#### CITY INTELLIGENCE. THE STATE MEDICAL SOCIETY.

The Third Day's Proceedings—The Woman Question—General Business.

The Pennsylvania Medical Society met this morning, at 10 o'clock, at the kaz of the College of Physicians, the President in the chair. The reading of the minutes was dispensed with.

A special order was made for 12 o'clock that a communication on the subject of insanity should be

read to the society.

The discussion on Dr. Atlee's resolution on

Women's Colleges was then resumed. Dr. Herman Nye offered the following:-"Whereas, The question of admitting woman to membership in this society, with all its resulting privileges, on the standard of equality, continues to be a source of fretiless discussion, without a hope of arriving at an adjustment satisfactory to all, there-

Resolved, That everything pertaining to the vexed

question be stricken from our entire Transactions of the State Medical Society, and that the resolution before the house be laid upon the table." This, objection being made, was withdrawn. Dr. Joseph Parrish offered the following as a sub-

Statute for Dr. Atlee's resolution:

"Whereas, The College of Physicians of Philadelphia, and the American Medical Association acknowledge a common code of others as the standard of intercourse between members of the modeal profession and the community; and whereas said code is generally received as the sufficient rule of professional conduct by most of the country societies of this State, as well as the profession at large; therefore statute for Dr. Atlee's resolution:-

therefore "Resolved, That all action of this society which has imposed upon its members restrictions that are not required by the common code which is acknowledged by the entire medical profession of the continent, is in our opinion unwise and unnecessary, and all such action is hereby re-It was moved to lay this substitute of Dr. Parrish

on the table. Lost.
A vote was then taken on the subject of the sub-The aves and navs were called for, which resulted as follows—27cs, 57: nays, 53. The substi-tute was agreed to.

Dr. Whiteman then offered the following:

"Resolved, That the resolution of Dr. Parrish, substituted for that of Dr. Atlee, be referred to the several county societies, with instructions to report thereon at the next meeting of this society."

Dr. Biram Corson, of Montgomery county, asked the society not to refer, and thus open another year's debate. The county societies will neglect their duty. The question is plain. Let us settle it at

Dr. Joseph Parrish said that the animus of the resolution was well understood. It was a disposi-tion to shirk the question. Let us take the vote at

The motion to refer to the county societies was then put to the vote and lost, question then recurred to the motion of Dr.

Professor Gross said that the question was whether we should consult with female practitioners, and admit them on the floor of this house as equals. I am not quite certain of my own identity as I stand on this floor. I am not certain whether I am a man or a woman. The times appear to be upside down. The female is trying to usurp the place of the male, and the male striving to give place to the female. How does this thing come to pass? Politicians and strong-minded women are at the root of the Sorosis sisters are stalking through the land, and striving to place themselves in all positions now held by the men. What is the tendency of all this? A total subversion of all principles of morality and religion. (Renewed applause.)

Woman pure and undeflied is entitled to all the reverence which can be paid to her. But when she subverts herself I pity her. What is the Woman's College? An outgrowth of this improvement. What is the need of a Women's College? Are all the teachers women? No. Are not some of them gentlemen? I pity the gentlemen the sentiment which prompts them to accept such a situation. I do not object to woman studying medicine, but if I had my way I would limit her to the peculiar branches to which nature has assigned her—obstetrics and the diseases of children. If she becomes a general practitioner she oversteps her boundaries. For these branches she is peculiarly fitted. Let her study medicine if she wishes it, but let not those who are members of the present associations prove traitors to those to whom they owe loyalty. There are seven well-known medical gentlemen who are pro-fessors in the Woman's College. One of them is the president of the American Association. They consult with the women, so we can say that so far as Philadelphia is concerned this question of consultation is practically settled. This is in opposition to the rules of the bodies to which they belong. Why, then, have the members of those bodies the moral courage to expel them? These gentlemen will not withdraw, but wish us to expel them. They wish to become martyrs. We will not expel them, because we do not want to make them martyrs. We did not ever intend to expel them. fringed the rules of the society to which I belonged, I would have modesty enough to withdraw. In this issue, if we let these gentlemen be we acknowledge the evil. Then, what are we to do?

This female medical college has been before the community for several years. It has established its reputation, but only educated a few practitioners. They have done nothing for the cause of science as yet. Would it not be better for them to wate they had done something of worth before they ask to be admitted as equals? When that time comes to be admitted as equals? To Paris they had several we may think differently. In Paris they had several women doctors who devoted their whole time to obstetric practice. They became experts in their peculiar branch, and were consulted by all the lead-ing physicians. Has America produced any women like these? No; and it will not have for some time

I was present about a year ago at a clinic in the ospital when the amputation of a hip joint was performed. Some three hundred men were present and about nine young women. There they witnessed the necessary exposure of the parts with out a blush upon their cheeks. What prompted taem to sit there? Only a spirit of prurient curiosity. They could never have expected themselves osity. They could never have expected themselves to perform the operation. I saw on another occa-sion, in the University of Pennsylvania, women sitting throughout a clinic without a blush, where a man was introduced into the amphitheatre who Ness covered with the most horrid sores, Now, Mr. President, would you allow any of those women to enter your house and familiarly associate with your wife or daughters?
We are living, it is said, in an age of progress. We

are very much regarded, it is to be feared, as old fogies. But can it be proved that I have ever been a bar to any progress when it is in the right direc-tion? A locomotive is progressing when it rans of the track, but it is in a wrong direction.

