TY INTELLIGENCE. THE HALD.

The Brilliant Atmospherical Phenomenon of Last Evening, and How it was Produced. Last evening the moon was surrounded by a halo of more than usual brilliancy and distinctness. At o'clock the moon was about 45 degrees above the herizon, and the brilliant circle by which it was surrounded had a radius apparently of about twenty degrese, which actual measurement would have shown to be a little less than twenty-two degrees The inner edge of the halo was clearly defined, but on the outer edge the bright light was gradually merged in darkness. Within the circle the sky was of a very dark color, much darker than it was for a distance of several degrees without the halo; and just within it, at the extreme eastern end, glittered the planet Venus even more beautiful than usual because displaying her beauty on such an ample and unbroken background. According to the popular impressions prevailing, the appearance of such phenomena is regarded as a forerunner, in winter time, of snow, a theory to which science lends assent. The halo is formed, in summer time as well as in winter, by the refraction of the light of the sun or moon, as the case may be, through crystals of ice floating in the atmosphere. In summer, when the phenomenon is frequently observed, the condensed vapor of the atmosphere at a moderate elevation is frozen, even in the very hottest weather; while in winter the ice crystals assume the shape of fiakes of snow. No matter in what position any particular ice or snow crystal may be placed, the effect is the same, and the ray of light from the sun or moon is refracted at such an angle as to make it coincide with all other refracted rays in forming the halo with a radius of twenty-two degrees. The space within the circle is elarker than the space without it, because from no part of this space can a ray of light refracted by ice prisms reach the eye of the observer. Elaborate mathematical calculations show that, in the case of a halo around the sun, when the different colors of the prism are usually apparent, the inner edge being colered red and the outer a pale blue, the deviation of the red rays of the sun's light is 21 degrees 37 minutes, and that of the violet rays 22 degrees 22 minutes. The average of eighty-three measurements of the radius of the red edge of the halo is 21 degrees 36 minutes, which is almost identical with the result of the theoretical computation. The ordimary halo of 22 degrees radius is formed by the refraction of the rays through the simplest form of ice crystals, which are right prisms terminated by hexagonal bases perpendicular to the sides. The alternate faces of such prisms are inclined to each other at an angle of 60 degrees. But the angle formed by either base and one of the sides or faces is one of 90 degrees, and where the rays are refracted through the lower portions of the ice crystals, a second halo is produced, having a radius of about 46 degrees, and exhibiting phenomena similar to the inner halo already described In this circle, as in the former, actual observation coincides nimost exactly with theoretical computation, the deviation of the red rays through a prism of ice having an angle of 90 degrees being found to be 45 degrees 6 minutes, and that, of the blue rays 46 degrees 50 minutes, while the average of the best observations gives a radius of 45 degrees 46 minutes to the brightest portion of the outer halo. A third halo has occasionally been seen around the sun, having a radius of about 90 degrees, but only three observations of this rare phenomenon are on record, and its exact dimensions are not well determined, nor can it be accounted for satisfactorily on scientific principles, as in the case of the first and second haloes. It is quite an easy experiment to produce artificial haloes. The experimenter may crystalize some salt like alum upon a glass plate, and on looking through this plate at the san or a candle he will observe three distinct circles of light, possessing the same characteristics as the natural halo. A few drops of a saturated or strong solution of alum, spread on a plate of glass, will soon cover it with a layer of minute crystals, having the shape of a regular octahedron, with truncated angles, or angles formed by planes oblique to some of the faces. The different faces are inclined to each other at angles of 70, 90, and 110 degrees, and the three haloes observed are formed by the refraction of rays of light through corresponding pairs of faces inclined to each other at the different angles

severally named. THE RICHMOND STREET FIRE.-The following the complete list of insurances upon the propert destroyed by fire at A. Horner, Jr.'s, mill, Richmond street, below Vienna, yesterday morning:—

ON MACHINERY.
Royal of Liversool
ON ENGINES.
Liverpool and London and Globe of London. \$1000 Imperial
Atna, Hartford, Conn
ON STOCK,
Mcrehants \$1500 Pilagara 1000 Imperial 1000
ON LUMBER IN VARD.
Timemool and London and Globe #5000

LOCAL ODDS AND ENDS,—Skating to-day.

—Beware of alcoholic stimulants this cold weather.

Be careful of wasting water.

There is snow in prospect.

Our ice men are jubilant.

—The coal men are busy.
—Bridget should not be allowed to wash the pavement during the stay of Mr. Frest. -Remember the poor to-day and every day during

Logan, the Councilmanic contestant, is a poor

"The Buds of Promise," are so called after President Budd, of the Green and Coates Streets Rallway.

MKETING OF CONVEYANCERS.—This afternoon, at 4 o'clock, an adjourned meeting of conveyancers of Philadelphia will be held in the lecture room of the new Mercantile Library, on Tenth street. The object of these gatherings is to secure some legislation at Harrisburg, making a two years' probation requisite to be spent in a conveyancer's office before any one shall draw a deed or do other acts incidental to the profession of a conveyancer. The increasing number of real estate dealers and brokers in this city render of real estate dealers and brokers in this city render this course requisite, if the high fees of conveyancing are to be maintained; while so many lawyers are engaged in real estate movements and operations that it is not probable that the desired legislation will be accomplished without a struggle.

A New Hotel.—The buildings Nos. 1509, 1504, and 1506 Caesnut street have of late undergone extensive alterations, and now constitute one extensive establishment, highly adaptable for hotel purposes. The rooms, which are inrecently and comfortable, number 80. Gas, water and baths have been introduced on each floor. A fine billiard hall, bar, office and parior, are to be found on the first floor. The whole building is heated by steam, and is now offered for rental, furnished, to some enterprising way to know how to keep a hotel. man who knows how to keep a hotel.

