THE NUMISMATIC AND ANTIQUARIAN SOSIRTY.—A stated meeting of the Numismatic
and Antiquarian Society of Philadelphia was
held last evening, President Hen. Eli K. Price
in the chair. Owing to the absence of the
Recording Secretary, the Rev. W. Grier Hibler
was chosen Secretary pro lem. The usual routine business was transacted. The report of
the Treasurer of the society, which should have
been presented at the January meeting, was
read, and referred to thes Finance Committee to
audit. It was a very fall document, and carefully prepared, showing the estimated expenses
and receipts for the ensuing fiscal year. Mr.
Hibler, from the committee to procure a room
for the society, reported that he had advertised
in the Ledger, and had received a number of
answers thereto, which were communicated by
him, but the society was of the opinion that him, but the society was of the opinion that rent in each case was too much for it to On motion, the committee was continued. number of valuable denations to the library of the society were received, among which

From the London Numismatic Society, the Numismatic Chronicle.
From Alfred Sandham, Esq., Montreal, Canada, the History of Canadian Coins and Tokens.
From J. N. T. Levick, Esq., the New York Society's Numismatic Journal.
From C. H. Hart, Esq., a number of paraphlets, European and Gentleman's Magazines, Smithsonian Report for 1868, Addresses on the Death of Thaddeus Stevens, etc. Numismatic Chronicle.

From Henry Phillips, Jr., a number of Alma-Bacs and miscellaneous pamphlets.

From the Chevalier Damiano Muoni, of Milan. Italy, a number of interesting pamphlets by himself on subjects connected with Italian

From the Societe d'Ethmographie, Paris, a resume of its objects and wants.

Mr. William Duane, V. P., presented to the cabinet of the society a number of specimens of brass and copper Chinese and East India coin-

Mr. Henry Phillips, Jr., read an article relative to a recent alleged discovery of human remains at Potosi, Wisconsin, and read a letter thereon from the editor of the Dubuque Times, promising further particulars in the future.

A communication was read to the society from Lock Haven, Pa., from a person offering to sell what he considered a coin of the time of Romulus and Remus. But the society declined to purchase, knowing it, from its description, to be only a common jetton. No coinage existed at so early a date, and certainly no coin of that description was ever made or issued. It is a very common thing for the possessor of "jet-tons" or "spiel munze" to think that they have a coin of the monarch or person whose image is impressed thereon. A collection of "spiel munze" would be of itself an interesting study. A number of letters were read of no general in

Dr. Horner, of Virginia, made an interesting werbal communication relative to the early his tory of the Blair and Braxton families of Virginia, exhibiting a trees of flaxen hair taken from the head of Jean Blair in 1769. He exbited some memoranda of a Miss Braxton, showing how fond of gaming the ladies of the last century were. It was a book in which she regularly entered the moneys won by herself at bil-liards and games of cards. He also adverted to the non-existence of the Virginia Historical So ciety, and of a Professorship of Theology in the University of Virginia, of the ashes of General Washington, of the decayed state of William and Mary College, of the scientific claims of Matthew F. Maury, of Indian relies discovered by himself in Florida, and of the lately awarded Rumford prize. The Doctor's remarks were fistened to with considerable interest, as deserved

by his subjects.

Messrs. Andrew Boyd, of Albany, N. Y., W. H.
Herndon, of Springfield, Ill., and Rev. M. L. Stover, of Gettysburg, Pa., were elected corresponding members. Hon Stephen Salisbury, of Worcester, Mass., was elected an honorary member, and James S. Murphy, Esq., was elected a resident member.

A number of propositions for membership were submitted to the society to be acted upon at the next meeting. The rough minutes were read, and the society adjourned.

THE FUNERAL OF THE LATE CAPTAIN MORnis.—On Wednesday afternoon the remains of Captain Joshua Morris were interred at Lafayette Cemetery. Captain Morris came here some weeks ago in command of the British bark Mary Lowerison, having his family with He was suddenly struck phoid fever, and was sent to the Pennsylvania Hospital by the British Consul. His son, a lad of 16 years, was also taken ill and sent to the same institution. Mrs. Morris was obliged to leave the ship with a babe in her arms, which was not likely to live, and she daily expecting

the birth of another.

The sudden distress that overtook this family was truly heart-rending. The father became delirious, seized a knife, cut his throat, and lacerated other parts of his body, and his disease made such rapid strides over his powerful frame that all hopes of his recovery were soon aban-doned. The son, who would have been a comfort to his mother, was also rendered helpless by sickness.

Mrs. Morris was prevailed upon to start immediately for her home in St. Louis, ere the miseries of absolute want overtook her. She was not long departed before her husband breathed his last, and on Wednesday afternoon the quiet but impressive funeral rites of the Episcopal service were performed over his mor-tal remains at the Hospital. Not more than twenty persons were present, and these were British ship-masters, excepting Vice-Consul Crump and Mr. Townshend, the ship's consignee. A more impressive funeral it has seldom been

our painful duty to witness.

