## CITY INTELLIGENCE.

8

## THE COAL TRADE.

The Scranton Sale The Demurrage Clause-The General Council of the W. B. A.- The

The General Council of the W. B. A.- The 2 Chinamen-Quotations, etc. The monthly Scranton sale, the Sith, of 80,000 tons, was held in New York on Wednesday. The attendance was large and the bidding brisk. There was a general advance in prices. The following abstract of the sale we copy from Saward's Circular: "Lump opened at \$4, advanced to \$4.07%, sold down to \$4.05%, and closed at that price, 1000 tons selling at \$4.02%.

down to \$4'05%, and closed at that price, 1000 tons selling at \$4'02%.
"Steamboat was in good demand, and passed off rapidly, selling at \$4'15 for the entire quantity.
"Broken opened at \$4'57%, sold up to \$4'55, became a triffe weaker, and declined to \$4'62%, but afterward rallying closed at \$4'57%.
"Egg opened with 1100 tons, selling at \$4'70, a break to \$4'75% took place, and 900 tons sold at \$4'55, then ralled to \$1'67%.
"Stone coal was in brisk request, opened at \$5'10, sold up to \$5'25, and fell off to \$5'20%, closing at \$5'22%.
"Chesnut sold well, passing off in large lots, opening at \$4'30, rapidly advanced to \$4'35, closing at \$4'80, with about 7000 tous selling at \$4'33'4, the price fluctuating throughout between \$4'30 and \$4'25."

The following is a tabular statement of prices, The following is a tabular statement of prices. with the amounts sold, and also the rates and quan-tity of the last month's sale: -June 29, 11,000 tons lump, \$4244075; 12,000 steamboat, \$415; 15,000 broken, \$45756644675; 12,000 chesnut, \$4306435. May 25, 10,000 tons lump, \$407566420; 12,000 steamboat, \$412566420; 15,000 broken, \$4206435; 11,008 erg, \$4126664255; 12,000 stove, \$667125; 12,000 chesnut, \$426644755. It is said that an attempt is to be made to intro-duce the same bill of lading at New York that has

It is said that an attempt is to be made to intro-duce the same bill of lading at New York that has been in force at Philadelphia during the post season, giving demurrage to vessels at Eastern ports of Sc. per ton per day, after twenty-four hours detention, for each hundred tons of cargo.

makes the following mention :--"The New York coals are fast supplanting those coming from Philadelphia to this market, because of the uncer-tainty of the supply where strikes are so frequent and long continued as in Schuylkill county, and where the cost is rendered so uncertain by reason of changes in toils and freights, and especially by the demarrance clause in the bill of lading used by the Philadelphia snippers, and last, though not least, because of the faulty preparations of Schuylkill ceals. We believe all the disadvantage under which we now labor can be greatly modified, if not en irely removed, and trust the subject may continue to receive the attention it so much deserves." To which all that can be added is, "He that hath cars to hear, let hum hear,"

ears to hear, let him hear." A private meeting of the General Council of the Workingmen's Beneficial Association was held at Centralia on Tuesday last. It is reported that the following terms on which work would be resumed were adopted and referred to the operators, who, it was thought, would accept them: Eight hours to be considered a day's work for laborers, who were to be paid by the hour, with a proportionate reduc-tion in the rates of wages, and the miners to accept a reduction of 20 per cent, on the basis of 1869 (\$3 per ton at Port Carbon). This resolution was inper ton at rort catoon, I has bestution was in-tended to costrol the men in all the coal regions governed by the W. B. A. It was thought that should the terms be accepted by the operators, work would be resumed about July 6. The only trouble is that it is not yet quite certain that such a resolution has been passed by the council. At a meeting of the Schuylkill county members of

the W. B. A., held last week, it was resolved to join politics with the present issue, and nominate a workingman's ticket for the fail election, at a con-

vention to be held in Mahanoy City on July 19. The New York Herald opens a new idea when it proposes to use the coming Chinaman as a miner, for which profession he would be particularly adapted on account of the little skill necessary and his carelessness to general comfort or condition of his carelessness to general comfort or condition of his while earning his little money. The price now hald for mining is that of skilled labor, which it is not, and this has to be paid because of the undesira-

It is thought that John will not object to damp and dangerous mines, and so will not charge more for his work than for stone breaking or other manual labor above ground. But perhaps, should he be inducted into this new sphere, he too might become impregnated with the spirit of the place, might become connected with trade unions, might might become connected with trade unions, might be engaged in the perennial fights and unending drunks, might be posting up "collin notices," and end up with catting off heads and pigtails in his own native manner, which last state might be worse than the first.