OBSCIENE PUBLICATIONS.—A degraded specimen of humanity, named Richard Grist, was arrested at Ninth and Market streets on Saturday last, whilst endeavoring to dispose of some observe publications. He was taken before Alderman Morrow, who held him in \$1000 batl for a further hearing. A box full of fithy literature was found in his possession,

Jons Brown.—On Saturday afternoon, at Thirteenth and Melon streets, the celebrated sweeper John Brown was arrested. Owing to the fifthy contains of the streets, John felt compelled to obtain some additional brooms, and seeing a dozen in front of a grocery store, he shouldered them. Alder-man Massey held him in \$500 bail to answer.

Suburban Thieves, — Patrick Kelley, Edward O Leary, George Hilton, and John Lovett, lads whose ages range from afteen to seventeen years, were arrested on Saturday night by the Thirteenth District Police, on the charge of committing various petty robberies in Manayunk. They will have a hearing at the Central Station this afternoon.

RECKLESS DRIVING .- A drayman named Thoma Buchanas, whilst driving at a reckiess pace along Delaware avenue on Saturday, ran over a little girl, injuring her basily about the head and body. He was arrested and taken before Alderman Toland

Tools.—John Brenner was arrested at Second and Thompson streets yesterday atternoon, having in his possession a lot of atonecutters tools, supposed to have been stolen. Alderman Eggleton committed

RABID CANINE.—A rabid canine was yesterday killed by a police officer at Broad street and Colum-

RAILROADS.

Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the North Pennsylvania Halirond company— Election of Officers and Reports. The annual meeting of the stockholders of the North Pennsylvania Railroad was held at noon to-

Armstrong. The minutes of the last annual meeting were read and approved.

The report of the Board of Directors, being the seventeenth annual report, was read by the President Marketing were read and approved.

dent, Franklin A. Comiy, and approved.
The report contained the following items:—
The earnings of the fiscal year ending October 31,
1869, were \$1,182,781*14, and were derived from the

following items:— From passengers......
 coal
 247,259,42

 pig iron
 51,637,95

 through lumber
 27,931,23

 miscellaneous local freight
 251,410,70

 mails
 4,807,00

 rent
 8,484,00

Total. \$1,132,731-14
As compared with riscal year ending October 31,
1868, they show an increase for the year of \$117,336 85.
The expenses, including all renewals and repairs, for maintenance of way.....

For motive power
For maintenance of cars.
For conducting transportation
For general expenses Total expenses..... \$610,262-31 \$492,469.88

275,769.76

\$214,779 60 by the purchase of additional property required to better accommodate the business of the The construction account has been increased The double track between Philadelphia and Abing-

ton was completed and put into use on the 1st of The equipment account has been increased \$166,736-16, by the addition of five first-class loco-motives, four first-class passenger cars, and one

hondred and ten freight cars.

The reports of the Superintendent, Mr. S. W. Roberts, and the Treasurer, Mr. William Wistan, were read and approved. They contain the same items in detail as that of the President. The reports were ordered to be printed in pamphlet form for the

were ordered to be printed in pamplilet form for the convenience of stockholders.

The meeting them adjourned for the purpose of entering into an election for officers for the ensuing year. The following were elected:—
President-Franklin A. Comiy.
Directors—John Jordan, Jr.; J. Gillingham Fell, S. Morris Waln, William C. Ludwig, Ellwood Shannon, Edward C. Knight, Alfred Hunt, William C. Kent, Charles W. Wharton, Edward Roberts. The Philadelphia and Reading Railroad.

At the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad Company, held this morning, the following gentlemen were unani-mously elected officers for 1870:— President, Franklin B. Gowen; Managers, H. Pratt McKean, A. E. Borie, R. B. Cabeen, J. P. Lippincott, John Ashhurst, Stephen Colwell; Treasurer, Samuel Bradford; Secretary, William H. Webb.

& Other Rallroad Elections. -At the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Chesnut Hill Railroad, held at noon to-day, the following officers were elected for the ensuing

year;—
President—Ceffin Colket.
Secretary and Treasurer—H. K. Smith.
Directors—William Miller, W. L. Schaffer, W. W.
Colket, Joseph Patterson, Samuel H. Austin, Dannel
Yeakel, E. H. Weil, H. M. Phillips, E. H. Trotter,
Joshua Combs, J. C. Audenried, and George V. Rex.
—The meeting of the stockholders of the Chester

Valley Railroad Company resulted in the election of

the following:—
President—John F. Gilpin.
Secretary and Treasurer—William H. Holstein.
Directors—Coffin tolket, Charles E. Smith, John
Tucker, H. P. McKean, R.E. Cabcen, A. E. Borie, and

Wm. H. Heistein.

—The meeting of the stockholders of the Philadelphia City Passenger Rallway Company (Chesnut and Walnut streets) resulted in the election of the following:—
President—Coffin Colket.

Secretary and Treasurer-W. W. Colket. Directors - Charles Wistr, Zophar C George Williams, Amos Ellis, A. E. Dougherty, and W. H. Kemble.

—The stockholders of the Enterprise Railroad Company elected the following gentlemen to serve as managers:—F. B. Gowen, Robert B. Cabeen, H. Pratt McKεan, Δ. E. Borie, and J. B. Lippincott.

