WASHINGTON.

The Cuban Revolution-Golladay and

Deweese-They are Reported

to Have Resigned to Es-

cape Expulsion.

DISASTER.

Terrible News from the Japan Station

-The United States Steamer

Oneida Reported Lost with 120 Men.

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 28 .- The following Gene-

ral Order has been issued from the head-quarters

First The Senators and Representatives from the State of Mississippi having been admitted to their respective houses of Congress, the com-

mand known as the Fourth Military District has

Second. By direction of the President the State of Mississippi is attached to the Depart-ment of the Cumberland, and the officers and

troops within the late Fourth Military District

will accordingly report to Brevet Major-General Cooke, commanding the department.

Fourth Military district will complete the records of that district as soon as practicable, and send them to the Adjutant-General of the

army, except such military records as should properly be retained at the headquarters of the

The act admitting Mississippi is also pro-

mulgated in general orders from the headquar-

Naval Orders. Captain M. B. Woolsey, detached from the South Atlantic fleet and placed on waiting

orders. Lieutenant-Commander Charles F.

Blake, from the Naval Academy, sick leave.

department, which he will send there.

Third. The General commanding the

Military Orders.

Despatch to the Associated Press.

of the army:-

ceased to exist.

ters of the army.

CITY INTELLIGENCE.

PUBLIC PRISONS.

8

Annual Report of the Philadelphia Society for Atleviating the Miserics of Public Prisous.

The Philadelphia Society for Alleviating the Miseries of Public Prisous publish anomally a "Journal of Prison Discipline and Philau-thropy." This work has just been published for e present year. It contains much valuable information.

The journal refers to the purposes of the society, and claims that the society has been in-strumental in effecting many reforms in the

strumental in effecting many reforms in the management of prisons. It says: --"Now, while this society has been unostentationaly engaged in the good work which it professed to have in view, the value of that good has constantly in-creased, by the development of the miserles which were almost hidden behind the greater and more obvious evils. And it may be added that while philanthropists for a time limited their exer-tions, and their views and hopes, to a diminution of the crying miserles of public prisons, those ex-ertions lead them to consider how imprisonment might be converted from a simple brutal instrument of public vengence to a means of individual imof public vengeance to a means of individual im-provement, and, in proportion to the number of those individuals, to an occasion of public benefit. So that the prison, instead of being a pest house of So that the prison, instead of benu a poral infirmary, where incurables, should become a moral infirmary, where the dignity of man being rightly respected, the offending member of society might be received, hursed, and restored to the community in soundness of principles and purity of morals."

Referring to the County Prison, the journal Says:-

"The members of the Committee on the County Prison report about seven hundred visits a year from their individual members. There are about two hundred visits also made by ladies, who regu-larly visit the cells of the females and produce much good. Within the year the committee have had evi-dence of great moral reform in several prisoners; and a letter from one thus improved shows how much may be effected by moral suasion and how much of may be effected by moral sussion and now much of practical ordinary school lessons may be imparted. As these letters are not numerous, their publication is withheid lest the fact of publication make known to others the writer's condition. When there is an opportunity to deal with the conscience and common sense of a prisoner alone, without any te to hear the lesson or to comment upon it to the one to hear the reason or to commente upon to the prisoner in the absence of the teacher, a good effect is almost invariably produced. Separate con-finement, that is, the separation of one prisoner from all others, is the condition of success; and that condition having been found in the Female Depart-ment, more success has attended efforts to improve the beam obtained among the male convicts than has been obtained among the males, who are crowded together several in a cell, though it is evident that, in the County Prison, good service, faithful, conscientious labors among the male convicts, are to be credited to the excellent visitors.

The Eastern Penitentiary is referred to as follows:-

"The visits of the Committee on the Penitentiary to the cells and to the occupants of the cells in that great reservoir of the punished (and we wish we could say of the penitent), are more numerous than are those of the County Prison. The committee at the Penitentiary is more numerous, and the labor is more remaining as the primerous have a longer lease more promising, as the prisoners have a longer lease of their cells, and are by the discipline of the place made to depend more upon their kind visitors. The fruits of these labors are necessarily more abundant at the Penitentiary, from the fact of the better and more secret interviews of the visitors. Great good we have occasion to know has been done by these visitors, not only in making the unfortunate and guilty inmates of the cells feel that they may be helped forward, and that feeling is strengthened and augmented by the pure sympathy which the visitors manifest in their condition, and especially in them as human beings."

The statement of the visits by members of the Committee on the Eastern Penitentiary shows that the work has not been neglected. This, however, does not include a statement of the visits by the ladies, who are unremitting in their attendance:-Vislts, 443: in cells, 3421; in-doors, 3517; separate, 4443. The journal, in referring to the great work accomplished by Mr. William J. Mullen, who is the agent of the society and a member of the Board of Inspectors of the County Prison, says: -

