CITY INTELLIGENCE. UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA.

The Annual Commencement of the Medical Department at the Academy of Music-The List of teradentes.

The annual commencement exercises of the Medical Department of the University of Pennsylvania were held in the Academy of Music at moon to-day. A very more audience was in at-

sylvants were held in the Academy of Music at moon to-day. A very large audience was in attendance. The students met at University building, in Ninth street, at it o'clock, and proceeded in a body to the Academy. The procession was headed by the provost professors and trustees, and embraced all the students, both graduating and otherwise. The valedictory address was de avered by Professor Joseph Leidy, M. D., Lil. D.

M D., LL. D.

The Medi al Department is now in a very fourishing condition. There are at present 360 matricular its, of which number 113 received

The Medi al Department is now in a very sourishing condition. There are at present 360 matricular des, of which number 113 received their diplematicular desired with their diplemati

At the commencement of the Department of Arts held last June, the degree of M. D. was conferred upon Oscar S. Roberts, of Massachusetts, whose name is now announced.

Of the foregoing there were from - New York
 North Carolina
 Nova Scotia.
 Ohio
 Pennsylvania. Arkansas.,..... Georgia..... Prussia..... Tennessee..... Texus.... sachusetts..... Michigan..... 2 Vermont.....

At this commencement the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws was conferred by the University upon the following gentleman:—Hon. John Cadwalader, Hon. Joseph Allison, Hon. James R. Ludlow, Hon. F. Carroll Brewster. The following was the programme:-

PART L Mnsic By Hassler's Orchestra.

1. Grand March, "Festival" Parlow
2. Overture, "Le Lac des Fees' Auber
3. "Reverle" Vieuxtemps and Gesarg" Strauss
5. Fan'saje "Dreams of the Huguenots" Bilse
4. Galop, "Fiora" Hassler
7. Operatic selection, "Orphens" Offenbach PART II.

1. University March, dedicated to Class 7), by Simon Prayer.

3. Operatic Gems, "Maritana". Wallace Valedictory, by Professor Joseph Leidy, M. D., LL. D. Benediction. Finale. [Home, Sweet Home Bishep Au Reveir Ga'op Hassler

We give below a short summary of the vale-dictory address delivered by Professor Leidy: dictory address delivered by Professor Leidy:—
Graduates of the University of Pennsylvania:—It is my duty to bring before you your duties, objects, and aims for the years to come. Your medical training now ceases. You are now to enter the profession to prepare for battle, and to do it manfully. A few years only have elapsed since you commenced your preparatory studies, now so honorably terminated. Through these years, during so much intimacy between students and teachers, you cannot have falled to become attached in some measure to each other, and to your instructors. Henceforth you will continue your studies so brilliantly begun. Your training only is unished. You are now graduates of one of the beat of universities. The medical profession is one of the hardest on which you could have entered. Neglect no opportunity to improve yourselves. Opportunities are continually offering themselves. By continued study only can you succeed.

you succeed.

It is your duty also to do all you can to enlarge the boundaries of your profession, as well as to help yourselves on in the race. You have many to fight against you. Men with no brains and with no eduagainst you. Men with no brains and with no education will be your enemies, but you can overcome them. You are members of one of the most widely-known medical schools. The University is no stop for the sale of diplomas. Patient and abiding effort cannot fail to enable you to surmount the usual obstacles. Never neglect the strictest principles of integrity. By our code no member of the medical profession is allowed to do anything which may bring disgace upon his fellow-members. We require of you so exert yourselves for the acquirement of medical knowledge, as well for our benefit as your own. No member fulfils the object of his profession if he monopolizes any discovery in the science. It is your duty to communicate the results of your skill for the benefit of the world at large.

world at large.

The range of the professional laborer is large. The range of the professional laborer is large. One man cannot study up the great variety of subjects with sufficient accuracy to be able to overcome every case which may present itself. This being so, there is naturally a division of labor—one taking up one subject, and others another. But there are certain cases in which it is necessary for every physician to be expert.

The social standing of your profession is very great. Old and young, the middle-aged, grave and gay, all are the intimates of the physician. A social party is never complete without the family doctor.

