### CITY INTELLIGENCE.

RESTORICAL SOCIETY OF PENNSYLVANIA. — The manual meeting of the Pennsylvania Historical Society was held last evening in the hall of the Athenicum Building, John William Wallace, Esq., in the chair; Samuel L. Smedley, Secretary. The reports of the Treasurer, Librarian, and of the several committees were received, from which it appeared that the society was in a prosperous condition. The Morarian, Mr. Shrigley, stated that the additions to the library during the year bave been very satisfactory in respect both to number and quality.

The meetings of the society for the transaction of its business have been of more than ordinary interest, and everything betokens a prosperous future. There have been added to the library 976 books since the last annual report. Many of these are works of mare value. Among them were enumerated the Rarly English Text society, 10 volumes; Gross Antiquities in England, Ireland, Scotland, and Wales, 14 volumes, quarto; the Naval Chronicle, 40 volumes; Diary of Ralph Thorsby, 40 volumes; the Andross Tracts; Granger's Biographical History of England, 9 volumes; the Publications of the Parker Society, 55 volumes; the Political Index, 2 volumes; and the Border Antiquities of England and Scotland, 2 volumes.

The Librarian stated that no State had a more

volumes; and the Border Antiquities of England and Scotland, 2 volumes.

The Librarian stated that no State had a more henerable history than Fennsylvania. Its pages are the brightest in our country's records, and this society should feel that this history and those records are, to a great extent, in its keeping. He called special attention of the members to the intrease of books in three departments of the library:

First. The history of our own State and city; second, town histories; third, works on genealogy.

The collection of pamphlets has been largely increased since the last report by the liberal bequest of the late George W. Fahnestock, of whose departure the records of the society, beat honorable mention. There have likewise been received from other sources over three thousand, making the total number of pamphlets received during the year over liftyent thousand.

If the society had the means required to classify

If the society had the means required to classify and bind all these pamphlets they would be of great value to scholars and antiquarians, as furnishing important materials for more elaborate historical

important materials for more elaborate historical works.

There have been bound during the year 530 volumes, most of which relate to the French Revolution, being the largest collection of that kind, and in the French language in this country.

Hany additions have been made to the museum department. Among these is a large painting entitled "Columbia's Night Watch," a copper-plate engraved in England for the manufacture of Confederate postage stamps; a bust of the late Rev. Dr. Brainard; a portrait of John Carlton, sailing master under Commodore Bainbridge; fifteen photographic views of public buildidgs in and around Philadelphia; a portrait of John Grigg; an Indian medicine drum once the property of the chief "Roman Nose;" two very ancient clocks; and a fac-simile of the building of William H. Horstmann & Sons, woven in Silk.

There were several valuable acquisitions to the

There were several valuable acquisitions to the manuscript department, among which is a large folio of nearly 700 pages of the records of Friends in Chester county, executed by Gilbert Cope.

Two public addresses have been delivered before the society during the year, one by Horatjo Gates Jones, Esq., on Andrew Bradiora, the founder of the newspaper press in the Middle States of America. The other was a culogy on the life and character of Hon. Joseph R. Ingersoll, late President of the society, delivered by David-Paul Brown, Esq. Both of these addresses have been published.

The Librarian concluded his report by announcing that several of the members of the society have died during the year whose virtues and attainments com-

during the year whose virtues and attainments com-manded the highest respect. Among these was Jason L. Fenimore, chairman of the Finance Com-mittee, who died in April last. Mr. Fenimore was an active and useful member of the society, an up-right man, and an accomplished gentleman. Allu-zion was likewise made to the late venerable rector of Christ Church, who was regarded as a reliable historian, a gentleman of the highest Christian at tainments, in relation to whom the President of the

society is expected to deliver an address.

The Librarian's report was of the greatest interest throughout, and exhibited the bestowal of the greatest care and a large amount of work on its compila-

Among the donations received last evening was medal of Pius IX, of the finest execution, presente by Rev. Dr. Ignatius Horstmann: also, a manuscript record of the Friends of Middletown, Bucks county; also, a photographic copy of a painting of the first chain bridge over the Schuylkill, on the site of the present Wire Bridge, presented by Professor Alfred Stille. Resolutions were passed asking the reten-tion of Joseph C. J. Kennedy in the Superintendency of the National Bureau of Statistics, and requesting the authorities at Harrisburg to furnish the societ with copies of historic State papers. After nominating officers for 1870 the meeting adjourned.

SUMMARY OF POSTAL OPERATIONS. -Of the thou sands that have occasion to visit our Post Office, very few for a moment stop to think as to the amount of labor their frequent callings occasion; yet when the whole thing is boiled down and presented in short space, the figures look somewhat formidable, and one wonders that such an amount of work has been performed.

careful resume of the doings of the office for the ar just name. shows that during the period men-

| Jent Just Press                                       |
|---|
| tioned there were                                     |
| Stamps sold   |
| Mail letters delivered 10.931.94                      |
|   |
| Local letters delivered4,507,36                       |
| Newspapers delivered3,423,65                          |
| Letters collected                                     |
|   |
| Newspapers collected1,225,33                          |
| Money orders issued, 17,898, amounting to \$882,950 8 |
| Money orders paid, 76,200, amounting to \$1,209,472.7 |
| Registered letters received for city delivery 37,08   |
| Registered letters received for distribution 39,10    |
|   |
|   |
| Letters registered at Philadelphia Post Office 12,42  |
| Registered packing envelopes used16,97                |
| The following comparison between the years 186        |
| and 1969 shows the increase of business in the Mone   |
|   |

