CITY INTELLIGENCE.

## CITY POLITICS.

The Democracy.

Getting Ready for the Contest-Their Primary Elections and Nominating Conventions-The Men who Aspire to be their Candi-

This evening, between the hours of 6 and 8, the annual primary elections of the Democratic party are to be held; and if any good Democrat who desires to see a good ticket nominated has not done his duty by veiling early and often, before he reads this article, let him hurry through with it and get in at least one vote before the closing of the polls. at least one vote before the closing of the polls. Under the new rules of the party, which now go into effect for the first time, the people do not vote directly for delegates to the different city, county, and judicial conventions, the members of these bodies being selected by ward conventions, the delegates to which are elected directly by the people. But in the case of the Congressional, legislative, and ward nominating conventions, the delegates are voted for directly, after the pid fashion gates are voted for directly, after the old fashion and according to the present usage of the Republi-can party. These latter conventions are all held to-morrow, commencing at 10 o'clock in the morning, as well as the ward conventions for selecting delegates to the city, county, and judicial conventions, while the assembling of the latter—six in number takes place on Wednesday morning at 10 o'clock. Altogether, there will be sixty different nominating conventions held on the two days, the same number

as was the case recently in the Republican party.

The following are the places of meeting of the conventions in the first four Congressional districts, the elections in the three wards of the city which are included in the Fifth district being postponed to

some future time:—
First District Convention at the old Court House, Sixth and Chesnut streets.
Second District Convention at the Assembly Buildings, Tenth and Chesnut streets,
Third District Convention at the Black Horse
Hotel (Morton's), on Frankford road, opposite

Hanover street.
Fourth District Convention at Kinkler's Hotel, southwest corner of Broad and Ridge avenue.
The Senatorial Convention of the Third district will be held at Ladner's Military Hail, on Third street, below Green.
The conventions which assemble on Wednesday

morning meet at the following places:—
Sherin Convention at Washington Hall, corner of Eighth and Spring Garden streets. Register of Wills Convention in the large hall of the Assembly Buildings, Tenth and Chesnut streets.

Clerk of Orphans Court Convention at the Supreme Court Room, on Chesnut street, above Receiver of Taxes Convention at the City Assembly Rooms, southwest corner of Ninth and Spring City Commissioner Convention at Concordia Hall

on Callowhill street, below Fifth.

Judicial Convention, for nominating two candidates for Judge of the Court of Common Pleas and one candidate for Judge of the District Court, at the old Court House, corner of Sixth and Chesnut

The aspirants for the nominations are few, espe cially when compared with the host from which the recent Republican conventions were obliged to make their selections.

Congress. In the First Congressional district, Hon. Samuel J. Randall, who has been in the seat since 1863, will in Randall, who has been in the seat since 1805, will in-all probability be renominated. Mr. Randall is a native of Philadelphia, forty-two years old, and before entering Congress was engaged in mercantile pursuits, and figured quite prominently in local poli-tics, having been a member of City Councils four years and of the State Senate two years. Mr. Ran-dall occupies a conspicuous position on the floor of the House, and has a place on several of the most important committees. There is, however, some opposition to his renomination, an effort being made to persuade Lewis C. Cassidy to contest the nomina-tion. Mr. Cassidy is well known as one of the quickest and orightest lawyers who figure in the criminal courts of the city. In 1857 he was the Democratic candidate for District Attorney against William B. Mann, and was returned as elected. Mr. Mann contested the return, however, and finally ousted him although the Legislature made an effort to settle it by a special enactment authorizing both the con-

testants to discharge the duties of the office.

In the Second district, the dissensions at present existing in the Republican ranks have given some of the more sanguine Democratic leaders a hope of success, provided a good candidate shall be nominated. Theodore Cuyler, Esq., one of the leading lawyers of the city, and a man of high personal character as well as rare legal ability, has been fixed upon by these as the proper caudidate, but it is understood that he declines to run the risk of defeat, and moreover is unwilling to sacrifice his large practice at the bar, in case there was a certainty of election. The Hon. H. M. Phillips is also spoken of for the nomination. He is a Democrat of the old school, more of a statesman than a politician, a lawyer of acknowledged ability, and sat in Congress from 1857 to 1859. In 1869 he was appointed a member of the Board of Directors of City Trusts. Charles W. Brooke, Esq., has also announced himself as a candidate. Mr. Brooke is comparatively a young man, but he is already one of the leading criminal lawyers of the city, and of late has been attracting considerable attention by the repeated delivery of a lecture on "Irish Diamonds." Frederick Fraley, Esq., prominent in business circles, and for many years President of the Schuylkill Navigation Company, has also been mentioned in connection with the nomimore of a statesman than a politician, a lawyer of also been mentioned in connection with the nomi-

In the Third district, Dr. John Moffet, who has been in the drug business for years on Second street, above Oxford, Nineteenth ward, and who was re-turned in 1868 as elected over Hon. Leonard Myers by a bare majority of 127 votes, will doubtless re-ceive the nomination, as a recompense for the summary manner in which he was thrown out of his seat by the House, on the allegation of fraudulent votes. Dr. Moffet is an Irishman by birth and thirty-eight years of age. He came to this city with his parents in childhood, was educated in the public schools and the Medical Department of the University of Penn-svlvania, and served as a Director and Controller of public schools from 1860 to 1869. Mr. John Robbins, Jr., however, is understood to be an aspirant for the nomination. Mr. Robbins has for several years been prominent in the political movements of the Democracy, and is the son of the Hon. John Robbins, who was a member of Congress from 1849 to 1855. The independent stand taken by General William

B. Thomas as a candidate against Judge Kelley in the Fourth district has somewhat demoralized the Democracy, and it is understood that they will make no nomination in this district, but will leave the masses of the party at liberty to rally with the disaffected Republicans to General Thomas' support, as the only hope of defeating Judge Kelley. Mr. James B. Nicholson, the prominent Odd Fellow, who was the Democratic candidate in 1868, is, however, a candidate again, but if the convention should conclude to make a nomination, he will find a fermi-dable rival in Mr. James S. Watson, a resident of North Broad street, and well and favorably known in business circles.
In the city portion of the Fifth district, no election

for delegates will be held to-day, as already stated. Among the aspirants for the nomination spoken of are Br. John Reading, who held the seat for a few months during the present Congress, until ousted by Hon. Caleb N. Taylor, and Hon. Richard Vaux, the eccentric ex-Mayor of the city.