We had an allusion yesterday to the African. May I say a word upon that? I sympathize with the colored man, and always have. I have pitled him when he was in a state of slavery. I lived in a slave State. The colored man is now free, and he too is studying medicine. His claims for admission into the Medical Association are on the same grounds as these of the women. think that the time has hardly come to meet this issue yet, though we will surely have to at some day. We are surely going down to meet it. But the colored man is hardly in a condition as yet to force the question. He is uneducated. He has not as yet contributed one tota of knowledge to the general stock. His claims are pressed now by unprincipled politicians for private ends. I hate politicians. When he has shown his claims and asks for them himself, then we will meet the issue The hour of 12 having arrived, the special order

was postponed for one hour.

Dr. Atlee, of Washington, in reply to Professor Gross, said that he had been placed in a faise position, which was very unpleasant. The question whether the female is capable of becoming a physician is not now before us, but whether the graduation of a regularly shartered institution shall be ates of a regularly chartered institution shall be placed on the same footing as the graduates of any other college. Dr. Gross has not used one argument on the question before us. Are we to make these graduates subservient to the code of ethics, or shall

we make them irregular?

If we do the latter I do not wonder that they should become abortionists, or what is its equiva-lent. I agree with the Doctor in many things concerning the practicability of female physicians, but I want those already in the field to be made amenable to the code of ethics, and then if they transgress as abortionists I want them punished. The ques-tion is whether they have the same prima ficie right to become physicians as we have, and I hope that no side issues like the mixed clinic question will become mingled with it. If we continue to exclude the female practitioners we make them martyrs, and turn public sentiment entirely in their

Dr. Gross said that no side issues had been included. Last winter when the mixed clinics were held the managers of the hospital appealed to the contributors, and the mixed clinics were stopped. This is the public sentiment. This is the sentiment

Professor Traile Green, of Easton, said that Professor Gross spoils his own argument by stating at the outset that he was not certain whether he was a male or female. He says also that this movement is an offset of the Sorosis. Why, sir, this movement existed long before the Sorosis. The Italian schools long ago had chairs for female education. And besides, the women have shown themselves worthy of admission. She has done much for the cause of science. It has been said that there is no coward.

ice in the want of spirit to expel the gentleman. I say that there is great cowardice in your action.
You should repeal the law that has been violated, or you will lose prestige by keeping upon your statute books a law which you cannot enforce. If you do not do what we ask you to do now, you will see the same gentlemen making the same demands at the

next meeting of the society.

Dr. Nebunger said that he found in the proceedings of the Pennsylvania Society a resolution stating that the professors in the female medical colleges

would not be considered as eligible to membership in the Medical Association of the State. They should have then gone to the American Association to obtain representation after being cut out from the State Society. But this they do not do, or if they so, are not able to obtain it. They bring their fights into this arena, which is no place to fight this battle. The place is the American Medical Association. They should go there and prove that their college is a regular institution, and they will then need no resolution for admission here. By so doing they will have complied with all the requirements of this

ody.

I think that the appeal to stand by the code of ethics comes with very bad grace from such a source—from gentlemen who have violated the code in failing to apply the proper means for their own redress. Their method of standing by the code is by saying that they will do as they like whether the

code will allow them to or not.

Dr. Joseph Parrish rose to an explanation. He said that in his speech of yesterday he had said that he was willing to stand to a higher law than the code Dr. Nebinger-Hear him. Is his second speech any better than the first? What is that higher law

but any law which any man may make for himself?
Mr. Parrish—I stand true to the laws of the American Association, the State Association, and the County Association, in all of which bodies I have the bonor of helding a seat. Dr. Nebinger—If he is amenable, let him take the

proper course. Let him go to the American Associa-tion. Is he afraid to go there? I considered it one of the best things that the Philadelphia County Society ever did when it called attention to the foul thing, the Female College.
Interruption by a delegate—Foul?
Dr. Nebinger—Foul!

Another interruption—Foul?

Dr. Nebinger—Foul! Yes, sir, I say foul.

Did any evil result to the Philadelphia society when one of the professors was a homeopath in full feather and the other a quack? Was it to be expected that the Philadelphia society, knowing these facts, could do otherwise than make the expose? They are entitled to your gratitude for their action What could they do but hand this college over to the American Association, in order to determine if

the college comes up to the requirements of every other college which has representatives there. If women are are to be made doctors of, I am one of those who would desire to give them the best That mixed clinics are calculated to damage the interests of both male and female students, I cannot doubt, because I cannot but think that under certain circumstances the maie would not be able to pay strict attention in the presence of the female, or

the female in the presence of the male.

But this college, it is said, is not now in the condition it was when a former application was made to the American Association. It has been coming up gradually into notice, and now demands attention. If it is now improved, why are they arraid to go again to the American Association. I say that they are

Dr. Green—We have been there. Dr. Nebinger—And have been defeated. Dr. Green-We are not afraid to go again. Dr. Nebinger-You are afraid and I charge you

Some little argument was placed unon the fact of Association. If I had been present then I would not have voted for him, but what proof is that in the matter? The oath of the members is enough to show that the laws of the Philadelphia society would not be violated.

Dr. Hiram Corson-Do you swear your mem-Dr. Nebinger—I stand corrected; they promise. The president of the American Association then was a member of the Philadelphia County Society, and he had solemnly promised to stand by its laws. He would have only admitted them strictly according to law. There was one gentleman of honor who, on taking a position in this college, resigned from his society—Hartsherne. You who like the other picture

best can hang it on your walls.

Dr. Nebinger then effered the following:

Resolved, That the motion be laid upon the table until the matter can be referred to the American

Dr. Hiram Corson said that this was the third time, in different places, when long speeches had been made by Dr. Nebinger, which he had termi-nated with a motion to lay on the table.

