DITY INTELLIGENCE. THE PLAGUE

The Present Pilthy Condition of Bedford Street-The Appearance of the "Relapsing" Fever starming Symptoms Ten Cases and Three Deaths in One Day-Ammediate Action

Necessary.

The present condition of Bedford street is really startling. The filth, both in the main thoroughfare and in the many courts and alleys running therefrom, is so great as to be hardly bearable. The inspectors of the Board of Health have reported the street in good condition, but that is far from being the truth. As the warm weather is now coming on, some urgent measures are necessary, or disease and death will be the result. A most deadly disease has now made its appearance, which if not cheeked will spread into a pestilence, and go through the whole city. The head officials of the Board of Health should themselves examine into this matter. The keeping of a locality so important to the health of the whole community should not be intrusted to subordinates, who certainly do not attend to their business, as can be seen at a glance by any one visit-ing the vicinity. The courts in the rear of Nos. 628 and 633 Alaska (Bedford) street are now reeking with filth. A pedestrian cannot pass through them without getting covered, and the stench is fearful. Dockerty court, in the next square above, is in a like condition. In this place there is an outhouse in constant use, in which the filth is piled some four or five inches thick. In one court the liquid drainings from the ground above are running into a cellar where there are several inhabitants. The tenants of these houses beg to have the whole place cleaned, but the property-owners will not do it, and the Beard of Health do not notice it. If left long in this condition the effect will be

Already the "relapsing fever," which is as deadly and as much to be feared as the "yellow fever," has made its appearance. In the "Conti nental." one of the notorious spots of the locality, which is a small shanty about ten feet long by about six wide, and with a height of about five feet, situated in the rear of No. 628, a woman died only yesterday. The small shanty or outhouse is inhabited by a whole family, and is one of the places most in need of cleaning. The woman lay on the bare ground all day yesterday walt-ing for her husband to have her buried. A small bunch of crape hung over the alley way leading to the spot to announce the fact. In the cellar of No. 628 two men have died within a week. These cellars, according to the state-ment of Mr. Long, the missionary of the Bedford Street Mission, who certainly ought to know, should either be entirely whitewashed or else closed for the summer. They are all very filthy and without any ventilation. They are usually crowded with people, and the effluvium is such that it is hardly possible for a man to breathe. Mr. Long yesterday entered the one where the deaths had taken place, and he had immediately to leave it or he would have fainted on the spot. The public baths which were started last season by the mission will again be opened as soon as funds can be raised. As only cold water is used, on account of the lack of accommodation, they can only be used in the summer.

That this dreadful "relapsing fever" has in reality made its appearance is a settled fact. The physician of the mission certifies to ten cases of the fever in one week, all of which were exactly similar in every symptom. This disease is known to exist in New York, where the authorities have been fighting it all winter There is much connection between the worst streets of New York and Bedford street, which can easily help the progress of the disease. When a thief is driven away from New York by the search of detectives he takes refuge in Bedford street, and when a member of the same class is hunted down here, he goes to some of the dirty dens of New York, and returns when the danger is over. The seeds of the disease can easily be carried by these parties, and it is only by the greatest care that the effect can be counteracted. It is certainly not the best way to battle it to let the street remain in the condition in which it now is. That in itself is sufficient to breed the worst of diseases.

If this dreadful disorder once gets fairly started in one locality, it will spread through the entire city like wildfire. Not only will the people be dying by thousands in Bedford but in every street. The time may come when the dreadful dead cart will again rumble through the high ways; when mnfiled men will cast therein the naked bodies of the numerous dead; when the cross of danger will again be seen upon the doorway; and when the roaring fires will be kindled to drive away the destroyer. When such a time comes, then perhaps the authorities will learn wisdom, and not before. Such a time may possibly come, far off as it now seems to be, if precautions are not taken, and none are now being taken.

GOOD FRIDAY .- As many of our readers are doubtless aware, an attempt was made during the session of the Legislature which has just adjourned to have the enactment of 1869, making "Good Friday" a legal holiday, repealed. This has given rise to a great deal of doubt and disputation, some contending that the "repealing bill" passed and others that it did not. The latter are correct. The bill passed through the House, but did not reach the Senate, or, if it did, it was never presented to the Governor, did not receive his signature, and therefore did not become a law. Therefore the original law is yet binding, and our citizens should pay full attention thereto. It provides that "fro after the passage of this act, Good Friday, in each and every year, shall be deemed and proclaimed as a public holiday, and shall be daly observed as such. The payment of all notes, checks, bills of exchange, or other instruments megotiable by the laws of this Commonwealth, and becoming payable on said Good Friday, shall be deemed to become due on the secular day next preceding the aforementioned days; on which said secular days, demand of payment may be made, and in case of non-payment of dishonor of the same, protest may be made and totice given in the same manner as if such L wies, checks, bills of exchange, or other in truments fell due on the day of such demand. ad the right and liabilities of all parties conce rned therein shall be the same as in other ves of like instruments legally proceeded with will thus be seen that all obligations maturing Friday must be settled to morrow. sinces men should make a note of this fact.

