A NEW HORROR!

Wholesale Homicide.

Two Men Killed by a Policeman at an Early Hour This Morning.

Sides of the

The Officer Justifies Himself as Acting in Self-Defense-His Statement of the Encounter.

Versions of the Deadly Affair as Given by Eye-Witnesses.

The misery wrought by the demon alcohol is every day increasing, and scarce an hour of the short space of time allotted to man passes, but some deed of degradation is committed. This morning we are called upon to record the sud-den "taking off" of two human beings, two unprepared souls, who had as yet but barely enered into the battle of life, and all through that bane of thousands-liquor.

At No. 1331 North Second street resides a family by the name of Walsh. One of their number, a son named James, aged about twenty-three years, and a plasterer by trade, after returning from his daily labor yesterday, spent some time in cultivating a miniature garden which he had formed in the small enclo sure, called a yard, in the rear of his parents' house. He continued working therein until it necame almost dark, when he entered the house, changed his clothing, and started out to

obtain some little recreation.

About the time that he left home (7½ o'clock) a young man named Murtagh, aged twenty-two years, whose parents reside at No. 2006 North Fifth street, returned from Germantown, where he had spent the day in doing some laboring work. The young man Murtagh, at the age of sixteen, enlisted in the 173d New York Regi-ment, under the alias of John Morrissey, he desiring to enter the army, and using an alias to prevent his removal therefrom by his father, who was opposed to his culisting. He served honorably through the war, and after being discharged returned home. His parents state that he had not done much work since his return, but had just received employment in Germantown, and he and they were mutually joyous over the fact.

After disposing of the meal prepared for him by his mother, he cleansed himself, and sallied out for some enjoyment.

Where he went, or where he spent the evening, is not now known; but be that as it may, the fact is patent that he met with Walsh, and both succeeded, as all parties admit, in becoming thoroughly intoxicated. Some time after midnight they brought up in the neighborhood of Third and Montgomery avenue, and by their noise and carousings annoyed the whole neighborhood.

The locality is none of the best. It is the boundary between the Seventeenth and Nineteenth wards, and is infested by a gang of young men who are as desperate as they are devilish in their characters. Third street, at this point, is occupied by a number of Irish families of the lower class, who in their igno-ronce screen instead of expose the misdoings of

the youths that there congregate. They think that because they are all Democrats that therefore Democratic policemen should not interfere with them, and, as a consequence, whenever the officers attempt to arrest any offender they meet with opposition, and

oftlimes encounter danger.

This "beat," too, is what is termed a double beat, extending from Oxford to Beach street, and from Second to Sixth street. For some time past it has been in charge of Officers Patrick Levy and Charles Max, of the Eleventh district ferce, both of whom are said to be exem-plary men. Last night Max was left in sole charge of the "beat," on account of the death of Levy's father in New York, and whither Levy

About a quarter of 1 o'clock this morning Max heard a terrible rumpus whilst stand-ing at the corner of Montgomery ave-nue and Third street, and supposing it to come from Germantown road, he at once ran in that direction. He soon found, however that he was leaving the sound, and he returned. intending to cross over to American street. passing Third street he looked down and saw two parties apparently squabbling. He ap-preached them and in attempting to arrest one of them, a scuffle ensued which resulted in his drawing his revolver and shooting both. He did not at the time know either of them, but they soon proved to be the two young men mentioned in our opening. After the shooting they were removed into the house of Edward McDermott, on whose pavement the affray eccurred. Mur-tagh died instantly, but Walsh lingered about an hour. The parents of the deceased notified, the bodies were removed to their respective residences.

