Mr. Vandyke and purchased a bill of liquors amounting to \$12.50, which he directed to be sent to No. 518 Callowhill street, where he said his brother, Adam Baum, Jr., kept a liquor store. He gave a fifty dollar note in payment, requesting change to be made by \$17.50 cash and \$20 by check, which was done and then he went away. The liquor was sent to the place designated by him, but no such person as Adam Baum, Jr., could be found there; in fact, the number was a tin shop.

In a short time he returned to the store and

said he had been unfortunate with his check, that he had accidentally used it in order to light a cigar, mistaking it for a piece of waste paper. He produced the remnant of the check, which certainly had the appearance of having been burned, but at the same time emitted strongly the smell of oxalic acid. Mr. Vandyke suspected something wrong, and accordingly sent for Detective Gordon, who came around and took Baum into custody. He told the detective that he was stopping at the Western Hotel, but a letter found on him contradicted the assertion. A number of checks, some filled and others blank, were found on him. In his room at the hotel a lamp, a small tin cup burned black and smelling of acid, and a piece of paper labelled "oxalic acid," were found, which led to the theory that he had attempted to obliterate the figures on the check by holding it over the acid while burning, and held the check too near the flame. The fact that he had endeavored to have the cheek certified as good at the National Bank of the Republic before it was at all defaced, seemed to corroborate this view. The case is still on trial.

### LATEST SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

For additional Marine News see Inside Pages, PORT OF PHILADELPHIA.....AUGUST STATE OF THERMOMETER AT THE EVENING TELEGRAPH 7 A. M......78 | 11 A. M......85 | 2 P. M......89

CLEARED THIS MORNING. Steamship David Reeves, Temple, Norfolk, Chas. Haslam & Co. St'r Tacony, Nichols, New York, W. M. Baird & Co. Steamer A. C. Stimers, Lenny, New York, W. P. Steamer A. C. Stimers, Lenny, New York, W. P.
Cyde & Co.
Schr T. B. Colton, Case, Fall River, Sinnickson & Co.
Schr Jos. Porter, Burrougha, New London, do.
Schr Gen. Torbert, Sheppard, Provincetown, do.
Schr Reading RR. No. 47, Reed, Newport, do.
Schr Mary Emma, Forsyth, Nantucket, do.
Schr T. H. Jackson, Wallace, Mystic River, do.
Schr G. S. Repplier, Blizzard, New York, do.
Schr David Siner, Huntley, Hudson, do.
Schr R. W. Huddell, Maloy, Norwich, do.
Tug Thomas Jefferson, Allen, Baltimore, with a tow

of barges, W. P. Clyde & Co.

Tug Fairy Queen, Wilson, Havre-de-Grace, with a tow of barges to W. P. Clyde & Co. Ing Thomas . en, Baltimore, with a tow

ARRIVED THIS MORNING. Steamer E. C. Biddle, McCue, from Richmond and Norfolk, with mdse, to W. P. Clyde & Co. Steamer Mayflower, Fultz, 24 hours from New York, with mdse, to W. P. Clyde & Co. Steamer R. Willing, Cundiff, 13 hours from Baltimore, with mose, and passengers to A. Groves, Jr. Bark Sancho Panza, Wiley, 10 days from Sagua, with sugar to Geo. C. Carson & Co.

Br. bark Polly, Rodd, 49 days from Briton Ferry, Wales, with railroad iron to Naylor & Co.—vessel to

B. Crawley & Co.
Brig William Welsh, Snow, 7 days from Matanzas,
with sugar to John Mason & Co.
Schr Cora Etta, Jones, 9 days from Sagua, with
sugar and molasses to Geo C. Carson & Co.
schr Sebsstopol, Blinstield, from Nanticoke River,
with lumber to Maul & Bro.
Schr George Taulane, Adams, from Hallowell,
with ice to Knickerbocker Ice Co.
Schr Jonathan May, Neill, 8 days from Bath, with
ice to Knickerbocker Ice Co.

ice to Knickerbocker Ice Co. Schr Rachael S Miller, Armstrong, from Provi-

dence.
Schr Sophia, Keller, from Norfolk, with lumber.
Schr Alexander, Boker, from Norwalk.
Schr James Alderdice, Willetts, from Saulberg.
Schr James H. Gallagher, Boyle, from Hartford.
Schr Adeline Townsend, Risley, from New York.
Tug Hudson, Nicholson, from Baltimore, with a
tow of barges to W. P. Clyde & Co.
Tug G. B. Hutchins, Davis, from Havre-de-Grace,
with a tow of barges to W. P. Clyde & Co.