"Some thousands of cases were settled by Mr. "Some thousands of classs were sented in former years, owing to some new arrangements of the committing magistrates. Something of the appreciation which the society has of Mr. Mullen's services may be inferred from the fact that it is not thought possible for any prison society to exercise its full power, and produce the good results of which it is capable, without just such an agent. It may not be improper here to state that the whole number of persons whose release was, in 1869, procured by Mr. Mullen, was 3796. It would startle us inexperienced person to see the list of offenses for which that great number as committed. It is humin of any sensitiveness to see in how many ways man may violate the laws." The journal refers at length to the necessity of the House of Correction, the enlargement of the County Prison, and things that call for improvement relative to the duties of aldermen. Interesting items of necrology, and extracts from foreign reports, especially Ireland and Scotland, are appended, and the entire work is one of interest, and well worthy of perusal. Referring to the Legislature the journal says :---¹⁴We confidently expect that the Legislature will initiate and perfect bills' relative to prisons and penitentiaries and their discipline, and will insure a great amelioration of the condition of prisoners. The plan of commutation is one which has for a long time received the approval of this society, and it cannot be doubted that, as it has commenced, though only with penitentiaries, it will be improved and applied to all the prisons of the State." THE PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD GRAIN DEPOT -The extensive and well-built frame structure situated on the north side of Market street, on the west bank of the Schuylkill, crected by the Pennsylvania Railroad Company for the pur-poses of a vast grain depository, is at length completed, at a cost of over \$400,000. The timber used in the construction of this ware-house is all of the best quality, well seasoned, and well put together, whilst as a protection against fire the sides and roof are slated. The new depot is 555 feet long, 125 feet wide, and 82 feet in height. There are laid down six tracks sufficient to accommodate 600 cars at one time. There are six rows of platform bins, each holding 450 bushels, or one car load. Running across the building, and underneath the bins, are ways for wagons. A wagon can load 100 bushels in three minutes. Wheat and oats are already in the bins, and are being daily received and discharged. Besides all these facilities for transferring grain, there is room within the building for thering 25,000 barrels of flour. COUNTERFEIT BANK BILLS .- Notwithstanding the immense and severe penalty provided by the laws of Congress for the punishment of parties engaging in counterfeiting United States notes, nevertheless there are many persons now employed in this business, and at certain periods the country is flooded with their paper. Just now three different kinds of bogus notes are in circulation, one a \$10 counterfeit on the Third National Bank, another a \$2 bill on the Sixth National Bank, and the other a \$5 bill altered to a #20 on the Consolidation National Bank. The first may be detected by the absence of the letter c in National Currency on the right and border near the top of the note. The second is a poor attempt at the "spurious," and almost tells on itself, whilst the latter, being an alteration of a genuine #5, is not easily discovered, and is apt to deceive even experts. Our business men and citizens should make note of this and act prudently.

BRUTALITY OF HUGHANDS.-That a society for the prevention of crueity to wives is sadly needed is every day becoming more apparent. and it is, in our epinion, high time that some severe mode of punishment was inaugurated for those brotish bipeds whose natures are too cowardly to allow them to combat with a creature of their own gender, but who vent their anger upon their poor suffering wives, who ofttimes are broken in health and heart by constant labors to support their swinish lords in idleness. This morning the police of the Seventh district report no less than three cases of wife-beating. William Crouse, residing on Third street, above Poplar, whilst filled with beer on Saturday night, beat his life's partner in a shamefu manner. Officer Bissing arrested William, and took him before Alderman Becker, who committed him to answer. Late the same night, Officer Mulligan was at-

tracted by cries of murder to the residence of Peter Marks, Callowhill street, near Fourth, where, on entering, he found Peter castigating his wife. Peter was at once taken into cus-tedy, and yesterday Alderman Toland com-mitted him in default of \$600 bail to answer.

William Bannister, a resident of St. John's court, forgetting his marital vows, also at-tempted to flog her he had promised to protect. Fortunately she escaped his clutches and had him arrested. Alderman Toland held him in 6600 hall to ensure \$600 bail to answer.

DEATH OF WELL-KNOWN CITIZENS .- Jacob Peters, aged sixty-six years, died on the 25th instant of typhoid pneumonia, at his residence, No. 1424 Marlborough street. Deceased was well known in connection with the old omnibus lines. His father established the line of omni-buses running from the Exchange to Girard College, and after his death his som, Jacob Peters, continued the business for a time. De-ceased was a candidate on the Democratic ticket for Sheriff, and was defeated by Samuel Allen, the Whig candidate. This was about the year 1855. Mr. Peters, at the time of the establishment of the Tenth and Eleventh Streets Passenger Railway Company, was elected superin-tendent of the road, and held that position up to the time of his death. He was a man highly respected, and had a host of friends.

Yesterday Peter Maison, aged sixty years, one of the oldest biscult bakers of this city, died at his residence. Deceased for many years carried on business at No. 214 North Front street, where he was succeeded by Theodore Wilson, Esq., the present proprietor of the bakery. Deceased was a gentleman highly respected for his many estimable qualities.

ROUGHS AND ROBBERY .- Yesterday morning a party of roughs entered the lager beer saloon of C. Siegle, Third street, above Kace, and called for drinks. The proprietor, seeing they were all intoxicated, refused to sell them any liquor, when one of the number picked up an earthen spittoon and buried it at him. It missed the mark, however, and struck a large glass mirror, which it smashed into minute particles. Not satisfied with this, they then assaulted Siegle and beat him severely. From Third street they proceeded to the saloon of one Wuerflein, on Arch street, above Second, and acted in a simi-larly disgraceful manner. After they had beaten Wuerflein to insensibility, they searched the place, and found concealed behind the counter a box containing \$300 in gold, which they im-mediately seized and left with Later in the day Michael Deegan and Edward Mooney were arrested on suspicion of being concerned in the affair. They will have a hearing at the Central Station at two o'clock to-day.

