CITY INTELLIGENCE. POVERTY-STRICKEN.

The Almsbouse and its Ignoble Population—The annual Report of the G-ardians of the Poor— What they did during the Year 1869—The Net Cont to the City \$410,235.41.

We have received an advance copy of the "Annual Statement of the Guardians for the Relief and Employment of the Poor of the City of Philadelphia, for the Fiscal Year ending De-cember 31, 1869," from which we present numerous extracts of import and interest to the taxpayers and humanitarians of the city.

The following is a list of the appropriations made by Councils during the year to be expended under the direction of the Guardians of the Poor:—

House generally. 240,500 Manufac'ring Dep 24,400 The warrants drawn during the year for the support of the Almshouse reached \$333,224 46, while the actual value of articles of all kinds

while the actual value of articles of all kinds consumed during the same time reached \$325,999.63, to which should be added the decrease in the value of stock on hand at the beginning and end of the year, \$5116.90, making a total of \$831,116.52. During the year, \$6883.84 were paid into the city treasury from the receipts of the Almshouse, making the net cost of that expensive institution to the people \$324,232.68. Among the more noticeable items of expense for the year were the following, the of expense for the year were the following, the amounts representing the value of the articles consumed, whether purchased during the year, or on hand at its opening:-

Drugs and meur-	White the party of
40-300 at 996-94	Molasses 4,131-73
Deandy 20.00	Butter 16.618 24
Whisky 1,799 22	Barley 3,083 20
Wine 1,482 23	1.0faroes 4'100.50
Porter 1,550 18	Dry Goods 12,870 25
Marketing 17,672-77	Shoes 1,250.95
Flour	Tobacco 2,918:13
Corn Meal 3,768 75	Coal 18,215.43
Beef43,722.88	Gas 4,648 33
Mutten 5,816:10	Straw 4,076-68
Veal, pork, etc 983-89	Leather 5,173 02
Ten	Soap 3,114-17
Coffee 2,746-40	

During the year \$9242.18 were expended in get.eral repairs to the Almshouse; \$16,290 83 in salaries; and \$12,707 86 in wages.

The total cost of the out-door account for the year was \$105,333.38, which was reduced by the receipts from support cases and emigrant tax to

The following presents a general summary of the expenditures of the year in behalf of the nese of Almehouse

Out-door Department	105,883
TotalAppropriations	\$429,5574 480,310 (
Balance merging	\$1,752
Net cost of Almshouse	\$324,232 6 86,002
Total The following shows the average po	

during the year of the different departments of the Almshouse, including the assistants employed in each, with the weekly cost of an in-

Avera, Populat Hospital 873 Insane Department, 747 Children's Asylum, 159 Out wards, 1508		Weekly cost of inmates, \$2.46 1.98 2.25 1.49
Total 3297	meals were	\$1-90

to transient persons (which is included in the cost of the out wards), and 4615 persons were turnished with lodgings.

The total number of the inmates in the Almse during the year is shown in the following

atement:— mares, January 1, 1869:— Men1775
Man 1778
Women
Children 283
3
dmitted in 1869:—
Men3588
Women1696
Children 284
5
rths in 1869
Total9
ischarged4289
loned 898
ound 69
ied 643
a-ma E
mates, January 1, 1870 3
" January 1, 1869 1
Decrease
In the following table is shown the number
In the following twois is shown the number
aupers in the Almshouse each month in
ear, from January 1st, 1869, to December 31

1869, and the average number during the year Hen, Women, Chil'n Total

17,415 19,018 3017 39,450 Monthly and yearly average... 1,451 1,585 251 3,288 In the following is shown the number of children in the children's asylum in each month from January 1, 1869, to December 31, 1869:-

Months,	Boys.	Girle,	Total
January	98	35	13
February	24	35	12
March	93	32	12
April	96	34	13
May	96	33	12
June		34	13
July		20	12
August	94	34	12
Sentember	103	36	13
October	107	39	14
November	107	41	14
December	109	41	10
Totals1	1	423	160
Monthly and yearly average	99	35	18

In the following is shown the amount expended by the Board of Guardians of the Poor from the year 1858 to 1869, inclusive, with the average yearly population of the Almshouse and the cost per week of each inmate:—

Year.	Total	Average	Per
	Cost.	Pop.	Week,
1868	\$288,607.05 193,640.85 174,996.78 154,487.06 153,120.55 177,907.68 276,586.36 385,429.10 828,742.83 817,657.59 419,939.77 224,232.68	2560 5545 2491 2796 2540 2492 2478 2728 3079 3882 3218 3218	1.35 1.07% 1.17% 1.37 2.15 2.86%

In the report of the Steward occurs the fol-

lowing:"In consequence of the sale and transfer of a portion of the Almshouse grounds to the Penn-sylvania University, the houses now occupied by the Superintendent of Manufactures and the watchman will have to be removed; the board will please take action in the matter.

