CITY INTELLIGENCE. PHILADELPHIA AND ERIE.

Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Philadelphia and Eric Railroad Company— The Earnings for the Past Year—Why the Directors Had Not Declared Any Dividends. The stockholders of the Philadelphia and Erie Railroad Company held their annual meeting at

the office of the company, No. 230 Wainut street, at ten o'efock this morning.

George Griscom, Esq., was called to the chair, and George P. Little, Esq., was appointed secre-

The Chairman read the call for the meeting, after which the Secretary read the minutes of the last annual meeting. The minutes were approved. E. F. Gay, Esq., President of the company, read and submitted the annual report of the Directors for the year 1869, as follows:—

The receipts of your road during the past year have been as follows:—

Brown passengers. 2672,96446

And the gross earnings were \$3,186,697-05 The earnings in 1868 were 2,784,746-52 \$451,950;53 Increase in 1869..... The total number of passengers carried 651,038

which is an increase of nearly 20 per cent. upon the amount transported over that of the previous year, and about 16% per cent, upon the gross receipts of the road. The increase of fonnage has been chiefly from the Lake freights, which have to be carried at very low rates to compete with other lines.

The following statement is submitted as exhibiting the amount of our stock and bonded debt, and the application of their proceeds, etc., up to the 1st of January, 1850, viz.:—

Total stock and bonds.......\$21,002,300
These last bonds (viz. \$3,598,000) were issued in conformity with an act of the Legislature passed in April last, authorizing this company to issue twenty millions of bonds on a mortgage of the whole road, and bearing interest at a rate not exceeding seven

per cent.
The application of the proceeds of the stocks and bonds is set forth in detail, and then the report says:—In connection with this subject, it may here be remarked that neither in the transactions just re-ferred to or in payment for work done, or for any other purpose than its legitimate object (viz., payment of interest on our bonded debt, taxes, and maintaining organization) has any part of the thirty per cent of the gross receipts due this company ever been applied.

In March last an act was passed by the State Le-

In March last an act was passed by the State Legis ature which (in order to encourage the construction of a low grade railroad between the waters of the Aliegheny and Susquehanna, by the route commonly known as "Bennet's Branch", authorized the Aliegheny Valley Railroad to build said road, and for this purpose to take from the State Treasury the bonds of this company, viz., \$3,500,000 5 per cent. and \$4,000,000 6 per cent, (the latter) held as collateral placed there in purchase of the State Canalinterest, etc., and to substitute therefor their own bonds for \$3,500,000. Subsequently your board agreed to perchase and pay the Aliegheny Railroad for all the bonds and claims it held by purchase from the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, these relieving the company from all its bonded obligations to the Commonwealth, and effecting a large reduction of our bonded indebtedness.

to the Commonwealth, and effecting a large reduction of our bonded indebtedness.

In the fall of 1868 the grading of eighteen miles of
Bennet's Branch Railroad was placed under contract
by this company, but in consequence of the passage
of the act authorizing the construction of the entire
road by the Allegheny Valley Railroad, the work
now being done will, when completed, pass into the
hands of that company. Its cost thus far has been
kept as an open account, and it is not included in
the settlement of annual account.

A contract has been concluded with the Allegheny
Valley Railroad, by which connection will be made

Valley Railroad, by which connection will be made with the Philadelphia and Eric Railroad at Drift-wood, and from which all the advantages of a reciprocal trade will be derived and secured in perpetuity.

The gross receipts from the road in 1869

Thirty per cent, of which is

Add balance of last year..... rest on bonded debt, preferred stock, sinking fund, taxes, and maintaining 1.042,940 77

ment to credit of sinking fund of the sum of \$165,000 due on the last three years, no payments having been made hereafter on that account. The amount due on the sinking fund the present year

A permanent business connection on a mutually favorable basis with the Oil Creek and Allegheny River Railroad, embracing in its circuit of nearly one hundred miles in length a large portion of the oil-producing territory, yielding an average of 12,008 barrels per day, has long been deemed of paramount importance by this board. The object has been at-

importance by this board. The object has been attained by the purchase of 43,000 shares, or a majority of the capital stock of that company.

This road is doing a remunerative business, is free of any foating debt, and is paying quarterly dividends of 23 per cent, without thereby absorbing all of its current net earnings.

On the 1st of January, 1869, there was due to the Pennsylvania Raliroad Company, on construction account, the sum of\$228,632.12 Which, with some other advances by that

A large amount of work has been done on the line

company amounting to 100,107.00

100,000:00

from that route..... 210,000.00 Leaving still a balance due the Pennsylvania Railroad, January 1, 1870, for construction -8341,608:40

payment for which may be made in 6 per cent, bonds of this company.

"hus far our receipts from earnings have been sufficient for the payment of our interest account,

Your road is now in good condition and has been run with much regularity during the past year.

The exception gradients immediately east of Erie, of Kane, and St. Mary's all require that a second track should be placed upon them as early as practicable, and to avoid another interruption to the traffic of the line, a single track line for freight purposes must be laid for about seven miles upon the south side of the river.

The report was accepted.

Mr. C. D'invilliers offered the following resolution:—

Resolved, That the Trustees of the Sinking Fund be directed to invest the amount now in their hands, say \$165,000, into the bonds of this company, giving preference to the earliest maturing, whenever they can be had at par or under.