The University claims you as its offspring. It is for you to say whether you shall be counted worthy

for you to say whether you shall be counted worthy of the name. May your conduct be such that in after years you may not only be proud of her, but that she may also ever be proud to own you as

AN OYSTERMAN OF TASTE .- William Watson is the name of an individual who follows the avocation of an oysterman. Yesterday whilst endeavoring to dispose of his cart-load of bivalves, he stepped into a house in Mantua, and offered to sell some floe Chincotengues cheap. The servant to whom the offer was made started up stairs to inform her mistress, leaving the hall door open. William, who, although an oysterman, is a man of refined tastes, whilst walting for an answer saw hanging in the hallway a handsome velvet cloak. The temptation was too much for him, he entered, "nabbed" the cloak and left. A few hours afterwards are reflected "nabbed" William and afterwards an officer "nabbed" William, and Alderman Alexander sout him to Hotel de Moyameasing. The police took charge of the cart, and we suppose the oysters escaped.

Unsuccessful.—An attempt was made to enter the feed store No. 1417 Callowhill street on Wednesday night last, but the thieves were trightened off before succeeding.

Professor Moraton's Lecture.—Last evening Professor Morton gave a private view of some of the new apparatas and experiments which have been received and arranged by him, and which are one solar eclipses on the 14th inst. Some fine drawings of solar flames were exhibited, beautifully colored. These have been longed to Professor Morton by Professor Cooke of Cambridge. They were originally gifts from Mr. Lockyer, the discoverer of the method of viewing the solar appendages through the spectroscope. A splendid continuous spectrum was also shown, and when the screen on which it was projected was withdrawn, a spectrum of the solar prominences was seen on a black lace acreen specially arranged for it, with the fixed lines, colors, and details as shown in the spectroscope. A very beautiful adaptation of the cornelian top for the lantern was exhibited, giving the same effect as that toy on a large scale. These experiments will add greatly to the interest and variety of an already very interesting lecture. resting lecture.

Concert and Festival.—Last evening the Fourth Presbyterian Church, corner of Twelfth and Lombard streets, of which the Rev. Willard M. Rice, D. D., is pastor, gave a concert and festival. The church was crowded, and everything passed off pleasantly, those taking part in it acquitting themselves commendably. The opening cherus, "Sound the Merry Horn," was rendered with fine effect, while the solos that succeeded it, "Home Where the Roses Grew," "Good-by, John," "Alone and from Home," were equally well sung and applauded. "Laughing Chorus" was admirably rendered. The schoolars of the Sunday School who performed the "Auctioneer" and "The Schoolmaster Abroad" showed great proficiency. The exercises closed by singing "Tis Sweet to be Remembered." The concert was under the man-CONCERT AND FESTIVAL .- Last evening the membered." The concert was under the man-agement of Mr. Joseph Greer, musical conductor, and the planist H. W. Wilt.

BADLY DESECRATED .- The temple of the squeous gods, erected on Chesnut street, below Sixth, by a generously-minded citizen, under the supervision of the Philadelphia Fountain Society, has been badly damaged by the ruling powers of that public thoroughfare. A few weeks since one of the handles of the ornamental flower vase with which the structure is surmounted was knocked off and lay on the pavement in fragments. This morning it was found that the wooden cover placed upon the fountain to protect it from ice, snow, and other destructive agents, has been completely shat-tered. Cannot those who thus delight to upset things generally find some less useful article on which to exercise their combative powers?

VAGRANCY .- Vagrants seem to be on the increase, and the need of a House of Correction crease, and the need of a House of Correction is being daily made manifest. Our station-houses are crowded nightly by poor unfortunate and degraded beings, who it a chance were offered them would be enabled to earn sufficient to support themselves, and perhaps others. The police reports of this morning show that 104 of these creatures were accommodated with lodgings at the Third District Station House last night, and also that during January no less than night, and also that during January no less than 9969 were so accommodated in the different districts. The February roll foots up 9127.

OPEN .- The same monotonous freports were again sounded by the Police Lieutenants this morning—more open houses. The Knights of Pythias Hall, Second and German streets, the tailor store southwest corner of Thirteenth and Chesnut streets, and five houses in the Fifth Dictrict, made up the list. The only reason that these places were not robbed was because the thieves of our city do not desire to rob such ignorant people, lest they might be thrown upon the community as vagrants, the thieves reck oning that if they lost what they now possess they would never be able to make a living.

DEATH OF AN ESTREMED MERCHANT .- Mr. John C. Marll, a highly-respected citizen and merchant, died yesterday at his residence, No. 1519 Spring Garden street. The deceased was a young man in the prime of life, being only twenty-seven years of age at the time of his death, but was well known and greatly esteemed among a large circle of friends. He was formerly in the Southwark Bank, but more lately of the firm of Rothermel, Marll & Co., shippers of coal. The funeral will take place on next Monday morning.