The health of the institution has probably been better than for several years past, no con-tagions diseases having been prevalent. There has been a large decrease in the number of deaths, with a population fully equal to former

Mortality	in the House	in 1867		809
**	A.	15000	***********	5 5 5 5 5 E
	a decrease fro			94
Number	decrease from the House,	m 1867 of. December	31st. 1969	166
***	HARD TO CAMPID HART.	44	1869	3027
Number	of admissions, Population.	1869	*********	5879
Average	T obtainment	*****	********	2000
94	A STATE OF	THE RESERVE		***

DA ASSET AND STREET

ATTACHED BY A STREET OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR

In the annexed report of the matron is given the following statement of sewing and knitting done in the female department of the Almehouse during the year:-

5023 outside shirts, 961 bed spreads, 1578 under shirts, 18 boys' shirts, 75 dresses, caps, etc. 1672 pairs of stockings 1912 chemises, 998 shortgowns, knit, 4083 pairs of socks knit, 1957 petticoats, 96 pairs of drawers, 2112 bed ticks, 1882 pairs of shoes and 1841 pillow ticks, 1812 pillow cases, boots bound, 456 yards of rag carpet

3837 sheets, sewed.

The report of the Matron of the Children's Asylum states that during the past year this department has been unusually healthy, having been exempt from any contagious disease, so fatal generally among large numbers of children. We have a regular attendance in the school of 65 scholars, who have made visible and decided improvement in both andy and discipled. school of 65 scholars, who have made visible and decided improvement in both study and disci-pline. To the foundling department were ad-mitted 32 infants during the year; 5 were adopted out, 1 was discharged, 27 died, and 2 remained at the close of the ynar. In the sew-ing department 2033 garments for children's use

were made, 271 pairs of stockings knit, and 90 yards of carpet-rags sewed.

In the general manufacturing department the proceeds of the labor of the year reached \$68,622.30; the expenses were \$46,732.77; leaving the net proceeds \$21,889.53. The report of the shows a balance of \$8915, being the value of the receipts from sales and products distributed. During the year, 23,184 gallons of milk, valued at \$5798.50, were furnished to the different departments of the Almshouse from the farm, the children receiving the lion's share, or

11,985 gallons. The stock on hand at the close the year was valued at \$10,464. Annexed to the report is that of D. D. Richardson, M. D., the superintendent of the insane department, from which it appears that the number of patients under treatment during the

year was as 10110ws:— Number January 1, 1869:— Males	650
Admitted in 1869:	
Whole number treated. Largest number at any time. Smallest " " " " The following shows the classification of	739

patients received in the insane department during 1869:-Chronic insane..... Epileptics.... Idiots ...

Totals......193 In the following is shown the number of discharges from the insane department during the
 Cured
 Males
 Pemales
 Total

 1mproved
 66
 103
 169

 Unimproved
 50
 36
 86

 Not Insane
 3
 2
 4
 Whole number discharged......118

Remaining December 31, 1869 ... 294 The following shows the classification of the patients remaining in the insane department, December 31, 1869:— Acute " 51 Epileptics 55 Imbeciles 21

The following table shows the civil and social

294

429

1	ment, January 1, 1870:—	Inpane	dobute
d	Males	Females.	Total
1	Protestants118	140	25
ij	Catholics110	221	33
4	Hebrews 4	3	
٦	Unknown 62	65	12
ı	Married 60	129	18
	Single 166	200	36
	Unknown 68	100	16
	The following extract from	Dr. Richs	rdson'

"It is hardly necessary for me to remind you that we have no choice in the admission of patients, but are required to receive all who come properly vouched for. If the patient be refrac-tory or docile the rule is the same; he or she must be admitted, and then comes the often perplexing question:-What shall we do with the case to advance its best interest, and that of patients with whom it is to be associated? No institution proposes to cure all its insane, hence increase of population is inevitable. When it is taken into consideration that many patients come to this department confirmed lunatics and who in numbers of instances been treated in other asylums for years, it is not surprising that the chronic insane accumulate from year to year. This is the history of all institutions where the physician in charge is not at liberty to refuse admission for want of room. The crowded condition of this department neces sitates the mixing of the noisy with the quiet patients in the open wards, always delaying and sometimes defeating the cure of hopeful cases. The placing of twenty-five or thirty insane persons together in an open ward at night (as we are often ebliged to do) results in constant disturbances and loss of sleep to the greater por-tion of them. Often the nurses have to interfere in the night to restore quiet and to prevent the inflicting of bodily harm to some of the un-fortunates. If the noisy patient could be removed to a building isolated from the main one, the

comfort and prospect of cure to those remaining would be greatly increased." The following table shows the number of pa tients treated, the number cured, the number of deaths, and the rate of mortality annually, from

Pears.	Treated.	Cured.	Died.	Mortality.
1864	5815	8455	582	09:15
1865	5940	4163	714	10.80
1867	5987	3956	640	10.70
1868 1869	5832	3925	569 472	09'17