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

HAVRE-DE-GRACE, Aug. 5.—The following boats left this morning in tow:—

Harriet Wilton and Atlantic, with lumber to Tay-R. F. Hartman, with lumber to Trump & Son. Baltimore Co. No. 82, with lumber to Patterson A

oppincott.
Charles Hebard and Louisa, with lumber for New Pennsylvania Co. No. 12, with coal, for Del. City. John Cullin, with coal, for Wilmington

MEMORANDA. Ship Wallace, Jordan, hence, arrived at Antwerp Br. steamer Parans, Wilkinson, for London, and

steamer Moro Castle, Adams, for Havana, cleared at New York yesterday. Steamer City of Merida, from Mexico, was at Havana 3d inst., to sail for New York the 6th. Steamer Iowa, Ovenstone, from New York, was at Bristoi, Eng., 4th inst.

Bark Roamer, Foss, for Philadelphia, cleared at St. John, N. B., 3d inst.

Brig Harold (of Philadelphia), from Portland for Matanzas, was spoken 26th ult., lat. 32, long. 88.

Brig Proteus, hence for Havana, was spoken 2d inst., off Cape May.

Schrs R. K. Vaughan, Risley, and F. B. Shaw, Shaw, for Philadelphia, at Boston 3d inst.

Schrs G. R. Murney, Murney, hence for New Haven, and Reading RR, No. 77, Austin, do. for Norwich, passed Hell Gate vesterday. Bristol, Eng., 4th inst.

WEDDING AND ENGAGEMENT RINGS of solid 18 karat fine geld. QDALITY WAR RANTED. A full assortment of sizes always on hand.
FARR & BROTHER, Makers.
3 25 wfmb No. 324 OHES NUT Street, below Fourth.

OFFICE OF CHIEF QUARTERMASTER,
THIRD DIST., DEPARTMENT OF THE EAST.
PHILADEPHIA, Pa., Aug. 5, 1870.
SEALED PROPOSALS in triplicate will be received at this office up to 12 M, on TUESDAY, the sixth day of September, 1870, for setting "Osage Orange" plants around the following-named National Cemeteries, in the State of Virginia (for the purpose of enclosing the same with secure hedging), viz.: Richmond National Cemetery. Richmond, Va. Richmond National Cemetery

Fredericksburg . Fredericksburg, Va Culpepper, Va. Winchester, Va. Staunton, Va. Danville, Va. Staunton Petersburg, Va. Poplar Grove Seven Pines Cold Harbor Seven Pines, Va. Cold Harbor, Va. Glendale, Va. Fort Harrison, Va. Hampton, Va. Yorktown, Va. panied by a sufficien Fort Harrison

Yorktown

Each proposal must be accompanied by a sufficient guarantee that in the event of the acceptance of the proposal the bidder or bidders will enter into a contract for the planting of the hedging.

The Quartermaster's Department reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

Any additional information desired by parties wishing to bid will be furnished upon application to this office. Bidders are required to bind themselves that if the plants do not thrive they will renew them for a period of two years, as they may happen to fall during that time.

HENRY C. HODGES, master Third Quartermaster's District, Department

# THIRD EDITION

WAR LATEST

CARLO SECTION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY.

Locking Towards Saarlouis.

A French Reconnoissance

Bloody Mitrailleuse.

# AFFAIRS AT THE CAPITAL

The Campaign Assessment.

Political Excitement in Richmond.

## Important Australian Advices.

FROM EUROPE.

A French Reconnolssance. Paris, Aug. 5.-The French General Bur-

gine made a reconnoitre on the 3d between Saarbrucken and Saarlouis to observe the movements of the Prussians. They were not found in any force in that neighborhood. The Fight at Saarbruck

on Saturday lasted six hours, and on both sides six hundred men were placed hors de The Mitrailleuse.