On motion of Mr. John M. Kennedy action on the continuous and action of the recess, to

reso ution was postponed until after the recess, to give the mover a chance to examine the mortgage and ascertain if it would be for the best to embarrass the action of the Board of Directors by passing the

resolution.

Mr. Benjamiu Marshall offered the following:

Resolved, That the Board of Managers of this company be and they are hereby authorized and requested to confer with the lesses of its road and property, and, if practicable, to agree with them upon such modifications of the terms and conditions of said lease as said board may in their judgment deem right and proper; and the said board are vested with full power for and on behalf of this company to enter into any agreement respecting the same.

Mr. Marshall explained that, in offering this reso-tion, he wanted to increase the revenue of the road. Many of the articles carried ever the road were of

Thirty per cent. profit is too much, and the lessors therefore refuse to carry them.

Mr. C. D'Invilliers moved an amendment, that the terms of the lesse shall not be changed to the detriment of the Philadelphia and Bric Rallroad Company.

pany.

Mr. Kennedy thought that this resolution should also be postponed until after the recess, so that the subject could be thoroughly examined, or something might be passed which would not be to the interest of the company.

Mr. Marshall thought that the stockholders were

Mr. Marshall thought that the stockholders were all in ignorance as to the drift of the resolution, and that the subject should not be discussed.

Mr. Kennedy thought that there was not the slightest desire by the stockholders of the Pennsylvania Easiroad Company to make money out of the stockholders of the Philadelphia and Erie, and that if time was given for the members to exchange sentiments until after the close of the recess at 12 o'clock, that the result would be an entire unanimity of sentiment, which could not be the case if the resolution was discussed now.

On motion, postponed.

On motion, postponed.

Mr. D'Inviliers then offered the following:

Resolved, That the incoming Board of Directors be requested to issue a stock dividend of — per cent. to represent the amount of new work paid for and payments to the sinking fund during 1869.

Mr. D'Invilliers also stated that he thought that the company had made money during the past year, for which there should be some exhibit.

The President of the company said that such was not the case.

The President of the company said that such was not the case.

Mr. Kennedy stated that there was a popular supposition that irregular proceedings of the officers or board was the cause of the want of dividends. The original capital had been depreciated by the first sale of stock below par. They were responsible to law and would be held accountable if they did distribute the funds to stockholders in place of adding it to the capital account. But he thought that if the reports were examined thoroughly it would be found that there had been no surplus earnings for the year.

This resolution was also postponed until after the recess.

The meeting then adjourned until 12 o'clock for the purpose of holding an election for officers.

On the reassembling of the stockholders the following ticket was declared elected:

Managers—Edward F. Gay, J. Edgar Thomson, Wistar Morris, Henry Duhring, Jacob P. Jones, Josiah Bacon, Samuel T. Bodine, John M. Kennedy, Washington Butcher, Henry D. Moore. The resolution offered by Mr. Marshall was then

taken up.
Mr. D'Invilliers withdrew his amendment, and substituted the following:—"Subject to the confirmation of the stockholders,"
The resolution as amended passed.
Mr. D'Invilliers then withdrew the other resolution

offered by him, and presented the following as a Resolved, That the incoming Board of Directors be requested to make a stock dividend of — per cent, based on accrued earnings up to December 31, 1869, invested in Construction and Sinking Fund accounts.

The resolution in reference to the Sinking Fund of \$160,000 was withdrawn, on the ground that the mortgage provided for the manner in which the investments should be made. Adjourned. LOCAL ODDS AND ENDS.—To what base ends are things perverted! Witness the use made by

a certain insurance company of Councils as an -The gentleman from the Seventeenth ward, in Select branch, on Thursday, quietly reminded the gentleman from the Seventh ward, when speaking on the cattle bill, "that he would not like to be tumbled out of a hearse if he was

-The chap who lobbies for the Board of Port Wardens should take a lesson from the Rall-

about to commence the brokerage business in street is mad without the slightest oundation -"Not for Joseph" seems to have been sadly

-The assertion that Susan B. Anthony is

misapplied in the distribution of the Metropolitan Police fund.

—Detective Burns has fallen heir to a fortune which, although small, is sufficient to enable him to look with disdain upon M. P. Bill, Esq. —The one-horse car bill does not apply to any

other than the Bridesburg line. Oh no! Does the city supply insurance companies with blotting pads, or has Councils a contract for their distribution? Who knows?

despatch received via the Wissahickon cable announces that there is water in the

Schuylkill above Manayunk. —The Committee on Investigation into the Metropolitan Police bill corruption should subporta Messrs. McIntyre and Linderman. Soberly, they might tell something.