DOOR-MATS .- Officer Swisler yesterday captured an American citizen of African descent a Broad street and Girard avenue, who had in bis possession three door-mats which he had stolen from residences on N. Broad street. The "new voter that is to be" was taken before Alderman Hood, where he gave his name as Washington Jamison. He was sent below. The mats awaitheir owners at the Twelfth District Station

A SMASHER .- George Barton is the name o an unruly person whose cognomen has figured in the criminal columns of our newspapers frequently. George, in company with some com-panions, yesterday entered the beer saloon of one Carl Saltzsenstein, and not procuring the liquor they desired, proceeded to smash things generally. George was arrested and taken before Alderman Devitt, who com-

mitted him to prison. ATTEMPTED ROBBERY .- Some time during last night thieves effected an entrance by pry ing open a rear shutter to the counting house o Samuel Bolton & Co., lumber merchants, Pop-lar street wharf, and attempted to blow open the safe. They were about touching off the fuse when the appearance of some of the Dela-ware harbor police force caused them to leave, with nothing for their trouble.

CLOSING EXERCISES OF A SOUP SOCIETY .-The Moyamensing Soup Society will close its operations for the season with to-day. Special closing exercises will be held this evening at 71/2 o'clock, in the Church of the Evaugelists, Catharine street, above Seventh. A large num-ber of the poor of the district supplied by this society will be present, and interesting addresse

will be made. The public are invited. LARCENY OF CLOTHING .- John McBride and cer Phillips, of the Second district, on the charge of having stolen a lot of clothing from parties in Media, Delaware county. They were THE "COONS,"

Campbell and His Moskeys—The Democratic Association About Taking a Balloon Voyage. The "Democratic Association of Penn-sylvania" is about closing its career. That overlasting form of humanity, the "gentleman in the wood pile," has at last destroyed it. For many years this gentleman has been their sole principle of life; now he is about to become their

in the wigwam, Ninth and Arch streets, last evening. Colonel Logan offered a series of res-

In pursuance of the call a meeting was held

ending.

evening. Colonel Logan offered a series of resolutions as follows:—

Whereas, The Democratic Association of Pennsylvania has fulfilled the purpose for which it was created, and being in a healthful political and financial condition; be it

Resolved, That a committee of five be appointed by this meeting, one of whom shall be the President, who shall examine into the expediency of settling the liabilities of the association.

Resolved, That the said committee, or a majority of

Resolved. That the said committee, or a majority of them, have the power to dissolve this organization by the first proximo, and report at a meeting to be held on the twenty-ninth of this month.

Resolved, That the conclusion arrived at by a majority of the committee be final, Mr. Lewis C. Cassidy, the President, then left the chair, which was then occupied by Mr. Joseph

Megary.

Mr. Cassidy took the floor and offered an amendment, striking out that portion of Colonel Logan's resolution which provided for the committee dissolving the organization. He took the ground that no such power existed in the twenty men then present. The law gave them no right to deprive four-fifths of the association of their right of property in the manner proposed. Mr. Cassidy expressed himself as perfectly indifferent as to whether the association was

closed or continued.

Speeches were also made by Messrs. Magargee, Berrell, Logan, and Robinson.

Mr. Kames made a characteristic speech, in which he referred to the new doctrines which were inaugurated by the new Saturday night speeches. He was in favor of disbanding the association at once: he did not want to see it go into the power and hands of those who preached the new doctrines. He for one was in favor of a "white man's government," and as of late the association did not favor this view, it had better be dissolved.

Mr. Cassidy's amendment was carried, and the meeting adjourned to meet again on March 29, at 71/4 o'clock, when the question of continuing or dissolving the association will be settled. Sic transit gloria.

THE COLLEGE OF PHARMACY. - The Philadelphia College of Pharmacy will hold its forty-ninth annual commencement this evening in the Academy of Music. A large audience will probably be in attendance, as the graduating class is quite large and their friends will be numerous. The Germania Orchestra will enliven the exercises with music. The following is the pro-

March-Victoria, G. Kuhne. II. Overture—Semiramide, Hossini.

III. Conferring the degree of Graduate of Pharmacy on members of the graduading class by the President of the College.

IV. Pot Pourri—La Belle Hefene, No. 2, Bastert.

V. Valedetory Address by Prof. Robert, Bridger.

Valedictory Address by Prof. Robert Bridges. Finale—Ariele, G. Bach. I. Presentation on behalf of the class. VIII. Duet from Linda, Dontzetti. IX. Galop, Enchanting, William G. Dietrich.

