Grening Telegraph

AT THE EVENING TELEGRAPH BUILDING, No. 108 S. THIRD STREET,

PHELADELPHIA. The Price is three cents per copy (double sheet); or eighteen cents per week, payable to the carrier by whom served. The subscription price by mail is Nine Dollars per annum, or One Dollar and Fifty Cents for two months, invariably in advance for the time ordered.

MONDAY, APRIL 25, 1870.

THE PLEBISCITE.

On Saturday we published a lengthy despatch from Paris, giving the official text of the question to which the people of France are to respond in a few days, together with the details of the manuer in which the voting is to be conducted. This morning the proclamation of the Emperor, appealing to the people for an affirmative response, was published, and the whole scheme of the plebiacite is now before the world.

Napoleon has the happy faculty of compressing things into small compass when it suits his purpose to do so, and in the wording of the plebiscite he has done so in a noticeable degree. The question to which the voters of France are to say "yes" or "no" is simply

"Do the people approve the liberal reforms which have been effected in the Constitution since 1860 by the Emperor, with the concurrence of the great legislative bodies of the State, and ratify the Senatus Consultum of April 20, 1870 7

The whole Napoleonic Idea is here in a n itshell. His Imperial Majesty does not say to the people, "Are you satisfied with the reforms which I have inaugurated?" or, "Will you be satisfied with any reform short of the overthrow of the empire?" but simply, "Do you approve the reforms which I have condescended to make in the fullness of my absolute sovereignty?" If a majority cry out "Yes," in response, the Emperor will condescend to inaugurate such further reforms as he sees fit, or deems absolutely necessary to preserve his power intact; but if, by way of protesting against the whole imperial regime, a majority say "No," the astute ruler of the Tuileries will pervert the answer into a condemnation of all reform, and shape his course accordingly. The question is so shaped that those who are opposed in toto to the present dynasty can do nothing save remain at home on the day the vote is taken. It was proposed that this class should express their sentiments by depositing blank ballots, but this project seems to have fallen through, and the only protest that will prolably be entered will be a silent one.

In this connection, a speech delivered by the Prime Minister in the Corps Legislatif recently, the material portions of which are elsewhere given, is important. After descanting at length upon the course of French politics, and the lesson to be derived from a review of the past, M. Ollivier said:-

"When I hear you maintain, as an invincible thesis, that universal suffrage carries with it the destruction of a monarchical government, I say experience pronounces against you."

And so it does. The First and the Second Empire alike were based upon universal suffrage, and on each occasion the vote was almost unanimous. The following table gives the affirmative and negative vote on the several questions that have been propounded to the French people since 1793, by the answer to each of which the form of government was either revolutionized, or an accomplished revolution ratified and approved: -

Doubtless itsis the contemplation of these figures that inspires the Emperor and his sham Liberal Cabinet with confidence, but there are still other figures which are of equal importance and even greater significance. The opposition vote in 1852 was but 253,145. At the elections of 1857 it had swollen to 571,000; at the election of 1863, to 1,693,000; and at the election of 1869, to 3,248,885, while the votes polled by the Government candidates was 4,053,056-a Government majority of only 804,171, large enough, in itself, for the time being, but portentously small in comparison with that of previous years. Yet there can be but little doubt that the result of the approaching plebiscite will present an overwhelming endorsement of the Imperial regime. The whole thing is a glaring farce, and it was a full appreciation of this fact that led Messrs. Daru and Buffet to resign their

Mrs. Wheaton-we regret that the telegraph does not give her name in full-is a true woman, and fully understands the sentiments of the great mass of the women of the country on the female suffrage question. It seems there was a large party in the Illinois Constitutional Convention, now in session, in favor of conferring the ballot upon women; but Mrs. Wheaton came to the rescue of the constitution-tinkers whose wits had been unsettled by the frantic harangues of Susan B. Anthony and Anna E. Diekinson, and by a timely and able address before the convention in opposition to female suffrage threw so much light upon the benighted intellects of the woman-righters, that the faction has been extremely demoralized, and female suffrage, it is now thought, will stand no chance at all. Mrs. Wheaton has conferred a lasting favor upon her sex, and should be held in grateful remembrance for so doing.

