NEW-YORKISMS.

From Our Own Correspondent. NEW YORK, April 1, 1870.

"Saw It in the Newspaper!" This is a stigma attaching to a number of respectable and, in the main, well-conducted citizens of New York, who, for having committed some venial peccadillo, or, in some cases, in spite of not having done anything at all, have their names printed among the calendar of offenders in one of the small evening newspapers of this city-to wit, the Evening News. That virtuous and veracious sheet purports to chronicle crime as the most rapid means of promoting youthful piety and adult angelhood among the masses. Now it sometimes happens that people belonging to extremely respectable families, and who never their lives did anything deserving incarceration, have been arrested on false charges, or, presuming to make their own defense, have been summarily put down as the result of a job that was put up. It is hardly pleasant, as a consequence of being unwarrantably arrested, to find oneself figuring like a criminal in the public prints, particularly when the print happens to be such a one as never corrects mistakes Sensitive men and women, who have been thus unfortunately victimised, have been made to suffer tortures by the brief publicity in this manner attached to their names. Beyond the gratification of a morbid curlosity there is no plausible reason why the lists should be published at all.

Richard Grant White.

who is one of the most noted literary isms of this city, is angry because the wife of a subscriber to the Tribune has seen fit to criticise his latest essay in the Galaxy entitled "The Lease of Hamlet the Younger." In that extremely well-written and ingenious article Mr White makes "Hamlet" twenty years old at th commencement of the tragedy and thirty year old at its conclusion. Now, whether he is righ or wrong is a matter of but little importance in the present issue, compared with the right of other people to criticise him and his obligation to remain good-humored under the criticism. But Richard Grant is a cantankerous criticextremely fond of making others toe the mark (especially if they are blondes and the tow is in their hair!), and not over-addicted to toeing it himself. Amusements.

Mr. Fechter is shortly to appear here at the Academy of Music in the Corsican Brothers and as "Obenreizer." Mr. Bateman is talking of investing \$300,000 in a new theatre as the corner of Thirty-fourth street and Broadway. At Wallack's Tom Taylor's new comedy of Men and Acres is to be brought out next week Somebody, in one of the papers, proposes an innocent evening entertainment of a literary na ure for corner-loafers and vicious young men in general. By all means, bring in your vicious young men and let 'em be entertained. The more literary you are the better your vicious young men will like you. A Few Small Suggestions.

In the absence of anything of a piquant and scandalous nature, permit me to offer a few suggestions to editors, theatrical people, and theatrical-newspaper folks in general. They apply quite as squarely to Philadelphia people of that ilk as they do to the Gotham guild. As the suggestions were developed from my interior consciousness they assumed the shape of rules, and as such I bashfully present them:-

I. When applying for information to a newspaper which supports a column headed 'Answers to Correspondents," do not fail to sign yourself "An Old Subscriber," or "A Twenty-years' Reader of your Valuable Paper." This will invest you with originality and viduality, and also present claims that will insure a prompt and full reply.

II. If any question occurs to you which a little common sense and investigation would enable you to answer for yourself, by no means trust to those avenues of information. What are editors made for if not to relieve correspondents of the necessity of thinking for themselves?

III. If you have ever had an article accepted and published by a newspaper, consider yourself thenceforth part and parcel of the institution. Have your letters addressed to you there; smoke your worst pipes and your best cigars there; and rebuff any editor who regards your claims as mere sham by puffing in his face your meerschaum. Evince the interest you take in the newspaper's private affairs by using the pens, ink, and paper of the establishment, turning over and cutting its files, rummaging among its new books and magazines, and pouncing upon every desk that is momentarily vacant. By these means you will render yourself generally beloved there, so that should twenty-four hours pass without your making your appearance there will be a universal suspicion of your death.