Dr. Nebinger said that as this motion was not de batable, he would withdraw it if further discussion was desired; but afterwards said that he would not withdraw it. At this point there was great disorder in the house, and it was some time before a vote could be taken. The vote was taken, but could not

be ascertained.

The ayes and nays being called for, the result was as follows:—Ayes, 63; nays, 49. This lays the subject on the table. The announcement of the result was received with prolonged applause.
Thus ends the prolonged discussion on the woman question for the present, terminated as it was in

rather a questionable manner.

The special order of the day, the reading of a paper on insanity, was indefinitely postponed.

After the announcement of the result of the vote, the society adjourned until 4 P. M.

This society labors under the public disadvantage of having elected a most incompetent permanent secretary, whose incivility to the members of the press and whose studied neglect of their necessar; wants are such as to render a correct report of th proceedings almost impossible. It is to be hope that at another election a gentleman will be placed in this office who is in every way competent for the post, or who at least possesses the virtue of common

LOCAL ODDS AND ENDS, -Saturday next is the last day on which shad can be sold.

—Comly, Cloud, and Albright can prevent inde pendent candidates being run in their districts by following the example of Davis, Hong, and Stokes. It is all important that the next Legislature shall

e largely Republican.

—The Washington Grey Corps of Light Artillery will celebrate their anniversary, on the 224 instant, by a visit to the beautiful country-seat of Dr. J. H. Schenck, on the Neshaminy creek. The Congressional Committee on the Centennial Celebration will arrive in this city late on Thursday

yesterday.

—The Young America Cricket Club of this city is an amateur organization, and the strongest in the

The trot at Point Breeze Park fixed for next Saturday has been postponed until the 18th instant. —Should the Republicans nominate a good man in the Third district, Sam. Josephs can be beaten. -Frederick Adams, it is said, will be Stokes' successor in the Eighth Legislative district.

-The police force will support Sam. Dailey for tate Senator in the Third district.

The Managers of the Midnight Mission solicit

POLICEMEN ASSAULTING NEGROES .- This morning Policemen Patrick Gorman and Henry Linus were before Recorder Givin, on a charge of assaulting one William Foreman, a colored man. The com-plainant stated that he had been arrested by these men on a charge preferred by a German of assault and battery, and badly beaten by them. At the hearing, however, Gorman preferred a charge against him and had him bound over. The matter was settled for \$25, when Gorman, finding that the colored man was about instituting a charge against him, returned \$20 to Foreman, and had him rearrested on an additional charge of assaulting Lin Bail was taken, and yesterday morning Foreman who had then had a warrant issued, was run into the dock at the Quarter Sessions for trial. His counsel interceded, and the trial was postponed The policemen were notified to appear yesterday afternoon, at which time they were not present. They, however, turned up this morning, and were held in \$1000 for trial.

INCENDIARISM .- Last night Policeman Brant, the Seventeenth district, discovered some hay in a shed attached to the brickyard of Webster & Son, at Twenty-first and Carpenter streets, on fire. He extinguished the flames with but triding damage to

About midnight a cooper shop at Twenty-third and Brown streets was set on fire, but the flames were discovered and extinguished before any considerable damage was inflicted. Robert O'Brien and John Martin were arrested on suspicion of being th incendiaries. Both have been recognized as old offenders, and should they be cleared of the above charge, others will be preferred against them, in one of which O'Brien is charged with till-tapping and Martin with stealing a watch and chain from a young gentleman named Janney while playing ball in the Park. The pawnbroker who had the watch identified Martin as the one who pledged it. They will be at the Central Station this afternoon.

Owners Wanted.—A twenty-one-foot skiff, painted yellow and green, and supposed to have been stolen from Raritan, N. J., is awaiting an owner at the Delaware Harbor Police Station. It was picked up adrift last night on the Delaware.

A bundle of freshly-washed clothing was found last night by the police of the Sixteenth district, The articles are awaiting identification at the West Philadelphia Station.

At the same station there are two heifers—a brindle and a red.

CASUALTIES .- About 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon Thomas Sinchair, while at work on the roof of his residence, No. 2817 Bemilton street, feil to the pavement and crushed his head badly.

Maria Dewees, while stepping on the train at Chesnut Hill, slipped and broke an ankle. She warremoved to her residence, in the vicinity.

DISHOVEST DOMESTIC .- Augusta Clayton, vant in the employ of a family at Germantown, left her place suddenly, taking with her a quantity of wearing apparel, the property of her mistress. She was captured at Chesnut Hill, and has been sent to prison by Alderman Good to answer the offense.

#### HAIR-LIFTERS.

"Live Ingines"—Spotted Tall, Swift Bear, Fast Bear, and Yellow Hair — The Scalpers Arrival Hero—They are Shown Around Town. Arrival Here—They are Shewn Around Town.

Last night, at about 11-56 o'clock, there arrived at the Continental Hotel the four celebrated Indians who have been visiting Washington on a peace mission. Accompanying them was their interpreter, Charles E. Greene, and D. C. Poole, U. S. A. The party entered by the Ninth street hallway, and, walking direct up to the office-counter, their names were registered for them, their rooms allotted, and turning they quickly seated themselves in the elevator, and were hoisted upstairs. To describe them is scarcely possible. They are well-built, muscular-looking men, with the distinctive prominence of cheek peculiar to the Indian, and wear their hair long, with their scalp-locks prominently arranged. They all wear leggings, moccasins, shirts, and blankets, that of "Spotted Tail" being partly colored red and partly black. The others are black.

