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PHILADELPHIA.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 19, 1870.

THE BALLOT AND VIVA VOCE. JOHN STUART MILL, the English writer on political economy, has recently propounded to the Social Science Association of Philadelphia sundry questions in regard to the practical operation of the vote by ballot. In England the old viva voce mothod still prevails, despite the efforts of the Liberals to supplant it by the ballot, and he probably hopes that the answers to his queries will be of such a character that they will furnish new ammunition to the advocates of the proposed reform. No party and scarcely a single public man in this State doubts the superiority of our system, and we would no more think of returning to the antiquated and inferior English method in general elections than of giving up railroads to go back to turnpikes. The principle underlying the whole subject may be briefly stated in the allegation that it is right for Legislators and Congressmen to have their votes publicly recorded, because they act as representatives, and their constituents should be apprised of their course on every public measure on which a call of yeas and nays is demanded; but the people, acting for themselves alone, and being responsible to no one, should be relieved from all accountability for the exercise of their private judgment on public questions. It must be confessed, however, that, like

all other human institutions, even the ballot, as established in this city, is not absolutely perfect; and we could not give entirely satisfactory answers to all of Mr. Mill's questions. For instance, he wishes to know whether "absolute secrecy" is secured, and whether any official is cognizant of the vote. If Mr. Mill was to inquire minutely into the result of the comparatively few instances where voters endeavored to maintain secrecy when shrewd election officers wished to penetrate it, he would find that the efforts of the reticent voters had rarely been crowned with success. At nearly every election efforts are made to have the headings of the respective tickets printed in a type which will insure their identification by politicians learned in such matters, and when there is reason to suspect that these headings are designedly imitated, other plans are speedily devised to ascertain the real proclivities of doubtful voters.

Mr. Mill's question whether voters are "desirous of concealing their opinions and votes," however, may be emphatically answered in the negative. As a rule they are remarkably free and outspoken, and doubts about the political position of American voters or a desire for concealment occur only in exceptional cases.

When Mr. Mill asks "what influences, such as corruption, intimidation, or other, templated leaving the country, and under ballot protect the vote fully from these, or in what point does it fail to do so?" his query brings into strong relief the superiority of the American system. To the honor of our voters be it said that cases of corruption and intimidation are extremely rare, and in proportion to numbers, a hundred English voters are either bought or frightened to one American. The great mass of our citizens are as completely above the reach of such influences as the proudest nobles of Great Britain. The "other" influences by which they are chiefly swayed are their partisan affinities, or, in a few cases, personal friendship. -

MILE

MARKET BUT YOURS

LATE OF STREET

WHAT I'M IN LIFER An answer nearly as satisfactory could be given to his question whether the body of voters are "intelligent and apparently swayed only by public motives," but an Englishman who is not familiar with the ramifications of our politics, and with the prevailing thirst for office, would not be likely to comprehend, without minute explanations, the extent to which our political machinery is manipulated by men inspired, in part, by personal ambition.

Mr. Mill's last query is as follows: -"Do you think open or secret voting best secures the expression of the elector's convictions, exposed as he is in the one case to intimidation, and in the other screened from the healthy influence of public

This question, too, displays an ignorance of the workings of the ballot in this country which is scarcely pardonable. It implies that its use screens American voters "from the healthy influence of public opinion," and that this fact is as notorious as the intimidation of British voters under the viva voce system. If Mr. Mill wishes to be enlightened, he should at the outset divest himself of this totally erroneous idea. No man here is screened from the force of public opinion, and it is in reality far more potent than it would be under a viva voce system, for where that prevails it is the rich and powerful, the owners of large mills, mainly, who are feared, while here the masses, when they are fully aroused, can wield a potential influence in all questions, and award speedy punishment politically to those who incur their displeasure, or shower honors upon their favorites.

Fortunately for the honor of our country, Mr. Mill does not ask about the operations of the "repeaters." Perhaps if hedid we should be obliged to confess that the English system better safeguard against their rascality than

THE ALASKA SWINDLE.