ELECTION OF INSURANCE DIRECTORS,-This morning the various insurance companies held their au-nual elections, at which the following officers were

Enterprise Insurance Company, President, F. Ratchford Starr; Vice-President, Thomas H. Montgomery; Secretary, Alexander W. Wister; Assistant Secretary, Jacob E. Peterson; Directors—Nalbro Frazier, J. M. Atwood, B. T. Tredick, George H. Stuart, J. H. Brown, J. T. Erringer, James L. Ciaghorn, William G. Boulton, Charles Wheeler, James M. Aertson.

M. Aertsen.
—Insurance Company of the State of Pennsylva-nia—Directors—Henry D. Sherrerd, Charles Macales-ter, William B. Smith, George H. Stuart, Samuel Grant, Jr., Thomas B. Wattson, Henry G. Freeman, Charles S. Lewis, George C. Carson, Edward C. Knight, John B. Austin, Christian J. Hofman, M. Aertsen. Richard Dale Benson.

-Union Mutual Insurance Company. -Directors-John H. Irwin, J. P. Steiner, W. A. Smith, George Lewis, J. S. Perot, William S. Baird, Charles D. Reed, Isaac Hough, Charles E. Morgan.

THE FUNERAL OF THE LATE JOHN GIVEN .- The THE FUNERAL OF THE LATE JOHN GIVEN.—The funeral of the late John Given, who for a long time has been well known among the ranks of the Republican party, took place to-day, at 1 o'clock, from his residence, No. 1308 Lombard street. There was quite a large attendance of friends and relatives at the funeral, as well as members of the Philadelphia Lodge, A. P. A.; Glive Branch Lodge, K. of P.; Harmony Fire Company; and the Mantua Hook and Ladder Company. Besides these there were many of the most prominent politicians in Philadelphia and vicinity. The interment took place at Mount Morish Cemetery. Morish Cemetery.

ROUGH HANDLING OF A POLICE OFFICER.—About seven o'clock last evening Officer McVeigh attempted to arrest one Oliver Cochran for drankenness and disorderly conduct at Fifth and Ellsworth streets. Oliver resisted by assaulting the officer with a blackjack. A scuffle at once ensued, when the officer was thrown with such force that he sustained the fracture of a leg. Cochran was finally secured, and will have a hearing to-day at the Central Station.

RAMPAGROUS.—A "moke" named John Rolfe was arrested last night whilst about entering the colored church at Sixth and Lombard streets, flourishing a large bowie-knife. He stated to the officer that some of the church members had threatened to take his life, and he wished to have the first chance at blood-letting. Again, he said he was seeking refuge on account of being chased by some medical stu-dents. Alderman Carpenter held him in \$500 ball to answer.

THE TELEGRAPH STRIKERS emphatically deny that difteen of their number have returned to work. Only nine did se, one of whom voluntarily returned to the league. Three others on their way to Washington, in charge of Western Union officers, were induced to renounce the company at Baltimore. No iefections are krown elsewhere.

FALSE ALARY .- The alarm of fire about 5:30 this morning was caused by some excitable individual pulling a box for a light in the school-house at Second and Master streets, said light being produced by the janitor in kindling a fire.

FATAL RESULT. John Shinn, aged twenty-five years, who fell through the bridge leading over the canal at Manayunk yesterday, died from the effects of injuries received this morning. He resided at No. 4255 Main street, Manayunk.

COLLISION.—Whilst the Assistance Engine was proceeding to the supposed fire at Second ancMaster streets, this morning, it collided with a wagon at Third and Master, damaging it considerably.

SUPREME COURT IN BANC,—It was ordered this morning that the Philadelphia list be taken up, on third call, on Wednesday next at 10 o'clock, to which time the Court stands adjourned.

SOLDIERS INJURED.—SOLDIERS DISCHARGED OR account of Rupture or any other injury received in the line of duty, can obtain \$200 bounty and a pension, by applying to

ROBERT S. LEAGUE & CO.. No. 135 S. SEVENTH Street. Full information given free of charge.

THIRD EDITION FOURTH EDITION

WASHINGTON.

New Financial Measure of Senator Sumner's-The Test Oath Abused and Measures Taken to Protect It.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Senator Morton's New Bill.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10 .- Senator Morton will present the bill prepared by him forbidding the fitting out of vessels of war by foreign governments in ports of the United States. This is intended to apply to cases like the Spanish gun-

Summer's Financial Bill. Mr. Sumner has prepared an elaborate financial bill of some ten or a dozen sections. It provides for funding the debt at four and a half (416) per cent., and gives addititional banking facilities to the West and South in the shape of a redistribution of currency. Sumner will support the bill in a lengthy speech.

The Test Oath Falsely Taken. The Reconstruction Committee is preparing a bill for the punishment of persons in the late Rebel States who take the test oath falsely. They are to be prosecuted for perjury in the United States courts. The bill was suggested by General Reynolds, through the Secretary of War. It appears that in Texas persons take the oath falsely, and there is no means of punishing

CONGRESS.

FORTY-FIRST TERM-SECOND SESSION.

Senate.

Washington, Jan. 10.—The Senate was called to order by the Vice-President, who laid before the body several communications from the Secretaries of War and Navy, in answer to resolutions of the Senate, relative to the use of lands for military and naval purposes in Arkansas and Florida. Also, a communication from the Attorney-General transmitting a copy of his opinion relative to State jurisdiction over national cemeteries in the late rebellious States. Also, a communication from the National Typegraphical Union, praying the favorable conside-Typegraphical Union, praying the favorable consideration by Congress of the Postal Telegraph bill pending in the House. Also, the resolutions of the late Commercial Convention at Louisville, Ky., on the

various petitions for a free banking law, for relief from political disabilities, and for the recognition of Cuban independence, for the abolition of the franking privilege were presented.

franking privilege were presented.