Sheriff. Several recent announcements have been made for the position of Sheriff. Frederick Gerker resides in the Twelfth Ward, and was one of the firm of Charles Gerker's Sons, manufacturers of give and Charles Gerker's Sons, manufacturers of glue and curled hair. During the war he was in the Quarter-master's Department. Peter Armbruster served one term as Receiver of Taxes, being elected in May, 1856. George R. Berrill has been a standing candidate for the position for many years, and once received the nomination, but was defeated at the polls. General Isaac J. Wistar, of Germantown, was a good General Isaac J. Wistar, of Germantown, was a good soldier, and at one time commanded Baker's celebrated California Regiment. George A. Guion resides in the Twenty-sixth ward, and has been a candidate on former occasions. He received his education at Burlington College, and is at present in the counting-house of Caleb Cope & Co. Jerewiah McKibben was until lately one of the proprietors of the Merchants' Hotel. Colonel Charles J. Biddle, son of Nicholas Biddle, the famous United States Bank man, commanded the Bucktail Regiment, and is at present the principal editorial writer of the Age.

is at present the principal editorial writer of the Age Register of Wills.

Quite a number of candidates have announced themselves for this position. General William A Leech, the present incumbent, served through the late war in the Seventeenth Pennsylvania Volun-teers in the three months service, and in the Ninetieth Regiment in the three years service, and was a prisoner of war at Libby, Saulsbury and Danville. Anthony A. Laws is a young man, and is now Chief Cierk in the office of the Clerk of the Orphans Court. He was in the army and was badly wounded at Antictam. Major Jeremiah W. Fritz has been for years identified with the National Guards, and is at present a deputy under Sheriff Lyle. Andrew Alexander, Sr., the sculptor of the Lyle statue, lives in the Fourteenth ward. Colonel Alfred Day

ment. Frederick W. Grayson is a Southerner by birth, and one of the proprietors of the Sunday Mer-ury. William P. Hood, of the Fifteenth ward, neads his card with "State Rights—the basis of American Liberty."

Receiver of Toxes. Captain Timothy A. Sloan, one of the two candi-dates who have been named, was a soldier in the Rebellion. He is a saddle and harness maker. Samuel Vanstavoren is foreman in Wood's iron oundry, on Ridge avenue, and resides in the Four-

Clerk of Orphans' ( ourt, Joseph Megary is the present incumbent, and has performed the duties of the office satisfactorily. He is a resident of Southwark, and served several terms in Common Council. Edmund Keyser, a resident of the Tenth ward, and James Agnew, of the Second ward, are also candidates.

City Commissioner.

General John F. Ballier is the present incumbent.
In 1861 he went out as colonel of the 98th Regiment In 1861 he went out as colonel of the 98th Regiment Pennsylvania Volunteers, served faithfully for four years, and was honorably discharged at the close of the war with the rank of brevet brigadier-general. Robert McBride is a resident of the Seventeenth ward. He served during the entire war, and at the close of the Rebellion came home in command of the 72d Regiment. Colonel Anthony Reynolds participated in the late war and during the Mexican campaign. Albert Lawrence is President of the Fairmount Fire Company, and was one of the early appointments of Mayor Fox. Captain John W. Barnes is a resident of the Twenty-sixth ward. Stephen G. Spicer is a carpenter, residing in the Twenty-sixth ward. Charles F. Jones, a tavernkeeper, announced himself as "the white man's candidate." James Bellem is also a tavern-keeper.

Court of Common Pleas.

It is understood that but one gentleman will be placed on nomination for the Court of Common Pleas, and that Judge Paxson will quietly receive the endorsement of the convention. For the new place created by the act of Assembly last year there are several aspirants. Henry M. Dechert, Esq., is a resident of West Philadelphia and has been prominently identified in many important suits. Hon. Peter McCall was originally a Whig, and is an honored member of his profession. He has filled the positions of District Attorney and Mayor of the City. George M. Dallas, Esq., resides in the Eighth ward Court of Common Pleas. George M. Dallas, Esq., resides in the Eighth ward and is a son of the late Hon. George M. Dallas, at one time Vice President of the United States. Frederick Heyer, Esq., is a resident of Germantown and has been engaged in many impertant civil cases. Thomas M. Greenbank was returned as elected in 1968, but was ousted on his seat being contested before the Legislature.

District Court. For this position, which was also created by a recent Act of Assembly, but two gentlemen have announced themselves. One is William S. Price, Esq., who has appeared at the urgent solicitation of Judge Campbell, Henry M. Phillips, and other prominent Democratic lawyers. He was a candidate for Congress in 1852. The other is James Otterson, Jr., who was on the defeated ticket a few years ago.

The Legislature. David A. Nagle, of the Fifth ward, and Samuel D. Dailey, of the Twelfth ward, are the aspirants for the seat in the State Senate from the Third district. the seat in the State Senate from the Third district. Mr. Nagle is the present member, and has done nothing particularly noteworthy during his term. Before entering the Legislature he was a clerk in Petersons' bookstore. Mr. Daily has represented the Ninth district in the House of Representatives for several terms. He remained a passive spectator of all the city corruption schemes passed during his stay at Harrisburg. At the last session he offered a bill proposing to create a position to be known as brick inspector.

brick inspector.

The candidates for the lower House, considering the fact that but four districts at the last session were represented by Democrats, are very numerous. In the First District Joseph Caldwell is a candidate. He has already served the district in the Legislature. Judge John K. Findlay is also men-

In the Second district George McGowan, who was defeated last year by reason of a split in his party, is again out. John McGinnis, an old member, is desirous of returning. John Gallagher, of the Second ward, has also announced himself. John R. Fenner, late Coroner, is also desirous of visiting

Harrisburg.
In the Third district, the standing candidate, Owen H. Quind, is working like a beaver "against Sam, Osephs and the ring."

