OUR RELIGIOUS COLUMN.

THE SANCTIFYING POWER OF CHRISTIAN ASSURANCE.

We become partakers of the Gospel through faith. "Believe in the Lord Jesus Christ, and thou shalt be saved." Jesus says, "I am thy salvation;" exclaiming on the cross, "It is finished."

Let us ask ourselves, What are the properties of this grace? And what the extent of that salvation that becomes ours upon the exercise of faith? Faith is trust, the more child-like the more spiritual. How simply does the little one trust the provision made for his daily recurring wants by a loving father! It never occurs to him that the supply may fail, or the love that makes it his grow cold: he is simply a receiver, and grateful obedience and love are all the return he can render to his parents.

So Christian faith takes the rich provision of our Heavenly Father's love, Christ. The fountain of supply, being the Divine nature, is exhaustless.

The child-like, filial communion between the saved sinner and the Holy Ghost is the purchase of the blood of Christ, which, cleansing from all sin, takes away every barrier to this sweet intercourse. Day by day he feeds upon the manna fresh from heaven, thus renewing his strength, and peace, and joy in believing.

Believer, let not your subtle adversary tempt you to look within your own heart for assurance of your interest in the great salvation. Even the graces of the Spirit you may discern here will be so marred by indwelling sin, that doubt and fear will be the result of all such inrospection. Obey the Holy Spirit; follow his light and guidance. He will reveal Jesus within you. He will take of the things of Christ, and show them unto you. "Beholdingas in a glass the glory of God in Christ Jesus, you will be changed unto the same image from glory to glory as by the Spirit of God." He will enable you to believe your spiritual inheritance limited only by your Saviour's possessions. Your faith incorporating you into His mystical body, you are one with Him.

By this vital union only can you be strengthened to bring forth the fruits of holiness to the praise and glory of God, your anchor not being cast within the leaky vessel; but in the cleft rock you will be *saved now* and *forever*.

SUMMARY OF CHURCH NEWS.

EPISCOPAL.

—The Rev. Dr. Milo Mahan, of Baltimore, Md., has been elected Professor of Systematic Divinity in the Episcopal General Theological Seminary at New York.

—The Bishop of New York, in accordance with the wish of the other four Episcopal bishops of the State, will soon issue a call for a meeting next October to organize the Federate Council authorized by the late General Convention and so bitterly opposed by the Evangelicals.

—It seems that ritualism does not always pay, even financially. A New York paper thus speaks of Rev. Dr. Ewer's church:—"The ministrations of Christ Church are conducted by the Rev. Mr. Brown, the assistant minister; the rector, the Rev. Dr. Ewer, being absent in Europe on a six months' leave, which it is understood will be extended to a full year, and may possibly result in the permanent dissolution of his relations with the church. In fact, it is claimed by some of the older members of the parish that in no other way can the church be saved from absolute bankruptcy. Although the congregation gathered on Sundays nearly fills the church, it is largely composed of curiosity seekers and strangers, and but eighty pews are rented. The current expenses of the church are about $20,000 annually, requiring to meet them the rental of every pew. Owing to the paucity of pewholders a floating debt was incurred of about $10,000, besides which there is a mortgage on the church of $40,000, and the rectory was mortgaged for more than $20,000. As a last resort the rectory, which originally cost $40,000, was sold, realizing barely sufficient above the mortgage to pay the floating debt of the parish."

—Rev. J. Anketell, an Episcopal clergyman, whose especial mission it is to prepare for a union with the Oriental churches, has been urgently advocating such a revision of the Nicene Creed adopted by the Anglican and American Episcopal Churches as will leave out the "*filioque*" clause, and leave the doctrine of the procession of the Spirit from the Father and not also from the Son. This is the doctrine of the Greek Church, as distinguished from the Roman addition to the original Nicene Creed. A circular letter sent by Mr. Anketell to the American bishops has been answered by seventeen of them. Six express themselves in favor of the amendment, six against it, and five are non-committal. Bishop Smith, the presiding bishop, says in his reply:—

"And oh! how much more profound is my astonishment and regret that any of the ministers of Christ should be so engrossed with such questions as this, and such puerilities as vestments and processions, to the neglect of 'preaching Christ and Him crucified,' and a more diligent and faithful care for immortal souls."

In returning to the Church of England, Mr. Foulkes, in order to avoid the necessity of giving assent to the later form of the Nicene Creed, was allowed by the bishop to repeat it in the original Greek.

PRESBYTERIAN.

—The United Presbytery of Western Missouri has adopted a resolution instructing sessions to exercise discipline on members who persist in indulging in "promiscuous dancing."

—The Rev. M. K. Schermerhorn, recently pastor of the Presbyterian church in Amenia, N. Y., having become a Unitarian, his name has been erased from the roll of members.