But even with all these possible evils, should his advent put an end to the great blow and little work at present in vogue, which is only to the interest of the speculater or like personages, we say decidedly

## FOURTH OF JULY.

# How the Day will be Celebrated in This City-The Old Soldiers-The Temperance Mass Meetings-The Minority Republicans-The Athletic-Mutual Base Ball Match-The Va-rious Excursions, etc. etc.

Figure 5 and an appropriation to defray the expenses of a mili-tary parade, but our City Fathers did not even allow the measure to come before them, so that all dis-plays that are made will be done at the expense of individuals.

The programme for the day will be about as fol-

lows:-The surviving soldiers of 1812 will hold their usual meeting in the morning, at which the Declara-tion of Independence will be read, and a series of

tion of Independence will be read, and a series or resolutions adopted. At 2 o'clock P. M. the prominent Republicans in Congressional districts where the Democracy are in the majority will meet at the Girard House for the purpose of protesting against the present manner in which the national patronage is distributed in their districts. It will be remembered in this connection that on the incoming of the present administration an arrangement was made at Washington by which Republican members of the House of Representa-tives were given the power of making the appoint-ments in their own districts, but that on Senators Cameron and Scott was bestowed the privilege of selecting the appointees in districts represented by Democrats. The way in which this patronage has been distributed has given offense to some of the representative Republicans in those districts. Hence above meetin

At 3:30 o'clock P. M. a grand mass meeting will be At 3:30 o'clock P. M. a grand mass meeting will be held in Independence Square, under the auspices of the Temperance Blessing, an institution which has accomplished great good in this city. The assem-blage will be addressed by United States Senator Pomeroy, ex-Governor Pollock, Rev. J. L. Withrow, Rev. H.A. Cleveland, and others. Professor Adams will recite a poem written for the occasion by John Hickey. Colonel William H. Maurice will recite the Declaration of Independence.

Declaration of Independence. In the afternoon, the first of a series of matches for the championship of the United States will be played between the Athletic Base Ball Club of this city and the Mutuals of New York. The game will

come off on the Athletic grounds, at Seventeenth and Columbia avenue. At the Union League the Declaration of Inde-pendence will be read, and in the evening a display of fireworks will be given under the direction of

For the works will be given inder the uncertain of Professor Samuel Jackson. In the afternoon, the temperance people of Ger-mantown and vicinity will celebrate the day by a mass meeting at Hunting Park, permission having been granted by City Councils for the parpose. Another Temperance jublice and picale will be held at Angora, on the line of the Media Raliroad,

at which content speakers will be present. The Germantown Caledonian Club will spend the day at Oakdale Park. The grand Scottish games which will be given are open to all. \$200 in prizes will be awarded to the champions of each feat. The Winona Base Ball Club will give their second annual excursion at Paoli Grove, on the Pennsylva-

nia Railroad. Trains every few hours for the

grounds. A festival in aid of the Church of our Lady of Con-solation, at Chesnut Hill, will be held at Cedar Grove. The Declaration of Independence will be read by S. E. Megargee, Esq., and an oration de-livered by Very Rev. Dr. Moriarty. The members and friends of Crozerville M. E.

Church will take a trip to Atlantic City. In addition to the above-named proceedings, in

which our citizens will participate, hundreds will take advantage of the holiday and spend the day in the country. The facilities for thus passing the day are numerous, and the different lines of steamboats and railway cars present inviting inducements. and rainway cars present inviting inducements. Trains leave at almost every hear on the Camdea and Atlantic, Cape May, Pennsylvania Central, Reading, North Pennsylvania, Philadelphia and Trenton, Camden and Amboy, Philadelphia, Ger-mantown and Norrist-wn, Media, and Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore roads, along each of which are many delightful spots. Then there are the various river boats plying between this city and the almost innumerable suburban retreats which the the Delaware and Schuylkill.

Mayor Fox, as have done his predecessors for years back, has issued the notice directing the policemen to enforce the ordinance against the use of fre-crackers, etc., and we expect that, as under pre-vious mayors, the order will be disregarded.