TIME PHILADELPHIA FOURTH PRESBYTERY .-The Philadelphia Fourth Presbytery assembled last evening in Dr. Shepherd's church, Buttonwood street, above Fifth, About seventy five members were present. After the usual devotional exercises a sermon was preached by the Moderator of the meeting of the last Presbytery, he taking as his text the first verse of the fifth chapter of Romans, after which the Presbytery

adjourned.
This morning the body reassembled at nine o'clock, and spent half an hour in devotional exercises under the direction of the Moderator, after which the roll was called, and the majority of the members answered to their names. The records of the different churches were then presented by the different committees appointed to

examine them, and received.

Mr. Cowan, of the Presbytery of St. Louis, having cutered, was invited to sit as a corre-

sponding member. A call from the church at Hokendagua, for the pastoral services of Rev. James A. was read and the call accepted by Mr. Little. A committee of three was then appointed to make the necessary arrangements for installation.

The committees on home missions, education, and ministerial relief fund reported progress, when a discussion cusned on the object of the

Presby ery.

At 12% o'clock the Presbytery took a recess for one hour.

SENATOR REVELS .- The lecture to be delivered to-morrow evening at Hortleultural Hall by Senator Revels has excited so much discus-sion that a crowded audience will undoubtedly be in attendance. The subject of the lecture will be "The Press."

ST. AUGUSTINE'S CHURCH.—A sermen will be delivered this evening at 71% o'clock by the Very Rey. James D. Waldron, O. S. A.

weather of yesterday and to-day has had the effect of crowding our streets with the beauty and fashion of our city. Chesnut street reminded us yesterday of a huge kaleidoscope.

The annual election for a Board of Directors and a Treasurer for the Philadelphia Library Company will be held on the 2d proximo.

The twenty-fourth anniversary of the Grand Temple of Honor and Temperance will be cele-

Temple of Honor and Temperance will be cele-brated at the Academy of Music on Friday even-ing. A number of prominent personages will

The Legislature baying adjourned, city politics are growing lively, and the State House Row is becoming the resort of many "profes-

-Our bakers already display the signs-"Hot cross buns on Good Friday."

There are but few of the old Republican officers now on the police force, and these few linger in daily expectation of receiving their

little "souvenir." -The terrible and fatal disease, scarlet fever, is raging fiercely in several sections of our city, and children are dying in large numbers daily, one family alone losing six within as many days.

—A walk along Market and Third streets gives evidence of the fact that our merchants are busy and the spring toda lively.

are busy and the spring trade lively.

-According to a plan drawn up by a member of Select Council, a floating bath-house, 100 feet in length, will cost to construct \$5000.

BETHANY MISSION ENTERTAINMENT. - The large hall of the Bethany Mission was com-pletely filled last evening by an appreciative audience that had come together to witness a novel entertainment in the shape of a representation of the Christian pligrimage. The first part embraced twenty-seven beautifully colored stereopticon views, illustrative of Bunyau's work, each of which was followed by a short out comprehensive recital of the pilgrim's story, and also by a musical selection rendered by onof our prominent church choirs. The second part of the entertainment consisted of the recitation of a poem and a musical selection, enti-tled "A Dream," both of which were illustrated by a series of views. The exhibition was given under the charge of Mr. O. H. Willard.

At the clese the enthusiastic audience rose to their feet to thank those having charge of the entertainment for the great pleasures of the

ENCOUNTER WITH THIEVES .- Last night William Campbell, alias Amos Tucker, and a companion effected an entrance into the feed store of Mr. Dranes, at Passyunk road and Cross Officer Devine, of the Seventeenth 'district, espied Campbell coming out of the place, and seized him by the collar. The prisoner struck the officer on the head with a billy, but Devine held on to his man until assistance arrived, and then the belligerent individual was escorted to the lockup. The companion of Campbell drew a revolver and snapped it at the officer, and then ran and escaped. The captured thief will have a hearing at the Central Police Station this afternoon.

ATTEMPTED ROBBERY .- Henry Larmies, aged about twenty-one years, made an attempt last night to break into the residence of Mr. Hessentrock, on Baring street, near Thirty-fourth. A son of Mr. Hessenbrock was alarmed by hearing some one operating on the back door. He dressed himself and went down stairs, and passed out into the yard, where he found Larmies. Officer Shields was called in, and Henry was taken into custody. The prisoner threw away a revolver before his arrest, but, on being searched at the station-house, a billy and knife were found in his possession. Defendant was committed to answer.

