Evening Telegraph

(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED).

AT THE EVENING TELEGRAPH BUILDING, No. 108 S. THIRD STREET.

The Price is three cents per copy (double sheet), or eighteen cents per week, payable to the carrier by whom served. The subscription price by mail is Nine Dollars per annum, or One Dollar and Fifty Cents for two months, invariably in advance for the time ordered.

PHILADELPHIA.

THURSDAY, JUNE 9, 1870.

THE NEW SCHOOL OF ORATORY. HEBEAFTER, when Philadelphians grow restive under the sneers of flippant New York journalists, they will find an unfailing source of consolation in the fact that this city, in addition to her many other claims to the gratitude of mankind, has founded a new school of oratory. If any man doubts this assertion, let him read the extraordinary speech delivered by the President of the State Medical Society, William W. Wallace, yesterday, and compare it with the speeches that have been made from time to time by our gifted genius Richard Vaux. The illustrious example of our worthy ex-Mayor is at last exerting its just degree of influence upon speechifying mankind. In Wallace a disci ple after his own heart has been developed, and with two such shining lights of the new school easting their radiance over a darkened world, the happy period must be near at hand when the charms of grandiloquence will be universally recognized, and the absence of clear meaning and common sense be considered the crowntriumph of oratorical effort. speech of the head-centre of the M. D.'s sparkles with gems of expression from its very commencement. In the first sentence he calls this Commonwealth "the republican kingdom of Pennsylvania," thus displaying brilliancy and originality in his reference to a topic which in common hands could have obtained only commonplace treatment. "Republican kingdom" is such an admirable and significant phrase that we shall not be surprised to hear of the death of some of our jog-trot lawyers who imamine that they know how to talk, from the envy and mortification caused by its invention by a member of the medical profession. The dictionaries tell us of governments that have been in turn republics and kingdoms, but it was reserved for the Doctor to claim for this State the proud honor of being both at the same time. From the style of the opening remarks the

intelligent physicians who constituted the main portion of the audience must have naturally anticipated a rich treat. Nor were they disappointed. Devoting but a few minutes to topics which appertain strictly to the medical profession, the orator speedily launched into a discussion of the irrepressible woman and negro questions. With soul in arms and eager for the fray, he turned his irresistible oratorical batteries upon the petticoated prescriptionists. In the course of his remarks he demonstrated clearly, first, that woman was a great institution; second, that she couldn't practise medicine in country districts in bad weather; third, that it was much for male-doctor nature do up the drudgery of the profession amid snows and storms, and then to give place to female rivals "when nature is smiling with the sunlight and the stirred leaves throw their playful shadows on roads so smooth that your carriage runs with less vibration than a rail car;" fourth, that woman was not able to cope with the great "crises in medicine and surgery" even when the sun did shine and the roads were smooth: fifth, if woman ever did surmount the insuperable difficulties already stated, it would only be after the "nature of the female mind and affections" were changed, and if the community was subjected to the influence of a full stock of hardened female doctors, they would in time "become the teachers, the exemplars, the exponents of their sex, and, in such case, they must and will assimilate the whole to themselves."

Each of these arguments is very powerful, but the last is so conclusive that the Women's Medical College may as well shut up shop. The theory it propounds is so well sustained by indisputable facts that the world can no longer tolerate the creation of a new batch of female emissaries of mischief. It is well known, for instance, that all the intimate acquaintances of distinguished male surgeons imbibe from them an irresistible desire to cut off legs and arms or to plunge daggers into the bodies of their associates, and the free use of the bowie-knife is distinetly traceable to the dangerous instincts developed by familiar association with medical students. On the other hand, all the ladies who have been attended by female physicians during the last ten or twelve years have lost the natural graces of their sex, and in the course of events their faces will soon be covered with beards.

The negro fared but little better under the scalpel of Dr. Wallace. Since he has thicker lips, a thicker cranium, a smaller brain, a broader foot, and "a longer ulna" than the white man, how dare he presume to vote or practise medicine?