The service was read by the Rev. Isaac Marain, Bishop Stevens' junior missionary to the seamen at this port, and this divine's brief sermon, delivered after reading from the Epistle of St. Paul to the Corinthians, was so homely. so impressive, and so well adapted to the solemn occasion, that every one of those sturdy, stormbeaten mariners was moved with strong emotion. The flag of England was thrown over the corpse, which was escorted by those present to the cemetery, and placed in its last earthly

tenement.
The medical treatment and funeral expenses of deceased were paid by an impromptu subscription, amounting to about \$130. L. Westergaard & Co. subscribed \$10; E. A. Souder & Co. \$10; Mr. Kertright, British Consul, \$5; Workman

UNIVERSITY LECTURES ON SOCIAL SCIENCE.
Professor McIlvaine will give a course of ten lectures on Wednesday of each week, beginning Feb. 9, at the hall of the University, on Social Science. The fact that sufficient interest was felt on that subject to establish a "Social Science Association" ought to secure a good and an attentive audience. The admission is to be free, and the University thus shows that it is starting out on its new career of enlarged good, by giving a public course of instruction on the science that comes home so closely to all men and all interests now. Right ideas on the important questions of finance, taxation, currency, tariff, can be got by eareful listening to the teaching of a thorough master, and as such Professor McIlvaine comes commended by the gentlemen who have secured his services, and they have done wisely in getting one man to teach one subject thoroughly, in this time of multifarious lecturing merely for popular amnsement.

REDUCTION IN THE PRICE OF GAS .- The Trustees of the Northern Liberties Gas Com-pany, at a recent meeting, resolved that on and after the 1st of February the price of gas shall be \$2.30 per thousand cubic feet to private consumers, and \$1.15 per thousand cubic feet for that consumed by public lamps.

LARCENY OF WASH CLOTHES .- John Rice. who hails from Coatesville, Pa., was arrested last evening at Tenth and Berks streets, for the larceny of wash clothes from a house in that neighborhood. He carried the stolen property under his arm. Defendant had a hearing before Alderman Hood, and was committed for trial.

CARELESSNESS.—During the present week over four houses have been found open at night in the Fitth Police district.

THE WILMINGTON AND READING RAHLBOAD THIRD EDITION | put on, when Jones, in a clear voice, said, COMPANY have the section of their road from THIRD EDITION | "Things are serious now." Wilmington to Coatesville now in full operation. wilmington to Coatesville now in full operation, and are doing a spiendid business. This road runs through an exceedingly fertile and populous section of country, and the amount of trade that has been brought to it far exceeds the most sanguine expectations of the company. The section of the road from Coatesville to Birdsborough is being rapidly pushed forward, and will give a direct communication at all seasons of the year between the Pennsylvania coal region and tidewater; and the road cannot but have at immense influence in promoting the interests of the coal trade of Pennsylvania. It is estimated, however, that the way traffic will alone pay the company a large profit, and the results of the operations on the section of the road already constructed more than confirm the expectations on this point. The company were fortunate in the selection of their financial agents, and to the energy and ability of William Painter & Co. brokers of this city, a large amount of the suc-cess of the road is due. These gentlemen sold the whole loan of the road, amounting to a million and a quarter of dollars, in a few months, and they have exerted themselves in the most efficient manner to place the claims of the road in a favorable light before the public.

ROUGH AMUSEMENTS .- Yesterday two wellknown roughs and noted prize fighters for the city and county of Philadelphia, got into a fight while together in the saloon of one Phillips, on Front street. The names of the combatants were Daniel Keough and Hugh Brown. Hugh was arrested at the instance of Daniel and was brought before Alderman Delancy for a hearing. But when things had progressed thus far, the good nature and fellow-feeling of Daulel for one of his kind were too much for him. He not only refused to prosecute, but actually shook hands with the opposite party. Under these circumstances the Alderman could do nothing more than hold them in \$300 to keep the peace.

LARCENY OF A WATCH .- John Donnelly aged seventeen years, residing at Ninteenth and Jones streets, was arrested at Fifteenth and William streets yesterday upon the charge of the larceny of a watch from Mrs. Baird, living at No. 462 North Nineteenth street. The theft was com-mitted some time since. It seems that Mrs. Baird left her watch at the jeweller's for repairs, and her son, a lad of about fifteen years, accompanied Donnelly to the store, when the latter received the time piece on the payment of two dollars. The watch was then pledged for \$2.50, the boys realizing the enormous sum of fifty cents by the operation. The accused will have a hearing at the Central Station this afternoon.

His Pal in Custody.—Frank Hopkins was arrested last night for theft. He is said to be the companion of Ridgeway Lamb, who was yesterday sent to prison for the larceny of a case of surgical instruments from Dr. Muhlenberg, No. 1805 Chesnut street, and a coat from Dr. Turner, No. 1506 Walnut street. Hopkins has been identified as the person who was in the company of Lamb when the larcenies above referred to were committed. He will have a hearing at the Central Police Station this afternoon.

