# THE EVENING TELEGRAPH.

VOL. XIII-NO. 146.

Voudooism in Texas.

Robbery in Chesapeake Bay.

Panic in a Hotel.

Brigham Young's Wealth.

Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.,

# PHILADELPHIA, MONDAY, JUNE 20, 1870.

# FIRST EDITION servants. The wreck of the building, together with the fallen wall of the wing, forms a large with the fallen wall of the wing, forms a large heap of debris, among which are seen broken gas-pipes, bedding, and pieces of broken furni-ture, carried down in the crash. Mr. Casper Steble, who was in the hotel at the time of the accident, states that about ten minutesafter six o'clock he was standing at the THE LOUISVILLE BANK ROBBERY.

end of the dining room next to the pantry, and hearing something erack, he discovered the main wall opening on the east end He noticed the casing giving away, and some of the doors bulging out. He then went to the office to find the contractor, and hastily notified the servants and persons employed in the building of the danger. It was some time after this that the wallcollapsed. The accident resulted from repairs in the

foundation, which were commenced about two weeks ago, Mr. Gugerty, a carpenter, being the contractor. These repairs were necessitated by the insecurity of the foundation. Some of the new wall had been put in order, and a portion was shoved up, a large beam extending under the end wall. The workmen suspended work about 6 o'clock, and soon after the crash occurred.

BRIGHAM YOUNG'S WEALTH.

How It Was Secured - Zion's Co-operative

Stores. The prodigious wealth of the Salt Lake auto-

crat, Brigham Young, has been flaunted in the face of the world for ten years, as an offset to his multifarious crimes against civilization and humanity. He has been held up to view as one

of the ablest executive minds in the nation; a

man capable of vast achievements; a ruler who moved the one hundred and fifty thousand peo-

ple of his dominions like automatons, and made

all things within the radius of his power move

to his bidding. We have been told that he was

the second largest depositor in the Bank of England, had millions in London real estate,

and costly buildings without number; held the

balance of money power in New York and other cities, the lowest figure of his enormous gains

being placed at seventy millions. The Corinne Reporter tells how it was done,

it was decided by the Church to establish a gigantic co-operative institution, with branches extending through the capital city, and to every

settlement of the Empire, agents were sent to Chicago, New York, Boston, and Philadelphia,

to purchase stocks for the multitude of stores

proposed to be opened. The seventy millions romance had preceded them, and dealers vied with each other as to who should sell the most

goods on credit to the Chief of Zion's Co opera-tive Establishment. Merchandlse of every description flowed into the Territory in an end-less stream, and the thousand stores were stocked. "Holiness to the Lord" furnished the

trade mark by which all Mormons were ordered

to buy. Excommunication from the Church, which is virtually outlawry, was visited upon all who dared to violate the edict by trading

with a Gentile. The institution has thus far

made no dividends, and the Eastern merchants who sold it goods were sold in return. When they sought the whereabouts of the glittering

The next scheme set on foot by the mighty Brigham was to build a few hundred miles of the Union Pacific Railroad. He took large con-

immensely from them. His profits may have been large, but he claims to have received little

or no money for his work, the greater part of the proceeds going into material for the Utah

seventy millions, no part of it could be found.

whom and for what purpose. The falsehood

## THE CHLOROFORMED CASHIER.

Strange Sequel to a Tragedy of Thirty Years Ago-A Cashler Chleroformed and a Bank Robbed in Broad Daylight.

From the Louisville Journal of Saturday we take these particulars of the recent daring bank robbery:-

One of the most bold and successful pieces of villainy ever perpetrated in our city, occurred yesterday afternoon. The facts of this daring robbery are about as

follows:-Mr. Henry L. Pope, who, for the last twenty-five or thirty years, has held the position of Cashier of the Mechanics' Bank, occasionally goes to the bank after business hours, especially during the busy season, to count the cash, post the books, and finish up the business of the day.

Yesterday Mr. Pope went to dinker and re-turned to the bank a little after 4 P. M. He sat down in the Cashier's office, looked over the daily papers for a few minutes, and then opened the vaults and cash drawers and commenced counting the money. He had been busily en-gaged in this manner for some time, when sud-denly two men advanced upon him from behind. The foremost of the two men had a huge knife in his hand, and as he suddenly came upon Mr. Pope, made a menacing movement with the knife and said: — "If you make a noise I will kill you," and at the same time threw a handfull of sauff into Mr. Pope's eyes. The other man then rushed up with a heavy woolldn shawl, and threw it over Mr. Pope's head. The two men then seized hold of him and dragged him into the back room, and locked the door. They then hastily gathered up what money there was in

tight and made off. The cash belonging to the bank was in the cash drawer and in a small safe in the large vault, both of which were open. They scooped the small safe clean, but when they came to the cash-drawer they were more particular, only emptying the compartments containing large bills. Scrip and one and two dollar bills were thrown aside with contempt. They were evi-dently in a great hurry, and grabbed up the money hastily, as one package, containing one thousand dollars, was found lying on the floor, immediately beneath the cash-drawer.