Order Department:-Increase of December, 1869, over Money orders paid December, \$9,005 85 .....11,592 Money orders paid December,

Increase of December, 1869, ever December, 1868.............. 2,329 HEBREW CHARITY BALL.—The Hebrews of our city so not bother either our official municipality or the Guardians of the Poor as to the aiding of or caring for any of their members who may, through some unfortunate stroke of fortune, have been reduced to indigency; but in a quiet and unostentations manner they give from their store to the needy one, and with they give from their store to the needy one, and with ready hand help him or her along to prosperity once more. A fund has been established for this purpose, and for several years past what is termed a charity ball has been given, the proceeds of which are de-voted to this purpose. The occasion is always one long to be remembered, for our Hebrew friends spare neither time, pains, nor means in making it one of the affairs of the season, while the beauties that adorn it add tenfold to the pleasures of the place. This year it is to be given at the Academy of

that adorn it add tenfold to the pleasures of the place. This year it is to be given at the Academy of Music, and Wednesday, the 26th inst., is the time. Mr. A. E. Greenewald is to be Master of Ceremonies THE CONVEYANCERS.—To the Editor of The Even-ing Telegraph.—Dear Sir:—You will do the convey-ancers of Philadelphia a favor by correcting the statement made in your paper of last evening in regard to the nature of their association. They have regard to the nature of their association. They have no intention of applying for an act of Assembly to prevent persons from practising conveyancing without preparatory training. Their object is to anite in an association all persons who are new competent, and hereafter to admit only such as are able to pass an examination. This movement did not originate from fear of a diminution of their charges, or of encreachment on their business by lawyers and real estate brokers, but is intended to enable them as well as the public to determine who are genuine conveyancers. Very respectfully,

J. HAYS CARSON, No. 428 Library street.

January 11, 1870.

OPERATIONS OF THE DELAWARE HARBOR POLICE.— The following shows the work done by the Delaware Harbor Police force during the year 1869:— Persons rescued from drowing.....

Drowned bodies recovered.

Persons prevented from walking overboard....

Drowned bodies not found...

Boats recovered and returned to owners....

WANTED A COAT.—Abraham Chester, whilst perambulating yesterday, noticed a coat in a tailor store at Germantown road and Second street, which he supposed would fit him. He entered, tried it on, and, forgetting to take it off, marched away. After proceeding a few steps an officer tapped him on the shoulder and informed him that his presence would be desirable at the Central Station this afternoon. Of source he acquiesced.

Correction.—The statement in yeslerday's paper, that the Assistance Engine had collided with a carriage at Pitth and Master streets, is incorrect. The accident was caused by the animal attached to the carriage becoming frightened and running away.

Accident.—An unknown Italian was knocked down and run over by a heavily-ladened wagon, at Righth and Spring Garden streets, about 65 o'clock last P. M., sustaining severe injuries.

number of banking institutions held their annual elections for directors to serve during the ensuing year, with the following results:

—First National Bank,—Directors—C. H. Clark, S. A. Caldwell, W. S. Russell, E. W. Clark, James A. Wright, George F. Tyler, Robert B. Cabeen, George Philler, and W. C. Kent.

—Fourth National Bank,—Directors—J. Henry Askin, James Hopkins, Albert C. Roberts, Samuel Miller, John Fareira, John Bardsley, E. A. Shallcross, Samuel J. Cresswell, Jr., and Joseph B. Baker.

—Seventh National Bank,—Directors—Daniel Focht, John T. Balley, Sevill Schofield, Alexander Whilldin, Jr., A. R. McCown, Thomas Woods, R. H. Howard, E. A. Merrick, and C. N. Seiser.

—Central National Bank,—Directors—George M. Troutman, Charles Wheeler, John E. Graeff, John Milnes, Joseph Esherick, Samuel R. Shipley, David B. Ervin, Charles Smith, Matthew Baird, George S. Repplier, and Andrew Wheeler.

—The Commonwealth National Bank,—Directors—E. P. Mitchell, H. N. Burroughs, Paul P. Keller, John Wanamaker, C. H. Duhring, Theodore Wilson, H. W. Gray, Samuel K. Ashton, William F. Hansell, Robert B. Sterling, Robert Morris, and H. C. Young,—Corn Exchange National Bank,—Directors—Alexander G. Cattell, John W. Torrey, Hugh Craig, Alexander Whilldin, John F. Gross, Philip B. Mingie, Samuel T. Canby, Edward C. Knight, Edmund A. Souder, Dell Nebils, Jr., Robert Ervien, Joseph W. Bullock, and H. Wilson Catherwood.

—National Bank of the Republic,—Directors—William M. Seyfert, Charles Richardson, J. Barlow Moorhead, William Hacker, Charles L. Sharpiess, William B. Bement, Nathan Hilles, Edward B. Orne, John H. Irwin, and William L. Reim.

—Penn National Bank.—Directors—Elijah Dailett, William B. C. Ludwig, Samuel Bispham, William P. Sharpless, Henry Budd, Gillies Dailett, John P. Steiner, Thomas P. Stotesbury, and Joseph J. Williams.

—The Philadelphia National Bank.—Directors—Thomas Robins, George Whithney, Henry Preant.

Philadelphia National Bank.-Directors-The Philadelphia National Bank.—Directors—Thomas Robins, George Whitney, Henry Preant, Benjamin G. Godfrey, George W. Mears, John Weish, J. Livingston Erringer, Augustus Heaton, J. Gillingham Fell, Edward S. Clarke, John D. Taylor, Richard Wood, and Benjamin B. Comegys.

