FIRST EDITION

ENGLAND.

The Peabody Funeral Fleet-Its Course When

From the London Times The sailing of her Majesty's ship Monarch from Pertamouth for the United States with the remains of the late distinguished philanthropist on board, has been deferred by orders from the Admiralty from the 27th inst. until a day yet to be fixed upon, according to circumstances, between the 2d and 6th proximo. This change in the date of sailing has been made to enable the United States ships of war, which have been ordered to accompany the More. which have been ordered to accompany the Mon arch across the Atlantic, to start with her at the commencement of the voyage from Spithead, and this they would have been unable to do had the original day fixed upon for the Monarch's departure been adhered to. The United States screw frigate Plymouth, which is one of the vessels ordered to accompany the Monarch, is now on her way to Spithead, from the Mediterranean, but is not expected to accompany the Mediterranean, but is not expected.

head, from the Mediterranean, but is not expected to arrive earlier than the 1st proximo. She will afterwards have to fill up with coal, and it is just possible that some parts of her machinery may require a little readjustment in packing or other matters before she will be ready for the voyage. The screw corvette Kenosha is another of the vessels appointed to accompany the Monarch, but she will most proba-

Plymouth.

The route taken by the Monarch and her convoy will be a southern one, and they will call at Madeira or Fayal to enable the ships to fill up their bunkers with coal for the remainder of the voyage to the American coast.

All the preparations on board the Monarch want
but the finishing touches to render them complete.

Captain Comaerell's apartment on the aftermost part Captain Comaerell's apartment on the aftermost part of the ship's main deck, in which will be deposited the case containing the coffin and remains of the late Mr. Peabody during the voyage between Spithead and the United States, has been inclosed and properly draped. The Monarch herself has been placed in full naval mourning, everything projecting above her upper decks, threts, fushel, hurricane deck, lower masts and bowsprits, yards and blocks aloft, etc., all being painted a "French gray." A ribbon of the same color has also been painted around the outer sides of the bulwarks. Yesterday the Monarch was berthed alongside the railway jetty of the dock-yard at Portsmouth, where she will receive the body on board on the day fixed upon for its embarkation. The train that will convey the friends of the late Mr. Peabody and his remains from London to Portsmouth will be run through the railway companies' joint station at the Portsmouth terminus, and over joint station at the Portsmouth terminus, and over the Admiralty junction line of rails into the dock-yard, and on to the jetty, alongside which the Mon-

A "Collins" Steamship as a Huge Cotton Ship.

There is at present lying in the Birkinhead docks, England, one of the largest East Indiamen affoat, viz., the Adriatic, whose history is a rather eventful one. The Adriatic originally formed one of the celebrated Collins line of steamships sailing between New York and the Mersey, and is a sister ship to the New York and the Mersey, and is a sister ship to the ill-fated Pacific, Arctic, and Baltic. Ever since the collapse of the Collins line the Adriatic, we believe, was laid at Southampton until within the last few months, when she was purchased by Mr. Edward Bates and brought round to the Mersey to be transformed into a sailing vessel. The work is now being rapidly carried on, and in the course of a month or so the Adriatic will be an accounted.

rapidly carried on, and in the course of a month or so the Adriatic will be one of the largest sailing vessels trading out of the port of Liverpool.

Mr. Bates owns several large vessels, one of them, the Bates Family, being capable of stowing away 11,000 bales of cotton; but when the alterations of the Adriatic are completed she will be able to carry about 20,000 bales of East India cotton.

Outrage on Americans—Sailors Beaten and Officers Insulted.

HAVANA, Nov. 30.—At an engagement in the Puerto Principe district on the 20th instant, which resulted in favor of the insurgents, the latter captured a Spanish flag, which is reported to be the celebrated tandard given by Saint Eulalia many hundred years ago to the Catalans under heavenly direction and interposition, and which has been borne to honor and glory on innumerable fields, and in all parts of the world. This semi-sacred flag was confided to the Catalan volunteers by the authorities

confided to the Catalan volunteers by the authorities of Catalonia at Burcelona, amid impressive cere-monies, and with the injunction to add to its fame by bright deeds in the no longer faithful island, and humiliating one not only for them, but for the Spanish cause. I send you the particulars in brief of a most cow-