How the robbers got into the bank is a mys-tery, but the most reasonable theory is that they slipped into the building during the day, and secreted themselves in the back room until Mr. Pope returned from dinner. The first discovery of the robbery was made a

few minutes before 8 o'clock last night. Mr. a young man v

Durst, a gentleman living near, and who had desired to stop the insane proceeding before, but knew not exactly how to proceed, told her husband she was crazy, and to get a chain and fasten her, where she could no longer do mis-chief. She at once the and was pursued, caught, and secured, and at once the rest of her fol-lowers gathered round and secured for the first lowers gathered round, and scemed for the first time to become aware of the mischief they had wrought. They thanked Mr. Durst greatly for breaking the spell Jane had thrown over them went to their now almost ruined fields and com-menced work again in good earnest-the parties having kept and returned to them their stock, farming utensils, etc. They are now, however, without the neceasary apparel and food to ena-ble them to work successfully. The excitement lasted some ten days, and all that time no work was done by these deluded creatures.

Until the confinement of the old woman every one of her commands were obeyed, and, from what we have narrated, none can doubt that if she had commanded her followers to commit murder among the whites they would have essayed to do it. In the case of the negro man beaten she commanded them to beat him to death, unless he joined their band. But for Mr. Durst, he would have been killed outright.

## FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

Evening TELEGRAPH OFFICE, Monday, June 20, 1870. I There are not so many complaints among the lending classes of the excessive redundancy of loanable capital unemployed as two or three weeks ago. The West and the United States Treasury have phlebotomized our market very liberally during this time, and the process is still going on to a moderate extent, though we anticipate good rather than evil from this revival of activity in the money current. The surplus of funds both at the banks and with individual lenders has thus been reduced, but it is still considerably in excess of the probable wants of the market during the next eight weeks.

We notice no manner of change in rates for money either at bank or on the street. Gold is quiet but strong, opening at 11234, declining to 11256, and closing at noon at 11235. Government bonds attract little attention in

by whom and for what purpose. The falsehood of the Prophet's wealth was sent abroad in a quiet way, by and through the horde of pro-selyting agents scattered throughout the United States and Europe, and for this purpose: --When this market, and prices of the new bonds are generally off a fraction.

Stocks were extremly dull and prices less

strong. In City sixes there were sales of the new issue at 100%. In Reading Railroad there were no sales; 53% was bid. Sales of Lehigh Valjey at 58@ 58%; Norristown at 83; Oil Creek and Alle-there at 47%. Comber and Amber at 11% and ghany at 47%; Camden and Amboy at 118, and Pennsylvania at 58%@58%. In Canal stocks the only sales were Lehigh, at

Miscellaneous stocks were quiet. Corn Ex-change Bank sold at 70. 15 was offered for Hestonville Railroad; 23 for Thirteenth and Fifteenth streets, and 46½ for Second and Third streets. PHILADELPHIA STOCK EXCHANGE SALES.

Reported by De Haven & Bro., No. 40 S. Third street.

	FINOI DUAND.				
8	\$500 City 68, N 18.	20 sh O C& A R.1s. 4	736		
ł	cash .1001	100 do b60. 4			
1	\$1000 Eimira 78 96	100 do 4	74		
1	\$1000 C & A m 68,89	100 do 4	714		
1	cash 94%	100 do 4			
1	\$1000 W Jer 68 96%	200 sh Penna R.is.c 5			
1	\$2000 Pa R gen mt.	200 do.ls. b10fit, 5			
1	Bds.Cp 9736				
1	5 sh Cam & Am R.118	12 00 5			
ł	to sh Corn Ex Bk. 70	300 do15.860. 5			
Н	1 sh Leh V R 58	100 sh Leh Nav. s60. 3			
1	58 dols. 58%	11 do 3			
1	2 sh Norrist'n R., 83				

MESSAS. DE HAVEN & BROTHER, NO. 40 S. Third Street, Philadelphia, report the following quotations: -U. S. 6s of 1881, 118@118¼; do., 1862, 112¼@112½; do. 1864, 111 & @111 &; do. 1865, 111 & @111 &; do. 1865, new, 113 & @113 &; do. 1867, do. 113 & @114 &; do. 1865, do., 113 & @114 &; 10-40s, 108 & @108 &; U. S. 20 Year 6 per cent. Currency, 114 @114 &; Due Comp. Int. Notes, 19; Gold, 112 & @113; Silver, 108 @110, Union Pacific R. R. 1st Mort. Bonds, \$570 @880; Cen-tral Pacific R. R., \$930 @940; Union Pacific Land Grant Bonds, \$780 @790.

Crime in the West and South. A Chapter of Horrors Latest Naval Intelligence.

Our West Indies Squadron.

Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.,

#### FROM EUROPE.

Explosion at Waltham Abbey.

LONDON, June 20 .- An explosion occurred yesterday in one of the Government powder mills at Waltham Abbey, near this city. Several

people were killed.

Lord Clinton Innocent. The death of Lord Arthur Clinton, which occurred on Saturday, created renewed interest in the case of the Boulton masqueraders. The dying declaration of this gentleman that he was innocent of the crimes imputed to him is fully verified by his attendants and companions, who solemnly disclaim any criminal purpose in the woman-personation-folly.

Funeral of Mrs. Luby. The funeral of Mrs. Luby, mother of the Fenian convict, occurred at Dublin yesterday. Great crowds of people sympathizing with the Fenian movement followed the remains to the

## Charles Dickens' Will.

grave.