IN SEARCH OF THEIR FATHER.-Two boys and two girls are at the Sixteenth District Station House. They are without funds or friends. A day or two since they arrived in New York city from Ireland in search of their father, who promised to meet them on the arrival of the vessel. Money had been sent to them by their parent to pay their passage to this city. Not finding him in New York they came to this city, where they were informed he resided. The children are in great distress concerning the whereabouts of their protector, who is named

ATTEMPT TO KILL.-Last night a party was given at the residence of William Kane, on Carpenter street, below Eighth. One of the guests was Daniel Dailey, who, not behaving as he should, was ejected from the premises by Mr. Kane. Some time later Dalley came back to the house, and being refused admittance, kicked in the door and threatened to kill Mr. Kane if he got a hold of him. A policeman who happened to pass about this time was called in, and the disorderly character was ar-Daniel was committed by Alderman

ORGAN OPENING .- A concert of vocal and instrumental music was given last evening at the Second Baptist Church, Wilmington, Del., on the occasion of the opening of a new organ, built by Messre Stanbridge Bros, of this city. The new instrument contains 1006 pipes, and will form a pleasant accessory to the devotional services of the congregation. The concert wa a pleasant affair, and we observe that Mr. G. T. R. Knorr and others from Philadelphia rendered efficient assistance.

BURGLARY .- About 3 o'clock this morning one James Young was found in the cellar of the residence No. 5 Wagner's place, in the neighborhood of Thirteenth and Fitzwater streets. occupants of the house were alarmed by a noise in the cellar, and an examination revealed the presence of Young on the premises. man was called, and the alleged thief was taken into custody. He will have a hearing at the Central Station this afternoon. The arrest was made by Officer McGonigle.

Suspicious .- On Monday night a shoe store on Eighth street, between Race and Vine, was broken into and robbed. This morning at S o'clock a young man named James Smith was arrested in the neighborhood of the store. had been seen previously loitering in the vicinity, and his movements were rather suspi-He was held to bail by Alderman Jones for a further hearing.

ASSAULT AND BATTERY CASE .- Anthony Baller had a hearing before Recorder Givin this morning upon the charge of having committed an aggravated assault and battery on Nathan Anderson, a colored boy. Defendant was held to ball in the sum of six hundred dollars

FAST DRIVING .- Hiram Williams (colored) was arrested by Officer McGlinn yesterday for fast driving over the Chesnut Street Bridge. Williams had a hearing before Alderman Randall, and was fined.

CORNER-LOUNGERS .- The police of the First district arrested ten young men yesterday for standing on street corners. The prisoners were held to bail by Alderman Dallas.

Philadelphia Trade Report. WEDNESDAY, April 18 .- The Flour market is withont special change. There is no inquiry for shipment, and the operations of the home consumers are confined to present necessities. The sales foot up 1008 barrels, including superfine at \$4.50@4.75; extras at \$4.75@5-25; Iowa, Wisconsin, and Minneota extrafamily at \$5.25%5.5; Pennsylvania do. do. at \$5-25@6; Indiana and Ohio do, do. at \$5-50@6 95; and fancy brancs at \$650@750, according to quality. Rye Flour sells at \$4.75 7 bbl. In Corn

Meal no sales were reported. The receipts and stocks of Wheat, though light, are fully ample for the demand. Sales of 1000 hushels prime Pennsylvania red at \$1.30. Rye may be quoted at \$1.05 for Pennsylvania. Corn is quiet at the decline noted yesterday. Sales of 3000 bushels yellow at \$1.07@1.08, in the cars and afoat. Oats are hardly so strong. Sales at 63@64c, for Western and Pennsylvania. In Barley and Mait no sales

THE REAL PROPERTY AND THE PARTY OF THE PARTY

and Pennsylvania. In Bariey and Mait no sales were reported.

Seeds—Cloverseed is less active, and only 150 bushels sold at \$9@044 for fair and prime. Timothy ranges from \$6.50 to \$7. Flaxseed is nominal. Whisky is dull. Sales of 255 barrels iron-bound Western at \$1.03, a decline of 2c.

FIFTH EDITION THIRD EDITION

The McFarland Murder Trial.

TO DAY'S CABLE NEWS.

Montpensier

Very Light Sentence.

Latest Cable Quotations.

Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.,

FROM WASHINGTON.

The Howard Investigation.

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.
Washington, April 13.—The committee to investi-

gate the charges preferred by Fernando Wood against General Howard and a meeting to-day, but bothing was done owing to the non-attendance of witnesses. The Sergeant-at-Arms failed to summon witnesses whose names have been handed in by Mr. Wood because no appropriation had been made to ver them.

The Ohlo Contested Sent.

The Cole-Gorbam Case.

The Republican Senators held another caucus

this morning, when a very exciting discussion

took place on the merits of the testimony taken to sustain the charges of Senator Cole against

Secretary Gormam. Stewart, of Nevada, made a strong speech in tavor of Gorham, to which

Cole replied. Without coming to any conclusion the caucus adjourned until Friday. There

is a disposition among Senators to have the matter settled, but Cole refuses, and says if the

caucus does not take action he will bring the

matter up in open Senate, and make such expo-

CONGRESS.