Even since we paid our money for Alaska we have been hoping almost against hope that it might possibly turn out to be of some value, but exactly how we were to get the interest on our investment no one was able to say. It now seems likely that Alaska will prove a rather expensive land speculation, and that it will remain on our hands as a legacy of the and imprisonment, and to-day Johnson administration and Mr. Seward's same despatch that informs us of the exact

least, the proverbial Yankee cuteness in driving a bargain is seriously at fault in matters considerable moment. The fact that we have been badly the purchase of Alaska, sold in and we would be well off if the money paid to Russia was all that it will cost us. In compliance with a resolution of the House of Representatives, the Secretary of the Treasury has presented a statement of the receipts and disbursements in Alaska since it has been in our possession. By this statement it appears that the Collector of Customs in San Francisco has paid out on account of the revenue outter service, in excess of what he would have disbursed if the vessels had remained in port, the sum of \$160,000. The other items of expense in this line are:-Disbursements by the Collector of Customs at Sitka on account of collecting revenue from customs and revenue cutter service, \$101,353. Disbursements on account of special service, \$6224. Disbursements on account of the War Department in excess of what would have been disbursed had the troops been stationed elsewhere in the United States, \$330,000. Disbursements on account of Post Office Department to Sept. 30, 1869, \$212. Total disbursements, \$597,789. Receipts from customs, \$21,332. Receipts from Post Office, \$518. Total, \$21,850. Disbursements in excess of receipts, \$576,539. The Secretary of War says that of the \$330,000 spent by the department, more than \$100,000 was expended in the purchase and equipment of a steam vessel employed in the transportation of public troops, which vessel, with due allowance for wear and tear and risks of navigation, will long continue to represent a considerable portion of the sum expended upon the same.

These figures speak for themselves, and need no comment.

FICKEN SHOOTING CASE AGAIN. YESTERDAY there was another hearing of the Ficken shooting case in the Court of Quarter Sessions, and on the surgeon's testimony that the boy Curran appeared to be out of danger, it was decided to release Ficken on bail, to answer the charges against him in the bill returned by the Grand Jury. The District Attorney desired that the bail should be fixed at \$20,000, giving as his reasons that the defendant was a rich man, and that as he contemplated leaving the country, the amount should be placed at such a figure as will guarantee that he will be on hand when he is wanted. Ficken's counsel protested against this, and attempted to persuade the Court that his client was a persecuted individual, and that \$20,000 would be most oppressive bail. Judge Ludlow, in rendering his decision, took exactly the right grounds, and said very justly that what might be oppressive bail in one case would be laughed at in others. The only object the Court had in fixing the amount of the bail bond was to secure the attendance of Ficken to answer the charge against him when his case comes up for trial. The testimony showed that the accused was wealthy, and also that he conhave most effect on the vote, and does the these circumstances the Judge considered himself perfectly justified in fixing his bail in the Curran case at \$12,500, which, with the \$2500 demanded by the magistrate and the \$5000 in the case of the boy Isaac Barker, would make a total of \$20,000, which under the circumstances was no more than justice required. The Judge then admonished Ficken that it would be well for him to surrender himself at once if his victim should grow seriously worse, and he repelled the insinuation of Ficken's counsel that he had been influenced by either personal or political motives in anything that he had done or said with regard to the case, and concluded his remarks by saying "that so far as the Court is concerned it is a matter of little importance who the man is, he will be tried according to law. If he is guilty he will be convicted: if he is innocent I hope he will be acquitted." There was great reason to fear that efforts would be made to hush the affair up, and prevent it from being brought before the courts, on account of Ficken's wealth and supposed influence and social position. The District Attorney is entitled to great credit for his prompt and efficient

action, and there is now a fair chance that

exact justice will be done, and the outrage

avenged by Ficken being obliged to delay his

journey to Europe until after he serves out a

term in the Penitentiary.