As a final extinguisher of female and African pretensions, the Doctor got off this

exquisite sentence:-

"Does not Revelation, claborated by a great mind, teach us that heaven itself, disturbed by passion, could only be restored to peace by hurling from its battlements the bright son of the morning and onethird of the innumerable company of angels into the gulf whose portals are guarded by Sin and Death?'

Rash and daring mortals of the feminine and Ethiopian persuasion, behold in this climax the prophetic record of your doom if you will persist in your insane efforts to ipvade the sacred domain which Dr. Wallace guards so jealously! Behold and tremble! He is at once a flaming torch and a flaming sword of the medical Eden. Beware how you app roach it!

THE SCARCITY OF SEAMEN IN THE | his untiring energy and devotion in pressing NAVY.

THE Secretary of the Navy has on several

occasions called attention to the scarcity of

seamen who are willing to enlist in the naval service, and he has instituted several measures of reform with a view of making the navy popular with the sailors. The difficulty in procuring men for our national vessels still continues, however, and we are informed that owing to the impossibility of procuring seamen it has been found necessary to curtail the practice squadron, and that only one vessel will be sent out this summer. The yearly practice cruise is a most important portion of the education of the midshipmen, who, in these days of steam, especially require the kind of instruction given on a cruise under canvas, if the old-fashioned art of seamanship is not to be forgotten altogether in the navy. curtailment of the practice squadron is therefore a matter for regret, but the reason for this curtailment suggests an evil of the first magnitude, that will seriously impair the efficiency of the navy if something is not done to remedy it. In time of peace service on board of a man of war ought to be comparatively easy and pleasant, and it would certainly seem likely that seamen would prefer it to the rough and laborious duty of the merchant service unless there were very strong reasons to the contrary. It is pertinent, therefore, to suggest that the discipline on board of our national men-of-war may not be suited to the ideas and dispositions of the American seamen of the present day. When men are once enlisted and placed on board of a naval vessel they are pretty much at the mercy of their officers, but after their time has expired they are their own masters, and if they have been made the victims of harshness and tyranny they will scarcely place themselves in the same predicament again, of they can help it. The navy is exceedingly conservative in its ideas, and a majority of the officers cling with fondness to old ideas of discipline that are unworthy of a civilized age and country, and that ought to have been abolished long ago. It is true that Congress has done much for the protection of naval seamen by prescribing a merciful code of regulations with regard to the punishment of offenders, but it has been repeatedly shown that this code is not at all times respected by the officers, and that they often exercise their discretion in punishing men for real or imaginary offenses in ways that are at once tyrannical and illegal. Several officers have been convicted recently of thus violating the law, but the punishments awarded to them have not been at all in proportion to their offenses, or of such a character as to assure enlisted men that their rights will be respected in the future. In case of a foreign war the want of an efficient body of seamen trained in the art of naval seamanship and gunnery will be severely felt; and if the efficiency of this branch of the military service is to be maintained, some measures must be adopted to make good men esteem it a privilege to enter the navy, and to make their homes on board of the national vessels. Of officers we have enough and to spare, and it is time that something was done to increase the efficiency of the actual working and fighting force.

VERY MANY of our citizens have heard with profound regret of the total destruction of the Episcopal mission buildings at the Santee Indian Agency by a tornado on the 2d inst. These buildings, which included a beautiful little church, had just been completed at considerable expense, and under a pressure of difficulties that seemed almost insurmountable. It was therefore a great blow to those interested in the work of the mission for them all to be swept away in a moment, and the calamity is so much the greater as it can scarcely fail to produce an unfavorable impression on the Indians, and to greatly delay the labor of those who are endeavoring to civilize and Christianize them. The Santee mission was largely supported by contributions from Philadelphia, and the friends of Indians in this city pointed with just pride to the practical results it had achieved as evidences that the law of force was not the only influence the savages could be made to respect, and as demonstrating that our Indian problem could be solved on Christian principles. The success of the mission, indeed, seems to have been greater than the most sanguine expected, and in its present misfortune it appeals in the strongest manner to the sympathy of those who have the means to aid in repairing the losses it has sustained. We therefore hope that not only the Episcopalians of Philadelphia, but all who care for the welfare of the red men, will extend liberal assistance towards the erection of new buildings.