—Southwark National Bank.—Directors—Francis P. Steel, Thomas Sparks, Henry G. Freeman, William M. Baird, James Simpson, Richard F. Loper, Frederick G. Wolbert, Samuel Castner, and John I. Neill.

—Provident Life and Trust Company.—The annual meeting of the Provident Life and Trust Company meeting of the Provident Life and Trust Company was held this morning at their office, No. 111 S. Fourth street. The following officers were elected for the ensuing year:—Samuel R. Shipley, President; William C. Longstreth, Vice-President. Directors—Samuel R. Shipley, Philadelphia; Joshua H. Morris, do.; Richard Wood, do.; W. Hacker, do.; Richard Cadbury, do.; Henry Haines. do.; T. Wis'ar Brown, do.; William C. Longstreth, do.; and Charles F. Coffin, Richmond, Ind.

PHILADELPHIA, WILMINGTON, AND BALTIMORE PHILADELPHIA, WILMINGTON, AND BALTIMORE
RAILROAD COMPANY.—The annual meeting of the
stockholders of the Philadelphia, Wilmington, and
Baltimore Railroad Company was held at Wilmington yesterday. The election for officers resulted in
the choice of the following named gentlemen:—
Directors—Isaac Hinckley, S. M. Felton, William
Sellers, Samuel Weish, Jesse Lans, Joseph Bringhurst, Samuel Harlan, Jr., Thomas Kelso, Enoch
Pratt, Thomas Donaldson, Thomas Whitridge, S. M.
Shoemaker, N. Thayer, Ed. Austin. The following
officers were then elected by the new board:—President, Isaac Hinckley: Vice-President, Enoch Pratt. dent, Iszac Hinckley; Vice-President, Enoch Pratt, and Secretary and Treasurer, A. Horner,

THE WEST CHESTER AND PHILADELPHIA RAILROAD THE WEST CHESTER AND PHILADELPHIA RAILROAD COMPANY.—The stockholders of the West Chester Railroad held their annual meeting yesterday at West Chester. The report of the President shows that the earnings for the ten months covered by the report were \$276,237 °01. The operating expenses, including salaries, were \$178,735 °93, leaving for the net earnings \$97,501 °05. The competition of the Chester Creek Railroad has caused a decrease of \$25,765 °65, by the diversion of the entire through passenger and freight business of the Philadelphia and Baltimore Central Railroad. The business proper of the West Chester Road continues to prosper, notwithstanding the competition. The total number of passengers carried was 568,863.

MIXED UP .- Officer Clawson, of the Delaware Harpor Police force, about 8 o'clock this morning noticed an individual ciambering over the side of a vessel moored at Willow street wharf, and supposing his object to be theft, followed him. At the gangway he was met by Frank Magee, an officer of the vessel, who, not knowing his character, fired three shots from a revolver at him, none of which, happily, took effect. Clawson closed with Magee and took him into custody, after which he made a search for the other when when he found. With assistance here other chap, whom he found. With assistance both were taken before an alderman, who held Magee in 1800 bail to answer, and committed the other one, who is named Wentworth, to prison.

LOCAL ODDS AND ENDS .- Our ice men have again -George Mountjoy's distillery is to be sold on the 18th instant. -Venison is considered the most digestible of

... The crib adjoining the Post Office is assuming share. There is considerable floating ice in the Dela-

-Furniture dealers say that the cracle trade is brisk.

The Temperance Biessing meets to-night.

The skating park men are gloomy.

The firemen are again quarrelling.

HEARINGS AT THE CENTRAL STATION.—Before Alderman Kerr, committing magistrate, at the Central Station, this afternoon, was arraigned Thomas L. Scroggy, of No. 1232 Vine street, on the charge of selling obscene publications. He was held in 220t 0 ball to answer.

\$2000 ball to answer.

Charles Reilly, for the theft of a coat, valued at \$12, from the store of Mrs. Beck, No. 1208 N. Second street, was committed to answer.

Charles Cannon and Henry Wellington, colored, were charged with the theft of two pigs of lead from the store of Etting & Bro., No. 124 N. Water street. They were committed to answer.

Richard Ross, yesterday attempted to run away with the Norristown Railroad, but finding he was incapable of the performance, he satisfied his covetous propensity by taking a few pieces of iron. He was arrested by Policeman McCulley, who took him before Alderman Hood, who held him for a further hearing in order to allow the superintendent, Mr, Wilson, to have a look at him.

MILITARY ELECTION.—An election was held last evening in the Armory of the First City Troop for evening in the Armory of the First City Troop for Lieutenant and Cornet, which resulted in the election of Robert E. Randall, Esq., and Colonel A. L. Snow-den. We are glad to learn that this favorite com-mand is rapidly filling up its roll of active members, which has upon it some of the most gallant and efficient officers engaged in the recent war.

TOUR OF INSPECTION. - MAJOR S. V. Lewis, attached to the staff of the 1st Division P. V. M., left yesterday for an extended tour through the Southern States. It is his intention to carefully examine into the workings of the militia in the States through which he may pass, and report on his return, about four months hence.

WHISKY BARRELS.—Hugh raggart and Dancel Gorman were arrested at Twelfth and South streets, about a quarter to 6 o'clock this morning, while attempting to steal several whisky barrels from the front of a store at the point named. They were taken before Alderman Bonsall, who committed them to prison.

them to prison. TILL TAPPER.—Henry singleton entered a grocery store at Tenth and Christian streets yesterday, and waiting until the proprietor was busied with a cus-tomer, stepped behind the counter and abstracted §13 from the till. He was detected in the act, and

Alderman Bonsall sent him to prison. NARROW ESCAPE FROM FIRE, -A stable on Hutch inson street, below Thompson, made a narrow escape from are last evening. A carriage in the yard took fire from a candle, but the flames were dis-

covered before much damage was done. THERE-RALL MEN.—Pawnbrokers' licenses have been issued to the following parties since our last statement:—Hyde & Co. and Jacob Marcus.