The following is

Policemnu Charles Max's Statement. On receiving the news of the tragedy, Chief Mulholland, who was at the Central Station, directed Lieutenant Pritchard to report immediately in person. After consultation, Detective Gordon was sent to work up the case, and he repaired to the Eleventh District Station, where took a statement from Policeman Max,

which was substantially as follows:-

He was patrolling his beat alone, and at a quarter before 1 o'clock he reached Third and Oxford streets; he there heard a great noise as of people lighting; he ran towards Germantown road, thinking that the trouble was in that neighborhood, but the farther he went the farther the noise seemed to be; he then retraced his steps, and on reaching Third street saw two men just cacrang Third street saw two men just below Calumbia avenue, facing each other; one of them seemed to have a revolver in his hand pointing it at the other; at this time a woman from overhead exclaimed, "It's about time you got here to stop this business;" he replied, "You can't expect me to be here and in all parts of my beat at the same time," and approached the two men, whom he ordered away, telling them that this noise must be stonned that the same time and some time and some time. must be stopped; they still remained and said some thing to him; he again ordered them away, and not complying, selzed one and told him to come with him; the other then approached toward him and was told not to interfere; still pressing forward Max let go his hold on the other one and seized him; let go his hold on the other one and seized him; then his first prisoner showed a disposition to interfere and he was warned away; he repiled he wouldn't interfere, but on arriving up Third street near Montgomery approached Max and struck him in the face and then seized Max by the shirt collar which he twisted; Max was compelled to release his hold of his prisoner, who imaediately seized Max by the legs and he was thrown to the pavement; while lying there struggling with the men Max was kicked several times about the body; he finally released himself, and on regaining his feet seized one of them by the coat and was again rushed upon, when he notified the other that if he dared again to approach him, he would shoot; he came towards him, when he drew his revolver and fired two shots; both of them fell to the pavement; Max then ran to Fourth and Berks streets, where seeing a strange policeman he called to him to come down the street, as he had been compelled to shoot two men; Max and his brother policeman ran down to the scene and found the two men gone; he required of several people who had their heads out of windows, which direction the two men had gone, and received as an answer. "One of them is here:" he applied for admiswho had their heads out of windows, which direc-tion the two men had gone, and received as an an-swer, "One of them is here;" he applied for admis-sion and was refused; he then directed the police-man to remain there while he could obtain the assis-tance of other policemen; on reaching Berks street he came across Policeman Bird, whose best ad-joined that of Max; they returned to the locality

and were again refused admission; Max then re-ported to Lieutenant Pritchard at the station the particulars of the affray; he was directed to patrol the beat of Bird, whem he was to notify to hunt up the particulars; shortly after he returned to the station and delivered himself into custody, stating that both of the men were dead; he was then placed in custody, and is at present at the Eleventh Dis-trict station.

The Other Side. As in all similar cases, there are two sides of the story to be told. This morning we visited the locality, and after some little search suc-ceeded in finding Mrs. McDonough, who refused to give any information. Whilst standing at the door of her residence a lad picked up a collar supposed to have belonged to the officer, which was much rumpled, and a piece of the handle of a pair of nippers, thus showing that there had evidently been a severe struggle. We next visited the residence of Murtagh, and from his father obtained the following as the substance of a statement made by Edward McDonough:-

I was awakened by a noise in the street, and raising the window I saw the officer trying to arrest Walsh. Murtagh told him (Walsh) to go with the Walsh. Murtagh told him (Walsh) to go with the officer, and advanced towards the latter. The officer shouted to Murtagh not to come near him or ne would shoot. Murtagh replied, "I am going to help you." I then shouted to the officer not to shoot; if he was not able to take his prisoner to spring his rattle. The officer replied, "I have no rattle." Just then the officer fired and Murtagh fell. Myself, wife, and daughter then rushed down stairs, and found that both men were shot. We then carried both into my house, and Walsh died in a short time. Just before the shot was fired I heard some one of the two say, "You needn't take us; we are all Democrats like yourself." I did not see either the officer or the deceased on the ground at any time.

As is usual in such cases a bitter feeling exists

As is usual in such cases a bitter feeling exists to the prejudice of the officer, some alleging that he should not have shot both, and others that he should not have shot either. The full facts of the case will be brought out at the Coroner's inquest, which will take place to-morrow. Dr. Shapleigh will make the postmortem examination to-day.

The Wounds. Both the young men were shot in the breast, one on the right side and the other on the left. AMENDMENTITIES.

