FIRST EDITION

ENGLISH BOAT RACE.

The Races for Forty Years.

Burning of the Indiana Jail.

Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.

THE COLLEGE RACES.

Oxford and Cambridge for Forty Years-The International Race of Last Season. The names of the crows in yesterday's race on the Thames, together with their weights and the college to which each man belongs, are as

Names	Colleges,	250
R. Mirehouse (bow)	University	
A G. P. Lewis T. S. Baker T. Edwardes-Moss F. Payne	University	161
A Tr. L. Liewis.	Change	18
T. S. Baker.	Matter!	** * ** * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
T. Edwardes-Moss	TO A DIMENSOR OF THE PARTY OF T	*****************
F. Payno.	John B	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
W. D. Benson. S. D. Darbyshib e (stroke) A. S. Hali (coxswain)	Balliot	
34 D. Darbyahite (stroke)	Balliol	
A St Mall (coverain)	Corners	105
A. D. Han (Coassesin)		11114 111111
CA CA	MBHIDGE.	444
R. S. L. Randolph (bow).	3d Trinity	
R. S. L. Randolph (bow). J. W. Dale	Lady Margaret	direct 17836
W. H Lowe		
W M Lowe	Christ's.	
To Dhalms	Nidney	179
T. C. hannaham	Trinity Mall	10754
J. F. Strateman	Towns	16912
d. H. Riuley	ALL OF CHARLES ASSESSED.	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
E. Phelps. J. F. Strachan J. H. Ridley. J. H. D. Goldie (stroke).	Lakiy Margaret	Correspond to
H. E Gordon (coxswain)	establish Trinity.	serementill's

The following is a list of the contests, in eight-oared boats, between the clubs of the two universities since their first organization, with the time made by the winning boat and the margin of the winners in such of the races as were rowed over the course from Putney to Mortlake, upon which all since 1845 have taken

the state of the s	44	(6,0000)	445
Fr. Winner,	Course,	301. #	Won by
1899 Oxford He	mley	14 80	
Total Carn'me W.	estminster to Patr	10v. 36 00.	-
total Cambra W	estminster to Puta	esy 31 00	
Artist States Man	estminster to Putr	00 00 m	
1940. Cam ge. W	estiminster to Fact	ACT CONTRACT	
1841. Cam'go. W	estminater to Putr	10y. 03 27	-
1842 . Oxford W	estminster to Put:	107 30 do	
18th. Cam'gePu	tney to Mortlake.		33 seconds.
1846 Uam'ge Mc	irtlake to rutney.		2 lengths.
1849 Cam'ge Pr	they to Mortlake.		Many leths.
- Oxford Pu	tney to Mortlake.	Foul	
1959 Oxford Po	tucy to Mortlake.	91.781	77 seconds.
1554 Challend Dr	tney to Mortlake.	95 90	II atmikes
1004, Carolina 121	ortlake to Putney.	102 200	EL -16 Lamestin
1857, Oxford . Pt	tney to Mortlake.	A 4 4 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	to accounts.
1868. Cam'go . P'	tney to Mortlake.	***** Bill 1900	ES HOUDINGS.
leas. Oxford . Pr	tucy to Mortlake.		Cam sauk.
1860. Cam'ge . Pt	tney to Mertlake.	20 04	Llength.
1861. Oxford Pt	nney to Mortlake.	23 17	45 seconds.
1863 Oxford Pr	they to Mortinge.		30 seconds.
1863 Oxford M	ortlake to Putney.	23 5	42 secends.
18th Oxford Pr	tney to Mortiske.	91 48	93 seconds
1965 Oxford P	tney to Mortiske.	91 02	12 seconds
	tney to Mortlake.		
	itney to Mortinke.		
1867. OxfordF	tency to Mortinge.	000 000	Than rougen.
1868. Oxford P	atney to Mortlake		a lengths.
1869. Oxford . P	itney to Mortlake		o tengths.
	stney to Mortlako.		129 lengths.

Oxford vs. Harvard. The famous International race between Oxford and Harvard was contested August 27, 1869. The course stretched from Putney to Mortlake, on the Thames, and the race was won by Oxford by one and a half lengths. Time, 22 min. 4016 sec.

JAIL BURNING.

The Destruction of the Indiana State Prison-One of the Prisoners Smothered to Deathmes Among the Convicts.

The Louisville Journal has an account of the Indiana disaster, previously reported by telegraph, from which we extract the following:-Here ensued a scene which defies all description. The cell-house had been standing for over twenty-five years; all the wood work was as dry as tinder and highly inflammable; the hatchways in the roof were all closed; niuety-two of the convicts were in the chapel, leaving about sixty-five in their cells. Imagine sixty-five human beings in iron cages, locked up; the crackling o the flames above; the pouring of the smoke through all the ranges; the yells and plead-ings of the poor wretches calling for deliverance; the herculean efforts of their fellow-convicts, pouring in from the other wings of the prison; the officers and guaids amid the smoke; the confusion, excitement, and chaotic confusion of everything In the excitement, the keys of two ranges of cells were broken. This gave fresh cause for alarm. Bolts, crowbars, old pieces of iron, and available thing to break locks, brought into use. One stalwart convict name Thompson, frenzied with despair, seeing no hope of escape, made one mighty attempt and burst open his cell door. The smoke increased fast, and filled up the entire vaccum in the cell-house, as the windows and all other apertures, with one or two exceptions, were closed. This intensely exciting scene must have lasted for nearly half an hour be-fore the last man was released from his fiery prison, if they were all got out alive. But this is not certain. Every man came out with streaming and swollen eyes. They came forth staggering, coughing, straining, and tottering around like drunken men, leaning up against the walls of the prison, some sitting, some lying down. At length the work was nearly done but still a few pitiful wailings could be heard, pleading for help. The heroic saviors rushed back, guided only by sound, and dragged out the last three convicts, Peter Dittman, Billy Hamlin, and Dick Tirhoon.