WEDDING INVITATIONS ENGRAVED IN THE NEWEST AND BEST LOUIS DREKA,

No. 1033 OHESNUT Street

SPECIAL NOTICES. Received too late for Classification. NEW YORK AND MIDDLE COAL
FIELD RAILROAD AND COAL COMPANY.
Office No. 226 WALNUT Street.
PHILAD SLIPHIA, January 11, 1870.
At the Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the above-named Company, held this day, the following named gentlemen were elected Directors to serve for the ensuing year.

WILLIAM McLELLAN, of Chambersburg.

O. L. BORIE, of Philadelphia.

EDW. S. WHELEN, of Philadelphia.

O. D'INVILLIERS, of Philadelphia.

J. G. REPPLIER, of Philadelphia.

S. C. FORD of Philadelphia.

B. ANDREWS KNIGHT of Philadelphia.

C. R. LINDSAY, Secrets

The Readmission of Virginia-Another Bill to be Presented, Embodying General Butler's Preamble-The State Legislature -The Treasurer's Accounts.

# FROM WASHINGTON.

Another Virginia Bill.

Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.—The Committee on Reconstruction agreed this morning to report a bill to-day for the readmission of Virginia. The bill contains Butler's preamble, as follows:-

Whereas, The people of Virginia have adopted a constitution republican in form, and by its provisions assuring the equality of right in all citizens of the United States before the law, and has in all respects complied with the require-ments of the several acts of Congress providing for the reconstruction of the late insurrectionary States; and whereas, the Congress of the United States have received assurances and are assured that the people of Virginia, especially those heretofore in insurrection against the United States, have renounced all claims of any right of secession in a State, and that they are now well disposed to the Government of the United States, and will support and defend the Constitution thereof, and will carry out the provisions and requirements of the Constitution submitted by the Reconstruction acts of Con-gress and ratified by the people of Virginia in letter and spirit.

It also contains the fundamental principle embodied in Ward's bill, as follows:-That the State of Virginia is entitled and admitted to representation in Congress as a State in the Union upon the following fundamental conditions:-That the Constitution of said State shall never be so amended or changed as to deprive any citizen or class of citizens of the United States of the right to vote in said State who are entitled to vote by the Constitution thereof herein recognized, to deprive any citizen or class of citizens of the right to sit upon juries, or to an equal participation in the school fund and school privileges, as recognized by said constitution. Provided that any alteration of said constitution may be made with regard to the time and place of residence of voters. The bill provides that only the disqualification required by the fourteenth amendment shall be enforced, and it legalizes the election of United States Senators. The bill will be introduced to-day, and an effort made to

### CONGRESS. FORTY-FIRST TERM-SECOND SESSION.

WASHINGTON, Jap. 11 .- Petitions were presented for steam communication with China,

and that the mission to China be made a first class mission, and against the renewal of Corlies' steam engine patent.

Mr. Sumner gave notice of a bill to be introduced to authorize the refunding and consolida-

tion of the national debt, to extend banking facilities, and to establish specie payments. Mr. Howe introduced a bill more effectually to preserve the neutral relations of the United

Mr. Rice called up the bill in relation to the Hot Springs reservation in Arkansas, which was amended and passed. Mr. Sherman, from the Finance Committee

reported as a substitute for the various propositions relating to the currency before the com-mittee, a bill providing for the issue of fortyfive millions more national bank note currency, in place of an equal amount of three per cent. certificates to be restored. Also for free banking on a gold basis, the banks to be allowed to issue gold notes to the extent of 90 per cent. of the bonds deposited. No provision is made for

the Secretary of the Treasury to report to the Senate the number of foreign-built vessels under enrollment or register now employed in the commerce of the United States, with the names of such vessels, whether steam or sailing vessels, the tonnage of each, where built, and the date of the law of Congress which in each case authorized the registration or enrollment of such foreign-built vessels.

Mr. Kellogg called up the joint resolution to extend the limits of the port of entry of New Orleans, which was passed. Mr. Corbett called up the bill to exempt canned and preserved fish from internal tax,

which was passed. Upon the expiration of the morning hour the Virginia bill was again taken up, the ques-tion being upon the motion of Mr. Wilson to

debate ensued between Messrs. Sumner Stewart, Trumbull, and Yates as to the necessity of further time for consideration before taking action on the question. The position assumed on the one hand being, that the request of the Senator from Massachusetts for delay should be conceded if made in good faith and upon per sonal grounds, but, otherwise, no reason had been given for longer delay in definite action upon the admission of Virginia. On the other hand, the postponement was not asked upon personal considerations, but in order to an opportunity of presenting certain informa-tion concerning the condition of affairs in Vir-

The question being put upon the motion to postpone the bill, the motion was not agreed to -yeas, 25; nays, 26.

Those voting nay were:—Carpenter, Casserly, Conkling, Corbett, Davis, Fenton, Ferry, Hamilton, Harlan, Kellogg, McCreary, McDonald, Norton, Robertson, Ross, Saulsbury, Sawyer, Scott, Stewart, Stockton, Thurman, Trumbull, Vickers, Warner, Willey, and Williams-26.