The two first named are noted chieftains of the Brule tribe of Sloux, the others are warriors and being to the Daccashs. This morning they were taken in charge by Mr. Weithen Weither and contributed and contribute the charge by Mr. Weithen Weither and contributed and contribute the charge by Mr. Weithen Weither and contributed and contribute the charge by Mr. Weithen Weither and contributed and contrib

belong to the Dacotahs. This morning they were taken in charge by Mr. William Welsh and conducted to the Mint, where they were shown around ducted to the Mint, where they were shown around by the Director, Governor Pollock, and Colonel Snowden. They were first taken into the Director's room, when the Governor, in a neat little speech, presented "Spotted Tail" and "Swift Bear" with silver Washington memorial medals, and "Fast Bear" and "Yellow Hair" with Lincoin and Grant medals, The Indians at first knew not what use to make of the medals, and their interpretar informed the footernor that it would be interpreter informed the Governor that it would best to perforate them and attach ribbons to them, which was done, and the presents were then hung around their necks. The aborigines appeared to be considerably tickled by this ittle kindness, and smiled and "ough-oughed" at allvely rate. They were then conducted through the different departments. On being shown in one of the vaults a box containing \$7000 in gold bars, "Spotted Tail" re-marked "that it was old that the Great Father had so much money, and don't pay us any better or more

Being taken into the Assaying Department they were shown several experiments, and the Governor were showed them the process of separating silver from water. This seemed to attract their attention, and "Spotted Tall" remarked, "You show us how you do it, but you don't teach us." On entering the adjusting room, the employes in which are all females, the "scalpers" seemed somewhat tickled, and "Spotted Tail" made the following little speech of his own volition:—"We have been looking at gold, and it is very handsome; but we would rather be here with the squaws."

The women, none of whom comprehended a word of what he said, were all very much pleased with the compliment. The visitors eyed the gold and silver keenly, and seemed to think that the Great Father (Grant) was the owner of it all, but they did not compliment him for any liberality. In the coinage department they were presented with five-cent pieces by Colonel Snowden, and he also gave each a silver dollar. From their facial expressions, we judged that they evidently thought that the Colonel

"Spotted Tall," who appears to be a shrewd Indian, seemed to take great interest in the visit, and watched everything closely. From the Mint the "Hair-lifters" were taken to see "Sheridan's Ride," and hear Mr. Roberts recite the poem, but they let fall no expression as to their being pleased or dis-pleased with the arrangement. From the gallery they were taken to the Union League, and thence to they were taken to the Union League, and thence to
the State House steeple, in front of which a crowd
of some 5000 people had assembled to see the copper-colored visitors. After being shown the city
from the bell-tower, they took their carriages for the
hotel. The "braves" leave for the West to-night.
In their movements they are peculiarly Indian—slow,
methodical, and immobile. "Spotted Fail" takes the
lead, and the others follow him around in Indian or
single file; his scaln lock, too, is advanced by three single file; his scalp lock, too, is adorned by three brass beads or buttons.

WHISKY SEIZURES.—Deputy State Inspector Kneass has seized five hundred barrels of whisky at the establishment of Hugh Craig & Co., Broad and Cherry streets, for alleged non-conformity with the State laws. The allegation is that it was manufactured within the State and contained no State brands.

The same official has also libelled twenty barrels of whisky, the property of Thomas Owens, No. 1509 Market street, for the same reasons. U. S. COMMISSIONER'S CASE .- Before United States

Commissioner Biddle to-day, at noon, were arraigned Isase M. Tully, a manufacturer of cigars, and Maurice Nusbaum, the proprietor of a cigar store. They were arrested last night by Deputy Marshal Beale, on a charge of fraudulently using cigar stamps of the denomination of fifty cents. postponed until Monday next, the defendants being ASSAULTS AND BATTERIES, - Patrick Dougherts

has been held by Alderman Collins to answer the harge of hitting Patrick Johnsod on the head with The affair occurred at Seventh and Bainbridge streets. Robert Harris, a resident of No. 1214 Nagle street, was before Alderman Hood for being drunk and disorderly and maltreating his wife. He was bound over in \$500 bail for trial.

SAD SUICIDE .- William H. Carryl, a Chesnut street merchant, last evening jumped from the third-etory window of his residence, No. 1018 Walnut street, to the pavement, and was killed almost instantly. The deceased had been ill for some days previous, and the act is attributed to temporary insanity. Coroner Taylor held an inquest this morn-ing, and the jury rendered a verdict in accordance with the facts.

A GANG OF YOUNG THIEVES BROKEN UP .- Yesterday the police of the Tenth district arrested Jacob Dornan and Samuel White, lads, on the charge of stealing eggs and other groceries from the store at Philip and Jefferson streets. These boys are the last of a gang of 13 who have been committing numerous depredations in that vicinity. All the remainder have been in prison for some time.

AN UNFOUNDED RUMOR .- The rumor that a man named Keefe had died a few days since from the effects of poison in a house in Reynolds' court, a small thoroughfare leading off Blackberry alley, has proven to be untrue. A post mortem examination has revealed the cause of death to have been dropsy

ADMITTED.—It gives us pleasure to notice the admission of F. Carroll Brewster, Jr., on motion of Hon. F. Carroll Brewster, to practice as an attorney and Common Pleas for the city and county of Philadel-

SERIOUS OFFENSE.—Alexander Hack, aged 17 years, was arrested last evening at Tacony for coin. mitting an outrage on a little girl aged 6 years. confessed the crime and was committed for trial.

FELL DEAD .- William Riley (colored) fell dead this morning at Eighth and Market streets. He resided at Fourth and Union streets.