Many people assembled yesterday to listen to sermon of Dean Stanley, of Westminster Abbey, on the late Charles Dickens. Part of the last will of Mr. Dickens was read. In that he declines a monument, but rests his fame on hls published works. He also urges his children to practice Christianity in a broad spirit, not accepting the narrow construction of any man or any sect. Mr. Dean closed with a glowing tribute to the illustratious dead.

lize the new Cabinet.

LISBON, June 20.-Many of the reforms pro-

# FROM WASHINGTON.

Vice-Admiral Porter, Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph WASHINGTON, June 20.

who has been absent for several weeks attending the examinations at Annapolis and West Point, has returned to the city and was at the department this morning, looking much improved in health from his recent trip.

Naval Intelligence. Lieutenant Edwin H. Miller has been ordered to Washington for examination previous to promotion.

Chief Engineer O. H. Lackey has been de-tached from the Navy Yard at Norfolk and placed on walting orders. Assistant Surgeon Thomas R. G. Brown has been detached from special duty connected with the Toward Department and advected to the the second secon

the Treasury Department, and ordered to examination previous to promotion.

The Terror at Key West. A telegram from Rear-Admiral Poor to the Navy Department, June 18, announces the arrival of the United States iron-elad Terror at Key West, from Havana. All well on board.

Hon. William Faxon, late Assistant Secretary of the Navy, just re-turned from a tour in Europe during the last year, is in town making a brief visit to his numerous friends and relatives here. He leaves to-night for Hartford, at which place he will make his home at present. His son accompanied him on his trip to Europe, and both return in good health and spirits.

Revenue Seizures. Supervisor Tutton, of the Eastern District of Pennsylvania, under date of June 18, writes to the Commissioner of Internal Revenue that he had that day ordered the seizure of the vinegar manufactory and contents, of David Wimpf-heimer of Burlington, N. J.

On examining the premises yesterday Mr. Brooks found a concealed room in which was set up a copper still, worm, beer vat, pump. etc., which appeared to have been used very recently. He also found several barrels of spirits without any stamps or brands on them.

FROM THE SOUTH.

## Bloody Work in Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, June 20 .- Three deadly affrays occurred in this city on Saturday night, and another last evening. A young man named Sidney B. Willey was shot and killed by another named William Sparks, aged twenty years. Willey slapped Mrs. Sparks, the mother of the young man, which led to the homicide. While the officers were in pursuit of Sparks the body of Willey was robbed of six dollars.

a son of the latter rushed upon Lacy with a knife and cut him down. He will die.

brick thrown by Charles Murphy, and is now in a dying condition.

Movements of Secretary Fish. FORTRESS MONROE, June 20.-The Hon. Hamilton Fish, Secretary of State arrived here this morning from Washington on a visit to his daughter, Mrs. Colonel Benjamin. A salute was fired from the fort in honor of his arrival.

A Murderer Surrenders His

The death of Dr. Nadal will be a great surprise and shock to the Church of which he was such a zealous and effective member. Letters were received from him in this city on Saturday, at the time of writing which he was apparently in his usual health. Even as late as yesterday there was no token of his approaching decease, which took place very suddenly at 6 o'clock this morning. A few months ago his son was appointed oy the Presi-dent and confirmed by the Senate as Assistant Secretary of Legation at London, where he is now residing.

DOUBLE SHEET \_\_\_\_\_THREE CENTS.

# LEGAL INTELLIGENCE.

The West Philadelphia Arson Case.

The West Filladelphia Arson Case. Court of Quarter Sessions—Judge Ludlon, In the case of the two boys, Henry Kincade and William Francis, tried for setting fire to a barn at sist street and Summer road, the jury this morning rendered a verdict of guilty of alding and abetting the commission of the arson, which is a misde-meanor. In connection with this conviction it is worth while to mention that since last November to less than fourteen inconding these areas to less than fourteen incendiary fires have occurred at Hestonville within the circuit of a mile, all being outhouses, apparcally for the purpose of causing the fire companies to turn out, and all believed to have been started by a party of very bad boys who infest that neighborhood. that neighborhoo

#### Charge of Embezzlement.

**Charge of Embezzlement.** George B. Thatcher was put on trial on the charge of embezziement. It was alleged that he was em-for embezziement. It was alleged that he was em-for the books of William E. Forbes, United in that capacity he appropriated to his own use \$100 of the moneys of the office. Colonel Forbes testined in that capacity he appropriated to his own use \$100 of the moneys of the office. Colonel Forbes testined in that capacity he appropriated to his own use \$100 of the moneys of the office. Colonel Forbes testined in that capacity he appropriated to his own use \$100 of the moneys of the office. Colonel Forbes testined in that capacity he appropriated to his own use \$100 of the moneys of the office. Colonel Forbes testined in that capacity he appropriated to his own use \$100 of the moneys of the office. So on the balance in his hat he had paid out the sum of \$376-20, but on ex-mination of all the vouchers to be found in the he disclosed that the amount paid out was only \$276-20, making a discrepancy of \$100. So on the hist were discovered in his takes of a similar ex-tent of the chief cierk, Mr. Sheridan, he overhauled he books and discovered these inaccurates, soon is yet on the chief cierk of the set inaccurates and the to books and the defendant was arrested. The case