A large number of bills, etc., were introduced.

Mr. Corbett introduced a resolution in favor of including the annexation of British Columbia on the subject for negotiation with Great Britain.

On motion of Mr. Stewart, of Virginia, the bill vas taken up and discussed.

* House. Under the call of the States bills were introduced and referred as follows:—

By Mr. Morrill (Me.), changing the time of meeting of Congress at its second and third sessions to the

first Monday of January.

Also, to protect American citizens.

By Mr. Stevens, to provide a revisory board for

the navy, and to regulate naval rank.

Also, to regulate rank in the naval medical staff.

Ev Mr. Poland, authorizing the citry of Canadian by Mr. Hoar, to amend the Pension laws.

By Mr. Hoar, to amend the Pension laws.

By Mr. Ferris, to extend the time for the prosecu-

tion of certain offenses.

By Mr. Tanner, to facilitate the adjustment of controversies between parties interested in maritime adventures and contracts in the port of New York, and to establish a Board of Port Wardens. By Mr. Dickey, to amend the Kevenue law by ex-empting farmers and gardeners from paying broker's

tax on the sale of their products.

By Mr. Cobb (N. C.), for the building of lightnouses at False Cape and Gamaliel Point, North Carolina.

By Mr. Whittemore, authorizing the conveyance of certain Government property at Beaufort, South Carolina, to the State of South Carolina for common

By Mr. Rusk, for the improvement of the river,

by Mr. Beck, to repeal all tariff duties now imposed on animals imported from abroad for breeding

By Mr. Prosser, to promote the interests of gene-d education among the people of the United Mr. Orth-To expedite the survey of private By Mr. Cook—Relative to private land claims under the treaty of Guadaloupe Hidalgo.

By Mr. Krebs—For the completion of the Custom

House at Cairo, Illinois.

House at Cairo, Illinois.

Also, to establish permanent navy yards and depots at Mound City, Illinois.

By Mr. Lawrence, to amend the Homestead act. It provides that soldiers may enter free of costs under the Homstead laws, 160 acres of the alternate reserved sections along railroad grant, instead of so acres, as now located, and that when any person enters for a homestead 160 acres of land not mineral nor timbered and only capable of cultivation by irrigation, he may in addition enter 180 acres not mineral and not capable of cultivation by irrigation, one half of which may be timbered land, and that any person entitled to a homestead may enter three-quarter sections of land incapable of cultivation by irrigation, not mineral nor timbered land, and only valuable for grazing, and with it eighty acres of timber land. and with it eighty acres of timber land.

FROM THE WEST.

Singular Papish Doings.

Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

CHICAGO, Jan. 10 .- Prominent physicians here declare the opinion that Bishop Duggan, of this Roman Catholic diocese, is not insane as reported, but has been incarcerated at some unknown place by order of the Pope, for maladministration of office. He has been very unpopular here with priests, and the diocese has suffered. It is certain that the Rev. Mr. Falley, of Baltimore, will soon take charge as coadjutor.

New York Money and Stock Markets New York Money and Stock Markets.

New York, Jan. 10.—Stocks unsettled Money, 7
per cent. Gold, 192%. Five-twentles, 1863, coupon, 116%; do. 1864, do., 115%; do. 1865, do., 115%; do.
do., new, 114%; do. 1867, 114%; do. 1868, 114%; 10-408,
112%; Virginia 6s, new, 57%; Missouri 6s, 86; Canton
Company, 61%; Cumberland preferred, 26%; Consolidated New York Central and Hudson River, 92%;
Erie, 24; Reading, 95; Adams' Express, 61%;
Michigan Central, 117%; Michigan Southern, 83%;
Illinois Central, 187; Cleveland and Pittsburg, 87;
Chicago and Rock Island, 195%; Pittsburg and Fort
Wayne, 186%. Western Union Telegraph, 32%.

New York Produce Blarket. New York Preduce Blarket.

New York, Jan. 10.—Cetton heavy; sales of 300 bales middling uplands at 25%c. Flour—State and Western heavy; State. 44-75%5 20; Western, \$4-65% 6-60; Southern Gull and declining. Wheat dull, and a shade lower. Corn dull and heavy; new mixed Western, 85%-90c. Oats dull; State, 65c., Western, 60%-62c. Beef quict. Pork firmer; mess, \$23,498-50. Lard quiet; steam rendered in tierces, 16%-2617c. Whisky firmer at \$1.05.

WEDDING AND ENGAGEMENT RINGS.
of solid 18-karat fine gold. QUALITY WAR
RANTED. A full assortment of sizes always on hand.
FARR & BROTHER, Makers,
5 24 wims. No. 224 OHESNUT Street, below Fourth

WEDDING AND PARTY INVI-TATIONS

ENGRAVED IN THE LATEST STYLE. WALLETS, GOLD PENS, WRITING DESKS, KNIVES, CARD CASES, POLIOS, ETC.

J. LINERD.

STATIONER AND CARD ENGRAVER, No. 921 SPRING GARDEN STREET, \$6000, \$5000, AND OTHER SUMS TO loss on mortgage of city property.

B. KINGN'ON MCKAY.

No. 429 WALNUT Street.

\$10,000 TO LOAN ON MORTGAGE then by bending his head under he almost extinct again when discount in the state of the state

BUROPE

The French Censorship of Foreign Journals Abolished-Baron Haussmann Arraigned-United States Bonds Higher than British Consols-Spanish Politics.

FROM EUROPE.