"HOMICIDE THROUGH IMPRU-DENCE. IF RICHARD FICKEN of Philadelphia were Frenchman and a member of the Imperial family, he would probably be tried upon the charge of "homicide through imprudence," which is the novel title that has been invented by the French officers of justice for the crime of Prince Pierre Bonaparte in shooting Victor Noir. It will not be difficult to foretell the result of a trial based upon such a charge, and the pleasant anticipations of Rochefort that a landed estates or the proprietors of cotton | Bonaparte would be the successor of Trauppman under the axe of the guillotine will scarcely be realized. There is a saying in the United States navy that it is practiimpossible to convict an cally Admiral before a court-martial, and that it is almost as difficult to acquit a common sailor; so in France the conviction of a Bonaparte for the "imprudent homicide" of a journalist who had abused the imperial family would be a phenomenon even greater may have the solitary virtue of furnishing a than the acquittal of a journalist for offenses against the press laws. While the indictment against the assassin of Victor Noir is equivalent to an acquittal, or at least that he will at the most only be obliged to undergo a nominal punishment, the prosecution and conviction of editors who dare to say what they think are being carried on with relentless vigor. Yesterday the cable furnished us with a considerable list of journalists who been sentenced had to fine

diplomacy, to remind us that sometimes, at | character of Pierre Bonaparte's crime as defined by the legal representatives of his imperial cousin, also announces that Victor Fouville, one of the editors of La Marseillaise, and the companion of Noir when he waited on his assassin has been sentenced to six months' imprisonment and to pay a fine of five hundred francs for violating the press laws. This style of administering justice may succeed in crushing out opposition to imperialism for a time, but it will ertainly not increase the popularity of the Emperor and his family. Thus far the Government has succeeded in holding in check the revolutionists, and it would do much to confirm its power if it would send Pierre Bonaparte to the guillotine, just as they occasionally hang a lord in England to prove the impartiality of British law; but as matters are likely to turn out, the imprisoned editors may prove the masters of the Emperor, even if they are blackguards and demagogues with whose revolutionary schemes sensible people can have but little

SPECIAL NOTICES.	
For additional Special Actie	Control of the Contro
DOY FINEST	ALL STATES A STATE OF THE PARTY
READY-MADE	FURNISHING
CLOTHING.	GOODS,
STREET	NUMBULES
JOHN WA	AUTHOR VIETERS
YOUTES'	FASHIONABLE MERCHANT
CLOTHING.	
The second secon	TAILORING. F TEMPERANCE.
GRAND TEMPERANC	743
TUESDAY, FEBRU	JARY 22, 1870,

ALL FRIENDS OF TEMPERANCE EARNESTLY INVITED TO PARTICIPATE.

AT HORTICULTURAL HALL.

(AFTERNOON AND EVENING).

AFTERNOON MEETINGS. At 3 o'clock P. M., a meeting for adults will be held in the main audience room. President WM, H. ALLEN, LL. D., of Girard College, will preside.

The Cadets of Temperance, Cadets of Honor and Temperance, and other male Juvenile Temperance, Organizations, will meet in the hall upon the first floor.

The Bands of Hope and Sabbath School Children will emble in the second-story front room.

EVENING MEETINGS. The meetings in the evening will assemble at 8 o'clock Hop. J. s. Allison will preside in the main as lience room. The following eminent advocates of total abstinence will be present and address the meeting REV. DR. A. A. WILLITS. JOHN R. SYPHER, REV. JOHN CHAMBERS,

B. F. DENNISON. GEORGE H. HICK, PEV. W. C. BEST. HON. S. B. RANSOM, of N. J., REV. PETER STRYKER, EDWIN H. COATES, DR. HERRICK JOHNSON. REV. DR. BROOKS, JOHN WANAMAKER, REV. ANTHONY ATWOOD, JOHN SHEDDEN. The members of the orders of Sons of Temperance,

Temple of Honor and Temperance. I. O. of Good Templars, Knights of Temperance, Id . 1 and Cadets of Temperance, Cadets of Honor and Temperance. And Bands of Hope,

Are invited to be present in regalia.