—Mr. Bunn, chairman, presided in Council

Chamber on Satuaday last, and added dignity to the occasion by smoking and salivating freely, whilst transacting business. A model legis-

ASSAULT ON A STREET-CAR CONDUCTOR Charles R. Hemphill, residing at No. 673 North Thirteenth street, and W. Collins, a policeman, at Thirteenth and Spring Garden streets, were charged before Alderman Beitler, this morning, with committing an assault and battery on William T. Cook, a conductor on the Ridge avenue cars. The testimony shows that on several occasions within three days past Hemphill has been on the car of Cook and used impudent lau guage to him. On the last occasion of this kind Hemphill asked Cook it he wanted his fare, and on being answered in the affirmative asked the conductor what he would do if he did not get it. Cook told him he would put him off the car. Hemphill then said that he could not put him off, and seized the conductor. Cook then called for an officer to arrest Hemphill. The policeman came, but by the urging of Collins, an officer in citizen's dress upon the car; the present prose cutor, Cook, was arrested, was dragged from the car by Collins and the policeman in uniform, and was taken before Alderman Massey, who put him under bail to appear at court. Collins and Hemphill were afterwards arrested on the complaint of Cook, on a warrant issued by Alderman Beitler, who held them in \$1000 ball to

THE NEW CITY OFFICERS. — The Supreme Court having affirmed the decision of the Court of Common Pleas in the contested election case, nothing now remains to prevent the Republican officers from at once entering upon the duties of their respective offices, but the signing of the following bill, which has passed both branches of Councils:-

Resolved by the Select and Common Councils of the city of Philadelphia, That Fdward J. Kenney and David Jones are hereby approved as the sureties of Samuel P. Hancock, City Controller elect; that John H. Jones, Hugh Gamble, and John C. Poulson are hereby approved as sureties of Richard Feltz, Roceiver of Taxes elect, and that Robert O. Tittermary and Joseph C. Tittermary are hereby approved as the sureties of Alexander McGuen, City Commissioner elect, and the City Solicitor is hereby directed to prepare the proper bonds with warrants of attorney for said parties to execute, and to cause judgments to be entered thereou.

The Mayor has been marked.

The Mayor has been visited by the above-named gentlemen, to whom he stated he would give an answer as to his purposes this afternoon.

Row on Chesnut Street Bridge.—About the oriock yesterday morning, whilst one of the cars of the night line was crossing Chesnut street bridge, three of the passengers commenced fighting, and soon windows were smashed, seats torn up, and a row raised generally. Officer Parry, of the Schuylkill Harbor force, hearing the fracas, went to the assistance of the conductor and driver, and succeeded in closing the doors and keeping the three locked in until the Sixteenth District Station House was reached, when, drawing his revolver, he compelled them to make a bee line for the door. Yesterday they were taken before Alderman Randall, where they gave their names as John Setler and John Peters, of West Chester, and R. J. Simpson. They were committed to answer. ROW ON CHESNUT STREET BRIDGE .- About R. J. Simpson. They were committed to answer.

THE USE OF FALSE KEYS.—About 9:30 last night the residence of S. T. Hill, No. 1503 Ellsworth street, was entered through the front door by means of false keys, and robbed of a silver watch, a gold chain, and ten dollars in cash. The family was attending about a the through The family was attending church at the time.

Last night the residence No. 308 S. Thirteent street was entered through the front door by the use of a false dead-latch key and robbed of two

overcoats, which were hanging in the hall. FALSE PRETENSE .- James Burns is the of a character arrested at Second and Wharton streets on Saturday night, whilst endeavoring to obtain groceries on false orders. Alderman Moore committed him to prison.

THEFT OF HARNESS.—William Casey and William Harney have been committed to prison by Alderman Massey on the charge of stealing several sets of harness from a stable at Tenth

INSANITY.

The State Launtle Hospital. We have received the annual report of this institution for 1869, from which we learn the the number of patients on the 1st of January

109 213 65 153 Restored. 0 Improved. 43 Stationary 48

Males 212 Females......198 s greater than the hospital can properly accom-The Treasurer's account shows the receipts

Expenditures..... 92,379-17 Balance in the Treasury Dec. 31... Application for the admission of patients into the hospital are to be made to the Superin-tendent, Dr. John Curwen.

THE PACIFIC COAST.—A very spirited meet ing was held last evening in the First Presby-terian Church to hear the report of Messrs. Shearer and Vassar, the American Tract So-ciety's delegation to the Pacific coast. The pastor, Rev. Dr. Johnson, congratulated

the audience upon their interest in the efforts of an unsectarian missionary society. Such a society lifts us from a narrow denominational groove, and brings us into sympathy with the Christian Church and Christian workers of every name. This society is the right arm of the

Church.

Rev. G. L. Shearer, Secretary of the society, said that its home missionary work was performed by grants of publications to the needy at the rate of \$1200 per week and by nearly 300 missionary colporteurs. Of these 105 employed last year in the South had organized or aided 850 Sabbath or secular schools, with nearly 50,000 schools.

South had organized or aided see Sabbath or Secular schools, with nearly 50,000 scholars.

In his trip of 12,000 miles on the Pacific coast he found much spiritual destitution. The proportion of evangelical church members is only 3½ per cent., one-fifth the average for the whole United States. In one State of 50,000 inhabitants the proportion is less than one per cent.

In one State of 50,000 inhabitants the proportion is less than one per cent.

The miners are so changeable as to be scarcely accessible except by colporteurs travelling with them and visiting their cabins, speaking and distributing religious reading. With the co-operation of leading ecclesiastical bodies, churches and pastors, the society has organized an agency and opened a depository at San Francisco, and commissioned a District Secretary and corps of colporteurs, who are already at work. Of these, one is a Chinaman, who visits his countrymen and gathers them for night and Sabbath schools, circulating among them Chinese publications, which the society has long been issuing at Shanghai, China. Some conversions are reported from these heathen.