YESTERDAY the Committee on Police of Councils adopted a plan for a public bathhouse which appears to combine all the essentials of such a structure in an eminently satisfactory manner. The plan is based upon the bath-houses that have been used in Boston with excellent effect for several seasons, and it ought to be possible to put up a number of structures in accordance with it at a compe ratively small expense. The work of gening the public baths into operation might be pushed forward as fast as possible now. The warm weather has fairly sot in, and an immense portion of the population will welcome the opportunity of indulging in a daily bath with feelings of gratitude. As a mere sanitary measure, the erection of a number of bathing establishments is of the first importance in a great city like this; and threatened as we are with a pestilential disease that appears to have its origin in filth, it is a public necessity that the baths should be provided as soon as possible. The matter will be brought up in Councils this afternoon, and we hope that the plans submitted by Mr. H. Huhn will be approved at once, so that the work of constructing the bathing-houses may be commenced at once. In this connection it would be well to thank Mr. Huhn for

to a successful issue the erection of these public baths.

"THE GRAND ARMY."-A new weekly paper with the above title has been started at Scranton, Pa., as the organ of the Grand Army of the Republic. The enterprise has the sanction of the department commanders, and it will be at once the official organ and the earnest advocate of the interests of the organization. The first number presents a very attractive appearance, and it is filled with interesting reading matter on subjects connected with the events of the day and the fraternal, charitable, and loyal purposes for which the Grand Army of the Republic was organized. The publisher is J. A. Scranton, to whom all articles and contributions should be addressed.

NATIONAL BANK CIRCULATION .- The following table shows how the \$25,000,000 in bank circulation provided for in Mr. Garfield's pending bill would be

xisting			s of the	populatio	n, unde
Virginia.		\$1,845,739	South	Carolina.	1,301,35
West Vir	ginia	479,629	Alabar	па	1,277,10
Illinois		. 2,036,136	Oregon	1	637,26
Michigan		. 894,486	Texas.		681,29
Wisconsi	n	. 1,068,378	Arkans	108	468,52
lowa		758,262	Utah		400,76
Kansas.		. 111,198	Califor	nia	710,51
Missouri		. 1,615,692	Florida	A	166,03
Kentuck				dt	4,64
				lexico	8,53
				Territory.	1,49
Mississip	phone			ие	80,44
Nebraski	A	. 312,187	Ohio	*****	
North Ca	arolina	. 1,690,826 . 1,297,985	Indian	a	215,15

The Comptroller of the Currency has made a long examination of Mr. Garfield's bill, as well as estimates of the tax and interest accounts of the Government with the banks, and concludes by saying that, under this proposed measure, Government would pay \$475,000 interest in gold, annually, on the four and one-half per cent, bonds required to secure the proposed \$95,000,000 of circulation; and the receipts from taxes on circulation would be reduced \$1,500,000, in currency, annually, when the four and a half per cent, bonds should be deposited to secure the existing \$300,000,000 of circulation. At the same time there would be saved by the exchange of goldbearing bonds \$4,362,921 in gold annually in the difference of interest which would be paid, and by the proposed retirement of three per cent. temporary loan certificates, the \$1,365,000 currency interest now paid thereon would be saved annually, and the receipts of the Government on circulation, capital deposits, and net earnings would be increased \$1,608,333 in currency annually, making altogether an annual net gain to the Government of \$1,085,352. He further shows that in 1861 there were 1603 State banks, with capital of \$430,702,913, and a total circulation of \$202,175,167; while on the 1st of last October there were 1620 national banks, with a capital of \$432,163,611, and a circulation of \$239,789,895. He finally shows that under a provision scaling down Eastern banks so as to get \$25,000,000 for redistribution, Massachusetts would lose \$11,182,045; New York, \$9,140,955; Rhode Island, \$2,397,974; Connecticut, \$2,169,056, and Maryland, \$110,000.

VERY AFFECTING .- The members of the Western Associated Press last week made a visit en masse to the Mammoth Cave of Kentucky. Jenkins was among the number, and as he has done so much for the outside world, it was but natural that he should indulge himself in a slight effort in behalf of his own craft. And this is the style in which he did it: ... "The editorial room with its multiplicity of cares and labor was left behind; the stern, hard lines chiselled by the rigid discipline of journalism reaxed, a new light beamed from the eye, the overstrained bow was unstrung, and the leading journalists of the West were as a party of merry, careless, happy schoolboys, granted a vacation after a long and tedious session.