Christopher Kleinz, who received the endorsement of the Republican party at the last election, will, it is thought, again run as independent candidate.

In the Fourth district there is no show for a De-

mocrat, and no one as yet has appeared anxious to figure on the ticket.
In the Fifth district Edward G. Carlin is the only candidate. He was a member last year, prior to which he was in the employ of the Pennsylvania

In the Sixth district, John F. Moeney, the old member, will in all probability receive the unani-mous vote of the convention. The Seventh and Eighth districts are Republican

In the Ninth district, George Quigley, an old member; Daniel O'Marra, formerly tavern-keeper; Charles Faurest, a retired mason; John Sweeney, bookkeeper; William A. Winterer, teller at the Philadel-phia Savings Fund; and Robert Moore, stevedore,

have announced themselves.

The Tenth district is Republican, and in the Eleventh district Charles Gray is anxious to succeed Mr. Bunn. Henry Vaughan, writing master, Joseph F. Meyers, salesman at Tower Hall, and John F Belsterling, formerly Mayor of Northern Liberties, have also signified their desire to represent the

district.
In the Twelfth district a Democrat would have no show. In the Thirteenth the fight between Michael Mullen, the engineer of the Sewage bill through the Legislature of last winter, and John Forsyth, the present member, will be a bitter and perhaps bloody one. John E. Faunce, lawyer, has also declared himself a candidate

himself a candidate.

In the Fourteenth district, John Lawrence will be the candidate against John Cloud.

In the Fifteenth district, Francis D. Leldy, of the Twentieth ward, is the only one to announce his in-In the Sixteenth district, Robert Wilde, a Mana-

unker, has proclaimed himself a candidate against Salty" Smith.
In the Seventeenth district, Joseph Campbell, formerly a clerk in the City Treasurer's office, and Richardson L. Wright, an old member, have advertised their cards. one appears anxious to enter the field

although it is a close one, politically speaking. LOCAL ODDS AND ENDS .- The Assistant United States Treasurer will commence the payment of July interest to-morrow.
—Independence Square was filled with women and

against James Miller in the Eighteenth district

children until 9 o'clock last evening. We hear that next Sunday evening a prayer meeting is to be held on the sacred spot—N. B. Not in the brick chapel.

—Our drinking places, restaurants, ice cream saloons, and other places of public resort were almos all obliged to close early last evening on account o

their stock of ice giving out.

-There are four private watchmen employed in the neighborhood of Seventh and Chesnut streets, yet the burglars last Saturday night escaped.

—A handsome gold watch and a roll of bank notes
which the unfortunate Barker had on his person when drowned were not found on the body,
—The independent nemination of General William
B. Thomas has taken the wind out of the sails of
James B. Nicholson, of the Democracy,
—From 4 to 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon 204 persons drank of the water from the fountain on Chesnut street, near Fifth.

nut street, near Fifth.

-Mayor Fox should put a stop to the disorderli ess which is a regular occurrence on Smith's Island on Sundays. -Our retail dry goods merchants are beginning to

cut down expenses by giving some of their hands —The Hope Hose member, Charles Rose, who was killed at the fire on Saturday, will be buried to-

-That culvert still creeps slowly along North Ninth street, much to the annoyance of storekeepers,

—The Athletics and Union of Morrisania will play

this afternoon at Seventeenth street and Columbia -Chief Mulholland has issued a strict order that no police officer shall take part in any election matter.

 The S. P. C. A. should indict the livery-stable keepers who hired horses to fast drivers yesterday.

We near that Edward B. Ketchum, the notorious —We hear that Edward B. Ketchum, the notorious New York broker, spent yesterday at Chesnut Hill.

—The steamboat Twilight, Captain Henry Crawford, yesterday carried to Bristol 240 passengers.

—The gang of fire roughs that congregate at Eighth and Race streets should be broken up.

—The military spirit in Germantown is rife; so is the spirit to defeat "Saity."

—White pants, alpaca coats, and straw hats were the prevailing style yesterday.

—The new armory of the 1st City Troop will be finished in magnificent style.

—Who is the detective who took a thief's money and then swore him away?

and then swore him away?

—If two and two make four, how is it that 0 added

-Count Cliff, of tonsorial fame, is about to study

SLIGHT FIRE .- About 1 o'clock this morning a fire occurred in the picker-room of Pollock & Campbell's mill, Twenty-first and Washington avenue, Fortunately it was extinguished before gaining any

great headway. PROSTRATED.—William McGinley, residing at Twenty-fourth and Pine streets, was overcome by the heat at Second and Callowbill streets, on Salarhans from the Fifth ward, and is a prominent coal the heat at Second and Callowbill streets, on merchant. He commanded an "emergency" regi- day. He was removed to St. Mary's Hospital.

THE FIRE MARSHAL.

Dr. Blackburn's Resignation—His Honorable Official Career.

Dr. A. W. Blackburn, who has held the position of Fire Marshal of this city since 1857, a few days ago placed his resignation in the hands of Mayor Fox, and the latter official is holding the question of its acceptance under consideration. We are glad to know that the Mayor will probably decline to accept the resignation, and most sincerely hope that such will be the case, as it is rarely indeed that any responsible public position is filled with as much earnestness, ability, and integrity as Fire Marshal Blackburn has displayed.

burn has displayed.

Dr. Blackburn is a native of Stafford county, Virginia, and received his education at Kenyon College, Ohio. During the war against the Seminole Indians in Florida, he was in the military service in the Second Dragoons, and his first visit to Philadel-phia, which was made in 1836, was in connection with army business. At the termination of hostili-

phila, which was made in 1836, was in connection with army business. At the termination of hostilities, in 1839, he removed to Philadelphia, and has continued to reside ever since. His first occupation here was in a drug store, and while engaged in this business he received the soubriquet of "Doctor," by which he is still almost universally known.

