### CITY INTELLIGENCE. FEMININITY.

An Evening with a Female Broker-How She Talks, What She is Like, and a Few of Her Sayings-Tennie C. Classin and Her Own Account of Herself.

Man, they say, is doomed to disappointment. If this saying be true, then have we the proof positive that we are nothing other than human, since last night we were terribly disappointed. Having been apprized of the presence of Miss Tennie C. Claffin, one of the firm of Woodhull & Claffin, in our city, we were entrusted with the task of "interviewing" the somewhat celebrated personage, and accordingly repaired to the Continental Hotel, where Miss Claffin is staying, and sending up our card with some little degree of nervousness, awaited the return of the colored servant. We pictured to ourself meantime, a sallow-visaged, sharp-featured, toothiess, crabbed piece of femininity of about the age of forty, and a regular stump orator.
Whilst we were forming this idea, we were requested to step up to one of the parlors, and in a few mements Miss Tennie C. Claffin appeared, accompanied by her mother, a lady of about sixty years of

THE YOUNG BROKERESS. Tennie is an out-and-out blonde, having clear-cut features, a profusion of rich curiy hair, and sparkling blue eyes. She is about — years of age and as active as a kitten. As she entered the room we took a quick view of her, and noticed that she was about four feet four inches in height, attired in a black silk dress with train and blue velvet jacket cut low in the neck. Engaging in conversation with her, we found her sharp, interesting, and somewhat inclined to witticism, seeing only the bright side of life, and determined to make herself and others happy. We found her voluble, intelligent, and smart, and on the whole a true embodiment of the "progressive" woman of the nineteenth

Making known the object of our visit, we at once entered on business, and our first question was—

"Are you a Yankee?"
"Not a bit of it."
"What then?" "I was born in Ohlo, but am somewhat of a mix-

"How so?"
"Well, I'll tell you. My father is a downright, goakead Yankee, and my mother a German, and I
myself an Ohioan." What constitutes your family?"

"What do you mean by my family?" was the reply "We mean have you brothers, sisters, etc. ?" Smilingly she answered, "Oh! yes! I have six sisters and one brother."

"Are they all as smart as you?"
"Well, I just reckon they are." A SELF-EDUCATED WOMAN.

Our next question was, "Were you educated in Onto?"
Miss Claffin quickly responded, "I am self-educated; never went to school a day in my life; received the rudiments from my parents, and the rest picked I up myself.

parents, and the rest picked I up myself. Never read a novel, and never intend to. What little time I can spare from business I give to the perusal of such literature as I can profit by. I believe there is work for woman to do in this world, and she cannot know too much; therefore I make hay while the san shines, and waste not a minute knowingly. NO STICKLER FOR DRESS.

"You apparently don't desire to make yourself prominent in point of dress?"
"No, sir; I want my brain to gain me promi-

"Do you believe in woman imitating the dress of No, not altogether. I think that a reform can and must be made in the dressing of woman, but I don't think that she must wear breeches, etc. I think that if women would follow the goddess of fashion less, and practise good sound sense, there would be less misery in the world, and but few if any McFarland-Richardson cases." Noticing the absence of diamonds or jewelry of any kind, we said, "You appear to practice what

"Certainly," was the reply; "I have gone into this movement for the advancement of women, with an intention of work, and I want no gewgaws to adorn my person. "You believe in setting a good example, then ?"

'Most assuredly !" HER BUSINESS LIFE.

"When did you first enter business life?"
"When I was eight years old."

"Chicago. What business?

"Well, I sold apples." Observing our expression of astonishment she immediately added:—'T'll tell you how it came about.
My father, at one time, was somewhat wealthy, but becoming involved in a coal land speculation, he lost all he had, and for a time we were in trouble and had a hard struggle for existence. Then it was that I sold apples, and I am proud that I, at that early day was enabled to do something for the

rents who have done so much for me."
'What was your next business adventure?" of next started as a doctor Vith what success?' "Enough to support my father and mother and

'All your own?' What then?"

"Nieces, nephews, and others."
"How came you to enter Broad street?" Because I wanted to make intney. 'Do you think you can?" 'Certainly; I am just as capable of so doing as

any of the 'bulls' or 'bears.' I went into Broad street to make money and I am going to do it." NOT A "BULL," NOR A "BEAR," "Are you a 'bull ?"

'Are you a 'bear ?' "

Then what are you ?" "I am a woman." Remarking that we had ocular and auricular demonstration of that fact, we said:—
"Do you take neither end of the horn?"

"Well, sometimes I bull and sometimes I bear; I have no 'hobby' to chase, but buy and sell at dis cretion. I never work on a margin and don't con sider it safe to do so." PHILADELPHIA BROKERS.

"Have you been amongst our brokers?" "I have,"
"What do you think of them ?"

"They are a fine set of fellows, but awful slow."
"Did you operate?" They wanted me to buil 'Reading,' out I couldn't see it. How were you received?"

"Oh ! first rate; one handed me a cigar and I took Do you smoke ?" Answering that we occasionally indulged in that small failing, she produced a genuine Havana, and said, "Smoke that after dinner." She then went on:—"Well, after handing me the

eigar, another gentleman desired to furnish me with a light, but I refused, on the ground that the Stock Room was not used for smoking purposes, but for

"WOODHULL & CLAFLIN'S WEEKLY." "How about your new paper?"
"Well, I think it is a success,"

"You are here now on business relative to it?"
"Yes, I desire to get you slow Philadelphians to What do you intend advocating?"

"Everything that will ennoble woman and bring her up to a high moral and social standard."
"How do you intend doing this?"
"I mean to show woman her faults, lead her out of the ways of fashion and make her turn to and help

herself. I am just as good as you are, am I not? said Miss C. We confessed that she was, since she talked faster than we thought. "Well, then, why shouldn't woman be elevated?" Our answer was, "Of course! Why not!" After promising to read the new paper we changed the subject and asked as to her

MARRIED LIFE. "Have you even been married?"