ardly and dastardly outrage upon an American mer-chant vessel and some of her crew by a band of chant vessel and some of her crew by a band of Spanish volunteers. On yesterday evening a num-ber of American, English, and Norwegian seamen were remonstrated with by a watchman in Regla against making much noise. This quieted the men and the turbulent party broke up, but one of the seamen, who remained behind, threw an empty pottle at the watchman as this one was walking away, and then ran off, escaping arrest. From this small incident a report was propagated in Regla tha a number of American sailors had nearly killed one of the watchmen, and without investigating the matter some twenty-five of the Regla volunteers, arms in hand, upon their own volition, without any order from the authorities, and therefore without warrants, proceeded to the West Regia wharf, and boarded the American schooner T. J. Frazier, Cap tain Madge, then unloading. They paid no attention to the remonstrances of the officers against their coming on board without authority, but, on the contrary, greatly insulted these officers, and at once seized three of the crew, and so severely beat, cut, and stabled them that their lives are in danger. They then brought the three men to the Guanabaco nearly kill a watchman, as pretended by the volun-teers, since no watchman was nearly killed; nor did one of them even throw the empty bottle that gave rise to the mystification of the volunteers. The allor that committed this small offense is known to before the American Consul, and to-morrow the mat-ter will go to the Captain-General for action. Full and complete satisfaction, including the severe puniskment of the guilty volunteers, will probably be insisted upon, as the case is really an aggravated one, and the conduct of the volunteers perfectly un-

MURDER.

Homicide in Asteria. Long Island-A Remark The New York Tribune of this morning has the fol-

On the afternoon of the 24th of September last, On the afternoon of the 24th of September last, John Myers and his son John, residents of Astoria, L. I., were engaged in digging out a well near the premises of Mr. George T. Chambers, of the above village. Mr. Chambers, with his hired man, was trying to catch a chicken, and, not succeeding, took a rifle, and, aiming at the chicken, fired. The ball went through a board fence and struck young Myers in the right leg, lacerating and tearing away a portion of the knee-cap. Young Myers lingered in great agony until the 27th of November, when he died from the effects of the wound. At the time of the shooting, Myers, Sr., entered a complaint before Justice Purceils against Mr. Chambers for felonious assault. Mr. Chambers was arrested and conveyed to the cells.

At the examination of the case next day, Mr.

was arrested and conveyed to the cells.

At the examination of the case next day, Mr. Chambers was admitted to buil in \$2900 to appear on October 1 for further examination. On the 25th a new warrant was issued, upon the ground that the prisoner was about to leave the country, and Mr. Chambers was rearrested, and further bail to the amount of \$1000 was required. A consultation of four physicians having been had upon the condition of the wounded man, and their certificate given that he was in a critical state and death hundrent, a warrant was issued by Coroner Seibe, of Newtown, requiring the prisoner to be brought before him. This was executed the same day that the prisoner was to appear before Justice Purceil. He was taken was to appear before Justice Percell. He was taken eefore Coroner Seibe the same evening, who com-mitted him to the custody of the constable, to be brought before him the following Saturday evening the Coroner, with a jury, having in the meantim taken the statement of the wounded man in regar to the shooting. The further investigation was pro-ceeded with as above, on Saturday evening, Octobe 2, when a number of witnesses were examined and the inquest adjourned until the 5th of October, Mr. Chambers being admitted to ball in \$4000, which he

procured, and was released.

At the examination before the Coroner, held on the 9th of last month, several witnesses were examined, and, at the conclusion of the testir ony, Mr. Chambers' counsel asked the Coroner whether he was performing the duties of a Coroner or discharg-ing those of a Judge, and he then decided to adjourn ing those of a Judge, and he then decined to adjourn for two weeks, for the purpose of taking counsel in the meantime, and the case, so far as the Coroner is concerned, still stands adjourned. On Monday last, Mr. Chambers was again arrested on a warrast is-sued by Justice John S. Snediker, of Jamaica, charg-

ing him with "wilfully, maliciously, and of mulice at rethought firing a rifle loaded with powder and ball at John Myers, Jr., giving him a wound whereby and by which the said John Myers, Jr., did die." Several witnesses on the part of the prosecution were examined before the Justice yesterday, and the further examination adjourned until Monday, the 13th, the prisoner meanwhile remaining in the custody of Officer Long, of Astoria.