New York Produce Market New York, June 19.—Cotton quiet but firm; sales 500 bales middling uplands at 22 c. Flour-State and Western drmer; State, \$5.20@6.50; Ohio, \$5.60@6.55; Western, \$5.15@6.85; Southern a shade firmer at \$6.20@10. Wheat advanced 1@2c.; No. 2 spring, \$1.27@1.30; No. 3, \$1.20; winter red Western, \$1.41@1.42; white Western, \$1.80. Corn advanced 1@2c.; No. 2 spring, \$1.40; Market 19.20.130. Oats stoody. State new mixed Western, \$1.02.61.09. Oats steady; State, 70.671c.; Ohio, 69.670.6c; Western, 65.666c. Beef quiet. Pork heavy; new mess, \$30.50.630.70. Lard dull; steam, 15.616%c.; kettle, 16%.616%c. Whisky

Baltimore Produce Market. BALTIMORE, June 10 .- Cotton dull at 21 1/2 @21 1/2 c. Flour firm and more active, and shipping grades nigher; Howard street superfine, \$5.65.50; do. extra, \$5.60.6.50; do. family, \$6.75.88.25; City Mills superfine, \$5.25@6.25; do. extra, \$5.75@7; do. family, \$7.69 9:50; Western superfine, \$5.65-25; do. extra, \$5.50@5; do. family, \$6.25@7. Wheat—choice Maryland, \$1.60 @1.65; prime, \$1.45@1.55; Pennsylvania, \$1.40@1.45; Western, \$1.30@1.40. Corn quiet; white, \$1.16@1.17; yellow, \$108. Oats steady at 58260c. Rye nominal at \$1102112. Mess Pork firm at \$31. Bacon firm; rib sides, 17c.; clear do., 17%c; shoulders, 14c.; hams, 22@22%c. Lard quiet at 16%@17%c. Whisky

PHILADELPHIA STOCK EXCHANGE SALES. Reported by De Haven & Bro., No. 40 S. Third street, SECOND BOARD.

\$3400 Pa 6s, 1st se. ... 160 sh Reading R. .. 53% 200 do.Monday 53% 5 sh Penna R. ... 57% 400 do.Monday 53% 82 sh Sch Nv.b5wn 8%

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# SECOND EDITION THIRD EDITION FOURTH EDITION

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH. AFFAIRS AT THE CAPITAL.

The Perry Faller Case. Exciting Scene in the House.

A Reporter in Trouble.

The Great New York Bridge.

### FROM WASHINGTON.

The Perry Fuller Case.

Despatch to the Associated Press. Washington, June 10 .- Major Perry Fuller has given bonds before Judge Wylie, of this city, for \$50,000, to answer certain Custom House charges against him in New Orleans. Fuller's bondsmen are Senators Ross, of Kansas, and McDonald, of Arkansas. Fuller was represented before Judge Wylie by Congressman Sheldon, of Louisiana.

Exciting Scene in the House.

Despatch to the Associated Press. WASHINGTON, June 10 .- A very exciting scene occurred in the House. The correspondent of the New York Evening Post, A. Scott Smith, was, on motion of Mr. Fitch, ordered to be brought before the bar of the House and show cause why he should not be expelled from the reporters' gallery for libellous statements reflecting on the integrity of members of the House. The order has not yet been executed.

#### CONGRESS. FORTY-FIRST TERM-SECOND SESSION.

House. Mr. Myers presented the petition of over 300 druggists and dealers in distilled spirits in Philadelphia in favor of taxing spirits at the distillery, and on a capacity basis.

Mr. Mercur, from the Judiciary Committee, reported back adversely the Senate bill to consolidate the Northern and Southern Judicial districts in Florida. Laid on the table.

Mr. Kerr, from the same committee, reported back adversely the House bill to create a new judicial district in Kentucky. Laid on the table.

On motion of Mr. Davis (N. Y.) the Senate bill to regulate credits to prisoners for good behavior was taken from

Conmotion of Mr. Davis (A. Y.) the Senate bill to regulate credits to prisoners for good behavior was taken from the Speaker's table and passed.

Mr. Beaman introduced a bill densting four pieces of condemned cannon to the Soldiers' Moument Association of Adrian, Michigan. Passed.

Mr. Davis (N. Y.), from the Judiciary Committee, reported a bill amendatory of the acts of the 27th of July, 1895, and March 2, 1807, for the removal of causes in certain cases from State courts to Foderal courts by extending their application to cases of ejectment where the claimants of title or parties in interest are citizens of different States. Passed.

Mr. Finkelnburg, from the Committee on Commerce, reported a bill to create St. Joseph, Missouri, a port of desivery, attached to the collection district of New Orleans. Passed.

Mr. Cook, from the conference committee on the bill to establish a police court for the District of Columbia, made a report, reducing the namber of judges for such court from two to one. Agreed to.

Mr. Fitch, rising to a question of privilege, sent to the

from two to one. Agreed to.

Mr. Fitch, rising to a question of privilege, sent to the Clerk's desk and had read a statement from the Washington telegraphic correspondence of the N. Y. Evening Post, to the effect that the correspondent had called on General Butler and asked him whother, in his explanation the day previously in reference to Mr. Fitch, he intended to say there was no evidence before his committee directly or indirectly implicating Mr. Fitch, and that General Butler said that that was not his meaning, nor could be truthially say so: there was no direct evidence against Mr. fully say so: there was no direct evidence against Mr. Fitch, but there was indirect testimony.
The statement having been read, Mr. Fitch called upon Mr. Butler (Mass.) to state whether that statement in the

Scening Post was true or not.

Mr. Butler—The statement is not correct, and I desire. Mr. Butler—The statement is not correct, and I desire leave of the House to state a few words, so that all this matter may be understood. I desire for my own personal relief to state to the House why I cannot report on these questions. I have tried for some days to bring the matter up so as to get my report sanctioned by the Judiciary Committee, but the press of business before that committee is such that it has not yet been able to reach this subject, but I hope we will be able to reach it on Monday next.