THE ONLY DISASTER TO LIFE was to a negro named Isaac Roberts, who was confined in the upper range of cells, near the north end, on the east side, a place most difficult to get at, and the furthest from the door leading out of the prison. Some of the employes of the prison felt a delicacy in letting the reporter know of this case of fatality; in fact, they refused to give any particulars. The hesitancy in this respect is certainly unnecessary, for everything was done that could be done. No efforts were spared to save the convicts, nor was the cell-house abandoned until it was impossible for a man to enter and remain one minute there

and the fact that only one man was lost is a

sufficient evidence that all hands did their duty.

FORTUNATE. Just at the time the fire broke out prayer meeting was being conducted in the chapel and ninety-two convicts, who have cells in that portion of the prison, were engaged in religious worship in the meeting. Had they been confined in their cells at the time of the fire, a fearful loss of life would have resulted.

NO ESCAPES. No attempt was made by any of the convicts to escape during the excitement that prevailed, and up to 9 o'clock last night no escapes had

At first there were slight whispers about in-cendiarism by some of the convicts, but this opinion found not a half dozen believers fire originated near the roof, from a defective flue. The chimney, it is said, had not been cleaned out for some time, and the soot had accumulated. On each side of the cell-house there are two stoves. There had been a fire in all the stoves, but the fires were all very low when the fire originated. The disaster is attributed to the soot catching fire and burning some laths between the ceiling and the roof.

The railroad officials at Chattanooga report that 31,000 negroes have passed through that place during the past few months on their way to Mississippi, Louisiana, and Texas.

A ST. LOUIS HORROR.

A Wan Murdered and Thrown Into the River. The Missouri Democrat of April 5 says:—
On Saturday morning last, some fishermen saw the body of a man floating in the eddy, between the mouth of Cahokia creek and the Pittsburg dyke, on the Illinois shore. They went out in a skiff, caught the body, and towed it to the east shore. Captain McLane, of the East St. Louis Metropolitan Police Force, was

unable to attend to the case till yesterday. Upon examining the body of the deceased, it was discovered that a foul murder had been committed. The head of the victim was beaten almost to a jelly, apparently with a stick of wood or some dull instrument. The legs were crossed below the knees, and tied tight with a black silk handkerchief. Above the right knee a check gingham handkerchief was tied, with a slip-knot on one end, as though it had been made fast to something, probably a heavy

notified, and he telegraphed to Belleville to the Coroner of St. Clair county, Mr. Torg, who was

weight to sink the body.

The remains had the appearance of having been in the water some four or five days.

The following is a description of the de-The following is a description of the deceased—five feet eight inches in height, blue eyes, dark hair, short cut grey whiskers, and the age of the man when living probably about fifty years. He had on a brown woollen knit jacket, blue check overshirt, grey flaunel undershirt, white and black striped cassimere pants, woollen drawers, white woollen socks, and heavy boots. The palms of the hands of the deceased were hard and had the appearance of being those of a

hard and had the appearance of being those of a laboring man. The pockets were empty, and there was nothing whatever found on the body to indicate the name or lead to the identification, except what is given above. The verdict of the Coroner's jury was, that the unknown deceased had been murdered.

METHODISM.

The Methodist Episcopal Churches of Philadelphin-Their Numerical and Financial

We have received a copy of the minutes of the Eighty-third Session of the Philadelphia Conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church, recently held at Pottsville. We extract the following interesting figures, showing the condition of the different churches of that denomination within the city limits: pro-

CHURCHES.	embers	Protation	laptisma atering year.	Value of church perty.	Contribit during year.
St. George's	390	45	24	2 38,000	\$5,676
Firm Street	453	28	16	26,000	3,370
St. John's	657	61	7/6	27,000	4,001
Front Street	405	50	64	34,000	4,943
Green Street	705	43	37	55,000	9,419
Twelfth Street.		35	38	29,500	
Tabernacle	400	90	50	*49,000	
Hancock Street	322		70	*14,000	2,493
Sanctuary	218	14		*22,000	
Kensington	693	35	84	36,000	5,556
Cohacksink	553	75		*85,000	5,093
Sileam	410	50		*23,000	5,241
Summerfield	410	140		*14,000	
Union	393	21		*50,000	
Arch Street	258	53		*157,500	
Salem	611			23,500	2,851
Ebenezer	630	44		*25,000	3,168
St. Paul's	591	38		30,500	3,700
Mariners' B'th'l		90		31,000	2,726
Wharton Street		55	*67	30,000	B,147
Second Street.	127	22		*4,000	1,100
Scott	363	27	52	*20,000	1,339
Eleventh Street	219	16		*15,000	1,788
Broad Street	330	38	93	23,500	2,338
Fitzwater St	-88	83	48	4,000	415
Pitman's Chap.	100	50		10,000	1,180
Western	281	33	-63	*40,000	2,969
Asbury	249			18,000	2,873
Christ Church.	180	10		*50,000	2,085
Fortieth street.	200			*15,000	1,545
Hestonville	220			*6,000	
haddington	70	3		*4,000	1,990
Centenary	136	39		*4 000	1,105
Trinity	200	30			
Nazareth	488	72	40		2,008
Central	427	b 2		*25,000	4,514
Emory	282	58	147	19,000	1,649
Nineteenth St.,	860	18		*40,000	1,929
Hedding	187	- 6		*16,000	5,58
Sp. Garden St		50		90,000	8,656
Twentieth St	125			*18,000	110,16
Mount Carmel.	145	26	-25	*18,000	1,173
Germantown -					1
Haines St	365			26,500	2,30
St. Stephen's.	245	62		24,500	2,58
Chesnut Hill	51	20		*7,000	1.41
Falls of Sch'k'll	55	1.0	5	*8,500	59
Roxborough	65	17	2	10,000	1,03
Manayunk-		1	1		
Mount Zion.	272	25		31,000	2,88
Ebenezer	270	2.5		*18,000	9,47
Conshohocken.	7.5	20		17,000	1,06
P't Richmond		36	47	*12,000	2,20
Frankford	663	101	93	19,000	
Bridesburg	100	10		10,000	
Holmesburg		21		*2,000	
City Mission	124	78		*21,300	6,05
2177 30100011111		- 5			
Annual State of the Control of the C	17 000	43100.00	0.000	@1 400 GOO	@301 BD