FALSE SPIRITS.

Noung Man Duped by a Medium Into the Bellet that His Father Had Been Robbed and

The Chicago Tribuse of the 6th has the following:
There may be some foundation for spiritualism;
but one thing is certain, the spirits are not always
correct in their statements regarding occurrences
about which a privileged few are permitted to ask
them. Their memories may be defective, or the
unknown world may be such as to cause them to
forget the persons and things they left behind them.
Heing suddenly reminded by a medium that they
were once mortals, and interrogated about eircumstances which one would suppose would ever be remembered, they may become confused and communicate what first suggests itself. Or some mischlevous
spirit, delighted at the opportunity of furnishing worldlings with something to talk about,
may personate some one else, and misstate facts purposely. Consequently, from
one of these causes arises the errors
which are frequently made. It can be accounted for
in no other way. The mediums pretend to, and
without donbt do, give the exact language of the
spirits, and as they are generally respectable people,
would not be guilty of perverting it. It would be
doing a manifest injustice to a great many wortay
spirits to say that they were guilty of uttering falsehoods; but that one of them is guilty has been
proven conclusively. On Friday afternoon two young The Chicago Tribune of the 6th has the following: proven conclusively. On Friday afternoon two young men called upon a medium, whose office is on Clark street. One of them stated that he desired to hear from his father, who was in the spirit land, he having died some time ago. After a small fee had been paid the medium summoned the defunct, having recognized him as he was passing the window, with numbers of other spirits, on their way South. He was asked how he was getting along, and replied that he had the headache, having been street whether a with a clab he his complexes. struck on the head with a club, by his employer, while on earth, and robbed of \$78,000. The son was amazed at the news, and without waiting for further particulars left with his companion to find the murderer. The employer referred to by the deceased is a well-known merchant of this city, whose place of business is on South Water street. To his store the young men proceeded, and finding their man, in the son said to him, "My father was in your employ as travelling agent. He was foally murdered by you and robbed of \$78,000. I have positive proof against you, and will prosecute you unless you give me the amount you took from him." The merchant became confused, and did not know what to say. The young man's father had been in his employ, but he believed he died from natural causes. amazed at the news, and without waiting for furploy, but he believed he died from natural causes. After some further conversation with the son he made an appointment to meet him on Saturday afbut he believed he died from natural causes, When the two had gone he reflected upon ternoon. When the two had gone he renected upon the matter, and came to the conclusion that it was a conspiracy to blackmail him. Under this impression he communicated the circumstances to Mr. William Pinkerton, son of the famous detective. On Saturday afternoon Mr. Pinkerton took a pesition at a desk in the counting-room of the store, and when the son came in heard the whole story repeated. He also came to the conclusion that t was a scheme to obtain money, and proposed to the merchant to do one of two things—to give the two young men a good thrashing or have them ar-rested. The merchant refused to do either, and his accuser left, obviously ivery angry. The son next proceeded to Pinkerton's office, on Washington street, and laid the case before Mr. Thiel. Mr. Pinkerton determined to see if there was snything in it. His inquiries and efforts resulted in his learning that the information of the murder (?) was given by the medium. The deceased father received a salary of \$1000 per annum while in the employ of the merchant, and, as he had a family to provide for, it is safe to say he never had \$78 at one time, let alone \$78,000. Young men, whose fathers are dead, should not rely upon what professional "mediums" say, or they may become the laughing stock of the com-

OBITUARY.