Anticipating the usual number of fires, Chief Eagineer Downey has addressed a communication to the various fire companies in the city, requesting them to attend fires only in their immediate neighborhood on Monday next, the Fourth of July. As a large number of alarms of fire are sounded on that day, many of the sections of the city are left anpro-tected by the absence of their companies at the

OBTICART.-Charies Humphreys, Esq., died on Tuesony last, at his residence in Thirteenth hear Locust streat, aged seventy-five years. He commenced his mercantile career at Middletown, Pennsylvania. A few years inter he became one of the firm of Hamphreys & Carlisle, located at Wal-nut street wharf on the Schnylkill. At a later period this firm was changed Dutihh & Humpreys, who be-came proprietors of the Union Transportation Line between this city and the West. Their business was very large, and they were a leading home up to about 1852, when the Pennsylvania Railroad Com-pany purchased the equipment of all the transportaabout 1852, when the Pennsylvania Railroad Com-pany purchased the equipment of all the transporta-tion lines. In 1853 he made, with C. J. Hoffman and John B. Koons, a copartnership, under the firm of Humphreys, Hoffman & Koons, in the dour and grain commission business. In 1856 this firm was changed to Humphreys, Hoffman & Wright, which was in a few years changed to Humphreys & Hoff-man. In 1856 Mr. Humphreys retired from active business pursuits, and the firm was changed to Hoff-man & Kennedy, which has continued until the preman & Kennedy, which has continued until the present time

THE ODD FELLOWS of Northwestern Pennsylvania will have a grand celebration at Meadville, July 4. Addresses are to be delivered by Vice-President Colfax and also by Past Grand Master John W.

#### MEXICO.

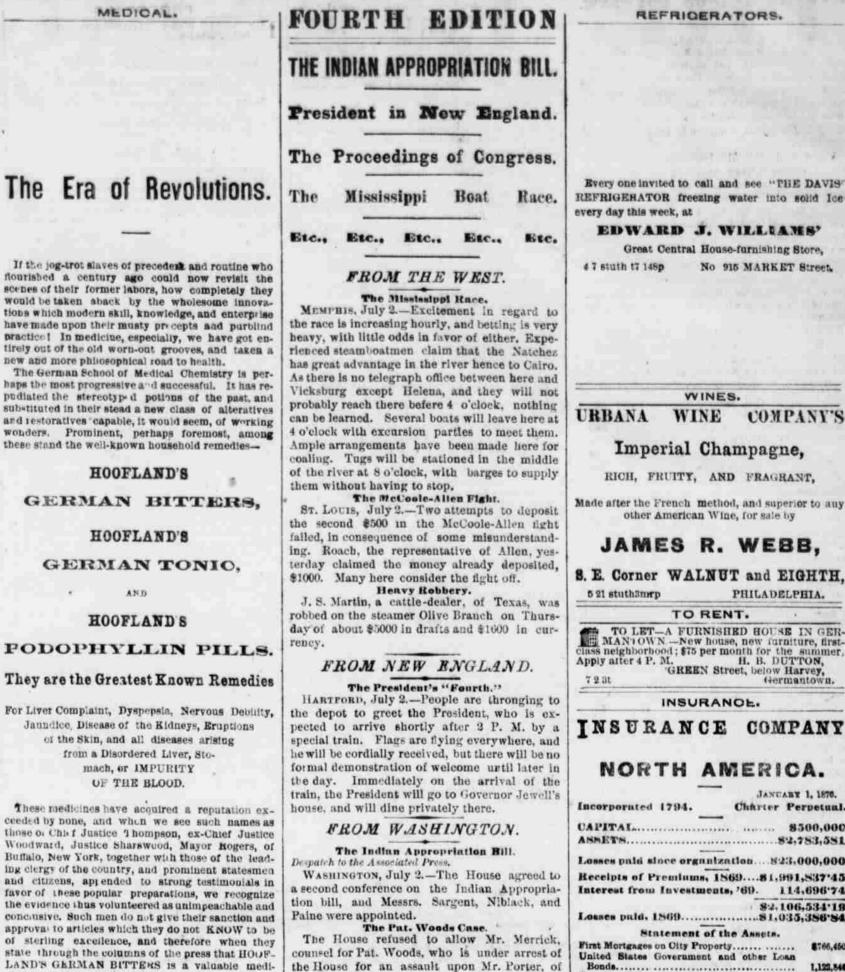
The Last Hours of the Congress-The Presi-dent's Speech-American vs Mexican Claims.