A ROUGH CUSTOMER.-Officer Connell, of the Seventh district, yesterday arrested an indi-vidual, giving his name as John Baxter, at St. John and Wood streets, for drunkenness and disorderly conduct. The inebriate, fellow at first stoutly resisted the officer, hitting him in the eye and otherwise punishing him. Connell persevered, and placing the "nippers" on him started for the station-house. Before proceeding many yards Baxter expressed penitence and asked that the nippers might be removed, pro-missing that he would offer no further resistwith this request when Baxter again assaulted him. This was too much for Connell, and with more force than politeness he again started his man off, and marched him into the presence of Alderman Toland, who committed him in default of \$600 bail to answer.

SINGULAR OCCURRENCE .- A man residing at

GRANT.

The September Letter of the President to Mr. Bentwell General Grant as a Smokhet. During the revelations which followed the September gold panic, much reference was made to a letter addressed by the President to Secre-tary Boutwell and left with General Butterfield to be delivered to the Secretary on his return from Massachusetts to Washington, about the middle of September. That letter was alleged to have been an endorsement of the Gould-Corbin theory of high gold. The letter itself is the Corbin theory of high gold. The letter itself is the best proof of its character, and is as follows:--NEW YORK CITY, Sept. 12, 1660,--Hon. Geerge S. Boutwell, Secretary of the Treasury--Dear Sir:-I leave here to-morrow morning for Western Penn-sylvania, and will not reach Washington before the middle or last of next week. Had I known before making my arrangements for starting that you would be in this city early this week, I would have remained to meet you. I am satisfied that on your arrival you will be met by the buils and bears of Wall street, and probably by mer-chants, too, to induce you to sell gold or pay the November interest in advance on the one side, and to hold fast on the other. The fact is, a desperate struggle is now making, and each party want the Government to help them out. I write this letter to advise you of what I think, you may expect, to put you on your grand. I think, from the lights before me, I would move on without change until the present struggle is over. If you the lights before me, I would move on without change until the present struggle is over. If you want to write me this week, my address is Washing-ton, Pa. I would like to hear your experience with the factions, at all events, if they give you time to write. No, doubt you will have a better chance to judge than I, for I have avoided general discussion on the subject. Yours, truly, U. S. GRANT.

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WEDDING AND ENGAGEMENT RINGS. of solid 18-karat fine gold. QUALITY WAR RANTED. A full assortment of sizes always on band. FAR & BROTHER, Makers, 8 34wfm5 No. 534 OHESNUT Street, below Fourth

WEDDING AND PARTY INVI-

TATIONS

ENGRAVED IN THE LATEST STYLE. WALLETS, GOLD PENS, WRITING DESKS, KNIVES, CARD CASES, FOLIOS, ETC.

J. LINERD,

STATIONER AND CARD ENGRAVER, No. 921 SPRING GARDEN STREET. PHILADELPHI 2 17wsm⁵

DRY GOODS.

SPRING GOODS. J. M. HAFLEIGH, 1012 and 1014 CHESNUT Street, WILL OPEN TUESDAY, March 1, Black Grenadines, Black Silks, French Prints, Piques, Percales. 2 28 3t1 New Style Robes. New Styles in Dress Fabrics. J. W. PROCTOR & CO. SPECIAL NOTICE.

CONTINUATION OF SALE.

Eslance of Stock remaining on hand will be sold at Betall. The whole of the stock is now on the first floor. Real Bar-

store with Glasses in for heart and the tels, and many articles suite for the Cloak manufacturers. Wax Figures Dec. [212t]

THIRD EDITION CONGRESS. FORTY-FIRST SEASION-SECOND TEL

Bernare.

Bernare.

WARHINGTON, Feb. 28.—The Vice-President pre-sented resolutions of the Hhode Island and Virginia (equilibrium of the Hhode Island of the Hax on to-bacco. Heierred to the Committee on Finance. Numerous petilions were presented for relief from privilege: and for compensation to Southern claim-sente of property taken by United States officers. The following bills were introduced and referred: -Hy Mr. Edmunds, to amend the act providing for pendices for non-compliance with the law. Re-terred to the Committee on the Julician. Wark Kellogg, to provide for the distribution (eterred to the Committee on Commerce).

Wins men introduced and referred is the southern claim-sterred to the Committee on Commerce.

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Bills mere introduced and and streamed and and streamed and and streamed and streame

valuation of imported merchandise. By Mr. Smith (VL), construing the various bounty

acts. By Mr. Poland, prescribing the form of the enact-ing and resolving clauses of bills and joint resolu-

tions. By Mr. Butler (Mass.), to provide for the enforce-ment of judgments in the lawful money of the United States only. Also, to enable the Secretary of the Treasury to collect wrecked and abandoned property, etc. By Ma. Jenckes...To regulate the admiralty juris-diction of the United States; also, to regulate the civil service.

eivil service. By Mr. Starkweather, to revive the shipbuilding

By Mr. Reeves—in relation to the exemption of armers from special fax as produce brokers. By Mr. Swann—To continue in force an act rela-

lig Mr. Piatt, in relation to the Internal Revenue

By Mr. Jones (N. C.), for the relief of the citizens

of North Carolina from political disabilities. By Mr. Shelden (La.), to permit the Louisiana agricultural scrip to be located on the puolic lands

By Mr. Butler (Tenn.), to amend the revenue laws o as to relieve the people of the insurrectionary

States. By Mr. Kerr, to prevent and punish frands in the making and auditing of certain claims against the overnment.