Mr. Bingham, Chairman of the Judiciary Committee interposed a remark that when the matter was attempted to be brought up in committee the gentleman from Mas-sachusetts declared that there was not a word in any part of the testimony which reflected on the gentleman from

of the testimony which reflected on the gentleman from Nevada.

Mr. Butler went on to say that there had been some gentlemen named in the testimony before the committee, but that there was nothing in any case which impugned the honor or propriety of action of any member of the House. There had been evidence that some approaches had been made to one or two gentleman of the House, but—Mr. Eldridge interposed the point of order that it was against the rules to make public what occurred before a committee until the committee reported.

Mr. Sargent insisted that the gentleman from Nevada had a right to know whether the gentleman from Massachusetts had told any correspondent that there was any thing before his committee directly or indirectly inculpating the gentleman from Nevada.

Mr. Butler—I will come to it. I have said that there was no imputation against any member of the House, but I say again that there was some evidence tending to show—

Mr. Eldridge again interposed the objection that it was

Mr. Eldridge again interposed the objection that it was not in order to disclose what occurred in committee.

The Speaker sustained the objection, and said he understood the question of privilege to be whether the gentleman from Massachusetts had given authority to a newspaper statement in a correspondence with a reporter.

Mr. Butler said that he was endeavoring to prevent any misunderstanding. In no case had there been any imputation on the action of any member of the House. All that he had ever said in the matter was that names had been mentioned, but in every case there had been proper action on the part of every member, so far as anything had appeared to the committee. In reference to this correspondent, he had been simply asked a quostion by him, not as he understood affecting the gentleman from Nevada, and any inference from what he said affocting, or supposed to affect, the gentleman from Nevada was wholly incorrect.

supposed to affect, the gentleman from Nevada was wholly incorrect.

Mr. Fitch—Will the gentleman answer me this question explicitly. Is there are evidence before your committee tending to implicate me indirectly in any criminal act?

Mr. Butler—By no means.

Mr. McCormick—Will the gentleman answer the same question in reference to myself?

Mr. Butler—Certainly. As I have said, every member of Congress, so far as this case has gone, has behaved just exactly as a gentleman should.

Mr. Fitch—I desire to say also in reference to an editorial which appears in the same paper that I don't know Mr. N. B. Taylor; that I never to my knowledge met him, and if there is testimony that either Mr. N. B. Taylor or any other person ever approached me or and if there is testimony that either Mr. N. B. Tsylor or any other person ever approached me or offered me any bribe or consideration whatever in connection with the Cuban or any othel matter, it is utterly false, and now shall ask the House, (though I feel some some delicacy in doing so myself), that this reporter, W. Scott Smith, who has circulated a foul stander against me personally, and reflecting on the dignity of this House, and who in response to a public demagd of it on the floor of the House, has reiterated it, and made another false statement, putting language into the mouth of the gentleman from Massachusetts, which that gentleman states (and no doubt truly states) he never used, be on account of that action excluded from the reporter's gallery of this House.

# FROM NEW YORK.

The Great Bridge to Brooklya. ALBANY, June 10 .- The contract for the iron superstructure of the new Hudson River Bridge has been awarded to Kellogg, Clark & Co., of Phonixville, Pa. The whole work is to be completed during the season of 1871.

Outrage and Attempted Murder. NEW YORK, June 10 .- George Garrow, a colored man, has been arrested at Jamaica for an attempted violation and murder of Jane Smith, also colored. It is thought the latter will die.

# FROM NEW ENGLAND.

Political. CONCORD, N. H., June 10 .- The caucus of the Democratic members of the Legislature last night nominated Henry Bingham, of Littleton. for United States Senator.

The Death of Dickens. Boston, Mass., June 10 .- The announcement of the death of Charles Dickens causes profound sadness throughout the city.

EXCURSION TICKETS TO THE KNIGHTS TEMPLAR'S ENGAMPMENT, WILLIAMSPORT, Pennsylvania, will be on sale at the ticket offices of the NORTH PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD, BERKS and AMERICAN Streets, and No. 165 S. FIFTH Street, on June 13th and 14th, good to return until June 18 inclusive, at 8535 for the round trip. The 245 A. M. train arrives at Williamsport at 6 P. M. ELLIS CLARK, Agent.

TO-DAY'S WASHINGTON

"Erie" Stock in London.

The Middies who Did not Pass.

Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.,

FROM WASHINGTON.

The New Army Bill. Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph. Washington, June 10 .- The conference committee on the bill to reorganize the army agreed to-day to report a substitute embracing the points of both the Senate and House bills. The bill agreed upon retains the sections regulating the pay of officers, and dispenses with the brevet section. The House managers carried their bill virtually as against the Senate.

Mr. Fitch and the Newspapers-Another Account.

In the House to-day Mr. Fitch, of Nevada, arose to another personal explanation relative to W. Scott Smith, correspondent of the New York Evedling Post, charging him with wilful and malicious libel. Fitch concluded by offering a resolution to bring Smith before the bar of the House, to show cause why he should not be expelled from the privilege of the reporters' gallery. No members attempted to make a defense of Smith, and General Butler contradicted Smith's statement that he got the materials of his article on Mr. Fitch and other members from him.

The Income Tax. The Senate Finance Committee had the tax bill under consideration to-day, and discussed the policy of striking out the income tax entirely, but no conclusion was reached. It is proposed by some Senators to abolish the income tax and increase on distilled spirits sufficiently to make up for the difference in amount

to the revenue. Pacific Rallroad Consolidation.