IV. When any of your articles are rejected, always insist upon being told the reason. If informed that they are trash, do not weakly yield to that opinion, but labor to prove the contrary. If the editor obscurely intimates that you are an ass, tell him that you are not. This will generally be found unanswerable. Point out to him all the good points of your composition, and heap ardent anthracite upon his head by making him feel what an intellectual treasure he has lost.

V. If you desire a position that is already held by a competent journalist, ask for it at once, in a free, outspoken, underhanded manner. This is quite compatible with every wish for the success of that person somewhere else, and, when he gets to hear of it, will win for you his esteem and love.

VI. If by any chance your name should be omitted in a published list of editors furnished by the journal upon which you are employed, resign your position at once. You can afterwards withdraw your resignation, and you will have adopted the only spirited way of vindicating your dignity.

VII. If you are a theatrical or musical critic, and have upon the stage a relative who acts or sings in a manner indescribably bad, your fine taste will not of course permit you to lavish encomiums upon him (or her). But that is no reason why you should not inordinately puff the theatre. Not by no means!

VIII. Endeavor to associate as much as possible with eminent and distinguished people. To this end apply for the post of "interviewer" upon some daily paper. The standing and position thus secured you in society, will be worth infinitely more to you than the salary. At least,

for the sake of your board and lodging, I hope so. IX. If you are a theatrical manager or agent, you will find it indispensable to have a series of "cards" appearing from time to time in the principal newspapers. Upon this account it will be necessary for you to be perpetually quarrelling with some one or other. You will be amply compensated for this, however, by the favor you will be conscious of bestowing upon your friends the editors, who are proverbially anxious to

eke out their scanty columns with accounts of | green-room squabbles.

X. In publishing full reports of prize-fights and other indecencies, invariably print upon the opposite page an editorial expressing unmitigated abborrence thereof. This will operate as a salve upon the outraged sense of the community, and prove how virtuously you detest the vices from which you compile your reading-

XI. If you are managing editor and have a personal grievance with any one, inform the public of it in a double-leaded editorial. You will thereby illustrate your liberality and enterprise, and increase the circulation of your

XII. The Atlantic cable was intended only to suggest news, not to give it. You will therefore see the propriety of amplifying at pleasure, and filling out with the flesh of fancy the telegraphic skeletons which it transmits to you.

XIII. If you are an afternoon paper and are ignominiously shut out from the Associated Press, steal from your rival who reaps exclusive ALI BABA. benefit by remaining in it.

MUSICAL AND DRAMATIC.

The City Amusements. AT THE ACADEMY OF MUSIC last evening a very fair audience in point of numbers was gathered, the attraction being the first of the three farewell concerts to be given here by Mad'lle Patti. The programme was a choice one, and altogether the performance was enjoyable. Mad'lle Patti sang the rondo from Sonnambula, "Ah! non giunge," in a manner that displayed her remarkable voice to the best advantage, giving also Ober's "Laughing Song;" a bolero, by Mr. Ritter, entitled "Inez," and the hackneyed ballad, "Comin' Thro' the Rye," and participating at the close in a quartette from Lucia, with Messrs. Hermanns, Ritter and Squires. Mr. Joseph Hermanns, the popular German basso, sang several airs in his grand and artistic style: Mr. Theodore Ritter gave some brilliant performances on the plano, a composition of his own, among others, which was not less creditable in style than in execution; Mr. J. F. Prume again captivated the

audience by his exquisite performances on the violin; and Mr. Henry Squires sang two or three ballads and arias in attractive style. This evening another performance will be given, all the above artists appearing, but in a change of programme; and to-morrow afternoon, at 2 o'clock, the Patti concert company will make its final appearance. AT THE CHESNUT the German "Bioplastic"

Troupe and the Lauri family of pantomimists will appear this evening. AT THE WALNUT Mr. Chanfrau will have a enefit this evening, when he will appear as

'Kit," in the new drama of that name. There will be a matinee to-morrow, when Kit will be performed. AT THE ARCH Lotta will appear for the last time in Heart's Ease this evening.