AFTER THE ABSENTEES.-The House of Representatives has run so much to seed of late that it has at last bestirred itself, and despatched its Sergeant-at-Arms after a score or so of its members who are wandering about the country without leave of absence. Among those who are to be hunted up and enty land oppressed by its shopt sepers. He sadd in UMPRELLAS CHEART IN THE CITY! brought back to Washington, noises volens, on American newspaper the following letter from a | J DIXON'S, No 21 S. RIGHTH Street. 10 is mits! Among those who are to be hunted up and

is General Butler, the chairman of the Reconstruction Committee, who, as soon as the Georgia bill was returned to the House from the Senate, saddled down with amendments, asked and obtained leave of absence for a week or more, and, not content with thus delaying the settlement of a vexatious question with which the country is heartily digusted, left the capital a day before his furlough began. But Butler is to be brought back, along with the rest of the delinquents, and it is to be hoped that, when the House once gets him before its bar, it will revoke his leave and compel him to remain at his post at least until the Georgia business is disposed of for good.

AN INFAMOUS SPECULATION, -Information has been received at the War Department that large numbers of buffalo robes, obtained from Indians suffering with the small-pox, which are undoubtedly infected with the virus, were packed with a view to early shipment from some of the trading posts on the Upper Missouri. Here we have a pointed illustration of the unconscionable character of the people who infest the frontiers. A more diabolical outrage than this could scarcely be conceived, and yet the plundering, thieving white men whose example the Indians are so prone to follow engage in this deadly speculation, without a semblance of hesitation. The Government, it is stated, has taken measures to frustrate this hideous conspiracy against the public health, but it should not be content with preventing the shipment of these plague-bearing buffalo robes. The heartless wretches who have engaged in this speculation should be brought to justice, if they can be detected and caught. If they can be properly punished in no other way, they should have their deserts weted out to them by a drum-head court-martial.

THE INCOME TAX INIQUITY. - As stated by Mr. Schenck in the House of Representatives on Saturday, the whole number of persons who paid an income tax last year was 272,843,

Number	paying	less than \$20
44	- 14	from \$20 to \$50 69,18
44	166	from \$50 to \$100 41,19
44	9.4	from \$100 to \$200 45,50
114	0	over \$200 9,46

equal this whole system of taxation is, and affords an irresistible argument in favor of its repeal. Less than 273,000 persons liable to the tax had the conscience to make true returns of their incomes, and on this mere handful, in comparison with the whole population, fell the burden that should have been distributed among eight or ten millions, if there existed any necessity whatever for its imposition on anybody. But our national expenditures have been so much curtailed that there is no necessity for the revenue resulting from the tax, and it should be done away with without any further delay.

THE heads of the St. Thomasites are level, despite the repeated somersaults to which they have been subjected. They have at last realized the fact that they are still subjects of King Christian, and that they are likely to remain such until an earthquake of more than the usual violence shakes the life completely out of their bodies. So, on the 8th instant, they gathered around the festive board and made gluttons of themselves, in honor of the fact that his Majesty of Denmark drew his first breath on that particular day some years ago. This anniversary banquet is a hopeful sign. We can only regret that General Raasloff did not hear of it before he sacrificed a snug cabinet berth because of the refusal of the Senate of the United States to pay over a trifle of \$10,000,000 for St. Thomas, with its earthquakes, tidal waves, and other peculiar institutions.

THE NEWSBOYS' HOME. On last Thursday evening a very pleasing entertainment was given at the Amateurs' Drawing Room, on Seventeenth street, above Chesnut. The entertainment consisted of a series of tableaux illustrating the opera of Faust, with appropriate musical selections. The arrangement of the pictures was very artistic, and reflected great credit upon the ladies and gentlemen who participated. A large audience was in attendance, and the performance was such a decided success that it has been determined to repeat it on Thursday evening next for the benefit of the Newsboys' Home. Mrs. Susan Galton Kelleher. and her husband have very kindly consented to appear on this occasion and sing some of the favorite airs from Faust between the tableaux. This feature will of course add greatly to the interest of the entertainment, and as the object to which the receipts will be devoted is well worthy of the patronage of the public, there should be a crowded audience in attendance. Tickets can be purchased of F. T. S. Barley, No. 1118 Chesnut street; T. C. Parrish, No. 341 Walnut street, and E. W. Earle, No. 816 Chesnut