Additional Incidents of the Procession Yester-day-A Colored Processionist Defends His Rights-A Democratic Quadroped on the

Issues of the Hour. There were several humorous incidents con nected with the procession of yesterday which have not yet been reported. One of these was an occurrence which took place yesterday after-

noon while a ward delegation was passing through an up-town neighborhood. A medium-sized colored man in the line was bearing a very beautiful flag. A large-sized white spectator on the sidewalk laid his eyes upon the flag, and, either from a desire of possession or from a wish to insult the bearer, laid his hands upor the national emblem, and undertook to dispossess the rightful owner thereof.

In this he was successful. He bore the flag away in triumph. But the former bearer was not perfectly satisfied with this proceeding. Seeing his property being made away with, he went immediately to the rescue. By his determined spirit and hearty carnestness he regained possession of his property without much difficulty, and then, by way of recompense for the annoyance, proceeded to administer a most royal beating to the offending white rascal. This duty being performed, the flag was once more shouldered and carried into the line, the avenger of its injured honor conducting himself. avenger of its injured honor conducting himself as though nothing unusual had happened, though the lookers-on testified their approval of his action by loud applanse.

While the procession was passing in the neighborhood of Fifth and Thompson streets, under the fire of rotten eggs, decayed vegetables, etc., which they received at that point, an incident occurred waich showed of what stuff the attacking mob was composed. When the fire was hottest, a line officer of the Excelsion Regiment, which was passing at the time, gave the order "Halt." This was quickly obeyed. "Order arms," was the next command, which being compiled with, that of "Fix bayonets" The glistening ranks of bayonets, and the alacrity, precision, and coolness with which the orders had been obeyed, disheartened the crewd, who kept the remainder of their rotten eggs in their pockets for their own pri-vate benefit. This portion of the line, it may be added, was allowed to go unmolested for the

rest of the day.

Another nevel incident occurred in front of Another nevel incident occurred in front of the Race Street Armory, as Post No. 27 of the Grand Army of the Republic, mounted as an artillery battery, was forming in line for the precession. A horse, born and bred of Democratic antecedents, had been hired by one of the colored officers of the post to be used in the parade. The officer had just mounted the animal in the Armory building, and both man and mal in the Armory building, and both man and horse had just emerged into Race street, when the horse took it upon himself to settle one of the disputed questions of the day. Said the horse to himself, "I am a Democrat, a true-born Democrat. My rider is a true-born nigger. am consequently superior to my rider, and it is a skame that he should ride me. The fact is he shall not ride me;" and so saying the animal put his two fore feet well forward and together, kicked up his hind feet high in the air, and landed his rider on his face on the cobblestones, having caused him to describe a complete revolution in his descent. The animal then cantered off in high glee in the direction of a Democratic stable in the vicinity, his sides shaking with laughter and his tail wagging with glee at the practical joke. But here the Demo-cratic superiority ended. A crewd of loyal negroes stopped his progress, and took him up a side street to be remounted. The incorrigible Democrat was not willing, but he had to go. He resisted being mounted, spun round in quick revolutions, and caused the saddle to be entirely displaced; but it was of no avail. A crowd of sympathizers held his legs, neck, tail, and ears, and the officer regained his seat in safety. The offender was then marched off to his place in the line under a strong guard, who were very watchful for any symptoms of dissatisfaction, which, had they oc-curred, would have been visited with summary punishment. Under these circumstances the animal submitted with the best grace possible, and became a type of the party to which he be-longed as it is now situated. The only injury which the rider received was a black eye, which the fall had inflicted, but this slight inconve-nience he bore with becoming fortitude, knowing that it is what is to be expected by all who have any doings with the unclean thing—De-

The good order which characterized the great demonstration yesterday over the fifteenth amendment finds an official and noticeable con-firmation in the fact that out of more than two hundred persons who were arrested by the police during the day, but eighteen were co-lored, a number below the daily average, and of these not one was in any way connected with the procession, all of them being denizens of the lower wards of the vagabond class who, in common with white people of like station, are picked up every day by the police.