By Mr. Cook, to provide for the paving of streets and avenues in Washington and Georgetown. By Mr. Cullom, to allow the Judges of Wyoming

By Mr. Cultorn, to allow the Judges of Wyoming Territery to define their districts. By Mr. McCormick, in relation to swamp and over-flowed public lands in Missouri. By Mr. Boyd, granting lands in ald of the La Clede and Fort Scott Railroad. By Mr. Roots, to allow the school trustees of Arkansas to enter lands for school purposes under the tomasticad act.

the comestead act. By Mr. Loughridge, to allow an appeal from the Court of Claims to the Supreme Court in certain

By Mr. Sawyer, to authorize the Secretary of War to have surveyed the mouth of Bhrepee river,

Wisconsin, by Mr. Sargent, to amend the act to reduce the Cypense of survey and sales of public lands, Also, to provide increased mail steamship service

etween California and China.

By Mr. Clarke, to incorporate the Indian Terri-tory and Gulf Railroad Company, etc. By Mr. Taffe, to aid in the construction of the

By Mr. Tane, to an in the construction for the Fremont and Ekknon Railroad in Nebruaka. By Mr. Spink (Dakota), to amenid an act for con-structing wagon rt ads in Dakota. The resolution offered lass Monday by Mr. Mc-Crary, declaring that section four of the act of march 81, 1968, exempting certain manufacturess from in-ternal taxas was not intended to embrace within ternal taxes, was not intended to embrace within its provisions or to treat as manufacturers pork packers, lard renderers, or others engaged in smokpackers, and reducters, or others engaged in same ing hams, curing means, or others known in the provision trade, and refunding the tax already col-lected, came up next in order, the question being on striking out the refunding clause. The refunding clause was struck out, and the re-solution as amended was, on motion, of Mr. Schenck, referred to the Committee of Ways and Means

Meaus. Mr. Pomeroy offered a resolution calling on the

Secretary of the Treasury for information as to national banks organized since the 1st of January,

1869, the amount of their circulation, etc. Adopted, Mr. Falmer offered a preamble and resolution in-structing the Committee on Baska and Currency to

The House refused to second the previous ques

report a general law authorizing the establishmen of national banks unrestricted in aggregate number and aggregate circulation, based on such an issue of United States bunds as shall induce the lowes possible reduction of the rate of interest. the Miscellaneous Appropriation bill to-day. They agreed to report in favor of the appropriation of twenty-three thousand dollars to the Swedish Government in consideration of the action of Swedish scamen in saving the lives of some American sallors wrecked in the South Pacific. Terrible Disaster-Reported Loss of the United States Steamer Oneida with 120 Lives. Secretary Robeson was informed this morning by the Secretary of State that he had received a telegraphic despatch from the American Consul at Yokohama, that the United States steamer Oneida, on her way to the United States, when off Yokohama, Japan, during a heavy fog, was run into by the British mail steamer Bombay and sunk. One hundred and twenty lives reported as lost. No particulars.

FOURTH EDITION GENERAL NEWS

The Cadetship Investigations - The House Demoralized-Members Resigning on all Sides-A Boston Prize Fight-The St. Louis

Public Schools.

FROM WASHINGTON.

A Tariff Triumph.

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph. Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph. WASHINGTON, Feb. 28.—The tariff men had an-other triumph in the House to-day. Mr. Allison, of lowa, had a resolution in his pocket, which he failed to get in, declaring that the tariff should be for revenue only, and that its burdens should fall equally upon all. Mr. Schenck, not getting a chance himself, got a delegate from Idaho to offer a resolu-tion declaring that the sense of the Bouse was in favor of a protective tariff as well as a tariff for revenue. Mr. Schenck demanded the previous ques-tion. Mr. Wood moved to laythe resolution on the table, which was lost. The resolution was then passed—yeas, 103; nays, 51. Gelladay and Deweese.

Golladay and Deweese.

Golladay and Deweese. The Speaker laid before the House the resignation of Golladay, of Kentucky, and Deweese, of North Carolina. They did not learn until this morning that their case before the Military Committee was hopeless. As soon as the fact was made known to them they telegraphed their resignations to the Governors of their respective States. It is said that several other members are impli-cated, and that they will also resign to save expui-sion. There is no telling now where the matter will stop. A member remarked to day that if the com-mittee continued its investigations the House will find itself without a quorum. **The Public Debt Statement.**

The Public Debt Statement.

Despatch to the Associated Fress. The public debt statemeilt will be issued to-

m frow, as usual. At present it is impossible to say what will be the showing. The expenditures on ac-count of pensions within the past few days have been very heavy, but the general indications favor a slight

decrease. Official notifications from all the States which have ratified the fifteenth amendment bave not yet been received here, which accounts for the delay in the official proclamation.

CONGRESS.

Senate. Continued from the Third Edition.