—The Second Presbyterian Church of Brooklyn, formerly Dr. Spencer's, has been united, retaining its name, with the Third Church. Rev. J. M. Greene, of the Third Church, will be pastor.

—A donation of $2500 by M. K. Jesup, Esq., of New York, has been presented, through the Rev. Dr. Plumer, to Columbia Theological Seminary, to be employed in founding a scholarship to be called, in honor of his father, "The Charles Jesup Scholarship."

—The year 1869 was one of prosperity to the Cumberland Presbyterians. Many new congregations were organized and new houses of worship erected. About 10,000 communicants were added. They now have 25 synods, 100 presbyteries, 2000 churches, 1400 ministers, and 150,000 communicants.

—The Rev. Dr. Wills, of Macon, has formally accepted the Presidency of Oglethorpe College, Georgia. The funds subscribed by the citizens of Atlanta will be appropriated to the erection of new college buildings, which it is hoped will be completed by January next. By that time it is expected that the college will be fully organized, and ready to enter upon its new career.

—In view of the pressing call for laborers, the late Assembly of the United Presbyterian Church directed the Board to seek out, and, if possible, send one new missionary to Damascus, two to India, one with Mr. Nevin to China, and one male missionary at least, and if the way is clear, two, to Egypt. Miss Theresa M. Campbell also was appointed to this field.

—Dr. Boynton, of Washington, is now and has long been a member of the New School Presbytery of Cincinnati, and will soon connect himself with a Washington presbytery. These facts were stated lately in presbytery at Washington, as a warrant for Dr. Boynton's supplying the Assembly's Church, the title-deeds of which require that none but Presbyterian preaching be allowed.

—The Presbyterian synods throughout the country have been at work the last few weeks dividing themselves anew into presbyteries. New York city is all consolidated into a single presbytery, while Philadelphia is split into two and a fraction. The Utica Synod had before it a proposition welcoming to membership the congregational churches still in relation with Old presbyteries; but the resolution was defeated on the ground that the utterance of the General Assembly on this matter was sufficient.

—The Presbyterian Church of Milledgeville, Ga., and the Trustees of Oglethorpe College having made a fair and honorable partition of the assets of the old college corporation, the former party have entered vigorously into the plan of the High School at Milledgeville, to equal any seminary in the United States. They start with fifty acres of land and buildings that cost about $75,000.

—The committee of the General Assembly on the thank offering of $5,000,000 propose a subscription for 1,000,000 free-will offerings of ten cents each week for fifty current weeks, from June 5 to May 14, 1871. Each offering, when complete, will amount to $5, and the whole to $5,000,000. These subscriptions will be carefully recorded and certificates issued to the subscribers of the amount of their partnership in the fund. Organizations are to be established in each church, and each presbytery is to put the subject on its docket and see that the plan is thoroughly carried out by its churches. The objects to be aided are institutions of learning in our own and foreign countries, church buildings and manses, institutions for the freedmen, and a sustentation fund.

METHODIST.

—The assets of the Boston Theological Institution are $200,000. New buildings are soon to be erected.

—The Methodist Church South has abandoned the plan of receiving members on probation. Persons are received into full membership without six months' trial.

—The foreman of the Chinese shomakers recently brought to North Adams, Mass., is a member of the Methodist Episcopal Church in San Francisco, and speaks English well.

—The British Wesleyans count this year 348,359 members in full connection, 20,407 members on trial, 23,946 losses by death or removal, a net gain of 2833 members. They have 83 candidates for the ministry and not one bishop.

—A church in Cold Spring, N. Y., has just been dedicated with the title of the "Grant M. E. Church." The Baltimore *Episcopal Methodist* calls this "ecclesiastical flunkeyism," and says "we have a new saint in the calendar."

—Mr. Pierce, the Methodist minister just sent to Salt Lake City, has started congregations in two out-stations. Judges Hawley and Strickland, of the United States Court, are on the board of counsel attached to his church in Salt Lake City.

—The Primitive Methodists of England number 162,157. They have 961 ministers; 14,322 local preachers; 3481 connectional chapels and 2916 other buildings; 3288 Sunday-schools, with 47,379 teachers and 271,892 scholars. The net increase in church membership the past year is 934.

—On April 23d Rev. W. M. Punshon, chairman of the Wesleyan Church of Canada, addressed an official letter to Sir George E. Cartier, Minister of Militia, asking that a Wesleyan minister might be appointed as chaplain for the Methodists among the troops of the Red River expedition. A very curt answer was received, and no indication given that the request would be even considered. This matter has brought out considerable discussion in Canada on the question of chaplaincies. Sir George E. Cartier, who is a Roman Catholic, and who has been pardoned his sin of once accompanying the Queen to church, has so arranged the chaplaincies in Canada that, while but 4000 of the 43,000 volunteers are Romanists, they have 12 chaplains, while the Protestants have but one temporary chaplain.