Mr. John E. Vassar spoke of his personal efforts among the miners and Chinese, and Rev. B. L. Agnew urged earnestly the duty of co-operating in this work from motives of philanthropy, patriotism, and Christianity.

Dr. Johnson announced that donations would be received by H. N. Thissell, Esq., at the rooms of the American Tract Society, No. 1408 Chesnut street.

Another Veteran Gone,-Jacob Tiel, aged 77 years, a veteran of the war of 1812, died at his residence, No. 217 North Fourth street, some time yesterday A. M. Deceased retired in apparently perfect health on Saturday night, but when called to breakfast yesterday did not respond. He served all through the war, was present at the battle of Bladensburg and the burning of the Capitol, and was for many years a member of the Junior Artillery. He was a cabinet maker by trade, and has been known to the citizens of the Sixth ward for fifty years past.

LEAD PIPE.—Some time between Saturday night and this morning, three unfinished net buildings, at Nineteenth and Fitzwater streets, were entered and despoiled of lead pipe to the

Thomas Barker, residing at No. 812 Lawrence street, has been committed to prison by Alderman Toland, on the suspicion of having stolen a lot of lead pipe which was found in his pos-

Burglary.—An individual named James Graham has been committed to prison by Alderman Heins, on the suspicion of having been concerned in the robbery of the grocery stere of James Wright, at Amber and Ellis streets, some two weeks since, when a gold watch, overcoat, and \$20 were stolen. A citizen saw James emerge from the cellar door shortly after the time of the robbery.

SUDDEN DEATH .- Charles M. Warner, lodger at the Seventh District Station House was last night attacked with a hemorrhage of the lungs. Medical aid was proffered, which he refused to accept, saying that he was subject to such attacks, and that it would pass off. Contrary to his expectation, it this morning ended

New Church.—A number of the members of the Mount Zion Methodist Church have withdrawn from that congregation and purchased a plot of ground in Roxborough, upon which they will commence an edifice in a short time. gentlemen have secured a room in the neighbor hood of the church site for the use of the Sunday School, which is now under way.

SUDDEN DEATHS .- Lewis Clark, residing Twelfth and Wister streets, was attacked with an apoplectic fit at Seventeenth and Mount Vernon streets this morning. He was removed to the office of Dr. Toothaker, near by, when he died.

Henry Brown, aged 31 years, died suddenly this morning at No. 1525 American street.

I. O. W. B.—Charles Smith is the name of a deprayed specimen of humanity residing on Centre street, Germantown. Yesterday Smith spent the day in beating and maitreating his wife and children, and finally threatened to kill them. He was arrested and Alderman Thomas held him in \$800 ball to answer.

Pugilistic.-Christopher Bowser is a resident of Nicetown, and of pugilistic tendency. On Saturday night Christopher whacked a stranger under the ear and sent him to mother earth For this unruly conduct Christopher was held in \$800 ball by Alderman Thomas to answer.

Corner Loungers.—A number of corner loungers were arrested by the police of the Eighteenth District during Saturday night and yesterday. They were held to bail to answer,

Fire.—About 8 o'clock Saturday P. M., a slight fire occurred at No. 301 Borden street, caused by the explosion of a coal oil lamp. Open Houses.—The police of the Ninth District, during Saturday night and Sunday morning, found the doors of nine houses open.

WEDDING AND ENGAGEMENT RINGS of solid Is-karat fine gold, QUALITY WAR RANTIED, A full assortment of sizes always on band.

FARR & BROTHIER, Makers,

Bliwimi No. 224 CHESNUT Street, below Fourth

WEDDING AND PARTY INVI-TATIONS ENGRAVED IN THE LATEST STYLE.

WALLETS, GOLD PENS, WRITING DESKS, KNIVES, CARD CASES, FOLIOS, ETC. J. LINERD,

STATIONER AND CARD ENGRAVER. No. 921 SPRING GARDEN STREET,

A COUNTRY PLACE FOR RENT.

WASHINGTON.

The Cameron-McClure Dispute-A Question of Veracity-The Inside History of Cameron's Connection with the War Department.

EUROPE.

Boucicault and the Saturday Review-Rochefort to the Prefect of Police -Another Spanish Crisis-Shipping Disasters on the English Coast.

WROM WASHINGTON.

The Cameron-McClure Imbroglio.

The Cameron-McClure Imbroglio.

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 14.— Senator Cameron pronounces the letter of A. K. McClure, which appeared in THT TELEGRAPH of Saturday, false in all its particulars. He says he is too much accustomed to such attacks to pay any attention to them. No person, he asserts, who knows McClure will believe anything he says or writes.

Senator Wilson, when writing the article for the Atlantic Monthly on Stanton, was cognizant of all the facts about Cameron's leaving the War Department, but from prudential reasons did not mention them.

McClure's letter is considered rather rough on Cameron, but the facts therein stated are not new here. Many persons are as familiar with them as McClure. Cameron comforts himself with telling everybody that McClure is a liar.

McClure's letter has been the occasion of great deal of comment in political circles. Opinion is pretty evenly divided. Cameron has the reputation of being an unscrupulous political intriguer, and his expressions concerning McClure, mentioned above, carry but little weight. McClure is one of the shrewdest politicians in Pennsylvania; and no one, it is generally conceded, is better prepared to give the inside history of Cameron's connection with the War Department.