Frederick Overbeck. The foreign mail brings intelligence of the death of the celebrated German painter, Frederick Overbeck. None of the particulars of his demise are given; but it probably occurred at Rome, where he had lived and labored for more than half a century, and had built up a school of art and seen it gradually decay. He was born in Lubeck in 1750 and went to Rome to study art in 1810. 1789, and went to Rome to study art in 1810. There was a company of enthusiastic young German artists at that time in Rome—Cornelius Veit and Schadow among them—who dreamed of a regeneration of art, a new renaissance in which the severe simplicity and truth of the early masters should be taken as the model of excellence in form, and reli-gious mysticism should breathe into the painter's work a more elevated spirit. Overbeck was the heart and soul of this little band. Art, he declared, was not precious in itself or for its own beauty; it existed only for the sake of religion. He despised the sensuous loveliness of Raphael, and went back for his inspiration to Perugino and the provide seasons. The young artists found early ascetic school. The young artists found their first patron in the Prussian Consul, Bar-tholdy. He commissioned them to decorate his villa with frescoes, and here Overbeck executed his Goseph Sold into Captivity" and the "Seven Years of Famine," by which he placed himself decidedly at the head of the new school. In 1814, with several of more exclusively than ever to religious subjects One by one his disciples fell away. Some died; others, like Cornelius, were enticed into the more vigorous and romantic style of the later German school; Overbeck alone remained true to his first principles, and pursued in seclusion his devout labors, producing a great number of paintings and designs in charcoal and chalk, instinct with religious sentiment, harmonious in composition, and truthful in spirit, though he was not a correct draughtsman for a good colorist. His masterpiece is generally thought to be his "Triumph of Christianity in the Arts," in the Stadelsche Institute at Frankfort-on-the-Main. Most of his best works are familiar all

selves in reproducing his composition MEDICAL STUDENT OF THE PERIOD.

through Europe and America by line-engravings wood-cuts, and lithographs, and the most distin

guished German engravers have employed them-

Attending the Clinic-A Scene on the Road-A Female Doctor Threatening to Shoot.

A correspondent of the World has the following

etter in this morning's issue of that paper :-As a student of the Bellevae Hospital Medical Col-lege, I deem it my duty to inform you of a little circumstance which happened on board the steamer Fletcher, which carries Bellevne students to the clinics on Blackwell's Island. In coming up from Charity Hospital last Tuesday, a female student came on board. When she arrived, the settees were all occupied by the male students. She walked up to one of the seats and said to a student, "Will you get up and give me a seat? If you don't I will sit in your lap." Well the students gave her a seat on the end of the settee, and all went quietly for a few ninutes, when some of the students who were standing back placed their feet on the rung of the settee and tipped it partially over. She looked savagely at one of the students, who, unfortunately for him, sat alongside of her, and who was entirely innecent of participating in the affair in any manner. The settee was partially tipped again, when she said:—"I will shoot the first man that fips this seat again, and, also, the first man that insults me will forfeit his life," when not a word had been said to her by any of the students. During the time she was saying these loud words she placed her hard in her pocket in a very knowing manner. The students assembled around, when she exclaimed:—"I am not afraid of four hundred Bellevue students, and I can lick any one of you; I don't care a fig for all the clinics; I come here out of spite, and nothing else, because I know you don't want me here; I have seen more than any of you," which is an untruth, as she never began to study medicine until a year

When she had finished this little speech, the students began to laugh, and also the student who sat alongside of her. She immediately jumped up and began to strike this student who sat alongside of began to strike this student who sat alongside of her, who, as I said before, was entirely innocent of having anything to do with the affair. He caught her and held her, and he said: "Madam, if you have no respect for yourself, you ought to have for the gentlemen present." "I do respect myself, and the men too, and, what is more I love them." This, of course, created quite a laugh among the students. When the boat arrived at Twenty-sixth street, East river, she got off and walked up the street with a very dignified (?) air. The student whom she assaulted reported the case to Mr. Brennan, Warden of Bellevue Hospital, who will report the case to the Commissioners of Charities and Corrections, who will act upon it.

will act upon it.

The whole agair was caused by her unladylike language in saying, "It you don't get up I will sit in your lap." None of the students insulted or injured

her in any manner; the tipring of the seat war only about two inches from the deck, and not by any myans high enough to cause her to complain. How much better would it have been for her to get up it is tipping of the seat was inconvenient! This is a sample of the female students who attend the clinics at Bellevue and Charity Hospitals.

GENERALITIES. A Peritons Bath.

A Perilons Bath.

The effects of an ice water bath were effectually tested by one John McCaffray, last Saturday, and the result proved nearly fatal to the victim. Between 11 and 12 o'clock Mr. William Linnenkohl, who lives at No. 55 Commercial street, heard vociferous calls for help, and hastening to the spot from whence the noise proceeded saw a person struggling in the water of the canal near the Commercial street bridge. Patrolman Dillon, with the assistance of two or three citizens, succeeded in rescaing the unfortunate individual just as he was going down for the last time. They bore him insensible to Police Station No. 1, where he received all the attention that could possibly be rendered to resuscitate him.

that could possibly be rendered to resuscitate him. Dr. Johnson was summoned, and took immediate steps for the drowned man's welfare. At about 3 o'clock yesterday morning evidences of life became apparent, and at 5 o'clock the man was able to speak.