SEIZURE OF A BREWERY .- Yesterday Deputy Collector William J. Mackey seized the brewery of Rittemeyer & Wightman, at Seventeenth and Buttonwood streets, for selling beer, as alleged. without the proper stamps being affixed to the barrels. The brewery contained 400 bushels of malt, 38 bales of hops, mush and fermenting tubs, 400 barrels of beer, engine, boiler, etc. The same officer seized 1400 barrels of beer at the vaults of J. Lipp, West Philadelphia.

RECEIPTS OF THE WATER DEPARTMENT FOR THE YEAR 1869 .- During the year 1869 the receipts of the Water Department from water takers amounted to \$670,698.75, and \$138,909.48 for water pipe, delinquents and penalties. receipts from water takers in 1868 amounted to \$647,491.30, or \$23,207.45 less than 1869.

ACCIDENT. — Yesterday afternoon Philip Keging fell out of the third story window of his residence, on Wood street, below Seventeenth, broke a leg, and was otherwise injured. He was removed to the Pennsylvania Hospital.

Baltimore Produce Market. BALTIMORE, Feb. 4.—Cotton dull at 24%c. Flour more active, and prices weak but unchanged. Wheat steady; prime to choice Maryland red, \$140@145. Corn very dull; white, 95c.@\$102; yellow, 90@95c,

Oars steady at 54@56c. Rye dull at 90@	
Mess Pork quiet at \$28@28.50. Bacon quiet	
sides, 16@16\c.; clear do., 16\@16\c.; should	
13c.: hams, 19@20c. Lard dull at 17c. Wh	ISKY
in fair demand at 97@98c. for wood and iron-bo	
barrels.	
DELICIO	
NARR & LADNER, Bankers, report this morn	ng's
Gold quotations as follows:	
10.00 A. M	24.00
10.05 "	
10.07 "120% 11.03 "	120%
10:15 **	12034
	100

Stock Quotations by Telegraph-1 P. M. Glendinning, Davis & Co. report through their New York house the following:— N. Y. Cent. & Hud R Pacific Mail Steam... 40%

N. Y. Cent. & Hud R

Con. Stock Scrip. 973/2

do. Scrip. 943/2

N. Y. & Erie Rail. 25

Ph. and Rea. R. 963/2

Milch. South. & Ni. R. 853/2

Cle. and Pitt. R. 923/2

Chi. and N. W. com. 724/2

Chi. and N. W. pref. 883/2

Chi. and R. I. R. 115

Pitts. F. W. & Chi. R. 89

Market irregular.

PHILADELPHIA STOCK EXCHANGE SALES. Reported by De Haven & Bro., No. 40 S. Third Street. BETWEEN BOARDS.

200 sh Reading ls. 48'31
100 do860. 481
100 do48 \$1
200 do.Monday.48.31
900 do., 860wn, 48%
2000 do ls. s80, 481/
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100 do. Monday. 48 3-16
BOARD.
\$2000 Leh V n bds
cp.b3., 95
\$1000 Leh 68, 84 8434
81 do85. 54 69 do 84
4 do
10 sh 2d & 3d St R. 40%
1 10 Bit M. & 40 Bt M. 4079

WEDDING INVITATIONS ENGRAVED IN THE NEWEST AND BEST LOUIS DERKA,

Stationer and Engraver, No. 1082 OHESNUT Street. WEDDING AND ENGAGEMENT RINGS, of solid 18-karat fine gold. QUALITY WAR RANTED. A full assortment of sizes always on hand.
FARE & BROTHER, Makers.
Suwfmt No. 234 GHESNUT Street, below Fourth

WANTED IMMEDIATELY-A HOUSE

containing at least 20 Rosms, located between Chesnut and Pine and Broad and Seventeenth streets. Must have all

the modern improvements and be in thorough repair Rent not to exceed \$:000 per annum. Address A. P. O.,

DISABLED SOLDIERS, SEAMEN, MARINES etc., whether from wounds, rupture, or disease who have not yet applied for Pensions, and the widows, minor children, dependent mothers, fathers etc., of those who have died of wounds or of disease contracted in the service, can promptly obtain their

pensions by applying to ROBERT S. LEAGUE & CO.,

No. 125 S. SEVENTH Street, Philada. SOLDIERS DISCHARGED BEFORE TWO
years' service for injuries or wounds, including rupture, are entitled, they or their widows or heirs

(if they have received none), to \$200 bounty.

Apply to ROBERT S. LEAGUE & CO., Apply to No. 135 S. SEVENTH Street.

THE SCAFFOLD.

Execution at New Castle, Belaware, of the Negroes Joshua Jones and Lewis Carpenter for Outrage upon a Married Woman-Terrible Scenes at the Scaffold - Life not Extinct after a Lapse of 40

FROM DELAWARE.

Minutes.

The Execution of the Two Negro Men at New Castic To-day-The Scenes at the Scaffold.