Judging from French accounts, the mitrailleuse has already decided the war. The Reported Naval Battle.

The story which recently originated in France about a naval engagement off Cuxhaven, in which a Prussian war vessel was sunk, is false. There has been no collision at sea between France and Prussia thus far. French and Prussian Arms.

The French say that the needle-gun recoils so badly that marksmen are soon compelled to fire from the shoulder. The French also say the Prussian cavalry carry old horsepistols, while the French have carbines of long range and admitting of aim.

Poles in the Prussian Army. The 5th Corps of the Prussians is mainly

composed of Poles.

Change in the Prussian Programme.

LONDON, Aug. 5 .- The Times of this merning says the plan of the Prussian Commanderin-Chief, General Moltke, has been recently changed from a defensive to an offensive one. An advance into France is threatened. It is possible that Prince Frederick Charles

will push forward and attack Nancy. This Afternoon's Quotations. LONDON, Aug. 5-2 P. M.—Consols 89½ for money and 80½ for account. American securities firmer. U. S. 5-208; of 1862, 83½; of 1865, old, 83; of 1867, 82½. Erie Railway, 15. Liverpool, Aug. 5-2 P. M.—Cotton — middling uplands, 71/d.; middling Orleans, 83/d. Stock adoat 493,000 baies, of which 50,000 are American. Cult fornia wheat, 11s. 3d.@1is. 4d.; red Western, 9s. 8d. red winter, 10s, 7d, @10s, 8d. Receipts of wheat for three days 6000 quarters, of which 2500 are American.

Corn. 828, 3d.

#### short ribbed middles. FROM WASHINGTON.

Provisions quiet. Bacon, 66s, for

WASHINGTON, Aug. 5. Despatch to the Associated Press. The President returned to Washington this morning, accompanied by General Porter. At noon there was a

Cabinet Meeting, attended by Secretaries Cox, Belknap, and Robeson, Postmaster-General Creswell, Attorney-General Akerman, Assistant Secretary of State Davis, and Assistant Treasurer Richardson. During his sojourn here the President is domiciled with Secretury Robeson. He will leave here to night for Long Branch, and on Monday proceed to St. Louis.

General Sickles. The leave of absence, with permission to go beyond the sea, granted Major-General Sickles, U. S. A., retired, in Special Orders 138, June 9, 1869, from the Adjutant-General's Office, War Department, is extended one year.

Honorably Discharged. At their own request Captains Edwards Parry and Frederick Phisterer, and First Lieutenant James W. Dixan have, under the provisions of the act of Congress approved July 15, 1870, been honorably discharged the service of the United States, with one year's pay.

Major Hale, paymaster, has been assigned to the Department of Texas. The Dominican Republic. Despatch to the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 5. - Secretary Robeson has received a letter from Commander J. F. Green, commanding the flagship Congress, dated St. Domingo City, July 21, in which he says:-"No change has taken place in the political condition of the Dominican republic since forwarding my last communication on the subject. In an interview with President Baez to-day he said the republic was in a peaceful condition, and that he did not anticipate any interruption to the present state of affairs so long as our Government should manifest a desire for the annexation of the republic to the United States. I learn from other sources that the rejection of the treaty by the United States Senate has caused considerable disappointment to the people of St. Domingo city and its vicinity, and that some persons, including both those who favor the treaty and those hostile to annexation, are disposed to attribute it to mismanagement and bad faith on the part of the Deminican Government in the negotiation of the treaty. I am inclined to the opinion that a withdrawal of the protection of the United States, and of the prospect of annexation at some future time, would lead to revolution by Cabral."

Assessment for Campaign Purposes.
Special Despatch to the Evening Telegraph. WASHINGTON, Aug. 5 .- General indignation is expressed by department clerks to-day at the unexpected denial of the report by the Republican Congressional Committee that one per cent. on clerk's salaries for political purposes had been reduced. The Secretary of the Interior has written a letter denouncing this arbitrary assessment, and many clerks will positively re-

fuse to pay it. The Case of R. R. Batler. Instructions have been sent to the pension

agent in Tennessee to make a careful investiga-tion of all the pension cases settled by the Hon. Roderick R. Butler, as it is believed he is guilty of irregularities other than those reported.