When?" "In 1861." "Where?"

Was your husband younger or older than your-"He was my senior,"

"You are separated?"
"Yes, we were divorced."

"Well, I married to find a helpmate. Instead of that I had to keep him, and I couldn't stand it."

"What sort of a character was he?"
"Weil, he was a 'man of the world,' fond of pleasure, incloience, etc.; would rather have others support him than support himself."

"Do you expect to marry again?"
"Oh, yes, I hope to find some one who will appreciate me, and whom I can appreciate. I don't want to live single. I have got time enough for four or five years. There was a time when I thought differently. I felt like dying, but as Old Mortality didn't mow in my field. I picked up courage and went to work. Now I feel that I am prepared to die, but I also feel that I can aid others by living."

WOULDN'T AND COULDN'T. "Have you ever had a fancy to a second hus-Yes. I have seen those I could love, but I

marry me for a doll baby; if he loves beauty let him patronize artists. I want my husband to take me for what I am worth, and I want one I can look up to as a helpmate. I don't want the term to be Mrs.—and husband, but Mr.—and wite."

"How would Andy Johnson suit you?"

"How want a man." "How would Andy Joh "Bah! I want a man."

Fearful that we might get into trouble, we again changed the subject, and asked after

MRS. CLAPLIN WOODHULL. "Is your sister as smart as you are?" Yes, and a heap smarter.

"You both seem to agree ?"
"Oh, yes; she puts up the jobs and I work them
out, and together we make a team."
"Have you experienced any trouble in Broad

"Were I to commence relating our troubles it would fill a volume. We have been persecuted, bad-gered, and worried on all sides, but still we stick, and, like a shoemaker, will stick to the 'last.'" Having gained this much knowledge, we entered into a desultory conversation, when we found that our fair subject was not only a sound practical business woman, but also accomplished. She plays sweetly, is well up in French, can talk German like

a race horse, and showed us in a few minutes that our knowledge of Spanish was not to be compared with her own.

On bidding adieu, she again made us promise that we would read Woodhull & Clapin's Weekly, and have our friends do likewise.

### THE FIRST WARD TRAGEDY.

The Coroner's Investigation—Verdict, Marder and Sulcide.

There was considerable excitement all morning in the vicinity of the house No. 1308 S. Ninth street, in which the shocking tragedy of last night occurred. No additional facts to those published on our inside pages could be obtained, except that three balls were found in the body of Miss McLaughlin, one in the head of Stratton, and another in the wall. Coroner Taylor summoned his jury, and just be-fore noon repaired to the scene of the tragedy, and

there examined the following witnesses:—
Howard A. Holloway sworn—I live No. 1308 S.
Ninth street; I was acquainted with William Straton, deceased, from his having visited Amelia Mc-Langhlin, who lived with me for about two years; he had been in the habit of visiting her for a year or so, and conducting himself in a decorous manner some time ago he got to coming here drunk and mal some time ago he got to coming here drunk and mal-treating her in such a way that she presented a bad appearance about the house; I told her she would have to hunt another place, and she promised to have nothing to do with him; he did not come there again until last night; I left home about half-past seven o'clock, at the same time my wife did; I returned shortly after 9 o'clock, and, on entering the door met Amelia who said "William is here." the door, met Amelia, who said, "William is here don't hurt him, let him go in peace;" I then entered the parlor, intending to let him depart unmolested and then ordering her to leave the house; I had hardly sat down on the rocking-chair when I heard the reports of a pistol; I jumped up, ran out of the house to the corner of Wharton street, and met a policeman; on returning met Lieutenant Smith on the door step; we went up stairs and saw the bodies on the floor; she was dead and he was just gasping; I never saw anybody else here in the company of Amelia, and know nothing of their private difficul ties; I do not know that they were married, but do

mow that he has threatened her life.
Lieutenant Smith, of the Seventeenth district, sworn—Last evening, shortly after 9 o'clock, I was passing down Ninth street, near Reed, and turning around saw two boys running: took hold of them, and they said several shots had been fired in a house near Wharton street; ran up to No. 1208 and saw Mr. Holloway, the occupant, on the step; he told me that shots had been fired up-stairs; went up and saw the bodies on the floor; she was lying at the head of the sofa, with her clothing ou fire, which extinguished; went to where Stration was lying, and tried to get something out of him, but he couldn't speak; he died then; the pistol I found

ying a few inches from his hand.

Mrs. Emma Dolan sworn—Live No. 1310 South Ninth street; saw Amelia and William on Monday last; he was coming up the street and she spoke to him; never, saw them quarrelling; she told me a week ago that he said he would kill her and then kill himself, but she didn't believe he would do any such thing; don't know that they were married; on the contrary, she has denied it.
Dr. E. B. Snapleigh sworn—Have just made a

post-mortem examination of the bodies of William Stratton and Amelia McLaughlin; I examined her body first; her clothing had been burned, showing that the pistol was held pretty near the breast when fired; there were three pistol shot wounds in the breast, two on the left side and one on the right; of those on the left, one had entered between the second and third ribs and gone through the heart, and the other had entered between the fifth and sixth ribs and also had gone through the heart: the one on the right side went in between the second and, third ribs and through the right lung; she came to her death from the wounds in the heart; the ball in Stratton entered just beyond the outer angle of the eye, in the temple, inwards, upwards, and backwards, through the brain; she must have been killed first; she could not have inflicted the wounds on herself; from the character of the wounds he must have first shot her, then she jumped up and got into the corner, where the other shots were fired; he then placed the pistol to his temple and fired; he came to his death from this wound. The jury then rendered a verdict in accordance

with the above facts. His body was then removed to the residence of his parents, No. 613 Federal street, and her body was kept in the house, as Mr. Holloway intends to have the funeral services to take place from his residence.