55 Churches.... 17,683 2256 2,208 \$1,490,800 \$251,388 Previous year.. 17,160 2525 2,327 \$350,500 \$196,60 [*The churches thus marked do not own parsonages, and the figures indicate the probable value of the church buildings alone. All the others own parsonages, the value of which is included in the figures.]

[*The churched in the figures.]

[*The churched in the figures.]

[*The churched in the figures.]

The above table shows an increase in the membership of the city churches of 493. The number of deaths among the membership during the same period was 217. The local preachers

connected with the above-named churches numthem being as low as \$500 without the use of a parsonage. The pastor of the Arch Street hurch receives \$3500, with house; of Spring Garden Street Church, \$3000, with house; and Trinity Church, \$2500, with house. Several receive \$2000 per year, and the remainder range

at every point between that figure and the The Churches of the Philadelphia Conference. Below we give a table which shows the comparative statistics of the churches within the bounds of the conference for the years ending March 1, 1879, and March 1, 1869: -

CALLE CALL AS A COMMA NEWS OF THE PARTY AS A COMMANDER OF THE PARTY OF	DAY 4 COUNTY	
1869.	1870.	Lacrease Decrease,
Members: — In full connection	83,879 5,071	1,833
Total	38,441	1,15
Deaths	404 4,403	200
Number	\$2,306,550	gas, 526
Parsonages:—	67 \$274,840	\$18,300
Total value church pro-		

perty......\$2,224,270 \$2,580,890 \$356,63 In the following are shown the total contribu-tions for the years ending March 1, 1870, and

March 1, 1869, with the incre-	ase:—	
Benevolent	1870. \$60.214 7,928	Increase, \$2,609 608
Church improvements and parsonages 170,726	\$29,638	158,912
Sabbath-school pur- poses	42,275 151,894	8,959 21,206
Totals \$389.156	\$591,449	\$192,993

The Democratic candidate for Governor of Oregon is described by California papers as "a moderate," and the candidate for Congress as "a

hard-shell of the secesh sort. —A Boston paper says that there are very few railroads in New England whose receipts are not now from 100 to 500 per cent. in excess of

the original estimates.

The citizens of Baltimore are to decide by vote, to-morrow, whether \$2,500,000 shall be appropriated to the improvement of Jones' Falls, that the neighboring portions of the city may not be again flooded.

SECOND EDITION

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH

ANOTHER VETO

The Great Bond Transfer Bill.

Governor Kills It.

The Pennsylvania Legislature Adjourns Sine Die.

Celebration of the Fifteenth Amendment.

The Use of the State Capitol Granted to the Colored Citizens.

Democrats Urge the Adoption of the Motion.

Important New Dominion Advices.

The Connecticut Bank Robbery

Financial and Commercial

Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.

FROM THE STATE.

The Great Railroad Bond Transfer Bill Ve-

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph. HARRISBURG, April 7 .- Governor Genty has vetoed the Railroad Bond Transfer bill, This measure, as it passed both houses, was entitled "An act to facilitate and secure the construction of an additional railway connection between the waters of the Susquebanna and the great lakes of Canada and the Northwestern States, by extending the aid and credit of certain corporations to the Jersey Shore, Pine Creek and Buffalo Railway Conference and in like manustry and in the construction of

pany, and in like manner to aid the construction of the Pittsburg, Virginia and Charleston Rallway, the Clearfield and Buffalo Rallway, and the Eric and Allegheny Railway." The preamble sets forth the expediency of constructing the above-named roads and "thereby provide outlets for important portions of this Commonwealth that are filled with valu able coal, minerals, and other products now without such highways, and when these lines are constructed adding greatly to the taxable values for State, county, and municipal purposes, as well as to greatly increase the value of productions from those sections of the Commonwealth for manufacturing, agricultural, and all