—Buffalo Express.

A Revolting Story.

A deserted boy, between six and seven years of age, was brought to the Chicago Armory on Saturday evening, whose bodily condition is such that even stout-hearted policemen were appalled at the sight. A dancer had eaten away his entire nose, lips, and a part of his chin, and his face, what little remains, is one fearful sore. Owing to the absence of his lips he is unable to articulate, and consequently can give no is unable to articulate, and consequently can give no information that will lead to his identity. He was brought to the Armory by an employe of the United States Express Company, who says that he came to the effice in company with his father—supposed to hold that relation towards him—in the morning. It is hardly possible that the father—if such he was— took that mode of deserting the boy. The thought is too terrible to be believed. And yet, his disap-pearance, or rather non-appearance, can hardly be pearance, or rather non-appearance, can hardly be accounted for upon any other hypothesis. The case is one that appeals to the sympathyof the most observed the cancer is now devouring the boy, that he can survive divergence.

A Swindling City Father. We regret that we are compelled to chronicle a series of swindling operations perpetrated by a Ger-man, who has been for many years a resident of Louisville, and who enjoyed the esteem and confi-dence of his fellow-citizens to such a degree that he

was elected last April Alderman of the First ward.

Mr. George E. Henisohn, this "Honorable City
Father," obtained, under the false pretense that he
had large deposits of money in different banks, considerable amounts of money, by giving his checks
for it. He generally managed to make these nice for it. He generally managed to make these nice little transactions after banking hours, saying that it was too late to draw funds, and that he needed them at that moment for some particular purposes. In some instances he forged the signatures of several of our business firms to checks and drew various amounts. This latter charge could not, at the late hour in which we received the report, be traced up, and we are not willing to vouch for its truth. The amounts obtained by Hentsohn are variously estimated at from \$25,000 to \$30,000. As soon as the story got out, search was made after the "Honorable," but helwas non est.—Louiscille Vellssfatt.

Result of a "Practical" Joke.

Result of a "Practical" Joke. A gentleman from Sparta, Tennessee, gives us the particulars of a sad affair which occurred in that part of the country last week. At one of those periodical masqueradings for which the rural districts are celebrated, the subject of ghosts and spirit visitations was discussed at great length, and with tations was discussed at great length, and with all that exaggeration and high coloring which usually attach to any theme in which the supernatural plays a part. When the party broke up, one of the young men of the neighborhood conceived the idea of rightening two of the ladies who had some distance to go along a lonely road with their brother. Wrapping himself in a sheet from head to foot, he took a short path, and emerged upon the trio from a corse of bushes, just as they came up. As the figure in white became visible, moving slowly towards them, the trio set up the most horrible shrieks, and fied down the path in the utmost terror. One of the ladies swooned and fell to the ground, while the other reached the house with reason unseated, a raving maniac.—Nashville Banner.

3he New York Custom-House. The following list is from the records of the office,

dated December 4:— Whole number of applications received.......18,243

rom different States and upon the recommenda-

Eckel and the Murder of Dr. Burdell. After the announcement had been made to Eckel that he must die, we are informed that, at the suggestion of a prominent citizen, Eckel's partner in crime, Califcott, had an interview with him, for the purpose of drawing from him any disclosures hi ght feel disposed to make in regard to the murder Dr. Burdell. It is stated that Eckel emphatically declared that he was entirely guiltless of any con nection with the crime, and that he did not know who committed it. He added that he entered the house about eleven o'clock on the night of the murder: that he was met by Mrs. Conningham in the lower hall; that he noticed she appeared confused and excited; that she preceded him up stairs to his room; that she stopped on the way up stairs and closed Dr. Burdeal's bedroom door; that she accom-panied him to his own bedroom door, where he left her, locked his door, and retired to bed; and that he was entirely ignorant of the murder until after the discovery of the body. This statement was made a short time before his death, and in view of the fact that his physician had informed him that his end was near, and that he could not possibly survive Given under such solemn circumstances, it wil doubtless be generally believed, especially as, while it exonerates himself, it adds one more link to the chain of testimony which pointed to Mrs. Cunning-ham as the murderess of Dr. Burdell.—Albany Argus,

LEGAL INTELLIGENCE.