By Mr. Osborn, to incorporate the Kansas, Indian Territory, and Gulf Railroad Company, and to enable the Missouri, Fort Scott, and Gulf and the Leaven-worth, Lawrence, and Galveston Railroad Company to unite and construct a single track through the Indian Territory to the Gulf. Referred to the Com-mittee on Territories. By Mr. Summer, to enforce the amendment to the Constitution declaring that the right to vote shall

Constitution declaring that the right to vote shall not be denied or abridged on account of race, color, or previous condition of servitude. It provides that any person hindering a citizen of the United States on any of these grounds from being registered, from voting, being voted for, or holding office, shall be punished by a fine of not less than \$100 nor more than \$5000, and by imprisonment of not less than thirty days nor more than one year. A refusal to register the name or to receive, count.

or give proper legal effect to the vote of any citizen ander any pretense of race, color, etc., shall be punished by a fine of not less than \$500 nor more ban \$4000, and by imprisonment of not less than three callendar months, nor more than two years. The United States District Courts are given ex-clusive jurisdiction in these cases, and are required to enforce the law, Referred to the Committee on

the Judiciary. Mr. Lewis presented a bill to authorize the autho-Mr. Lewis presence a bit to authorize the autho-rities of Washington and the District of Columbia to encorse the bonds of the Southern Maryland Rail-road Company. Referred to the Committee on the District of Columbia. Mr. Stewart offered a resolution, which was agreed

to, requesting the Secretary of State to furnish any information in that department as to what legisla-tion is necessary to effect the administration of jasthe and protect our inter sts in China and Japan, and whether any funds have been received from those countries which can be applied to the erec-tion of suitable legation buildings, court-houses, and juils; and that the Secretary be requested to make any recommendations on this subject he may deem proper.

make any recommendations on this subject autho-deem proper. Mr. Howard called up the joint resolution autho-rizing the Northern Pacific Railroad Company to issue its bonds for the construction of its road, and to secure the same by mortgage. A debate ensued upon the amendment reported by the Committee on the Pacific Railroads as a means of making up deficiencies in the amount of lands granted by Congress to extend for ten miles on each side of the road, the limits within which lands may be selected. Mr. Harlan opposed the bil, upon the ground that the railroad had now a sufficient amount of land, and that the reasons for a farther increase were not afficiently clear. Mr. Howard explained that the company wanted authority to mortgage not only their line of road but the lands belonging to them under their charter, and that the deficiencies caused by homestead and pre-emption settlers should be made good to the company by their taking up lands within ten miles of the present outer limit. At 1 o'clock the bill was laid over, and the Funding bill came up in order.

Assistant Paymaster Robert H. Spaulding, from the New York Navy Yard, and ordered to Palos. Surgeon S. Waln, from the Portsmouth and placed on waiting orders. Assistant Paymaster John C. Burnet is ordered to temporary duty in the Bureau of Provisions and Clothing. Important Decision. The Supreme Court to-day, in the captured and abandoned property cases from the Court of

Claims, decided that the people of the United States were not called on to determine for themselves when the war of rebellion closed, but that August 20, 1866, the date of the President's proclamation declaring the fact, was deemed to be conclusive of the question. This opinion affects a number of cotton cases, and

applies to other matters of litigation. Air-Line Ruliroad.

The Committee on Railways and Canals decided to-day to report adversely a bill for the construction of a telegraph and railroad from this city to Cleveland, Ohio. They agreed to report favorably on bills for an air-line railroad to New York, and for the construction of a rall-

road from this city to the Schuvlkill river in Schuylkill county, Pa, The Appropriation Bill. The Committee on Appropriations took up

THE "STAR" COURSE OF LECTURES .- Professor Morton will deliver the sixth lecture of the second series of this course at the Academy of Music this evening. The subject will be "Solar Eclipses," and the lecture will be illustrated by photographic views and interesting experiments. This lecture will undonbtedly be one of the most entertaining and instructive of the whole peries.

PEREMPTORY SALE .- We would call the attention of the fine art collectors, and lovers of paintings generally, to a peremptory sale of a small private collection of oil paintings and water color drawings on Thursday of this week, March 3, at Barker & Art Gallery, No. 845 Broadway, New York.

REMOVAL. - The well-known auctioneers, Martin Brothers, late of M. Thomas & Bons, have removed from No. 529 Chesnut street to their elegant new store at No. 704 Chesnut street, where they have every facility for earrying on their fast increasing trade.

No. 2222 Filbert street, whose name is not al present ascertainable, met death suddenly this It appears that on awakening he called on his wife for a drink, and she handed him some wine. He took the glass and hastily swallowed the liquor. Directly afterwards he was seized with coughing, and in a few minutes expired. The Coroner will hold an inquest in the case to-day.

HUNGER AND THEFT .- A poor unfortunate, named John Kelly, was arrested in Second Street Market, below Pine street, on Saturday last, for the theft of two pieces of pork, valued at \$5, from a butcher named Meyer. On being questioned at the station house, he stated that he was penniless, friendless, and hungry, and that actual want drove him to the committal of the theft. He was sent to prison in default of \$800 bail.

DECEASE OF A MEMBER OF THE BAR.-Edmund D. Wakeling, Esq., a rising member of the legal profession, and connected with the law firm of Wakeling Brothers, died after a short illness, on Saturday last, at his residence Frankford. He was a student formerly under Charles E. Lex, Esq., and had shown sterling ability in several important cases. A large circle of friends will regret his untimely demise.