## GENERALITIES.

#### Vital Statistics,

The births, marriages, deaths, and divorces are compiled in Connecticut by the State Librarian. His report for the past year idicates that the natural increase of population, *i. e.* the excess of births over deaths, in that State was a little lower than in the previous year. The prependerance of birth of boys over girls was five per cent, which is higher than the usual average in that State. About one per cent. of the births were twins. There was but one case of triplets. But five of the 8400 deaths were of persons whose age exceeded 100 years; one, a farmer in Colchester, is reported as having at-tained 110 years. Of the 491 divorces granted, twice as many were upon the wife's as on the husband's petition. A table of the causes for which these divorces were granted is appended to the report, with the remark from the Libra-rian that "little dependence can be placed on it," which seems likely, as according to its figures the divorces were 860 instead of 491.

#### Fish Propagation.

The old fishermen at the mouth of the Con-necticut river have hitherto regarded the opera-tions of the Fish Commissioners and artificial propagation as a kind of scientific nonsense; they now think otherwise. It has been ascertained that shad require about three years for growth to merchantable size. Three years ago the Commissioners and Seth Green presided over the hatching of about 40,000,000 young shad at Holyoke. Now comes the sequel. There has not been for many years a better season for shad from the Connecticut river than this one. The number recorded as caught in one day-the 28d of May-was 28,000; but it is known that a considerable proportion of the haul of that day was not recorded. The fish are unusually fat and fine; the scientific explanation of which is that the shad artificially hatched were the product of parents mated at about equal ages. Ordinarily young male shad are apt to be mated with old female fish, a mesalliance which the men of science think results in inferior progeny.

The New Unbinet. BRUSSELS, June 20.—The Independance Belge is certain that the clerical party will monopo-Reforms in Portugal.

mised have already been promulgated. Decrees abolishing the death penalty and pensions appeared to day, and the right of holding political meetings and the right of petition will be officially granted in a day or two.

PARIS, June 20.-The Emperor is still indisposed, but there is nothing in his condition to excite alarm.

This Morning's Quotations. LONDON, June 20-11-30 A. M.-Consols for money.

Napoleon's Health.

9212: for account, 92%@92%. American securities

William Lacy insulted a Mrs. Carrick, when

Frank English was struck in the head by a

Last evening Dan. Conklin was seriously wounded by Patrick Sullivan, who used a knife and inflicted wounds on Conklin's head from which he will hardly recover.

# FROM BALTIMORE.

bank, went there at that time last night, and upon entering the room found Mr. Pope lying in the stairway, with the shawl lying partly over him, and a bottle which had contained chloroform near his face. He was insensible, but by the application of cold water was restored to consciousness. A large glass bottle partly filled with chloroform, a napkin which had been saturated with chloroform, and a huge knife with a blade nearly eight inches

long, were found on the table. A masty count of the cash was made, as it was impossible during the hurry and excitement to ascertain exactly the amount taken, but as far as could be ascertained last night, about \$65,000 in currency was missing. Piled in the shelves in boxes were the special deposits of the bank, consisting of cash and bonds to the amount of several hundred thousand dollars, which the robbers had overlooked. Mr. Pope was made very ill by his rough treatment, and had not fully recovered up to a late hour last night.

All the avenues leading from the city were guarded last night, and every effort will be made to bring the bold villains to justice. This is the second attempt which has been made to rob this same bank in open daylight. The first attempt was a highly tragical affair, and occurred about

thirty years ago. The story, as well as can be remembered now, is about as follows:-Mr. Parker, who was the cashier of the bank, had a friend, a Captain Dix, of Maysville, who was in the habit of dropping into the bank occasionally. Mr. H. S. Julian, of this city, was also an offi-

cer of the bank, which was then located on Main street, between Second and Third. At the dinner hour Julian would go to his dinner and return and relieve Parker. Upon the day in question Captain Dix went into the bank, while Julian was absent at dinner, and, after looking over the papers and chatting awhile, slipped up behind Parker, who was at work at his books and struck him with a slung-shot, killing him instantly. Knowing that Julian would return before he could possibly get away with the booty, he determined to lay in wait and kill him As Julian entered the front door Dix attacked him with a slung-shot, but the blow glanced, and Julian closed with him.

Dix then struck him with the concealed ham mer, but without inflicting serious injury. Julian then managed to get hold of a chair, with which he knocked Dix down. He then ran into the street and gave the alarm. A crowd soon gath-ered; but as they entered, Dix seeing that his audacious scheme was a failure, and that the penalty for murder was more certain than it is at present, drew a pistol and blew his brains out before the crowd could selze him. Mr. Henry L. Pope was appointed cashier in place of the unfortunate Parker, and after a service of thirty years nearly lost his life in defending the property of the bank

Up to one o'clock this morning the robbers had not been captured. It is almost certain that they are still in the city, and a determined effort will be made to arrest them.

#### PANIC IN A HOTEL.

Portion of a Wall Gives Way-Narrow Escape and General Trepidation.

The St. Louis Republican of Saturday says:-About 7 o'clock last evening the east wall of the rear wing of the Everett House fell with a terrible crash, carrying down also a small twostory wrick structure adjoining, occupied as a kitchen. Fortunately no lives were lost nor was any person injured. About forty persons were seated at the supper table at the time of the crash, out they received warning in time to effect their escape, as also did the waiters and persons employed in that portion of the build-ing. The panic created was, of course, general, and was heightened by the successive crackings that were heard.