MEXICO CITY, June 8 .- The Congress of Mexico closed its session on the 31st of May late in the evening, a multitude of business having been crowded into the last moments, most of was abandoned unfinished. The imwhich portant question of finances was not fully con-sidered this session by that representative body, and as a result we have the anomaly of an attempt to keep up a government with a bankrupt treasury, and without ample provision being made for the expenditures which are indispensable for the preservation of a semblance of nder.

With reference to Mexico and the United States, it appears from the press of the capital that the Lower California question (the Leese grant) is being again revived, and the supposed anxiety of Richard Schell, General John A. Logan, August Belmont, General B. F. Butler and the other officers of the Lower California Company to gobble up the above mentioned peninsula is creating not a little excitement, esecially among the ignorant, who have not read the grant. The persons who are stirring up the matter are enemies of the present government and have resorted to all kinds of misrepresentations.

The following is the address made on the closing of Congress:-

PRESIDENT JUAREZ TO THE CITIZEN DEPUTISS:-I congratulate you, because at the close of the second period of your ordinary session we see, with great satisfaction, that each day the important work of in-suring peace and establishing the regular practice of our free institutions is more and more advanced. The remainder of the revolutionists in San Luis and Zacatecas having been unceasingly pursued only small bands remain, which cannot be long in disap-pearing. They do not occupy any city, nor do they prevent the au horities in all the States from per-forming their duty. For this reason the Executive has continued to enjoy the greatest support both in the good sentiment of public ophion, in the active co-operation of the authorities of the States and in the loyal services of the national army. Quickly and energetically were some bands of evil-doers disposed of which were raised in the spirit of that revolution. The painful but absolute necessity caused the law against robbers and kidnappers, which Congress has thought best to prolong for a year, seeing the salutary result; which it has produced ycar, seeing the salutary results which it has produced and the just spirit with which it has been enforced, in order to give security to person and property, which is the first duty of every society. The several subjects upon which Con-gress has been occupied in these sections are of grave interest and should be very beneficial for the future. Besides preferringly incoming for the several solution but investigating and voting for the Appropriation bill, thus fulfilling the constitutional rule, Congress has considered some projects of greater importance, which will be very useful in developing the elements of wealth, and has also continued the examination of the tar if of the custom house, wishing to make in it the modifications most convenient to encourage commerce. The discussion upon some of the consti-tutional reforms initiated by the Executive has been worthy of the character and illustriousness of the representatives of the people, by elevated political designs, by their profound study of those grave ques-



Virginia, to appear at the bar of the House and

The Louisiana case of Durrall, against Bailey was then taken up.

House.

Mr. Myers withdrew the motion for the present.

with the understanding that he would renew it on

Appropriation bill had been returned from the Senate, with a request for further conference, the

Senate, with a request for further conference, the conferees of the two houses having failed to agree. Mr. Sawyer, one of the House conferees, stated the grounds of difference between the two houses. The Senate, he said, insisted upon specific appro-priations under the treatles made since July, 1867, and that there iteraties between the two houses.

and that these treaties be recognized as the supreme law of the land. It claimed the exclusive right of

determining the propriety of making a treaty, the terms of such treaty, and with whom it might pro-

terms of such treaty, and with whom it might pro-perive be made, and that its action was not open to the criticism or control of the legislative power. The Senate conferees however, had offered to put a clause in the bill authorizing the President to use the money for any other purpose than those named in treaties in his discretion, but with the consent of the Indians. The House conferees had refused to the indians.

insert in the bill anything which could be taken as a ratification of consent to any Indian treaty made

since July 20, 1867, contending that the roving, irres-ponsible bands of Indians are not independent nations with whom treaties can possibly be made.

<sup>a</sup> hat the practice of so regarding and treating them had been fruitful of frauds on the Government and

injurious to the Indians. That the new treaties for which the House had

steady refused appropriations involved an expendi-ture of \$70,000,000 at least, and that to concede the demand of the Senate conferences would be to ad-

mit that that sum, and any amount whatever, chuld be taken from the Treasury without the consent of

the people's representatives, either as to the amount or to the use to which it should be applied; that the objects for which the money was to be used under

the treatles were in a great measure fantastic and useless; that the recent Indian delegation had denounced those treatles as a fraud and sur-

conference considered the question one not of money but of principle. The Senate conference, how-

Mr. Lawrence gave three reasons why in his judgment the House was not bound to carry out the In-dian treaties made in pursuance of the act of July.