LOCAL ODDS AND ENDS .- Haymakers vs. Athletic this afternoon.
-Mrs. Stanton, wife of the late Secretary of War, has rented the Churchman Mansion, at the corner of Wister and Chew streets, Germantown. —The afternoon concerts in Fairmount Park will hereafter take place on Tuesday and Thursday of each week at Lemon Hill, East Park, and on Satur-

days at Belmont, West Park.

—The project to open Spring Garden street to the Delaware seems to meet with great success.

—Herring and sturgeon are unusually numerous in the Delaware this season.

-A child was born a few days ago in this city with so much hair on the back of its head that it is called the "waterfall baby."

—In the new structure now being erected by the Chamber of Commerce there will be a reading-room for merchants on a large scale.

—A Germaniown lady has discovered that straw-

berries and raspberries can be preserved without -Chief Justice Chase is at the Continental. Last evening he was visited by numbers of politicians, both Democratic and Republican. note for \$2500, given by a Democratic member of the Legislature to a certain lawyer in connection with the defeat of the Police bill at Harrisburg, has

been refused payment by the police lieutenants. A suit is threatened -Stokes has not yet withdrawn from the Legislative contest in the Eighth district. He had better

adopt Hong's plan.

The dissatisfaction created among the members of the police force over the distribution of the police corruption fund, it is said, will result in several removals at Fifth and Chesnut streets.

—James Stewart, one of the Democratic candidates nominated by the McMullin convention of , and who subsequently withdrew, is dead. The Nagle-Daly contest in the Third Senatorial

district is a bitter one, and several knock-down argu ments are already reported. -Cricket is creating as much excitement this sea-

on as it did before the Rebellion.

—The Commissioner of Highways should act immediately upon the instructions of the Court of Quarter Sessions with reference to the condition of the streets occupied by passenger railways.

The opponents of Kelley, Myers, and O'Neill are

The opponents of Keney, Myers, and O'Nelli are working like beavers.

The Insurance Company bills passed by the late Legislature are a drag upon the market; at least, so reports the Legislative Junk Shop Association.

Hong has withdrawn; Davis ditto; Stokes followed suit last night. Wouldn't it be well for Josephs, Comiy, Albright, and Cloud to do likewise?

BURGLARY,-About 3 o'clock this morning Officer Britner, of the Tenth district, observed two fellows coming out of Roney's liquor store, at Beach and Laurel streets, in a rather suspicious manner. He went quickly up to them, when both made rapidly off, pursued by the officer. One of them, however, was captured. In his possession was found a jimmy, and he gave his name as Edward Lee. The other rascal escaped. An examination of the premises dis-closed the fact that \$46 had been taken from the

DRUNK AND BEATEN .- About half-past 1 o'clock this morning, at Columbia avenue and Marshall street, a woman in an intoxicated condition was pleked up from the sidewalk with her head cut and bleeding. She was taken to the Twelfth District Station House, where her wounds were dressed by a neighboring physician. All the woman could ofter in explanation was that "some man struck her" She is still in the station house.

DISGRACEPUL .- Early this morning Allen Eckles and John Wikinson were arrested at Seventeenth street and Columbia avenue for dumping the contents of a cart in the middle of Columbia avenue. For this dirty piece of business Aldeaman Kemble held each in \$500 bail to answer.

BODY RECOVERED .- Captain Collar, of the steamtug "Stag," yesterday afternoon, opposite the wharf of the Kensington Water Works, recovered the body of Edward Lindemeyer, who fell from the pleasure yacht "William Tell" on the 25th of April last and was drowned.

A MAD Dog .- Officer Reeves, of the Second discouldn't get them, and I have seen those I couldn't trict, shot a mad dog at half-past 4 o'clock this morn-love, and wouldn't pave. I don't want a man to ing at Fourth and Heed streets.

### STATE MEDICAL SOCIETY.

The Annual Meeting of the Pennsylvania Medical Society—This Morning's Session— General Business. The annual meeting of the State Medical Society

began this morning in the building of the College of Physicians, northeast corner of Thirteenth and Locust. Delegates were present from the various counties of the State. The following are the

ordicers:—
President, William M. Wallace, Eric county.
Vice-Presidents, William R. Finley, Blair county;
William H. Pancoast, Philadelphia county; A. M.
Pollock, Allegheny county; J. L. Stewart, Eric county. Treasurer, William Mayberry, Philadelphia county. Secretary, W. B. Atkinson, Philadelphia

The following is the Committee of Arrangements of the State Society:—Samuel D. Gross, M. D., William H. Pancoast, M. D., William L. Knight, M. D., J. Henry Smaltz, M. D.

The following-named members of the Philadelphia Medical Society compose the Committee of Reception viz.

N. L. Hatfield, M. D., J. Aitken Meigs, M. D., D. Hayes Agnew, M. D., H. St. Clair Ash, M. D., C. S. Boker, M. D., J. R. Wells, M. D., A. H. Fish, M. D., Robert E. Rogers, M. D., Joseph Pancoast, M. D., W. Ashmead, M. D., Richardson J. Dunglison, M. D., H. Y. Evans, M. D., A. L. Kennedy. M. D., Joseph Leidy, M. D., Lucius S. Bolles, M. D.

The following is the programme of entertainments. The following is the programme of entertainments and receptions during the session:—

and receptions during the session:

Wednesday, June 8.—1½ P. M.—Exhibitions of Objects by the Gas Microscope, at Jefferson Medical College, Tenth street, above Walnut, by Professor J. A. Meigs and Drs. J. Gibbons Hunt and W. W. Keen. Exhibition of Objects by Polarized Light, by Professor B. H. Rand. 9½ P. M.—Reception by Professor Ellerslie Wallace, No. 1130 Spruce street.