FORTY-FIRST TERM-SECOND SESSION.

Washington, April 13.—The calendar being taken

washington. April 13.—The calcular being taken up, the resolution for a joint special committee on Indian affairs was debated.

Mr. Casserly moved to require that a majority of the members chosen from each House shall be neces-

sary to constitute a majority of the committee.

Mr. Nye desired that the experiments now being tested in the government of the Indians should be

allowed to proceed, with a view to the establishment of a fixed policy. He opposed the resolution as an interference with these experiments. Pending the

By Mr. Anthony, for the organization of the Medi-cal Department of the Navy of the United States, By Mr. Cragin, for the relief of the widows and

orphans of the officers, seamen, and marines of the United States war vessel Oneida, and for other pur-

After remarks by Mr. Harlan and Mr. Stewart, the

resolution on Indian affairs was amended as pro-posed by Mr. Casserly, and then adopted—yeas 29,

Mr. Trumbull, Chairman of the Judiciary Commit-

tee, submitted a report upon the petition of O. B. Hart, claiming a seat in the Senate from the State of Fiorida in place of the present member, Mr. Gil-

bert.

The resolution accompanying the report declares that Abijah Gilbert was duly elected and was entitled to hold the seat now occupied by him.

Mr. Thurman, the minority member of the committee, said the case was considered in committee in his absence. He was not conversant with the facts upon which the report was based, and could not say whether he approved of the report or not.

At 1-29 P. M., the Georgia bill being taken up, Mr. Wilson asked that some time to-morrow be fixed for

Wilson asked that some time to-morrow be fixed for

taking a vote upon the bill.

Mr. Drake objected remarking that the importance of the subject entitled it to the fullest and heartlest discussion.

Mr. Wilson said that the country was rapidly coming to the opinion that Congress was too slow

in the transaction of the public business. If the op ortunity was given him, he would move for an ev

Without effecting an understanding the discussion

was proceeded with, and Mr. Norton (Minn.) addressed the Senate.

House.

Mr. McCrary, from the Committee on Elections, reported a resolution that Francis E. Shober is enti-tled to his seat as Representative from the Sixth

district of North Carolina, without prejudice to the

in front of the Speaker's chair, and took the oath of

Mr. Kelley, from the Committee on Coinage, re-

fallen still-born, and although it awakened little at-tention in Balts country, it had elicited discussion all over the European continent.

The objections to the French franchad been pro-

perly stated by Baron Engene Nothumb, a transla-tion of whose apper he found in the NewYork Even-ing Post. He claims that it was too small for a gold

coin; that it was only found in five franc pieces, and that it had no unit of weight, the decimals running into millionth parts. He claimed that more of the gold coins of the world were in harmony with the

American dollar system and the metrical system than were in harmony with the French system.

which is unmetric and is under consideration by all

The French coinage, he said, was so dishonest that if England and the United States were to

accept the terms proposed they would have to require a stipulation that the entire coinage of France should be recoined and brought bouestly to its standard. The Germans saw that, and said that

they were not willing to give honest coin for dis-honest coin, and the Americans were keen enough to have the same objection. The American system

of coinage and weights was making its way through the world on account of its simple relations to the

If the recommendation of the American Commis-

If the recommendation of the American Commissioner, Mr. Ruggles, were adopted, and the United States coinage recoined, the day was not far distant when the value of the coin should be again changed so as to bring it into simple relations with the beautiful system of weights. The American coinage today was in harmony with that system.

Mr. Potter made some remarks on the same subject, after which the bill was recommitted.

Mr. Heaton, from the Committee on Coinage, reported a bill to eatablish an assay office at Helena, Montana. Referred to the Committee on Aspropria-

Montann. Referred to the Committee on Appropria-tions, after remarks by Mr. Heaton, in which he spoke of the fact of one hundred millions of the pre-cious metals having been taken from the mines of

Montains within the last eight years.

Mr. Morgan presented ten petitions asking Congress to abolish the national banks; to issue five hundred millions in greenhacks, making the same receivable in payment of duties and taxes and to nay of \$346,000,000 of the bouded dobt.

The House them proceeded to vote on the resolu-

The House then preceded to vote on the resolu-tions in the Louisiana centested election case of Hant against Sheldon.

The resolutions of the majority were adopted by a

FROM THE DOMINION.

The 7 homus Scott Marder.

to whom the matter was referred.

party vote, the only exception being Mr. Bingham, who voted with the minority.

the savans of the world.

ght of Nathaniel Boyden to contest it. The resolution was agreed to, and Mr. Shober came

scussion, bills were introduced and referred.

sures as will compel the removal of Gorham.

pay them.

Trial.

THE HOWARD-WOOD QUESTION THE LATEST NEWS.

FROM NEW YORK.

Accident at Sing Sing.
POUGHERPSIE, April 18.—A blasting accident occurred at Sing Sing Prison to-day, in a quarry, and several of the convicts were seriously injured.