First. Because by the express terms of that act Con-gress reserved to itself the right to determine what lands should be set apart for reservations to the Indians, and therefore no rreaty could be made binding Congress to appropriate money until these

reservations had been expressly approved by Con-

CONGRESS. Senate.

Continued from the Second Edition,

argue the case.

ponsible

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TO LET-A FURNISHED HOUSE IN GER-MANDOWN -- New house, new furniture, first-class neighborhood; \$75 per month for the summer, Apply atter 4 P. M. H. B. DOLLOW, 'GREEN Street, below Harvey, Germantowa.

INSURANCE.

INSURANCE COMPANY

## NORTH AMERICA.

	JANCARS	1 1070
Incorporated 1794.	Charter Pe	
incorporated 1784.	- Uniter Fe	erpetuni.
CAPITAL		500,000
ANNETS		
and the second	-	
Losses patd since organi	zation823,	000,000
Receipts of Premiums, 1	86981.991	.837.45
Interest from Investmen		and the second second
Losses pald, 1869	82.100	6,534.19
		1390.94
Statement of	the Assets.	
First Mortgages on City Prope		\$766,450
United States Government		
Bonde		1,122,846
Railroad, Bank and Canal Sto		55,708
Oash in Bank and Office		247,690
Loans on Collateral Security Notes Receivable, mostly Mari	Denminen a	82,558
Accrued Interest		91,357
Premiums in course of transmi		85,198
Unsettled Marine Premiums		100,900
Real Estate, Office of Company		30,000
	80.	783.581
DIRECT	OBS.	
Arthur G. Samuel W.Ja ass	Francis R. Oor	•
John A. Bros n.	Edward H. Tro Edward S. Cla	rke.
Charles Taylor,	T. Obariton H	ODTY.
Ambrose White, William Welsh,	Alfred D. Jose Louis C. Made Charles W. Cu	up,
	Charles W. On	shman.
John Mason, George L. Harrison,	Olement A. G.	riscom,
	William Brock	
ARTHUR G	OOFFIN, Presi	dent.
MATTHIAS MARIS, Secretary	PLATT, Vice Pre	eident.
O. H. REEVES, Assistant Sec		8.4

be experienced, however, in getting him there on account of opposition from present occupants. Not only would there be opposition in council, equal to any dispute in any place on the colored question, but bloodshed would undoubtedly follow. The mining class is undoubtedly the most able of any to resist by these means the encroachments of allens upon their birthright.

At Mauch Chunk during the past week, there were transported over both the railroads and canal 116,409 10 tons, against 100,071 09 tons the week previous-an increase of 15,439 e1 tons, and an in-crease over the corresponding week last year of 7,056 05 tons. The following are the current rates of freights

The following are the current rates of freights from Port Richmond for the week ending July 1:--Bath, \$2: Portland, \$2: Rockport, \$225: Portsmouth, \$2:15: Boston, \$2262:05: Chelsea, \$2: Charlestown, \$2: Fair Haven, \$1:75: Fall River, \$1:75; Gloucester, \$2:20: Lynn and dis, \$2:20: Medford, \$1:75; Rowbury-port, \$2:15: Neponset, \$2: New Bedford, \$1:75; Rox-bury, \$2:20: Somerset, \$1:75; Weymouth, \$2: Newbury, \$220; Somerset, \$175; Weymouth, \$2; New-port, \$175; Providence, \$175; Allen's Point and tow, S1:75; Norwich, \$1:75; New London, \$1:75; New York, \$1:20@1:40; Richmond, \$1:25; Wilmington, N. C., \$1:50. From Baltimore:-Philadelphia, \$1@ 1:05; New York, \$1:55. Prices of coal by the cargo are unchanged.