Thursday, June 9.—1½ P. M.—Entertainment at house of Dr. Benjamin Lee, No. 1503 Spruce street, with exhibition of apparatus for treatment of spinal and other deformities. 7 P. M.—Collation at the and other deformities. 7 P. M.—Collation at the University of Pennsylvania, Ninth street, above Chesnut, followed by exhibition of electrical, magnetic, and other experiments, by Professor R. E. Rogers, assisted by Dr. George M. Ward; experiments in acoustics, by Dr. J. Solis Cohen. 9% P. M.—Reception by Dr. William H. Pancoast, President of the Philadelphia County Medical Society, S. E. corner of Eleventh and Walnut streets.

corner of Rieventh and Walnut streets.
Friday, June 10.—7% P. M.—Exhibition of microscopes and microscopic objects, by the biological and microscopical section of the Academy of Natu-

and microscopical section of the Academy of Natural Sciences, at the College of Physicians. 9½ P. M.—Promenade concert and banquet at the Girard House, under the auspices of the Philadelphia County Medical Society.

The meeting was called to order at 11 o'clock by the President, William M. Wallace. Dr. Gross, Chairman of the Committee of Arraugements, introduced the Rev. Mr. Witherow, who opened the proceedings with prayer.
Dr. J. Aitken Meigs was then introduced, who de-

Dr. Gross announced that the hours of meeting would be from 16 A. M. to 2 P. M., and from 4 to 6½ in the afternoon.
It was announced that thus far 104 delegates had

gistered their names. The President then delivered the annual address, of which the following is an abstract:—
"I will present to you the social view as the opposite of the professional address of Dr. Meigs. The physician, as a general thing, is shut up in small towns, where he does not have the social advantage of intercourse with fellow-laberers of his own class. The necessity for this intercourse in organized bodies is not sufficiently felt. But the necessity exists, and should be forwarded as much as possible, not only for the improvement of individuals, but for the advancement of science. The physi-cian obtains, by reason of his profession, access to the inner life of all his patients. He has bent over the cradle and heard the mother's heartfelt communication when she herself would suffer for those she loves. He is the confident of the husband for wife's safety, and of the wife for the husband's. wife's safety, and of the wife for the husband's. In the less favored branch of the profession, it is the practice to obtain practice by mixing with the people and enlisting their sympathies. Some obtain a better livelihood by the manufacture and the dispensing of medicines. But in whatever position he is, he should aim never to sacrifice in any way to private advantage the life of a patient. We are amenable to human beings of every kinds. It is not intemperance or profamity that is to be deprecated. The day has passed when such things are to be tolerated in the physician. The best of education and the most gentlemanly behavior are now required. What is there more disgusting than the quired. What is there more disgusting than the filthy anecdote or the inhuman jest in the mouth of the doctor? Medical science and religion should go

hand in hand. It is a noted fact that the progress of the science is accompanied by a rapid growth of churches. It is also a fact that has passed current that physicians are liable to quarrel. Though this is not a fact to a great extent, the strong feeling of rivalry can only be kept in abeyance by the mixing together of the various members of the profession n organizations like this. Each individual enterin the profession does it with the understanding that he will exert his best powers to the utmost, and promote the general cause of science in preference to private gain. to private gain.
"The influence of woman in her proper sphere is a
great help to the labors of the physician. She is the est of nurses and the best of companions for the sick. But supposing that we give her equal rights with ourselves in the medical profession, is she physically capable of answering the midnight bell and of traversing at midnight the dark alleys and

purileus of a city, or the still more lonely country lanes? Is she capable of dragging through mud and rain for a whole day, and after a hasty supper drag through mud and rain for nearly the whole night following? Has she the strength of nerve in the following? Has she the strength of nerve in the midst of a great excitement to apply the knife and bandage? And at a great crisis will she have presence of mind enough to exert her best judgment? But if she is able to grapple with the stronger in all these particulars, will not the exercise of all these powers deprive her of those gentle accomplishments which render her so dear to us? The thanks of the society, on motion of Dr. Stetler, were returned to the President for his able address,

and a copy was requested for publication in the minutes of the association.

The roll of the association was then called by Dr. A motion was made that the reading of the minutes be dispensed with, and a committee of three appointed to examine them and any unfinished busi-

ness, and report to the society at as early a day as possible. Carried.

An invitation was received from Mayor Fox to

witness the review of the police force this afternoon.
Received with thanks.
The report of the Treasurer was read by Dr. The report was received and referred to the

Auditing Committee.

A paper was presented from a delegate containing a charge against Dr. Brown, of Schuylkill county, who is charged with violating a regulation of the society in keeping a drug store from which patent medicines and nostrums were sold. Dr. Brown, who is present as a delegate, said that he was ready for any charges which might be brought against him. The complaint was accompanied with an affidavit from a respectable physician of Schuylkill county.
On the strength of this charge it was claimed that Dr. Brown had no right to be received as a delegate. It was decided that the credentials were sufficient for admission, and that any charges which may be brought should take another course. The protest is from a minority of the Schuylkill County Seciety. On motion the matter was referred back to

county society. Dr. Heysham, of Delaware county, moved that the medical gentlemen of the Philadelphia Society and the medical officers of the army and navy, who may be present, sit with the association by invita-tion, and participate in the discussions without the

right of voting. Carried.

The Auditing Committee reported that the Treasurer's report was found correct. The committee's report was received and the committee was discharged. The Committee on Charter reported that the new

charter had not been obtained from the Supreme The report closed with a resolution asking that a new committee of seven be appointed to apply to the next Legislature for an act of incorporation. The report was received and the adoption deferred until the afternoon session. Adjourned until

SUDDEN DEATHS.—Peter Maholland, residing at No. 529 Alaska street, fell dead at half-past 7 o'clock this morning. The Coroner will hold an inquest. ner will also hold an inquest in the case of a lad, Joseph Davis by name, who died suddenly this morning at Thirty-eighth and Haverford

FILTHY,—The Second Street Market, running from Pine to South street, is in a very fifthy condi-tion. The stench arising from it is almost intolera-ble. Efforts should be made for its prompt cleansing. A culvert at Penn and South streets is broken and

#### PURIFIERS. WATER

FARSON'S

New Patent Water Filter and Purifier

Will effectually cleanse from all IMPURITIES, and remove all foul taste or smell from water passed through it.