U. S. District Court-Judge Cadwalader. The trial of George Mountjoy for frauds against the revenue laws resulted last night in a verdict of guilty. A motion for a new trial was entered, and the defendant held in ball to appear.

The jurors were dismissed until to-morrow morning.

Nisi Prius-Judge Williams.

Nisi Prius—Judge Williams.

The case of Mellinger vs. Cochran et al., which was to recover damages for an alleged malicious prosecution, before reported, was resumed this morning, the defense maintaining that there was probable cause for the proceeding. The jury found for the plaintiff, \$19,000 as against Andrew G. Cochran, and in favor of the other defendants. George J. Richardson vs. The American Buttomhole, Overscaming and Sawing Machine Company. This was an action to recover for certain stocks loaned to the defendants. On trial. Court of Quarter Sessions-Judge Paxson.

Court of Quarter Sessions—Jadge Paxson.
This morning this Court met for the trial of prisoners, but the docks were empty, and continued so until noon. No explanation of this could be made, the Clerk saying that the order for bringing up prisoners had been given to the Sheriff in proper time. The Judge at once made the following order:

And now, Docomber 8, 1889, it is ordered that the Sheriff have in court each day at 10 o'clock A. M. the prisoners whose names have been handed to him by the clerk of this court for that purpose the previous day; and the clerk serve a copy of this order personally on the Sheriff, and make return of such service to this court.

Court of Quarter Sessions—Judge Pierce.

Assistant District Attorney Pratt prosecuting.

Prison cases were still before the court. Thomas Williams was put upon trial for burglary. Edward Davis, who was indicted jointly with Williams, pleaded glitty, which left the latter to be tried alone. The evidence was point blank to the effect that on the night of November these two boys entered the house of Martin Smith, just Fory-drat and Girard ayonue, and on scarching the house for valuables awakened Mrs. Smith, who roused her husband. The burglars fied but were distinctly recognized. The jury found no difficulty in finding a verdict of guilty, particularly as the prisoner's counsel, Mr. Chapman, under this satisfactory proof, joined with the District Attoracy in asking for a conviction.

-An old gentleman of seventy-five was recently buried in Connecticut in the same suit of clothes he had worn at his four weddings, —General John A. Logas has arrived in Washington and opened the campaign for removing the capital westward, whence "the star of empire takes its

-A son of Oliver Wendall Holmes accompanied Charles Sumner to Washington, and is to be made clerk of the Senate Committee on Foreign Relations, of which Sumner is chairman.

of which Sumner is chairman.

—Some citizens of Massachusetts are moving for separate prisons for women.

—A red cedar hitching post, set in Plymouth, Coun., in 1770, is still serviceable, and apparently will be good for twenty years more.

—A Wisconsin farmer has just sold for seventy cents a quantity of wheat for which two years ago he refused \$2-10.

—A beggar in Hartford, Coun., offered to change a bill on Saturday when a lady told him she had no

a bill on Saturday when a lady told him she had no -Twenty-five young married pairs have formed #

SECOND EDITION

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH.

Commemoration of the Pacific Railway Completion-The President Presented with a Beautiful Gold Medal.

Supposed Murder in Illinois-The Base Ball Congress—Suffrage and Re-pudiation in Tennessee.

FROM THE WEST.

Mysterious Affair. Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

PEORIA, Ills., Dec. 8 .- Citizens of Chillicothe Illinois, have been thrown into a state of great excitement over the discovery of a club covered with blood, and pieces of human hair clotted with blood, and a skiff with blood in it in a slough a short distance above that place. A despatch was received in Chillicothe on the night of the 6th, from Coles county, stating that Louis Saxton had started for that town, but had not been heard from since, His non-arrival, and the fact of his having a large sum of money on his person, leads to the supposition that he has been murdered, the club, hair, and skiff being evidence of it. The slough was dragged for the body, but none found. The whole affair seems wrapped in mystery.