COLORED.-Thomas Jordan, an ebon-hued individual, with two companions, were last night prowling about the neighborhood of Tenth and The "star" followed them to Tenth and Bainbridge streets, where stood a country wagon. Thomas entered, when the officer made for the trio. Two of them took leg ball, and the officer took Thomas. On being searched, the negro's usual weapon, a razor, was found on Alderman Morrow committed him to

OBSTINATE WHISRY,-Thomas Dalton yesterday succeeded in forming a complete blockade of vehicles, cars, etc., at Eighth and Vine streets. Thomas had been drinking freely during the day of obstinate whisky, and it length getting the better of him, he stopped his team on the track at the intersection of the streets named, and resolved to fight it out on that line if it took all night. At about dusk an officer arrived and took Thomas before Alder-man Bonsall, who held him in \$500 ball to answer.

ATTEMPTED BURGLARY.—Between 2 and 3 o'clock this A. M. Officer Ruff, of the Sixth district, observed two men moving about the roof of the dwelling No. 1235 Chesnut street, occuof the dwelling No. 1235 Chesnut street, occupied by a Mrs. Lungren. He at once awoke some of the inmates by ringing the bell, and entering, proceeded up stairs. The thieves had by this time entered an upper story, but, hearing his approach, they again sought the roof, and, leaping down to an adjoining flat, succeeded, after running over several more, in escaping. escaping.

SINGULAR APPAIR. -On Wednesday night a Thomas Troth, aged twenty years, who resided on Jefferson street, Germantown, procured from a druggist a vial of laudanum, which he took at one dose. In a few short hogrs Thomas was a corpse. His friends sent for an undertaker, and In a few short hours Thomas was a the funeral took place, and after all was over the police suddenly remembered that the Coroner had not been notified. It is not known whether he committed suicide or accidentally took an overdose.

DROWNED .- About 3:30 o'clock this morning as unknown man, supposed to be a German, walked into the Delaware at Willow street wharf. He cried lustily for help, and Officers Morris and Clawson responded, but their efforts to save him were anavailing. The officers recovered the body, which shows the deceased to have been about 40 years of age. He was dressed in dark clothes, brown shirt, and had dark hale and a light moustache.

FATAL RESULT .- About 7:30 o'clock last eve ning John Stokes, aged eighty years, was badly burned about the face and body by his clothes igniting from a candle. The unfortunate man was lying in a drunken stupor at the time. The accident occurred at No. 237 Balnbridge street. Stokes was removed to the Pennsylvania Hospital, where he died from the effects of the burn this morning.

A JUMPER.—Last evening, about 8 o'clock, s sneak thief entered the house of Frank Dough erty, No. 16 N. Twelith street, and, proceeding ap stairs, turned on the gas, and commenced searching for plunder. Mrs. Dougherty, hearing his movements and seeing thelight, ascended to ascertain the cause, when the rascal bolted out of the second story window and escaped.

\$150,—Thomas Maple keeps a hotel at Twenty-first and Tower streets. He also, previous to last night, kept in his charge \$150 belonging to his brether-in-law. Last night some one broke open the bureau drawer where it was secreted, and made off with it.

Who is Hr?—The Delaware Harbor Police force last night found an insane man wandering along the river front, on the very verge of the water. He was taken to the Seventh District Station House, where his friends may

THIRD EDITION

The State Senate and Gen. Irwin.

The Yerger Case Dismissed.

The Fire at Oil City.

TO-DAY'S WASHINGTON NEWS.

Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.

FROM THE STATE.

The Irwin Case.

Special Desputch to The Evening Telegraph.

HARRISBURG, March 11.—The extraordinary freaks of the Senate in regard to General Irwin are the subject of much discussion, and nobody understands what they mean. The warrant was issued for the arrest of Irwin, and given to the Sergeant-at-Arms, who was to have started to-day for the arrest. Before the ink, however, had scarcely time to dry, the Senate of Pennsylvania, which yesterday sat as a high court, and issued its mandate in the name of the people, to-day reversed its decision and virtually acknowledged that its first attempt to exercise judicial powers has been a mistake. The course pursued has excited equal astonishment, amusement, and wonder.

The Oil City Fire.
OIL CITY, March 11—10-45 A. M.—A fire broke out at John Mundhall's landing, among the narrow guage oil tank cars, supposed to have ignited while passing the broad guage locomotive. Six cars, with their wooden tanks, were consumed. Two or three of the cars were full of oil.

Owing to the splendid exertions of the men, who labored hard to prevent the spread of the conflagration, by 11-20 the terrible fright of the public had given way to a feeling of safety. No great damage was done. The owners of the cars are the heaviest losers.