The yeas were:—Boreman, Brownlow, Cameron, Chandler, Cole, Drake, Edmunds, Fowler, Harris, Howard, Howe, Morrill (Mc.), Morrill (Vt.), Osborn, Patterson, Pomeroy, Pratt, Schurz, Sherman, Spencer, Sumner, Thayer, Tipton, Wilson, and Yates—25.

After the reading of the journal Mr. Bingham called attention to that part of it relating to the proceedings yesterday on his bill for the admis-sion of Virginia, the journal showing that the motion to reconsider the vote ordering the main question on the passage of the bill was really ejected—yeas 77, nays 77, the Speaker voting

in the negative. The Speaker explained that when the clerk came to enter the vote on the journal it was ascertained that the vote had been miscounted yesterday, consequently under the rules all sub-sequent proceedings based on the error were null and void, and were not entered on the journal. The question therefore really was now on the

passage of the bill. Mr. Bingham said he understood that the Committee on Reconstruction was prepared to report a bill for the admission of Virginia. He would therefore withdraw his bill for that of the

Mr. Farnsworth thereupon, from the Rec Mr. Farnsworth thereupon, from the Reconstruction Committee, reported the following bill to admit the State of Virginia to representation in the Congress of the United States:

Whereas, The people of Virginia have adopted a constitution republican in form, and by its provisions insuring the equality of right in all citizens of the United States, and whereas, the Congress of the United States have received assurances, and are assured that the received

assurances, and are assured that the people of Virginia, and especially those heretofore in in-surrection against the United States, have re-nounced all claims of any right of secession in a

ELECTION OF BANK DIRECTORS—This morning a number of banking institutions held their annual elections for directors to serve during the ensuing year, with the following results:

—First National Bank,—Directors—C. H. Clark, S. A. Caldwell, W. S. Russell, E. W. Clark, James A. Wright, George F. Tyler, Robert B. Cabeen, George Philler, and W. C. Kent.

—Fourth, National Bank,—Directors—L. Henry

THIRD EDITION

State, and that they are now well disposed to the Government of the United States, and will support and defend the Constitution thereof, and will carry out in letter and spirit the provisions and requirements of the Constitution, submitted under the Reconstruction acts of Congress, and ratified by the people of Virginia, Prough, National Bank,—Directors—L. Henry

therefore

Be it enacted, etc., that the State of Virginia is entitled to representation in Congress as a State of the Union under the Constitution, ratined on the 6th day of July, 1865, upon the following fundamental conditions:—First, that no person shall hold any office, civil or military, in the State who shall not have taken and subscribed one of the following oaths or affirmations, vis.

have taken and subscribed one of the following oaths or affirmations, vis.:—

"I do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I have never taken an eath as a member of Congress, or as an officer of the United States, or as a member of any State Legislature, or as an executive or judicial officer of any State, to support the Constitution of the United States, and thereafter engaged in insurrection or rebellion against the same, or given ald or comfort to the encines thereof."

"I do solemnly swear (affirm) that I have been relieved from disability by an act of Congress, as provided for by the third section of the fourteenth article of the amendment of the Constitution of the United States."

nited States."
Second. That the Constitution of said State shall

never be so amended or changed as to deprive any citizen or class of citizens of the United States of the right to vote or hold office in said State who are encitizen or class of citizens of the United States of the right to vote or hold office in said State who are entitled to vote or hold office by said Constitution except as a punishment for such crimes as are now felonies at common law, whereof they shall have been duly convicted under laws equally applicable to all the inhabitants of said State, or to prevent any person, on account of race, color, or previous condition of servitude, from serving as a juror or participating equally in the school fund or school privileges provided for in said constitution. Provided, that any alteration of said constitution equally applicable to all the voters of said State may be made with regard to the time and place of the residence of said voters.

Third. That all persons who shall at the time when said Constitution shall take effect hold or exercise the functions of any executive, administrative, or judicial office in said State, by the appointment or authority of the district commander, shall continue to discharge the duties of their respective offices until their successors, or those upon whom such duties shall under said Constitution devolve, are duly chosen or appointed and qualified.

Section 2. And be it further enacted, That the election of United States Senators by the General Assembly of said State, on the 19th day of October, 1869, shall have the same validity as if made by previous authority of law.

Mr. Farnsworth, the bill having been read, moved that it he privated and prostored till to

Mr. Farnsworth, the bill having been read, moved that it be printed and postponed till to-morrow morning, and said that he was in-structed by the committee to allow a liberal latitude in the way of amendments and debate.

Mr. Bingham offered his bill as a substitute. Mr. Eldridge remarked that there was an ap-

propriation bill to come up to-morrow as special order. Mr. Brooks (N. Y.) said that in his opinion n oppropriation bill should be sacrificed to the Virginia bill. It seemed to him that the appropriation bills were much more important than such a bill as that.

Mr. Eldridge remarked that the conditions proposed in the Virginia bill were simply abomi-nable.\* Mr. Farnsworth did not propose to have any debate on the bill at present, and renewed his motion to have it printed and recommitted, announcing that he would call it up to-morrow. It

# FROM THE STATE.

Opening of the Legislature-Politics at the State Capital.

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

Harrisburg, Pa., Jan. 11.—The week opens without any particular excitement. The committee to investigate whether the State Treasurers have made illegal uses of funds within the last three years consists of Billingfield, White, and Brooke, Republicans, and Wallace and McIntyre, Democrats. No meeting has been yet held, neither has any meeting been held of the committee to ascertain whether the Pennsylvania Railroad has influenced the election of officers. No prospect of a bolt in the election of State Treasurer, and Mackey will undoubtedly be chosen to-morrow. The publisher of the Legislative Record has withdrawn his reporters, it having become apparent that both houses will refuse to anthorize its publication.