A CLERICAL APPOINTMENT.-At a recent session of the Methodist Conference, the Rev. T. A. Fernley was appointed to take charge of the Eleventh Street M. E. Church, on Eleventh street, above Washington avenue. This reverend gentleman is a most efficient and zealous clergyman, and his sphere of usefulness has

been greatly enlarged by the change. ACTION OF SCHOOL CONTROLLERS .- The Third School Section of the Board, at their meeting last evening, by resolution condemned the present system of teaching music in the schools of that section, and dismissed the

teachers. -A new boys' school has been opened in the room of the Southwark Library, on Second street, above Catharine.

AN ORDER FROM THE MAYOR .- The Mayor has issued an order directing the Detective De-partment to be kept open all night as a police headquarters for the transaction of police busi-

SLIGHT FIRE.—At 5 o'clock this morning two frame buildings in Pascalville, West Philadelphia, were entirely destroyed by fire.

ON TO RICHMOND.

United States Officers Turn Farmers.
At an early hour this morning General E. M. Gregory, United States Marshal, accompanied by Deputy Marshals Bernard, Beale, Murray, and Ridgway, and Revenue Detectives Brooks, Clark, Griffith, Hause, Johnson, and Eldridge, made a "forced march" on the Richmond whisky district and succeeded in creating a general

papic.

The officers have "spotted" certain parties for some time past, but owing to the extreme vigilance of the filbernians, many of whom served an apprenticeship in the "Guid Dart" at pulling the wool over the eyes of the "constabulary," they were several times folied in attempted rains.

This morning, however, they hit upon a novel idea, and securing a wagon loaded with bay, they at once carried their intentions into practice. Secreting themselves on the top of the wagon, and covering themselves with hay, the team was driven right into the centre of the Milesian camp, and before the now astonished sons of Erin could utter "Bidnust," the officers were upon them. The men gave leg bail out the daugnters of the "Ould Sod" stood their ground, and gave battle with tongues, hand, and feet.

Stones ratified round the heads of the "scouting" party, and many a female raised a limb to indict

party, and many a female raised a limb to inflet stern punishmant. "Dish-cloths" and "pratie-mashers" were wielded lively by muscular femi-nisty, and for a time the battle appeared to be in their favor, but at length the officers railied, and the strong-minded and strong-winded Milesians were overcome, and operations began.

overcome, and operations began.

The first place visited was a distillery on Monmouth street, above Richmond, the contents of which were seized. The "raiders" then visited the surrounding places, and as a result captured four stalls and three worms, all new. Sixty hogsheads of mash which were found were destroyed, after which the officers returned with their boots to the city. officers returned with their booty to the city.

LOCAL ODDS AND ENDS .- Our new-made eitizens are delighted with the ovation of yes

terday. -Representative Davis will take a renomination if the position seeks him. -Bridgets will not be allowed to slush the pavements after 7 o'clock in the morning from

Saturday next until October 1. -The Democracy for a week past had men engaged to buy rotten eggs. The Board of Health had better look after those not used yes

terday.

-Nick Brown, the negro Democratic rum-seller, has issued his cards, inscribed "Subject to Democratic rules,"

-There is a house on N. Twelfth street which is said to have been paid for in money borrowed by a State Senator from the State Treasury. -The police on Broad street yesterday per-mitted a number of boys to flaunt a rag on which was inscribed a vulgarism calculated to shock the modesty of any one, white or black, except themselves.

-The Park Guard, within a few days past,

AN INQUEST TO BE HELD,-The Coopner will an inquest to he HELD.—The Cooner will hold an inquest on the body of Michael Mehan, who died at the Episcopal Hospital yesterday from the effects of injuries alleged to have been inflicted at the hands of his wife. It seems that on the 30th of March his wife, Mary, went out in the morning and got drunk, and on returning home found Michael preparing breakfast.

have made a large haul of fast drivers.

lady demanded that he should go out to hunt work, became enraged when he refused, hit him en the bead with a boot, and drove him into the yard of their house, which was No. 1228 Maple street. She then threw a trunk upon him and brone his leg, when he was removed to the Hospital. The physicians at the Hospital state that he died from manta-potu. His wife is now in custody, having been arrested three or four days ago for malicious mischief in breaking the windows of a neighbor's house.