ANOTHER ACCOUNT. OIL CITY, Pa., March 11 .- We were terrified with the cry of fire, which broke out among some narrow-gauge cars at Mundhall's 20.000barrel tank, at 10:45 A. M. This large tank had over 10,000 barrels in, and the burning cars were some of them within thirty feet of the tank. It became so hot that gas issued from the top, making a large sheet of flame. There were six cars, two or three loaded.

Surrounding the fire are a nest of Iron tanks more or less full. The platforms and leading pipes were torn away, and by the greatest exertions on the part of the public and the firemen one of the most serious conflagrations was prevented. The cars were totally destroyed, but further than this the damage is slight. There was no wind, and everything favored those interested. Families for a great distance around had their furniture out of their houses. Two years ago this entire part of the city was swept clean by an oil fire. By twelve o'clock noon the danger was passed, and at one P. M. the fire is

PENNSYLVANIA LEGISLATURE.

HARRISBURG, March 11 .- Mr. Mumma (Rep.) moved the reconsideration of the resolution reported by the Finance Committee yesterday and passed by the Senate, requiring General Irwin to appear before the bar of the Senate Mr. Mumma explained that, after due consideration, he had come to the conclusion that the Senate had no right to arrest Mr. Irwin. The Speaker had already issued his warrant to the Sergeant-at-Arms commanding his appearance

before the bar of the Senate.

Mr. Brooke, a member of the Finance Committee, was perfectly willing to hear the legal mind of the senate and be governed by the law. Mr. Buckalew took the position that, when General Irwin appeared to answer to the process, it would be ample time for the Senate and his counsel to determine the jurisdiction.

Mr. Purman believed that this action of the committee was unjustly inquisitorial. He in-tended to offer at the proper time a resolution prefaced by conditions that the Senate had now under consideration the Treasury bill, and that the Senate only desired to know the best method of managing the finances of the State, as well as to how the moneys had been kept to enable

them to make proper enactments therefor.

Resolved, That the Finance Committee be instructed to inquire into the aforesaid matters, and send for persons and papers, and place the said persons under oath. He believed the the said persons under oath. He believed the process against General Irwin was more child's play, of which the Senate should not be guilty.

Mr. Wallace argues that the Senate had the right to command the appearance of an officer, ex-officer, or any individual as a witness, quoting extensively from legal authorities. He believed General Irwin must answer here, before the benefit of the procede for his misdeads as well

the bar of the people, for his misdeeds as well as the practices of the Treasury.

Mr. White, as a member of the committee, acting in a judicial capacity, voted for the report of General Irwin's refusal to the Senate, with a resolution compelling his attendance, and if the Legislature had not the power to command the presence of General Irwin they had no right to pass a statute for the govern-ment of the people. The witness who refused to be sworn was in contempt, but there was a question whether a witness could be compelled to make such answer as he deemed convicting

himself before the tribunal. Mr. Purman said that any judge in the Com-monwealth before whom General Irwin might go with the warrant of the Speaker, would deide that the Senate had no power under the

The motion to reconsider was agreed to.
Yeas—Messrs, Bock, Brooke, Conneil, Duncan,
Findlay, Henszey, Kerr, Miller, Mumma, Nagle,
Osterhout, Purman, Randall, Robinson, Stinson, and Watt—16.

Nays Messrs. Billingfelt, Broadhead, Buckalew, Davis, Howard, McIntyre, Turner, Wallace, Warfel, and White—16,
Mr. Brooke moved that the consideration of
the resolution be now postponed for the present.

The following bills were reported from com-

mittees, as committed:—
The Senate bill petitioning the creation of corporations, with amendments.
The Senate bill relating to pawnbrokers, as The House bill against the desceration of

Independence Square. Among the bills favorably reported were the following:—
House bill repealing so much of existing laws

House bill repealing so much of existing laws as appropriates the State receipts from taverus; eating houses, restaurants, distilleries, broweries, retailers, peddlers, bakers, theatres, circuses, billiard and bowling saloons, ten-pin alleys, patent medicine, and foreign insurance to sinking fund.

Senate bill exempting the bequest of John Grigg from taxation.

House bill appropriating \$5000 to the Eastern Experimental Farm of Chester county.

Mr. Albright introduced a resolution recalling the Diamond street dedication bill from the Governor. Laid over.

Senate bill extending the powers of the German Society,

man Society, when the state of the same of

Hours will authorizing a geological survey of runnaylvable.

Negatively, the Hones bill for the relief of the enfierers from border raids. Reported favorably. It has been worded so as to devote all the moneys which the State may hereafter receive from the countles of Adams, Cumbers land, Franklin, Bedford, Fulton, Porry, and York, to the payment of claims of nearly two million dollars.