A matinee to-morrow. AT THE ELEVENTH STREET OPERA HOUSE an attractive musical entertainment will be

given this evening.

AT DUPREZ & BENEDICT'S OPERA HOUSE a variety of attractive features will be presented this evening.
Stenor Blitz, Jr., will give a magical entertainment at the Assembly Building this even-

exhibited at Concert Hall this evening for the benefit of the West Federal Street Church of God. There will be a matinee as well as an

evening performance to-morrow. THE SENTZ-HASSLER ORCHESTRA WILL give a matinee at Musical Fund Hall to-morrow.

CITY ITEMS.

SPRING OVERCOATS,
BETTER IN STYLE,
BETTER IN GUT,
BETTER IN MAKE,
BETTER IN MAKE,
BETTER IN the city, at prices from \$6 to \$20.

BENNETT & Co.,

TOWER HALL,

NO. 518 MARKET STREET.

ALL ABOUT A HAT .- And a great deal may be said about a hat. It is pretty well known that in April, 1869, we went to Europe. Of course we took a hat: we wore that hat on the passage-when, one night, an awful fate befell it. It was in the upper berth; a trunk was there; a lurch of the vessel, and our hat was crushed. It was a sad-looking hat—a melancholy spectacle when we rescued it-looking like a smash-down opera hat; we thrust our hand in it in despair, but "what to our wondrous eyes should appear?" It resumed its old shape, hardly the worse for its mishap. We wore it when we arrived in old Europe, and through old Europe. On one occasion, a hot day, it was lying in the ear on the opposite seat; at a station some ladies got in, and one who was not a fairy in weight sat down on our hapless hat; down it went again; again did we apply the restorative, and, like a vessel that pitches, it came up again. We landed in this country after seven months' absence; we still wore that hat, and it is still good looking. We ought to have mentioned that it was made by Jones & Temple, No. 929 Chesnut street, who want to purchase it of us, and put it in a glass case, but no money can purchase that hat.—Godey's Lady's Book, February.

YOU ARE SURE TO GET YOUR MONEY'S WORTH .- This new article seems to have been submitted to the most rigid and impartial scrutiny. A commission appointed by the American Institute have paid such an official compliment to its merits as is rarely vouchsafed by cautious science to any "new thing under the sun." A large proportion of the leading hotel and restaurant proprietors in New York use it, and urge its use by others, over their own signatures; and men eminent in science have voluntarily come forward and indorsed it as an economic calinary staple, and as an unexceptional article of nourishment for the sick. The material from which it is manufactured-Carrageen or Irish Moss-is a lichen found in inexhaustible quantities on the coast of Ireland, and may be had for the gathering, without money and without price. Hence it will be cheap as long as the sea and the rocks last, which will be long enough for all practicable purposes. Our main object in this article has been to place what we believe to be a subject of great importance in its true light; nothing more, nothing less. The Sea one Farine is manufactured by a company whose central depot is at No. 53 Park place, New York.

Two on THREE COLDS in succession will, with many constitutions, securely establish the seeds of Consump tion in the system, thus converting what was originally a simple, curable affection into one generally fatal. While ordinary prudence, therefore, makes it the business of every one to take care of a Cold until it is got rid of, intelligent experience fortunately presents a remedy in DR. D. JAYNE'S EXPECTORANT, thoroughly adapted to remove speedily all Coughs and Colds, and one equally effective in the primary stages of Consumption, Asthma, and Bronchitis. Sold by all Druggists.

EUITABLE SUITS Surrs for young, suits for old, BUITS in number, manifold ; SUITS for grave, suits for gay, SUITS, the fushion of the day; SUITS of fancy, suits that's plain, Surrs, of which you'll ne'er complain : SUITS to suit all sorts of folks. YOUR SPRING SUIT BUY AT CHARLES STORES'. No. 824 CHESNUT STREET.