FROM EUROPE.

The Latest Quotations.

LONDON, April 13-5 P. M.—Consols closed at 94); for money, and 94% for account. American securities quiet; 5-208 of 1862, 89%; of 1865, old, 87%; of 1867, 89%; 10-468, 89. Railways quiet; Erie, 20%; llinois Central, 112%; Great Western, 28.

Liverroot, April 13-5 P. M.—Nothing in the Cotton and general Liverpool markets from to-morrow until next Tucsday. Cotton closed dull; uplands, 11%d, Orienns, 11%@11%d. Sales to-day, 12,000 bales, including 2000 for export and specuration. Lard, 68s. 9d. Bacon, 57s. Refined Percoleum, 18,5%d. leum, 18, 53gd. London, April 13-5 P. M.—Tallow dull at 44s, 9d.

@45s. Sugar heavy both on the spot and affoat; on the spot, 34s. 6d.@85s.; and affoat, 28. 6d. Linseed

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

EVENING TELEGRAPH OFFICE.)
Wednesday, April 12, 1870.
In the absence of any pressure for loans the local money market continues without material change of feature, but the supply being only moderate, rates are steady at former quotations. The supply of strictly first-class paper is very light for the season, which is usually one of remarkable business activity, and there is a good demand for it both at the banks and discount houses. The activity at the Stock Board keeps up the demand for call loans, but there is a growing preference for good paper owing to the absence of pressure on the market. We quote call loans at 5@6 per cent. and discounts at 6@7 per cent. on sixty and ninety days' paper. indications are all in favor of continued ease in the market.

Gold is dull but steady at about last night's quotations. Sales at the opening at 112%; highest figure, 112%; lowest, 112%; and premium at noon, 112%.

Government bonds are very quiet, and closing prices of vesterday are not maintained. There was a fair business at the Stock Board, but the demand was chlefly for the rallways. Prices were very firm, and generally higher. State loans were active. Sales of the coupon 5s at 9914, and in city 6s of the new issues at 10214.

Reading Railroad sold at 49%@49 69. sylvania was active and advanced, selling at 58% 658%. Sales of Minehill at 53%; Lehigh Valley at 55%; and Philadelphia and Erie at 29½, b. o. Ten shares of Camden and Amboy sold at 119.

Canal shares were in demand at last quotations, but there were no sales to report. Small sales of Philadelphia Bank at 162, and Girard at 60%, represent the entire sales from the miscellaneous list this morning. PHILADELPHIA STOCK EXCHANGE SALES.

Reported by De Haven & Bro., No. 40 S. Third street.

8ECOND BOARD. \$5000 City 6s, N.Is.102½ 19 sh Leh Val.c&p. 55 20 20 Pa 6s, 1 se.... 103½ 10 sh Read R... trf. 40 -69 21 10 sh 7ta Nat Bk... 85wn.... 90 \$100 Pa & N 1 Cl 18 22% 10 8h Ita Nat Bk... 90 \$260 Cky 6s, New 102% \$580 ... 90 \$1800 do ... 0ld.101% 100 sh Penna R.b60. 58% \$2600 N Pa 7s ... 35, 90% 100 do ... 85wn. 58% 5 8h C& Am R. 119 \$289 do ... 18, 58% 100 sh O C & A R R. 40%

NARR & LADNER, Bankers, report this morning

N. Y. MONEY MARKET YESTERDAY.

"By resolution adopted this morning the Stock Exchange decided to adjourn over Good Friday. As the day is not a legal holiday the banks and private banking houses will be under the necessity of remaining open to meet sight drafts, notes, and like

papers.

The advance in gold yesterday induced large sales of bonds, the bills drawn against which weak-ened exchange, which declined to 108% (@109 for sixty days sterling, although the nominal quotation for prime was 109%. The little business of the day was at the figures first quoted.

"The Government market was steady, the decline in gold to-day having been seemingly discounted in the quotations for bonds last night, while prices of five-twentles in London were better by an eight to a quarter per cent, upon the reaction here in gold this forenoon. The Assistant Treasurer in this city will receive proposals to-morrow for the sale of on million of five-twenties to the Governments.

LATEST SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE. For additional Marine News see Inside Pages,

(By Telegraph.)

NEW YORK, April 13.—Arrived, steamship Caba, from Liverpool, and Hermann, from Bremen.

PORT OF PHILADRIPHIA.....APRIL 13 STATE OF THERMOMETER AT THE EVENING TELEGRAPH 7 A. M.52 | 11 A. M.64 | 2 P. M.68

CLEARED THIS MORNING. Steamer S. C. Walker, Sherin, New York, W.M.Balrd Steamer Novelty, Shaw, New York, W. M. Baird & Steamer Fannie, Fenton, New York, W. M. Baird & Co. Sehr Glenwood, Dickinson, Lynn, John C. Scott & Schr Ann E. Safford, Powell, Lynn,

ARRIVED THIS MORNING. Steamship Wyoming, Teal, 70 hours from Savan-nah, with cotton, rice, etc., to Philadelphia and Southern Mail Steamship Co. Southern Mail Steam-hip Co.