A SPRAKING DUMB MAN .- Richard Norris was in West Philadelphia yesterday seeking alms on the plea of being deaf and dumb. He on the plea of being deaf and dumb. He showed various letters to prove his unhappy condition, and had several papers with the amounts of donations upon them. Policeman Kelley, thinking him an impostor, concluded to arrest him, and going up to him, slapped him in a friendly manner on the back, and saluted him with the words "Now I've got you!" The shock of the words and the slap together was so great of the words and the slap together was so great that it immediately restored speech to the dumb man, who remarked in a hurried manner, "Ne, you haven't!" For thus answerwing back he was marched off by the policeman, and was committed by Alderman Randall.

ASSAULT ON AN OFFICER .- Lieutenant Flaherty, of the Fifth district, was standing last evening in front of Horticultural Hall, keeping the passage way open. While there the Lieute-nant ordered a white man off, who was obstruct-ing the way. The man replied by striking the officer. The Lieutenant thereupon secured the man, and had him conveyed to the station. was committed by Alderman Merrow in default

PICKPOCKETS PICKED .- Detectives Fletcher and Miller yesterday, during the progress of the procession, arrested William Warner, Henry Henderson, and James Carroll, as supposed pro fessional pickpockets from Baltimore, at Broad and Spruce streets. These same officers also arrested John Fitzgerald and John Boyar at Tenth and Lombard streets, on the same charge. All the parties will have a hearing at the Central

THE LAST OF THE CHICKENS .- The seventeen chickens which were found yesterday on the persons of three men who were in the neighborhood of Nicetown lane, have been identified as the property of Michael Daily and Rachel Carr, at the seventh milestone, Old York road. The three men have been sent to prison and the seventeen chickens escorted to their homes.

CASE MISSING .- At noon yesterday two men entered the store of Turner & Wayne, No. 26 South Fourth street. While one of them was pricing goods in the front of the store the other the rear and abstracted fifty-six dollars in cash from the money drawer. Both of the men, in company with the cash, have escaped.

A University Minus a Coat.—A thief entered the Philadelphia University, on Ninth street, below Locust, at 9 e'clock this morning, and emerged therefrom with a coat that did not

A SWASHER.-William Kane has been held on the charge of malicious mischief in bursting in the windows of Mrs. Dougherty's whisky mill at Sixth and Shippen streets.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

There are very encouraging indications of a speedy revival in trade, though it is perhaps too late to expect that degree of activity which will compensate for the too-long continued depres-sion of the past. The class of business borrow-ers who have kept aloof from the loan market hitherto by reason of the uncertainty which enveloped the course of Congress relative to financial questions of importance in their bearings on general trade, are beginning to operate with more freedom as these disturbing causes are being removed, and the hope is again entertained that business will henceforth move with some-thing like its accustomed celerity.

The market is in a condition very favorable to an active revival, being abundantly supplied with capital seeking employment in any safe and remunerative channels. Call loans are moderately active and easy at 5@6 per cent., and discounts continue to range from 6@7 per

cent. for first-class business paper.
Gold opened active and strong with sales at 113%, advancing to 114%, and closing at noon Government bonds are in great demand, and prices this morning show a further advance of

G1 per cent.
The stock market was very active, and prices were higher. Small sales of City 6s, new, at 102%, and old at 102. Reading Railroad was in great demand, and sold up to 50%. Pennsylvania Railroad was steady but quiet, with sales at 58%. Lehigh Valley was taken at 56 and Camden and Amboy

In Canal stocks there were sales of Lehigh at 341/@34%, and Morris preferred at 65. Among the Bank shares there were sales of North America at 297 and Philadelphia at 163.

PHILADELPHIA STOCK EXCHANGE SALES. Reported by De Haven & Bro., No. 40 S. Third street