The portion of the building the wall of which gave way extends out from the main hotel, forming an L, and is four stories in height. All the rooms in this part of the establishment are exposed along the entire width, and their contents, beds, tables, and chairs, are revealed. The lower story was used in connection with the kitchen: the second and third stories were occupied by the water-closets, and the upper story was devoted to sleeping apartments for the

Central, from Ogden to Salt Lake. When built, Brigham hadn't the means to equip it, nor has he paid the men who did the work of construc-tion. What was done with the funds acquired from the Union Pacific Railroad contract don't appear. He says the Union Pacific Railroad Company still owe him a large balance on the work

His tithings cannot be over a hundred and fifty thousand per annum, and we doubt if the are that much. His foreign deposit cannot b large, possibly a million or two, but he has tight grasp on all the estates, goods, and effec of his subjects, which may amount to thirty or forty millions-certainly not more. Salt Lake City to-day, though four times as large, is not so expensively built as Denver. The buildings are all adobe, and most of them are of the cheaper kind. A few on Temple, street, the main thoroughfore, present an imposing appearance, but they are built of concrete or adobe stuccoed off into square blocks to represent and cut stone.

Take away the forest of shade trees, and the town would have no attractions whatever. If, with these facts in view, the world can figure out where Brigham's seventy millions came from, it must find sharp mathematicians, and get deeper into the archives of Mormondon than we have been able to do.

## VOUDOOISM IN TEXAS.

# Remarkable Narrative of Negro Frenzy-As-

The Fairfield (Texas) Register of a recent date tells this story, which, if true, is one of the most remarkable instances of religious fanaticism of the time:-

On Sunday, at the farm of Mr. J. Wright, lying two miles east of Springfield, in Limestone county, Texas, an old negro woman named Jane, who, with her husband, lived on the farm, announced to the rest of the negroes on the farm, some eight or ten adults in number, that she had just received a revelation from.God that the millennium was to come on Thursday, the 26th of this month, and that the mighty "Ship of Zion" would come-water or no water-and take all those to glory who would follow impli-citly the directions see (Jane) would give them, she being, as she avowed, the chosen instrument of God for their salvation. She first preached a whole day to a large congregation, and after having made many convertashe commanded them te burn one-half of all the household kitchen furniture, clothing, etc., they possessed—no bag-gage being allowed—which they did in a mighty bonfire. She next commanded them to cut up with hoes one-half of all their growing crops which they did, digging everything up by the roots; much of the corn was nearly waist high, and both corn and cotton were good generally. She then commanded that they give away half their children, their wagons, horses, ploughs, and other farming utensils, which they did, to several persons living near. Then came a command for both sexes to cadisrobe themselves and pray and dance tirely the "Holy Dance," which was implicitly obeyed. Many of the small children, upon refusing to obey these orders, were severely beaten, and one man who refused was very nearly beaten to death by the women. They were then made to partake of what she denominated the "Lord's Supper," the bread consisting of water and salads, and the wine of water and molasses. She said a human sacrifice was demanded, and accordingly stripped her own infant of its cloth ing, wrapped it in a cloth, and prepared to give it as a burnt offering, and would assuredly have done so but for the interference of some present who were not so insane. They were then commanded to kill all their dogs, which they did to the number of fifteen, and after some two days-those things all the time going on-they were ordered by their leaders to eat of the putrid carcasses, at which command they, for the first time, evinced a disposition to "go slow

While they were halting, their leader en-deavored to show them how to "go through a dorg," but her stomach being of a different notion from her head, eschewed the repast, and speedily delivered itself of such wonderful moreels

At this stoge of the proceedings, Mr. Isaac ,

NABR & LADNER, Brokers, report this morning 

be	10.01		
8	10.28		
ts		 	

Philadelphia Trade Report. MONDAY, June 20.-No. 1 Quercitron Bark is steady at \$27 2 ton, but there is very little inquiry for the article, and only 12 hhds sold at these figures.

There is no movement in Clover or Timothy seed, and prices are nominal. Small sale of Flayseed at \$2.25 per bushel, at which figure it is wanted by the crushers.

The Flour market is less active, the demand having fallen off, but there is no disposition to accept any concession in prices. About 800 barrels changed any concession in prices. About 800 barrets changed hands, including extra at \$5 25, Iowa, Wisconsin and Minnesota extra family at \$5 50@650 for low and medium grades, and \$6 5@7 for choice; Pennsylvania do, at \$6@650; indiana and Ohio do, at \$6 25@675, and \$7 50(a9 for fancy brands. Rye Flour is steady at \$5 25. No sales of Corn Meal, and prices are ninal.

There is less doing in Wheat, and prices are but There is less doing in wheat, and prices are but barely maintained. Sales of 800 bushels Pennsyl-vania red, at \$145, and Western do. at \$140 per bushel. Rye is steady at \$1 for Western and \$110 for Pennsylvania. Corn is steady, but there is not much coming forward. Sales of \$000 bushels yellow at \$107@108, and some mixed Western at \$106. Oats move slowly at 64@6'c. Whisky is dull. We quote Western iron-bound packages at \$100@106.

packages at \$1 05@1 06.