CONGREGATIONAL.

—Rev. Dr. Adams, of Brunswick, Maine, has just resigned a pastorate that has continued for more than forty years.

—The Second Congregational Church in Greenfield, Mass., has just dedicated a fine edifice, costing about $56,000. But there is a debt of about $20,000.

—In Vermont the Congregationalists number 18,732, more than two-thirds of whom are women. The Sabbath Schools number 20,044 members, and there are 199 churches and 212 pastors.

—An English paper announces that the Rev. Newman Hall, in concurrence with the desire of the elders of the Surrey Chapel, has just declined an invitation to a church at Chicago with a salary of $10,000.

—C. W. Park was ordained as a missionary to Ahmednugger, India, June 15, in the College Church at Amherst, Mass. On the following day he was married to Miss Anna M. Ballantine, of Amherst, a missionary's daughter.

—A church having sent only women representatives to the recent Congregational Convention at Oberlin, Ohio, the question of admitting female delegates was discussed, but was finally laid on the table by a vote of 55 to 53.

—The Maine Congregational Conference, meeting in Yarmouth, discussed Pastorates and Stated Supplies and The Bible in Schools. A committee on the question of the Washburn Will and the Bible Society reported the Bible Society in the right. About a dozen revivals were reported, 843 accessions to the 242 churches; 19,426 members, being an increase of 236; 59 pastors; 112 stated supplies; and 72 vacant churches.

LUTHERAN.

—The St. John's (German) congregation on the Frederick road, just outside of the city limits of Baltimore, formerly served by Mr. Lubkert, but now by Mr. Donner, has lately, by a unanimous vote, resolved that hereafter only such doctrines shall be proclaimed from their pulpit which are based upon the principles of conscience and of evangelical (?) individual church liberty, which, in obscure English, plainly means the lowest sort of rationalism, and that hereafter no minister of that Church shall belong to any orthodox Synod!

BAPTIST.

—The Baptists have organized their work in Greece by ordaining Mr. Sakellarios, formerly in the employ of the American and Foreign Christian Union. The services were conducted by American Baptists, Mr. Constantine acting as interpreter.

—A new Baptist church edifice has just been dedicated at Lewisburg, Pa. It is a stone structure. Its cost was $50,000. Its pastor is the Rev. Robert Lowry, recently pastor of one of the most prominent Brooklyn churches. The Rev. Dr. Castle, of West Philadelphia, preached the dedicatory sermon. "The golden age of the Church not yet passed" was the theme. Ten thousand dollars were raised to aid in liquidating the church debt.

REFORMED (GERMAN).

—During the last two years some twenty-nine or thirty thousand dollars have been contributed to the college at Lancaster and the seminary at Mercersburg.

THE JEWS.

—A Jew in Hanover, Germany, recently refused to have his son circumcised, and the synagogue refused to enter the child on the list of the congregation. The father appealed to the courts, and the congregation was directed to enter the name. They have appealed to the higher court.

THE CATHOLICS.

—A Franciscan monk named Hotyl, who had written in defense of Dr. Dollinger, has been summoned to Rome by order of his superior "*ad recreandum animum*," and is now recreating himself in a narrow cell, deprived of books, thus enjoying a Roman summer.

THE FRIENDS.

—A theological controversy among the Friends of Lancashire, involving the questions of Evangelicalism and Unitarianism, has proceeded so far as to be a prominent subject of thought at the annual meeting of the British Friends.

Philadelphia Actors in Boston.

The summer season was inaugurated at the Museum last night, by the Craig Burlesque Troupe. Two original pieces by Mr. Craig were given—the first a protean farce, *A Dress Rehearsal*, amounting to very little, and only tolerable from some of the excellent imitations of noted actors given by Mr. Craig; and the second a burlesque entitled *Don Juan*, which compares favorably with all other burlesques, and would be much more enjoyable if severely pruned. Mr. Craig himself, as "Haidee," is an excellent burlesque actor, and created a capital impression. Of the other members of the company, we may notice, for favorable mention, Mr. H. Josephs as "Zoe," and James as "Lambro," "the mildest mannered man that ever scuttled a ship or cut a throat." The costumes, scenery, and properties are all very fine, and the transformation scene at the close is elegant and effective. The same bill will be repeated every evening during the week, and this and Saturday afternoons.—*Boston Traveller, July 6.*

THE KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

Trouble in the Order—Attempt to Enforce the O. B. N.—Some Lodges Deprived of their Charters.