## THIRD EDITION

## AFFAIRS AT THE CAPITAL

Cuban Business in the House.

Exciting and Important Debate.

Mr. Fitch and the Newspapers. Roumanian Hoax Exploded.

The Terrible Story without Foundation

Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.,

### FROM WASHINGTON.

Military and Naval Orders.

Despatch to the Associated Press. Washington, June 8.—Second Lieutenant Charles Shaler, Jr., is retired from duty at West Point Academy and ordered to report to the Chief of Ordnance for instructions. Captain and Brevet Major Thomas Cummings having, by the advice and consent of the Senate, been reappointed captain of the U. S.Infantry, his resignation is

accepted, to take place July 15.

Lieutenant-Commander G.H. Wadleigh is detached from the Naval Academy and placed on waiting Exciting Scene in the House-The Speech of Mr. Fitch.

Special Despatch to the Evening Telegraph. Mr. Fitch, of Nevada, sent to the Clerk's desk and had read a despatch from this city to the New York Evening Post relative to Cuban affairs, written by W. Scott Smith, correspondent of the Evening Post. After the article had been read, Mr. Fitch said: In so far as the paragraph which has just been read by the Clerk intimates that I have either accepted or been tendered any bribe, gift, or the promise of any bribe or gift or valuable thing whatever by Mr. N. B. Taylor, or any other person acting as agent or friend of, or purporting to act as agent or friend of the cause of Cuban independence. It is an un-mitigated falsehood, and the author is a wicked and cowardly liar. I believe that some weeks since a portion of the Committee on the Judiciary of the portion of the Committee on the Judiciary of the House was authorized by a resolution of the House to investigate charges or accusations that members of this House had been improperly influenced by the promise of Cuban bonds, or of money, I call upon the Chairman of that sub-committee, the honorable gentleman from Massachusetts, Mr. Butler, to rise in his place now and state to the House and to the country whether any evidence. and to the country whether any evidence has been presented to that committee tending to implicate me in any discreditable manner whatever
Mr. Butier, of Mass.—Mr. Speaker, I am bound to
say, and it is at the same time a pleasure to say,
that there is no evidence whatever to implicate the
gentleman from Nevada (Mr. Fitch) in any improper transaction in regard to Cuba or anything else. I desire to add further that, in my view, whenever any evidence comes before an investigating committee of the House, which in the judgment of the committee of the House, which in the judgment of the committee implicates any member of the House, it is the duty of the committee to report the fact to the House before proceeding with the investigation. That is the course I should always pursue. I repeat, there is no evidence implicating the gentleman from Novada.

Nevada.

Mr. Fitch—Let me further say in reply to this or any similar siander with reference to the Cuban question, which may be promuigated by irresponsible and disreputable persons, that I do not know Mr. N. B. Taylor, and, so far as I am aware, I never met him or had any conversation or correspondence with him upon the subject of the recognition of Cuban independence or any other subject. I say further that, until after the remarks which I made in December last upon my own marks which I made in December last upon my own motion in behalf of Cuban independence, I never met any member of the Cuban junta, or any person interested in any organized effort to sustain the Cuban independence. After I made that speech I was called on by some gentlemen who did me the honor to express their thanks for the few poor, unavailing words I had uttered in behaif of that struggling people, but no person who called upon me, or who has ever communicated with me since with reference to the possibility of obtaining action from Congress or the administration with regard to Cuba, has ever insulted me by cople I could expect anything except their grati-

Mr. Maynard-Will the gentleman allow me to ask im a question ? Mr. Fitch—Yes, sir. Mr. Maynard—Has the gentleman's attention been called to a communication from this city, I think pub-lished in the New York Evening Post of the 6th in-

stant, on the subject to which he is now referring?

Mr. Fitch—That is the article which I have seat
to the clerk's desk, and upon which I am now speaking.
Mr. Maynard—My attention was drawn away at

the moment when the gentleman was beginning his remarks, but I understood the article to be from the remarks, but I understood the article to be from the Evening Star of this city.

Mr. Fitch—It is copied by the Star of this city from the Evening Post of New York. I did not see it in the Post. I do not take that paper, and my attention was first called to the matter by reading it last night in the Star. If I may be permitted to say one word in addition I will remark that the purpose of this lie is as obvious as the lie itself is baseless. We approach in a few days the consideration of the question whether the House will help Spain to crush Cuba or not. It is perhaps conjectured by members of the Spanish Embassy, or persons in Spanish interest, that if charges of corruption on behalf of Cuba can be circulated here concerning members with impunity, culated here concerning members with impunity, and permitted to pass unchallenged, gentlemen on this floor may be afraid to express the kindly sentiments which they may entertain for the persecuted Cubans, and at the cost of a dinner or a five-dollar bill some scavenger, who disgraces the reportorial fraternity, is induced to sound the preliminary note of slander. I suppose we shall have the whole pack yelping in chorus about Monday next. All I have to say, in conclusion, is that, so far as my action is concerned, I should deem myself recreant to my obligations to my constituents and to my own manhood if I allowed the cry of a few hungry coyotes to swerve me at any time from the utterance of words of en-couragement and cheer to any people who are strug-

### FROM NEW YORK.

gling for civil and religious liberty.