#### Philadelphia Cattle Market.

MONDAY, June 20 .- There is less demand for Beef cattle, and on choice descriptions we reduce our quotations fully %c. per pound. The receipts are more liberal than for some time past, reaching 1331 head. We quote choice at 10c., fair to good at 7%@ 9%c., and common at 5@7c. per pound gross. The following are the particulars of the sales: -

Bead,
32 Owen Smith, Western, S¼@9¼.
120 John Smith & Bro., Western, 849¼.
36 Deznis Smith, Western, 8¼@9½.
76 A. Christy, Ohio, 8½@10. 76 A. Christy, Ohio, 8%@10.
30 J. Christy, Ohio, 8%@10.
30 Dengler & McCleese, Chester co., 5%@10.
96 P. McFillen, Ohio, 9@10%.
57 J. S. Kirk, Ohio, 8%@10
80 B. S. McFillen, Ohio, 9@10.
165 Uliman & Bachman. Ohio, 9@10.
220 J. J. Martin & Co., Illinois, 8@9%.
180 Mooney & Miller, Western, 8%@10.
90 Thomas Mooney & Bro., Western, 7%@9%.
42 H. Chain, Western, 7%@8%. 42 H. Chain, Western, 7½@8½. 50 Joseph Chain, Western, 7½@9. 29 J. & L. Frank, Ohio, 8¼@10. Gus. Schamberg, Western, 8%@9%.
 Hope & Co., Western, 9%@9%.
 B. Baldwin, Pennsylvania co., 7%@9%. 40 Ha Frank, Western, 8%@9%. 40 Ha Frank, Western, 8%@9%.
25 James Clemson, Lancaster co., 8@9%
36 Alexander & Kimble, Chester co., 8@9%.
15 L. Horne, Pennsylvania, 6@7%.
52 J. McArdle, Ohio, 8%@9%.
50 R. Mayne, Ohio co., 6%@10.
100 Jas. McFillen, Western, 8@9%.
48 B. F. McFillen, Western, 9@9%.
39 Elcon & Adler, Ohio, 8@8%.
19 Eluon Western, 8210. S9 Elcon & Adler, Ohio, 868%.
19 Bium, Western, 8610.
10 S. Frank, Western, 869.
8 Blumenthal, Delaware, 768.
Cows and Calves are selling at \$60685, and
Springers at \$40650. Receipts, 150 head.
Sheep are dull. Sales of 9800 head at the Park
Droveyard at 5%66%c. for good, and \$26250 for
common, and 5000 head at the Avenue yard at 5

Hogs meet an active inquiry, and only 3000 head changed hands at \$11@12 for slop and \$12-50@13 for corn-fed.

#### New York Money and Stock Markets.

New York Money and Stock Markets. New York, June 20.—Stocks strong. Money, 36 5 per cent. Gold, 119%. 5-205, 1869. coupon, 112%; do. 1864, do., 111%; do. 1865 do., 111%; do. do. new, 118%; do. 1867, 118%; to. 1866 do., 113%; 10-408, 106%; Virginia 6s, new, 67%; Missouri 6s, 94%; Canton Company, 67; Cumberland preferred, 39%; Consolidated New York Central and Hudson River, 99%; Erie, 25; Reading, 107%; Adams Express, 64%; Michigan Central, 184%; Michigan Southern, 100%; Illinois Central, 140%; Cleveland and Pittsburg, 109%; Chicago and Rock Island, 121; Pittsburg and Fort Wayne, 97%; Western Union Telegraph, 85%.

steady. U. S. Five-twenties, 1962s, 90%; of 1865s, old, 59%; and of 1867s, 8834; 10-408, 87. Stocks steady. Brie, 20%; Illinois Central, 113%; Great Western, 28%. LIVERPOOL, June 20-11:30 A. M.-The Cotton

Liverroot, sune 20-11'30 A. Al.-Ine Cotton market tends upward; middling uplands, 101<sub>6</sub>d.; middling Orleans, 103<sub>6</sub>d. The sales will probably reach 10,000 bales. Red Western wheat, 9s, 3d. LONDON, June 20-11'30 A. M.-Linseed cakes quiet at £11@£11 5s. Tallow firmer at 45s, 9d. Sugar quiet. Calcutta linseed firmer but not higher. Snarm Qil firm Linseed and firm

Sperm oil firm. Linseed oil firm. FROM FORTRESS MONROE.

Outrage on the Chesapeake-A Pilot Robbed and Narrowly Escapes with His Life. Correspondence of the Associated Press.

FORTRESS MONROE, June 18 .- One of the most atrocious robberies that ever occurred in this vicinity took place in the Chesapeake Bay a day or two since, the particulars of which we learn from Captain Cole, and are as follows:— Captain Cole states that he was appointed pilot on the Italian brigglosephine, in Baltimore, about a week ago, and came on board the vessel and a week ago, and came on board the vessel and got her under way, the captain paying him the amount of the pilotage, some fifty or sixty dol-lars, before leaving Baltimore. There was but one of the crew who could speak any English, and he very imperfectly, and they were all a cuthroat-looking set. They knew that Captain Cole had this money with him, and after getting well down the here consulted arginst him and well down the bay conspired against him and threatened to kill him if he didn't give them the money. Judging from appearances that his life would not be safe if he did not do so, he gave up the money, in order to pacify them. This, however, did not satisfy them, for they feared he would have them arrested if he possibly could before the vessel left.