Since the first of June the Grand Chancellor of the Knights of Pythias of the district, Mr. F. G. Calvert, has, in compliance with the mandate of the Supreme Lodge, been visiting the several lodges of the district for the purpose of administering an additional oath or obligation, known as the O. B. N.; that they are not, nor will become, members of no: fraternize with members of the S. P. K. The action of the Supreme Lodge and Chancellor has created considerable feeling in the order here, and in some of the lodges the membership to a man have refused to take the so-called O. B. N., the principal objection being that it is an extra obligation, which, it is contended, the Supreme Lodge has no power to impose, as the entire ritual of the order teaches that when the Knight's degree is reached the party has taken the highest degree of the order. In some of the lodges, when the lodges as such determined not to subscribe to the O. B. N., the Grand Chancellor demanded the charter and property of the lodge. Several of the lodges gave up their charters, but denied that the grand officers had any right to the property. Damon Lodge, No. 13, located in Green's Hall, on Pennsylvania avenue, between Seventeenth and Eighteenth streets, was one of the lodges which refused to take the O. B. N., and on Monday, through her Chancellor (H. B. Cattell), surrendered the charter. On Monday night the members assembled as usual, when they found that the room had been entered and all the paraphernalia and working property had been carried off. A search was made, but unsuccessfully, and an informal meeting was held, and Messrs. R. A. Bassford and W. Otto were appointed a committee to continue the search, and if necessary take legal steps to obtain the property. Having satisfied themselves of the manner in which the property was taken, and the place of concealment, they yesterday went before Justice Marsh and caused a search-warrant to issue, charging that they had probable cause to suspect that the goods were concealed in the houses of one of the following gentlemen:—Messrs. Lewis B. Parker, Frederick G. Calvert, W. H. Goodacre, J. B. Knox, W. H. Stewart, or L. T. Parker. The warrant was placed in the hands of Detective Bigley (who is a member of the order), and he at once commenced his inquiries, and received an intimation that he would be in possession of them before night. About 5 o'clock P. M. yesterday a huge chest, to the care of Mr. Bigley, was left at police headquarters. In this chest was found all the property, in good order and condition. The paraphernalia was stored at headquarters, and will be held by Mr. Bigley until the case is decided.—*Washington Star, July 7.*

GOVERNOR SEWARD.

The Noblest Act of His Life.

Recently Senator Carpenter, of Wisconsin, delivered an extemporaneous address before the graduating class of the Columbia Law College, at Washington, from which we take the following eloquent allusion to a half-forgotten incident in Governor Seward's career. Mr. Carpenter said:—

And yet the profession has its rewards. "Heaven is above all yet. There sits a judge," whose approbation is the lawyer's highest reward. And even in this world the profession has its rewards. Who would think of weighing gold against tears of gratitude, trickling down the cheek of poverty, rescued by your ability, your courage, and your fidelity from unmerited doom? You all remember how Mr. Seward, while at the bar, without fee or reward, and braving the uproar of popular clamor, defended a negro against the charge of murder on the plea of insanity, which, in the popular belief, was a falsehood, although the fact was subsequently verified by the death of the negro in an insane asylum. This was years ago—prior to the thirteenth, the fourteenth, and the fifteenth amendments to the Constitution—and before the negro became an object of national justice and political affection. Mr. Seward has since passed through an eventful and illustrious career of public life, during which he has "sounded all the depths and shoals of honer," and has finally retired to Auburn to collect his thoughts and compose his soul before leaving the shores of time to enter upon an eternal career beyond the celestial gates. And methinks as he sits in that tranquil retreat, looking out upon the uneasy and stormy world, where "restless mediocrity" is rising to the surface to-day to sink out of sight to-morrow, and looking back over the incidents of his busy life, he would not exchange the recollection, the consciousness of duty performed, in rescuing this unfortunate individual of a degraded race, smitten with mental malady, and in peril of the prejudice, the passions, the rage of the populace, more fearful than maladies, for the largest fee he ever received, or for the memory of the proudest achievement of his political life.

A HIGH OLD CIRCUS.

A Circus Troop Circumvented—The Great Australians in Limbo—Circus Actors Take to the Highway—Miss Minnie's Lions.

The Great Australian Circus Company, so-called because no member thereof has ever been in Australia, unless as a public benefactor at Botany Bay, has come to grief. At Riverhead, Long Island, the other day, the treasurer decamped with $4000, all the money of the concern, whereupon the residents brought in their bills for hay, corn, oats, cider, pork, and other feed for man and beast. The representative of the Long Island Railroad Company also presented bills for transportation furnished, but there was no money to liquidate the claims, and the managers and several of the actors were arrested and lodged in jail. The circus property was levied upon, and everything, including the sawdust, was placed in the hands of the Sheriff.