A New Railway in Illinois. Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

JACKSONVILLE, Ill., Dec. 8 .- A meeting of several prominent gentlemen of this city was held on Monday night to discuss the best means of completing the Illinois' Farmers Railroad. The principal object was to raise money. The work will be put through without delay.

Tobacco Dealers' Association. Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

CHICAGO, Dec. 8 .- A meeting of tobacco dealers was held last evening at Tremont, for the purpose of organizing an association.

A boy named John Wauternach, while walking quietly along the street, was fired upon by another boy with a pistol loaded with buckshot The shot entered Wauternach's arm and lodged in his breast; none penetrated to a great depth. Dr. Lee has pronounced him out of danger.

A Determined Pigeon Shooter. Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

Sr. Louis, Dec. 8 .- Shannon, the crack pigeon shooter, has sued the proprietors of the Southern Hotel for ten thousand dollars. He had been arrested at their instance on the charge of forgery, and acquitted. He now brings suit for damages.

Navigation Suspended. Ice in considerable quantities floated in the river to-day. The Keokuk Packet Company will lay up their boats for the season on Saturday. St. Louis Criminal Matters.

The total number of arrests here for the past month was 1090, of which two were for murder. The amount restored of stolen goods was \$14,000. The property destroyed in gambling houses estimated at \$1400. The executors of the estate of Henry Ames have been ordered to pay over to his widow the sum of \$37,000, being her proportion of the assets due now. Tom Allen and partner in the saloon business have our relled. Allen states that Pearson robbed him of \$1700 while he was absent in Cincinnati.

Commercial Failure. There was a rumor here this morning of the failure of one of the largest wholesale dry goods houses in St. Louis.

FROM NEW JERSEY.

Extensive Fire-Several Large Jewelry E-tablishments Damaged. Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

NEWARK, N. J., Dec. 8 .- About 9 o'clock last evening a fire broke out in the brick building No. 14 Oliver street, which is occupied by several large jewelry establishments. The signal from the Hall tower called the fire department promptly to the spot, and through their exertions the flames were soon overpowered, and the building saved. The fire is supposed to have originated in the basement, which is in the west end of the building. When the fire broke out some of the workmen upon the second floor were still at work. They had considerable difficulty in making their escape by the burning stairway, and were nearly suffocated by the smoke which at the time filled the building.

Several streams of water were soon directed on the burning bbilding, and the flames reduced, but not, however, before considerable damage had been occasioned to the wooden partition and flooring in each story. The entire loss is estimated at about \$5000, which is fully covered by insurance. The valuable stock was protected from damage by being stored in fire-proof safes.

FROM THE PLAINS.

Indian Troubles Fatal Mining Accident. Despatch to The Evening Telegraph. OMAHA, Neb., Dec. 8 .- A Laramie letter dated

Dec. 4 states the Indian troubles in Wyoming as quite alarming. A band of thirty Sioux Indians made a raid on a herder in the employ of a rancheman named Mills, four miles from the fort, on the 27th ult., capturing nearly all the stock and wounding the herder in two places. A pursuit was made by the ranchemen and others, and all but twenty-five head were recaptured. A mail party leaving Fort Laramie a few days previously were attacked by a band of about seventyfive Sioux Indians, and two soldiers of the 4th Infantry were severely wounded. A retreat was then made, and the party reached the fort without further loss. Another mail party who expected to meet the former at Horseshoe from Fetterman has not been heard from since leaving the fort. It is feared they encountered a body of Indians. A special from Central City, Colorado. reports a serious accident last Saturday in a mine by the falling of several timbers, with a large quantity of quartz, killing three men instantly and wounding several others.

FROM BALTIMORE.

The Peabody Obsequies -Arrest of a Forger. Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph, BALTIMORE, Dec. 8 .- Our Corn and Flour Ex-

change has passed resolutions in commemoration of George Peabody, and authorized its President to appoint a committee to attend his funeral when the remains arrive. A young man named James Harding has been arrested here as a notorious swindler, forger, thief, etc.

FROM WASHINGTON.