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

NEW CASTLE, Del., Feb. 4.—This village is all alive this morning. From daylight the roads leading into the town have been crowded with vehicles of all descriptions.

Sympathy for One of the Convicts. A strong feeling prevails in favor of the man Carpenter, who is considered more of an imbecile than a culprit.

Efforts for a Respite. The fact of his not committing any criminal deed weighs still more for him. Yesterday and last night the rumor prevailed that a respite would be granted him, but it has not yet 11-30 A. M. arrived, and is now given up.

The Prisoners in a State of Religious Excite-ment.

Rev. S. S. Withington, a colored Methodist minister, has been with the prisoners all the morning. They are worked up to the highest pitch of religious excitement, and their shouts and ejaculations, were it not for the occasion. would be considered profane.

Scene in the Prison Yard-800 Visitors. The prison yard is crowded with Delawareans, there having been 800 tickets issued. The whipping-post and pillory, however, seem to claim more attention than the gallows, which is constructed of rough hemlock, at the northeastern end of the enclosure: it is sixteen feet in length, ten feet in height, with a drop of five feet. The Sheriff, Mr. Jacob Richardson, evidently dislikes the job. He is flying around the prison in a state of nervous excitement. Whilst writing this the shouts, screeches, and clapping of hands of the two condemned men grate on our ears. They evidently realize their position, but appear to think that all will be right when they go home, as they term it.

The Sheriff's Jury. The walls of the prison are guarded on all sides, to prevent outsiders clambering over. The jury, consisting of Daniel Callahan, foreman, David Tindell, William Sheaver, Edward Connelly, William Guyer, Robert Gordon, William Gregg, Joseph Jones, William Stroupe, John H. Moore, James M. Harman, and William H. Dobb, were all in attendance.

Dobbs Again on Deck. The latter, it will be remembered, is the gentleman who nearly a year ago was so anxious to obtain the name of one of your correspondents, because he could not distinguish the difference between Dobb and Dobbs, and fancied that a facetious use of the latter name was intended for an affront upon himself.

They have been assigned prominent positions. Detective Gordon and High Constable Kelsh are present.

How the Prisoners Passed the Night. The prisoners slept well last night. Both ate hearty breakfasts. None of their friends have visited them since Tuesday.

Carpenter seems imbued with intense religious

fervor, and jumps around his cell like one crazed.

To the credit of the people, it must be said they are opposed to the execution, and would, from their conversation, rather see them well lashed. The prisoners are confined in cell No. 18, on the eastern side of the prison. The spectators pass through and by the cell to the yard, officials busy keeping them moving on. Resigned to Their Fate.

The Revs. Messrs. Whittington and Young have just left the prisoners and say they are resigned. willing to meet their fate, and hope for peace to come.

Farewell to their Friends. Several friends, among them a female coasin, are now in the cell. The latter carried a large sized family Bible.

The Police Arrangements. E. J. Dougherty, Chief of Police of Wilmington, has charge of the police arrangements, which are well managed.

The mothers of both men have visited them within a few days. Jones seems to feel sorrowful at his mother not being present. A number of poor colored people are flocking round the The Minister Thinks They Are Prepared.

Rev. Mr. Young says he has seen men prepared to die, and knows that the prisoners are prepared to meet their fate. Frank McCrone, the son of the man at whose house the deed was committed, has just been ejected from the prison enclosure, he being intoxicated and cursing, endeavoring to raise a row.

Forming the Procession to the Gallews.
At five minutes of 12 the procession formed in the following order:-Rev. C. S. Spencer, Protestant Episcopal clergyman of Emmanuel Church, of New Castle, and Sheriff Richardson. Prison Keeper Vining and Jones, Keeper Wise and Carpenter. On ascending the platform Jones stepped to the front, and, in an unconcerned tone of voice, said:-

Speech of the Prisoner Jones. "I tell you, gentlemen, I was guilty of the crime; Carpenter was not in it any more than watching the door; I says to the boys, 'Let's do some devilment.' We went over to the house, and I says, 'Boys, pull off your shoes, so that we won't make no noise.' We went in, and I blowed the light out; Moore he stood by the door to make believe he was watching. Carpenter came up stairs after us; we heard a noise, when they started to run; I called to them, Boys. come back, what are you running for; you are a

of fellows, ain't you?" "They came back; I then done the deed; Carpenter did not do it."

Religious Ceremonies. At the conclusion of this speech the two knelt, each on one knee, and Jones kept his eves roaming about, whilst Carpenter shook and trembled, and the closed lids of his eyes quivered perceptibly. He was but thinly clad. having on but a check shirt and pair of black pants and shoes. Jones had a pair of dark gray pants, faded brown coat buttoned up close. Rev. Mr. Spencer then read the 130th psalm, "Out of the deep," following this with prayer, the whole lasting five minutes.

The Noose and Cap. The prison keeper then approached and fixed the ropes around the necks of the condemned. Neither spoke until the white caps were being

"Things are serious now."