A COOL PROCEEDING .-- On Saturday afternoon a teamster in the employ of Messrs. Den-nison & Co. left his loaded dray standing at Penn and Lombard streets, whilst he stepped into an adjacent store to attend to some duties During his absence an unknown chap stepped up to the dray, and shendering a box of vel low metal," valued at \$140, made off with it.

DEATH OF A COURT OFFICER .- James Pidgeon, who for several years past has been an officer of the Court of Common Pleas in this city, died at his residence on Saturday last in the seventy-sixth year of his age. He was a saloon-keeper, and kept an establishment at the corner of Seventh and South streets. He was also one of the veterans of the war of 1812.

ATTEMPTED SUICIDE .- About a quarter past 10 o'clock last night, Jerry Grugan, a resident of Barber's court, in the rear of No. 1109 Melon street, attempted to commit suicide by cutting his throat, and succeeded in inflicting a wound which will doubtless cause death. He was which will doubtless cause death. laboring under an attack of temporary iusanity at the time

ADDITIONAL DISCHARGES AT THE MINT .- The process of reducing the force of workmen at the Mint, under instructions from Washington, is still geing on. This morning some thirteen men in the melter and refiner's department were notified that their services were no longer equired.

PUGILISTIC .- David Counor has been held in \$400 by Alderman Morrow, to answer for com-mitting an assault and battery upon John Kirk, at Currant Alley and Locust street, on Saturday night.

A LITERARY THIEF.-Some delver after knowledge on Saturday night removed one of the panels from the covering of a book-stall at Delaware avenue aud Arch street, and stole therefrom all the books he could find.

CORNER LOUNGERS .- The police of the Thirteenth district arrested six corner-loungers on Saturday night. Alderman Dehin held them to bail to answer.

AMUSEMENT LICENSES .- During the present month the Mayor has caused to be issued thirtysix amusement licenses, mostly for transien shows.

WEDDING INVITATIONS ENGRAVED IN THE NEWEST AND BEST LOUIS DREKA, Stationer and Engravor, No. 1033 CHESNUT Street.

MRS. R. DILLON, NO. 323 AND 331 SOUTH Street, has a large assortment of five Millinery for Ladies and Misses, Ribbons, Satins, Silks, Velvets and Velveteens, Crapes, Feathers, Flowers, Frames Sash Ribbons, Ornaments, Mourning Millinery, Orape Veils, etc. 145

ART SALE. S A RT Ε. - L -Gallery'of Art, No. 845 Broadway, N.Y. JOHN H. AUSTIN, AUCTIONEER. A SPECIAL AND PEREMPTORY SALE of HIGHLY VALUABLE

European and American Oil Paintings

Together with a choice collection of RARE ENGRAV. INGS AND WATER (OLOR DRAWINGS, to be sole AT BARKER'S GALLERY OF ART, No. 845 BROAD WAY, THURSDAY AFTERNOON and EVENING, March 3. The above comprises admirable examples from the French, Belgian, and Dusseldorf schools, and is the most desirable private collection offered during the present season. Will be sold WITHOUT RESERVE, on the 3d of March, commencing at 3 P. M. with the Engrat ings and Water Colors, and at 7% P. M. with the Oil Paintings. 3 38 21

WATCHES.

GENUINE OROIDE GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES, \$12, \$15, \$20, \$25. We are now selling our Watches at retail for wholesale prices, Siz and unwards, all in hunting cases. Heatlemen's and Ladies' sizes, warranted social times as the best, cesting ton times as wuch. OHAIRS AND JEWSLRY. Need for circular. Goods sent C. O. D. Customers can be examine before paying, by paying express charges each way.

JAMES CERARD & CO., No. 85 NASSAU STREET (UP STAIRS), NEW YORK. 9 28 mwf§

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

PEREMPTORY SALE-THOMAS & SONS. Anctioneers -Old-established Business Staar Four-story brick Tayorn and Dwelling, No. 314 Bain bridge street, formerly shippen street. On Tac-day, March 1, 1870, at 12 o'clock, noon, will be sol at public sale, without reserve, at the Philad-lphi Exchange, all that old-established tavern and dwel ing and lot of ground situate on the south side of Bainbridge street (formerly Shippen street), west of Third street, No. 314; containing in front on Bain Third street 40 feet, and extending in depth 111 feet 4 inches, more or less. Subject to an irredeemable ground tent of \$100 a year, payable quarters in gold. Sale absolute. Possession December, 1871. M. THOMAS & SONS, Auctioneers, 2 28 dt New 159 and 141 S. FOI RTH Street.

WANTS.

WANTED-BY & SINGLE GENTLEMAN .-

Two (2) FURNISHED ROOMS, wit tout Boart (except

Broakfast), within fifteen mich as walk of Thirteenth

and Chranut streets. Address giving Reference,

"H. E. J.," this office. WANTED IN AN OFFICE, A YOUNG mun. Address JOHN JONES, Box 1870, P. O., in thehan iwriting of the applicant with references. 2 22 60

\$20,000 IN TWO AMOUNTS OF \$10,000. at par. 2 29 21 2 29 21 Apply to No. 721 WALNUT Street.

List of her Officers.