JAY COOKE & CO. quote Government securities as follows:—U. S. ds of 1881, 116@1164; 5-203 of 1882, 1145.@1145/2; do., 1864, 118@114; do., 1865, 1184/26; do. do., 1865, 1184/26; do. do., 1865, 1184/26; do. do., 1867, 1124/261123; do., 10-408, 1074/26; Cur. 68, 1123/261123; do., 10-408, 1074/26; Cur. 68, 1123/261123; do., 104, do., 1074/26; Cur. 68, 1123/261123; do., 104, do., 1074/26; do., 1862, 1144/26114/26; do. 1864, 1123/261123; do., 1865, 1184/26114/26; do. 1864, 1123/261123; do. 1865, do., 1822, 1144/26114/26; do. 1865, new, 1113/261123; do. 1865, do. 1133/261123; do. 1868, do., 1123/261123; do. 1867, do. 1133/261123; do. 1868, do., 1123/261123; do. 1864, 113/261124; Due Comp. Int. Notes, 19; Gold, 1133/26114/2; Suiver, 108/26110, Union Pacific R. R. 18t Mort. Bonds, \$855/2665; Contral Pacific R. R., \$929/26990; Union Pacific Land Grant Bonds, \$755/26760.

NARR & LADNER, Bankers, report this morning Gold quotations as follows: tations as follows :-

Philadelphia Trade Report. WEDNESDAY, April 27 .- Seeds-Cloverseed is quiet and sells in a retail way at \$9-25@9-50 for good and prime. Timothy ranges from \$6.25 to 7. In Flax-

ced nothing doing. The Flour market is without special change, the demand being confined to the wants of the home consumers, who purchased 900 barrels, in lots, at \$4:37 x @4:50 for superfine; \$4:50@5 for extras; \$5:25 @545 for Iowa, Wisconsin, and Minnesota extra family; \$5.50@6 for Pennsylvania do. do.; \$5.50@6 25 for Indiana and Ohio do. do.; and \$6.50@7.50 for fancy brancs, according to quality. Rye Flour may be quoted at \$5.25. In Corn Meat no sales were re-

There is but little activity in the Wheat market, There is but little activity in the Wheat market, and very little demand except for prime lots, which are in small supply. Sales of Indiana and Pennsylvania red at \$1.25@1.30. Rye may be quoted at \$1.95 for Western and Pennsylvania. Corn is more active and rather fifmer. Sales of 7600 bushels yellow at \$1.15@1.16. chieny at the former rate, affoat. Oats are unchanged; 4000 bushels Western and Pennsylvania sold at 61@65c. 5000 bushels California Barley sold on secret terms. old on secret terms.
In Barley and Mait nothing doing.

Bark—In the absence of sales we quote No. 1 Quer-citron at \$27 per ton.

whisky is dull and nominal at \$1.05 for ironbound packages.

FINE STATIONERY. ARMS, MONOGRAMS, ILLUMINATING, ETO. DREKA, 1033 CHESNUT Street. Card Engraver and Stationer.

WEDDING AND ENGAGEMENT RINGS of solid 18 karat fine gold. QUALITY WA RANTED. A full assortment of sizes always on hand. FARR & BROTHER, Makors. 3 25 wim! No. 324 CHESNUT Street, below Fourth.

ROQU E

HEADQUARTERS FOR

CROQUE 16 different kinds from \$4 per set up,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL. R. HOSKINS & CO.,

No. 913 ARCH Street. 0 0 0 R

Furnished the Trade.

W. G. PERRY,

No. 728 ARCH Street. PROPOSALS.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD.

To Railroad Contractors.

Sealed Proposals will be received at the office of the NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY, No. 120 BROADWAY, corner of Cedar street, New York, until WEDNESDAY, the 1st day of June, 1870, at 12 o'clock Noon, for the Grading, Masonry, Bridging and Ballasting of that portion of the Northern Pacific Railroad in the State of Minnesota, extending from the Dalles of the St. Louis River to the Red River, the western boundary of Minnesota (a distance of about 230 miles), including everything requisite to complete the road-bed for a single track, and necessary side tracks, ready to receive the rail superstructure Proposals may be for the work in detail, or by the

The said Company will also receive Proposals, at the same time and place, for the timber cross-ties, and for the iron rails, spikes, and fixtures for the road as above. The iron rails to be delivered on the dock at Duluth, Minnesota, or at the crossing of the Mississippi River, and the ties to be received according to blank forms which will be ready for distribution on WEDNESDAY, May 4, 1870, at the office of the Company, as above, where plans of the structures, and maps and profiles of the road, with full specifications, can then be seen, and the time allowed for completion of the contracts made known. The Company reserve the right to reject any or all olds not deemed to be for the interest of the Company. Printed circulars containing full information will be furnished on application, by mail or otherwise, to RDWIN F. JOHNSON, Chief Engineer, or to the President of the Company, at the office, No. 120 BROADWAY, as above.