The Drop Falls. At fourteen minutes past 12 the Sheriff cut the rope and the two men fell.

A Terrible Scene.
The drop was not sufficient, and a therrible bungle was the result. Carpenter died hard, working his legs and contracting his body. Jones swnng to and fro, but died easier.

At twenty minutes past they were unmanacled. Dr. Ferris pronounced them still alive. At twenty-five minutes Carpenter's pulse still showed life.

The Bodles Cut Down. At forty-four minutes past Jones was lowered down and placed in a coffin of stained pine, plain make. Carpenter was next placed upon a board and carried into the prison, to be delivered to his friends.

Feelings of the Crowd. Whilst the bodies hung the crowd gave vent to their anxiety by asking, "How long are you going to let them hang?" The Sheriff finally stepped on the stand, and announced that they would be taken down in a few minutes. Inside the enclosure the best of order was preserved by Chief Dougherty, of Wilmington, with a force of eight men.

An Unruly Crowd. Ontside, the men and boys who crowded several tree-tops indulged in profanity and ribald jests. The day is clear and fine, the sun shining brightly.

Ingenious Prisoners. The prisoners in the cells had looking-glasses fixed in position to obtain a view of the scene the platform being at right-angles with the cells. To Sheriff Richardson and Colonel John H. Moore your reporter is indebted for kindly hints and favors received.

CONGRESS. FORTY-FIRST SESSION-SECOND TERM.

Sennte. WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.—The Vice-President laid before the Senate the resolutions of a recent meet before the Senate the resolutions of a recent meet-ing at Cooper Institute, New York, sympathizing with the people of Cuba, and ssking that they be ac-corded the rights of belligerents. Referred to the Committee on Federal Relations, and ordered to be

printed.

Mr. Conkling, in presenting various petitions for the abolition of the franking privilege, said that being entitled to the floor at the expiration of the morning hour, to call up the Census bill, he would give way to the Senator from Minnesota (Ramsey) if that Senator would move to take up the bill for the abolition of the franking privilege.

Mr. Ramsey signified his assent to the proposition

mr. Hamlin remarked that Fridays having been set apart for the consideration of business pertaining to the District of Columbia, he would insist upon this special order.

Mr. Sumner, from the Committee on the District of Columbia, reported the bill to incorporate the Corcoran Gailery of Art, relative to their relief from tax upon upon their property, and compensation for its use by the United States.

Mr. (ameron presented a petition of journeymen

for its use by the United States.

Mr. Clameron presented a petition of journeymen eigar makers of Philadelphia for a higher duty on imported clgars. Referred.

Mr. Sherman called up the bill authorizing the Secretary of the Treasury to withhold moneys due to any State which may be in default of the payment of interest on any of its bonds held in trust by the United States. United States.

An explanatory letter from the Secretary of the Interior was read, when the bill passed without ob-

on motion of Mr. Ramsey, the House bill for the abolition of the franking privilege was taken up.
Mr. Sherman moved to amend the first section by adding a proviso, that nothing therein contained shall be construed to repeal or affect the free transmission by mails of newspapers within twenty miles

mission by mails of newspapers within twenty miles of the place of publication.

Mr. Ramsey thought the adoption of the amendment might retard the speedy passage of the bill by requiring its further consideration by the House.

Mr. Sherman believed the amendment would strengthen the measure among its friends in the House, and urged its adoption, in justice to the country newspapers, which could not, in the matter of postage, compete with the large dailies.

House.

House.

Mr. Getz presented petitions from the Reading Medical Association and Berks County Medical So-Medical Association and Berss County Medical So-ciety of Pennsylvania for definite and appropriate rank to the medical staff of the navy.

Mr. Slocum, rising to a question of privilege, called the attention of the House to an advertise-ment in the New York Times of the 24 February. called the attention of the House to an advertisement in the New York Times of the 2d February, which he thought calculated to bring dishonor on the House. The advertisement reads:—"U. S. Naval Academy—Vacant cadetship to be filled before June. Parties of means, address Congressman, box 147, Times office. Also, West Point vacancy." He thought it one of the crying evils of the day that to hold office was deemed dishonorable, and that to hold office was deemed dishonorable, and that to have the name of politician was little better than to be called thier, and it was just such articles as that which brought members of Congress into disrepute. He therefore offered a resolution reciting the publication of the advertisement and authorizing the Committee on Military Affairs to inquire as to whether any member of the House has ever sold or offered to sell his influence as a member in securing appointments to the Military or Naval Academy, and whether any member has received or expressed a willingness to receive any valuable consideration for using his influence in connection with such appointments, with power to send for persons and papers.

It woodward (Pa.) expressed the hope that the

papers.

Mr. Woodward (Pa.) expressed the hope that the Mr. Woodward (Pa.) expressed the hope that the resolution would be adopted. A lady of the highest respectability in his district had informed him, just before he left home for Congress, that she had received a letter from a member of Congress offering to place her son at the West Point Academy for \$2500. He had asked her the name of that member, but she said that she could not give it to him at that moment, but would furnish him with the letter. She had not done so, however, or he would have brought forward a proposition similar to that offered by the gentleman from New York.