AN HONOBABLE trait of character on the part of

the French poet Alphonse de Lamartine was disclosed in a case which came before Vice-Chancellor James in London recently. In 1820, when Lamartine was attached to the French Embassy in Naples, Miss Birch, a young lady of Engilsh extraction though herself born in France, and of considerable fortune, fell desperately in love with him, and they were soon after married. A reversionary fund of £10,000 was settled on Mdme, de Lamartine for her s parate use for life, after her death for her hasband, and on his death, if there were no children, the fund was to be applied to such objects as Milme. de Lamartine might have prescribed by will. It was made a condition, however, of the efficacy of the testament that it should be "attested by two or more witnesses." As it happened, Mdme, de Lamartine died in 1863, leaving a will by which she bestowed several legacies-one to found a school for girls at. St. Point-subject to her husband's life interest. This document, however, was found to have been attested by only one witness, which would have been quite enough under ordinary French law, but did not fulfil the conditions of the deed under which the deceased lady held the property. In effect, therefore, the will was null and void, and M. de Lamartine might, if he had chosen, have set it aside, and appropriated the fund to his own use. No doubt it would have been a questionable act in such a case to disregard the express wishes of his wife; but, considering the straits in which in his later years Lamartine found himself, and the pressing obligations he had to meet, he might with some plansibility have argued that, had the good lady foreseen what was to be his position, she would rather have given him the fund absolutely than have eft it for the education of unknown young girls and the other objects of the will. Lamartine, however, regarded the testament as sacred, and confirmed all the bequests by a special deed in 1466.

AN ENGLISH editor derives some consolation from the information that England is not the mly land oppressed by its shopksomers. Its Sudali-

Yankee to her grocer - "Mr. Tuttle—This here thing has got too much hemp in it for molasses, and not quite enough for clothes-lines; so I've strained off the molasses, and send you the jug to make up the measure, and have turned over the hemp to the Vigilance Committee to be span up for future use. So be sure to send me the real thing this time, as all hemp goes to the V. C., and the rope is a-growing."

A TELEGRAM published in the Memorial Diplomatique states that All Pasha has received an assurance from the Cabinet of Vienna that Prince Metternich had been instructed to support Diemil Pasha in his efforts in Paris to realize the loan for the construction of Ottoman railways. The same paper adds that it has no reason to doubt the authenticity of this announcement. It is natural that Austria should take an interest in Turkish railways, for as soon as the Ottoman Empire is connected with Europe by rail the Eastern question may be expected to enter into a new and probably a pacific phase. It is also stated that the French Government is favorable to the realization of the loan, its official quotation having been forbidden on the Boarse only in consequence of the law of 1836 concerning lotteries, under the provisions of which the loan falls by reason of its premiums. A discussion is going on in Paris as to the propriety of bringing the new obligation under this law. In the meantime the stockbrokers have been informed that their operations will not be interfered with.

Some of the fun that is supposed to be inherent in a breach of promise case consists, it is thought, in the appearance of artistic woe in the countenance of the plaintiff or the plaintiff's mother. Fainting is considered to be done according to the advice of counsel or attorney, and demonstrations with a handkerchief are ascribed also to the suggestions of the advocate. In Cork the other day an action was tried, involving the infraction of a promise to marry. It was complicated a little by the fact that the plaintiff had been led astray by the defendant. As counsel was proceeding with his statement "a small child began to cry in court, and counsel continued to say he thought the little child whose cries had disturbed the court was the child," The jury found a verdict after this for the plaintiff.

H. G. AGAIN.

"You Lie! You Villain! You Lie!" We find the following pleasant little item in the New York Tribune:-

"The New York Tribune has a decided tendency towards free-lovism," says the Indianapolis Sentinel. Of course it has. The Tribune is the daily organ of the free-love philosophy.