The Scull vs. Findlay election case comes up in the Senate this afternoon, with every prospect that the Republican majority will award the seat to Scull, the Republican, and throw the responsibility of a contest upon Findlay, the Democrat.

# THE STATE LEGISLATURE.

HARRISBURG, Jan. 11 .- The following resolutions were offered:—
Mr. McCreary, of Erie, appointing a committee of seven to act with the Senate committee, and make arrangements for the Governor's in-

auguration on the 18th inst. Adopted.
Mr. Adaire, of Philadelphia, appointing a special committee of three to investigate into the manner in which moneys are paid into the State treasury, how such moneys are kept, and whe-ther illegally used, etc.—substantially the Senate

means had been used to influence the election of State Pressurer, which amendment was agreed to, as also an amendment that the investigating committee should have no compensation. Mr. Elliott, of Philadelphia, moved to amend by referring to the Ways and Means Committee

instead of a special committee. Lost by 41 years to 56 nays.

Mr. Davis, of Philadelphia, held that the investigation into the State Treasury question, as recommended by the Governor, and State Trea-surer was correct, but it was manifestly improper to link with this an investigation into some

rumor about some outside corruption.

Mr. Elliott, of Philadelphia, said that the tribunal resolution, as well as the Senate resolution on the same subject, evidently proceeded from the same source, viz,: the defeated candidate for State Treasurer.

Mr. Adaire, of Philadelphia, devied this. Mr. Elliott moved to postpone the whole subject. Not agreed to. Mr. Hong moved to amend by extending the

inquiry into the conduct of the State Treasurer for three years past. This was opposed by Mr. Davis, on the ground that it was out of order to examine into the

accounts of Treasurers whose affairs had already

been audited and adjusted. The Speaker ruled that the amendment was in order, and Mr. Hong declared that it was neces sary because the Governor had charged that men had been poor when elected to the office of State Treasurer and had come out of it rich The amendment was, however, lost by a vote of 39 ayes to 42 nays. The original resolution was then passed in the following shape :-

Resolved, That so much of the Governor's messag as refers to the State Treasurer be referred to as refers to the State Treasurer be referred to a committee of seven, to be appointed by the Speaker of the House, and that the said committee is hereby instructed to inquire as to the manner and time at which moneys are paid into the State Treasury; where and upon what conditions said moneys are kept; whether any illegal use has been made of said moneys or of the bonds held by the Commonwealth; and that the said committee be compowered to send for persons and papers, and to place any State officer. and that the said committee be empowered to send for persons and papers, and to place any State officer on oath, and that the said committee be authorized to inquire whether any corrupt means have been used to influence the election of State Treasurer; provided that the members of the said committee shall be entitled to no compensation for said ser-

The House refused to concur in the Senate esolution to print 5600 copies of the Governor's

Communications were presented by the Speaker from the Common Council of Philadelphia, relative to the eastern approaches of the Wire Bridge.
Also, from the Grand Encampment and Grand

Lodge of Odd-Fellows, thanking the Legisla-ture for the use of the Hall.

The Senate resolutions giving each member \$100 for postage were referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

member a copy of Purdon's Digest, Ziegler's
Manual, and Beutler's Titles of Corperations.

Mr. Reinoehl, of Laneaster, moved to amend
by adding a family Bible, a gilt-edge Shakespeare, and a Webster Dictionary. Lost.

Mr. Reinoehl declared himself opposed to
the whole gift business, and had offered his
amendment to ridicule the system.

## FROM NEW JERSEY.

Caucus Elections.
TRENTON, Jan. 11.—In the caucus of the Senate the following were elected:—For President, Amos Robinson, of Middlesex;, for Secretary, Colonel Rafferty, of Hunterdon; for Assistant Secretary, Charles Townsend, of Cumberland; for Engrossing Clerk, A. H. Rickey, of Mercer.

The House caucus elected for Speaker, Leon Abbott, of Hudson; for Clerk, A. M. Johnson, of Mercer; for Engrossing Clerk, Joseph Shannon. Both houses will organize at 3 o'clock P. M. to-day.

### FECHTER.

His First Appearance in America—The Result Nothing Wonderful.

The New York Tribune of to-day says:

For some time past this community has been agitated by curiosity and anticipation with reference to the distinguished foreign actor, Mr. Fechter. That curiosity was satisfied, and that anticipation was in a great measure fulfilled, in the appearance that Mr. Fechter made last evening, at Niblo's Garden, in the character of "Ruy Bias." Mr. Fechter first appearance was witnessed by a multitude that Mr. Fechter made last evening, at Nilolo's Garden, in the character of "Ruy Blas." Mr. Fechter's first appearance was witnessed by a multitude of persons, in which the dramatic brotherhood, the literary guils, and the world of fashion were coplously represented. And the new actor was generously and heartily applauded by way of welcome.