The first section of the bill reads as follows "That the Jersey Shore, Pine Creek, and Buffalo Railway Company be and they are hereby authorized to execute a first morigage to the amount of six millions of dollars in lieu and substitution of the loan said company have heretofore been authorized to make, which shall cover all their line of railway to be constructed from Jersey Shore to connect with the Buffalo and Washington Railway, as set forth in their charter, with its extensions, rights of way, equipment, engine houses, machine shops, tools, and property of every kind whatsoever appurtenant to and requisite for the maintenance, management, and operation of said road, together with the corporate rights and franchises acquired and to be acquired to secure the payment of bonds as hereing after provided; such bond bearing interest at the after provided; each bond bearing interest at five per centum per annum, payable semi-annually from and after the first day of April, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and seventy, which bonds shall be payable to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, to be deposited in the slaking fund of the Commonwealth, with the interest thereon, for application only to the payment of the public debt; these bonds to be received by the Cemmonwealth in lieu and substitution of the existing debt of that amount of five per centum bonds that is contracted to be paid by the Pennsylvania Railroad Company, and all liens and claims arising in connection therewith, and the said six millions of dolars of bonds shall be received in tall satisfactions of the said six millions of dolars of bonds shall be received in tall satisfactions of the said six millions of dolars of bonds shall be received in tall satisfactions of the said statement of the said six millions of dolars of bonds shall be received in tall satisfactions. of dollars of bonds shall be received in full satis-faction of the said bonds of the Pennsylvania Rail-road Company, and of all liens and claims arising thereunder or therefor. " " Upon the delivery of the bonds and mortgages as kereinbefore pro-vided, the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund of this Commonwealth are hereby authorized, empowered, and directed to deliver to the Jersey Shore, Pine Creek and Buffalo Railway Company the obliga-tions of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company now in the sinking fund, or in any way belonging to the Commonwealth, to the amount of six millions of dollars of five per centum bonds, and to cancel and dollars of five per centum bonds, and to cancel and faily satisfy all mortgages or claims of every nature and kind whatsoever existing therefor by legislative enactment, contract, or otherwise, in favor of the Commonwealth against said Pennsylvania Railroad Company, and thereupen the entire proceeds that may be realized from the said bonds and claims against the Pennsylvania Railroad Company shall be applied from time to time by the Jersey Shore Pine Creek and Buffalo Railway Company only to the immediate construction and equipment of the said line of railway heaveen the points specified in the act incorporating the said company, and the said main line of railway shall be constructed and opened for public use within three years from the passage of this act: Provided, however, That no delivery or exchange of bonds vided, however. That no delivery or exchange of bonds shall be made under the provisions or authority of this act by the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund until a act by the Commissioners of the Staking Fund until a contract for the construction and equipment of the Jersey Shore, Pine Creek and Buffalo Railway with responsible parties, duly executed, shall be delivered to said commissioners and an absolute guarantee for the fulfilment thereof within the time and conditions of this act by the Catawissa and Philadelphia Jand Rearing Railroad Companies, or the Catawissa and Lehigh valley Railroad Companies, or the Catawissa and Lehigh and Susquehanna Railroad Companies, or by the Palladelphia and Eric, Northern Central, and Pennsylvania Railroad companies, and also a guarantee in like manner of the payment by said Jersey Shore, Pine Creek, and Buffalo Railway Company of three hundred thousand dollars interest per annum, as it accrues to the State on the said bonds of the Jersey Shore, Pine Creek, and Buffalo Railway Company during the construction of said line of railway, and until it is construction of said line of railway, and until it is opened for traffic as required by this act."

The section would up with a proviso "that the said Pennsylvania Railroad Company shall give its consent in writing, duly executed under the seal of said company, to the transfer of the sald Pennsylvania Railroad company's bonds to the said Jersey Shore, Pine Creek, and Buffalo Railway Company.

The second section provided "That the three and a half millions of five per centum bonds, now in the sinking fund, given by the Allegheny Valley Railroad Company to the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, together with all the guarantees connected therewith, be and they are hereby appropriated for aiding in the development of certain districts of this Commonwealth as hereinafter provided.

after provided.

"First, To the Pittaburg, Virginia and Charleston Railway Company, and to the branch railroad to Waynesburg, in Greene county, one million six hundred thousand dollars.

"Second, To the Clearfield and Buffalo Railway Company, one million four hundred thousand dollars.

"Third. To the Eric and Allegheny Railway Company, are hundred thousand dellars.

"For which the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania shall receive their bonds respectively bearing the same interest and maturing at the same time as the bonds of the Commonwealth now holds in proparties proportion from each company, all of which shall be secured by a second mortgage upon those lines and the branches thereof respectively, their property franchies and common."

franchises and equipment." The remainder of the section, among other

things, contained a provision requiring the said railroad lines to be constructed and open for public use within three years from the passage of the act.

Fire at Pittsburg. PITTSBURG, April 7 .- The dry goods store of J. H. Baum, at Birmingham, was burned yesterday. Fully insured. The flouring mill of Douglass & Hays, in Allegheny City, was totally destroyed by an incendiary fire last night. Loss \$25,000. The building was owned by Rodgers & Co. The insurance on the building is \$3000, and on the machinery \$8000 in the Home Company.

PENNSYLVANIA LEGISLATURE.

Senate.

HARRISBURG, April 7.—A message was received from the Governor vetoing the bill giving the aid of the State to the construction of the Jersey Shore and Buffalc and other rairroads. The message declares the bill to be unconstitutional.

On motion of Mr. Wallace, the consideration was

postponed.