Incidentals.

-The first numbers of a new Journal, the Shakespeare Museum, has just been published by Max Moltke, in Leipsic, devoted entirely to Shakespearean literature and criticism. Herr Moltke is well known as a translator of Shakespeare into German, and a superior scholar. The Shakespeare Museum is to appear at irregular intervals, at the will of the editor; but the day of publication will always be the anniversary of some important epoch in Shakespeare's own life, or of the birth or death of some one of his famous students or disciples. The second number appeared on May 9, the day of Schiller's death; the third on May 31, that of Tieck's If this notion is more fanciful than business-like, the contents of the first numbers are

at least very instructive.

—Mr. Matthew Arnold's peculiarly graceful and finished style will find a large circle of readers for any new book he publishes. His "St. Paul and Protestantism" (London: Smith, Elder & Ca.) contains a supervisor of the c Elder & Ce.), contains a culogy on the Church of England as the friend and stronghold of Christian liberty, in which he displays an arrogant incapacity to understand dissenters; and a curious attempt to show that the Apostle Paul bas hitherto been the most misrepresented of men; that his system of belief has never been properly expounded; that to him "the resurrection" meant a moral change, and that modern theologians who claim Paul as master commonly ascribe to him ideas which are the product of a later age. This essay is very interesting, although much less of it than the author seems to suppose, will be new to students who have the discussions to which Baur's 'Paulus" has given occasion of late years in

> SPECIAL NOTICES. For additional Special Notices see the Inside Pages.

838 and 820 CHESNUT ST.

WHITE

VESTS.

JOHN WANAMAKER.

BTEINWAY & SONS GRAND SQUARE AND UPRIGHT PIANOS.

CHARLES BLASIUS,

SOLE AGENT FOR THE SALE OF THE WORLD-RENOWNED PIANOS, AT THE OLD WAREROOMS,

No. 1006 CHESNUT STREET.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

PIANOS! PIANOS!! PIANOS!!! Preparatory to tearing out and enlarging his rooms,

100 PIANOS, new and old, will be sold astonishingly low for one month J. E. GOULD, No. 923 CHESNUT Street.

STECK & CO.'S, HAINES BROS,' and other PIANOS

ONLY AT GOULD'S. MASON & HAMLIN ORGANS

world-renowned, ONLY AT GOULD'S, 55 thatu 2mrp NOTICE.-THE ATTENTION OF the charitable public is called to the Ladies' Strawry Festival and Instrumental Music, to be held at CONCERT HALL, on the Evening of June 14, for the benefit of the Bedford Street Mission. Through the press the people have been acquainted with the desperate misery, squalor, and sickness that reign in these dark abodes of evil. A band of noble men and women have been noiselossly at work for some time among them, giving of their time, means, and strength to reduce these elements of wretchedness into order and decency. In consequence of the prevailing fever and other causes the funds of the Mission are at present inadequate to meet its wants, and the ladies appeal to the friends of the suffering, in all denominations, to aid them by the purchase of tickets, or donations of sugar, flowers, cake, or money to be used at the Festival. Tickets \$1, to be had of GRORGE MILLI-KEN, No. 1128 CHESNUT Street; at the Book Rooms. No. 1918 ARCH Street; or of any of the Managers, or at the Hall on the evening of the Festival, where any donations will also be thankfully received.

CENTENARY FAIR AND FESTIVAL The ladies of the CHURCH OF THE MESSIAH bold a Fair and Festival, at the Lecture-room of their Church, LOCUST Street, below Broad, for the benefit of the Murray Fund, opening on TUESDAY EVENING, June 7,

at 6 o'clock, and continuing from 3 to 10 o'clock P. M., on Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday, 8th, 9th, and 10th in-A great variety of fancy and useful articles will be offered for sale, with an abundance of STRAWBERRIES, ICE CREAM, AND OTHER REFRESHMENTS.