The following gentlemen comprise the gradu-The following gentlemen comprise the graduating class:—
Adams, Louis W., Phila.
Barton, G. W., Phila.
Briggs, M. G., Phila.
Briggs, M. G., Phila.
Chiles, Edward, Ky.
Clarke, Silas B., Vt.
Connaily, W. C., Ga.
Dinning, Henry H., N. Y.
Dosch, Benton G., Pa.
Ehler, W. R., Pa.
Finch, C. L., Phila.
Gerhard, A. F., Phila.
Geroff, C. L., Phila.
Geroff, C. L., Phila.
Groff, C. L., Phila.
Gerhard, A. F., Phila.
Hall, Joseph J., Tenn.
Hancker, Wm. H., Phila.
Bannaman, J. B., Phila.
Hassinger, S. E. R., Phila.
Helfrich, L., Phila.
Helfrich, L., Phila.
Helfrich, L., Phila.
Hudenbrand, L. W. Phila.
Hud ating class:-

LOCAL ODDS AND ENDS .- Wonderful to relate, the street contractors have at length been found at work. We this morning noticed no less than four superannuated specimens of humanity endeavoring to sweep together the winter's collection of one square's dirt on Tenth street.

-The fine weather had the effect of filling our streets yesterday with youth and beauty, and Chesnut street for a time reminded one of Paradise without the "apple."
—Poor Campbell! the negro has at length got the better of him, and the party is going to "smithereens" over the descendants of the

"monk" tribe. -Colonel Ed. B. Randall is the "to be" Democratic candidate for Congressional honors in the Fourth district. Set 'em up again! -Poor "Lo" is on exhibition in a low sailor's dance house up town. "Honor and fame from

no condition rise," etc.

—Al. Harmer is said to have the inside track for Congressional honors in the Fifth dis-trict. But then Brewster has not even said he would accept yet.

THE "STAR" COURSE OF LECTURES .- On Thursday evening Professor R. E. Rogers will deliver the next lecture of this course at the Academy of Music, the subject being "The Chemical Forces of Nature." The lecture will be illustrated by numerous experiments, showing chemical transmutations of form, bulk color, crystallization, combustion, etc. Some of the "new arts" will also be explained, such as the Bessemer steel process and the artificial manufacture of ice. The apparatus used for this purpose was procured by the lecturer from the inventor, M. Carre, in Paris, and with it he will make ice on the stage in the presence of the audience, and explain the process. As a curious illustration of chemical affinity the Professor, having made ice by means of fire, will show the converse and make fire by means of ice. This will be a rare opportunity for witnessing a variety of most interesting and practically important chemical experiments, and those who attend may be assured of an unusually attractive

entertainment. STRALING FROM A VETERAN.-Yesterday a one-armed veteran entered a groggery in the neighborhood of Seventh and Alaska streets to procure some poison in the shape of whisky. Whilst about paying for it, he dropped his pocket-book, containing \$20, which was diately grabbed by a colored individual named Jos. Williams. The veteran politely requested Joe to hand over the wallet, which he to do. A quarrel then ensued, when Joe was arrested and taken before Alderman Morrow,

who sent him to prison. STEALING MANURE.-Yesterday a countryman, named John Bradley, drove up to a stable on Willow street, near Thirteenth, and loaded his wagon with manure, and then drove off. The proprietor, not wishing to see his valuable perquisites carted off in such a summary manner, sent an officer after John, and Alderman Bos-well held him in \$460 ball to answer for the attempted theft.

OPEN HOUSES .- The Sixth District officers last night found the doors of the following places open, a free invitation to thieves and night prowlers:—No. 206 North Nineteenth street, No. 106 North Nineteenth street, and No. 28 North eighteenth street. The police of the Fifth discretalso reported finding open 9 houses.

VAGRANCY.—The Third District Station House was well filled with vagrants last night, there being no less than 116 of them. The Fifth District was also well patronized, 128 being huddled therein. This is the largest number ever gathered in the Fifth at one time.

DENIAL .- Colonel Sellers has issued an order positively denying the statement published in the papers that Co. A, of the Philadelphia Fire Zouaves, will appear for the benefit of Mr. Jack at the Chesnut Street Theatre.

DEFRAUDING THE GOVERNMENT .- Julia Boyle | had a hearing before United States Commis-sioner Hibler to-day upon the charge of carry-ing on the business of a dealer in clears without having first paid the special tax, or affixed the

revenue stamps, as required by law.

Moses Hover sworn—I live at No. 114 Albion street; am a salesman in a grocery store, No. 1811 Market street; I have seen the defendant before; know of her selling clgars; she brought to me over 1000 cigars at one time and a few some time before; they were tied up in bundles of 100 in paper; they were domestic cigars, ap-parently; I did not notice any stamps on them; she brought to the store 200 cigars in boxes

properly stamped; there were no stamps on those left in papers. Robert S. Smith sworn—I reside No. 1714 Filbert street; I am a grocer; know the defend-ant; have seen her at the store; she left some cigars at my store for sale; they were wrapped up in bundles of a hundred; they were paid for by some one in the store; a short time since the by some one in the store; a short time since the defendant left several hundred more of the cigars; subsequently I bought two boxes from her; these were stamped.