Mr. Wood remarked that he had recently seen an advertisement in a Philadelphia paper offering an

Mr. Wood remarked that he had recently seen an advertisement in a Philadelphia paper offering an appointment of that kind for sale.

Mr. Stevens suggested that the resolution be modified so as to embrace members of the preceding Congress. It was so modified.

Mr. Jenekes suggested that it be made also to apply to delegates. That suggestion was also accented.

Mr. Scofield said that he had recently seen in two newspapers, published in the western part of Pennsylvania, that some members of Congress from that State had sold one of their appointments for \$500. As a matter of course, therefore, the whole delegation of Pennsylvania are anxious to have this investigation.

vestigation. Mr. Washburne (Wis.) said there would certainly be no objection to the resolution.

Mr. Kelley (Pa.) referred to the same fact as that stated by Mr. Scoffeid, adding that the editor of the paper seemed to have specific information on the

The resolution was then adopted.

FROM EUROPE.

This Evening's Quotations.
PARIS, Feb. 4.—The Bourse closed quiet. Rentes, PRANKPORT, Feb. 4. - United States Pive-twenties

PRANKFORT, Feb. 4.—United States Five-twenties opened firm at 92.
Liverpool. Feb. 4—5 P. M.—Stock of Cotton adoat, 255,000 bales, of which 63,000 are American. Callfornia Wheat, 8a. 11d.; red Western, 7a. 6d.; red Winter, 8a. 4d@8s. 5d. Receipts of Wheat at this port for the past three days, 10,000 quarters, 7500 of which are American. Corn, 26s. 6d.
HAVEE, Feb. 4.—Cotton opened quiet.

New York Money and Stock Markets. New York Money and Stock Blarkets.

New York, Feb. 4.—Stocks unsettled but firm.

Money easy at 6 per cent. Gold, 120%. Fivetwenties, 1869, coupon, 115; do. 1864, do., 114%;
do. 1865, do., 114%; do. do., new, 113%; do. 1867,
114; do. 1868, 113%; 10-408, 112%; Virginia 68, new,
65%; Missouri 68, 90%; Canton Company, 59%; Cumberland preferred, 38; Consolidated New York Central and Hudson River, 97%; Eric, 24%; Reading,
96%; Adams Express, 64; Michigan Central, 118;
Gleveland and Pittsburg, 92%; Chicago and Rock
181and, 116; Pittsburg and Fort Wayne, 189; Western Union Telegraph, 35%.

New York Produce Market.

New York Produce Market.

New York, Feb. 4.—Cotton duil; sales 290 bales middling uplands at 25%c. Flour—State and Western duil in buyers' favor; Southern duil and drooping. Wheat duil and drooping; No. 2, \$1'18; winter red Western, \$1'26@1'29. Corn is without decided chabge; new mixed Western, 88@92c.; old do., \$1'94 in store. Oats irregular and unsettled; State, 50c.; Western, 53%c. Beef quiet. Mess Pork, 26c. Lard quiet; steam rendered, in tierces, 15%@16c. Whisky quiet at \$8c.

WASHINGTON.

Selling Military and Naval Cadetships -The Movement to Abolish the Income Tax-The Franking Bill in the Senate.

E UROPE.

Detention in the Ocean Telegraphing -The English Cotton Trade Another Foreign Alliance
-The Infallibility Dogma.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Special Despatch to The Beening Telegraph.
WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.—The practice of selling cadetships in the Naval and West Point Academies has become so flagrant that a resolution was introduced to-day authorizing the Committee on Military Affairs to inquire into it, with power to send for persons and papers.

The Treasury Appropriations. Secretary Boutwell has been in consultation with the Appropriation Committee all day about the estimates of the Finance Department. Attorney-General Hoar informed a friend to-day that he would remain in the Cabinet just to spite the Senators , who voted to reject him. The Southern Senators are urging the nomination of Thomas J. Durant, of Louislana, for the vacancy on the Supreme bench.

The Income Tax. Petitions for the abolition of the tax on incomes are beginning to come in, and members of the Ways and Means Committee are receiving letters on the subject from all quarters. The committee is at present opposed to abolishing the tax, but may be forced to yield to the popular demand.

Tariff on Cigars. Senator Cameron presented a petition of the cigarmakers of the Third District of Pennsylvania, requesting a higher rate of tariff on imported cigars. The petition calls the attention of Congress to the fact that foreign cigars are imported in large numbers without paying duty. The petition is numerously signed.

The Franking Bill in the Senate. The Senate refused to consider the bill abolishing the franking privilege to-day by a vote of 22 to 34. Senators Scott and Cameron voted to take it up and proceed with it.

Mr. Scott gave notice of an amendment to make the bill take effect on the first of March instead of the first of July. The vote of the Senate to-day is considered damaging to the prospects of the bill.