The famous Juvenile Band, from Girard College, will be present afternoon and evening,
Members of the Grand and National Bodies of the shove organizations, and the members of the general and sub-committees, will be provided with seats upon the

perance, irrespective of organization or party, to make this a glorious celebration, and one long to be remem bered for the onward movement given to the cause of temperance. Arrangemen's have been make to accommodate all

Let there be a grand outpouring of all friends of tem-

The three large rooms at Horticultural Hall have been secured, and if required the churches in the vicinity will be opened. Friends of temperance, attend en masse. By order of the Committee of Arrangements. WILLIAM W. AXE, Chairman.

OFFICE PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD

NOTICE TO STOCK HOLDERS.

NOTICE TO STOCK HOLDERS.

The Annual Election for Directors will be held on MON DAY, the 7th day of March, 1870, at the Office of the Company, No. 288 South THIAD Street. The polls will be open from 10 o'clook A. M. until 6 o'clook P. M.

No share or shares transferred within sixty days preceding the election will entitle the holder or holders thereof to vote. JOSEPH LESLEY.

OFFICE RECEIVER OF TAXES. OFFICE RECEIVER OF TAXES.

NOTICE—In consequence of the confusion incident to the change in the administration of this department, under the decision of the Supreme Court in the contested election case, it has been determined, with the indorsement of the Finance Committee of Councils, to open the ouplicates for the reception of the City and State Taxes for the year 1970, on MONDAY next, February 31.

\$15.64

RICHARD PRICE.

OFFICE OF THE DIAMOND COAL COMPANY, No. 308 WALNUT Street.

BIVIDEND NOTICE.

The Directors have declared a dividend of ONE DOLLAR per share, payable on and after the 31st inst.

B. B. St.*

S. ALTER, Secretary.

A SPECIAL MEETING OF THE A SPECIAL MEETING OF THE GAS COAL COMPANY will be held at their Office, No. 314% WA NUT Street, on FRIDAY, March 4, 1870, at 11 o'clock A. M., to consider the propriety of creating a Mortgage on the property of the company. Philadelphia, Feb. 15, 1870. AUSTRALIAN AND ALASKA DIAMONDS, MOSS AGATES, and all the latest styles
of Fashionable Jewelry, at low prices.
EVANS' BAZAR, No. 56 North EIGHTH Street, west
ide near Arch. G. G. KVANS.
126 lm40

JAMES M. SCOVEL,

LAWYER,

CAMDEN, N. J.

FOR COLLECTIONS—CLAIMS OVER ONE HUN

DRED DOLLARS, FIVE PER CENT.

245#

MURDO: H'S BRONCHIAL COMERTS. They are for sale by all droggats.

the

SPECIAL NOTICES.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC THE STAR COURSE OF LECTURES. GRORGE WILLIAM OURTIS. On THURSDAY EVENING, February 21.

Subject-"Our National Folly-The Civil Service." PROF. MENRY MORTON. On MONDAY EVENING, Pobluary 28, Subject-"Solar Kelipses."

BAYARD TAYLOR, March 3, Subject—"Reform and Art."

JOHN G. SAXE, March 31.
Fubject—"French Folks at Home."

PROF. ROBERT E. ROBERS, March M. Subject.—Chemical Forces in Nature and the Arta. ANNA R. DICKINSON, April 7.

Admission to saab I

ission to each Lecture, to cents; Reserved Seats, 7 Tickets to any of the Lectures for sale at Gould's Pian Rooms, No. 22 OHESNUT Street, from 2 A. M. to 5 P. M. Doors open at 7. Lecture at 8.

HORACE GREELEY

ACADEMY OF MUSIC, TUESDAY EVENING, Feb. 22, Subject..."THE WOMAN QUESTION."
Tickets at ASHMEAD'S, No. 724 CHESNUT Street, Reserved Seats, 75 cents. Admission and Stage Tickets, 50 cents. Reserved Seats in Family Circle, 50

2 11 12 14 17 18 19 21 22 THE WESTERN SAVING FUND SOCIETY, office Southwest corner of WALINUT and TENTH Streets. Incorporated Sebruary 2, 1847. Open for deposits and payments daily, between the hours of 9 A. M. and 2 P. M., and on Monday and Thursday afternoons from 3 to 7 o clock. Interest five per cent. per annum from January 1, 1870.

President—JOHN WIEGAND.