A NEW CLOTH HOUSE .- A new building has just been completed at the northwest corner of Ninth and Market streets, which was opened to the public for the first time yesterday, as a first-class whole-sale and retail cloth-house. This store, lately fitted up throughout and entirely remodelled at a great expense, is now one of the finest stores in Philadelexpense, is now one of the innest stores in Philadel-phia, and the firm occupying it now propose to do the finest business of any in the city. The arrange-ments for the business are the most complete that could be made. The firm is known as William T. Snodgrass & Co., formerly doing business at No. 34 South Second street. This firm is the oldest established of the combined wholesale and retail clothhouses in the city. They have purchased the entire building where they are now located, and have made building where they are now located, and have made the necessary alterations at great expense. The alterations have been going on for some seven months past, and the entire cost was \$106,000. The dimensions of the first floor are twenty-eight by one hundred and twelve feet, and the basement, which through the entire length and breadth is fur-nished with the expensive Hyatt light, is forty-four by one hundred and twelve feet. The full importa-tions of this house, which will be in the store in a few days, cannot be surpassed by any house in the country. The old situation in South Second street has been abandoned on account of poorer accommohas been abandoned on account of poorer accommo-dations, and the westward progress of trade, which it is proposed to meet. This old store is now closed, and the active business is centred at Ninth and Market streets, which place was opened July 1. The public is assured that nothing will be wanting on the part of the firm to furnish every variety of fabrics relating to the business. Both wholesale and retail purchasers will find equal accommodations at his establishment.

THE MUNICIPAL HOSPITAL REPORT.—The follow is the weekly report of the Municipal Hospital — OFFICE OF THE BOARD OF HEALTH, PHILADELPH Saturday, July 2, 1870.—Municipal Hospital,	IA,
Howard Taylor, M. D. Remaining Saturday, June 25	165
Received aince, relapsing fever	40
Total	195
Discharged, relapsing fever	
Died, relapsing fever	50
Remaining this date. Published by order of the Board of Health. JOHN E. ADDICKS, Health Office.	145

AN INTERESTING RELIC-A FAC-SIMILE OF OLD IN-PEFENDENCE BELL PRESENTED TO MAYOR FOX.-Yesterday Mayor Fox had presented to him by Joseph Bernard, bell and brass founder, No. 120 N. Sixth street, a bell, a fac simile of the old In-dependence bell now in Independence Hall. The gift is the size of an ordinary dinner bell, or a little iarger, and is a cherished relle, from the fact that it was made out of the filings taken from the old bell. Mr. Bernard obtained sufficient metal from the old bell at the time he repaired it to make three small ones, one of which was sent to Henry Ciay, the other is in the possession of the Historical Society, and the third was presented to the Mayor yesterday, as above stated. AN INTERESTING RELIC-A FAC-SIMILE OF OLD IN-

A NEW SITUATION.—On Tuesday next the work of demolishing the old Fifth District Station House. Fliteenth and Locust streets, will be commenced. To-day the officers of the district will take posses-sion of the old Pritchett mansion, Eighth and South streets, and will occupy it until the new house is built. As there are spacious grounds connected with the mansion, it is the intention of the authori-ties to run in all vagrants on Saturday nights, in erder to keep them of the streets on Sundays.

alarm first given.

## THE NEW ORLEANS FIREMEN.

#### Their Movements To-day.

The visitors from New Orleans are being hand-somely entertained by our firemen. This morning a number of omnibusses and ambulances were pro-vided for them, and they started off for a visit to the Mist, Navy Yard, League Island and the Park, stopping to partake of lancheon at several places. The fremen of New Orleans have long been noted

as extremely fast runners, especially these two con-panies. As many of our readers may not be aware of the style in which firemen's races are run in New

of the style in which firemen's races are run in New Orleans, and as the Mechanic and Hope boys wilt run during their visit, a description may be here given of their mode of racing. Twenty-live or thirty men, with one officer, as the arrangements may call for, start from the half-mile post on a well-made race track, with a medium sized hand engine, with suction in positiop, and with fifty feet of hose on the reel. A running start is taken. Near the judges' stand is placed a box of water, where the engine, on its arrival, is backed, suction fixed, brakes manned and water forced through the hose, the engine not to be touched forced through the hose, the engine not to be touched by any person who did not start from the half-mile post with it. During the snmmer of 1869 No. 6 parpost with it. During the snamer of 1869 No. 6 par-ducing the time from 3.04 to 2.41 %. At the State fair in the spring of the same year they did a mile under the same conditions in six minutes and thirty seconds, and at a base buil festival in September a quarter of a mile in one minute and eight seconds. The hook and ladder companies have similar races, twenty-five men taking a fully equipped truck, with six ladders, hooks, axes, etc., run the half mile, halt, strip the truck, elevate all the 1 dders against a building, including the four-story one, with hooks and axes on the ground, ready for action. This was done by Hope, No. 3, in a trifle over four minutes. Our visitors will not be likely to make this time

during their stay with us, as the fatigue of travel, change of climate, new track, and other obstacles will stand in the way. To-morrow they go to Atlantic City, as the guests of the Hibernia Engine Company.