In 1840 he abandoned the drug business to engage in that of journalism, and for ten years was one of the ablest and most industrious reporters that has ever been connected with the press of this city. At different times he was connected with nearly every daily journal published here at the time. His accounts of the great riots of May and June, 1844, were especially known for their clear and graphic delineation of the terrible scenes of disorder and violence which disgraced the city at that time.

In 1850 he first became connected with the police department. The Marshal's Police was then in existence, and the Doctor soon made himself famous among the "Killers" and other kindred disorderly leaded the authorities.

istence, and the Doctor soon made himself famous among the "Killers" and other kindred disorderly classes who had defled the authorities.

At the time of the consolidation of the city and outlying districts, in 1854, Mayor Conrad tendered Mr. Blackburn the highest office in the police in his gift, and afterwards offered him the position of private secretary. Mr. Blackburn served as High Constable and detective under Mayors Conrad and Vaux, winning great credit in the working up and preparation for trial of several celebrated murder cases, and the detection and arrest of shrewd conn cases, and the detection and arrest of shrewd coun

terfeiters and desperate burglars.

In 1857, Mayor Vaux divided the detective forces into several branches. Dr. Blackburn was assigned to the charge of the fire branch, which he has filled ever since, serving under Mayors Vaux, Henry, Moever since, serving under Mayors Vaux, Henry, McMichael, and Fox—a period of more than thirteen
years. During that period he had, up to the first
of the present year, arrested \$14 persons who were
charged with incendiarism. The number convicted
averages over one a month, which exceeds the convictions of any other city of the Union. Since then
four men have been convicted—one in January and
one on his own confession on Saturday last, and two
during the past week.

The subject of this sketch, since 1850, has had the
tender of every position in the Police Department.

tender of every position in the Police Department, from a sergeantcy to the chiefship, out he having so zealously identified himself with the fire detective branch, he refused all. His work in this sphere is so well known to every class of the community as to be a part of the local history of the city. His annual reports are eagerly sought after, and his theories accepted everywhere by scientists and the the heads of the fire detective bureaus in all parts of the

He has been ever attentive to the duties of his office, and considering the amount of labor he has performed, he has been but illy compensated for his services. Should he persist in resigning the city will lose an official with whom she cannot well afford to part at this time. His health has been on the decline for sometime, and he intends as soon as he has recuperated sufficiently to engage in a business in which the public and the underwriters will have the advantage of his information and experience.

On parting with a public official such as Dr. Blackwell has been, we wish him better health and better success, in a pecuniary way, than he has known since his connection with the Fire Detective branch

#### DARING HIGHWAY ROBBERY.

of the Police Department.

Our Streets No Longer Safe for Pedestrians. Some years ago our citizens were kept in constant fear and tremulousness by the many daring acts of garroters, and none would attempt to stir out after nightfall without being heavily armed. For a time these highwaymen set the authorities at deflance, and kept increasing the boldness of their movements. and kept increasing the boldness of their movements.
At length, however, the officers of the law succeeded in capturing three or four of them, who were speedily tried, convicted, and sentenced to a long term of years in "Cherry Hill Mansion." This summary method of disposing of them alarmed their comrades, and they sought new fields.

Since then our city has been comparatively free

from highwaymen. Yesterday, however, a deed was committed in the broad glare of the noonday sun, on one of the broad highways of this Commonwealth, which, for atroclousness, hardthood, and villainy, has scarce ever been paralleled in this or any other city, and which serves to place the perpetrators in the same category with "Dick Turpla" and "Sixteen-string Jack," and which should prove a warning to our citizens who happen to carry cash or valuables to keep a sharp lookout.

About noon time an individual, whose name is unknown, whilst passing through Sergeaut street,

near Cumberland, was attacked by William H. Kershaw, James Kershaw, and John McGill, seized by the neck, hurled to the ground, and his pockets rifled of all his valuables, amounting to just three cents. What adds to the atrocity of the affair is the fact that the whole party were boys, the oldest being but twelve years of age. We are happy to say that the bold robbers a bbers were arrested and held to bail by

Phil.ADELPHIA AND New York via Long Branch.—The new road connecting New York with Philadelphia, via Long Branch, will be open for travel on Monday, July 4. Two trains will run daily, one leaving the foot of Walnut street at 7 o'clock A. M. and the other at 3 30 P. M.—the former arriving at Long Branch at 10 45 A. M. and the latter at 6 50 P. M. Passengers taking this line for New York will enjoy a fine view of the Narrows, the lower Quarantine, Forts Hamilton and Lafayette, and Coney Island, as steamers connect that city with Sandy Hook, the terminus of the new road. The afternoon express train will be furnished with splendid palace cars. Passengers taking this line will did palace cars. Passengers taking this line will ask for tickets via Pemberton and Long Branch.

I. O. W. B.—John Decrafe, a depraved specimen of humanity, who resides at No. 1710 Wood street, yesterday indulged in the delectable occupation of wife beating. His wife being blessed with a strong pair of lungs shouted murder lustily. Officer Thorn entered the house, when Decrafe armed himself with an axe and made an attack on him, inflicting a painful wound on his nose. He then ran into the cellar and hid in the coal-hole. Thorne followed, and after a severe tussle arrested him. Alderman Massey placed him under \$800 bail to answer.

\$12.—An impecunious individual named John Beli was, yesterday afternoon, furnished with apaatments in the Hotel de Moyamensing. The following is the story:—Bell loves his rum, and having no money to procure it he resolved to raise the wind by stealth. accordingly he went prowling around, and meeting one John Moore at Sixth and Bainbridge streets he succeeded in relieving him of \$12. A policeman, how-ever, saw the transaction, arrested Bell, introduced to Alderman Collins, and the above was the

sequel. Whoa! Ho!—Senjamin Ambler and Charles Daniels, natives of Plymouth, Montgomery county, yesterday, hitched up their plough-horses and drove to Germantown for a lark. The day being warm, they indulged freely in beer. On starting for home they were somewhat elated, and endeavored to lash their endeavored to lash. their quadrupeds into a trot. Their antics gathering a crowd, a police officer was also attracted, and the Montgomery county chaps were taken before Alder-man Good, who held them to answer for fast driving.