The accused was held to bail for a further

hearing on this day week. CASE DISMISSED.—Edward Thompson had a further hearing before United States Commissioner Phillips to-day upon the charge of personating a revenue officer. The Commissioner said that the case of Thompson did not come

under the following act of Congress, and he would have to discharge the defendant:— "If any person shall falsely represent himself to be a revenue officer of the United States, and in that capacity shall ask, demand, or receive any money or other valuable articles or gifts, he shall be guilty of a felony, and shall pay a penalty of \$500 and suffer an imprisonment of not less than six months or more than two

THE NUMISMATIC AND ANTIQUARIAN SOof this society will be held at its hall, No. 524
Walnut street, on Thursday evening, at 80'clock,
to which the attention of the members is earnestly invited. The proceedings at the last meeting were all informal, as the quorum required by the constitution was not present. It is hoped that the attendance of the members will be large, as a very important subject will be considered. No further notice of this meeting will be given, owing to the temporary ab-sence of the Recording Secretary from his

THE MURDER OF MARY MOHEMANN.—This afternoon the Grand Jury found a true bill against Charles Hanlon, alias Charles E. Harris, charging him with the murder of Mary Mohr mann, while in the perpetration of an outrageous assault upon her.

LEGAL INTELLIGENCE.

Brench of Contract Suit.

Nisi Prius—Judge Read,
George Rice vs. The Pottstown Iron Co.
This is an action to recover damages for an alleged breach of contract, the plaintiff alleging that in May, 1868, the Reading Railroad projected a branch road called the Coalbrook-dale branch, which would have been of great service to the defendants in affording them facilities for communicating with their and for this reason the defendants agreed with the plaintiff that if he would take the contract and do the work they would take from him \$100,000 worth of the bonds at \$95 per \$100. He performed his part of the contract, but defendants failed to take all the bonds, and he now sues for the balance of \$31,712. On trial.

The Corkery Homicide. Court of Oyer and Terminer-Judges Pierce and

This morning the trial of Frank Quick for the murder of Dennis Corkery, on the night of January 23, was resumed. The defense allege that the prisoner had been out with a procession during the whole day, drinking a great deal of liquor, and when he met the deceased and his friends he was very drunk. He made some remark that provoked a reply, and an ugly scuffle ensued, in which the deceased received his death wound, and the prisoner was very badly beaten. After this he wandered about the streets in an insane manner until he was taken in charge by an officer. Counsel for the prisoner said that, at most, this could be but a case of voluntary manslaughter. At the close of the testimony the case was submitted with argument, and a verdict of guilty of manslaughter was rendered.

FINANCE AND COMMERC OFFICE OF THE EVENING TELEGRAPH, Tuesday, March 22, 1870.

The weekly statement of our city banks indicates little change in the material features of the money market. The clearings for the week show the moderate increase of \$116,752, which fact, in connection with the activity in the general loan market, reflects the conservative course pursued by the banks. There is an increase in the deposits of \$165,383; in loans of \$169,192, whilst the legal-tenders show an augmentation of \$401,379. The specie reserve has fallen off \$93,846. These figures are not indicative of any material change in the money market, and it it fair to attribute the close action of

the banks during the past few days to other causes than a lack of supply.

The rates for call loans continue at about 5 per cent. on Government collaterals, and at 6@8 per cent. for prime business notes. Gold opened at 112%, advanced to 112%, and at noon stood at about 11216. The market is exceedingly quiet.

Government bonds are quiet and steady, but prices are all off, excepting for the sixes of 1867 and 1868, which are firm. The stock market was inactive, and the trans-

actions were of a very moderate chaacter. In City bonds we notice sales of the old bonds at 10034, and of the new at 102. Reading Railroad was quiet, but strong. Sales at 48:31@48½, b. o. Trifling sales of Minehill at 51½ and Lehigh Valley at 54½.

PHILADELPHIA STOCK EXCHANGE SALES.

Reported by De Haven & Bro., No. 40 S. Third street.

BETWEEN BOARDS.

W Jer Ex'pts.101 | 200 sh Read. s30wn. 48% |
W Jer 6s. is. 96 | 100 | do. ... s30. 48% |
Leh R Ln. 2d. 90 | 200 | do. is. s30wn. 48% |
Penna R | 56% | 100 | do. ... s48% |
do. ... 56% | 200 | do. ... s58in. 48% |
do. ... 156% | 600 | do. ... is. 45% |
do. ... 156% | 100 | do. ... 58 | 45% |
do. ... 2d. 56% | 100 | do. ... s30wn. 48 | 31 |
do. ... 2d. 56% | 100 | do. ... s48 | 48 |
do. ... 556% | 40 | sh E Penna R.c. 40 |
do. ... 156% | 39 sh O C & A R R. 41% |
SECOND BOARD.