The Masonic Celebration. NEW YORK, June 8.—The grand procession of Free Masons this morning, to lay the corner-stone of Masons this morning, to lay the corner-stone of their new Temple, was in every respect a decided success. The weather was glorious, the ground under foot pleasant for walking. The column formed in ten divisions, the right resting on Fifth avenue, at 9 o'clock. They marched through Fifth avenue from Twenty-third to Forty-sixth street, along Sixth avenue, Thirty-sixth street, and Eighth avenue to Twenty-third street where the right of avenue to Twenty-third street, where the right of the column halted, and the Marshal opened passage ugh the several divisions.

The ceremonies of laying the corner-stone then commenced. The different lodges, with their insignia, presented a splendid appearance as the marched through the streets and excited the admi ration of the assembled multitude that lined the streets along the line of murch. The procession is considered the finest display by the Masonic Order ever witnessed in this city. More than 40,000 Masons participated in it.

New York Produce Market. NEW YORK, June 8.—Cotton dull and lower; sales 900 bales midding uplands at \$1%c. Flour—State and Western advanced 10@15c.; State, \$5:10@6:50; Southern advanced 5@10c.; sales at \$6:10@10:00. Wheat advanced 1@2c.; No. 2 spring, \$1 29@132; Winter red Western, \$1 41 @143; white Western, \$1 70@175. Corn a shade firmer: new mixed Western, \$1 01@108; old do., \$1 08. Oats isteady; State, 70@71c.; Western, 644@

### FROM THE SOUTH.

66c. Beef quiet. Pork firm; mess, \$30-87@31. Lard dull; steam, 15%@16%c.; kettle, 16%@16%c. Whisky

The Annapolis Graduating Cass. BALTIMORE, June 8 .- The ceremony of distributing diplomas to the graduating class of the Naval Academy took place at Annapolis yesterday. Secretary Robeson addressed the graduates, after which Vice-Admiral Porter delivered diplomas to each, the number being 68. The five honors were awarded:-George L. Dyer. of Maine, first; Robert G. Peck, of Massachu-In operation and for sale at the MANUFACTORY, No.

200 DOCK Street, and sold by House-furnishing Stores

| Setts, second; Hawley O. Rittenhouse, of New Jersey, third; Henry W. Schaeffer, of Illinois, fourth; and John Hubbard, of Arizona Terri-

### FROM EUROPE.

The Roumanian Hoax—No Foundation for the Terrible Rumor. LONDON, June 8.—Wolff's Continental Telegraphic Company of Berlin, with the principal sub-agencies in the principal cities of Europe, know nothing of any recent disturbances in Roumania. The Manager of that company de-clares the telegram of Adolph Cremieux to be an exaggeration, and says all the reports touch-

ing the slaughter or banishment of Roumanian Jews are baseless. Diligent inquiry here and on the Continent fails to discover any foundation for the terrible stories which have been published in the United States. The English Crops. London, June 8.—From various agricultural papers of England are gleaned the following details relative to the growing crops:—Wheat

looks finely everywhere and a crop larger than the average may be expected. Grass is un-usually thin and hay prospects are discouraging. Oats, barley and beans look poorly. The farmers count on about half crops of potatoes, and other root crops the yield will be about the

Bultimore Produce Market. Baltimore Produce Market.

Baltimore, June 8.—Cotton duil and nominal at \$134c. Flour firmer and more active; Howard street superfine \$5@5-25; do extra, \$550@6-50; do. family, \$6.75@8-25; City Mills superfine, \$5-25@6-25; do. extra, \$5.75@6-75; do. family, \$7@9-50; Western superfine, \$5@5-25; do. extra, \$5.50@6; do. family, \$6.25@7. Wheat firm and unchanged. Corn—white, \$1.17@1-18; yellow, \$1.99@1-10. Oats firm at 58@60c. Mess Pork firm at \$31. Bacon firm; rib sides, 17c; clear do. 17%c; shoulders 14c; hams \$2@99c. Lard clear do., 171/c; shoulders, 14c,; hams 22@22c. Lard quiet at 171/c. Whiskey dull at \$1-05@1-06 for wood and iron-bound and \$1-04 for patent process; offer-

### LEGAL INTELLIGENCE.

Court of Quarter Sessions.—Judge Ludlew.
The docks were again crowded with prisoners this

morning.
Charles Scott, colored, was convicted of stealing five pounds of meat from a grocery store in the neighborhood of Seventh and St. Mary streets. Constable Whilesides was rursuing this fellow for this very offense, when he shot the colored man, Henry

Trueman. John Glinn was charged with entering the residence of David L. Wood, No. 2106 Arch street during the second week of May, and stealing therefrom a valuable lot of household goods. At the time of the robbery Mr. Wood and his family had gone to their summer residence in the country, but upon being notified of the occurrence, he returned to the city and found what articles had been stolen, among which were two oil paintings. Police officers of the Sixth district testified that, after the larceny, they saw the prisoner and another man going up Race street towards Twenty-third, with these pictures in their possession; also, that upon searching the yard of a house in Twenty-second street, where Glinn resided, they found a large por-tion of the stolen goods concealed in ash-boxes and lime-barrels.

The prisoner offered no evidence, but went to the jury upon the speeches of his counsel. Jury out. UNITED STATES COMMISSIONER'S CASE .- Before United States Commissioner Hibler to-day at noon were arraigned Henry Ream and Jacob Stahl, on were arraigned Henry Ream and Jacob Stahl, on the charge of having counterfeit money in their possession with intent to pass the same.

About a menth ago Jacob Zell, residing at the Rising Sun, was approached by parties who offered to sell him one hundred dollars in counterfeit currency, at the price of \$49 per hundred. Zell made an engagement to meet the parties, and they accordingly came out with a package neatly folded and sealed, purporting to contain the counterfeit notes. Information of the transaction was lodged with Lieutenant Brurein, of the Seventh district, and he detailed officers to work up the case. They obtained a warrant and arrested Ream, on Second street, near Vine, after which they proceeded to his residence, No. 1328 N. Second street, where, after a diligent search, they discovered a large quantity of counterfeit greenbacks, consisting of twenties, tens, fives, twos, and fifty and twenty-five cent currency, hidden in the seat of a sofa. The package offered to Zell was found to contain old newspapers, etc.