The Press Censorship in France.

by the Anglo-American Cable.
PARIS, Jan. 10.—The law in relation to public prints has been still further modified. The censorship of all foreign journals has been abolished, and the right to sell all French papers in the streets restored.

The Party of the Left. It is certain that the party of the Left have joined with other parties in demanding the arraignment of Baron Haussmann. The Government has decided to allow Ledru Rollin, Tibaldi, and others, to avail themselves of the amnesty recently granted for political offenses. United Stotes Funds in England.

LONDON, Jan. 10 .- A writer in the Daily News to-day, reprobating Sampson's sneers at American credit, recently published in the Times, proves that by the difference in exchange United States five-twenty bonds at 86 are really higher in price than British consols at 92. The Montevideo Bank Resumes Business. LISBON, Jan. 10 .- Later mail dates from

Montevideo just received announce that the great bank in that city, which was recently compelled to suspend, has resumed. Spanish Minister of Justice Appeluted.
MADRID, Jan. 10—Senor E. Montero Rios,

recently Under Secretary of Justice, has been appointed Minister of Justice, vice Senor C. Ardanaz, resigned. This Afternoon's Quotations.

By the Anglo-American Cable. Paris, Jan. 10.—The Bourse opened firm. Rentes, ANTWERP, Jan. 10 .- Petroleum opened firm at HAVRE, Jan. 10 .- Cotton opened quiet at 137f. on Panis, Jan. 10.—The Bourse closed quiet: Rentes,

FRANKFORT, Jan. 10 .- United States five-twenties opened active and firm at 92. Ship News.
QUEENSTOWN, Jan. 10.—Arrived, steamships Nebraska and Tripoli, from New York.

CONGRESS.

Continued from the Thred Edition,

Also, to extend the privileges of the National

Banking act.

By Mr. Wills, to repeal all acts of Congress on the subject of bankruptcy, providing that the repeal shall not affect any case or proceedings in bankruptcy commenced before the passage of this act, nor any pains or penalties or forfeitures incurred under such acts.

under such acts.

By Mr. Boles—Granting relief to colored soldiers.

By Mr. Rogers—Granting land in aid of the public schools in Arkansas.

By Mr. Ferry.—To place the name of Lieutenant Charles Pendleton on the navy register.

By Mr. Palmer.—To amend the National Currency

act.

By Mr. Loughridge—To establish the boundaries of the Judicial circuits of the United States.

By Mr. Finkelnburg, to regulate the appraisement of imports.

By Mr. Burdell, for the erection of a building for Post Office and other Government purposes in Jefferson City, Missouri.

By Mr. Asper, explanatory of the act of March 3, 1865, grapting three months pay proper to certain

1865, granting three months pay proper to certain volunteer officers. By Mr. McCreary. To amend the act for the improvement of the Des Moines and Rock Island Rapids in the Missouri river. By Mr. Smith (Iowa) To grant the right of way for

By Mr. Smith (lowa) To grant the right of way for a horse railway from Davenport to Rock Island, across the Missouri.

By Mr. Paine. For the apportionment of representatives among the several States.

Section 1 enacts that after March 3, 1871, the flouse of Representatives shall be composed of three hundred members, provided, first, that if new States shall be admitted after the next census, their representatives shall be admitted after the next census, their representatives shall be admitted after the next census, their representatives of any State shall be reduced by the apportionment, such reduction shall

second, if the representatives of any State shall be reduced by the apportionment, such reduction shall not take effect in the Forty-second Congress, but its representation in that Congress in excess of the number fixed by the apportionment shall be additional to the three hundred; and, third, if the representation of any State shall be increased by the apportionment, the additional representatives shall be chosen by the State at large, unless its legislature shall otherwise decide.

Section second requires the Superintendent of the Census to submit to the Secretary of the Interior, before August 15, 1870, a preliminary report, showing, first, the whole number of persons in each State, Territory, county, and parish. Second. The number Territory, county, and parish. Second. The number of male citizens therein 21 years of age, and third, the number of male citizens therein 21 years of age,

the number of male citizens therein 2 years of age, whose right to vote for certain officers is denied or abriaged except for participation in the Rebellion, or other causes, with other necessary statistics.

Section 3 provides that after the preliminary report is made to the Secretary of the Interior he shall, in accordance with section 2 of the fourteenth amendment of the Constitution, ascertain therefrom and from such feturns of subordidates as he shall find it necessary to consult, first, the basis of representation of each State, and second, the aggregate basis of representation of the United States, and shall ascertain the basis of representation of the Congressional districts by dividing the aggregate basis by 800; and shall further ascertain the number of representatives in each State by dividing its basis of representation by the basis of the single district, rejecting fractions, and shall, fifth, apportion to the States having the largest rejected fractions, one to each, enough representatives to make the whole number 800.

Section 4 requires the Secretary of the Interior to

number 100.

Section 4 requires the Secretary of the Interior to transmit a statement of his proceedings under this act, duly scaled and certified, to the Speaker of the House, and to each Governor, on or before the 16th of September, 1870.

Section 5 provides that the Secretary of the Interior shall include the basis of representation of each of the States of Mississippi, Texas, Virginia, and Georgia in the aggregate basis of the United States, but shall not transmit the statement of his proceedings to their Governors until they are re-

States, but shall not transmit the statement of his proceedings to their Governors until they are respectively admitted to representation in both houses of Congress; and that if the fifteenth amendment shall be duly ratified before September 10, 1870, there shall be no reduction of the basis of any State on account of the previous denial or abridgment of any right which shall be secured by that amendment.

Section 6 repeals conflicting acts and parts of acts. Mr. Bingham introduced a bill for the admission of Virginia, and demanded the previous question on

of Virginia, and demanded the previous question on its passage.