Sity 6s, New.102 | 15sh Cam & Am. ... 115% |

\$1000 Head R 78 ... 104 100 do. ... 1000 21% \$1000 Pa 68, 3d se. is. 105

MESSRS. DE HAVEN & BROTHER, No. 40 S. Third Street, Philadelphia, report the following quotations: —U.S.6s of 1881, 114\% (114\%; do. 1862, 109\% (109\%; do.) 1863, 108\% (109\%; do.) 1865, 108\% (109\%; do.) 112\% (112\%; do.) 114\% (112\%; do.) 114\% (112\%; do.) 114\% (112\%; do.) 114\%; do.) 112\% (112\%; do.) 114\%; do.) 112\%; do.) 11000 Pacific R. R. let Mort. Bonds, \$930\@940; Union Pacific Land Grant Bonds, \$765\@175\%; do., 114\%; do.) 114\%; do.) 118\%; do.) 1865, 108\% (109\%; do.) 1864, 108\%; (106\%; do.) 1864, 108\%; (106\%; do.) 1865, 107\%; (107\%; do.) 1865, 103\%; (109\%; do.) 1867, 108\%; (108\%; do.) 1865, 107\%; (107\%; do.) 1040\%; 105\%; (108\%; do.) 1867, 108\%; (108\%; do.) 112\%; (112\%; do.

FOURTH EDITION

Illicit Whisky Seizures. Letter from Napoleon III.

Proceedings of the Missouri Legislature

Fires in New England

Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.

FROM WASHINGTON.

The San Domingo Trenty.

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph. Washington, March 22.—The SenateCommittee on Foreign Relations has decided not to report favor-ably on the resolution to consider the San Domingo treaty in open session. The treaty will be considered to-morrow in secret session, except a majority of the Senate should decide to adopt the resolution to open the doors. The opponents of the treaty say its friends dare not debate it in open session. The President made up his mind yesterday not to come up to the Senate any more, but his private secretary has been on the floor of the Senate all the morning lobbying, it is said, for the treaty.

General Ames.

An effort will be made to-day to reach a vote in the case of General Ames, Senator from Mississippi.

Mr. Conkling made a bitter speech against him, but it is conceded that on a square vote he will be admitted, notwithstanding the adverse report of the Judiciary Committee. He has forty Senators pledged

Pacific Railroad. The Pacific Railroad.

The Pacific Railroad Committee has agreed to report favorably the bill for the junction of the Union and Central Pacific Railroads at Ogden.

Mr. Perkins, Speaker of the Teunessee Legislature, was before the Reconstruction Committee today, and defended the Legislature against the charge of being revolutionary. He stated that no charge of being revolutionary. He stated that no unusual disturbances had taken place in the State, and that so far as he could ascertain there was no occasion for troops.

Illieit Whisky Seizures.

Despatch to the Associated Press.

Washington, March 22.—The Deputy Collector of the First Iowa district reports the seizure of the distillery of Leizy & Brother at Keckuk, Iowa, for violation of the Internal Revenue laws.

A letter was received this morning from Deputy Commissioner Douglass announcing that no definite results concerning the frauds in the Bailey case had

yet been reached, though it is probable that a full in-sight into the fraudulent transactions can be offi-cially communicated by to-morrow.

FROM EUROPE. A Letter from the Emperor.

By the Anglo-American Cable. By the Anglo-American Cable.

Paris, March 22.—The Journal Official to-day contains a letter from the Emperor to the Prime Minister, M. Ollivier. He says it would be expedient, in the present condition of affairs, to adopt all the reforms which will restore constitutional government to France, in order to but an end to that immoderate desire for change which possesses certain spirits who disturb the public mind by their belief in the instability of the present regime. Among the present bility of the present regime. Among the reforms which he has instituted, the Emperor places in the first rank those which touch the constitution and

prerogatives of the Senate.

He urges M. Ollivier to concert with his collegues for submission to him (the Emperor) of a project for the senatus consultum which will fix invariable fundamental provisions discontinuous. invariably fundamental provisions, dispositions for damentales growing out of the Piebiscitum of 1852, divide the Legislative power between the two Chambers and restore to the nation a part of the representative power which had heretofore been

The German Confederation. Brelin, March 22.—The bill to prohibit separate States of the German Confederation from issuing bank notes has passed to a second reading in the

LONDON, March 22.—The Australians are taking measures for the establishment of a mail and passenger route to Europe via San Francisco. The English Markets.

The commercial journals of this city comment upon the excessive imports of American wheat and nour during the past year. The statistics show that the receipts of wheat aggregate 3,500,000 quarters more than for any previous year. Ship News.

LIVERPOOL, March 22.—The ship Zodak, Captain Priest, from San Francisco, was damaged while get-ting into her dock to-day, and is leaking badly. The amount of damage has not been ascertained.

FROM THE WEST.

Missouri Legislature. St. Louis, March 22.—The State Senate yesterday passed a substitute for the funding bill recently adopted by the House, which provides for all moneys of the State interest fund, to be transferred to the State sinking fund for the payment of the State debt; also, as soon as a sum of money sufficient to meet the July interest in any year shall have been received to the interest fund it shall immediately thereafter be deposited in the Bank of Commerce, New York. Sums received after such deposit to the

ist of September of the same year to be invested in bonds of the State. Subsequently this substitute was taken up by the House and rejected, and a motion to reconsider was tabled. The House and Senate are therefore at a dead-lock. The House amended bill provides separate schools for colored children, and that colored children be provided seats in white schools where separate schools are not established. The radical caucus last night struck out of the

report of the special committee to revise the re-gistry law all features that were regarded libera by the opposition, especially one authorizing the Governor to remove supervisors for cause. The Governor yesterday signed one thousand bonds of a thousand dollars each, amounting to a millions of dollars, of the North Pacific Railroad. These bonds were sent for conversion by the road into money, to be placed to the credit of the State Trea-

They are drawn up under the law as re-FROM THE SOUTH.