CONGRESS.

FORTY-FIRST SESSION-SECOND TERM.

Washington, Feb. 14.—The Vice-President laid before the Senate various Executive documents, including the report of the Secretary of War upon anairs in Georgia, which was referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

On motion of Mr. Trumbull the credentials of Senator elect Miler, of Georgia, were taken from the fles and referred to the same committee.

Petitions were presented by Mr. Sherman for the

Petitions were presented by Mr. Sherman for the repeal of the income tax.

By Mr. Fenton on the same subject, and also for

the reduction of duties on imported steel and ore,
By Mr. Scott, one thirty-six feet long for the abolition of the franking privilege.
Mr. Morton made a statement relative to a printed circular which had been circulated this morning in the Senate, containing charges against himself and the Senator from New York (Mr. Fenton), that they

the Senator from New York (Mr. Fenton), that they and their favorites were managing the Printing Bureau; for himself, he cared nothing about such statements; but in justice to the Superintendent of Public Printing, he stated that out of the 325 employes in that bureau, but eight or nine were from his (Morton's) State, of whom only two or three were appointed at his instance.

He asked that the circular be referred to the Committee on Printing, as that if there was anothing in mittee on Printing, so that if there was anything in the charges the persons making them might appear

and be heard.

Mr. Edmunds suggested an amendment, which was accepted by Mr. Morton, directing the committee to investigate and report upon the charges, so that their truth or falsity might be known to the Mr. Fenton said he knew nothing of the paper referred to until he came into the Senate this morning. He only desired to say that no person had been appointed in the Printing Department to any

principal position at his own request, nor was he personally acquainted with any person in the de-partment except the Superintendent, and not more than two or three persons in the aggregate had been appointed at his request.

The subject was then referred to the Committee on Printing

House. Petitions were presented as follows:-By Mr. Brooks (N. Y.), against an increase of duty n steel. By Mr. Wood, of the cigar makers of New York,

By Mr. Strong, of citizens of Windsor and West Hartford, Conn., for an increase of duty on cigars. By Mr. Churchhill, from the Oswego Board of Trade, to fix the duty on wheat and rye at 10 cents per bushel.

Bills were introduced and referred as follows:-To incorporate the New York Port Submerged Railroad Company, with authority to lay and operate a railway tunnel across the Hudson river and in the By Mr. Dixon, in reference to a harbor of refuge

at Block Island. at Block Island.

By Mr. Tanner, to reorganize the judicial districts of the State of New York.

By Mr. Gilfillan, extending additional bounties to discharged soldiers who have accepted positions in the civil service.

By Mr. Dewees, to provide homes for the home-less in the late slave States. To repeal the Test Oath act. To repeal the duty on salt and to place it on

act. To repeal the duty on salt and to place it on the free list.

By Mr. Lawrence, to provide for funding the public debt at lower rates of interest, etc.

By Mr. Kerr, for the return of the Mount Vernon relies to Mrs. Lee. Also, to confer concurrent jurisdiction on State courts in admirally and other cases.

By Mr. Shanks (Ind.), directing all writs and processes from United States courts to be in the name of the people of the United States of America.

By Mr. Ingersoil, proposing an amendment to the Constitution, as follows:

The Congress shall have power to issue United States notes, and may make them a legal-tender in payment of debts.

By Mr. Hay, for the removal of harbor obstructions at Alton, Ill.

Also, to repeal the law allowing mileage to Senators, Representatives, and Delegates in Congress.

By Mr. Ferry, donating for school houses the Indian dormitory at Mackimay, Michigan, and by Mr. Palmer, authorizing the construction of a bridge across the Missouri fiver.

By Mr. Wasbburn (Wis.), an addition to the act of July 22, 1868, respecting lands for railroad purposes in Wisconsin.

By Mr. Garfield (Wash, Ter.), donating the fort at Congress will tary Reservation to Washington Ter-

in Wisconsin.

By Mr. Garfield (Wash. Ter.), donating the fort at Steelacoom Military Reservation to Washington Territory, to be used as an Insane Asylum.

Mr. Benjamin (Mo.) offered a resolution instructing the Committee on the District of Columbia to report a bill authorizing and directing the proper authorities of Washington and Georgetown to levy a tax sunficient for the support of the poor residents therein. Mr. Knott moved to lay the resolution on the

Mr. Knott moved to lay the resolution on the table.

The House refused to lay it on the table—yeas, 7; nays, 144. The resolution was then adopted.

Mr. Dyer offered T resolution in reference to extra pay of the Missouri state Militia. Referred, pay of the Missouri state Militia. Referred, of the country require an increase in the tests of the country require an increase in the result of at least fifty milition dollars.

Committee on Banking and Currency to report as soon as possible a bill increasing the currency to the amount of at least fifty milition dollars.

Mr. Ward moved to lay the resolution on the table. The resolution was not laid on the table. Yeas, 74; nays, 95—which Mr. Ingersoll characterized as, 2 healthy indication.

The morning hour having expired, the resolution went over till next Monday.