These claim: to be paid as fast as the fund accumulates and to bear five per cent. interest until paid, the State to devote the entire receipts from the above named counties and from all taxes on railroads, etc., within their limits, to the purpose. The State Treasurer shall issue certificates of indebtedness of the value of \$100, \$300, \$500, and \$1000.

House bill to lay out a State road from Phila-

\$100, \$300, \$500, and \$1000.

House bill to lay out a State road from Philadelphia to Bridgewater.

House bill enlarging the jurisdiction of Philadelphia alderman. Negatively.

Mr. Bunn moved to recommit. Not agreed to.

House bill empowering building inspectors to

House bill authorizing Councilmen to also hold office under the State Government.

House bill preventing the erection of steam boilers within 300 feet of any public school. Amended to read 200 feet, to take effect January 1st, 1871, and not to affect existing boilers or

their substitutes.

By Mr. Myers, the patent of Thomas Thompson, Jr., for an improved machine for folding paper. Passed. Also, the patent of William Marston for an

improvement in revolving fire-arms. Pa-sed.
Also, the patent of John Elgar for self-regulating wind wheel. Passed.
Also, the patent of Tobias J. Kindleberger for an improvement in cider wheels. Passed.

By Mr. Calkin, the patent of John Young for an improved washing and wringlog machine. Passed.

FROM WASHINGTON.

The Verger Case.

Despatch to the Associated Press.

Washington, March 11.—In the Supreme Court to-day Mr. Phillips stated that the counsel of Yerger, who was convicted and sentenced by a military commission of killing Colone Crane, having received authentic information that the military authorities had handed the prisoner over to the civil authorities of the State of Mississippi, the object of the petition was fulfilled, and therefore moved that it be dismissed.

The Funding Bill. The Secretary of the Treasury was at the Capitol this morning in consultation with Senators on that section of the funding bill which compels national banks to exchange their bonds for securities paying a lower rate of interest.

A large number of representatives of the national banks were also in consultation with Senators and members. A strong effort is being made to have the section about the national banks modified or stricken out, but the indications are that the Senate will refuse to alter it. Senators say the vote will be taken on the passage of the bill to-day before adjournment, and its friends seem confident of its succe Whisky in Bond.

Commissioner Delano had an interview with the Committee of Ways and Means to-day about the bill extending the time for taking fine whisky out of bond, which was defeated in the Senate Finance Committee. It is the intention of General Schenck, if the Senate defeats the bill, to insist that the House adhere to its action.

Increasing the Currency.
The Committee on Banking and Currency, at its meeting to-day, discussed the various propositions relative to increasing the currency, but took no definite action.

Pacific Railroad.

The Pacific Railroad Committee heard two or three delegations to-day in favor of what is known as the combination Pacific Railroad or Kansas, Missouri, and Texas Road, without coming to any conclusion.

The House is in Committee of the Whole or the tariff bill, and Mr. McCarthy, of New York, is supporting the bill in an elaborate speech.

CONGRESS. FORTY-FIRST TERM-SECOND SESSION.

WASHINGTON, March 11.—Mr. Revels forwarded to the Clerk and had read a communication from the colored Senators and members of the Georgia Legislature, which he had received by telegraph, protesting against the adoption by the Senate of Mr. Bingham's amendment to the Georgia bill.

The communication represents that the result of the amendment would be to deliver the loyal colored citizens, bound hand and foot, into the hands of their most relentless enemy, and protests against it in the name of ninety thousand of those citizens, and insists upon such legislation as will secure an amendment of the jury laws, and secure a fair expression of poli-tical views at the next election.

Mr. Fenton presented a memorial from im-porters and growers of seed, etc., for an amendment of the tariff bill so as to forbid the importation of these articles free of duty.

The following bills were introduced and re

By Mr. Spencer, for granting land to ald the construction of a railroad in Alabama. By Mr. Fenton, to regulate international cor-respondence by telegraphic lines between the United States and foreign countries. Mr. Morrill called up the bill authorizing the

transfer of an appropriation for the public print-On motion of Mr. Trumbull, the Georgia bill was made the special order for to-morrow, or as soon as the funding bills shall be disposed of. In accordance with the new order of business the calendar of bills was taken up.

The joint resolution for the appointment of a joint committee to consider all matters relating to the Indian tribes was discussed by Messrs. Harlan, Stewart, and Thurman. Mr. Harlan remarked that the proposition

would furnish a mode of conference between the two houses upon a subject on which an evident difference of opinion existed between the

Mr. Thurman inquired what was that difference of opinion?