Steamer C. Comstock, Drake, 24 hours from New York, with make, to W. M. Baird & Co.

Steamer W. Whilidin, Riggans, 13 hours from Baltimore, with make, to A. Groves, Jr.

Schr Ellen Helgate, Gelding, 6 days from Newbern, N. C., with limber to Norcross & Sheets.

Schr D. Corbit, Eldridge, 2 days from Egg Harbor, with grain to Jas. L. Bewley & Co.

Schr Admiral, Steelman, from Salem.

Schr L. A. Danenhower, Grace, from Boston.

Schr Trade Wind, Corson, from Boston.

BELOW.

Barks Theodosius Christian, from Liverpool, and Eliza Cochran, from West Indies; brig Perseverance,

PASSENGERS ARRIVED. Per steamship Wyoming, Capt. Teal, from Savan-nah-Mrs. Selby, child, and servant, Mrs. Jennie Sterne, Mrs. Hill and child, Mrs. Margaret Whitaker, Mrs. R. G. Stotesbury. Miss Anna Turley, H. C. Os-mond, James Pugan, H. C. Goodsell, J. W. Graham, H. Baltz, S. Campbell, George T. Thorpe, Marion Mane, Jos. Richards, William Ree, John N. Stokes, J. P. Graves.

ANALIST RECEIVED TO A STATE OF A

MEMORANDA.
Ship Vale of Clwyd, from Liverpool for Philadelphia, was spoken 9th ult. lat. 47, long. 31.

FROM EUROPE.

Many 10, April 18.—The trial of the Duke of Mont-ensier for the murder of rrince henry de Bourbon in a duel in March last, was concluded before the Council of War last evening. The Duke's product contession of the deed, and his expression of regret therefor, were accepted as extenuating circum-

The Duke was sentenced to one month's exile from Madrid, and to pay \$0000 indemnity to the family of Prince Henry.

Ship News.

LONDONDERRY, April 13.—The steamship Prussian, from Portland for Liverpool, touched here to-day.

Brest. April 13.—The steamship Prussian, from Portland for Liverpool, touched here Brest, April 13.—The steamer Lafayette, from New York, arrived here this morning on the way to Havre.

This Afternoon's Quotations.
PARIS, April 13.—The Bourse closed quiet. Rentes 73f. \$2c.

ANTWERP, April 13.—Petroleum closed declining at 5if.

MHAVRE, April 18.—Coston opened heavy at 138f. on the spot, and 132½f. on the spot.

BREMEN, April 13.—Petroleum opened flat at 6 thalers, 18 groats.

HAMBURG, April 13.—Petroleum opened heavy.

FROM NEW YORK.

The Trial of McFarland. The Trial of McFarland.

New York, April 18.—The court room was crowded as usual this morning including more women than usual. Several letters written by Mrs. Cathoun to Mrs. Richardson-McFarland were read, similar in character to those already read.

The Recorder intimated that counsel would do well to refrain from reading letters merely relating to Mrs. Cathoun's personal feelings and not directly bearing on the case.

Judge Davis said he supposed the prosecution could not object to the reading of the letters which the prisoner had plundered from the trunk of his wife, and which the defense seemed to think supported some theory of theirs.
Charles W. Eastwood, first witness to-day, was a woollen dealer; he knew McFarland; did not regard

An argument was heard to-day before the Committee on Elections in the case of Eggleston vs. Strader, from the First Onio District. R. M. Corwin appeared as counsel for Eggleston, and Edison for woollen dealer; he knew McFarlann; did not regard him in his right mind; prisoner often told witness that he had not had a good night's sleep in six weeks, and wished he was dead. Sanford B. Wakeman, the next witness, knew the prisoner and regarded him as frantic on family Strader. No conclusion was reached. The com-mittee will take the matter under adv. sement.

New York Money and Stock Markets. New York Money and Stock Markets.

New York April 13.—Stocks firm. Money easy at 6 per cent. Gold, 112%. Five-twenties, 1862, coupon, 111%; do. 1864, do., 109%; do. 1865 do., 110%; do. do. new, 169%; do. 1861, 109%; do. 1868, 109%; lo-408, 106; Virginia 68, new, 69; Canton Company, 66%; Cumberland preferred, 30%; Consolidated N. Y. Central and Hudson River, 92%; Brie, 24%; Reading, 99%; Adams Express, 60%; Michigan Central, 119%; Michigan Southern, 87%; Michigan Central, 119%; Michigan Southern, 87%; Illinois Central, 138; Cleveland and Pittsburg, 10e; Chicago and Rock Island, 116%; Pittsburg and Fort Wayne, 93; Western Union Telegraph, 32%.