Exports and Imports. The report of the Bureau of Statistics just out shows that the imports during the eleven months ending May 31, 1870, exceeds the exports by only \$8,225,000, against an excess of \$85,055,000 during the same period ending May

Experiments in Ordnance. An important series of experiments are in progress at Fortress Monroe to test the strength

of 15-inch guns. Politics in Richmond. A serious split in the Republican party in the Richmond district, Virginia, is reported, consequent on the nomination of Charles H. Porter for Congress. The State Journal refuses to support him, and another paper will be started. It is expected that the opposition will put

another candidate in the field. Bountles and Arrears of Pay.

The claims for bounties, arrears of pay, etc. will not be affected by the recent decision of the Attorney-General covering in balances of appropriations, as such claims are paid out of what are known as indefinite appropriatious, which are not affected by the law. Pensions will not be affected by the decision, as an annual appropriation is made to cover all possible claims on this account.

## FROM THE PACIFIC.

Australian Advices-The Adelaide Government SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 4 .- Advices from Sydney, New South Wales, to the 30th of June have been received. The steamship City of Melbourne had 48 passengers engaged for London. It was not likely that Webb's line of steamers would obtain a subsidy from Australia. Prince Alfred was expected in Sydney on the 1st of August. Great preparations were making for an inter-

celonial exhibition. A nugget of gold weighing 93 pounds had

been found in Victoria. The governments of four of the colonies were holding a conference in Melbourne and had agreed to accept a protectorate unless England

H. H. Gordon and H. Wallstob, prominent journalists, have committed suicide. A noted bushranger highwayman, named

Powers, had been captured. The Adelaide Government had called for proposals for the construction of twelve hundred miles of telegraph lines overland to meet the cable which is to connect Sydney with Eng-

Parliament will meet on the 11th of August. The new Adelaide Ministry has been formed with Mr. Milne as Premier.

The English troops would be withdrawn from Australia in August. Mr. Spier, a colliery proprietor, has failed.

His debts amount to £30,000. Great floods have occurred in the northern part of Queensland, involving the loss of much live stock. The cotton crop promises to yield

Sir Valentine Fleming has resigned the Chief Justiceship of Tasmania. Shipping .- Arrived at Sidney, bark Openrade,

from New York. Arrived at Melbourne, bark Marian, and brig Protege, from Boston, bark Victor, from New York. Arrived at Adelaide, bark Chattanoogo, from New York. Exchange on London, 1s. premium. Kerosene 66c. Lobsters, \$2.25 per dozen: oysters, \$2 per

#### dozen. N. Y. MONEY MARKET YESTERDAY.

"The directors of the Bank of England, at their

usual weekly meeting this afternoon, further advanced the rate of discount, which is now six per cent. This action of a body of men who are credited with ever faithfully discerning the financial prospect, although generally anticipated in this country, has a significance and importance which point directly to the dread that England is about to be involved in the war of empires which seems to hang over the destiny of all Europe. A few weeks since the rate of discount was only three per cent. It was at first advanced but a half per cent., as much through an ignorance of the magnitude of the war then threatened as through a desire to prevent a financial panic and to bring the money rate gradually to a figure which should protect the interests of the Bank of England in the monetary movements to ensue upon a state of hostilities. The latest advance-the doubling of the original rate-and the prospect of a higher rate next week, which would not in the least surprise Wall street, are a tightening of the purse strings which denote an apprehension that the great shopkeeper of nations' may be drawn into the war. To us in this country it is significant that in London today, despite this change in the discount rate, our Five-twenties were firm and a shade while English consols were weak and lower. What is the inference? That the time has already passed when the first symptoms of war and the rush to sell depressed our securities below their intrinsic value, and that the reaction has set in which is to assign them their real place above every European national security dealt in at the London Stock Exchange. The speculative holders have lost their bonds and the capitalists and private investors now hold them. Had this intelligence reached us at any other season than the present, when Wall street is at the seaside and watering places, the dulness and inactivity of the hour would give place

to buoyancy, activity, and excitement.

"The money market showed a further relaxation, and the transactions on call at rates above five per cent. were purely exceptional. prevailing rates on all classes of collaterals were four and five per cent., the larger government dealers having balances left with them at three

"Foreign exchange was lower, although nominally quoted 109%@109% for sixty days sterling and 110%@110% for sight bills. The present demands of the market seem to be fully supplied by the bills drawn against the recent loan of the Baring Brothers.