The following is the vote in detail:—

Yeas—Neasrs. Ames, Axtell, Banks, Barnum, Yeas—Neasrs. Ames, Axtell, Banks, Brooks (N. Y.), Buffington, Burchard, Churchill, Cowies, Cox, Davis (N. Y.), Dawes, Dixon, Duval, Ela, Ferris, Fisher, Fitch, Garneld, Getz, Glinlien, Haight, Haie, Hill, Hoar, Hooper, Hotokiss, Jenckes, Kelley, Kellogz, Keisey, Knapp, Lafin, Lynoa, McGrew, Mercur, Morrili (Pa.) Morrili (Me.), Negley, O'Ndill, Peters, Piatt, Poland, Potter, Randall, Reaning, Sargent, Sawyer, Schumaker, Scofield, Sheldon (N. Y.), Slocum, Smith (Vt.), Starkweather, Stevens, Stiles, Strong, Tanner, Tillman, Townsend,

Washburn (Mass.), Wheeler, Willard, and Wood-ward—74.

Nays—Allison, Armstrong, Asper, Beck, Benjamin, Biggs, Biogham, Boles, Booker, Boyd, Bnekley, Burdett, Burr, Cobb, of Wisconsin, Coburn, Cook, Ounger, Crebs, Dewees, Downing, Dox, Dyer, Endridge, Farnsworth, Ferry, Finkelnburg, Gibson, Golladay, Greene, Griswold, Hawkins, Hawley, Hay, Hedla, Hoge, Holman, Ingersoli, Johnson, Jones, of North Carolina, Jones, of Kentucky, Judd, Kerr, Knott, Lash, Lawrence, Elogan, Longhridge, Marshall, Mayham, McCormick, McCrary, McKenzie, McNeely, Moore, of Ohio, Morgan, Mungen, Myers, Nibiack, Orth, Packard, Packer, Paine, Palmer, Phelps, Pomeroy, Frosser, Reeves, Rice, Ridgway, Rogers, Shanks, of Indiana, Sheldon, of Louisiana, Smith, of Oregon, Smythe, of Iowa, Stevenson, Stokes, Stone, Stoughton, Strader, Swann, Taffe, Trimble, Tyner, Van Horn, Voorhees, Welker, Wells, Wilkinson, Wilson, of Minnesota, Wilson, of Ohio, Witcher, Wood—98.

The bill to supply deficiencies for the navy and

The bill to supply descioncies for the navy and the Military Academy Appropriation bill were taken from the Speaker's table. The Senate amendments were non-concurred in, and committees of confer-

Mr. Morgan introduced a bill as a substitute for the Senate Currency bill (Mr. Sherman's). Referred to the Committee on Banking and Currency.

to the Committee on Banking and Currency.

The Judiciary Committee reported adversely upon the increase of salaries of Judges of the United States Supreme Court.

The unfinished business, the Mississippi bill, coming up in order, a motion was made to postpone it so as to proceed with the business reported from the Committee on Commerce.

The yeas and nays on the motion resulted 24 to 24, when the Vice-President gave the casting vote in the negative, defeating the postponement. the negative, defeating the postponement.

The Mississippi bill was then proceeded with, Mr.
Howard addressing the Senate at length.

FROM EUROPE.

Marine Disasters.

Buthe Angle-American Cable. LONDON, Feb. 14 .- The weather yesterday was cold and tempestuous, and many disasters are reported to shipping around the coast.

Libel Suit. Dion Boucleault has brought an action of libel against the proprietor of the Saturday Review for an unfavorable criticism on the play of Formosa, wherein the editor characterized the author as an associate of blacklegs and char-

American Iron-clads. The Times to-day, in reviewing a book on ironclads, recently issued by the English Naval Constructor, E. J. Reed, exults in Secretary Robeson's admission of the abselute worthlessness of American vessels.

The Cotton Supply. The cotton mills at Preston, in Lancashire which were compelled to stop a short time since on account of depression in the cotton trade, are resuming. A correspondent (probably an interested one) writes to the Times today, attributing the cause of the late decline in cotton to the present large supply, and adds that, as the spinners will cover contracts at 11d., a slight reaction in the market has occurred.

The Papal Syllabus. BERLIN, Feb. 14 .- It is said that Count Von Bismark, in case the great powers concur, will prepare a protest against the Papal syllabus.

Italian Naval Station in the Red Sea. FLORENCE, Feb. 14.—The Italian corvette Vendetta has sailed for the Red Sea to establish a naval station in those waters. She has a scientific commission on board.

Latter of Rochefort to the Police. PARIS, Feb. 14.—Rochefort has addressed a etter to the Prefect of Police, claiming in moderate and respectful terms the right to furnish articles to his own journal, La Marsellaise, without submitting them to the examination of the keeper of his prison.

Changes in the Spanish Ministry.
Madrid, Feb. 14.—It is probable that Senor Becarria, Colonial Minister, will soon retire owing to the stormy discussion in the Cortes on Saturday, on the subject of his dismissal of a subordinate official.

LIVERPOOL. Feb. 14—1 P. M.—The shipments of cotton from Bombay since last report up to the 12th inst., have been 1400 bales.
Cheese is quoted at 72s. 6d.; Lard dull and Pork nil, without change in quotations. FRANKFORT, Feb. 14.—U. S. bonds opened firm PARIS, Feb. 14-P. M .- The Bourse clesed firm.

This Afternoon's Quotations.