Charles Humphreys,
Samuel V. Merrick,
William W. Keen.
Peter Williamson,
R. Hundle Smith,
A. J. Lewis,
Robert Toland,
Issac F. Baker,
John C. Davis,
Joseph B. Townsend,
K. J. Lewis, M. D.,
Jacob P. Jones,
William M. Tilgiman,
Charles Wheeler,
Saunders Lewis,
John R. Cope,
Henry L. Gaw,
Henry Winsor,
John Weish,
WILLIAM B. VOCKES, JR. Treasurer.

Allemins, Henry Winsor, John Wolsh, WILLIAM B. WOGERS, JR., Treasurer, SPECIAL DEPOSITS RECEIVED [2] tus 31 DIVIDEND NOTICE.

WEST JERSEY RAILBOAD COMPANY, TREASURER'S OFFICE. CAMDEN, February 15, 1870: The Board of Directors have this day declared, from the carnings of the past six months, a semi-annual dividend of FIVE PER CENT, on the capital stock of the com-pany, clear of National tax, payable to the stockholders of tois date, at the office of the company in the city of Camden, ON AND AFTER SATURDAY, February 19.

The Stock Transfer Books will be closed from the date hereof until the 19th instant.

GEORGE J. ROHBINS, Treasurer,

2 16 4t West Jersey Railroad Cempany. UNIVERSITY OF PENNSYLVANIA.

LECTURES ON SOCIAL SCIENCE.

Professor McILVAINE will deliver his Third Lecture on TURSDAY EVENING next, at 8 o'clock, and the remaining Lectures will be given on Tuesday of each week, instead of Wednesday.

2 19 20

OLOTHING SUPERIOR CLOTHING.

Non 911 and 316

AND MADE TO ORDER.

ROCKHILL & WILSON.

603 and 605

CHESNUT STREET.

BOYS' CLOTHING. NEW STYLES,

BARCAINS CLOTHING.

CHEAP, CHEAPER, CHEAPEST.

GOOD BUSINESS SUITS......\$14, were \$18 ** Thirth \$20 EVANS & LEACH,

No. 628 MARKET STREET,

PHILADELPHIA DRY GOODS.

PRICE & WOOD, N. W. Corner Eighth and Filbert Sts.,

HAVE JUST RECEIVED FROM NEW YORK CASH SALES AND OTHER SOURCES, 500 pieces Satin Plaid Nainsooks, at 20, 25, 28, 31, 35, 3736, 40, and 50c. Stripe Swiss and Stripe Nainsooks.

100 pieces Plaid Organdies, 25c.; cost 31c. to import. Bargains in Nainsooks, soft finish Cambrics, Victoria Lawns, and Swise Muslins. 800 pieces Piques at 25, 30, 33, 37%, 50, 62%, and 75c., that 84 FRENCH MUSLINS.

Tucked Muslins for infants' dresse Power-loom Table Linens, 3736, 45, 50c. up to \$1 a yard.
7-4 and 8-4 Bleached Table Linens.
Linen Naykins, \$1, \$1 1236, \$1 25, \$1 33, \$150, \$2, up to

Linen Doylies, 62%, 69, 75c., \$1, \$1 12%, up to \$3 a dozen. Bargains in Linen Bird-eye for Aprons.

Nursery Bird eye at \$1'12%, \$1'25, \$1.50, \$1'75, \$2, up to \$4.

Best makes Shirting Lineus. 500 dozen Linen Huckaback Towels, at 10, 12%, 28, 25,

31c.
Bargains in Damask Towels, etc.
Bhirting Fercales and Dress Percales.
Bhirting Fercales and Dress Percales.
Best makes Bleached and Unblekehed Muslins.
Pillowcase and Sheeting Muslins.
20,000 yards Hamburg Edgings, Flouncings, and Insertines, bought for cush int less than importer's prices.
Dimity Hands at 13, 29, 28, and 29c.
Registered Edgings, Coventry Rufflings, Magic Rufflings at a stee. ings, etc. etc. Jouvin's Kid Gloves, a new lot choice shades. Bargains in Ladice' and Genta' Hosiery, etc. etc. PRICE & WOOD,