"The Government market was strong, but shared the general dulness of the day. Prices advanced on light transactions, and the undertone of the market was decidedly firm. The steadiness of our securities in the English market, the light offerings to-day at the Treasury purchase, and the steadiness of gold, combined to occasion an advance of a quarter to three-eighths per cent, in the more active issues. It should not be forgotten, however, that the foreign bankers, who were heavy purchasers at the recent low quotations, bought simply for a brief speculative turn tions, bought simply for a brief speculative turn and not for investment. Hence, if the present prices should bring out sales of the bonds so held it will not be at all surprising. Indeed, the street may be prepared to see these reactions; but if the telegrams concerning the London market state the truth it is extremely doubtful whether speculative sales at these prices will prove at all profitable. The government offer to purchase elicited proposals for the sale of only \$1,793,200 bonds.

"The gold market opened on the street at 122, but declined to 1213 on the firm prices for our bonds in London. As soon as the advance in the rate of discount was made known the price recovered to 122, but again went off to 121% when it was found that the higher rate for money in London had not depressed American securities. Furthermore, although the specie shipment to-day was over a million and a half dollars, it is doubtful whether the shipments for the immediate future will be in proportion to the amounts sent since the inauguration of hostilities in Europe. The condition of the foreign exchanges is against any other presumption."

## FOURTH EDITION

## THE MEMPHIS JUDICIAL ELECTION

Increase of Pay in the Wavy.

**Orangemen's Celebration Postponed** 

Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.

### FROM THE SOUTH.

Memphis Judicial Election. MEMPHIS, Aug. 5 .- The judicial election yesday resulted in the defeat of the Republicans by 2000 majority. Colonel Eaton, United States Marshal, arrested the officers of election of the Sixth ward for a violation of the law enforcing the fourteenth and fifteenth amendments. They will be examined before United States Commissioner Smith on Monday. Great dissatisfaction. exists among Republicans from the fact that a large proportion of the Republican tickets were thrown out.

The United States officials are taking the depositions of a large number of colored voters in regard to frauds and intimidations.

General Smith, member of Congress, and Judge Smith were fined five dollars each in the Police Court this morning.

#### FROM WASHINGTON.

Increase of Naval Pay-

Despatch to the Associated Press. WASHINGTON, Aug. 5 .- The wages of all the enlisted men in the navy have been increased, by order of President Grant, to the amount of one dollar and fifty cents per month. By direction of the Navy Department this increase of pay has been extended to masters-at-arms. apothecaries, and other appointed petty officers.

### FROM NEW YORK.

Irlsh Excitement in New York City. New York, Aug. 5 .- There are no signs yet of the Orange parade, and it is believed it will not take place. An Immense crowd of excited members of the Ancient Order of Hibernians has gathered around the hall of the Order in Prince street. Large bodies of men are arriving from Brooklyn and Jersey City. The police are prepared for any emergency.

A Postponement. NEW YORK, Aug. 5.-It is said the Orange celebration has been postponed till next year.

New York Produce Market. New York Produce Market.

New York, Aug. 5.—Cotton dull and unchanged; 500 bales sold. Flour is without declared change; 8500 barrels sold. Wheat dull and declining. Corn is lower; 28,000 bushels sold; new mixed Western, 95@96c. Oats dull and heavy; 16,000 bushels sold; State, 65@66c.; Western, 56c. Beef quiet. Pork unchanged. Lard dull; steam-rendered, 16@17c.; kettle, 17½@17½c. Whisky dull at \$1.02.

## FROM THE WEST.

Death of a Clacinnati Lawyer. CINCINNATI, Aug. 5 .- Nicholas Heading died this morning from injuries received three weeks ago by being thrown from a carriage. He served one term as judge of the Court of mon Pleas, and after retirement from the bench went into a lucrative practice as one of the leading members of the city bar. He will be buried at Lexington, Ky., his native place.

Buittmore Produce Market. Baltimore Produce Market.