KNUCKLES.—George Hubbs, residing No 1114
Allen street, was arrested by the Seventh district
police yesterday for carrying concealed deadly weapons in the shape of a set of brass knuckles.
Alderman Cahill held him in \$500 bail to answer.

MAYHEM.—Yesterday, at Sixth and Pine streets, Russell Thompson and George Thomas, colored, en-gaged in an altercation, during the continuance of which Russell attempted to chew an ear off George. For this Russell now pines in Moyamensing.

A HERO.-Charles Burns is the name of a heroic chap who, on Saturday last, attacked and beat a woman named Annie Adams, at Front and Spruce streets. Charles, we are pleased to say, now resides in the Hotel de Perkins.

EARLY CLOSING.—The leading plano men of this city have agreed to close their places of business at 5 o'clock every afternoon, and on Saturday at 3 P. M., during July and August

DISORDERLY HOUSE.—George W. Hibbshas been held in \$500 ball by Alderman Collins to answer the charge of keeping a disorderly house at No. 610 Baln-Bathers.—The Schuyikill Harbor police force, on Saturday and yesterday, arrested sixteen persons for bathing contrary to existing ordinances.

DISHES.-Lieutenant Errickson, of the Second disrict, desires an owner for a lot of dishes supposed phobia, were shot by the Seventh district police RABID CANINES .- Two dogs suffering from hydro-

A Maps - An owner is wanted for a stray mare at the Eighth District Station House.

THE BEDFORD STREET DISTRICT.—The relapsing fever continues to rage without abatement in Bedford street and vicinity, and we again call attention to the necessity for the adoption of some radical measures to check it. Last week fifty-one new cases were admitted into the Municipal Hospital. Of those previously admitted thirty were discharged as cured and two died. There are at present in the Hospital one hundred and fifty-five patients, four-fifths of whom at least are suffering from the relapsing fever.

Rev. Mr. Long, the Bedford Street Missionary, informs us that this morning he made a tour of inspection, in the course of which he found that a number of the tenement-houses in Dorsey street—a blind alley running into Spafford street, below Shipblind alley running into Spafford street, below Shippen—are entirely unprovided with privies or water. The people inhabiting these miserable abodes pay an enormous rental, and this deprivation of the commonest conveniences is an outrage of the grossest kind on the part of the landiords. These tenement-houses, it is well known, are the best paying property in the city, and the owners should at least be compelled to provide privies and to put in water for the benefit of their tenents. It cannot be expected that neonle situated as the inhabitants of expected that people situated as the inhabitants of these courts are will escape the ravages of the pestilence that is now desolating the whole neighborhood and there ought to be authority somewhere to compel the landlords to do their duty in the matter.

THE NEW STATION HOUSE IN THE FIFTH DISTRICT —A meeting of the Police Committee of City Councils was held this afternoon, and the proposals for the erection of a new station house in the Fifth district opened. The bids, which were for two and three-storied buildings, with Mansard roof, were as

Henry Phillippi, 3 story.... W. H. Cramer, 3 story 25,000
W. H. Cramer, 3 story 25,950
C. D. Supplee & Son, 3 story 34,000
The contract was awarded to Henry Phillippi for a three-story building, with Mansard roof, at \$25,000. It will be erected on the site of the present station house.

CORONER'S INVESTIGATION.—Coroner Taylor to-day at noon held an inquest in the case of Charles Rose, a member of the Hope Hose Company, who died from injuries received at the explosion on Saturday morning last, in South Water street. The deposition of J. T. Butterworth, another member of the Hope Hose, was to the effect that witness and deceased were standing on the steps of the building at the time the explosion took place. The explosion ap-parently took place in the cellar, and the report of

which did not sound like fireworks, but similar to that of powder. The deceased, witness, and Mr. Ward, of the Hibernia Engine, were violently thrown to the ground, the door was shattered, and a piece thereof witness thinks struck the deceased. A verdict was rendered in accordance with the above facts.

NEW IRON STEAMSHIP.—The new iron steamship Benefactor, built for the Lorillard Steamship Com-pany, to run between this port and New York, arrived at the company's dock, pier 19, North

Wharves, on Saturday morning.

She was built at Chester by Reasey, Son & Co., of the best materials, and is finished in a style that does the shipbuilders of this section credit. Her dimensions are as follows:-Length, 195 feet; beam 37 feet; has two decks, with a cargo capacity of about 12,000 pounds. Her engines are of the most modern and approved pattern, consuming only about five tons of coal in twenty-four hours. She is com-manded by Captain L. W. Pennington, who superintended her construction.

THE BOARD OF SURVEYS .- A special meeting of the Board of Surveys was held this morning to consider the plan of the street lines south of the Navy Yard and east of Swanson street. A large number of parties interested were present and gave their views upon the subject. No conclusion had been arrived at as we go to press. A large number of petitions for sewers were received and referred.

CANINES CAPTURED.—The dog-catchers during the past week captured 64 unmuzzled dogs, of which s were redeemed.

N. Y. MONEY MARKET ON SATURDAY. From the N. Y. Herald.

"The decline in the stock market has had a disheartening effect upon the cliques who counted so confidently on a summer rise in prices. The market was dull enough, owing to the apprehension of what Congress might do, but they cling to the expectation that with the adjournment of that body they would be able to revive the activity of the street and bring in the public again. The concerns of the Boyd-Ketchum failure has marred their plans. They dare not endeavor to sell out upon so sensitive a market as has been bequeathed them by this disaster. To begin the campaign afresh is up-hill work. But it is the only alternative to secure themselves.