THE MORTALITY OF THE CITY .- The number of deaths in the city for the week ending at noon to-day was 414, being an excess of 104 over those of last week, and 52 more than the correspond-ing period of last year. Of these, 189 were adults; 225 were minors; 316 were born in the United States; 98 were minors; 316 were born in the United States; 95 were foreign; 35 were people of color; and 19 were from the country. Of this number, 45 died of consump-tion of the lungs; 5 of disease of the heart; 21 of marasmus; 10 of old age; 14 of typhoid fever; 27 of convulsions; 23 of, scarlet fever; 10 of inflammation of the lungs; and 18 of relapsing fever. The deaths were divided as follows among the different wards:

1	different wards :	And 1777 M.
1	Waras.	Wards.
1	First 13	Sixteenth 9
4		Seventeenth 14
4	Third	Eighteenth 13
4	Fourth	Nineteenth 40
1	Fifth	Twentieth 31
1	Sixth 8	Twenty-first
1	Seventh	Twenty-second12
1	Eighth 6	Twenty-third11
1		Twenty-fourth17
1		Twenth-fifth
U	Eleventh 7	Twenth-sixth 21
1	Twelfth 4	Twenty-seventh
l	Thirteenth 9	Twenty-eighth
l		Unknown
0	Fifteenth	
1	Total	
11	The second	and the second sec

FIRE MATTERS.-Messrs, Hanna and Nichola of Common Council, members of the Committee on Trusts and Fire last night visited the houses of the Trusts and Fire last night visited the houses of the Niagara Hose and Franklin Engine Companies for the purpose of settling the disputes now existing between them. A special meeting of both companies had been called and there was a very full attend-ance. Messes, Hanna and Nichols were both well received, they made lengthy speeches, explained the matter fully, and gave the companies to understand that the last offense would be overlooked, but 1.1 case they are again reported they will most assuredly be disbanded. It is hoped that the visit will have a salutary effect. salutary effect.

RICH AND FOOLISH. - A son of the Emerald Isle, just RICH AND FOOLISH.—A son of the Emerald Isle, just from the Pacific slope, named Jas. Dugan, was yes-terday found at Twenty-fourth and Coates streets roaming around intoxicated. James was taken to the Schuyikill Harbor Police Station, and on being searched he was found to possess \$700 in \$20 gold pleces and \$17.20 in siver and currency. On sober-bury to the ing up, James stated that he was on his way to the "ould sod."

PLAYING POLICEMAN -Henry Williams, alias George Elliott, was arrested by Lieutenant Flaherty at Broad and Sansom streets last evening, for palming himself of as a police sorgeant. Ile all have a hearing at the Central Station to-day.

tions and by their impartial and exquisite s The opinions and votes which have already been given in Congress establish a perfect confidence that the representatives of the people, even with the that the representatives of the people, even with she sacrifice of dedicating especially their labor to this important subject, will be worthily carried to a speedy and proper termination in order to perfect and consolidate our institutions. I shall be very glad to welcome you, citizen deputies, when you return to occupy yourselves, with wisdom and pa-triotism, to procure the greatest good and pros-

triotism, to procure the greatest good and pros-perity for the republic. It is rumored here that the sum of the claims of American citizens against the U lited States of Mex-ico exceed those of Mexican citizens against the United States of America by several millions, and that in consequence there are ample reasons for alarm in view of possible results. In the absence of positive data no value should be attributed to ru-mors, although it is said that in consequence of the doubtful view of the future the Government of Mexico is anxious to open relations with the European nations, in order to create a diversion or a conflic of interests when the moment of the settlement of the claims shall arrive. It is even said that bave recently sought interviews with various prominent citizens of European nations, for the purpose of consulting as to the best and most delicate method of initiating measures for the renewal of relations with European powers. How much truth there is in these rumors will certainly much truth there is in these rumors will certainly, appear at no distant day. Mr. Mariscal, the Mexi-can Minister is expected to return to Washington via Havana, taking the French steamer of the 13th from Vera Cruz. He should reach New York about the 25th or 26th of June. His health is very much improved by his trip to Mexico. The engineer of the Tehnantepec Railroad is expected to make the review of the line of the road by the latter part of this month, and to reach Mexico on his return the first week in July. first week in July.

#### DIED.

(For additional Deaths see Afth page.) WELCH.-On the morning of the 2d instant, HEN-RIETTA RACHEL JACKSON, daughter of the late Robert Armstrong, of Nashville, Tennessee, and wife of A. Welch, of thesnut Hill.