Mr. Harlan explained that it grose from the belief on the part of some members of the House, that that body should be consulted in the matter of expenditures resulting from the approval of treaties submitted to the Senate for ratification or rejection. These treaties some-times involved large appropriations of money and the disposition of extensive tracts of the public domain. A similar difference of opinion existed as to whether the Interior Department or War Department, through the interposition of army officers, should be a supersistence of the contract of the contr

of army officers, should exercise supervision over the Indians.

A motion by Mr. Thurman to postpone indefinitely the whole subject resulted in a tie vote, and was determined negatively by the easting vote of the Vice-President.

Mr. Holman, from the Committee on Commerce, reported a bill providing for two local inspectors of steamers at Evansville, Ind., at an annual compensation of \$800 cach. Passed.

Reports were made from the Committee on Patents as follows:

By Mr. Jenckes, adversely on the following applications for an extension of the patent:—Of J. Carhari, of Maine; of Charles A. Pitcher for an extension of a patent for the manufacture of brooms.

Bills were reported from the same committee allowing applications for the extension of patents, as follows:—

By Mr. Jenckes, the patent of Walter Hunt By Mr. Calkin, the patent of Timothy D.

Jackson for an improved annunciation or bell telegraph for hotels. Passed.

By Mr. Johnson, the patent of Jonathan | FOURTH FRITTION |

Haines for a harvester header.

After discussion by Mesers. Johnson and Cullom in support of the bill, and by Mr. Tuester significant is, the bill was passed.

Ly Mr. Jenekos, the patent of Augustus R. Morn for an improvement in the construction of basement cellar, conduit and other like walls are

basement cellar, conduit and other like walls, so as to render them impervious to water. Passed. Also, the patent of Robert Burns Goodyear for improvement in power looms.

Pending its consideration the morning hour

expired, and the bill went over till the morning

expired, and the bill went over till the morning hour of next Friday.

Mr. Schenck (Ohio) moved to go into committee on the Tariff bill.

Mr. Dawes (Mass.) appealed to the House to go into committee on the Deficiency bill.

Mr. Wood suggested that the proposition of Mr. Wood suggested that the proposition of Mr. Dawes be agreed to, as that gentleman was announced as intending to stump Connecticut for the Republican party, and be wanted him to go there so he might decrease the Republican vote as he had done in New Hampshire. vote as he had done in New Hampshire.

Mr. Dawes said be would acquiesce in it if the gentleman from New York would go with him to Connecticut, otherwise he believed he would remain in Washington,
Pending the proposition to go into committee, resolutions were offered and adopted as follows:—

By Mr. Schenck (Ohio), directing the Secretary of the Treasury and the Collector of Internal Revenue to communicate their views and opinions in reference to the expediency and advantage or disadvantage to the Government of abolishing in the collection of duties on foreign imports, and the collection of internal tax, all allowance, moleties, or shares of penal-ties, fines, forfeitures, or recoveries to officers

or to informers. By Mr. Schumaker, requesting the Committee of Ways and Means to inquire into the expedi-eucy of so amending the Internal Revenue law as to repeal the provision in section nineteen of the act of March 2, 1867, which provides that no suit for the purpose of restraining the assessment or collection of taxes shall be maintained in any

The House then, at half-past 1 o'clock, went into Committee of the Whole, Mr. Wheeler in the chair, on the Tariff bill, and was addressed in support of the bill by Mr. McCarthy, who declared that whilst in favor of a tariff for revenue, be also desired to keep in view the judi-cious protection of the labor and industries of

the country.

While doing this, he desired to reduce the tariff on tea, coffee, sugar, and spices, articles of daily use and necessity among all classes of the people. The present tariff was pre-emi-nently a revenue tariff, and had falsified the predictions of those who declared it to be prohibi dictions of those who declared it to be prohibitory. It had increased the revenue, and had
largely increased the prosperity of the country.
The protective system had developed hundreds
of new industries and drawn thousands of
people from agricultural pursuits. The history
of the world proves no strictly agricultural
people ever obtained great national prosperity.
A few years since the State of New York imported agricultural products and new experied ported agricultural products, and now exported

Not only States of the East, but all the West-Not only States of the East, but all the West-ern and Southern States were setting in motion the spinning jenny and the loom, lighting up the fires of forge and furnace, opening up a great variety of mechanical and manufacturing industries, and developing their material re-sources, and until the home demand and home supply produced a parallel of results and pros perity equally through the land, this protective policy was plain, practical common sense.

FROM THE WEST.