There had been no salaries paid for some time, and the actors not arrested had nothing wherewith to defray their expenses to and from Riverhead, whereupon two of them, George Rebbel, of New York, and Hendrick F. Gafgen, of Ridgewood, fell back upon their old business, and took to highway robbery. These clerks of St. Nicholas overcame Mr. Nathaniel Hempstead in the night time, and deprived him of his day's wages. Yesterday afternoon they were captured on board the mail train in Jamaica, and were locked up. Several other actors are charged with having acted in a like indecorous manner towards the peaceful burghers, who now look upon all bareback riders as barefaced raiders, and will shun them accordingly for all time henceforth forever.

Among the animals seized by the Sheriff were the lions belonging to Miss Minnie Wells. This young but muscular Amazon proposes to take her case into court.

The Dickens Sale.

It seems very strange that the family of an eminent man who, dying, left a large fortune to his heirs, should consent to the dispersion at public sale of the articles especially associated with his memory. Yet this is the case in the family of Charles Dickens. Scarcely is the body of the great novelist cold in the vault in Westminster Abbey, when a sale of his pictures and other works of art is announced to take place at the rooms of a leading London auctioneer. Many of the articles to be sold are presents to the deceased, or portraits of himself, or illustrations of his works painted by the best artists. For instance, there is the celebrated portrait by Maclise, representing Mr. Dickens as he appeared in the flush of early manhood in the year 1839. In the list of miscellaneous paintings there are works by Webster, Frith, Clarkson, Stanfield, Wilkie, and other artists of celebrity. Among the articles of *vertu* are bronzes, porcelains, and other elegant trifles. All these are to be sold on Saturday of this week, and will undoubtedly bring high prices; but it is difficult to understand how any sum of money can induce the Dickens family to part with treasures that to them should, one would think, be of inestimable value.

It will be remembered that Mr. Thackeray's books, pictures, and other personal effects were sold off after his death in the same hasty manner.

CITY ORDINANCES.

COMMON COUNCIL OF PHILADELPHIA,
CLERK'S OFFICE,
PHILADELPHIA, July 8, 1870.

In accordance with a resolution adopted by the Common Council of the city of Philadelphia on Thursday, the 7th day of July, 1870, the annexed bill, entitled "An Ordinance to Create a Loan for a House of Correction," is hereby published for public information.

JOHN ECKSTEIN,
Clerk of Common Council.

AN ORDINANCE

To Create a Loan for a House of Correction.

Section 1. The Select and Common Councils of the City of Philadelphia do ordain, That the Mayor of Philadelphia be and he is hereby authorized to borrow, at not less than par, on the credit of the city, from time to time, for a House of Correction, five hundred thousand dollars, for which interest, not to exceed the rate of six per cent. per annum, shall be paid half yearly on the first days of January and July, at the office of the City Treasurer. The principal of said loan shall be payable and paid at the expiration of thirty years from the date of the same, and not before, without the consent of the holders thereof; and the certificates therefor, in the usual form of the certificates of city loan, shall be issued in such amounts as the lenders may require, but not for any fractional part of one hundred dollars, or, if required, in amounts of five hundred or one thousand dollars; and it shall be expressed in said certificates that the loan therein mentioned and the interest thereof are payable free from all taxes.

Section 2. Whenever any loan shall be made by virtue thereof, there shall be, by force of this ordinance, annually appropriated out of the income of the corporate estates and from the sum raised by taxation a sum sufficient to pay the interest on said certificates; and the further sum of three-tenths of one per centum on the par value of such certificates so issued, shall be appropriated quarterly out of said income and taxes to a sinking fund, which fund and its accumulations are hereby especially pledged for the redemption and payment of said certificates.

RESOLUTION TO PUBLISH A LOAN BILL.

Resolved, That the Clerk of Common Council be authorized to publish in two daily newspapers of this city daily for four weeks, the ordinance presented to the Common Council on Thursday, July 7, 1870, entitled "An ordinance to create a loan for a House of Correction;" and the said Clerk, at the stated meeting of Councils after the expiration of four weeks from the first day of said publication, shall present to this Council one of each of said newspapers for every day in which the same shall have been made. 7 8 24t

LUMBER.