RUBBER OVERSHOES AND BOOTS for Men, Women, and Children, can be had at retail at the very lowest prices Goodyear's manufacture, old stand, No. 308 Chesnut

MA NEW YORKER named STACE has lately opened a sample room in Gold street, above Second, where merchants and business men generally can partake of a lunch, consisting of all the delicacies of the season. ROBERT STACK caters strictly for gentlemen, his viands being superior. No "tangle-leg" sold on the premises. Connoisseurs in Izaak Walton's gentle art (trout fishing) should inspect his quaint selections of lines, flics, etc.

IMPORTANT STATISTICS. -To-morrow's Commercial List and Price Current will contain the official statement of the condition of all the Philadelphia banks. This excellent journal will also publish a double supplementary sheet, containing a likeness and biographical aketch of the late Stacy B. Bascroft.

Duy Fren.-The most effectual way of guarding one's health is to keep the feet dry, and that can only be done by the use of India Rubber Overshoes, and as the inclement season is upon us, we would advise our readers to buy none but the best quality, which can only be had at GOODNEAR'S Headquarters, No. 308 Cheanut street, south side, Philadelphia,

MR. WILLIAM W. CASSIDY, the jeweller at No. 12 S. Second street, has one of the largest and most attractive stocks of all kinds of Jewelry and Silverware in the city. He has also on hand a large assortment of fine American Western Watches. This entire valuable stock is now being sold out below cost, preparatory to removal. Those who purchase at this store at the present time are certain to get the worth of their money,

SINGER'S FAMILY SEWING MACHINES,
Ten dollars cash, Balance in monthly instalments.

O. F. DAVIS, No. 810 Chesnut street. TABLE OF CONTENTS.

I. READT-MADE CLOTHING.

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VII. TRAVELLING SUPER

IX. UNDER GARMENTS. X. BLACK GOODS.

XI. DRESS SUITS. XII, UMBRELLAS AND CANES.

XIII. PANTS AND VESTS.

XIV. NEW SPRING STYLES, XV. EVERYTHING ELSE IN THE CLOTHING LINE

> IN THE OAK HALL, FOR

APRIL.

WANAMAKER & BROWN'S, S. R. CORNER SIXTH AND MARKET STREETS.

MARRIED.

BENSON-GODWIN.—On Thursday, the 31st ultimo, by the Rev. William P. Breed, D. D., FRANK C. BENSON to SALLIE F., daughter of Francis A. Godwin, Esq.

DIED.

BUCKNELL.—At Upland, Pa., on Thursday evening, March 31, MARGARET C. BUCKNELL, wife of William Bucknell, and eldest daughter of the late John P.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, without further notice, from the residence of Mrs. John P. Crozer, on Monday, April 4, at 3 o'clock P. M. The train for Upland leaves the Baltimore Depot at 2 30 P. M.

BURNELL.—Suddenly, on the 31st ultimo, George Stuckert, only son of Dr. William W. and Lizzie D.

Burnell, aged 6 years and 7 months.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of his parents, No. 1913 Green street, on Saturday, the 2d instant, at 2 o'clock. CLAGHORN.-On the 30th instant, LIZZIE RICE,

wife of J. Raymond Claghorn, and eldest daughter of John Rice. The relatives and friends of the family are invited Arch street, on Saturday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

CROLL.—On Thursday evening, the 3ist ultimo, Mrs. MARY CECELIA CROLL, in the 58th year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend her funeral, from her late residence, No. 14:0 S. Penn Square, on Monday morning, the 4th

instant, at 11 o'clock. DOUGHERTY .- On the 31st ultimo, CLARA wife of John Dougherty, in the 22d year of her age, and daughter of the late John Cann. The relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from the residence of her hus-band, No. 2051, Summer street, on Saturday morning at 9 o'clock. High Mass at Cathedral. Interment in

Cathedral Cemetery.

Kellam.—On the 26th ultimo, Susan Kellam, wife of Patrick Kellam, in the bist year of her age.

The relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend her funeral, from the residence of her sister-in-law, Mrs. Elizabeth Kellam, Riley street, Roxborough, on Sunday afternoon, the 3d instant, at 2 o'clock. Interment at Reformed

Dutch Church, Manayunk. PETERSON .- On the evening of the 30th instant, after a long illness, Joseph K., eldest son of T. B. and Mary C. Peterson, in the 20th year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, from his father's residence, S. W. corner of Broad and Girard avenue, on Saturday afternoon at 1 o'clock.

STOKES .- On the 31st ultimo, WYNDHAM H. STOKES aged 67 years.

The male relatives and friends of the family are invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, Main street, Germantown, on Monday, April 4, at 2 o'clock P. M.

O'clock P. M.

Tyson,—On Tuesday, the 29th instant, Albert L.

Tyson, in the 43d year of his age.

The relatives and friends of the family, Meridian Sun Lodge, No. 158, A. Y. M.; Girard Mark Lodge, No. 214, A. Y. M.; Franklin Lodge, No. 5, I. O. of O. F.; and Philadelphia Typographical Union, No. 2, are respectfully invited to attend the funeral, from his late residence, No. 326 Marshall street, on Saturday morning at 736 o'clock. The remains will be taken to the residence of his brother. No. 312 Franklin street. Reading, from whence interment will take lin street, Reading, from whence interment will take place at 2 o'clock P. M.

UPHOLS FERY GOODS, ETC.

NOBLIT, BROWN, NOBLIT & CO. Nos. 222 and 218 S. SECOND Street, PHILADELPHIA,

Importers, Manufacturers and Dealers in

Upholstery Goods, Car Trimmings,

Cabinet Makers' and Undertakers' Findings.

Swiss and Nottingham Curtains,

Hair Seating, Curled Hair Bedding, ETO. ETO., [3 18 3m5p

Wholesale and Retail.

FURNITURE, ETO.

AVERILL BARLOW

Manufacturer, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in CABINET FURNITURE

FACTORY, 1126 and 1128 CHARLOTTE Street. Warerooms, No. 1117 CHESNUT St.,

PHILADELPHIA. Furniture at private sale, at manufacturers' prices.
Auction Sales every Tuesday at 19 A. M.
Consignments solicited from first-class manufacturers and dealers. All goods warranted.
§ 2 Imp B. SCOTT, Jr., Auctioneer, FINANOIAL.

THE UNDERSIGNED Offer For Sale \$2,000,000

PENNSYLVANIA CENTRAL RR. CO. GENERAL MORTGAGE

Per Cent. Bonds At 92} and Interest added to Date of

Purchase-All free from State tax, and issued in sums of \$1000.

These Bonds are Coupon and Registered-interest on the former payable January and July 1; on the latter, April and October.
The bonds secured by this mortgage are issued to WISTAR MORKIS and JOSIAH BACON, Trustees,

wistar Morris and Josiah Bacon, Trustees, who cannot, under its provisions, deliver to the Company, at any time, an amount of bonds exceeding the full-paid capital stock of the Company—limited to \$35,000,000.

Enough of these bonds are withheld to pay off all existing liens upon the property of the Company, te meet which at maturity it now holds ample means independently of the bonds to be reserved by the Trustees for that purpose, making the bonds practically a FIRST MORTGAGE upon all its railways, their equipment, real estate, etc. etc.

their equipment, real estate, etc. etc.

The gross revenue of the Pennsylvania Railroad in 1869 was \$17,250,811, or nearly twenty-eight per cent, of the capital and debts of the Company at the end of that year.

Since 1857 the dividends to the Stockholders have averaged nearly eleven and one-half per cent, per annum after paying interest on its bonds and passing annually a large average the credit of control of the great of the credit of control of the great of the gre ing annually a large amount to the credit of conruction account.
The security upon which the bonds are based is,

therefore, of the most ample character, and places them on a par with the very best National securities. For further particulars apply to Jay Cooke & Co., E. W. Clark & Co.,

Drexel & Co., C. & H. Borie, [8 19 2W W. H. Newbold, Son & Aertsen

NEW LOAN.