Jacob Zell, butcher, residing at 3532 Germantown road, testified that he recognized Jacob Stahl as one of the men he met at Rising Sun; a policeman told him that a man wanted to sell him some counterfeit money, and witness went to Stahl's house to see it; he there mat Ream, who wanted him to buy \$300 of counterfeit currency; witness refused to purchase it and went out, followed by Ream; Ream told him he had better take some of it, saying that if he had the money he would hay some; he then showed witness two one-dollar bills and asked witness to meet him at the William Penn Hetel in the evening, and he would show him more; going home about 10 e'clock in the evening he found Ream waiting for him, who again endeavored the charge of having counterfeit money in their

at the William Penn Hotel in the evening, and he would show him more; going home about 10 e'clock in the evening he found Ream waiting for him, who again endeavored to persuade him to make the purchase, offering to sell the counterfeit notes for \$40 a hundred.

A number of witnesses were examined whose testimony all showed that the prisoners were practising what is known as the beedle game, and had counterfeit money in their possession also. Stahl was held in \$2000 and Ream in \$2500 bail to answer.

PHILADELPHIA STOCK EXCHANGE SALES, Reported by De Haven & Bro., No. 40 S. Third street. BETWEEN BOARDS. \$500 N Penna 78... 9014 100 sh Read .. s5wn. 5334 \$500 N Penna 7s. 90½ 100 s \$500 do..... 90½ 200 3 sh Phila Bk. 160½ 200 100 sh Leh N St.... 160 60d, baf30 35½ 100 100 do....s30, 35½ 100 100 do....s30, 35½ 100 200 sh Penna R. 58 100 200 sh Read R. 560.53 SI 500 do.....2d. 58% do..ls,b60, 53% do..... 533 do......584 do.....2d, 583

\$3000 Leh Gold L... | \$100 M Read R... | 53% | \$2000 Leh Gold L... | \$100 Sh Read R... | 53% | \$293 Sh Leh Val. Is. 51% | 1 Sh Penna RR... | 58 | 400 Sh Cata Prf. 530. | 38% | 300 Sh McClintk Oil. | '81

do .... b60, 531

### DINE STATIONERY. ARMS, MONOGRAMS, ILLUMINATING, RTO.

DREKA, 1033 OHESNUT Street, Card Engraver and Statione WEDDING AND ENGAGEMENT RINGS. RANTED. A full assortment of sizes always on hand.
FARR & BROTHER, Makers,
325 wfm; No. 324 OHESNUT Street, below Fourth.

## ROQUE

REDUCTION IN PRICES.

A full set, 8 balls and 8 mallets, \$3.50. Sixteen different kinds, WHOLESALE AND

R. HOSKINS & CO., Stationers, Engravers, and Steam Power Printers,

No. 913 ARCH Street. REFRIGERATORS. CRAND TEST EXHIBITION

FOR TWO WEEKS, COMMENCING MONDAY, JUNE 13, 1870, AT

GREAT CENTRAL HOUSE-FURNISHING STORE, No. 915 MARKET Street. In order to substantiate the assertions we have

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made regarding the wonderful power of "THE DAVIS" .

# REFRICERATOR,

And to convince our customers and the public generally that it will do all that is claimed, we propose to

GRAND TEST EXHIBITION, Commencing as per above date. Several hundred pounds of ice will be made every day. Solid frozen ish can be seen at all times. The temperature far below freezing point, heef, yeal, lamb, poultry, berries and vegetables will be placed in the Sefrigerator on the first day of the exhibition, and the same kept in a perfect state of preservation during the full time (two weeks). Come one, come all, and

see this wonderful invention, EVERY ONE INVERSED. Full explanations will cheerfully be given to all visitors. Remember the place, EDWARD J. WILLIAMS.

No. 215 MARKET Street. J. S. WORWAN & Co., Proprietors and Manufacturers.

REAL ESTATE AGENT.

FRED. SYLVESTER.

REAL ESTATE BROKER, No. 208 South FOURTH Street,

PHILADELPHIA.

# FOURTH EDITION

FROM EUROPE BY CABLE.

Sad Yachting Accident in England. The Reported Loss of the Dacien

English Ministerial Reforms.

Lively Times in the Senate.

Another Turn of the San Domingo Wheel

Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.,

### FROM EUROPE.

The Fenian Excitement not Died Out. London, June 8.—There is still some excitement and anxiety about the Fenian operations. The Pull Mall Gazette, in an editorial, anticipates a continua-tion of Fenian outrages. The writer thinks the Fenian leaders will be forced to some show of activity in order to sustain their sinking reputations.

Yacht Capsized and Great Loss of Life. Yesterday afternoon a meiancholy accident oc-curred off the port of Hastings. A large number of people were out in a pleasure yacht, when a squall came up and capsized the vessel. It is not yet known how many lives were lost, but the number will certainly exceed twelve. The calamity has cast a gloom over the city of Hastings, where all the unfortunates resided.

The Reported Loss of the Daclen. London, June 8.—Telegrams received here yesterday from New York announcing the rumored loss of the steamer Dacien with the West Indian cable caused much regret. The hope is everywhere expected that the report is groundless.

English Ministerial Reforms A well-informed correspondent of the Manchester.