Distillery Selzures.

Despatch to the Associated Press. WASHINGTON, Feb. 4 .- The following was received at the Internal Revenue Department this morning:-

EVANSVILLE, Ind., Feb. 4 .- To the Hon. C. Delano:-I have ordered the seizure of the large distillery of Bingham & Barton, at Hazleton, Ind. Two hundred and fourteen packages of spirits have been fraudulently removed. The evidence is complete.

GEORGE B. WILLIAMS. Supervisor for Indiana. CONGRESS.

He thought it would be gross injustice to charge small country newspapers circulating within short distances the same rate of postage paid by the large dailies, which were transmitted thousands of miles. Mr. Conkling suggested that the Senate might pass the bill as it was, and that such modifications of the measure as were necessary might be considered in committee and enacted in the shape of a separate Mr. Drake thought the amendment did not go far

Senate.

enough, and proposed to amend so as to continue the existing provisions of the law in favor of publishers of newspapers and periodicals.

Mr. Hamlin said the bill if passed would not go into operation until July 1, and there was no special necessity for its immediate consideration. He, therefore, moved to postpone the whole subject, in order to take up business relating to the District of Columbia, action upon which was urgently de-

manded.

Mr. Willey (W. Va.) suggested an amendment to the bill to allow free transmission in the mails of newspapers and period icals whose circulation does not exceed 2000.

At this point the morning hour expiring the unfinished business, being the census bill, came up in

Mr. Conkling being entitled to the floor said he would yield for the purpose of allowing the franking bill to be proceeded with.

Mr. Ramsey then moved that the Senate proceed to the consideration of the bill to abolish the frank-

to the consideration of the bill to abolish the franking privilege.

Mr. Conkling remarked that the so-called franking had subjected the members of the two houses to great inconvenience and injustice, and on that account, if no other, he would vote for its repeal, but he believed the machinery made use of to press the matter on Congress had belittled the measure.

Mr. Scott said if the bill was taken up he would propose, as an amendment, that it should take effect March 1 next instead of July 1. The practical operation of the law would develop in what particular and condition the legislation was necessary to remedy any inconveniences resulting therefrom.

The Senate then voted upon the motion of Mr. Ramsey to take up the bill, which was not agreed to, by yeas 22, nays 24.

Continued from the Third Edition The House then proceeded to consider Senate bills, of which the following were passed:—

For the relief of Lieutenaut William A. Scott, 14th For the relief of Lieutenant William A. Scott, 14th Illinois Volunteers; providing for the payment of the 4th Arkansas Mounted Infantry, as introduced by Mr. Roots; douating captured cannon for a monument at West Point, N. Y.; for the relief of Napoleon B. Glodings; for the relief of William H. Rutherford and George Kains; donating condemned ordnance for a soldiers' monument in Rock Island county, Illinois; to amend the act for the sale of a portion of the Fort Gratiot military reservation in St. Clair county, Michigan; for the relief of Lieutenant Robert L. D. Burchfield, ad North Carolina Mounted Infantry; for the relief of Lieutenant William R. Ruck, 3d North Carolina Infantry; for the return of evidence of honorable discharge to officers.

House.

of Lieutenant William R. Ruck, 3d North Carolina Infantry; for the return of evidence of honorable discharge to officers.

A bill for the paving of Pennsalvania avenue was referred, under the rule, to the Committee of the Whole, the bill containing an appropriation.

Mr. Bingham, from the Judiciary Committee, reported a bill to permit Francis E. Shober, memberelect from North Carolina, to take the oath prescribed for persons relieved from disabilities, instead of the test oath. After discussion, the bill being advocated by Bingham and opposed by Paine, the bill was laid on the table, yeas, 59; nays, 78.

Petitions for the abolition of the franking privilege were presented by several members.

Mr. O'Neill presented a petition for a specific duty of at least 25 cents per pound on foreign books.

Mr. Lawrence introduced a bill to provide a mode of paying pensions. Referred.

The bill provides that the Secretary of the Interior shall select in every county in the United States either a national bank, a Postmaster, an assessor, or collector of internal revenue, or other existing officer, to prepare all pension papers for paying pensions free of cost to pensioners. The Commissioner of Pensions shall certify to each officer a list of the pensioners in his county, and transmit a check on the nearest Assistant Treasurer, payable to the order of such pensioner, to be delivered to the pensioner, who shall thus the paid every three months, instead of semi-annually, \$100,000 shall be paid annually to the officers for their service in equitable proportions, instead of \$250,000 paid in commissions now. The quarterly payments, it is claimed, will save pensioners several millions now paid for money ioaned in pledge of pension certificates, and will save pensioners several millions now paid for money ioaned in pledge of pension certificates, and will save them \$1,460,000 annually paid to agents for collecting pensions.

FOURTH EDITION FIFTH EDITION

THE LATEST NEWS.

FROM THE WEST.