City of Allegneny Six Per Cents.

FREE OF STATE TAX.

We are offering a limited mount of this Loa

At 90 Per Cent. and Accrued Interest.

The interest is payable first days of January and July, in Philadelphia, FREE OF STATE TAX. We recommend them as an unquestionable se-

The debt of Allegheny City being comparatively small, the security offered is equal to that of the City of Philadelphia, the difference in price making them a very desirable and chean security.

WM. PAINTER & CO.,

Bankers and Dealers in Government Securities.

No. 36 South THIRD Street,

PHILADELPHIA.

VER IL FOR SALE.

C. T. YERKES, Jr., & CO.,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

No. 20 South THIRD Street,

PHILADELPHIA.

GLENDINNING, DAVIS & CO.,

No. 48 SOUTH THIRD STREET. PHILADELPHIA.

GLENDINNING, DAVIS & AMORY No. 2 NASSAU STREET, NEW YORK,

Receive deposits subject to check, allow interest on standing and temporary balances, and execute orders promptly for the purchase and sale of STOCKS, BONDS and GOLD, in either city. Direct telegraph communication from Philadelphia house to New York.

BANKERS AND BROKERS.

THE COUPONS OF THE

FIRST MORTCACE BONDS

Wilmington and Reading Railroad Co. DUE APRIL 1,

Will be paid on presentation at the Banking House of WM. PAINTER & CO., No. 36 South THIRD Street, Philadelphia,

W. S. HILLES, Treasurer.

LATEST CABLE NEWS.

Troubles in Ireland.

A Long List of Outrages.

Opposition to the Council.

Reduction This Month \$5,766,349.

The Public Debt Statement.

Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Legal-tender Decision. Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph WASHINGTON, April 1 .- It is understood that the Supreme Court, by a majority of one, has decided to reopen the legal-tender case, and has set apart the second Monday in April for a full hearing. Those in favor of opening the case for reargument are Justices Davis, Miller, Bradley, Strong, and Swayne.

The Army Bill. Senator Wilson has assured General Logan that he will make very few amendments to the Army bill. He will retain all the chief features, such as making the pay of officers fixed, mustering out surplus officers, and the repealing act, which makes the General of the Army independ-

ent of the President. The Ames Case. There is some prospect of a vote in the Senate on the Ames case to-day, but if the Democrats persist in debating it it will go over until Monday. Mr. Bayard is now speaking to an audi-ence of about a dozen Senators.

Business in the House. The House meets to-night for general debate. An effort will be made to get a meeting to-morrow for business, but there will scarcely be a quorum. General Garfield is delivering the last speech in general debate on the Tariff bill. The Public De t Statement. Despatch to the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, April 1.—The debt has been reduced during the month of March \$5,766,349 43.

DEBT BEARING INTEREST IN COIN. Total\$2,107,949,100 00 Amount outstanding..... \$59,565,000 00 Interest. 483,859 40
DEET ON WHICH INTEREST HAS CEASED SINCE MA-Amount outstanding.....

Interest..... DEST BEARING NO INTEREST. Total \$4.4.526,200 61
Total outstanding \$2,005,947,007 25
Interest 44,730,273 08 Total debt.....\$2,650,677.910-33 Coin in Treasury 105,413,745 08 Coff in Treasury 105,418, 437 us Currency 7,472,729 d5 Debt less amount in Treasury \$2,438,329,477 17 Decrease during the past month 5,766,349 43 Decrease of debt since March 1, 1870, \$5,766,349 43

The Tariff Bit. The Committee on Ways and Means has agreed to amend the Tariff bill on sugars, so that it will read, "on all raw or Muscovado sugar, and on all other sugars, not above number twelve, Dutch standard, in two cents per pound;" also to admit, free of duty. machinery exclusively for spinning cotton yarn enough for ten thousand spindles in any one

CONGRESS.