Mr. Randall moved that the joint resolution providing for final adjournment to-day be rescinded, and that both houses adjourn on Thursday, the 14th of April. Lost. The year and nays were as fol-

of April. Lost. The yeas and hajs were as follows:—
Yeas—Messrs Beck, Connell, Findlay, Henszey, Linderman, Lowry, Miller, Mumma, Nagle, Olmsted, Randall, Wallace, Watt—13.
Nays—Messrs. Allen, Billingfelt, Brooke, Brodhead, Brown, Buckalew, Davis, Graham, Howard, Kerr, McIntyre, Osterbout, Robinson, Rutan, Turner, Warfel, White Stinson (Speaker)—18.
Mr. Lowry then moved that the session be continued until Saturday. It was impossible to get through with the business of the Legislature to-day, even not taking into consideration the veto just read. Lost. The yeas and nays were as fellows:—
Yeas—Messrs. Beck, Connell, Findlay, Henszey, Linderman, Lowry, McIntyre, Miller, Nagle, Olasteé, Randall, Robison, Wallace, and Watt.
Nays—Messrs. Allen, Billingfelt, Brooke, Brodhead, Brown, Buckalew, Graham, Howard, Kerr, Mamma, Rutan, Turner, Warfel, White, and Stinson, Speaker.

son, Speaker.

The election of a new Speaker followed. Fourteen

Pernocratic votes were cast for William A. Wallace and seventees Republican votes were cast for dene-ral Harry White, who was declared elected. Speaker Stuson then delivered his farewell address as follows:—
Senators—It has been a long-established custom

of this Senate for the Speaker, before handing over the gavel to his successor, to make some remarks. It is not in obedience to this custom, however, It is not in obedience to this custom, however, that I now speak, but because it would be not only in violation to my own feelings, but unjust to yet, if I left this chair without saying that I esteem it my highest privilege to return to you my own sincere thanks for the uniform kindness and courtesy shown me whilst acting as presiding efficer of this bedy. I can most conscientiously say that I have endeavored to enforce the rules governing us with impartiality, and that the thickness and conscientions.

tiality, and that neither passion nor ill-feeling has ever induenced my decisions. How far I have succeeded is best known to your-How far I have succeeded is best known to yourselves. Doubtless many mistakes have been made,
but through your indeligence they never will be
known even to myself. It will be a source of great
pleasure to me, in looking back over my senatorial
life, to know that I never received an unkind word
from any member of this Senate, and that with the
kindest feelings to you all, I can now bid you farewell, wishing you only 'that your lives may be long,
useful, and happy.

The Speaker elect, General White, then assumed
the chair, and delivered an address. The oath of
office was administered by Senator Wallace,
Fesolutions of thanks were offered by Mr. Randali

Resolutions of thanks were offered by Mr. Randall to Hon. Charles H. Stisson, and were favored by Mr. Wallace in a neat speech, and were passed unaniresolutions were offered to the Chief Clerk Scorge W. Hamersly, and assistants, Lucius Rogers

and Edward Williams, as well as the other officers, all of which were ununinously adopted. Mr. Billingfelt offered resolutions of thanks to the Chaplain, Rev. Thomas F. Griffith. Passed. The Senate then adjourned sine die.

The House concurred in the Senate resolutions relative to Minister A. G. Curtin.

On motion of Mr. Smith the use of the Hall was granted to the colored citizens of Harrisburg to celebrate the fifteenth amendment. This motion was unaniiously agreed to, several of the Democrats urging its passage.

Mr. Reinochi introduced a burlesque series of res.

olutions reflecting a pon the editor of the Harrisburg Telegraph. The resolutions were withdrawn. Resolutions of thanks were offered and unanimously agreed to as follows, /iz.:-By Mr. Johnson, to the Speaker, Hon. B. B. By Mr. Mooney, to the Chief Clerk, General Sel-

By Mr. Boileau, to resident clerk, John A. Smull. By Mr. Leonard, to Assistant Clerk E. G. Lee, By Mr. Porter, of Cambria, to Librarian, Wm. T. ooper.
Mr. Cloud offered the following:

Resolved, That the thanks of this House be ten-

dered to the gentlemen who have as visitors, advisers, suggesters, and preparers of legislation, visited this Legislature and shared our joys and deplored our sorrows.

The resolution was withdrawn amid laughter.

Presentations were made as follows by Mr. Davis
on behalf of all the members:—To the Speaker,

on behalf of all the members:—To the Speaker, Hon. B. B. Strang, a gold watch and chain. By Mr. Schnatterly, on behalf of Chief Clerk Selfridge, to the Speaker, a gold-banded gavel.

By Mr. Niles, on behalf of the transcribing clerks to Chief Clerk Seifridge, of a silver set.

By Mr. Craig, on behalf of the officers of the House to Mr. Davis, of a gold-headed cane.

By Mr. Davis, on behalf of the pages, to Chief Clerk Seifridge, of a gold pencil and pen.

The Speaker then delivered his farewell address.

Adjourned size size.

FROM THE DOMINION.

Red River News.

TORONTO, April 7 .- In the House of Commons last night Mr. Cameron asked if the Government had any further intelligence from the Red River, and whether they were in a position to give any further information than had already been laid before the House; also, what the Government intended to do in reference to the murder that had recently taken place at Fort

Mr. John A. McDonald said he could only state that the Government was fully aware of and appreciated the gravity of their position We have done all we could during the winter, and, indeed, ever since the events of last October, till now. We understand and fully appreclate the responsibility that rests upon us, and I may say we have been in constant communication with Her Majesty's Government. I may add, further, that the two governments are in accord and in union, and for one object, and that is, to retain that country as a portion of Her Majesty's dominion, and to assert law and

We are acting in complete union with her Majesty's Government, and a line of conduct has been settled upon. What that line of conduct may be must be withheld from the House, for to communicate it now would simply be giving information at an improper time, that would very soon be sent to improper quarters. But I must say her Majesty's Government, while acting accord with us, have in the first place approved of the course we advised, and are co-operating with us in carrying out that course, and I am sure that course will be carried to a successful completion at no distant day. Further than this it would be improper for me to say.