Baltimore, Aug. 5.—Cotton dull and nominally 19c.
Flour quiet and steady; Howard Street superfine, \$6@6.50; do. extra, \$7@8; do. family, \$8@9.50; City Mills superfine, \$6.25@7.25; do. extra, \$7.25@8.25; do. family, \$8.018.50; Western superfine, \$6.06.50; do. extra, \$7.07.50; do. family, \$7.50@8. Wheat steady; prime Maryland, \$1.70.0185; good to prime at \$1.50@1.65; white, \$1.55@1.90; Western \$1.50@1.53. Corn—white, \$1.15@1.20; yellow firm at \$1.10. Oats, firm. Rye, 95c. Mess Pork firm at \$3.10.31.50. Bacon firm; rib sides, 18c.; clear do. 1836.; shoulders, 153.26.66. Hams, 25@25%c. Lard quiet at 173.26.19c. Whisky, better feeling at \$1.92@1.03; stock scarce.

THE COAL TRADE.—The following is the amount of Coal transported on the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad during the week ending

Thursday, August 4, 1870:-	1
From St. Clair. From Port Carbon. From Pottsville. From Schnylkill Haven. From Pine Grove. From Port Clinton. From Harrisburg and Dauphin. From Allentown and Alburtis.	4,414 1 2,420 1 24,060 1 2,961 0 7,625 0 7,259 0
Anthracite Coal for week Bituminous Coal from Harrisburg and Dauphin for week	100
Total for week paying freight	85,635 1 2,790
Total all kinds for week	
Total To Thursday, Aug. 5, 1869	1,797,185 1 2,309,280 0
PHILADELPHIA STOCK EXCHANGE Reported by De Haven & Bro., No. 49 S. T BETWEEN BOARDS.	Phird stree

\$3000 City 6s, New.1013/ 20 sh Reading R. 473 \$3000 Pa 6s, 1st se. 5 do. 473 \$1000 C & A m 6s,89 90 100 do. 18.473 5 sh Acad Mus. 99 1100 do. 47.8 100 100 100 100 400 100 5 do...... 98% 1 sh Far & M Bk 121 10 sh Penns R... 58
17 sh Minehill R..

Monday... 50%
100 sh Cornplanter, 1%
10 sh Leh V R... 57%
100 sh Read R...24.47.69
100 do..., b8 47.69 20.41 .rg&in. do...s5&in.47 do...b5&i.4 SECOND BOARD.

\$1000 Pa R 1 mt 68.202 \$4000 W Jersey R 75 9714 \$1000 C & A m 68, 59 96 \$100 C & A m 68, 59 96 \$500 City 68, New. CENT.'S FURNISHING GOODS. TINE DRESS, IMPROVED SHOULDER

SEAM PATTERN SHIRTS MADE BY R. EAYRE, ONLY, [54 wfmams]

58 N. SIXTH St., below Arch. DENSIONS, PENSIONS .- ALL WOUNDER PENSIONS, PENSIONS.—ALL WOUNDED or disabled SOLDIERS, also the widows, children under sixteen, or dependent mothers and fathers of those who died in the service, or since discharge, of disease contracted in the service, who have not yet claimed a persion, should apply at once to R. BERTS. LEAGUE. CO., General Claim Office, No. 135 S. SEVENTH atrepto secure back pension, claims must be made within five years from date of discharge or date of death. Low standing or rejected claims promptly settled.

CLAIMS AGAINST THE MEXICAN GOV ernment promptly prepared for adjustment a settlement, by the Commussion now in seasion. All agg cations must be filed before June 1, 1870. Apply either person or by letter to ROBERT S. LEAGUE & CO. A LES South SEVENTH Street. Philadelphia.

COLDIERS WHO HAVE LOST THEIR D

charges are entitled to boucty, and it can be per cursed for them in all cases in which they would have be entitled if the discharge had not been lost, on an app cation made at once to R. S. LEAGUE & CO. at No. 8. S. SEVENTH Stroot, Philadelphia, either in reason of

BOUNTY, BOUNTY, BOUNTY.—SOLDIE!

enlisted for three years, between May 3 and July
1861, discharged before serving two years, and received
horney, are new entiried to \$100. Apply to ROBJERT
LEADLE & OO., Caneral Claim Office, No. 186
SEVENTH Street.