Mr. Fechter made 'Ruy Blas' manly and gentle, Bis acting showed great carnestness, fine intelligence, and a mastery of the art of pictaresque gesture. But it did not show greatness. Indeed the part offers no adequate medium for such revelation. "Ruy Blas" has but one really fine dramatic opportunity—when he turns upon "Don Salluste," in the moment of the latter's gloating triumph, and dares him to death. Mr. Fechter, who had played very quiety throughout the first two acts, made a burst in act third, at this point, and showed that electrical quality of temperament which commonly charms theatrical andlences. For this, as in fact for nearly everything else that he did, there was abundant applause. When we have said that Mr. Fechter had the somewhat uncommon merit of being identified with the part that he played, and of preserving that identity from first to last, we have said enough of his acting of "Ruy Blas." In personal appearance Mr. Fechter dimly resembles Mr. John Brougham, and there is a suggestion about him of one whom our brothers of the quill remember with tender regret—the late Charles Seymour. The actor's face, without being remarkably mobile, is strongly expressive of concentrated intellect and vigorous emotional power. His voice Seymour. The actor's race, without being remarkably mobile, is strongly expressive of concentrated intellect and vigorous emotional power. His voice is delicate in tone; his accent a medley of English and French. The whole impression that he makes—if one but watches him long enough, and does not judge by first indications—is very pleasant. Mr. Fechter is heartily welcome; but, unless he does something much finer than anything he did last night, it is smolly unlikely that he will make us forget that there are several actors on the American stage whose talents, culture. actors on the American stage whose talents, culture and special triumphs in acting render them fully his equals in ability, if not in the accident of fame. Of Miss Leclercq, who appeared as the "Princess," it is only necessary to state that her acting was commended to approbation by a certain breadth and grace of gesture, and by much sincerity. In appearance the lady resembles Queen Victoria, as that monarch appeared in earlier days.

Stock Quotations by Telegraph-2 P. M.

Glendinning, Davis & Co. report through their New York house the following:

N. Y. Cent. & Hud R
Con. Stock Scrip. 91% Western Union Tele 32% do. scrip. 86% Tol. & Wab. R. 52
N. Y. & Erie Rail. 25% Mil. & St. Paul R com 74% Ph. and Rea. R. 94% Mil. & St. Paul prof. 87% Mich. South. & N.I. R. 89
Cle. and Pitt. R. 87
Chi. and N. W. com. 78% Chi. and N. W. pref. 86% Tennesseec 68, new. 49% Chi. and R. I. R. 105% Pitts, F. W. & Chi. R. 88

Market steady. PHILADELPHIA STOCK EXCHANGE SALES. Reported by De Haven & Bro., No. 40 S. Third Street. BETWEEN BOARDS.

do....b30, 47%

SECOND BOARD. 

DIED. (For additional Deaths see fifth page, ROHINSON.—Suddenly, on the 9th instant, JOHN A. ROBINSON, in the 46th year of his age.

His relatives and friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend his funeral, from its late residence, No. 1020 Brown street, on Thursdey at 3 o'clock.

AUCTION SALES.

[For additional Auctions see the Seventh Page.] THOMAS A. BAILEY, AUCTIONEER,

LARGE AND IMPORTANT SALE

A CHANCE FOR BARGAINS IN JEWELRY.
The well selected stock of the old established Jewelry
Store of JAMES ROBINSON, No. 1031 Market street, at
anotien, on

Jan. 11, at 11 o'clock, comprising—
Jan. 11, at 11 o'clock, comprising—
Fine 18 karst gold hunting-cases, Joseph Johnson, patent lever, the genuine M. J. Tobias, Frodsham, Ulysse, Breling, and imported Watches of other celebrated makers.

Also, a large assortment of American Watches (gold and silver), fine Gold chains, Gold Rings of every description: Diamonds of first qualities; gentleman's Breastpins, solitaire and clusters; ladi a' and gentlemen's Diamond Rings: Gold and Bilver Thimbles: Gold and Silver Pencils; ladies' and gentlemen's Breastpins, solitaire and clusters; ladies' Breastpins, Studs, and Sleeve Buttons.

A large assortment of Ladies' Sets, of the latest styles.

A large stock of
SILVERWARE,
Spoons, Knives, Forks, Ladles, Walters, Castors, Tea

Special Sets.
A fine assortment of POUKET CUTLERY,
POUKET CUTLERY,
Bronze Ware, Shades, Vases, and Fancy Ornaments, Gold-headed Canes, Thermometers, and Barometers.
CLOCKS,
CLOCKS,

Of English and French importations, eight and thirty days time and strike.

AMERICAN CLOCKS.

Bronze, Rosewood and Walnut.
Seth Thomas Clocks.

CUCKOO CLOCKS.

Music Boxes with the latest operatic airs (Trovotore, Traviati, Brise de Soir, Fra Diavolo, etc. etc.), large and small, playing 2, 4, 5, 8, 10, and 12 tunes.

Together with Good will, Lease, and Fixtures of the Store.

A large Evans & Watson Safe built to order. Latest style of Latest style of

SHOW CASES.

Length 7 feet by 27 and 14 inches.

Deske, Trays, etc.

This stand has been established twenty-five years, and is doing a good busness.

The preprietor offers it for sale to retire from business on account of ill health.

YMPORTANT TO ALL INTERESTED .- THE arrears of Pensions must be applied for within five years after the death or discharge of a soldier sallor, or marine. Those who fail to apply lose \$90 per year. There are thousands in our midst, widows, dependent fathers and mothers, and orphan children who are entitled, but who have not yet applied for a pension. All who think they are entitled should at once call on Messrs. ROBERT S. LEAGUE & CO. No. 135 South SEVENTH Street who will promptly obtain their pensions, or cheerfully give any information, free of charge. Remember that the five years' limit allowed by law is fast drawing to a

IMPORTANT TO EUROPEAN AND CUBAN TOURISTS.—Passports, prepared in conformity with the new requirements of the Stat Department can be procured in twenty-four hours on application made, either in person or by letter, only at the Official Passport Bureau, No. 135 S. SEVENTH Street, Philadelphia, ROBERT S. LEAGUE & CO. Also, official lists of all Ministers, Diplomatic Agents, Consuls, and Consular Agents of th United States, who they are, where they are from and where they are located, furnished free of charge

The Noble Assassin-He Surrenders Himself to Justice-How He will be Tried-Rochefort's Paper Seized by the Government - Further Particulars of the Tragedy.