1870 SPRUCE JOIST. SPRUCE JOIST. HEMLOCK. HEMLOCK. 1870

1870 SEASONED CLEAR PINE. SEASONED CLEAR PINE. CHOICE PATTERN PINE. SPANISH CEDAR, FOR PATTERNS. RED CEDAR. 1870

1870 FLORIDA FLOORING. FLORIDA FLOORING. CAROLINA FLOORING. VIRGINIA FLOORING. DELAWARE FLOORING. ASH FLOORING. WALNUT FLOORING. FLORIDA STEP BOARDS. RAIL PLANK. 1870

1870 WALNUT BOARDS AND PLANK. WALNUT BOARDS AND PLANK. WALNUT BOARDS. WALNUT PLANK. 1870

1870 UNDERTAKERS' LUMBER. UNDERTAKERS' LUMBER. RED CEDAR. WALNUT AND PINE. 1870

1870 SEASONED POPLAR. SEASONED CHERRY. ASH. WHITE OAK PLANK AND BOARDS. HICKORY. 1870

1870 CIGAR BOX MAKERS' CIGAR BOX MAKERS' SPANISH CEDAR BOX BOARDS, FOR SALE LOW. 1870

1870 CAROLINA SCANTLING. CAROLINA H. T. SILLS. NORWAY SCANTLING. 1870

1870 CEDAR SHINGLES. CYPRESS SHINGLES. 1870
MAULE, BROTHER & CO.,
11t No. 2600 SOUTH Street.

PANEL PLANK, ALL THICKNESSES.—COMMON PLANK, ALL THICKNESSES.
1 COMMON BOARDS.
1 and 2 SIDE FENCE BOARDS.
WHITE PINE FLOORING BOARDS.
YELLOW AND SAP PINE FLORINGS, 1¼ and 4½ SPRUCE JOIST, ALL SIZES.
HEMLOCK JOIST, ALL SIZES.
PLASTERING LATH A SPECIALTY,
Together with a general assortment of Building Lumber for sale low for cash. T. W. SMALTZ,
5 31 6m No. 1715 RIDGE Avenue, north of Poplar St.

United States Builders' Mill,
FIFTEENTH Street below Market.
ESLER & BROTHER,
PROPRIETORS. [4 29 3m
Wood Mouldings, Brackets and General Turning Work, Hand-rail balusters and Newel Posts.
A LARGE ASSORTMENT ALWAYS ON HAND.

BUILDING MATERIALS.

R. R. THOMAS & CO.,
DEALERS IN
Doors, Blinds, Sash, Shutters
WINDOW FRAMES, ETC.,
N. W. CORNER OF
EIGHTEENTH and MARKET Streets
4 12 fm PHILADELPHIA.

GOVERNMENT SALES.

SALE OF NAVY VESSELS.

NAVY DEPARTMENT,
BUREAU OF CONSTRUCTION AND REPAIR,
WASHINGTON, D. C., June 25, 1870.

The Navy Department will offer for sale at public auction, at the United States Navy Yard, BROOKLYN, on SATURDAY, the 16th day of July, 1870, at 12 o'clock M., the live oak frame, copper-fastened screw steamer

SEMINOLE,

of 800 tons, old measurement.

Also, at the United States Navy Yard, WASHINGTON, on WEDNESDAY, the 13th day of July, 1870, at 12 o'clock M., the steam tug

PRIMROSE,

of 94 tons.

The vessels and their inventories can be examined at any time, on application to the Commandants of the respective yards. One-half of the whole amount of the purchase money of each vessel must be deposited at the time of adjudication, and the vessel must be removed from the Navy Yard within two (2) weeks from the day of sale.

The Government reserves the right to withdraw the vessels from sale for any purchaser who will pay the appraised value, with an increase of ten (10) per centum thereto. 6 25 stuth 9t

Corn Exchange Bag Manufactory
JOHN T. BAILEY,
N. E. Cor. WATER and MARKET Sts
ROPE AND TWINE, BAGS and BAGGING, for Flour, Salt, Super-Phosphate of Lime, Bone Dust, Etc. Large and small GUNNY BAGS constantly on hand.
8 1 Also, WOOL SACKS.

WINES.

URBANA WINE COMPANY'S
Imperial Champagne,
RICH, FRUITY, AND FRAGRANT,
Made after the French method, and superior to any other American Wine, for sale by
JAMES R. WEBB,
S. E. Corner WALNUT and EIGHTH,
5 21 stuth3mrp PHILADELPHIA.

PROPOSALS.

OFFICE U. S. ORDNANCE AGENCY,
Corner HOUSTON and GREENE Streets,
(Entrance on Greene,)
P. O. Box 1811,
NEW YORK CITY, June 23, 1870.

During the months of July and August, 1870, I shall, by authority of the War Department, receive sealed bids for the purchase from the U. S. Ordnance Department of PIG LEAD and LEAD BULLETS, as follows, deliverable at the points herein mentioned only:—

On SATURDAY, July 23, 1870.
One hundred tons Lead Bullets, Frankford Arsenal.
Fifty " " " Watervliet "
One hundred " " " Watertown "

On SATURDAY, July 30, 1870.
One hundred tons Lead Bullets, Frankford Arsenal.
Fifty " " " Watervliet "
One hundred " " " Watertown "

On WEDNESDAY, August 3, 1870.
Two hundred tons Pig Lead, New York Arsenal.
Fifty " " " St. Louis "

On WEDNESDAY, August 10, 1870.
One hundred tons Lead Bullets, Frankford Arsenal.
" " " Pig Lead, New York "
Fifty " " " St. Louis "

On WEDNESDAY, August 17, 1870.
One hundred and fifty tons Pig Lead, New York Arsenal.
Fifty tons Pig Lead, St. Louis Arsenal.