Season tickets, 25 cents. Single tickets, 10 cents, 646t FLORAL FESTIVAL, FAIR, AND PROMENADE CONCERT, at HORTICULTURAL HALL, WFDNESDAY, THURSDAY and FRIDAY AFTERNOONS and EVENINGS, June 8, 9, and 10, by the Ladies of Beth-Eden Church. First Regiment Band every evening.

Tickets, 25 cents. Season Tickets, 50 cents. For sale at 8 C. Shinn's Drug Store, S. W. corner Broad and Spruce streets and at the Hall.

STRAWBERRY AND FLORAL FESTI-VAL of the LADIES AID SOCIETY connected with the ZION P. E. CHURCH, at Athletic Hall, THIR TEENTH Street, above Jefferson, on FRIDAY EVENING, June 10. Tickets 50 cents. For sale at the door. Music in attendance.

ARTISTS' FUND GALLERIES (Opposite U. S. Miat). SHERIDAN'S RIDE.

with a collection of Paintings by T. BUCHANAN READ. and other American Artists, from private Galleries. LAST THREE DAYS OF THE EXHIBITION. The Poem recited at 13 M. and 4 and 9 P. M., by MR. J. B. ROBERTS

OFFICE OF THE LEHIGH COAL AND

NAVIGATION COMPANY.

PHILADELPHIA, June 2, 1870.

Coupons due the 15th instant on the Gold Loan of this Company will be paid at their office, in gold, on and after that date.

Holders of ten or more coupons can obtain receipts therefor prior to that date.

S. SHEPHERD. S. SHEPHERD, THE UNION FIRE EXTINGUISHER

COMPANY OF PHILADELPHIA Manufacture and sell the Improved, Portable Fire Extinguisher. Always Reliable.

D. T. GAGE, No. 118 MARKET St., General Agent. HARPER'S HAIR DYE-THE ONLY HARTER'S HAIR DIE-THE ONLY harmless and reliable Dye known. This splendid Hair Dye is perfect. Changes red, rusty, or gray hair, whiskers, or moustache instantly to a glossy black or natural brown, without injuring the hair or staining the skin, leaving the hair soft and beautiful. Only 50 cents for a large box. CALLENDER, THIRD and WALNUT; JOHNSON, HOLLOWAY & COWDEN, No. 602 ARCH Street; TRENWITH, No. 514 CHESNUT Street; YARNELL, FIFTEENTH and MARKET Streets; BROWN, FIFTH and CHESNUT Sts; and all Druggists. 531 tf 4p

POLITICAL.

the Third division of the Ninth ward.

The undersigned Union Republican voters, residing in the Third division of the Ninth ward, being present at the opening of the Board of Registering Officers of the division on the afternoon of the 7th instant, did then and there request of the proper officers the production of the Register of the division. ter of the division.

This request Mr. JOHN E. ADDICKS, of the Executive Committee, refused to comply with, stating that he (Acdicks) "thought he had it somewhere."

At this meeting seventy-one (71) names were duly registered. ered. On the following morning we again called on Mr. Addicks to inspect the said register, and were again refused. This in direct violation of Rule VI of the rules for the government of the Republican party.

Republicans are, therefore, called upon to assert their rights as voters and independent citizens on Tuesday next, the day of the primary election, and crush this at-

No. 1133 Girard street. JAMES SWENEY, No. 31 South Eleventh street. The undersigned was not present at the meeting of the Board of Registering Officers on Tuesday, but was present at the interview with Mr. Addicks, on the 8th instant, at the Union Club House, when the request to inspect the register in question was made by the above named gentlemen, and peremptorily refused by Mr. Addicks.

(Signed) SAM. B. WYLLE MITCHELL, N. W. corner TENTH and CHESNUF Streets.

Philadelphia, June 9, 1870.

tempt to prostitute the division to individual interests.
(Signed) WILLIAM HELLMAN.

& FOR SHERIFF, 1870,

SUBJECT TO THE DECISION OF THE REPUB-LICAN CONVENTION.

F. T. WALTON,

OLOTHING.

STOP THE CAR! LET ME OUT! I SAY!