FROM WASHINGTON.

The Richmond Imbrogilo.

WASHINGTON, April 7 .- The Hon. James Neeson and Judge John A. Meredith, in behalf of Ellyson, and ex-Governor Wise and Mr. Wells, in behalf of Chahoon, have arrived here, and will argue the Richmond municipal case before Chief Justice Chase in Chambers.

The question turns on the jurisdiction of Judge Underwood in the premises, and affects relatively other parts of Virginia.

Senator Fenton and Representative Van Wyck have been before the Postmaster-General to obtain an increase of pay for mail service by the New York and Eric Railroad Company.

CONGRESS.

Senate.

Washington, April 7.—Mr. Rice introduced a bill granting lands to aid in the construction of a railroad and telegraph line in New Mexico.

Mr. McDonaid, for the relief of Edward Fitzgerald and R. C. Bishop, of Little Rock, Ark.

Mr. Spencer, relative to the place of holding the United States District Court for the Middle district of Alabama. of Alabama.

Mr. Kellogg, to secure a uniform and more perfect.

system of levee for the reclamation and protection of alluvial lands in Mississippi Valley from over-

of analysis lands in Aississippi Valley from overflow,

It provides for grants of public lands of six sections per mile of levee constructed to the Mississippi Valley Lease Company, on condition that the States of Louisiana, Mississippi. Tennessee, Arkansas, and Missouri, or either of them, shall contract with said company for the construction of levees.

Mr. Chandler, from the Committee on Commerce, reported favorably the bill declaring the consent of Congress to the erection of a crib in Lake Rrie by the city of Cieveland, for the protection of an inlet for a water works about to be constructed by said city.

'The bill extending the time for the completion of the first section of twenty miles of the Cairo and Fulton Railroad was passed.

The calendar of concurrent resolutions being pro-sceeded with, the resolution directing an inquiry into

the effect of the fifteenth amendment upon the Indians was adopted. All others were severally laid Mr. Drake introduced a bill to confer jurisdiction

upon the Court of Claims to hear and determine the uit of the city of Carondolet vs. The United States, House. Mr. Butler (Mass.) asked leave to introduce a joint

esolution to annex the Republic of Dominica. Mr. Brooks (N. Y.) objected. Mr. Beck, from the Committee on Appropriations, Mr. Beck, from the Committee on Appropriations, reported the resolution in reference to the coupon books used in the internal revenue service, concurring with the Commissioner of Internal Revenue in the opinion that some form of book substantially similar to that proposed by him would promote the interests of the public service, and authorizing him to take such action as he may think right and proper to carry into effect his orders prescribing such form of book, and to inform parties of their right to procure the same in such size as may be adapted to procure the same in such size as may be adapted

to the extent of their business, and from any source they may think fit. Adopted.

Mr. Mungen offered a resolution directing an investigation by the Secretary of the Treasury into the condition and management of the Marine Hospital at Mobile. Referred to the Committee on Commerce.

Mr. Clark (Texas) introduced a bill making an

Mr. Clark (Texas) introduced a bill making an appropriation for the improvement of Galveston harbor. Texas. Referred.

He also offered a resolution instructing the Committee on Education and Labor to inquire whether any further legislation is necessary to entitle the State of Texas to the beneat of the Agricultural College land grant. Adopted.

Mr. Holland, from the Committee on Revision of Laws, reported back the following bills:—To extend the time in which certain offenses may be prosecuted. Passed. It allows prosecution for forgery, perjury, etc., in the matter of claims for pensions and bounty, to be instituted within four years.

Relating to witnesses for respondents in extradi-

Relating to witnesses for respondents in extradiion cases. Passed.

Authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury to

appoint special agents, not exceeding fifty three in number, for the purpose of making examinations of the books, papers, and accounts of collectors and other officers of the customs. After a discussion and amendment the bill was referred to the Committee on Retrenchment.
Mr. Ferriss, from the same committee, rep

bill to perpetuate testimony in the United States After explanation and discussion the bill was Mr. Jenekes, from the same committee, reported a bill to regulate the exercise of the Admiralty juris-diction in United States courts. After explanation and discussion the bill was

FROM NEW YORK.

The Army of the Cumberland. New York, April 7 .- A delegation of twentyfive or thirty members of the Army of the Cumberland leave this evening to attend the obsequies of General Thomas at Troy to-morrow. Among them are Generals Anderson, Barnum, Mackay, Colonels Wing, Lawrence, Berry, Surgeon Steers, Captains Steison, Lewis, and others. Another delegation, headed by Gen. McDowell, go via West Point, where they will be joined by troops from there.

The Waverley Bank Robbers. WAVERLEY, April 7 .- George W. Buck, President of the Waverley National Bank, has received a proposition from the burglars, offering to return the bonds stolen at the time of the bank robbery on the receipt of forty cents on the dollar. The proposition comes from New

Another Missing Steamer. New York, April 7.—Considerable anxiety is felt here about the safety of the steamer Missouri, which left here on March 24 for Havana, and has not since been heard from. New York Money and stock Markets.

New York Money and stock Markets.