"In the Government list prices have been lower in currency, but higher in gold. A few weeks ago prices crossed." The present condition of the market only verifies our prediction that in the gradual return to specie payments, and in the absence of a cumpulsory Funding bill, Governments will follow the decline in gold by a constantly widening margin, for the reason that even with a resumption of specie payments such securities will always "The decline in the stock market has had a dishearten

bill, Governments will follow the decline in gold by a constantly widening margin, for the reason that even with a resumption of specie payments such securities will always command a premium. At the close of the week the 67's, which are taken as the feature of the list, were quoted 113 when gold was iil. If exceptions be taken to this illustration on the ground that the 67's will soon be ex-coupon, making their present value only 110, we can refer to the sixes of 1881, which are quoted 117½. Were it not for the privilege which the Government has of buying in the 65's this year and the 67's in 1872 at par in gold they would range several per cent. higher.

"The money market at the close was easy at four per cent, but the general rate on Saturday was as stated, while the Government dealers were generally accommodated at three per cent. This case in the face of shipments of currency to the West has occasioned considerable surprise. The explanation lies in the reduced volume of money required to carry stocks and gold since the decline in prices. Commercial paper were not disposed to concede better rates than seven per cent., a figure which they look for in the open market before the expiration of the time designated.

"Foreign exchange was strong and higher on Saturday, and the prime bankers advanced their rates to 199%, for sixty days' sterling and 110½ for sight bills. The market was active under purchases by merchauts, who thought gold reasonably cheap at 111, while some of the foreign bankers have sold bonds to make the slight profit between European and domestic price."

PHILADELPHIA STOCK EXCHANGE SALES.

Reported by De Haven & Bro., No. 40 S. Third street, BETWEEN BOARDS. \$1000 Pa 6s 1 \$e....106½ \$2000 Phila & E6s... 92 \$5000 Leh V R n bds | 20 sh Leh V R.... 58½ SECOND BOARD.

\$500 City 68, New. 200 sh O C & A R. 46% 200 sh O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C & O C &

# MEARS .- On the 26th instant, HENRY D. MEARS,

The friends of the family are invited to attend his funeral, from his father's residence, No. 715 Pine street, to-morrow (Tuesday) afternoon, at 5 o'clock. To proceed to Woodlands.

DIEB.

(For additional Deaths see fifth page.)

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THIRD EDITION

AFFAIRS AT THE CAPITAL.

The Hatch-Babcock Investigation.

Railroad Affairs in the West.

Probable Fate of the Treaty.

The Proceedings of Congress. Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Doctors Disagreeing.
Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph. WASHINGTON, June 27 .- Senator Cameron gave notice this moraing that he would insist upon an arrangement to go into executive session at one o'clock on the San Domingo treaty. Mr. Sherman gave notice that he would insist upong oing on with the tax bill.

The Hatch Investigation. It is said that the examination of the evidence of Hatch investigation has had an unfavorable effect upon the treaty, especially on the terms of the original protocol which has been made public. The general impression now is that the treaty will be rejected.

The Duty on Salt.
The House by a large vote adopted the resolution to-day instructing the Ways and Means Committee to bring in the bill at once reducing the duty on salt one-half. It is likely this will meet with the same fate as the bill for free

The Funding Bill. To-morrow has been set apart for the consideration of the Funding bill, after the morning hour. Mr. Schenck has had the rules suspended and an order entered confining speeches on the

bill to five minutes. The Currency Bill. The conference committee on the Currency bill had a meeting yesterday, but did not come

to any agreement. They are to have another meeting to-day. The North Atlantic Fleet.

Special Despatch to the Evening Telegraph. WASHINGTON, June 27 .- Commodore J. F. Green, commanding the South Squadron of the North Atlantic Fleet, reports his arrival on the 24th of May at Santa Barbara de Samana, having sailed from Boston on the 4th of May. He states that the passage was prolonged by meeting almost continuous fresh southerly winds from the time of crossing the Gulf Stream until reaching latitude 25 deg. north. Officers and crew all well.

The Armes Court Martial. A general order has been published by the War Department dismissing from the service Brevet Major George A. Armes, Captain 10th

Cavalry. He was found guilty of the charge of "conduct unbecoming an officer and a gentleman, in violation of the eighty-third article of war." Nominations by the President.

Despatch to the Associated Press. WASHINGTON, June 27 .- The following nominations were sent in to-day :-- George Cogswell Collector of Internal Revenue for the Sixth district of Massachusetts, vice N. G. Howe, to be relieved: First Lieutenant W. B. Kennedy to be captain in the 10th Cavalry; Second Lieutenant Oliver E. Wood to be first lieutenant in

the 5th Artillery. Postmasters-Julius Ropes at Ishpenning, Mich.: William D. Hitcheock at Alpena, Mich.: A. G. Allen at Perea, Ohio; W. W. Webb at La Crosse, Wis.: Nicholas P. Trist at Alexandria. Virginia.

The French Practice Saundron. Commander E. O. Matthews, in charge of the

torpedo station off Newport, R. I., reports to the Navy Department the arrival there of the French line-of-battle ship Jean Bart and brig Obligado, composing the French practice squadron. They propose to remain ten days. Murder of a Sheriff.
Despatch to the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, June 27 .- A letter from Corpus Christi states that the sheriff of Nueces county has been found murdered, and there was consequently great excitement.

Richmond City Debt. The interest on the Richmond, Va., city debt will be promptly paid July first. The bonds could be sold higher than heretofore, but there

are none on the market. Indian Depredations The mail rider from Austin, Texas, to Fredericksburg, in that State, reported that on Saturday, the 11th instant, a party of Indians came within fifteen miles of Austin, on the Little Barton creek, and stole horses from several par-ties, who pursued the Indians, but as they have

#### CONGRESS. FORTY-FIRST TERM-SECOND SESSION.

not returned fears are entertained that they

have been murdered by the savages.

Washington, June 27.—The Senate met at 11 o'clock.
Petitions were presented and appropriately referred.
From the New York Legislature relating to the improvement of the Fox and Wisconsin rivers; from citizens of Georgia for the establishment of the United States District Courts, and from soldiers of the late war, calling attention to the bounty bill.

Georgia for the establishment of the United States District Courts, and from soldiers of the late war, calling attention to the bounty bill.