"Mr. Conductor, stop the car this minute!"
"Be at the corner in a minute, sir!"
"No peatter, I don't want to go to the corner! I What's the matter with the man?" 'Matter? Why matter enough, sir! Don't you see! I can't afford to go past the GREAT BROWN HALL, with such a notice as that staring me in the

face."
"w hat notice?"
"Why, don't you see? Read it!

A NICE WOOLLEN SUIT FOR TEN DOLLARS!

"Whoa! Whoa! Let's go and see it!" And the conductor and all the pessengers get out at BOCKBILL & WILSON'S, and every man of them buys a TEN BOLLAR SUIT, and they all [subscribe

to make up ten dollars for a suit for the driver. After which they drive off, crying as they go, HURRAH FOR THE TEN DOLLAR SUITS OF

603 and 605 CHESNUT STREET.

WESTON & BROTHER, TAILORS.

8 W. Corner NINTH and ARCH Sts. PHILADELPHIA.

A full assortment of the most approved styles for SPRING AND SUMMER WEAR.

NOW IN STORK

A SUPERIOR GARMENT AT A REASONABLE PRICE.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

REAL ESTATE.—THOMAS & SONS SALE.

Three-story Brick Dwelling, rear of No. 1833
Barker street, between Eighteenth and Nineteenth Barker street, between Eighteenth and Nineteenth and Market and Chesnut streets. On Tuesday, June 21, 1870, at 12 o'clock, noon, will be sold at public sale, at the Philadelphia Exchange, all that three-story brick dwelling and lot of ground, situate on the west side of an 8 feet 10 inches wide court (in the rear of No. 1833 Barker street), between Eighteenth and Nineteenth and Market and Chesnut streets, contrained in front 14 feet. streets; containing in front 14 feet, and extending in depth 21 feet 9 inches, when it widens by an offset on the north side across the head of a two feet wide alley to the breadth of 16 feet, and thence extending that increased breadth the further depth of of self incumbrance. Terms—Cash. Immediate possession. Keys at No. 318 N. Sixteenth street.

M. THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers.

6 9 11 18 Nos. 139 and 141 S. FOURTH Street.

SALE BY ORDER OF HEIRS—THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers.—Business Stand, Threestory Brick Store and Dwelling, No. 2003 Germantown avenue, north of Monroe street. On Tuesday, June 21, 1870, at 12 o'clock, noon, will be sold at public sale, at the Philadelphia Exchange, all that three-story brick messuage and lot of ground, situate on the northeast side of the Germantown road, it for worth of Monroe street, No. 2003; containing SALE BY ORDER OF HEIRS_THOMAS & 16 feet north of Monroe street, No. 2003; containing in front on the Germantown road 16 feet, and ex tending in depth on the northwestern line 47 feet 1% inches, and on the southeastern line 45 feet 2% inches; thence eastward on the north line 47 feet 13g inches, and on the south line 45 feet 23g inches Kressler street, on which it has a front of 16 feet It is occupied as a store and dwelling; has bakery etc. Clear of all incumbrance. Terms-One-third

a widow's dower, to remain.

M. THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers,
6 19 11 18 Nos. 139 and 141 S. FOURTH Street. REAL ESTATE .- THOMAS & SONS' SALE.

Three-story Store and Dwelling, No. 1844
Passyunk road, below Wharton street. On Tuest day, June 21, 1876, at 12 o'clock, noon, will be sold at public sale, at the Philadelphia Exchange, all that three-story brick messuage and lot of ground, situate on the west side of Passyunk road, 339 feet 11-6 inches from the southwesterly corner of Passyunk road, 339 feet 11-6 inches from the southwesterly corner of Passyunk road, 339 feet 11-6 inches from the southwesterly corner of Passyunk road and Wharton street; thence northwest, at right angles with Passyunk road, 44 feet 9% inches to a corner; thence southeast 16 feet 8 1-3 inches to a corner of a lot belonging to Jacob S. Lentz; thence southeast by the same, at right angles with Passyunk road, 40 fee 1-3 of an inch to Passyunk road; thence along Passyunk road 16 feet to the place of beginning. The house contains 8 rooms, painted and papered throughout; has the gas introduced, bath, hot and cold water, water-closet, range, etc. Terms—\$1000 can remain on mortgage. Clear of all incumbrance, M. FHOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers, Nos. 139 and 141 S. FOURTH Street.