Captain Cole states that all but the captain entered into a conspiracy to kill him and throw him overboard. He suspected their designs and did not close his eyes for three days and nights, fearing they would accomplish his death. Finally, on yesterday afternoon, as good luck would have it, the brig Florence Howell, Captain George W. Fenimore, came within hail of the Josephine, and by using a little strategy Captain Cole got off, and left her at Smith's Point. He was taken off the Howell this forenoon and brought up to the Point by the U. S. steamer Triasa, Captain L. G. Cook, which had just towed the sloop of war Savannah out to sea. He will procure the services of the Uni-ted States Marshal and endeavor to stop the brig and have the crew arrested for robbery on the high seas, before she can get out of the

Capes. The following is Captain Fenimore's state-

ment of the affair :--CAPE HENRY, June 18, 1870.-About 4 o'clock in the afternoon on the 17th inst., off Smith's Island Point, Va., was halled by Mr. George W. Cole, pilot of the Italian brig Josephine, bound from Baltimore for Spain, to know where I was bound. Upon my replying "Storington Conn." he said he had a replying "Stonington, Conn." he said he had a package which he wished me to deliver to the cus-toms authorities for him, and would be obliged to me if I would send my boat to the brig for it, which I did. When the boat drew near the brig, Mr. Cole, did. When the boat drew near the brig, Mr. Cole, very much to my surprise, jumped overboard. He was picked up immediately and brought on board this versel. One of the brig's crew being able to speak a little English, said that Mr. Cole was crazy, but entreated me to return him to the brig, stating that they could not find the way to sea without a pilot. I refused to return him, stating that a crazy pilot was worse than none. In explanation Mr. Cole states that all the crew except the captain had conspired against him, and that for three days previous to his getting on board of this vessel, his life was in constant dauger. He states that they threatened to mutilate his body in the most barbarous manner. Mr. Cole appeared perfectly sober and rational when he came on board, nor did I discern during his stay on board the slight-

perfectly sober and rational when he came on board, nor did I discern during his stay on board the slight-est symptoms of insanity in his conversation or actions. George W. Fenimore, Master schooner Florence Howell,

CLEVELAND, June 20.-Richard C. Tong was fatally stabbed by Thomas Day, in a saloon on Broadway Extension, on Saturday night. The wounded man died ten minutes after the blow was struck. Day was under the influence of iquor, and mistook Tong for a man with whom the even irg.

BALTIMORE, June 20 .- In the case of Lewis Smith (colored), who was fatally cut during an altercation with Charles Rose, at Centre Market. on Saturday, the Coroner's jury rendered a verdict that Smith came to his death at the hands of a person unknown, after which young Rose delivered himself up to the authorities, and was committed for the action of the Grand Jury. Obituary.

Eugene Levering, a prominent merchant of this city, died yesterday, aged fifty-two.

FROM NEW ENGLAND.

Drowning Cases at Boston

BOSTON, June 20 .- The only son of Benjamin M. Eastman, employed in the State Prison, aged eleven years, was thrown from the wharf into the water and drowned on Saturday night, by Edward Connors, also employed in the prison. Connors, in excuse, said he thought the boy could swim. He is under arrest.

James Flynn, aged twenty-four, and George Sarl, aged eighteen, were drowned on Saturday while bathing.

# OBITUARY.

#### Rev. Bernard H. Nadal, D. D. A private despatch from Madison, N. J., announces

the death at that place this morning of the Rev. Bernard H. Nadal, D. D., one of the Professors and acting President of the Drew Theological Seminary. Dr. Nadal was about fifty-five years of age, and was a native of Hanover, in this State. He was educated at Dickinson College, Carlisle, where he graduated in 1848, Postmaster-General Creswell being one of his classmates. The degree of Doctor of Divinity was, in 1857, conferred upon him by this institution as a fitting recognition of his thorough culture and ability as a divine. Entering the ministry of the Methodist Episcopal Church soon after graduating, he soon acquired a high reputation as a pulpit orator, and for several years during the war was stationed at Washington, as pastor of the Wesley Chapel. In this position he performed efficient service to the Union cause, by a steadfast and unflinching loyalty in a city where loyalty was not as universal as it might have been. The bold and masly stand which Dr. Nadal took, in the pulpit as well as out of it, attracted the attention of Mr. Lincoln, with whom he soon came to be on terms of pleasant intimacy. The influence which he thus acquired with the Chief Magistrate of the nation was, however, always used with discretion, and he never hesitated to appeal to the President directly when there was an opportunity for him to be of ser-

vice to a worthy cause. In 1866 Dr. Nadal was transferred from the Baltimore Conference, of which he had long been a member, to the Philadelphia Conference, and was stationed for a year or more at Trinity Methodist Church, in this city. While here stationed he was elected a Professor in Dickinson College, of which he had been elected a trustee in 1858, but he did not enter upon the active duties of this position. In 1857 he was appointed Professor of Historical Theology in the Drew Theologisal Seminary, at Madison N. J., then just being organized, and this position he continued to hold until the time of his death, having acted as President of the institution since Dr. McClintock's death, a short time since. He was at one time also a professor in tae Garrett Biblical Institute, at Evanston, Illinois.