J. CRECORY SMITH,

President Northern Pacific Railroad Co. New York, April 26, 1870. AMUSEMENTS. [For additional Amusements see the Third Page.] MRS. JOHN DREW'S ARCH STREET
THEATRE.
ADAM EVERLY'S BENEFIT.
FRIDAY EVENING, April 29.
THE FAST FAMILY.
UNUSUAL CAST.

| Mens. Beneiton. | |
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| Didier | Adam Ever |
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UMBRELLAS, ETO. A FINE ASSORTMENT OF PONGEE

Will Tour William Deposits and Long.

NATURE'S CIFTS.

SCIENTIFICALLY DEVELOPED.

As mankind, from indiscretion or other causes, has been docmed to suffer from disease, so also has remedy for disease been provided. Our hills and valleys abound with roots and herbs, which if scientifically prepared and com-pounded, will restore health and vigor to the invalid. T find such a romedy we should seek one that has stoo test of age.

HOOFLAND'S

GERMAN BITTERS.

Sure Cure for Liver Complaint, fure Cure for Dyspepsia, Sure Cure for Debility,

Sure Cure for Jaundice, Sure Cure for Marasmus.

And all affections arising from weakness or want of action in the Liver or Digestive Organs. The great remedy for

IMPURE BLOOD,

And all diseases arising from it. The great preventive

FEVER AND AGUE.

It is an impossibility for any one to have Fever and Ague if they will use a few bottles of this remedy each spr

> \$100 \$100 \$100

Will be given for any case of this disease that occurs to any one that uses the Bitters or Tonic as a preventive.

Those who have the Fever and Ague will find, after the chills have stopped, that by using a few bottles of the kitters or Tonic, that the disease will not return.

These remedies will resull their Constitution faster than any other knewn remedy.

The remedies were placed before the public thirty years ago, with all the prejudices of so-called "patent medicine" operating against them, but gradually their virtues became known, and now, to-day, they stand at the head of all preparations of their class, with the indersement of eminent judges, lawyers, clergymen, and physicians.

Read the fellowing syp ptoms, and if you find that your system is affected by any of them, you may rest assured that disease has commenced its attack on the most important organs of your body, and unless meen checked by the use of powerful remedies, a miserable life, soon torminating in death, will be the result.

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Constipation,
Flatelence, Inward Piles, Falness of
Blood to the Head, Acidity of
the Stomach, Nausea, Hearthurn, Insand,
ach, Sour Erucataion, Sisking or Flatter ag at the
Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Adurrice or
Difficult Freathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Ooking o
sofficating sensations when in a lying postare, Dinness
of Vision, Dots or Webs before the Sight, Dull Fain
in the Head, Deficiency of Ferpisration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side,
Back, Chest, Limbe, etc. Sudden flushes
of Heat, Burning in the Flesh,
Constant imagining of Evil,
and Great Depression.

of Spirits. Con-

All indicate disease of the Liver or Digestive Organs combined with impure blood.

O

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS

Is entirely vegetable and contains no liquer. It is a compound of Fluid Extracts. The Roots, Herbs, and Barks from which these extracts are made, are gathered in Germany; all the medicinal virtues are extracted from them by a scientific chemist. These extracts are then forwarded to this country to be used expressly for the manufacture of this Bitters. There is no alcoholic substance of any kind used in compounding the Bitters; house it is free from all the objections incident to the use of a liquor preparation.

O HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC

Is a combination of all the ingredients of the Bitters with the purest quality of Santa Cruz Rum, Oranges, etc. It is used for the same diseases as the Bitters, in cases where some pure alcoholic stim ulus is required.

TESTIMONY

Like the following was never before offered in behalf HON. G. W. WOODWARD, Objef Justice of the Supreme Court of Peansylvania.

PHILADELPHIA, March 16, 1867.