PUBLIC SALE-FOR ACCOUNT OF THE "Southwark American Mechanics' Hall Assocration"—Thomas & Sons, Auctioneers.—Two two-story frame dwellings, Nos. 610 and 612 Marriott street, Second ward. On Tuesday, June 21, 1870, at 12 o'clock, noon, will be sold at public sale, at the Philadelphia Exchange, all that lot of ground, with the two two-story frame messuages thereon erected, situate on the south side of Marriott street, above Sixth street, Nos. 610 and 612; containing in front on Marriott street 30 feet 11 inches, lecluding a two feet wide alley, and extending in depth 76 feet 8 inches. Clear of all incumbrance. Terms-Cash Inches. Classical Inches. Classical Immediate possession.

M. THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers,
6 9 11 18 Nos. 139 and 141 S. FOURTH Street.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—No. 283 S. FOURTH
Street, above Spruce, a superior DWELLING-HOUSE, 22 feet front, every modern convenience, in complete order; early possession; convenient to Post Office and to Exchange and Insurance Companies.

D. T. PRATT,

5 30 30t

No. 108 S. FOURTH Street.

FOR SALE—HANDSOME RESIDENCE, to WILLIAM ROSSELL ALLEN, No. 334 WALNUT Street.

FOR SALE-A BOTTLING ESTABLISH-MENT, all complete. Sold on reasonable terms Selling out on account of sickness. Inquire of P. WAT SON, No. 332 WALNUT Street, Philadelphia. 693t*

> TO RENT. TO LET-THE STORE PROPERTY NO.

722 Chesnut street, twenty-five feet front, one hun dred and forty-five feet deep to Bennett street. Back buildings five stories high. Possession May 1, 1870. Ad THOMAS S. FLETCHER, Delanco, N. J.

STORE TO RENT-FIXTURES FOR SALE-No. 9 N. SECOND Street. Good stand for Dry

Goods or Hat Business. Apply on premises to

KRIM & BIDDLE. TO RENT-A PARTLY FURNISHED MANSION, with about eight acres of Land, including Lawn, and Fruit and Vegetable Garden, in full cultivation, ready for use, known as Auburn Hill, on the old Front street road, one mile this side of Frankford, Apply to GEORGE L. ASHMEAD, 66 64 No. 333 WALNUT Street.

S T O R E S T O R E N T,

POSSESSION JULY I.

The first floor and cellar of two New Stores, on NINTH Street, above Arch. Also, the second and third floors, each 36 by 50 feet, with separate entrance. Apply to WILLIAM H. BACON,

63 6t*

No. 317 WALNUT Street.

GERMANTOWN—TO RENT.—

on Walnut lane, west of Green street, will be rented for
the summer to a desirable tenant.

Apply to

656t*

WILLIAM H. BACON,

No. 317 WALNUT Street.

TO RENT-THE CONSTITUTION
HOUSE, ATLANTIC CITY, until the 20th instant.
The house already furnished. Inquire of THOM S
BRADY, ATLANTIC CITY, or P. WATSON, No. 332
WALNUT Street, or HUGH BARR, Proprietor,
FRONT and WHARTON Streets, Phila. 6935*

REAL ESTATE AGENT. FRED. SYLVESTER.

REAL ESTATE BROKER,

No. 208 South FOURTH Street,

PHILADELPHIA.

HOTELS.

OCEAN HOUSE. CAPE MAY, N. J.

This favorite FIRST-CLASS FAMILY HOTEL

with additional home-like comforts and attractions. will be reopened on JUNE 18. Terms, \$21 00 per week.

Application to be made to LYCETT & SAWYER,

Cape May, New Jersey. 6 1 20t*4p

COLONNADE HOTEL. FIFTEENTH AND CHESNUT STS.,

ENTIRELY NEW AND HANDSOMELY FUR NISHED is now ready for permanent or transient guests

PLATED WARE.