The previous question was seconded, and then Mr. Benjamin (Mc.) moved to reconsider the vote. The question was taken by yeas and nays, and there was a fie vote—76 to 76.

The Speaker gave his casting vote in the negative so the motion to reconsider was rejected.

Mr. Whittemore (S. C.) then moved that the House adjourn, and the yeas and nays are being taken on that motion.

FROM NEW ENGLAND.

Desperate Attempt at Suicide. Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

PROVIDENCE, Jan. 10 .- A plasterer named Milbourn, confined in the Fifth Ward Station House for drunkenness, made several attempts to commit suicide last night. He first suspended himself from the ceiling with a comforter around his neck, but was cut down before life was extinct.

He then attempted to choke himself with his hands, and so far succeeded that his face turned black. He was then handcuffed, but tried to'reach his end by driving his head against the floor, then by bending his head under him. Life was almost extinct again when discovered, he was

FROM WASHINGTON.

The Death of General Mower.

Desputch to the Associated Press. WASHINGTON, Jan. 10 .- The following general orders announcing the death of General Mower have been issued:-

have been issued:—

Washington, D. C., Jan. 7, 1870.—It is with heartfelt pain and sorrow that the General of the Army announces to the country and to his fellow-soldiers the death of Brevet Major-General Joseph A. Mower, who died in New Orleans, on the 6th inst. of congestion of the lungs. General Mower began his military career as a private soldier in the company of engineers that served with marked distinction in the Mexican war, was commissioned as a Second Lieutenant in the ist Infantry, June 18, 1855, and was premoted to First Lieutenant March 13, 1851. At the breaking out of the war of the rebellion he commanded Company H, 1st Infantry, and took part in the slege and capture of New Madrid, and May 5th, 1862, he was commissioned as Colone; of the 11th Missour, volunteers, and took part in the Corinth campaign, and was conspicuous at Iuka, October 7, 1862, when he was wounded severely, and for a time in the hands of the enemy. He first fell under the immediate command of the present General of the Army in the Vicksburg campaign, and very soon attracted his notice by deeds of personal bravery that would require a volume to record.

From that date to the close of the war be was en-

From that date to the close of the war he was engaged in every campaign in the West—at Jackson, Vicksburg, Meridian, the Red river in Missouri— Vicksburg, Meridian, the Red river in Missouri—when he was called personally to the aid of the General at Atlanta, and accompanied him, rising through all the grades, until the end of the war, when he commanded the fich Corps. A better soldier or a braver man never lived than Joseph A. Mower, and the General can recall many instances when he displayed abilities of the highest order, entitling him to the full name and fame of a general. Since the war he has exhibited his soldierly qualities by standing at his post through pestilence and sickness, never asking a personal favor, and always sharing cheerfully the exposures of his men. The General in thus speaking of one to whom he was so strongly attached feels certain that this, and more too, is due to one who never spoke of himself, and seemed oblivious of all things except to serve his country with his whole heart and his whole soul.

By command of General Sherman.
E. D. Townsend, Adjutant-General.

The "Intelligencer" Collapses.

Alexander Delmar announces this morning that the National Intelligencer will no longer be published. He assigns as the cause the loss of several thousand dollars and his poor health. The paper was in the interest of the free traders, and its transient friends were in New York.

Naval Bulletin.

Despatch to The Evening Telegraph. WASHINGTON, Jan. 10 .- The naval bulletin for to-day detaches Assistant Surgeon E. Ware from the steamer Tallapoosa, and orders him to duty at the Naval Hospital, Philadelphia, and Acting Passed Surgeon S. R. Boyer is ordered to

the Tallapoosa. The Alaska Fur Region.

The report of Captain Charles W. Raymond. of the Engineer Corps, on the Yukon river region, Alaska, was received to-day by the War Department. As to furs, it says that prior to the transfer of Alaska to the United States the trade was controlled by the Russian American and Hudson Bay Companies. The report states that the fur trade of Alaska never exceeded 20,000 skins yearly, though American energy may increase the amount. The valley of Tanama is considerably the most valuable for bearing region. The principal furs are the marten or American sable, black and silver grey fox, mink, and beaver, and the country is unfit for agricul-

FROM THE DOMINION.

tural purposes.

The Caldwell Extradtrion Case. MONTREAL, Jan. 10 .- The long-pending Caldwell extradition case terminated curiously. Judge Coursol on Saturday discharged the accused on the second warrant, in consequence of the judgment given by the Superior Court the

day previous. A third warrant was issued, but the prisoner escaped before it could be served, the door of the building having been bolted by Caldwell's friends to prevent the Chief Constabl from pursuing. The United States Consul has offered two hundred dollars reward for his ap-

Dennis Cahill has been committed to jail to await the warrant of the Governor-General for his extradition on the charge of murdering Thomas O'Neil, at Hartford, on the 9th of De-

cember last. Carleton County Court House was destroyed by fire yesterday. A large number of papers were destroyed, but many of the most valuable documents were saved.

Baltimore Produce Market.

Baltimore, Jan. 10.—Cotton firm at 25c. Flour and Wheat dull, but unchanged. Corn—White advanced, and the market is strong, with sales at 23c. (\$1: yellow, 90@93c. Oatssteady. Provisions firmer, but quiet and unchanged. Whisky firm at \$1@101, but held higher, with small sales at \$1.02.

PHILADELPHIA STOCK EXCHANGE SALES. Reported by De Haven & Bro., No. 40 S. Third Street SECOND BOARD. \$ECOND BOARD.