A motion by Mr. Howard to hold an evening session today to dispose of the Texas, Pacific, and the Atlantic and Pacific Statlroad foills was objected to by Mr. Sherman as tending to delay the Tax bill, and gave rise to a longthy debate.

The motion was finally agreed to and at 12°15 the Tax Tariff bill came up as unfinished business.

Mr. Sherman, Chairman of the Finance Committee, stated as the result of the committee's consultation in regard to the bill that they had agreed to let all income taxes go in accordance with the vote of Senate on Friday, striking out the personal income tax. To make up for that loss of revenue they proposed to continue the tax on engar as it is now and also the tax on gross receipts.

He said the House proposition for a classification of the tax on sugars had been objected to by business men throughout the country, and the Senate Committee's classification had encountered equally strong opposition. The remaining sections of the bill would clear up ambiguities in references to the special tax on dividends of corporations, such as insurance companies, and relative to the Shakers and other religious societies. Instead of striking out the tariff part of the bill and leaving the whole subject to the determination of a committee of conference, he suggested that the Senate should proceed under the five minute rule of debate to act upon each section separately.

The House made an argument for retaining the income tax.

At 1'15 o'clock a metion to go into executive session was rejected: year 25, nays 39.

The income tax sections were then atricken out without a division.

Mr. Sherman offered a new section to continue the tax on corporations and salaries during this year.

Mr. Bayard opposed continuance of the tax mainly in justice to the salaries of the officers of the Government

now peorly paid.

Mr. bhermar said the personal income tax was being collected for the present year, and the income taxes should cease at the same time, besides the provision had already been adopted by the Sonate. The amandment was agreed to and various others submitted by Mr. Sherman to carry out the recommendations of the Finance Committee.

Bills were introduced and referred as follows:

By Mr. Johnson, to regulate the manufacture of brandy
from grapes, peaches, and other fruit.

Py Mr. Walker, for the establishment of a department.

By Mr. Maynard, to punish the collection of illegal taxes on passengers.

Mr. Hood introduced a bill for the distribution provess of all moneys paid or to be paid by the republic of Venezuela for claims of citizena of the United States under the award of the mixed commission under the treaty of April 25, 1856. Passed.

Mr. Diavis (N. Y.) introduced a bill to authorize the issue of 4 per cent. bonds, exchangeable for and convertible into legal tender notes at par. Referred to Committee of Ways and Means.

Mr. Reeves effered a preasuble and resolutions directing the Committee of Ways and Means to report to the House forthwith a bill reducing the present duties on all classes of salt fifty per cent.

The previous question was seconded; 71 to 67.

Mr. McCarthy moved to lay the resolution on the table. Rejected; yeas 88, nays 168.

Mr. Ferriss moved to reconsider the vote whereby the main question was ordered.

Mr. Cox moved to lay that motion on the table. Mr. Cox's motion was agreed to; yeas 164, nays 57.

The resolution was then adopted; yeas 109, nays 49.

Yeas—Messrs. Allison, Asper, Beatty, Beck, Benjamin, Biggs, Bird, Boles, Booker, Brocks, of N. Y.; Buck, Buckley, Burchard, Burdett, Burr, Buller, of Tenn.; Clark, of Texas; Clark, of Kansas; Cleveland, Cobb, of N. C.; Coburn, Cook, Conner, Cox, Orebs, Cullom, Davis, of N. Y.; Degener, Dickinson, Dyer, Ela, Eldridge, Farrsworth, Finkelnberg, Flich, Garfield, Hawkins, Hawley, Hay, Hays, Heilin, Holman, Ingersol, Johnson, Jenes, of Ky; Judd, Keilogg, Kerr, Knott, Lash, Lawrence, Lewia, Logan, Leughridge, Marshall, McCormick, McClary, McKenzie, McNeely, Milnes, Moore, of Ill; Mogan, Mungen, Newsham, Niblack, Orth, Packard, Paine, Peck, Peirce, Platt, Pomeroy, Prosser, Reeves, Rice, Rogers, Sargent, Shanks, of Ind.; Shober, Smith, of Vt.: Smith, of towa; Stevens, Stevenson, Stiles, Stokes, Stoughton, Strong, Swann, Sweeney, Taffe, Trimble, Minner, Williams, Wilson, Ohlo; Smith, of Oregon; Smith, of Tenn.; Smith, of Oregon; Smith, of Tenn.; Smith, of Oregon; Moore,

Mr. Stevenson objected on behalf of the Committee on Mr. Stevenson objected on penalt of the colors.

Mr. Schenck moved to suspend the rules.

Mr. Schenck moved to suspend the rules.

The rules were suspended, and the bill was reported back and made the special order for to morrow.

Mr. Kelsey, from the Committee on Appropriations reported back the Consular and Diplomatic Appropriation bill, and moved that the Senate amendments be non-concurred in, and a committee of conference be ordered.

Agreed to.

Agreed to.
On motion of Mr. Kerr the Senate amendments to the
bill for additional terms of United States Courts in Indiana were taken from the Speaker's table and concurred

bill for additional terms of United States Courts in Indiana were taken from the Speaker's table and concurred in.

Mr. Cox offered a preamble and resolution in reference to the cartage of the New York Custom House, and requiring the Secretary of the Treasury to communicate the results of the investigation into it, and his orders and letters in the premises, and whether his instructions have been complied with, to the end that legislation may be had if necessary. Agreed to.

Mr. Maynard, from the Committee of Ways and Means, reported a bill to relieve the estate of Louis M. Edge from legacy and succession tax, and stamp tax. He explained that the property was church property, devised by one Catholic priest to another, and by him conveyed to the Augustian Societies of Lawrence, Massachusetts, and of New York. Passed.

The Speaker laid before the House a telegram announcing the death of Earl Clarendon, the English Secotary of State for Foreign Affairs.

Mr. Butler (Mass.), from the Judiciary Committee, reported back adversely the Senate bill to change the judicial circuits. Laid on the table.