Overflow of the Mississippi. MEMPHIS, Feb. 4 .- Owing to an overflow, trains on the Little Rock Railroad cannot run this side of Madison, forty miles west of here.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Despatch to the Associated Press.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 4.-The Senate has confirmed the nomination of L. B. Church, Assessor of Internal Revenue for Montana.

The Rejection of Mr. Hoar.
The President had not at noon to-day been officially advised of the rejection of Judge Hoar by the Senate. The rule of that body is not to inform him of its proceedings on nominations until two intervening executive sessions, unless otherwise specially directed. The reason for the rule is to give members time to reconsider their action upon them if they think proper. The Chinese Treaty.

Secretary Fish this morning received from Minister Burlingame the Chinese treaty, with the official seals of the Emperor, the ratification having been duly exchanged. The treaty was wrapped in yellow silk. The Secretary laid the package before the President to-day.

FROM EUROPE.

Ocean Telegraphing. By the Anglo-American Cable.

LONDON, Feb. 4.—The weather throughout England for the past few days has been clear,

cool, and delightful. The delays noticable in the cable service recently do not arise from any imperfections in the cables themselves or the land connections. The Government, on the 1st inst., assumed control of the telegraphic system of the kingdom, and to this change alone must be ascribed the

present derangement. The English Cotton Trade.
The Times of this morning has an editorial on the present depression in the cotton trade. The writer ascribes the cause to the dearness of the raw material and the superiority of the American manufacturers, and suggests that the sure remedies for the distress are, first, greater intelligence and skill on the part of the workmen, and second, a reduction in the price of coals.

Ship News. LIVERPOOL, Feb. 24.-Steamer Calabria, late Australasian, has arrived from New York. GLASGOW, Feb. 4.-Steamer Europa, from New York, has arrived.

Reported Egyptian Alliance. LONDON, Feb. 4.—It is reported that the Viceroy of Egypt has entered into an alliance with Papal Infallibility. ROME, Feb. 4.—The Pope has announced that

he will hereafter decline to participate in the controversy respecting the dogma of personal infallibility. Russin Auxious for Pence. St. Petersburg, Feb. 4 .- The Journal of this city (official organ) finds it necessary to-

day, in view of the Montenegrin question, to

reiterate the Russian Government's anxiety for Illness of the Archbishop of Lyons.

By the Anglo-American Cable. PARIS, Feb. 4.—Despatches received to-day announce that the Archbishop of Lyons is in a very precarious condition, and it is thought be could not live the day through.

Cuban News in Spain.
MADRID, Feb. 4.—Official despatches from Havana, announcing the defeat of the insurgents by the national troops, was received last evenng, and was the occasion of great rejoicing

FROM THE SOUTH

Riot in Mississippi. MEMPHIS, Feb. 4 .- A riot occurred at Broodville, Miss., on the 2d inst., between negroesand whites, growing out of a youth nrmed Farmer shooting and wounding a negro who had assaulted him, which at one time threatened toinvolve the whole section in bloodshed and strife. The negroes, who were armed, forcibly took Farmer from the constable, and threatened to kill him and burn the town. A messenger was despatched to Columbus for the assistance of fifty armed men, who returned on the train and arrested seventy-five negroes. The others fled. At last accounts quiet had been. restored.

FROM NEW YORK.

strychnine.

New York, Feb. 4.—O. W. Bostwick, of the firm of Bostwick & Co., dealers in hats, caps, hnd straw goods, committed suicide at his residence in Brooklyn this morning by taking

The report of the Brooklyn Fire Commissioners just issued, shows that the expenses of the fire department of that city amounted to Navigation on the Hudson Closed.

The Brooklyn Fire Companies.

NEW YORK, Feb. 4 .- The Hudson river is again closed to navigation.

Vote of the House on the Police Bill.

FROM THE STATE.

pecial Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

HARRISBURG, Feb. 4.—The vote of the House of Representatives on the passage of the Metropolitan Police bill was 57 yeas to 38 nays. FROM THE WEST.

The Ohio Contested Elections. COLUMBUS, Feb. 4 .- The last of the contested election cases in the House was decided this morning by giving Blakeslee (Rep.) his seat. The House now stands—Rep., 57; Dem., 55.

—Amount of Coal transported on the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad during week ending Thursday. Feb. 3, 1870:— 70ms, Cort. 28,050 16-4,068 01 338 00 1,096 14 988 10 3,992 05 385 10 22 01 From St. Clair.... From St. Clair.
From Port Carbon.
From Pottsville.
From Schuyikili Haven.
From Auburn.
From Port Clinton.
From Harrisburg and Dauphin.
From Allentown and Alburtis. Anthracite Coal for week ... 38,816 15 3,092 14 Total for week paying freight...... Total all kinds for week 45,870 98 To Thursday, Feb. 4, 1869.

DERSONS HAVING DEBTS DUE IN ANY part of the United States can have them easily adjusted and collected on application to the Genera Collection Agency, ROBERT S. LEAGUE & CO., No. 135 South SEVENTH Street.