Continued from the Third Edition,

He also presented a concurrent resolution of the California Legislature for the establishment of a mail service between San Diego, California, and Sait Lake City, Utah. The said communications were referred, the former to the Finance Committee and the latter to the Post Office Committee. The bill was discussed until after the expiration of the morning hour, and finally laid aside. Mr. Morton introduced as a substitute for the for-

mer bill on the same subject, a bill to enforce the fifteenth amendment to the C natitution of the United States. He gave notice that on Monday he would move to take from the table the resolution in regard to the Oneida catastrophe.
At 1 15 the regular order, which was the case of General Ames, was proceeded with, and Mr. Bayard obtained the floor.

Petitions were presented as follows:—
By Mr. Cox, of sixty New York merchants for free pig lead.

By Mr. Sargent, of 800 merchants and artisans of San Francisco for the encouragement of domestic

san Francisco for the encouragement of domestic ship building.

By Mr. O'Neill, resolutions of the Board of Trade of Philadelphia recommending the construction of a harbor of refuge on Block Island.

By Mr. Myers, of the Philadelphia Medical Asso-ciation for assimilated rank to medical officers of Mr. Moore (N. J.) introduced a joint resolution granting condemned ordnance for a soldier's mon-ument at Fairmount Cemetery, Newark, N. J.

Mr. Bennett introduced a joint resolution direct-Mr. Bennett introduced a joint resolution direct-ing the Secretary of the Treasury to make an inquiry relative to the state of trade between the United States and the British Provinces of North America, for the purpose of ascertaining whether more ad-yantageous relations to the commerce of the United States may not be established, and authorizing hir to appoint a suitable person to make such inquiry, with a remuneration of ten dollars a day and ten cents a mile travelling expenses. Referred to the

Committee on Commerce.

The House proceeded to the business of the morning heur, being the call of committees on business of a private character.

Under the call several private bills were reported and disposed of, and adverse reports were presented

and disposed of, and acterise reports and all aid on the table.

At the expiration of the morning hour Mr. Washburn (Mass.) moved to go into committee on the private calendar.

Mr. Schenck (Ohio) moved to go into Committee of the Whole on the Tariff bill.

The Speaker decided that the latter motion had

the precedence.

Mr. Schenck intimated that he was willing to let the Committee report after an hour or two, and for the House to go to other business. He suggested that to-morrow be devoted to general debate on the

that to-morrow be devoted to general debate on the President's message.

Mr. Dawes (Mass.) objected to and more time of the session being squandered in that manner. He would press general business.

Mr. Wood then moved an adjournment over till Monday. Rejected.

Mr. Schenck made another suggestion, that as many members were charged with speeches which they wanted to get off, there be an evening session to-night to afford them that opportunity. (Laughter.)

Mr. Dawes said that he had no objection to that,

Mr. Dawes said that he had no objection to that, so it was agreed that there should be an evening session for general departe.

The House then, at 1:30 o'clock, went into committee on the Tariff bib. Mr. Wheeler in the charkmarker of the theorem of the hour for general debate on the bill, Mr. Garifeld addressed the committee. He was almost inclined to coincide in the saying of Coloridge:—"That sostraot definitions had done more evil to mankind than war, coincide in the saying of Coloridge; — That sostract definitions had done more evil to mankind than war, plague and pestilence combined, Forty-five speeches had been made on this tariff bill about two abstract ideas—the one under the name of free trade, the other under the name of protection—and he could not dissent from the statement of his colleague (Mr. Schenck) that a large part of the debate did not apply to the bill, but merely to those two abstract doctrines. He believed that no one would deny that the scholarship of the civilized world wat in favor of free trade. No one would deny that

FOURTH EDITION the largest part of the great thinkers of the world were leading off in the direction of free trade.

Mr. Keiley-I think it thelyery reverse, and that the tendency of the scholarly mind is towards the protective system.