FINE STATIONERY. ARMS, MONOGRAMS, ILLUMINATING, ETO. DREKA, 1023 OHRSNUT Street. Oard Engraver and Stationer 671 tuths PAPER AND ENVELOPES

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NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT AN N application will be made at the next meeting of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Fennsylvania for the incorporation of a Bank, in acreinisyre with the laws of the Commonwealth, to be entitled THE MANAYUNK BANK, to be located at Fbiladelphia, with a capital of two hundred thou-sand dollars, with the right to increase the same to two hundred and fifty thousand dollars. 72 som

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT AN AP-plication will be made at the next meeting of the General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania for the incorporation, in accordance with the laws of the Commonwealth, of the SAVINGS AND DEPOSIT BANK OF MANA-YUNE, to be located in the Twenty-third ward of Philadelphia, with a capital of fifty thousand dollars, with the right to increase the series to dred thousand dollars. 7 2 sem

The testimony in relation to the TONIC, which Continued from Second Edition. Mr. Johnson argued that our country was mainly contains a stimulating element omitted in the Bitindebted for its present size, wealth, and population to the foreign element; that our greatness had re-

ceived its great impulse from that force. But for the foreign element we would have been where we Hoofland's German Tonic were in 1825 or 1830. We would have had no Pacific Railroad nor other great enterprises.

Was compounded for those not inclined to extreme bitters, and is intended for use in cases when some alcoi ol c stimulant is required in connection with the Tonic properties of the Bitters. Each bettle of the Topic contains one bottle of the Bitters, combined with pure SANTA CRUZ RUM, and flavored in such a manner that the extreme bitterness of the Bitters is overcome, forming a preparation highly agreeable and pleasant to the palate, and containing the medicinal virtues of the Bitters The price of the Tonic is \$1:50 per bottle, which many persons thins too high. They must take into coasideration that the sumulant used is guaranteed to be of a pure quaitty. A poor article could be furnished at a cheaper price, but is it not better to pay a little more and have a good article? A medicinal preparation should contain none but the best ingredients, and they who expect to obtain a cheap compound and be benefited will most certainly be deceived.

clue in cases of indigestion and Dyspepsia, "of great

benefit in cases of bebility and want of Nervous ac-

tion," and "a safe and valuable preparation for

General Debility and Liver Complaint," we feel

assured that they speak from actual EXPERIENCE

and OBSERVATION, and with a due sense of the

weight of their influence and of the words they

employ.

ters, is equally mitisfactory.

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Is also highly extolled and pronounced to be the most efficient Cathartic known to the Medical World. Being composed of the ACTIVE PRINCIPLE of Manerake, in combination with other effective ingrediests, they act more powerfully upon the Liver and secretive Organs than any other Pills. Their operation is free from griping or nausea.

### Two Pilis a Dose.

It does not require a handful of them to produce the desired effect. From personal experience and otherwise, we have no hesitation in saying that, taken in connection wich the Bitters and Tonte, they will speedly cure the most severe and long-standing cases of Liver Complaints, Constipation, or any other derangements of the organs of digestion.

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Mr. Washburn (Wis.) asked Mr. Lawrence whe-ther the House had any right to refuse inaking ap-propriations to carry out these treaties.

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#### another occasion hereafter. Mr. Jenckes, from the conference committee on the bill to revise, consolidate, and amend the Patent CHARTER PERPETUAL. and Copyright laws, made a report which was agreed to. The Speaker informed the House that the Indian ASSETS \$200.000.

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WILLIAMS I. BLANCHA	

prise on the Indians, and that the Government had paid no respect to them, so far as they conferred or contirmed hunting privileges on the Indians as a last hope of agreement, and with the desire of pre-venting an Indian war, and securing the comfor-and civilization of the Indians. The House confer-THE PENNSYLVANIA FIRE INSURANCE.

ence had proposed to appropriate the full amount which the Senate had inserted in a great hurry, and to leave to the Executive the duty and responsibility of expending the money. This offer of compromise was made because the

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gress. Second. That money cannot be appropriated from the Treasury except in pursuance of law, that is, a law elacted by both houses, and approved by the President, and that a treaty is no such law. Third. That the Indian tribes are not independent nations, in the sense of international law, capable gress.

10 swSptf

of making treaties that can bind them or the United

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