The Senate Pacific Railroad Committee had a meeting to-day and considered the proposition to consolidate the Fremont and Kellogg bills for the construction of a Southern Pacific Railroad. It was stated in committee that the parties interested had agreed to consolidate.

#### FROM EUROPE.

"Erie" Slock in London. LONDON, June 15 .- The Times, in its money article this morning, referring to the introduction of the new Grand Rapids Railroad bonds, says Erie experiences inculcate distrust of all such securities.

Trial of Boulton.

The trial of Boulton, one of the masqueraders, had been deferred to the July sessions. The Times says the prisoners, Ernest Boulton and Frederick William Park, have been released on

LONDON, June 10—11 A. M.—Consols for money, 92%; for account, 92%, 933. American securities steady. U. S. Five-twenties of 1862, 89%; of 1865, old, 88%; of 1867, 91%; 10-40s, 86%. Stocks steady. old; 88½; of 1867, 91½; 10-40s, 86½. Stocks steady. Erie Railroad, 18; Illinois Central, 112; Atlantie

Liverpool, June 19-11 A. M.—Cotton quiet and steady. Middling uplands, 10%d.; middling Orleans, 10%d. The sales of the day are estimated at 10.000 bales. The sales of the week have been 42,000 bales, of which 3000 were for export and 4000 for speculation. Stock, 603,000 bales, 66,000 bales which are American. Receipts of the week. 35,000 bales, of which 13,000 are American. California wheat, 108, 5d.@108. 6d. Corn, 303, 9d. London, June 10-11 A. M.-Ta'low firmer at London, June 10—11 A. M.—Ta'low firmer at 45s, 2d.@46. Whale oil quiet, Spirits of petroleum

# LEGAL INTELLIGENCE.

An Idjot in Court.
Court of Quarter Sessions.—Judge Ludlow. This morning a young man named Samuel Macky, about twenty-one years of age, was put upon trial, charged with attempting an outrage upon an Irish girl at the Camden and Amboy depot, Walnut street wharf. At first he was quiet ike his fellow-prisoners, attracting no unusual notice, but when he was called before the girl for identification, he became excited, twirled a handkerchief about his fingers, contorted his face, and showed other signs of mental derangement. Upon being returned to the dock he struck the prisoners with his hat and had to be removed to the other dock, where he sat alone. But here he persisted in his antics, tearing his handkerchief into shreds, threw-ing bread at the lawyers, and finally he took off his boots and hurled them at the lawyers and made noises that rendered the trial impracticable. By consent of his counsel the case was withdrawn from the jury, the Judge saying he would return him to prison and have his condition inquired into. When the officers attempted to remove him he be-came frantic, and the officers were compelled to

handcuff him and remove him by main force. The Father Who Outraged His Danghter. William S. Riding, the old man who was charged with outraging his little daughter, who is only ten years old, was put upon trial. The details of the case are truly shocking and unfit for publication. It is understood that his defense will be

Henry Peers pleaded guilty to a charge of stealing several silver watches and various articles of clothing, valued at \$184, from Conrad F. Weiland. Thomas Custers pleaded guilty to a charge of stealing \$130 from Sarah Stackhouse, at the Wash-ington House, on the 13th of May. The Nicolson Pavement.

Thieves.

United States Circuit Court-Judges Strong and McKennan. This Court is engaged in the argument of the case

of the Nicolson Wood-Paving Co. vs. The City of Elizabeth, New Jersey, involving an alleged infringement of plaintiff's patent in laying a wooden pave REFRIGERATORS.

GRAND TEST EXHIBITION

FOR TWO WEEKS, COMMENCING MONDAY, JUNE 13, 1870,

EDWARD J. WILLIAMS' GREAT CENTRAL HOUSE-FURNISHING STORE,

No. 915 MARKET Street. In order to substantiate the assertions we have made regarding the wonderful power of

> "THE DAVIS" REFRIGERATOR.

And to convince our customers and the public gene-

rally that it will do all that is claimed, we propose to give a GRAND TEST EXHIBITION, Commencing as per above date. Several hundred pounds of ice will be made every day. Solid frozen fish can be seen at all times. The temperature far below freezing point. Beef, veal, lamb, poultry, berries and vegetables will be placed in the defrigerator on the first day of the exhibition, and the same kent in a perfect state of preservation during same kept in a perfect state of preservation during the full time (TWO WEEKS). Come one, come all, and

see this wonderful lavention.

EVERY ONE INVERSED. Full explanations will cheerfully be given to all visitors. Remember the place, EDWARD J. WILLIAMS',

No. 915 MARKEP Street. J. S. WORMAN & Co., Proprietors and Manufacturers. 4.7 4m8p

# BIG INJUN" IN WASHINGTON

Honors Prince Arthur.

Fight with Greek Brigands. The English Yacht Race.

The Cambria Beaten by the Egeria.

Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.,

FROM WASHINGTON.

Naval Matters. Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph. WASHINGTON, June 10 .- The Leyden, at the Boston Navy Yard, has been ordered to be prepared for

immediate sea service. Rear Admiral Rodgers has been ordered to have constructed at Yokohama, Japan, on the ground given to the United States by the Japanese, a naval hospital and medical store house, to supply the wants of the Asiatic fleet.

The Columbia Commandery, No. 2.

will leave on Tuesday next, accompanied by the Marine Band, for Williamsport, Pa. Rear-Admiral Charles H. Poor, now commanding the North Atlantic fleet, has been placed upon the retired list, to date from the 9th list.

The Middles and their "Coach " The midshipmen and officers at the Naval Academy have made up a purse of \$400 for the purchase of a gold watch for presentation to the coach of the midshipmen's crew at the late boat race, Mr. Blakie.