Rentes, 73f. 30c.
Antwerp, Feb. 14.—Petroleum closes firm at 61f. HAVRE, Feb. 14.—The Cotton market opened firm for both on the spot and afloat. Sales on the spot at 188f. 50c., and afloat at 188f.

BREMEN, Feb. 14.—Petroleum opened flat here, and firm at Hamburg.

FROM THE STATE.

Appointments by the Governor. Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph. HARRISBURG, Pa., Feb. 14 .- Flour Inspector Bodine, Superintendent of Powder Magazine McLaughlin, Harbor-Master, Whisky Inspector, Bark Inspector, and Grain Measurer will be appointed this week.

The Governor to-day reappointed the following Philadelphia officials: - Port Physician, Goodman; Health Officer, Addicks; Sealers of Weights and Measures, Taylor and Shaffer; Lazaretto Physician, Thompson.

New York Money and Stock Markets.

New York, Feb. 14.— Stocks firm. Money easy at 5@6 per cent. Gold, 119%. Five-twenties, 1862, coupon, 114%; do. 1864, do., 118%; do. 1865, do., 118%; do. do., new, 112%; do. 1865, 118%; do. 1868, 113%; 10-408, 111%; Virginia 68, new, 65%; Missouri 68, 91; Canton Company, 58; Cumberland preferred, 36; Consolidated New York Central and Hudson River, 97%; Rrie, 25%; Reading, 98%; Adams Express, 62%; Michigan Central, 121%; Michigan Southern, 88%; Illinois Central, 140; Cleveland and Pittsburg, 99%; Chicago and Rock Island, 120%; Pittsburg and Fort Wayne, 191%; Western Union Telegraph, 35.

New York Produce Market.

New York, Feb. 14.—Cotton dull; middling uplands, 25%c. Flour—State and Western advanced 5@10c.; State, \$4.75@5.85; Western, \$4.75@6.30; Southern a shade better at \$5.55.99.75. Wheat advanced 1@2c.; No. 2 spring, \$1.20; winter red Western, 1.25@1.23%. Corn dull and heavy; new mixed Western, \$5.685c.; new yellow Southern, 95@97c. Oats dull; State, 61@63c.; Western, 55@57c. Beef quiet. Pork lower; new mess, \$26. Lard quiet; steam, in therces, 15.615%c. Whisky quiet.

Bultimore Produce Market. Baltimore Produce Market.

Baltimore, Feb. 14.—Cotton dull and nominal at 24%c. Flour fairly active and prices weak; Howard Street superfine, \$4.05%65; do. extra, \$5.12%66; do. family, \$6.25%7; City Mills superfine, \$4.75; do. family, \$6.25%57; City Mills superfine, \$4.75; do. family, \$6.25%575; do. family, \$6.25%6575; do. family, \$6.25%6575. Wheat steady; Maryland red, \$1.25%148; Pennsylvania do., \$1.22%124. Corn active; prime white, \$4.63%c.; vellow, \$5.6966. Oats steady at 53.6556. Rye dula 356.041. Mess Pork firm at \$27.50%28. Bacon firm: rib sides, 16%616c.; clear do., 16%6164c.; Shoulders, 12%618c.; Hams, 19%20c. Lard quiet at 16%c. Whisky firm at \$36.39c. Whisky firm at 986.99c.

NATIONAL FINANCES.

Comparative Statement of Internal Revenue Receipts in 1868 and 1869. The following summary of monthly collections of internal revenue for the first half of the current fiscal year, compared with the collections of the first half of the previous fiscal year, presents some interesting and suggestive facts:-

19, 481, 224 16 12, 470, 509 30 10, 408, 103 57 12, 691, 553 19 9, 443, 848 30 13, 161, 557 58 9, 943, 773 78 11,006, 182 91 December.... It should be stated that the total for the six months ending December 21, 1869, will be increased by twelve

listricts not yet heard from. WEDDING INVITATIONS ENGRAVED IN THE NEWEST AND BEST LOUIS DREKA, Stationer and Engraver, No. 1638 CHESNUT Street

THIRD EDITION Washburn (Mass.), Wheeler, Willard, and Wood- FOURTH EDITION

GENERAL NEWS.

The Tariff for Revenue and not in the Interest of Monopolists-The Opposition to Judges Strong and Bradley - Fatal Result of a Shooting Affray.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Sugar Dutles.

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 14.—The memorial of the New Orleans Chamber of Commerce against any change in the sugar duties was presented to the Committee of Ways and Means to-day. Georgia Reconstruction. The President sent to the Senate all the papers in

the possession of the Secretary of War relative to the proceedings in Georgia in pursuance of recent acts of Congress to promote the reconstruction of the said State, and in relation to the organization of the Legislature since the passage of the act.

Among the papers in a telegram from General Terry, dated Jan. 2, informing General Sherman that he had assumed command of the District of Georgia, and saying that he thinks he should be clothed with the powers conferred by the Reconstruction acts.

General Sherman telegraphs to General Terry, Jan. 12:—"Your despatches have been shown to the General Sherman telegraphs to General Terry.