New York Produce Market. ORK, April 13.—Cotton duil and nominal; upland, 23%c; middling Orleans, 23%c. Four duil and heavy. Wheat duil and nominally lower; winter red Western, \$1-20@1-22. Corn is without decided change, Oats duil, Bref quiet. Pork unchanged. Lard quiet; steam in therees, 15%cm. @15%. Whisky doll at \$1 ol.

FROM THE WEST.

Fire at Cleveland. CLEVELAND, O., April 13.—The crude oil tanks owned by W. H. Doan took fire this morning from a spark from a locomotive. Loss, \$40,000, insurance, \$20,000, in the following companies:—People's, Worcestershire, Mass., Union, San Francisco, Commerce, Albany, \$1000 each; Sun, Cleveland, Occidental, San Francisco, \$2000 each; Lafayette, Cincinnati, Farmers', Cincinnati, \$2500 each; Glens Falls and Home, Columbus, \$4000 each.

Fire in Cincinnati.
Cincinnati, April 13.—The planing mill of Elias Bhler, on Front street, was partially destroyed by fire at 3 o'clock this morning. Loss, \$20,000; insured in the Buck Eye, Magnolia, and Miami, of this city; each for \$2000. Also \$4000 in other companies. Two adjoining cottages were burued.

LEGAL INTELLIGENCE

Court of Quarter Sessions-Judge Paxson sportsman and prefessional gunner named A sportsman and prefessional gunner named John Cornell was charged with stealing a shot-gun belonging to Philip Miller. The gun was put up at a match, to be shot for as a prize, and Cornell won it upon a chance taken by one Boyer. The following day he won a horse for Boyer and Miller, and then took the gun, saying it had been promised him as a reward for his services. This the prosecutor denied, and hence followed this criminal action. There being no evidence of a felonious intent in the conduct of the defendant, he was acquitted.

The Walte Arson Case. The Waite Arson Case.

Mrs. Catherine Waite was called to the bar for trial upon the charge of arson in setting fire to the premises she occupied in Eighth street. This being a felony, the defense was entitled to peremptory challenges, and at the time of our going to press counsel were engaged in the selection of a jury according to the fashion of murder trials.

FIRE STATIONERY. ARMS, MONOGRAMS, ILLUMINATING, ETO. DREKA, 1633 OHESNUT Street.

Mr. Kelley, from the Committee on Coinage, reported a bill in reference to international unitary coinage—not, he said, to have action taken on it now, but to bring it to the attention of Congress and the country, and to have action taken at a later period of the session. He referred to the history of the movement, and to the International Convention on the subject, where it was proposed that the British pound sterling should be made the unit of value, and where Mr. SamuelW. Ruggies, the United States delegrate, moved as an amendment the adoption of the French system. This action of the United States delegrate had been considered by the scientific men of this country as peculiarly unfortunate, as it forsclosed discussion, and confined action to a choice between the British and French systems. The movement, he said, had taken its origin in a bill introduced in the American Congress, where it had fallen still-born, and although it awakened little at-Card Engraver and Stationer W EDDING AND ENGAGEMENT RINGS.
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private patterns and designs expressly for our trade, Canton Matting,

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ARCH STREET CARPET WAREHOUSE.

CARPETINGS.

New Styles at the Reduced Rates BRUSSELS, 3-PLYS, INGRAIN, AND VENETIAN CARPETINGS, OTTAWA JApril 13.—Detectives from Toronto, with a warrant for the arrest of Scott and Richalas, accessories to the murder of Thomas Scott, arrived here to-day and placed their warrant in the hands of McMecken, supendiary magistrate, who declined to act without directions from the Minister of Justice,

At 25 per cent. lower than last season's prices. JOSEPH BLACKWOOD.

No. 832 ARCH STREET. Below Ninth, South Side.

FOURTH EDITION

Free Cuba in a Poor Way.

The International Yacht Race.

The Revolution Breaking Up.

The Peabody Will in Probate

The Proceedings of Congress To-day.

Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Btc.

FROM EUROPE.

New Austrian Cabinet.

VIENNA, April 13 .- Count Patocki has succeeded in forming a new Cabinet, as follows:-President of the Council of Ministers and Minister of Agriculture, Count Patocki; Minister of the Interior and War, Count E. de Taaffe; Minister of Justice and Public Instruction, M. Tschabuschnigg: Minister of Finance, M. Distter; Minister of Commerce, M. Depretiz.

Cuban News In Spalu. MADRID, April 13.—The authorities are greatly elated with the news from Caba. The latest official bulletin from De Rodas announces the insurrection

morally, though not actually, ended, The Yachting Contest. LONDON, April 12.—The Pail Mail Gazette this morning congratulated Mr. Ashbury on the acceptance of his challenge by the fleet of American schooners in-

The Carlist Outbreak. PARIS, April 18.—A despatch from Bayonne, dated this morning, states that several more noted Carlist leaders have just passed over into Spain.