## FROM EUROPE.

The Bonaparte-Noir Tragedy.

By the Anglo-American Cubic.

Paris, Jan. 11 .- The city is greatly excited over the tragedy which occurred yesterday afternoon. Prince Bonaparte's version of the unfortunate affair is furnished to the journals of to-day by M. Paul Cassaignas. He says the Prince made the following statement to him on his honor: - "M. Fouville and M. Victor Noir came to my residence with a menacing air, with their hands in their pockets, and presented a letter from M. Pascal Groussett. I said, 'It is Rochefort, and not his creatures, that I seek.' 'Read that letter,' replied Noir. I had my hand on my pistol in my pocket. "Are you responsible for it?' I asked. At this I received a slap in the face from Noir, when I drew my revolver and fired at him. Fouville crouched behind a chair, and, from the protection that afforded, aimed his revolver at me, but he could not get it to go off. I fired at him while he was in that position, when he ran out of the room. He stopped in the next room and again turned his pistol towards me. I fired at him again, and he fled."

Office of the "Marsellinise" Selzed by the Government. Paris, Jan. 11-2 P. M .- The office of the Marsellaise, Henry Rochefort's newspaper, has just been seized by order of the government. How the Noble Assassin Will be Tried.

PARIS, Jan. 11 .- The Journal Official of this morning contains a decree convoking the Chamber for the purpose of bringing action. before the High Court of Justice to decide upon the charge of homicide against Prince Bonaparte. The Prince belonging to the Ecaperor's family, the examination must be held before that court of justice.

The Journal, in its account of the transaction. says that the Minister of Justice, as soon as he heard of the affair, ordered the arrest of the Prince, but five hours before the issuance of the order he had surrendered himself into the custody of the Commissioner of Police of Autenil and been taken to the Conciergerie.

Consolidation of the French and English Cables London, Jan. 11.—The negotiations for the consolidation of interests between the Anglo-American and French Cable Companies are progressing favorably. It has already been settled that the two companies will work harmoniously together, capitalize their aggregate receipts and divide the profits upon an agreed basis, even though the negotiations for a still closer arrangement should fail.

This Afternoon's Quotations.
PARIS, Jan. 11—1:30 P. M.—The Bourse is excited. Rentes, 78f. 90c. Frankfort, Jan. 11 —United States bonds opened firm at 91% 692.

ANTWERP, Jan. 11.—Petroleum opened firm at 60%.

HAVEE, Jan. 11.—Cotton opened quiet at 134% f.

BREMEN, Jan. 11.—Petroleum opened quiet yesterday.

Hamburg, Jan. 11.—Yesterday Petroleum opened

Ship News. SOUTHAMPTON, Jan. 11.—The steamer Rhein arrived to-day from New York.

FROM WASHINGTON. Line and Staff.

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph. WASHINGTON, Jan. 11.-The House' Naval Committee met to-day and received communications from the Secretary of the Navy, stating that before the next meeting of the committee he would send in his report of the proceedings of the board of officers appointed to settle the difference between the line and staff, together with some suggestions of his own on that subject. The bill introduced yesterday was drawn for the benefit of medical officers, and does not meet

the approbation of the committee. Lengue Island. As soon as the Naval Committee is called for, Mr. Scofield, its chairman, will report a bill for the transfer of the Navy Yard at Philadelphia from its present site to League Island.

Secretary Boutwell's Funding Plan. Secretary Boutwell was before the Senate Finance Committee for a long time to-day and explained his bill for funding the national debt and for a free system of banking. The committee, it is understood, had agreed to report his bill with some amendments.

Senator Sherman's Currency Bill. Senator Sherman, from the Finance Comnittee, reported a bill to provide a national currency of coin rates and to equalize the distribution of circulating notes. The first section provides that forty-five million dollars in notes for circulation may be issued to national banking associations, in addition to three hundred million dollars authorized by the National Banking act of 1864. The amount of notes so provided shall be furnished to banking associations organized or to be organized in those States or Territories having less than their proportion under the apportionment, but the new apportionment shall be made as soon as possible, based on the census of 1870.

The second section makes it the duty of the Comptroller of the Currency to report at the end of each month the amount of circulating notes issued to national banks during the previous months, and the Secretary of the Treasury shall redeem and retire an amount of three per cent. temporary loan certificates equal to the amount of circulating notes issued to national banks Should holders of three per cents refuse to have them redeemed, the Secretary may cease to pay

the interest on them after giving due notice. The third section provides that upon a deposit of United States bonds bearing gold interest with the Treasurer of the United States, it shall be lawful for the Comptroller of the Currency to issue to associations making the same circulating notes of different denominations, not less than five dollars, equal in amount to 90 per cent. of the gold value of the bonds deposited, but not exceeding eighty per cent, of their par value, which notes shall bear upon their face the promise of the association to which they are issued to pay them upon presentation in gold or silver coin of the United States. Section four makes it the duty of banks formed under the above section to keep on hand not less than twenty-five per cent, of their outstanding circulation in gold or silver coin.

-Some Varginians sent General Grant a large coon on New Year's day. He persuaded the coon to come down there nearly five years ago.