Jan. 12:—"Your despatches have been shown to the
President and Secretary of War, and the result is
in these words:—"Exercise your own discretion. If
a flagrant case arises when a disqualified person
proposes to take the oath, investigate the question
of eligibility, and determine for the time being his

On January 12 General Sherman telegraphs to General Terry:—"I will sustain you in all exercise of any authority that will maintain substantially of any authority that will maintain substantially good order until the State of Georgia is recognized by the Executive and Congress under the Congressional act. Some lawful means will be found. Probably we can defend our friends against the

sional act. Some lawful means will be found. Probably we can defend our friends against the Ku-Klux' or bands of assassins."

General Terry informs General Sherman from time to time of what he had done, and says the trouble arises from the union of a few Republicans with the Democrats. Their pretext is that the Gover-tor is dishonest and has stolen the funds of the State. I believe the charges unfounded, and they are governed by other motives.

January 14 General Sherman tells General Terry: "I have shown your despatches to the President, and'he says you are acting all right." General Sherman acquaints General Terry on January 18 that the Attorney-General says a Legislature of a State government organized under the ordinance of secession was not a Legislature of a State of the Union within the meaning of the act of December 12, 1869.

Gen. Sherman on January 24 telegraphed to Gen. Terry:—"I think the Legislature should be organized next Monday, including all the members duly elected, subject to the oatus prescribed and the questions of the Reconstruction law, excluding only the flagrant cases, to betermined on yourself and the order of the President."

Adjutant-General Townsend telegraphed on January 22:—"You will receive despatches, etc. You are expected to use your own discretion on the points mentioned."

mentioned."
General Sherman telegraphs to General Terry,

General Sherman telegraphs to General Terry, January 22:—"Decide all questions as they arise, and do not depend on us. You are to determine absolutely the questions of doubt, for the Attorney-General thinks you are the only power there, other than that reserved to itself by Congress."

On January 25, General Terry telegraphs the organization of the House and the particulars concerning the same.

The documents are voluminous, affording a full history of the transactions. history of the transactions

The Tariff and Monopolies. pecial Desputch to The Evening Telegraph.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 14.—Mr. Stevens, of Ohio, introduced a resolution to-day declaring that the tariff should be for revenue and not in the interest of monopolies. It is similar to the resolution adopted by the Republican State Convention of Connecticut. At Mr. Stevenson's request it was referred to the Committee of Ways and Means.

Selling Cadetships. The Military Committee had one witness before them to-day, a man samed Catheart, from New York, relative to a sale of cadetships of the Military and Naval Academies. The nature of his evidence has not transpired.

The Ways and Means Committee are busy on the Tax bill, but have not agreed upon any decided changes as vet. Judges Strong and Bradley. The Senate Judiciary Committee has agreed to report favorably on the nominations of Judges

The Tax Bill.

Strong and Bradley for Associate Justices of the Supreme Court. Notwithstanding this action on the part of the committee, they will be violently opposed in the Senate. Expanding the Carrency.

Mr. Loughridge, of lows, offered a resolution in the Monse instructing the Committee on Banking and Currency to bring in a bill enlarging the volume of currency fifty additional millions. On motion of Mr. Garfield it was laid on the

Tax Receipts on Tobacco. Despatch to the Associated Press.

Supervisor Presbrey reports to Commissioner Delano that the collection of taxes on manufactured tobacco in Virginia for eleven months, beginning with March, 1868, amounted to \$556,879, while for the same period of 1869 there was collected from the same source \$3,429,025, being a gair of 625 per cent. The shipments in bond for 1869 reached about eighteen million pounds, which, added to the to-bacco tax paid, makes a total of nearly thirty million pounds of plug and smoking tobacco made in the State for eleven months since March

1, 1869. The Revenue in South Carolina. Supervisor Perry reports that in the Second district of South Carolina, for the six months ending January 31, 1870, the assessments exceed those made for the same time in 1868 about five thousand dollars, and as the cotton tax in 1868 amounted to eight thousand dollars, and there being none in 1869, therefore the assessments for 1669 have been over thirteen thousand dollars, while the expenses for the same time have been diminished over thirteen hundred dollars.

CONGRESS.

Mr. Trumbull, from the Committee on the Judiciary, upon the subject of when the compensation of Virginia Senators should commence, reported that they were entitled to pay from the date of the approval of the bill admitting the State, to wit: January 26,

Also, in relation to memorial of printers and binders employed in 1862 in the Public Printing Office, for wages illegally withheld from them, that in the opinion of the committee there is no legal obligation on the part of the United States to make payment.

Mr. Harlan introduced a bill for the relief of solutions of the committee of solutions of the committee Mr. Harian introduced a bill for the relief of soldiers over forty-flive years of age when enlisted, and who served their time in the service, placing them on an equality with those who were within the military age in the matter of bounties and pensions. Referred to the Committee on Military Affairs.

Mr. Hamilin introduced a bill to aid in the construction of an expression at an expression of the committee of

struction of an epuestrian statue in bronze of the late Secretary of War, General John A. Rawlins. Referred.

Mr. Abbott introduced a joint resolution appropriating \$5000 for the purchase of an oil painting of Abraham Lincoln. Referred to the Committee on

FROM NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, Feb. 14.—D. S. Voorhees, the well-known builder, who was shot in a bar-room fight in Brooklyn last night by a drunken man, named Chambers, died to-day. The murderer was arrested. There is much excitement in Brooklyn.

PHILADELPHIA STOCK EXCHANGE SALES Reported by De Haven & Bro., No. 40 S. Third Street.

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