\$2700 do. 190½ 44 sh Leh Val. d b. 83

\$2700 do. 190½ 10 do. d bill. 53

\$4000 de. 190½ 50 do. d b. 53

\$300 do. 190½ 200 sh Read. 18.860, 47½

\$4200 Phil & E 7s. 84¾ 125 sh Penna RR. 55½

\$500 Le gold i. 92 40 sh O C & A R R. 58¾

Received too late for Classification.

LABOR VS. MONOPOLY-TRUTH VS FICTION.—The public are respectfully invited to a trend a mass meeting at the PAINTERS' HALL, No 23 LOCUST Street, THIS BY KNING, January 10, 1870 at 7730 o'clock, when a fair and impartial statement of the operators of the WESTERN UNION COMPANY, no peralors of the WESTERN UNION COMPANY, none a strike, will be given. The several trades unions of this city will be represented. Able speakers will be in attendance.

D. H. LOUDERBACK,
H. J. WALLS,
Secretary National Labor Union,
E. A. SCOTT,
Committee

AUOTION SALES.

[For additional Auctions see the Seventh Page,] BAILEY, AUCTIONEER

THOMAS A. BAILEY LARGE AND IMPORTANT SALE
A CHANCE FOR BARGAINS IN JEWELRY.
The well selected stock of the old established Jowolr,
stere of JAMES ROBINSON, No. 1681 Market street, a

auction, on

Tuesday Morning,

Jan. 11, at 11 o'clock, comprising—

WATCHES.

Fine 18 karst gold bunting-cases, Joseph Johnson, natent lever, the genuine M. J. Tobias, Fredsham, Ulysse, Breling, and imported Watches of other celebrated makers.

Also, a large assortment of American Watches (gold and silver), fine Gold chains, Gold Rings of every description: Diamends of first qualities; gontleman's Breastpins, solitairs and clusters; ladi s' and gentlemen's Diamend Rings: Gold and Silver Thimbles; Gold and Silver Peroils: ladies' and gentlemen's Breastpins, Stude, and Silver Bittons.

Fencils: ladies and new Sieve Bittons.

A large assortment of Ladies' Sets, of the latest styles
A large stock of
Silverware.
Spoons, Knives, Forks, Ladles, Waiters, Castors, Tea

Sets.
A fine resertment of
POCKET CUTLERY,
Brenze Ware, Shades, Vases, and Fancy Ornaments, Goldheaded Canes, Thermometers, and Barometers.
CLOCKS,
Of English and French importations, eight and thirty days time and strike.
AMERICAN CLOCKS.
Bronze, Rosewood and Walnut.
Seth Themas Clocks.
CUCKGO CLOCKS.
Music Boxes with the latest operatic airs (Trevotore, Traviati, Briss de Soir, Fra Diavolo, etc etc.), large and small, playing 2, 4, 5, 8, 10, and 12 tunes.
Together with Good will, Lease, and Fixtures of the Store.

A large Evans & Watson Safe built to order. Latest style of

Latest style of

SHOW CASES.

Length 7 feet by 27 and 14 inches.

Docks, Trays, etc.

This stand has been established twenty-five years, and is doing a good business.

The proprietor offers it for sale to retire from business on account of ill health.

FIFTH EDITION

THE LATEST NEWS.

FROM EUROPE.

Italian Unity.

Paris, Jan. 10.—Count Daru, the Minister of State, has publicly announced his sympathies with the cause of Italian unity, and that he has no desire to maintain the Papal power at Rome, and that in this he is in accord with the wishes of North Germany and Prussia, but that their action will be with strict regard to the treaty of Prague. With regard to the Eastern question he expresses a wish that Turkey may be sustained.

The Latest Quotations.

By the Anglo-American Cable.

By the Anglo-American Cable.

London, Jan. 10—4:30 P. M.—Consols for money 92% and for account 92%@92%. American securities quiet. Five-twenties of 1888, 87; of 1885, old. 86%; of 1867, 85%; Ten-forties, 84%. Railways quiet. Erie, 17%; Illinois Central, 103%.

Liverpoot. Jan. 10—4:30 P.M.—Cotton quiet. Uplands, 11%@11%d.; Orleans, 11%@11%d. Sales today 10,000 bales, including 2000 bales for export and speculation. Lard heavy, 69s.; Fine rosin, 14s.; Refined petroleum, 1s. 2d.; Linseed oll, 231 10s.

London, Jan. 10.—Tallow, 45s. 3d.; Refined petroleum, 1s. 8d.@1s. 8%d.; Linseed oll, 230 5s.@20 10s.; Calcutta linseed from 59s. 3d.@59s. 6d.

FROM WASHINGTON.

Nominations by the President. Special Despatch to The Eccating Telegraph.

Washington, Jan. 10.—The President has nominated Thomas Biddle, of Pennsylvania, Consulgencial at Havana; E. G. Salmon, Governor of Washington Territory; Judge Emmons, United States Circuit Judge, Fifth district.

The Samana Treaty.

The President also sent in a secret message communicating the treaty for the lease of Samans Bay and for the annexation of the territory of San Domingo, together with all the facts in his possession on that subject. They were referred to the Commit-tee on Foreign Relations.

FROM NEW ENGLAND.

The Rhode Island Legislature.

PROVIDENCE, Jan. 10. The Legislature met to-day. The Governor's message says the State finances are in good condition, and he recommends as necessary the adoption of the fifteenth amendment. That amendment has heretofore hung fire, although the State is largely Republican.

Fire in Concord, N. H. CONCORD, Jan. 10 .- Palmer & Co., carriage spring makers, and others, were burned out yesterday, Loss, \$25,000; insurance, \$12,500.