DLATED GOODS. REMOVAL OF A. H. ROGERS

From No. 804 Chesnut street to

No. 632 MARKET Street, First Floor, Where we shall be happy to see our old customers of the trade. Constantly on hand Rogers Brothers' and Meridan Britannia Co.'s Plated Ware of all descriptions. [6 4 im

BIRDS.

A FINE LOT OF SINGING CANARIES, BUILLFINCHES, EUROPEAN BLACKBIRDS, THRUSHES, STARLINGS, ETC.

For sale, an imported Italian Hound, Maltese Cats, Carrier, Pouter, and Tumbler Pigeons.

No. 144 North SIX PH Street.
Odd Fellows' Hall.

No. 144 North SIX TH Street.
Odd Fellows' Hall.

A freeb lot of TALKING PARROPS, OOCKATOOS, COCKATILLAS, PARROUETS, MINA BIRDS, Etc., on hand and for sale. No. 144 North SIXTH Street. Odd Fellows' Hall.

ONE DOLLAR GOODS FOR 95 CENTS, to infruit DIA ON'S, No. 21 S, RIGHTH Street.

FINANDIAL

A DESIRABLE

Safe Home Investment.

THE

Sunbury and Lewistown Railroad Company

Offer \$1,200,000 Bonds, bearing 7 Per Cent. Interest in Gold. Secured by a

First and Only Mortgage.

The Bonds are issued in

\$1000s, \$500s and \$200s.

The Coupons are payable in the city of Philadelphia on the first days of April and

Free of State and United States Taxes.

The price at present is

90 and Accrued Interest in Currency.

This Road, with its connection with the Pennsylvania Railroad at Lewistown, brings the Anthracite Coal Fields 67 MILES nearer the Western and Southwestern markets. With this advantage it will control that trade, and the Lumber Trade, and the immense and valuable deposit of ores in this section, together with the thickly peopled district through which it runs, will secure it a very large and profitable

WM. PAINTER & CO.,

BANKERS.

Dealers in Government Securities.

No. 36 South THIRD Street. PHILADELPHIA. Free from U. S. Taxes.

Eight Per Cent. Per Annum

in Gold. A PERFECTLY SAFE INVESTMENT.

First Mortgage Bonds

OF THE ISSUE OF

\$1,500,000, BY THE

ST. JOSEPH AND DENVER CITY RAILROAD CO.,

Issued in denominations of \$1000 and \$500. Coupon or Registered, payable in 30 years. with Interest payable 15th August and 15th February, in New York, London, or Frankfort, free of tax. Secured by a mortgage only on a completed and highly prosperous road, at the rate of \$13,503.79 per mile. Earnings in excess of its interest liabilities. This line being the Middle Route, is pronounced the

Shortest and most Natural One for Freight and Passenger Traffic Across the Continent. St.

Louis and Fort Kearney Spanned by a Railway, and connecting with the Union Pacific at Fort Kearney.

Capital Stock of the Company \$10,000,000 Land Grant, pronounced value of 8,000,000 First Mortgage Bonds...... 1,500,000

\$19,500,000 The remaining portion of this Loan now for sale at 971 and accrued interest in currency. Can be had at the Company's Agencies in New York, TANNER & CO., Bankers, No. 49 WALL Street, or W. P. CON-

VERSE & CO., No. 54 PINE Street. Pamphlets, Maps, and all information can be obtained at either of the above-named

The attention of Capitalists and Investors is particularly invited to these Securities. We are satisfied they are all that could be desired. and unhesitatingly recommend them.

TANNER & CO.,

FISCAL AGENTS. No. 49 WALL STREET, NEW YORK.

W. P. CONVERSE & CO., COMMERCIAL AGENTS,

No. 54 PINE STREET.

NEW YORK.

No. 34 SOUTH THIRD STREET. American and Foreign

BANKERS. ISSUE DRAFTS AND CIRCULAR LETTERS OF CheDIT available on presentation in any part of

Travellers can make all their financial arrangements through us, and we will collect their interest and dividends without charge.

DREXEL, WINTHROP & CO., DREXEL, HARJES & CO., New York, Paris.

[3 1