Sr. Louis, March 11.—The House last night passed a concurrent resolution to submit the constitutional amendment abolishing the testoath to jurors. The Corruption Investigation Committee, it is said, will report a resolution to-day, to expel W. C. Webb, member from Ripley county.

UNITED STATES COMMISSIONER'S CASE. — Before United States Commissioner C. P. Clark, this morning, was arraigned Robert S. Smith, who is in business on Market street, above Eighteenth, on the charge of selling cigars without their being properly stamped, and otherwise evading the Revenue laws Jonathan T. Gilton sworn-I am an Assistant

Assessor at large for Philadelphia county, of tobacco, snuff, and cigars; I wrote to Mr. Stokley, Assessor of the Second district, stating that I had been called in on the 9th of February, 1870, by William Anderson, an Assistant Assessor of the Second district, who complained that a man on Market street, above Eighteenth, was selling eigars illicitly; we went to the place of the defendant to see his stock, and after some hesitation Mr. Smith showed me two thousand one hundred cigars in paper bundles, with no stamps on them, and one hundred cigars in a box with the old inspector's stamp on it, which box with the old inspector's stamp on it, which he stated he had removed from a bundle and placed on said box; he then informed us that he had purchased the cigars, about one thousand, from a woman who brought them to him in a basket, and that he had sold five hundred of them; he said he had, a license for selling cigars.

The accused was held in \$1000 bail to appear at court. at court.

Fires.—The dwelling of John Allison, No. 138 Grape street, Manayank, was almost entirely destroyed by fire about 12-25 o'clock this A. M. The fire is supposed to have originated from a stove. Loss about \$500.

About 9:30 o'clock last P. M. the locksmith shop of Charles Geiger, No. 410 Jefferson street, was damaged to the extent of \$100 by fire.

Last midnight Officer Mahoney discovered the awning in front of the store No. 1633 Ridge

evenue on fire. He awoke the inmates of the house, and a few buckets of water extinguished the flames. It is supposed they originated from a lamplighter throwing a lighted match on the canvas.

SAFE ROBBERY .- The establishment of Messrs. Simes & Co., No. 1102 Market street, was entered last night, the safe blown open, and \$137.80 in cash stolen therefrom.

New York Produce Market.

New York, March 11.—Cotton firmer, and 500 bales sold at 214c. for middling uplands. State and West-ern flour a snade better, with moderate business; ern flour a snade better, with moderate business; state, \$4.55@5.60; Western, \$4.55@6.40; Southern rather more steady. Wheat quiet but a triffe better; No. 1 spring, \$1.20, delivered; No. 2, \$1.13\fomega, delivered; winter red Western, \$1.28. Corn duit and drooping; new mixed Western, 90.296. Oats dull and lower; State, 60@62c.; Western, 52@56. Beef quiet. Pork firmer; new mess, \$26.25; prime, \$20.25.820.30. Lard firmer; steam in tierces, 14@14\fomega. Whisky prict at \$26.894\fomega.

PHILADELPHIA STOOR EXCHANGE SALES Reported by De Haven & Bro., No. 46 S. Third Street.

RINE STATIONERY. ARMS, MONOGRAMS, ILLUMINATING, ETC.

DREKA, 1033 CHESNUT Street,

Card Engraver and Statio WEDDING AND ENGAGEMENT RINGS.

of solid li-karat fine gold. QUALITY WAR
BANTED. A full assortanent of sizes always on hand.
FARR A BROTHER, Makers,
5 24wfm6 No. 324 CHESNUT Street, below Fourth

> AMUSEMENTS. [For additional Amusements see the Third Page.]

BUILDINGS A 8 8 E M B L Y

BUTLET IN G S.

WEDNERDAY, THURSDAY, FRIDAY, AND
BATURDAY EVENINGS, March 9, 10, 11, and 12.

B. F. DUANE, X. T. K., in his Nundy Minutes
IN KWERE KOMPANY; OR,

SONG AND OHIT CHAT,

With Sketches of X contric Karacter,

Tickets, &c. Children, &c. Begins at 8.9

The Trial of Prince Bonaparte

The Conspiracy Against Napoleon.

Oxford-Cambridge Boat Race.

Formal Statement of Papal Infallibility.

Gold Bulled Up to 113;

Etc., Etc., Etc., Etc.

FROM EUROPE.

The Bonaparte Trial-tlard from M. Lonis Noir. By the Anglo-American Cable.