The Richmond Disturbances. RICHMOND, March 23.—All is quiet to-day. The funeral of Richard Bush, special police man, who was killed on Sanday night, took place this morning. In the procession were Mayor Ellison, the City Council, and two hun-

dred and fifty policemen.

The City Council met this morning and passed a resolution in memory of Bush, in which the interference of General Canby, by which Mayor Cahoon's resistance to the legally elected Mayor was prolonged, under military protection, was

denounced. An appropriation was made for Bush's family. Mayor Cahoon's motion for an injunction will be heard in the United States District Court to-morrow, before Judge Underwood. Mayor Ellison has issued warrants for the arrest of the parties concerned in the shooting of Ben Scott.

FROM NEW ENGLAND.

Storehouse Burned. Lewiston, March 22.—The storehouse of Tuttle & Pownall was burned last night. The building contained a thousand bushels of corn and one hundred barrels of flour. The fire is supposed to have been the work of an incendiary.

Still House Destroyed by Fire. Bosron, March 22.—The still house of the Maverick petroleum works, in East Boston, was destroyed by fire last night, together with 5000 gallons of oil. Loss, \$6000. Patrick McLanghlin was burned William Kimball, keeper of a club room in Lynn, jumped from a moving train this morning and was instantly killed.

FROM THE WEST.

Steamer Burned. LEAVENWORTH, Kansas, March 22.—The steamer Durfee, burned at New Orleans yesterday, was owned by Charles H. Durfee of this city, and was valued at \$25,000, and insured in Pittsburg offices as follows:—Boatmans', \$3000; Fureka, \$3000; Peoples', \$3338; Pittsburg, \$3338; Allegheny, \$3333.

CONGRESS.

Continued from Third Edition.

Mr. Wilson called up the joint resolution relating to the construction of the Rock Island Railroad bridge, between Hock Island and the city of Davenport, lowa.

In answer to Mr. Thurman, Mr. Wilson explained that the bill was intended to lessen the expenditure already authorized, by providing for a single track, or a wide bridge with a double track, thus avoiding the difficulty of operating a draw, owing to the current of the Mississippi. The bill passed.

Mr. Conkling, arising to a question of privilege, moved that the Senate take up the report of the Judiciary Committee in the case of General Ames. The motion being agreed to, Mr. Conkling yielded the floor to Mr. Anthony, upon whose motion the House resolution for the printing of 15,000 copies of the report of the special committee of the House on the decline of American commerce was taken up.

After considerable debate, in which Mr. Chandler strenuously opposed the conclusions of the committee, the resolution was adopted.

At 1:15 o'clock the case of General Ames, as Senator elect from Mississippi, was taken up, and the report of the Judiciary Committee read.

House.

Continued from the There Edition.

Continued from the Third Edition.

Continued from the Third Edition.

Mr. Brooks (Mass.), from the sub-Committee of Elections, made a report in the case of the contested election from the Fourth Congressional District of Virginia, with a resolution that the sitting member (Mr. Booker) is entitled to retain his seat. He gave notice that he would call the report for action on the 31st of March.

Mr. Poland gave notice that he would offer as a substitute for the resolution one declaring Mr. Booker disqualified from holding the seat, he having, according to the evidence before the House, held the office of Justice of the County Court for the county of Henry before the Rebellion, and had taken the oath to support the Constitution of the United States, and had, during the Rebellion, continued to hold that office, and had taken the oath to support the Constitution of the Confederacy; that he had voted to raise a tax of \$10,000 to arm the county militia in opposition to the United States Government, and had otherwise supported the Rebellion.

Petitions were presented as follows:

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Petitions were presented as follows:

By Mr. Cox, of citizens of Ohio, in favor of divesting from the fund appropriated for the education of freedmen \$5000 for the benefit of the Wilberforce University of Ohio.

Also, of 583 bank clerks of New York city for the repeal of the income tax, as oppressive to those living on a fixed income, and as no longer demanded living on a fixed income, and as no longer demanded by the financial needs of the country.

By Mr. Calkin, of merchants of New York city for the importation of pig lead free of duty.

By Mr. Kelsey, of New York, two like petitions of citizens of Le Roy, N. Y.

The House then proceeded to the consideration of the Utah Polygamy bill, which had been made a spe-cial order for this day over all other rules and orders.

cial order for this day ever all other rules and orders.