Guardian says that the leading millisterial reform
measures will be shelved for the year. The land
bill is, however, safe, and probably the educational

English Civil Service. A new scheme for regulating admissions into the civil service has been promulgated. Derangement of the Telegraph. The telegraphic service in the kingdom is still

Recovery of Prince d'Auvergne. Paris, June 8.—The Prince de la Tour d'Auvergne, the Minister of Foreign Affairs, is slowly recover-ing from his attack of smallpox. Unpopularity of Paradol. It is said that the rumored withdrawal of Prevost Paradol from France is owing to his growing un-

# FROM WASHINGTON.

A Lively Discussion in the Senate. Special Despatch to the Evening Telegraph. WASHINGTON, June 8 .- In the Senate, about halfpast 12, Senator Ferry (Conn.) presented the petition of one Hatch, held as prisoner by the Dominican Government. Hatch alleges that he is an American and that he is imprisoned at the instance of General Babcock because he (Hatch) knows too much about

San Domingo and can make disclosures that would defeat the ratification of the treaty.

Mr. Sumner exclaimed that Babcock ought to be cashiered and discharged from the army.

Mr. Chandler made an assault upon Hatch, and said he was a scoundrel and deserved to be importsoned. Mr. Ferry said that Hatch was a man of as good character as Mr. Chandler. Mr. Nye denounced the Foreign Relations Com-

mittee, and a general muss ensued, in which Mr. Thayer and others participated. At the expiration of the morning hour the petition The Government Has no News of a Massacre in Roumania. Despatch to the Associated Press.

#### The President, in reply to a resolution from the Senate, says the State Department has received no official information concerning the reported persecutions and massacre of Jews in Roumania.

CONGRESS.

Senate. Continued from Second Edition. Mr. Patterson, a member of the Committee on Foreign Affairs, denied that the Chairman (Mr. Sumner) was to be the alpha and omega of that committee, and reminded the Senator from Wisconsin (Mr. Carpenter) that each member of that committee had a judgment of his own upon every measure coming before them. As to the San Domingo treaty he believed they were nearly equally divided, two and perhaps three members being favorable to it. He protested against the injustice inflicted upon the Foreign Committée.

Mr. Carpenter inquired what was the injustice complained of.

Mr. Patterson replied that it was the remark of Mr. Carpenter.

Mr. Carpenter inquired what was the injustice couplained of.
Mr. Patterson replied that it was the remark of Mr. Carpenter and others that the committee had committee itself upon the Dominican treaty, when the committee had not uttered one word concerning it.
Mr. Drake objected to placing the investigation in the hands of the Foreign Committee, as possibly leading to a double purpose—the impeachment of General Babcock and the defeat of the Dominican treaty.

And the defeat of the Dominican treaty.

House.

Continued from the Second Edition.

Mr. Ingersoll then proceeded with his remarks, replying to the arguments of Mr. Garfield, and contending that it was public confidence, not gold and silver, that formed the true basis of a paper currency.

He advocated an increase of the circulating medium, laying it down as an axiom that the nation which used the most circulating medium was the nation which furnished the greatest evidence of national prosperity and progressive civilization. When Rome was at its height of glory and greatness it had a gold circulating medium of seventeen hundred millions of dollars, and with the facture of the Spanish gold mines began the decline of the Roman empire. He ridiculed the idea of the United States resuming specie payments, predicting that it would result in national ruin and bankruptcy. It was easy for Great Britain to maintain specie payments with a circulating

smaning specie payments, predicting that it would result in national ruin and bankruptcy. It was easy for Great Britain to maintain specie payments with a circulating medium of four hundred million dellars in gold, and an answal income of \$25,000,000 in gold from nations whose debts she held. He protested against resuming specie payments while the country was a debtor nation and had not more than \$150,000,000.

He declared that the idea of specie payment was a deleasion, a cheat, and a fraud, and always had been, and he heped that the people of the United States would see to it that no State bank or private bank should ever be or ganized on a specie basis.

Mr. Allison offered an amendment reducing the proposed new issue from \$55,000,000,000 to \$55,000,000.

Mr. handall argued that this was not the time for pressing the bill, and said that he would move to postpone it. He ciplained and advocated an amendment which he had offered, authorizing an issue of \$350,000,000 of greenbacks, and the redemption and cancellation of an equal amount of sational bank notes, with a prohibition of any further issue of national bank notes. He argued that the circulation of the country should be all greenbacks, and that if it had been specie payments would have been reached before this time.

### fore this time. He therefore urged strenuously the adoption in whole of the greenback medium. FROM NEW JERSEY.

Destructive Fire in Newark. NEWARK, N. J., June S.—A fire at 1 o'clock this morning destroyed W. P. Vail & Co.'s hat factory. Loss about \$100,000. Insurance mostly in Nevarc offices. About 200 workmen are thrown out of employment by the fire. William Dodd's hat framing and blowing machines damaged to the amount of \$3000; insured. A firemen named George Warren was seriously injured by a falling wall, and John Snyder, private watchman was seriously but not fatally burned.

#### FROM NEW YORK. Ratiroad Accident.

Hupson, N. Y., June S.—The Montreal express train on the Harlem Extension Rallroad met with an accident this morning at Clarendon, where a bridge had been washed away by the heavy rain last night. The engine and three cars ran into the river. The areman is missing, and is supposed to be killed. The engineer had his leg broken, and is otherwise severely injured. The baggage-master was slightly injured. No other casualfles are reported.

### FROM NEW ENGLAND.

The Maine Hay Crop. LEWISTON, June S .- A fine rain fell yesterday, just in time to save the hay crop. Musical Exhibition.

Boston, June 8,-The annual musical exhibition of the primary school children of Boston took place te-tay in Music Hall. Twelve hundred children joined in the exercises, which were pronounced a perfect success by the School Committee on Music, and indorsed by the immense andience present.

### BASE BALL.

Haymakers vs. Athletle. Special Despatch to The Boening Telegraph.

ATHLETIC BASE BALL GROUND, SEVENTRENTH AND Columbia Avenue, June 8.—Fully 5000 persons are on the grounds this afternoon, to witness the match between the Haymakers, of Troy, and the Athletics. Haibach, of the Keystone, acts as unpire. The Haymakers won the toss, and the game commenced at 3 05 P. M., with the Athletics at the bat.