Pauts, March 11 .- M. Louis Noir, brother of Victor Noir, who was killed by Prince Pierre Napoleon Bonaparte, publishes an interesting communication in the morning journals of this city to-day. He claims that he has not been permitted to know anything of the accusation against the Prince; that neither he nor any of his friends have been cited to appear as witnesses in the case, and that the prosecution seems to be directed against his dead brother

and not against the Prince. Von Beust and the "Times."
VIENNA, March 11.—Vienna journals claim that the note recently forwarded to Rome by Baron von Beust was most emphatic in tone, and that the analysis of it made recently by the London Times does it no justice.

London Times does it no justice.

The Conspiracy Examination.

Paris, March 11.—Day before yesterday the cells of the prison of Sainte Pelagie were carefully searched by the authorities. This is the prison where those are confined who were accused of conspiracy against the nation and the life of the Emperor. One of the results of this search is the transfer of seventy-four prisoners to Mazas Prison. Messrs. Henri Rochefort, Grousset, and Mourat are still detained in the prison of Sainte Pelagie, and are not allowed to see any visitors.

The magistrates to-day sentenced fourteen more persons to terms of imprisonment for participating in the disorders at Belleville last month.

The College Boat Race.

LONDON, March 11.—Experts are dissatisfied with the practice of the Oxford boat crew, and the opinion is general that Houbion is not a good stroke. Both the Oxford and Cambridge crews are practising regularly. The American Mall Service.

London, March 11.—The Chambers of Commerce of Belfast and Glasgow have remonstrated against the American mall service and the Government management of the English telegraphic

The Pope's Infallibility.

LONDON, March 11—3:30 P. M.—This evening's edition of the Times gives the following from the Roman frontier. On Monday the schema on infallibility was distributed to the members of the Council. It asserts that the Church possesses supreme and complete primacy, and that the principality over the Universal Church was received with plenitude of power from the Lord himself, by St. Peter, of whom the Pontifi is successor.

is successor. All questions of faith must be determined under that power, or else the words of the Lord to Peter would be disregarded. This is proved by the results in the Apostolic See, and the immaculate doctrine has always been fully maintained, and consequently we inculcate with the concurrence of the council, and define as

dogma of faith, that thanks to Divine assistance

the Roman Pontiff, of whom it was said in the person of Peter by Christ, "I have prayed for all," cannot err when acting as the supreme The schema defines what the Church must hold in faith and morals, and that the prerogative of Papal infallibility extends over the same matters to which the infallibility of the Church is applicable. If any should dare, which Go

forbid, to controvert the present definition, let him know that he departs from the true faith. FROM WASHINGTON. Naval Orders.

Desputch to the Associated Press. WASHINGTON, March 11 .- Lieutenant Edward S. Keyser is ordered to the receiving ship Vandalia; Ensign James K. Cogswell to duty in the North Pacific squadron of the Pacific feet; Ensign Francis H. Delano to signal duty at Washington; Master Joseph E. Jones is detached from the Tallapoosa and ordered to duty at the ordinary navy yard, Boston; Surgeon George W. Woods from the receiving ship Independence. and ordered to the Jamestown.

Visit to the President.
The Mayor and Aldermen of Bridgeport, Counecticut, who are here attending to business before Congress concerning their municipality, called at the Executive Mansion this morning. and paid their respects to the President. They were accompanied by Representative Kellogg, of Connecticut. Pardons by the President.

By direction of the President the unexecuted portions of the sentences of Thomas Brown and Alfred Brown (colored), who were condemned by a military commission to imprisonment for the terms of their natural lives, have been remitted, and the prisoners will be released from confinement in the State prison at Concord, New Hampshire. These men were convicted in June, 1865, of the murder, at Milwood, Clark county, Virginia, of Addison Torer.

General Court-martial. Order No. 16, issued from the War Department, announces the sentence in the case of private Thomas Jones, of Company K, 5th Cavalry, who was tried at Richmond on the charge of murder in killing William P. Boley, a citizen of Virginias on the 3d of December last. The prisoner was found guilty only of man-slaughter, and sentenced to imprisonment in the Albany Penitentiary for the term of one year.

FROM CUBA.

The Cholera-The Greenwalt Murder. HAVANA, March 11 .- The cholera has totally HAVANA, March 11.—The cholera has totally disappeared from Santa Spiritus.

Several journals of this city continue to assault Captain-General De Rodas for his alleged connection with the Greenwalt murder. These attacks are entirely unwarranted. De Rodas worked unceasingly to bring the assassin to justice, and at last succeeded.

The members of the Masonic fraternity recently arrested continue in jail.

The Caba Markets.

HAVANA, March 11.—Sugar steady; small sales at last prices. Exchange on London 11@11%; premium on Faris, 1@1% discount; gold exchange on United States, long sight, par@x premium; do, short sight, ediscount, do, short sight, ediscount.