-We copy the above from the editorial col-umns of the New York Times. In so far as it emanates from the Sentinel, we have the charity to believe that the writer, blinded by ignorance and political malevolence, was not fully con-scious of the flagracy of its falsehood. But no such excuse can be made for the New York Times. That journal lies deliberately, wilfully, wickedly, with naked intent to defame and malign. The Tribune is exactly such a "daily oracle" of Free Love as it is of Free Trade and Free Rum-neither less ner more. And the Times is perfectly aware of the fact, and knows that its lie is utterly without excuse or plau-

Incidentals.

-Halifax is unhappy because it has no Quarantine hospital.

-Sypher is not to figure in Congress. All his plans have come to naught.

-Massachusetts complains that its legislators are liable to home-sickness, and that the attack (a sort of relapsing fever) carries them off.

-Mr. Thurlow Weed's account of stage-coach travelling forty-six years ago, published in the Galaxy, is having a great run through the papers. -A great many companies have been mustered at Quebec to repel the Fenians, but they average only thirteen men each, exclusive of

-A Cincinnati hotel-keeper dresses all his waiters in full naval uniform, probably to remind them that they must be constantly on the watch for boarders.

-Of the 140 members of the Mississippi Legislature, ninety-seven are natives of the Soothern States, eight are natives et New York, and ten

-An ex-soldier in Sacramento has been -An ex-soldier in Sacramento has been charged \$100 in gold by a San Francisco claim agent for collecting back pay due him amounting to \$100 in currency.

-During the eight months ending March 1, 1870, the New Dominion received \$5,603,068 from customs and \$2,303,571 from excise duties.

from customs and \$2,333,571 from excise duties.

Its expenses were \$9,126,461.

—The Massachusetts House of Representatives voted two to one against woman suffrage.

The massachuses we are told, took no

interest in the movement started in their behalf. —A candidate for alderman in Newport, R. I., announced that if he was elected beefsteak should be seventeen cents a pound and wages 87 a day. His wages and his beefsteak?

-One member of the Mississippi Legislature says that he is an Old-line Whig, another that be is a Henry Clay Whig, a third that he is an old Rad., while a fourth proclaims that he goes in for "My country and her people. -The Ohio Legislature, at its late session.

passed only seventy-two general acts, and the olumbus State Journal says that there was less buncombe legislation and less of the mischievous special tinkering business than at any ther session within the memory of the oldest inhabitant. -The San Francisco Society of California

Pioneers has been presented with the first bar of tin made from native ore in the United States and regards it as the most appropriate and unique addition which could be made to its cabinet of specimens of the mineral wealth of

Surviving officers of the staff of Stonewall Jackson have published an appeal for funds to place a monument over his remains, and say that such a memorial of love and respect, more than all others, meets with the cordial approbation of Mrs. Jackson. -The Census Marshals in Wisconsin are

mostly one-armed or one-legged soldiers, and a Wisconsin soldier, who lost an arm during the war and "knowshow to sympathize with them," has sent an artificial arm to be preschted to one of the one-armed appointees in Dodge ceraty -The widow of Sir John Franklin arrived in San Francisco by steamer on the 13th inst. having gone thither for the purpose of satisfying herself as to the authenticity or correctness

relative to the discovery on the southern coast of certain documents, which seemed to promise another clue to her husband's fate. -On Thursday a woman servant fell through the elevator, a distance of five stories, in the Laclede Hotel, St. Louis, and was fatally in-On Monday a boy fell from the story of a building in Cincinnati, and was killed. On Tuesday morning a lodger in the Van Rensse-

laer House, in Albany, fell from a fifth-story

of the reports published several months since

window and was killed. -The Portland Argus says that Mr. John A. Poor of that city strongly resembles the late General Thomas in personal appearance, and eat at one time when in Washington he was invited to examine a new portrait of General Thomas, and several gentlemen present, after carefully scrutinizing the pleture and compar-ing it "with the original," as they supposed, declared it a capital likeness. One gentleman expressed his gratification at the correctness of the likeness, "having never before," as he said, "enjoyed the pleasure of seeing General Thomas in person

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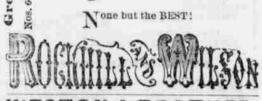
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