French Labor Strikes. The authorities have again been notified that threatened strikes are to begin to-day in various manufactories in this city. It is reported that the Emperor's proclamation relative to the Piebiscitum will be published the day after to-morrow.

FROM WASHINGTON. The Postal Telegraph Bill.

Despatch to the Associated Press.

Washington, April 13.—The House Select Committee on the Postal Telegraph at a meeting to-day instructed General Washburn, of Wisconsin, the chairman, to report his bill, heretofore introduced, connecting the telegraph with the postal service.

CONGRESS.

Continued from the Third Edition.

Continued from the Third Edition.

Mr. Cessna moved to proceed to the Pennsylvania contested election case of Taylor against Reading.

Mr. Schenek said he felt bound to object, and proposed the question whether the House would now consider it.

The question was put by the Speaker, and on a division of the House the vote stood—yeas 66; nays 63. Tellers were then ordered, when the affirmative vote was 95. navs not counted.

affirmative vote was 90; navs not counted. Mr. Brooks (N. Y.) called for the yeas and nays, when the vote was—yeas 107, nays 52. So the House, at haif-past two o'clock, proceeded with the election case of Taylor against Reading—the majority report being that Reading the sitting member, was not entitled to the seat, and Taylor, contestant, was—the minority report taking the opposite

Mr. Cesena, representing the majority of the com-mittee, moved the previous question, with the offer-that, if seconded, he would allow forty minutes tothe opposite and take only twenty minutes to hi

Mr. Randall, representing the minority of the committee, objected to that, saying that the sitting member desired to speak, as did several other gentle The House, however, seconded the previous question, and Mr. Randall proceeded to address the House in defense of the right of the sitting member.

FROM NEW YORK.

The McFarland Trial.

Centinued from the Third Edition. George Wellings, waiter in a restaurant, alsotestified—Knew McFarland; thought him frenzied;
used often to hear him muttering to himself.

The Recorder asked Mr. Graham to indicate how
long he intended to take accumulating evidence asto McFarland's peculiarities.

Mr. Graham said they intended to prove by overwhelming evidence that the defendant was deranged
on the subject of his domestic troubles. In such a
case as the present it was impossible for them to
know when they had given enough of syidence.

know when they had given enough of evidence.

Michael Callahan, employed in the same restaurant as the previous witness, gave corroborative testimony. A statement made by the brother of the prisoner to witness, in regard to the strange conduct of McFarland, was, after argument, ruled out as incompetent testimony.

FROM CUBA. Breaking up of the Rebellion. Breaking up of the Rebellion.

HAVANA, April 13.—A telegram from Ds Rodas, dated Puerto Principe, April 10, is published here to-day. A column of marines had killed 52 insurgents, including Manuel Aguero and Francisco Leacas, leaders of the rebels. Voluntary surrenders continued, and every day numbers of the enemy came into the Spanish camp and claimed the protection guaranteed by the amnesty proclamation. The rebels were everywhere in confusion.

rebels were everywhere in confusion.

General Valmaseda was at Las Tunas, extending his lines towards Puerto Frincipe. Exchange on Paris, par; exchange on London, 13

States, long sight, \$2,4010% discount; gold exchange on United States, long sight, \$2,4010% discount; gold exchange on United States long, 24 premium; ditto, short sight, \$2,404% premium.

FROM NEW ENGLAND. BOSTON, April 13.—The will of the late George Peabedy was admitted to probate in Essex county, yesterday. It shows that public benefactions have absorbed his property, except about \$150,000 in private bequests to his relatives.

INSPECTOR LEE'S GOLCONDA.

Williams' \$10,000 in Diamonds-Custom-House Politicians in Clover. Among the passengers of the screw steamer Main, which arrived at this port from South-ampton on the 8th of April, was Mr. J. W. Williams, from "Lunnun town." As soon as the vessel came alongside the wharf, Mr. Williams got his luggage on the wharf, and started to view the city of New York. As he was carelessly strolling down the wharf, Inspector James Lee stopped Mr. Williams and asked him whether he had anything about him liable to duty. Mr. Williams answered in the negative; but this did not satisfy the wily Lee, who asked him to step into the office, and then proceeded to search his pockets. In Mr. Williams' panlaloons pocket a diamond bracelet was found wrapped up in an old newspaper, and in his coat pocket a wallet containing several loose diamonds of great value. Mr. Williams' defence was that he did not think he had to pay any duty, as the diamonds were second hand, having been purchased from a woman who had not beautiful to the containing the contain purchased them from a jeweller. The diamonds are very handsome, one weighing 4% carats; 26 brilliants weighing 35% carats, and the others weighing 108% carats. Their value is estimated at something over \$10,000. For the present the diamonds remain in the keeping of the Custom House officials.—N. Y. Sun to-day.

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stated amplicate array of to the qual case on the refer that the property