The following is the list of officers of the Oneida according to the last Maval Register, although we are unable to say to what extent it may have since been

Master, Walter Sargent,

Master, Walter Sargent. Ensigns, J. R. Phelan, C. F. Arnold, J. W. Cowie, M. Bolles, E. W. Very, and J. J. Yates. Surgeon, James Suddards. Assistant Surgeon, Z. L. Frothingham. Passed Assistant Paymaster. Thomas L. Tullock. Jr. First Assistant Engineers, N. B. Littig and Hassistant Engineerstow.

and Barstow. Record Assistant Engineers, John Fornance and

Benry Styder I. Acting) and Assistant Engineers, A. D. Radeline and J. P. McDonilde Boatswain, William E. Leeds Carpenter, J. D. Pinner.

The Cuban Resolution. Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

The House Foreign Affairs Committee had another discussion to-day on the Banks Cuban resolution, but without coming to any conclusion adjourned. It was agreed to take a vote on the resolution next Thursday. There is no doubt of the resolution being adopted.

FROM EUROPE.

The New Conservative Leader.

By the Anglo-American Cable. Loxnon, Feb. 28 .- The acceptance of the

Conservative leadership of the House of Lords by the Duke of Richmond creates quite a stir in political circles. The conservative organ, the

Standard, this morning approved of the sales tion. More Ricting at Waterford.

DUBLIN, Feb. 28.-The disturbances at Water-ford were renewed on Saturday, the supporters of Osborne indulging in the destruction of property and rendering the interposition of the police necessary.

Mr. Burlingamo's Funeral. Sr. PETERSBURG, Feb. 2S.—On Saturday atternoon the funeral of the late Mr. Burlin-gane took place in this city. The mandarins who belonged to his embassy, a Russian mobile, and the representatives at this court of the United States, France, England, rrussla, and Italy, acted as pall-bearers.

The Pope and Pers Hyaclathe.

RONE, Feb. 28 .- The Pope's secularization of Pere Hyacinthe gives coneral satisfaction.

FROM BALTIMORE.

7 h- Burned Propeller-Obituary. BALTIMORE, Feb. 28.-The propeller New Jersey, which was burned off Shark's Island, was valued at \$25,000 and insured for one-half, Captain Jocob W. Hugg, one of the most prominent and respected shipping masters of this city, died yesterday, aged sixty-nine.

The House refused to second the previous ques-tion, and the resolution went over till next Monday. Mr. Longhridge offered a resolution, calling on the Secretary of the Navy for all the correspond-ence with Admiral Farragut relating to staff rank in the navy. Adopted. Mr. Johnson sent up a resolution granting the use of the hall to Paul Bagley for a lecture on the Chinese, but the Speaker decided that, under the rule, the resolution could not be entertained. Mr. Spink (Dakota) offered a resolution in favor of

such tariff for revenue on foreign imports as will incidentally protect domestic manufactures and, without impairing the revenue, impose the least bur-

without impairing the revenue, impose the least bur-dens upon and best promote and encourage the great industrial interests of the country. Mr. Kelsey (N. Y.) objected to the resolution as mere bancombe, of which the House had had enough. The House, however, seconded the pre-vious question, 76 to 44. Mr. Wood moved to lay the resolution on the table.

Negatived without a division. The resolution was then adopted-yeas, 103,

navs, 51 As the vote was being taken the fact became known, and caused much amusement on the Repub lican side of the House, that while the Democrat generally were voting against the resolution, it had been copied *verbatim* from the national Democratic platform adopted in New York in July, 1868.

FROM CUBA.

Surrenderiof Insurgents. By the Cuba Cable.

HAVANA, Feb. 28 .- The steamship Bavaria sailed for Hamburg yesterday.

General Santa Anna was sent to Nassau yesterday on board of a Spanish war steamer.

In addition to the party of Colonel Garcia eighty-six more insurgents have surrendered themselves in the Cinco Villas district. The railroad from Neuvitas to San Miguel, which had been torn up in many places by the insurgents, is again in running order. The telegraph lines to Santiago de Cuba, Palma, and Sarreno are also re-established.

FROM NEW YORK.

The Voolver Homicide Case. Oswzoo, Feb. 28.-Russell F. Voolver, sen-tenced to four years' imprisonment for manslaughter in the third degree, was indicted for murder. There is much public feeling at the strangeness of the verdict.

Fatal Accident.

ALBANY, Feb. 28. - John Kentworthy was killed at Schenectady by railway cars to-day.

killed at Schenectady by railway cars to-day. New York Money and Stock Markets. NEW YORE, Feb. 28. — Stocks unsettled. Money easy at 566 per cent. Gold, 115%. Five-twenties, 1862, coupon, 114%; do. 1864; do., 115%; do. 1865, do., 118%; do. do., new, 112%; do. 1866; i12%; do. 1868, 112%; 10-408, 112; Virginia 68, new, 65; Missouri 68, 23%; Canton Company, 65%; Cum-berland preferred, 34; Consolidated New York Cen-tral and Hudson River, 95%; Brie, 25%; Reading, 97%; Adams Express, 65%; Michigan Central, 140; Cleveland and Pittsburg, 95; Chicago and Rock Island, 119%; Pittsburg and Fort Wayne, 191%; West-ern Union Telegraph, 34%.

FROM NEW ENGLAND.

Severe Weather. Concord, Feb. 28.—There are about 12 inches of snow here, 14 inches at Plymouth, and 12 inches at Lancaster, and at So'clock this morning it was still snowing. The morning train was late.