On WEDNESDAY, August 24, 1870.
One hundred and fifty tons Pig Lead, New York Arsenal.
One hundred tons Lead Bullets, Watertown Arsenal.
Fifty " Pig Lead, St. Louis Arsenal.

On WEDNESDAY, August 31, 1870.
Four hundred tons Pig Lead, New York Arsenal.
Fifty " " " St. Louis "

Proposals will be opened at 12 o'clock M. on the days and dates herein specified, all bids to be accompanied by a certified check or draft on New York for five per cent. of the amount offered for.

Bids must be endorsed "Proposals for Lead," and addressed to this office.

The Ordnance Department reserves the right to reject any and all bids not deemed satisfactory, and may at its option accept bids for amounts in excess of the quantities advertised for sale. Thirty days will be allowed for the payment and removal of the Lead.

Further information can be had on application to this office.

S. CRISPIN,
Bvt.-Colonel U. S. A.,
Major of Ordnance.
7 8 6t

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC HIGHWAYS, BRIDGES, SEWERS, ETC.
OFFICE OF CHIEF COMMISSIONER,
No. 104 S. FIFTH STREET,
PHILADELPHIA, July 7, 1870.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at the Office of the Chief Commissioner of Highways until 11 o'clock A. M., on MONDAY, 11th instant, for the construction of the following sewers:—On the line of Poplar street, from Sixteenth street to two hundred and thirty feet west of said Sixteenth street; Coates street from Sixteenth to Nineteenth street; Twenty-first street from fifty feet south of Wallace street to Locust street; Cherry street from Friedlander street to Clayton street, thence on Clayton street to Race street; Master street from Twelfth to Camac, and on Camac and Fawn streets from Master to Jefferson street; Kessler and Ninth streets from Parish to Ogden street, and on Ogden from Ninth to Tenth street; on Sansom street, to commence at the sewer at Twentieth and Sansom streets, and to extend eastward to the east line of Nineteenth street. The above sewers to be three feet in diameter. Also a two feet six-inch sewer on Eighteenth street from Mount Vernon street to twenty-five feet south of the south line of Wallace street, with such manholes as may be directed by the Chief Engineer and Surveyor. The understanding to be that the sewers herein advertised are to be completed on or before the 30th day of September, 1870. And the contractor shall take bills prepared against the property fronting on said sewer to the amount of one dollar and fifty cents for each lineal foot of front on each side of the street as so much cash paid; the balance, as limited by ordinance, to be paid by the city; and the contractor will be required to keep the street and sewer in good order for three years after the sewer is finished.

When the street is occupied by a city passenger railroad track, the sewer shall be constructed alongside of said track in such manner as not to obstruct or interfere with the safe passage of the cars thereon; and no claim for remuneration shall be paid the contractor by the company using said track, as specified in act of Assembly approved May 8, 1866.

Each proposal will be accompanied by a certificate that a bond has been filed in the Law Department, as directed by ordinance of May 25, 1869. If the lowest bidder shall not execute a contract within five days after the work is awarded, he will be deemed as declining, and will be held liable on his bond for the difference between his bid and the next lowest bidder. Specifications may be had at the Department of Surveys, which will be strictly adhered to. The Department of Highways reserves the right to reject all bids not deemed satisfactory.

All bidders may be present at the time and place of opening the said proposals. No allowance will be made for rock excavation, except by special contract.

MAHLON H. DICKINSON,
Chief Commissioner of Highways.
7 7 thsmst

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AUCTION SALES.

M. THOMAS & SONS, NOS. 139 AND 141 S. FOURTH STREET.

Sale at No. 1820 Arch street.
ELEGANT FURNITURE, ETC.
On Monday Morning,

July 11, at 10 o'clock, at No. 1820 Arch street, by catalogue, the entire Furniture of a gentleman going to Europe, comprising rosewood parlor suit, covered with crimson satin; centre and bouquet tables; rosewood piano made by Nunns & Clark; elegant mantel and pier mirrors; fine lace curtains; carved gilt cornices; fine carved Swiss wood clock and ornaments; walnut hall furniture; walnut dining-room furniture; extension table; china, glass, and plated ware; secretary bookcase; superior walnut chamber furniture; fine spring and hair mattresses; bolsters and pillows; wardrobe, mirror doors; elegant Axminster, velvet, and other carpets; large musical box; handsome gas chandeliers and fixtures; small fireproof safe made by Farrel & Herring; kitchen utensils, etc.