N. W. CORNER EIGHTH AND FILBERT. GREAT BARGAINS

J. M. HAFLEIGH. 1012 and 1014 CHESNUT Street.

COMMENCED MONDAY, JANUARY 24,

TO CLOSE OUT THE BALANCE OF STOCK ON HAND WITHOUT REFERENCE TO COST OR FORMER PRICES, PREPARATORY TO OPENING

AN ENTIRE NEW STOCK of SPRING GOODS. (1 29 fl 5 19 19 26

ZEPHYRS AND GERMANTOWN WOOLS, Mending Cotton, wholesale and retail, at Factors, No. 1024 LOMBARD Street.

& LANDELL, EYRE

FOURTH and ARCH Streets.

DEALERS IN BETTER CLASS OF

GOODS.

COODS

STEEL COLORED NEW SPRING POP-LINS.

PEARL-COLORED POPLINS. MODE-COLORED POPLINS. NEW CREEN POPLINS. NEW BLUE POPLINS.

THE NEW SHADE OF BLUE AND GREEN SILKS. NEW SPRING POULT DE SOIES. NEW SPRING STRIPE SILKS. NEW STOCK OF BLACK SILKS. NEWSTOCK PAISLEY SHAWLS.

DRY GOODS. E.R. LEE.

North EIGHTH Street.

Has oper od this day, from New York Auctions,

Several Job Lots of Desirable Goods,

100 dozen Ladies' Hose, at 23 and 31 cents; Unbleached and White, full regular made, cheapest goods ever offered.

150 dozen Genta' Superfine Super Stout Half Hose, 31

2000 yards 6-4 Elegant French Muslin, 38 and 45 cents, 50 pieces 84 White Tarletan, 28, 31, and 45 cents, extra 30 pieces fine French Pique Welt, wide width. Hoavy Loom Table Damask, very fine, 50 cents; new

atterns. 100 yards White Table Damasks, slightly soiled, bar 20 pieces finest Black Mohairs, 50 cents, very cheap. 150 dozen Ladies' All-linen Hemstitched Handkerchiefs. 12% and 15 cents.

50 dozen Gents' All-linen Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, New lot of Hamburg Edgings and Insertings. 500 dozen New Style Linea Collars and Cuffa. New Point and Point Applique Collars. New Thread Collars. Turkey Red Napkins, and fine cloth. Marneilles Quits very cheap.

Cartwright & Warner's Underwear,

Consisting of Gents' Shirts and Drawers.
Ladies' Gauze Merino Underwear.
'A line of Children's Underwear, Merino Hose.
Also, Ladies' Fine English Hose, Balbriggan, German, etc.; Men's Half Hose.

Balance of Large Lot of Goods Closing out at an Immense Reduction.

Dress Goods Closing out. GLOVES: GLOVES: GLOVES:

Palance of Fall and Winter Gloves reduced.
Heavy and Fine Fichardson's Linena for Ladies Wear.
Heavy Buschers Linen. 38 coms.
100 pieces I inen Diaperiug, very cheap.
Napkins, Towels, etc. etc.
Leading make, of Domestics.
Domet and All-wool Fiannels.
20 pieces Fine All-wool Flannels.
21 cases White Ground Calicoes, 121/2 couts.
Choicest designs ever fiered in low price Goods.
Also, the J. B. P. Coutelle's French Corset, hand-maile, the nearly half price

No. 43 North EIGHTH Street,

OPENED THIS MORNING,

E. R. LEE,

150 Rieces Mohair Dress Goods, Suitable for Suits.

REDUCED TO 19 CENTS. Cost over 371/4 cents to im

1870.

SPECIALTIES

"THORNLEY'S." EIGHTH and SPRING GARDEN Sts. PHILADELPHIA.

WE OFFER IMMENSE BARGAINS IN BLACK SILKS. Good Black Silks for \$1.50.

Rich Gro Grain Black silks at \$1 62. Heavy Gro Grain Black Silks at \$175. Very Rich and Heavy Gro Grain at \$2. Magnificent Quality for \$2-25, \$2-50, and \$3. The very best for \$3.25, \$3.50, and \$4. Blues, Greens, Browns, Modes, Queen's Greys, etc., for \$2.