Attack on the Public Schools. Sr. Louis, Mo. Feb. 25.—A bill passed the lower house of the Legislature on Saturday almost anani-monsiy, requiring the School Board to appropriate to every private school now or hereafter established in St. Louis \$10 for each scholar receiving free tuition in such school. It is said that if this bill becomes a law it can be made to almost entirely break up the public school system. An effort will be made to defeat it in the Senate. Boston, Feb. 28 .- It has been snowing here since Sunday noon, but the weather is mild, and there are but about 4 inches of snow on the Baltimore Produce Market. BAITMORE, Feb. 28.—Cotton dull and nominal at 20c. Flour active and firm; Howard Street super-ine, §4-75645; do. extra, §5-2566; do. family, §6-25 67; City Mills superfine, §4-7565-50; do. extra, §5-5566; do. family, §768-75; Western superfine, §4-75665; do. extra, §5-2568-75; do. family, §6-6256 66-75. Wheat steady and unchanged; Maryiand, §1-4061-45. Corn-white, s66960; yellow, 916956; Rye dull and nominal. Mess Pork quiet at §37-50. Bacon firm; rib sides, 15-36; c; clear do., 1634; aboulders, 1934;; haros, 19620; Lard quiet at 1636; W hisky is offered at §1-01. ground.

A Dead Ruffian.

A Dead Ruffian. Boston, Feb. 28.—The body of John Dean, one of the party of four roughs who rescued a thief from policeman McNamara, three weeks ago, has been found in a dock with a pistol-ball in his head. It is supposed he was shot by the officer, who fired three shots when the attack was made provident three shots when the attack was made upon him, and that having expired in the hands of his friends while being taken away, they threw the body into the dock.

House.

Continued from the Third Edition

Continued from the Third Edition. The following is the vote in detail:--Yeas-Messrs. Ambler, Ames, Atwood, Axtell, Beatly, Bingham, Blair, Brooks (N. Y.), Buck, Baf-Inton, Burdett, Butler (Mass.), Butler (Tenn.), Cake, Cesana, Churchill, Cobb (N. C.), Cook, Conger, Covode, Cullom, Davis, Donley, Dyer, Ferris, Fisher, Garfield, Getz, Hamill, Harris, Hawley, Heaton, IIII, Boar, Hoge, Hooper, Hotchkiss, Ingersoll, Jenckes, Johnson, Jones (N. C.), Kelley (Penna.), Kellogg, Kelsey (N. Y.), Ketcham. Knapp, Laffin, Lash, Lawrence, Loughridge, Maynard, McCrary, Mc-Graw, Mercur, Milnes, Moore (Ohlo), Moore (III.), Moore (N. J.), Morphis, Morrell (Penna.), Morrill (Maine), Myers, Negley, O'Nelli, Packard (Ind.), Paine, Paimer, Peirce, Peters, Phelps, Platt, Pome-roy, Prosser, Randall, Sargent, Sawyer, Scoffeld, shanks, Sheldon (La.), Smith (Ohio), Smith (Tenn.), Smith (Vt.), Starkweather, Stevens, Stevenson, Stiles, Stokes, Stoughton, Stirkkland, Strong, Swann, Tafe, Tanner, Tiliman, Twitchell, Upson, Van Horn, Washburn (Wis.), Washburn (Mass.), Walker, Wheeler, Wikinson, Willard, Williams, Wilson (Ohle), Witcher, and Woodward-107. Nays-Messrs, Allison, Archer, Biggs, Bird, Booker, hove, Brooks (Maas, Burrehard, Burr,

(Ohie), Witcher, and Woodward-107. Nays-Messrs. Allison, Archer, Biggs, Bird, Bocker, Boye, Brooks (Mass.), Burohard, Burr, Colkin, Cox, Crebs, Dickinson, Dox, Finkelnberg, Gibson, Griswold, Halght, Hambleton (Md.), Hawitus, Hay, Hayes, Hadin, Holman, Johnson, Jones (Ky.), Judd, Kerr, Marshall, Mayham, Mc-Cormick, McNeely, Mungen, Fiblack, Orth, Potter, Rending, Ridgway, Rogers, Schumaker, Sherrod, Smith (Oregon), Stone, Trimble, Tiner, Voorhees, Winans, and Wosel-48. The following is the text of the resolution :-

facit res. and as will, without impairing the reve-nue, impose the least burden upon and best promote and encourage the great industrial interests of the

country. The Speaker presented the resignation of Mr. Gol-laday, of Kentucky, and Mr. Deweese, of North Caro-lina, who are understood to have been implicated in the maiter of disposing of cadetships. The House then at quarter before 2 went into Committee of the Whole (Mr. Mercur in the chair) on the Indian Appropriation bill.

Prize Fight.

BOSTON, Feb. 28. - A prize fight for \$500 a side was fought on Sunday night, at Quincy, in an occupied building, between Mike Murray and Ted McMahon. Six ronnes ended the affair, Murray being the vic-tor. McMahon was severely punished, and was ren-dered sightless, both eyes being bunged up. The Danvers Railroad. Tre directors of the Boston and Maine Railroad Company voted to-day to pay in gold their coupons of the Danvers Railroad, due to-morrow.

Attack on the Public Schools

Baltimore Produce Market.