FROM NEW YORK.

Robbery in Troy. They, Jan. 10.—The North Adams Savings Bank was entered by burgiars last night, and robbed of \$3000 in U. S. bonds. There is no clue to the per-

The Hudson Closed. ALBANY, Jan. 10.—Snow has fallen all the morning, and navigation in the river is closed.

HEARINGS AT THE CENTRAL STATION .- Before Alderman Kerr, committing magistrate, at the Central Station, this afternoon, was arraigned Charles Wilson, colored, on the charge of stealing a pocket-book from a Mrs. Keyser, at Seventh and Willow streets, a few days ago. He was held in \$800 ball to answer.

John H. Patchell was charged with the theft of
\$56 from one George McCrea on New Year's day,
at Jacob Anton's tavern, Twentieth and Wood
streets, and with attempting to compound a felony.
He was held in \$1000 ball to answer.

He was held in \$1000 bail to answer.

Edward Kendig, a lad of about 18 years of age, was charged with forzing the firm name of Mark Hassler & Co. to several checks, for which he received the cash. He was held in \$3000 bail to answer.

Four lads, named Pat Kelley, Edward Ö'Leary, George Holton, and John Lorett, were arraigned on the charge of committing numerous petty robberles in Manayonk. They were committed to answer.

Peter Leisner was charged with committing an assault and battery apon a Mary Ann Meyer, with maliciously destroying her clothing, and with committing bigamy. The parties reside at Front and Norris streets. He was held in \$2000 bail to answer.

PHILADELPHIA AND TRENTON RAILROAD COM-PANY.—The Philadelphia and Trenton Railroad held

their annual election for officers to-day, with the following result:—President, Vincent L. Bradford; Treasurer, J. Parker Norris; Secretary, James Morrell; and Assistant Secretary, Floyd H. White.

The following gentlemen were elected directors for the engine year. for the ensuing year:
Vincent I. Bradford, William H. Hart, William H.
Gatzmer, Charles Macalester, William S. Freeman,
Asa J. Fish, John G. Stevens, Benjamin Fish, John
M. Rend, Ashbel Weich, Albert W. Markley, George
M. Dorrance.

THE NEW YORK MONEY MARKET.

From the N. Y. Herald. "The various Wall street markets underwent a rather sudden transition during the week from dullness and heaviness to activity and strength. The speculative combinations which have remained comparatively idle since the September panic seem to have entered the field for a 'buil' campaign, and short as has been their movement, it has been de-

have entered the field for a 'buil' campaign, and short as has been their movement, it has been decidedly successful in effecting a marked advance in prices.

"The money market has changed to suit their plans, the expectations of ease as the week progressed being quite satisfactorily fulfilled. At the opening the rate on call retained the stringent features of the previous week, when the various dividend paying institutions withdrew large sums of money from the street, but gradually relaxed as the money so disbursed found its way back into bank, until at the close borrowers on prime collaterals were accommodated at six per ceut. Indeed, the tendency of the market under the accumulation of runds at this centre for the spring months, and which is reflected in the weekly statement of the associated banks, is to still greater case, and gives rise to the impression that the rate on call will descend to five and even four per cent., should no unlooked for banks, is to still greater case, and gives rise to the impression that the rate on call will descend to five and even four per cent, should no unlooked for cause of activity interrupt recantime. Capital at this season is inactive. With the approach of January 1 there is a general winding up of business and a suspension of operations in the ordinary channels of enterprise. The money thus withdrawn finds its way to the metropolis for employment on call, our busy mart being always ready to use it in Wall street or elsewhere. It is only upon the spring opening of business that it begins to leave us again, the country banks which originally sent it being then the drawers. The market for commercial paper has been steady, but hardly lower, the relaxation on call being too fresh as yet to influence a reduction in rates; but doubtless in the immediate future we shall find the effects of the competition of the country banks, whose winter deposits seek this class of investment. The foreign exchanges have been firm on a moderate amount of business, and despite the better supply of commercial bills arising out of the higher prices of gold.

"The 'buillish' speculation was very perceptible in

of commercial bills arising out of the higher prices of gold.

"The 'bullish' speculation was very perceptible in the Gold Room, where the operations have been on a largely increased scale, the clearances of Saturday exceeding \$85,000,000. The upward movement is the result of a strong speculative combination who entered the lists on the expected inability and lack of intention on the part of the Government to increase its gold sales until the Treasury balance is better fortified. The effect was an advance in the whole from 119% to 123%, the latter point being better fortified. The effect was an advance in the whole from 1995 to 123%, the latter point being attained on Saturday morning before the intelligence was received that the Government contemplated an extra sale of over a million and a half on Monday, the coin so to be disposed of consisting of the accrued interest on the bonds purchased by Secretary Boutwell for account of the sinking and special funds. This news demoralized the speculators, and there was a rush to sell, under which the price declined to 121%, closing finally at 121%. The cliques seem to have lost courage over this discretizement of the Treasury, and the market became feverish and wavering, and probably will remain so until after the sale on Monday, and perhaps until it is definitely ascertained that the Government will not further disturb the January programme."

WEDDING INVITATIONS
ENGRAVED IN THE NEWEST AND BEST LOUIS DREKA, Stationer and Engraver, No. 1032 CHESNUT Street

SOLDIERS DISCHARGED BEFORE TWO years' service for injuries or wounds, including rupture, are entitled, they or their widows or beirg (if they have received none), to \$200 bounty. Apply to ROBERT S. LEAGUE & CO.

No. 135 S. SEVENTH Street.