New York, April 7.—stocks firm. Money easy at 6@6 per cent. Gold, 111%. Five-twenties, 1862, compon. 110%; do. 1864. do., 109%; do. 1865. do., 109%; do. 160%; do. 1867. 109%; do. 1868. 109%; do. do. new, 108%; do. 1867. 109%; dc. 1868, 109%; 10-a08, 106%; Virginia 68, new, 69%; Missouri 68, 92%; Canton Co., 63%; Cumberland preferred, 32; Consolidated New York Central and Hudson River, 92%; Rrie, 25; Reading, 98%; Adaros Express, 61; Michigan Central, 119%; Adaros Express, 61; Michigan Central, 118%; Cleveland and Pittsburg, 100; Chicago and Rock Island, 117; Pittsburg and Fort Wayne, 193%; Western Union Telegraph, 33.

LEGAL INTELLIGENCE.

Jimmy the Greek and Other Heroes. Court of Quarter Sessions-Judge Paxson.

This morning Charles H. Green, alias Jimmy the Greek, alias the Irish Lord, was convicted of an at-tempt to pick pockets. Last Friday evening Officer Moore found him with his hand in a lady's pocket at the door of the Academy of Music, and knowing him to be a professional thief, took him into cus-

him to be a professional thief, took him into custody.

John Ward, a dilapidated youth, who had been handsome and intelligent, plead guilty to a charge of highway robbery. He was the protege of an old gentleman at Norristown, who intended to take him out West. They came to the city together, and started to West Philadelphia to buy a ticket for Pittsburg, and just as they reached the depot Ward knocked the old gentleman down, took all his money from him, and leaving him unconscious in the street, ran off to Norristown. He told a patched-up story about being drunk, etc., but the judge did not believe him. As a warning to others who may be disposed to emulate the example of this romantle youth, we take pleasure in amouncing that he has been assigned to quarters in the penitentiary for been assigned to quarters in the penitentiary for

been assigned to quarters in the penitentiary for eight years.

Henry Reickard, alias James N. Parks, who attempted to go straw batt for Catharine Waite, who is charged with arson, pleaded guilty this morning to a charge of perjury. He represented to Mr. Brooke and Mr. Hoffner, who were counsel for Mrs. Watte, that he was the owner of fifteen unincumbered building lots in the Twenty-third ward, and produced his deed. They accordingly offered him as bail, and, when examined by the court under oath, he reiterated the same fabrication by which he had deceived the attorneys. An investigation by the deceived the attorneys. An investigation by the Cierk of the Court, Mr. Galton, revealed the fact that the property was not owned by the prisoner.

John Cronin, an old and persistent thief, was convicted of pocket-picking. He rode up kidge avenue on the platform of car No. 11, and stole two dollars, worth of tickets out of the conductor's pocket. worth of tickets out of the conductor's pocket. As

soon as the conductor discovered the theft and accused Cronin the latter jumped off and started to run, but was soon caught.

J. A. Cann, alias Henry Robinson, was convicted of brank

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

Byening Telegraph Oppice, Thursday, April 7, 1879. There is a continued easy feeling in the money market, though there is rather more activity today, both in call and time loans. On the former the general rate is 5 per cent., though occasional transactions for round sums on Government pledges are effected at 4½ per cent. Discounts remain easy at 6@7 per cent. for first-class names—the lower figure being confined to the banks. Prime mercantile acceptances are still in demand and scarce, owing to the unsatiastill in demand and scarce, owing to the unsatisfactory condition of general trade.

Gold is dull but strong, with sales fluctuating

between 112 and 11234.

Government bonds are very steady, and we notice a general advance, save in 10-40s and

At the Stock Board there was considerable At the Stock Board there was considerable activity and prices advanced. Sales of State 6s, second series, at 106, and City 6s at 100½ for the old and at 102@103¼ for the new bonds.

Reading Railroad was stronger: sales at 49@49%, b. o. Pennsylvania R.R. advanced to 57%, Camden and Amboy to 119%, and Lebigh Valley to 54%@55. Sales of Minchill at 54, Oil Creek and Alleghery at 41½ and Catawissa preferred

and Allegheny at 41%, and Catawissa preferred at 36%. 37% was bid for North Pennsylvania and 28% for Philadelphia and Eric. In Canal stocks we notice no sales, but 331/2 was bid for Lehigh and 15 for Schuylkili preferred. The balance of the list was dull but

PHILADELPHIA STOCK EXCHANGE SALES. Reported by De Haven & Bro., No. 40 S. Third street,

FIRST BOARD.

Reported by De Haven & Bro., No. 40 S. Third street.

FIRST BOARD.

\$900 City 68, N. . is. 102½ | 140 sh Penna R. . is. 57½ | \$100 | do . . . \$60, 51½ | \$100 | do . . . \$60, 51½ | \$1000 | do . . . \$60, 51½ | \$1000 | do . . . \$60, 51½ | \$1000 | do . . . \$60, 51½ | \$1000 | do . . . \$60, 51½ | \$1000 | do . . . \$60, 57½ | \$1000 | do . . . \$60, 57½ | \$3000 Pa 68, 2d 8e.is. 165 | 40 | do . . . \$67½ | \$3000 City 68, Old . 100½ | 2 sh Cam & A R. 118½ | \$1200 | do . . . \$60, 20 | 2 sh Cam & A R. 118½ | \$1200 | do . . . \$60, 20 | 2 sh Cam & A R. 118½ | \$1200 | do . . . \$60, 25 | 45 | do . . . \$61, 119½ | \$4500 | do . . . \$6, 89 | 45 | do . . . \$6, 119½ | \$25000 | do . . . \$6, 89 | 45 | do . . . \$6, 119½ | \$25000 | do . . . \$6, 89 | 45 | do . . . \$6, 119½ | \$25000 | do . . . \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6, 80 | \$6