Mr. Keiley—I think it theyery reverse, and that the tendency of the scholarly mind is towards the protective system.

Mr. Garfield was glad that his friend from Pennsylvania put in that disclaimer, because it would be a fulcrum on which some more of his remarks would turn. In the consideration of a tariff bill at this time two leading facts were to be kept in view—First, the supply of the treasury from customs receipts with \$50,000,000 of gold annually, and second, the wants of American industry. He objected to any view that would treat American industry as one particular business. Wherever a snip was bound to sen, wherever a plough furrowed the soil, wherever a mine gave forth its hidden treasure, wherever a railroad carried freight to market, there was industry represented, and he objected to any classification that singled out a pursuit between the driving of the locomotive which dragged along its thundering trains, and the plying of the poor woman's needle in her garret, and said that there American industry was to be found. He sulogized the system of internal revenue taxation as applying to three things. First, It taxed the vices of the people, their drinks, their smokes, and their chews. These paid almost half the taxes raised under the Internal Revenue law. Second, It taxed the luxuries of the people, and from that source nearly one-fourth of the internal revenue came. Third, It taxed the realized wealth of the country in the shape of incomes and gross receipts. These three things—vices, luxuries, and the realized wealth of the country in the shape of incomes and gross receipts. These three things—vices, luxuries, and the realized wealth of the people—constituted the simple creed of internal revenue taxation, and he declared the system to be eminently wise.

In reference to iron, he said that there were now

nently wise.

In reference to iron, he said that there were now 445 iron furnaces in blast in the United States, of which 19 were in his district. This bill proposed to reduce the duty on pig iron two dollars per ton, equivalent to 22½ per cent. If the House thought that that ought to be done he would not resist it, although his constituents were opposed to it. He thought it, however, rather inconsistent on the part of the Committee on Ways and Means to provide of the Committee on Ways and Means to provide that castings in iron, such as water pipes, the cheapest and coarsest kind of iron casting, not costing one third more than pig iron, should pay a duty of one and three quarier cents per pound, equal to thirty-nine dollars twenty cents in gold per ton. He was firmly of the opinion that the wisest thing which the protectionists of the Henry casting is a contract to the terms of the light of the ligh thing which the protectionists of the House could de was to unite in a reasonable reduction of the general rates of duties on imported articles.

FROM EUROPE.

Becerra and Moret. MADRID, April 1 .- The resignation of M. Be-

cerra having been accepted, M. Moret, recently connected with the Navy Department, has been appointed to succeed him as Minister of the Colonies.

The Irish Disturbances.

LONDON, April 1.—The popular discontent in Ireland seems to be increasing.

The evening papers of this city to-day publish a long list of outrages which have recently been committed there. Yesterday the Protestant church at Buttevant, Cork county, was entered by evil-disposed persons, the walls and furniture defaced, and the building itself nearly destroyed. A Dublin correspondent of the Evening Post

within the past few days, and is altogether due to the probable passage through Parliament of the obnoxious bill for the preservation of life and property in Ireland. The Opposition to the Council. LONDON, April 1 .- It is reported at Rome that all attempts to conciliate the opposition in the Italian Council of Ministers has been abandoned.

says that emigration from Ireland to the United

States has increased to a remarkable extent

Gen. Cialdini insists on the resignation of the Cabinet. THE COAL TRADE. - The following is the

amount of Coal transported on the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad during the week ending Thursday, March 31, 1870:— From St. Clair.
From Port Carbon.
From Pottsville.
From Schuylkill Haven. 6,897 03 1,954 08 28,012 18 4,000 10 From Port Clinton.
From Harr sburg and Dauphin. 15,628 06 From Allentown and Alburtis..... Anthracite Coal for week...... Bituminous Coal from Harrisburg and Dauphin for week.... Total for week paying freight...... 105,664 01 Coal for Company's use..... Previously this year.....

Total. 913,886 19 To Thursday, April 1, 1869. 872,995 15 FINANCIAL.

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