I find "Hoofland's German Bitters" is a good Tonic, useful in diseases of the eligentive organs, and of great benefit

of debility and want of nervous action in the system.
Yours, traip,
GEO, W. WOODWARD

HON. JAMES THOMPSON, Justice of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania Justice of the Supreme Court of Fennsylvania.

PHILAPRIPHIA, April 22, 1866.

I consider "Hoofland's German Bitters" a valuable medicine in case of sttacks of Indigestion or Dyspepsia. I can certify this from my experience of it.

Yours, with respect,

JAMES THOMPSON.

HON. GEO. SHARSWOOD, Justice of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania. PHILADELPHIA, June 1, 1868.

I have found by experience that "Hoefland's German

L

Bitters is a very good tonic, relieving dyspeptic symptom GEORGE SHARSWOOD. HON. WM. F. ROGERS. Mayor of the city of Buffalo, N. Y. Maxon's Office, Buffalo, June 22, 1888.

I have used "Hoofland's German Bitters and Tenio" in

my family during the past year, and can recommend them as an excellent tonic, imparting tone and vigor to the system. Their une has been productive of decidedly beneficial effects. HON. JAMES M. WOOD,

Ex-Mayor of Williamsport, Pennsylvania.

I take great pleasure in recommending "Heafland's German Tonic" to any one who may be afflicted with dys-

pepsia. I had the dyspepsia so badly that it was impossible to keep any food on my stemach, and I became so weak as not to be able to walk half a mile. Two bottles of Tonic effected a perfect cure. JAS. M. WOGD. JOHN EUTERMARKS, ESQ., Law Partner of Judge Maynard, Williamsport, Pa.

This is to certify that I have used "Hoofland's German Bitters" for dyspepsis, and found it an invaluable remedy.

CAUTION.

Hoofland's German Remedies are counterfeited. Set that the signature of G. M. JACKSON is on the wrap per of each bottle. All others are counterfeit.

Principal Office and Manufactory at the German Medi-ine Store. NO. 631 ARCH STRRET. Philadelphia, Pa.

CHARLES M. EVANS, Proprietor. FORMERLY C. M. JACKSON & CO.

PRICES.

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Hoofland's German Tonio, put up in quart bottles 150
per bottle, or half a dozen for 750 Do not forget to examine well the article you buy in FOR SALM BY ALL DRUGGISTS and Dec

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THE MEDICAL PRO-PERTIES OF TAR.

WISHART'S COLUMN

The pine tree has long been known to possess valuable medical properties. For pulmonary diseases it is doubtful whether any remedy has as yet been discovered equal to it. It seems to change and renew the very structure on which it acts, and to infuse into the system an indescribable power equal to the natural power before disease had even taken hold of the body, so as to make, as it were, an entirely new tissue, and to give a newness of life and energy which one who has been sick a long time knows the value of but cannot fully describe. The great objection, however, to all tar preparations has been their unpleasant taste, and consequent liability to sickness and nauseate the stomach. We have before us, however, a preparation of the kind referred to, which obviates all these objections, and is as agreeable to the palate as it is valuable in the cure of disease. We mean "Dr. Wishart's Pine Tree Tar Cordial," a real, genuine, bona fide medicinal cerdial, distilled from the pine tree by a process known only to the Doctor himself, the sale and popularity of which are only equalled by the amount of suffering it has relieved, and the number of diseases it is so well calculated to effectually cure. In the Pine Tree Tar Cordial the invalid may be sure he has a remedy of very extraordinary power for throat and lung affections, and when taken in conjunction with the "Great American Dyspepsia Pills," an infallible cure for dyspepsia, liver complaint, sick headache, and the many ailments arising from a disordered state of the liver and digestive

In our sphere as publishers we feel some degree of cautiousness in what we recommend to our readers, but when we know of any thing of value to the public we shall not hesitate to make it known through our columns. We advise those of our readers who are suffering from dyspepsia, etc., to give Dr. Wishart's celebrated remedies a trial.

A medical expert, holding honorable collegiate diplomas, devotes his entire time to the examination of patients at the office parlors. Associated with him are three consulting physicians of acknowledged eminence, whose services are given to the public free of charge.

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