Philadelphia Trade Report. THURSDAY, April 7 .- The Flour market is decidedly stronger, and for low grades we advance our quotations 25 cents per barrel. The inquiry is chiefly from the home consumers, whose purchases foot up 2000 barrels, including superfine at \$4.50@5; extras at \$4.85%@5.12%; Iowa, Wisconsin, and Minnesota extra family at \$5.25@5.75; Pennsylvania do. do. at \$5.25@5.75; Ohio and Indiana do. do. at \$5.50 @6; and fancy brands at \$5.25@7.50, according to

quality. Rye Flour may be quoted at \$4.50@4.62%, and Brandywine Corn Meal at \$5.25. The offerings of prime Wheat are light, and for this description a steady inquiry prevails at an advance of 3 cents. Sales of 3000 bushels Pennsylvania red at \$1.50@1.55. Bye is unchanged; 500 bushels damaged Western sold at 95c. Corn is scarce, and has again advancee; sales of 1000 bushels of values of \$10.000 bushels are red values. bushels old yellow at \$110,3000 bushels new do. at \$108@110, in the cars and from store. Oats are steady at the recent advance; sales of 4000 bushels Western and Pennsylvania at 62@65c. 500 bushels Canada Barley were taken at \$1. Whisky is quiet. Sales of wood-bound Western

New York Produce Market.

New York April 7.—Cotton quiet but firm; sales 600 bales middling upland at 25@23½c.; and middling Orleans at 25@23½c. State and Western Flour less active, but without decided change; Southern steady. Wheat steady; No. 1 spring Milwaukee, \$1'19; No. 2 do., \$1'12@1'13. Corn firm; new mixed Western, \$1'07@1'09; old, \$1'07½, in store. Oats firmer; State, 62@64c.; Western, 68@30c., in store. Beef quiet. Pork quiet; mess, \$27. Whisky quiet at \$1'05@1'06.

at \$1 05@1 06, and for iron do. \$1 07@1 08 is asked.

Baltimore Produce Market. BALTIMORE, April 7.—Cotton firm and strong at 2234@228. Wheat steady; Pennsylvania, \$1.30; af 22%@22%. Wheth steady, Fellisjivania, \$1.05.
Maryland, \$1.05.@145. Corn active; white, \$1.07.
yellow, \$1.03. Oats active at \$22. Mess Pork firm
at \$27.5.@28. Bacon firm; rib sides, 15%c.; clear
do, 16%c.; shoulders, 12%c. Hams, 19@20c. Lard

firm at 16c. Whisky firm at \$1.04. LATEST SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

For additional Marine News see Inside Pages. PORT OF PHILADELPHIA.....APRIL 7

STATE OF THERMOMETER AT THE EVENING TELEGRAPH T A. M......46 | 11 A. M......55 | 2 P. M......58 CLEARED THIS MORNING. Steamer Comstock, Drake, New York, W. M. Baird Steamer Mars, Grumley, New York, W. M. Baird &

Steamer S. F. Phelps, Brown, New York, W. M. Schr Farragut, Clark, Salem, Mass., Souder& Adams. ARRIVED THIS MORNING.

Steamship Fanita, Freeman, 24 hours from New York, with indse. to John F. Ohl.

Steamer Frank, Pierce, 24 hours from New York, with mase. to W. M. Baird & Co.

Steamer Diamona State. Wood, 13 hours from Baltimore, with mase, to A. Greves, Jr.

Schr Sarah Watson, Smith, 18 days from Cienfuegos, with sugar and molasses to Madeira & Cabada.

Schr Mary and Caroline, Fowler, 2 days from Leipsic, Del., with grain to Jos. E. Palmer.

Schr S. & E. Harrington, Moore, 8 days from Norfolk, with shingles to J. W. Gaskill & Sons.

Schr F. E. Buckalew, from Wilmington, N. C., with lumber to George Stockham.

Schr F. H. Buckalew, from Wilmington, N. C., with lumber to George Stockham.
Schr S. P. Hall, Chipman, 5 days from Bucksport, Me., with ice to Knickerbocker Ice Cc.
Schr Gen. Sherman, Logan, from Crumpton.
Schr Gilbert Green, Henderson, from Morris river.
Schr J. H. Perry, Keliey, from New Bedford.
Schr E. M. Baxter, Waterman, from New London.
Schr D. Stephens, Thrasher, from Providence.
Schr Ida V. McCabe, Pickup, from Baltimore.
Schr Reading RR. No. 49, Little, from Cape May.

Special Despatch to The Ecentry Telegraph.

HAVEE-DE-GRACE, April 7.—Four boats are here awaiting the tug, as follows:—

E. D. Kennedy, with wheat and bark to Hoffman & Royal Arch, with grain to W. S. Smith & Co. Lizzie and Laura, with flint, for Trenton, N. J. Delaware and Hudson No. 159, with flint to Baeder, damson & Co.

No damage was done to the tidewater canal by the

Ship Theobald; barks Royal Charlie, and Dun-brody, all from Liverpool; also, a North German bark from New York, probably the Everhard Delius,

AT THE BREAKWATER.

Brigs Ariola, from Porto Rico, for orders; schr W. B. Thomas, from Cienfuegos.

MEMORANDA.
Steamship Volunteer, Jones, hence, at New York Bark Hertha, Arentsen, hence, at Antwerp 26th