Dr. Nadal was an accomplished scholar, a skilled theologian, and an attractive and effective preacher, his sermons, many of which have been published in our columns, being characterized by their deep carnestness, not less than by their elegance of style. He was connected with the New York Methodist as one of its editors from the establishment of that popular religious journal, was a frequent contributor to the Methodist Quarterly Review, and both during and subsequent to his residence in this city, wrote frequently for this journal. At the time of his death, he was engaged in writing a had had an altercation in the early part of | biography of the late Rev. John McClintock, D. D., his co-laborer at the Drew Semiuary.

-Louisville has, by actual count, 390 pumps, not reckoning the interviewers. —Two men have been arrested in Newport, R. I., for stealing crape from a door.

#### LATEST SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

#### For additional Marine News see Inside Pages.

(By Cable.) QUEENSTOWN, June 20.—Arrived, steamers Pal-myra, Abyssinia, and Colorada, from New York.

PORT OF PHILADELPHIA ...... JUNE 20

STATE OF THERMOMETER AT THE EVENING TELEGRAPH

CLEARED THIS MORNING. St'r Bristol, Wallace, New York, W. P. Clyde & Co. Steamer Sarah, Jones, New York, W. M. Baird & Co. Steamer W. C. Pierrepont, Shropshire, New York.

teamer W. C. Pierrepont, Shropshire, New York, W. M. Baird & Co. teamer E. N. Fairchild, Trout, New York, W. M. Steamer E. N. Fairchild, Trout, London Steamer E. N. Fairchild, Trout, London Stark Schamyl, Dix, Konigsburg, B. Crawley & Co. Bark Schamyl, Dix, Konigsburg, B. Crawley & Co. Bark Meridian, Lenz, Bremen, Harjes Bro. N. W. brig Gear, Pedersen, Riga, L. Westergaard N. W. brig Gear, Pedersen, Riga, L. Westergaard Monderson, Stettin, do.

Brig Fiorence Henderson, Henderson, Stettin, do. Schr E. F. Crowell, Hewes, Wellfleet, Sinnickson

& Co. Schr Criterion, Cornwall, Norfolk, J. L. Bewley & Co. Schr Little Rock, Richman, Norfolk, do. Schr Onward, Evans, Rehoboth, do. Schr D. H. Merriman, Cracy, Rehoboth, do. Schr Pedro A. Grau, Lake, Allynsport, Sinnickson

& Co. Schr Lady Emms, Crowell, New Haven, Schr Reading RR. No. 41, Bartlett, do., Schr M. Cain, Scull, Boston, Schr Roanoke, Barrett, Stonington, N. H., do. do. do. Schr Reading RR. No. 77, Corson, Astoria, do.
 Tug Thomas Jefferson, Allen, Baltimore, with a tow of barges, W. P. Clyde & Co.
 Tug Fairy Queen, Wilson, Havre-de-Grace, with a tow of barges, W. P. Clyde & Co.

Barge Mary Emma, Fersyth, Astoria, Sinnickson & CO.

ARRIVED THIS MORNING.

ARRIVED THIS MORNING. Steamship Fairbanks, Howe, 24 hours from New York, with mdse. to John F. Ohi. Steamer Empire, Hunter, from Richmond via Nor-folk, with mdse. to W. P. Clyde & Co. Steamer Beveriy, Pierce, 24 hours from New York, with mdse, to W. P. Clyde & Co. Bark Darien, McDonald, 8 days from Matanzas, with molasses to T. P. Stotesbury & Co. Schr Charles Miller, Butler, 3 days from New with mdse, to Charles Hasian & Co. Schr Caroline, Tice, 1 day from Millville, N. J., with glass to Whitall. Tatum & Co. Schr Native, Shaw, from Dennis Creex. Schr Anna Myrick, Richards, from New York, with salt to captain.

with salt to captain. Schr Addie S. Cut'er, Smith, from Sagua via Quar-

Schr Addie S. Cutter, Smith, from Sagua via Quar-antine, with molasses to Isaac Hough & Moliin; vessel to Lennox & Burgess. Schr Roanoke, Barrett, from James River. Schr Lady Emma, Carroll, from New Haven. Tug Hudson, Nicholson, from Baltimore, with a tew of barges to W. P. Clyde & Co. Tug G. B. Hutchivs, Bavis, from Havre-de-Grace, with a tow of barges to W. P. Clyde & Co.

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph. HAVRE-DE-GRACE, June 20.—The following boats left this morning in tow:— Delaware, with corn to Hoffman & Kennedy. ( has, Hebart, with lumber to Dodge & Co. J. P. Woolverton and Charles & Wells, with lum-ber to R. Woolverton. G. W. Larmour, with lumber, for Elizabethport. N. J.

Young Charles, with lumber, for New York. Sarah Dunbar, with coa', for Chester. Bertram, with bark to order. B. A. Knight, with lumber, for Bohemia.

WENT TO SEA.

Bark Mariana, for Lisbon, went to sea 1st inst. BELOW.

Schr S. F. Baker, from Cardenas.

report for the second

FROM THE WEST. Murder in Cleveland.