Furniture made by Moore & Campion. 7 8 2t

Sale No. 704 S. Second street.
FIXTURES OF AN ICE CREAM SALOON AND CAKE BAKERY, Counters, Show-cases, Marble Top Tables, Soda Water Fountain, Ice Cream Cans and Moulds, Bake Pans, etc.
On Tuesday Morning,

July 12, at 10 o'clock.

May be examined on the morning of sale at 8 o'clock. 7 8 3t

PUBLIC SALE—THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers.—Valuable Schooner, known as the "M. A. McGahan." On Tuesday, July 19, 1870, at 12 o'clock, noon, will be sold at public sale, at the Philadelphia Exchange, a one-sixteenth interest in the valuable schooner known as the "M. A. McGahan," 101 feet long, 27 feet in breadth, and 8 feet 4 inches deep; carries 230 tons of coal, and is in complete sailing order. Cost $20,250. May be examined at Pier No. 15, Port Richmond. M. THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers,
7 8 9 16 Nos. 139 and 141 S. FOURTH Street.

MARTIN BROTHERS, AUCTIONEERS.—(Lately Salesmen for M. Thomas & Sons.)
No. 704 Chesnut st., rear entrance from Minor.

Sale Otsego street, below Washington avenue.
FIXTURES OF A FIRST-CLASS DISTILLERY, Cistern, Copper Still, Copper Worm, Mash Tubs, Fermenters, Fan Blower, Water Pumps, 2 High and Low Wine Meters, large Locomotive Boiler, Smoke Stack, Iron and Copper Pipe, Yeast Cans, Tubs, etc., etc.
On Tuesday Morning,

July 12, at 11 o'clock, by catalogue, at the distillery, Otsego street, below Washington avenue, between Front and Swanson streets. 7 6 5t

Peremptory Sale.
500 WATER COOLERS.
On Wednesday Morning,

At 12 o'clock, at the auction rooms, No. 704 Chesnut street, 500 Water Coolers. Will be sold in lots to suit purchasers. 7 9 3t

CONCERT HALL AUCTION ROOMS, No. 1219 CHESNUT Street.
T. A. McCLELLAND, AUCTIONEER.
Personal attention given to sales of household furniture at dwellings.
Public sales of furniture at the Auction Rooms, No. 1219 Chesnut street, every Monday and Thursday.
For particulars see "Public Ledger."
N. B.—A superior class of furniture at private sale

THE SALE OF ELEGANT FURNITURE AT T. A. McCLELLAND'S AUCTION ROOMS, NO. 1219 CHESNUT STREET.
On Monday,

July 11, 1870, will consist of Double and Single Parlor suits, covered with rich plush and terry; Chamber Furniture, of various designs; Library Sets, Dining-room Tables and Chairs, Hall Stands, Office Tables, Hair, Husk, and Straw Mattresses; Elegant Centre and Bouquet Tables, Fine Sideboards, Piano Stools, Lounges, Bookcases, Towel Racks, etc., etc.

Sale positive.

Monday, 10 o'clock. 1t

THOMAS BIRCH & SON, AUCTIONEERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS, No. 1110 CHESNUT Street; rear entrance No. 1107 Sansom street.

Sale at No. 1817 Ridge avenue.
STOCK OF A RETAIL DRY GOODS STORE.
On Tuesday and Wednesday Mornings,

July 12 and 13, at 10 o'clock, at No. 1817 Ridge avenue, will be sold, without reserve, the entire stock of a retail dry goods store, comprising a large variety of dress goods, merinoes, flannels, muslins, linen goods, cloths, cassimeres, towelling, hosiery, trimmings, shawls, notions, etc.

The store fixtures will be sold after the dry goods.

The goods will be sold in lots to suit purchasers. 7 9 3t

Sale at No. 1638 Wharton street.
SUPERIOR WALNUT PARLOR, CHAMBER, AND DINING-ROOM FURNITURE, OAK COTTAGE SUIT, BRUSSELS, INGRAIN, AND VENETIAN CARPETS, ETC.
On Tuesday Morning,

July 12, at 10 o'clock, by catalogue, will be sold the entire household furniture of a family declining housekeeping, comprising walnut haircloth parlor suit, French plate mantel mirror; centre table, marble top; green reps lounge, superior walnut chamber suit, marble tops; oak cottage suit, hair and husk mattresses, bolsters and pillows, brussels, ingrain, and Venetian carpets; check and white matting, large office clock, china, glassware, cooking utensils, etc.

May be seen early on the morning of sale.

Catalogues ready on Monday. 7 9 2t

BY B