Mr. Ward, a member of the Committee on Territories, which reported the bill, addressed the House in support of it. Alluding to the speech made against the bill by Mr. Fitch, about a month since, he said that he could not imagine how any man could stand on the door of the House and in the face of the country, in the last half of the nineteenth century, and have the effrontery to defend the Mormons. He had expected indirect assaults upon the bill. He had expected the representatives of the Pacific Railroad to work against it as likely to endanger their prospects, and he had expected the Bohemians of the press, urged on by considerations which perhaps they best understood, to attack members of the committee, as had been done in a prominent Chicago paper.

nent Chicago paper.

There were in Utah a hundred thousand people with millions of property, backed up by religious fanaticism, in the hands of unscrupulous demagegues, on whose skirts hung all the crimes in the catalogue, from insignificant stealing up to mon-strous murder. He had expected that that brigand chief would struggle desperately to maintain his empire. The committee now proposed to submit the quession to the American Congress whether the in-stitution of polygamy should longer continue, and should ride rough-shod over the land. Whether, in obedience to the dictates of the age and of civiliza-tion, the monster shall be taken by the throat and crushed out. The committee expected to have a vote on the question, and expected to put gentlemes on the record.

The House refused to table the Polygamy bill by a

vote of 40 yeas to 121 nays, and the discussion is proceeding. There is to be a night session for debate and action. The previous question is to be moved to-night, and the vote taken to-morrow.

FROM NEW YORK.

iRallway Accident. ROCHESTER, March 22.—A Boston produce dealer named Johnston was killed by a locomotive near here to-day. Fatal Affray.

New York, March 22.—Samuel Bradden was killed by an unknown man in a gin-mill quarrel at Bergen, N. J., to-day. The Police Bill.

The Police Bill, the new Charter, and the bill for the government of New York city were all defeated in the Assembly at Albany to-day by the disaffection of the Democratic majority. There is some excitement in consequence.

FROM THE STATE.

Post Office Robbed. ERIE, March 22.—The post office at Jackson Station on the Philadelphia and Eric Railroad, twelve miles east of this city, was broken open and \$140 in ten and twelve-cent stamps and \$200 in greenbacks

Stock Quotations by Telegraph-2 P. M.

New York Money and Stock Markets.

New York, March 22.—Stocks strong. Money easy at 5@5 per cent. Gold, 112½. Five-twenties, 1862, coupon, 109½; do. 1864, do., 112½; do. 1865, do., 108½; do. do. new, 107½; do. 1867, 108½; do. 1868, 108½; 10-408, 105; Virginia 68, new, 72½; Missouri 68, 92½; Canton Company, 62½; Cumberland preferred, 21½; Consolidated New York Central and Hudson Kiver, 90½; Erie, 24½; Reading, 96½; Adams Express, 61½; Michigan Central, 119½; Michigan Southern, 87½; Michigan Central, 188½; Cleveland and Pittsburg, 99½; Chicago and Rock Island, 121½; Pittsburg and Fort Wayne, 198½, ex div.; Western Union Telegraph, 33½. New York Money and Stock Markets.

Philadelphia Trade Report.

TUESDAY, March 22 .- The Flour market is dull. and prices, though quotably unchanged, are rather weak. There is no demand for shipment, and the operations of the home consumers are confined to their immediate wants. Sales of 700 barrels, at \$4.37%@4.50 for superfine; \$4.62%@4.75 for extras; \$5-25@5-75 for Northwestern extra family: \$5@5-75 for low grade and choice Pennsylvania do, do,; \$5-25@6 for Indiana and Ohio do. do.; and \$6-25@ There is no improvement to notice in the demand for Wheat, and only 1600 bushels Pennsylvania red sold at \$1.24@1-25. Rye is held at 95@97c.

for Western and Pennsylvania. Corn is steady at the recent advance. Sales of 3500 bushels yellow at 91693c. Oats are unchanged; 2506 bushels Western and Pennsylvania sold at 536355c. No sales were reported in Barley or Malt. tark.—The last sale of No. 1 Quercitron was at \$27 to ton. Whisky is quiet and ranges from \$1 to \$1.01 for

wood and iron-bound packages. FIRE STATIONERY. ARMS, MONOGRAMS, ILLUMINATING, ETC.

DREKA, 1033 CHESNUT Street.

LOST.

REWARD.—LOST ON FRIDAY OR BOOK, containing about eighty-five or ninety dollars in money, and notes of hand, as follows:—One for \$1600, drawn by Samuel and Charles Lamb, One for \$400, drawn by William Stillman, One for \$400, drawn by William Stillman, One for \$400, drawn by Marshall Atmore, and several others. Name of David S. Newbold, the owner, was on the pocket-book. Return the same to CHARLESH. WHITE, Office of The Evening Telegraph, No. 108 S. THIRD street, between the hours of Je and 3, and receive reward.

LOST-ON LAST SATURDAY NIGHT A common leather-covered BOOK, Minutes of a Trip through the Authern States. If returned to No. 118 MARKET Street the finder will be suitably rewarded.