Deficient Middles The following midshipmen having been found de-The following midshipmen having been found deficient at the recent examination at the Naval Academy, have been dropped from the rolls:—G. B. Vandervert, C. H. Crosswait, W. V. B. Topping, J. S. Janett. C. F. Holders, Richard Habersham, James Spigley, Alfred B. Elliott, E. S. Baker, G. B. Way, C. V. Grant, William Gundlach, C. A. Wallingford, J. F. Robb, C. H. McCartney, William McKelley, E. G. Ray, Irving Smith, J. B. Culp, C. S. Brenner, R. W. Burns, J. P. Johnson, George W. Hyde, E. F. Heard, J. M. Jackson, Charles Laid, W. H. Craig, H. W. Greenough, David Peacock, C. J. Aaron.

The Tallapoosa has returned to the Washington Navy Yard from a recent trip to New York and Boston. As the Savannah is not going on the practice cruise from the Naval Academy, she is to proceed to Norfolk, where she will lay in ordinary, and what few men there are on her will be transferred to the receiving

Final Indian Council.

Despatch to the Associated Press. Red Cloud and party are having a final council with Secretary Cox and Commissioner Parker. The Secretary made a speech saying that some of the re-quests made by the Indians concerning rations and allowing them traders would be acceded to, and the Government would do all in its power to make them comfortable and happy. He announced that they had already received some presents in the shape of blankets, etc., and would receive more in New York

# FROM EUROPE.

Fight with Brigands.

MADRID, June 10 .- Yesterday a civil guard came np with part of the band of brigands who captured. the Englishmen near Gibraltar some time ago. The guard immediately gave them battle, killing three and capturing their horses. The others succeeded in effecting their escape. On the persons of the killed were found seventy thousand reals, part of the amount which had been paid as ransom for their

Montpensier to go to England. The Duke of Montpensier has asked for and ob-

tained passes for England. The English Yacht Race. LONDON, June 10 .- The London Yacht Club has awarded the victory in Wednesday's yacht race to the Egeria. She arrived at the starting point second, being behind the Gloriana and ahead of the Cambria. but after making the usual allowances for tonnage the Egeria was pronounced the winner by one minute and forty-four seconds. The second place is given. to the Cambria, and the Gloriana is put last. A fine

coast wind prevailed at the start. Amnesty to spanish Political Prisoners. LISBON, June 10. - A general amnesty for past

# political offenses is promised.

FROM THE DOMINION. Billiards. TORONTO, June 10.—A billiard match came off last night between Jakes, of Coburg, and Conners, of Peterboro, for \$200 and the champion cue of Onta-

rio. Tweive hundred points were played, and resulted as follows:—Jakes, 1202; Conners, 813. Imposing Ceremonial. MONTREAL, June 10.—An imposing ceremonial rogramme has been drawn up for to-morrow, when rince Arthur will be invested with the Order of St. Michael and St. George by the Governor-General. Officers of the army and militia, heads of departments, clergy, etc., in full dress will be present. It

# is expected to be a brilliant affair.

FROM NEW ENGLAND. The Concord Rallroad. CONCORD, June 10.—The hearing on the injunction served on the Concord Railroad directors to restrain them from taking forcible possession of the road from the hands of Manager Stearns commenced before the Supreme Judicial Court to-day. Justices

Nesmith and Foster have withdrawn from the bench, they being stockholders and officers of the road. Hon. B. R. Curtis, of Boston, appears for the Concord road, and Hon. Ira Perley, of Concord, for the petitioners. Both are supported by a large number of assistants, prominent gentlemen at the bar. But little progress will be made to-day up to the hour of Beacon Park Races Postponed. Boston, June 10.—The races at Beacon Park are postponed until to-morrow on account of the rain.

The Boston and Eric Ratiroad. The passage of the Boston, Hartford, and Erie aids bill by the Legislature has very little visible effect on the stock and bonds. The latter sold at 33 to-day, the same as yesterday, and stock at 5% @5%.

FROM NEW YORK. New York, June 10.—Patrick Durly, the man-cater of the Eighth ward, who stabled Officer Dyreman dangerously a few days since at the corner of Broadway and Houston streets, pleaded guilty to-day in the Court of Quarter Sessions, and was sen-tenced to the penitentiary for nine years and six

# FROM NEW KNGLAND.

Arrival of John P. Bale. J Dover, N. H., June 10.—John P. Hale arrived in America yesterday and will reach his home in Dover on Wednesday at noon. A public reception will be tendered him by the residents of this city.

The Ruilroad Excursionists. St. Louis, June 10.—The railroad excursionists left for home this morning, the Louisville party going by way of Chicago. The Spathern Hotel gave them a banquet last night, which was fully attended and was much enjoyed.

FROM THE WEST.

# CONGRESS.

Washington, June 10.—Memorials were presented from book publishers and others relative to proposed modifications of the Copyright laws.

Bills were introduced by Mr. Wilson to enable army officers to incure their lives in life insurance commanies in the United States. Referred to the Judiciary Committee. By Mr. Osborn, to establish the Collection District of Biscay, in Florida. Referred to the Committee on Commerce. Senute.

merce.

A motion by Mr. Pomercy to take up the bill relating to the Central Brancis Union Pacific Railroad Company for a land subsidy gave rise to discussion.

Mr. Theyer opposed the motion, as he understood the bill proposed to interiere with another branch of the Pacific Railroad in his section, and would divide an extensive behave country between two roads, one taking the old and the other the even socitions, to the entire excinsion of settlers. He wanted to know the reason for this pressure to get up the bill when it was almost impossible to get up any other bill in the morning hour. the bill when it was bour, bill in the morning bour.