Mr. Davis (N. Y.) asked leave to introduce a bill to punish crimes and frauds at certain elections.

Mr. Brooks (N. Y.) objected, saying that if his colleague wanted to fix the election of the New York Legislature, the House had better repeal the adjournment resolution and postpone the adjournment till November.

Mr. Beatty moved to suspend the rules, so as to empower him to offer an amendment to the Sundry Civil Expenses Appropriation bill, authorizing the appointment of a municipal committee in relation to the Washington City Canal, the levying of a tax of \$100,000 therefor on all the taxable property of the city, and the appropriation of \$50,000 from the Treasury. Agreed to.

Mr. Niblack introduced a bill to abolish the tribal relations of the Miami tribe of Indians. Referred.

The House then, at 115, went into Committee of the Whole, Mr. Buffilm on in the chair, on the Sunday Civil Expenses Appropriation bill.

### FROM THE WEST.

The Denver Pacific Rallroad. St. Louis, June 27 .- A despatch from Denver says that the last spike was driven by the Hon. John Evans on Friday last. The spike was of solid silver, presented by the citizens of George-

town, Colorado. Michigan Central Railroad. DETROIT, Mich., June 27 .- The following

were elected Directors of the Michigan Central Railroad to-day:-James F. Jay, John W. Brooks, Nathaniel Thayer, Erastus Corning, George F. Talman, Moses Taylor, Sidney Bartlett, John Jacob Astor, and H. H. Hunewell. Fatal Accident.

SIDNEY, Nebraska, June 27 .- At 6 o'clock vesterday afternoon Benjamin Hindsley, a manin the employ of the Union Pacific Kailroad, while uncoupling an engine from a car was caught between the engine and a projecting derrick in the car, crushing his head and killing him instantly.

### FROM NEW YORK.

Continued Hot Wenther. ROCHESTER, June 27 .- The theremometer at 11 o'clock this morning was at 96 in the shade.

One case of sunstroke is reported. One case of sunstroke is reported.

New York Blonev and Stock Markets.

New York, June 27.—Stocks heavy. Money, 4
@5 per cent. Gold, 111½, 5-20s, 1862, conpon,
111½; do. 1864, do., 110¾; do. 186b do., 110¾;
do. do. new, 113; do. 1867, 113½; tb. 1868, 113½;
10-40s, 107½; Virginia 6s, new, 6s; Missouri 6s,
94¾; Canton Company, 66; Cumberland preferred,
3s; New York Central and Hudson River, 98¼; Erie,
24; Reading, 106½; Adams Express, 66; Michigan Central, 122; Michigan Southern, 98¾; Erie,
24; Reading, 106½; Cieveland and Pittsburg, 109¾;
Chicago and Rock Island, 116½; Pittsburg and Fort
Wayne, 95¼; Western Union Telegraph, 34½.

New York Produce Market.

New York Produce Market.
New York, June 27.—Cotton quiet; sales 300 bales middling upland at 21c. Flour is without debales middling upland at 21c. Flour is without decided change; State \$5.25@630; Ohio \$5.80@680; Western \$5.20@670; Southern \$6.05@9 80. Wheat steady for sound and heavy for unsound; No. 2 spring \$1.31@1.32; winter red Western, \$1.45. Com. dull; new mixed Western, 90@\$1.00. Oats heavy; State 67@55%c.; Western 61@62c. Beef steady; extra mess \$16@18.50. Pork down; new mess, \$30.12; prime \$22@48.50. Lard heavy; Steam, 14%@16c; kettle, 16%@16%c. Whisky quiet at \$1.01%

# FROM NEW ENGLAND.

Futul Aceident. Boston, June 27 .- A son of Daniel J. Sweeney, Councilman, was run over and killed by cars

Baltimore Produce Market.

Baltimore, June 27.—Cotton dull and nominal at 20%c. Flour dull and less firm. Wheat dull; Maryland, \$1\*60@170; Pennsylvania, \$1\*48@150; Western, \$1\*36@1\*38. Corn dull; white, \$1\*12@115; yehow, \$1\*05@107; white mixed, \$1\*03@18. Bacon firm; rib sides, 17c.; clear do, 17%c.; shoulders, 14c.; hams, 23@23%c. Lard quiet at 16%@17%. Whisky firm and better at \$1\*03@104. Baltimore Produce Market.

WEDDING AND ENGAGEMENT RINGS, of solid 18 karat fine gold. QUALITY WAR RANTED. A full assortment of sizes always on hand.

FARR & BROTHER, Makers, 825 wfm; No. 234 OHE. UT Street, below Fourth.

IMPORTANT TO PARENTS .-- MOTHERS MPORTANT
and fathers whose sons were lost in the war, or whe
died after discharge of disease contracted in the service,
are entitled to PENSIONS, if in any way dependent upon
their sons for support. We recommend all who think
they are entitled to call on ROBERTS. LEAGUE & CO.,
No. 135 S. SEVANTH Street, who will procure for them a
Pension, or give any information, free of charge, relative
to Back Pay, Bounty, Prize Money, etc.

SOLDIERS WHO HAVE LOST THEIR DIS-Charges are entitled to bounty, and it can be pro-cured for them in all cases in which they would have been entitled if the discharge had not been lost, on an appli-cation made at once to R S. LEAGUE & CO., at No. 185 S. SEVENTH Street. Philadelphia, either in person or by

DRIZE MONEY AMOUNTING TO \$5,849, Third all of the treatment of the United States, arising from captures made during the late Rebellion. For information and advice, given cheerfully, free of any charge, apply at once, either in person or by letter to the General Collection Agency, ROBERT S. LEAGUE & Co., No. 125 South SEVENTH Street Phila-

DOUNTY, BOUNTY, BOUNTY .- SOLDIERS D enlisted for three years, between May 3 and July 23, 1861, discharged before serving two years, and received no bounty, are now entitled to \$100. Apply to ROBERT S. I.KAGUE & CO., General Claim Office, No. 135 S. SEVENTH Street.

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Sailors, or Marines without just cause, knough error
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