Paisley and Broche Shawls. REDUCED TWENTY-FIVE PER CENT. A fresh importation of BAJOU'S KID GLOVES. JOSEPH H. THORNLEY,

CORNER OF EIGHTH and SPRING GARDEN Sts. PHILADELPHIA.

STOKES & WOOD

S. W. COR. SEVENTH AND ARCH STS., Are now opening a good assortment of DRY GOODS for the coming season. Neat Striged and Plaid Silks, good quality, \$1 00

and \$1.25 Pearl and Mode Colored Wool and Silk and Wool Black and White and Green and White Striped Poplins for Suits, 37% cents. Mode Poplins for Suits, in variety.

Black Alpacas, Alpaca Poplins and Merinoes, best Black Silks of the best makes, at reduced prices. Plaid Muslins, from 25 cents up.

New designs in Chintzes received dally. J. W. PROCTOR

SPECIAL NOTICE. CONTINUATION OF SALE

Balance of Stock remaining on hand will be sold at Retail. The whole of the stock is now on the first floor. Real Bar-STORE NOW OPEN. Britness Horse, Mirrors, about 70 Walnut Frames with Glasses in for banging in Ho-tels, and many articles sultable for Cloak manufacturers, Wax Figures, Etc. [3124]

MRS. R. DILLON, NO. 323 AND 331 SOUTH Street, has a large assortment of fine Millinery for Ladies and Misses, Ribbons, Satins, Silks, Velvets and Velveteens, Crapes, Feathers, Flowers, Frames, Snah Ribbons, Ornaments, Mourning Millinery, Orape Vells, etc.

Street, SSE OF STOCK CHESNUT œ 1 LOOKING THEIR ш

816

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DRY GOODS. SHEPPARD.

> VAN HARLINGEN & ARRISON

ARE OFFERING

Extraordinary Bargains Table Cloths, Napkins, Doylies, Tab

Linens, Towels, Towelings, Etc.

French, Belgian, Barnsley, Scotch an Irish Sheeting, and Pillow-Case Linens.

4-4 FRENCH AND RICHARDSON'S IRIS LINKNS, in fine, medium, and heavy makes of grades for general family and ladies' use.

EMBROIDERED PIANO AND TABLE COVER BLANKETS, FLANNELS, QUILTS, AND COUNTERPANES.

VERY RICH, NEW AND BLEGANT LACE AN NOTTINGHAM CURTAINS, WINDOW SHADES, ETC. ETC. ALSO,

NEW WELTS, PIQUES, WHITE GOODS, AS TIPUL STYLES, THE LARGEST ASSORTME WE HAVE EVER OFFERED; PRINTED PE CALES, New and Riegant Patterns, Fast Colors. ALL THE BEST MAKES OF DOMESTIC ME LINS AND SHEETINGS at WHOLESALE PRICE SPECIAL ATTENTION IS INVITED TO A NI

MAKE OF HEAVY MUSLIN, WHICH FOR MAI PURPOSES IN THE FAMILY WILL BE FOUR VERY VALUABLE. MANUFACTURED PRESSLY FOR OUR TRADE. No. 1008 CHESNUT Stree

PHILADELPHIA. MOURNING DRY GOODS HOUS

PERKINS & CO.,

South WINTH Stree

HAVE OPENED A FULL LINE OF

BAREGE HERNANIES 2 17 thstu3m4p CTEEL-COLORED NEW SPRING PO

> LINS. PRARL-COLORED POPLENS. NEW GREEN POPLISS., NEW BLUE POPLISS.

EYRE & LANDELL,

FOURTH AND ARCH THE NEW SHADE OF BLUE AR GREEN SILKS.

NEW SPRING POULT DE SOIRS. NEW SPRING STRPE SILKS. NEW STOOK OF BLACK SILKS. NEW STOOK PAILEY SHAWLS.

EYRE & LANDELL, FOURTH AND AROH.

PHICADELPHIA