The President Presented With a Medal.

perial Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 8.—A beautiful gold medal,

recently prepared at the United States Mint in Philadelphia, was presented to the President yesterday in a few appropriate remarks by Mr. A. Loudon Snowden, the Chief Colner, who, in conjunction with Mr. William Barber, the engraver, was delegated by the Director of the Mint, Governor Pollock, to represent the officers of [that institution on the occasion. The medal is a neat, elaborate, and exquisite production. But apart from its beauty and undoubted merit as a rare work of art, it will always possess peculiar claims to consideration as marking the accomplishment of a great national work, one of the most stupendous in conception and exe cution of modern times. This grand undertaking of uniting the two oceans by rail having been completed during the Presidency of General Grant, it was eminently proper that he should be the recipient of the first medal struck to commemorate the fact.

The President seemed highly gratified at this mark of respect shown him, and expressed himself as greatly pleased with the beauty of conception and skill of workmanship displayed in the preparation of the medal.

[Note by the Editor. A full description of this medal appeared in The Evening Telegraph a few days since.

FROM NEW ENGLAND.

The Steamer Alaska. Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

Boston, Dec. 8 .- The United States steamer Alaska went into commission yesterday, with Homer C. Blake as commander. Her first cruise will be with the Asiatic Squadron. The Shoe Trade.

The shipments of boots and shoes, by rail and sea, for the week are 13,970 cases, against 11,958 cases for the corresponding week of last year, and 8165 cases for 1867. The essential features of the market remain unchanged.

National Base Ball Cougress.

The thirteenth annual meeting of the National Association of Base Ball Players, composed of delegates from the different State associations. commenced here this morning. The following States will be represented: - Massachusetts, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Ohio, Missouri, California, and the District of Columbia. This evening the delegates will attend Selwyn's Theatre, by invitation of the Lowell Club, and after the performance they, with the members of the Lowell and Harvard Clubs, will partake of a supper at the Parker House.

Convict Partianed.

Despatch to The Evening Telegraph. AUGUSTA, Me., Dec. 8 .- Edward O'brien, sentenced to the State Prison for store robbery at Brunswick, has been pardoned.

FROM THE SOUTH.

A Packet Sunk.

WHEELING, Dec. S .- The Wheeling and Parkersburg packet Rebeeca collided with pier No. at Parkersburg last night and sunk immediately, and four or five lives were lost. The passengers were all saved. The vessel will probably be a total loss.

Marine disasters are of daily occurrence by colliding with piers and new bridges at Belair and Parkersburg, and a number of similar accidents are reported to have occurred at Stenben-

The Tennessee Constitutional Convention. Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

NASHVILLE, Dec. 8 .- In most of the counties of this State candidates have been nominated for the Constitutional Convention. From despatches received at the Banner office it is gleaned that a decided majority of those already nominated will favor a provision granting the ballot to negroes. The opposition is, however, likely to be strong enough to make the contest on the subject exciting and prolonged. The two candidates nominated to-day in Wilson county are strongly committed against colored suffrage, and the Shelby county and Memphis candidates are disposed to be on the same side. Suffrage and repudiation will undoubtedly be the prominent subjects before the convention. Most of the candidates nominated are ex-Confederates. Both houses of the Legislature have resolved to adjourn on the 22d inst., to meet again on the 5th of January. The convention meets on the second Monday in January, so that both houses will be in session at the same

FROM EUROPE.

This Morning's Quotations.

time.

By the Anglo-American Cable. LONDON, Dec. 8-11 A. M .- Consois for money, LONDON, Dec. 8—11 A. M.—Consols for money, 92½; for account, 92½; 92½. American securities fat; 5-20s of 1862, 85½; 1865s, old, 84½; 1867s, 86; 10-40s, 81. Stocks quiet; Erie, 20½; Illinois Central, 99½; Atlantic and Great Westera, 26½. Liverpool., Dec. 8—11 A. M.—Cotton quiet; middling uplands, 11½d.; middling Orleans, 11½d. The sales are estimated at 10,000 bales. London, Dec. 8—11 A. M.—Tallow easier.

This Afternoon's Quotations. London, Dec. 8—1 P. M.—American securities quiet and steady; 5-20s of 1862, 85%. Stocks easier; Illinois Central, 193%.

PARIS, Dec. 8.—The Bourse opened firm. Rentes,

LIVERPOOL, Dec. 8-1 P. M.-Corn, 29s. 3d. Pork dull at 110s. Lard quiet and steady.

Bremen, Dec. 8.—Petroleum closed firm yesterday

t 7 thalers 6 groats. Hamburg, Dec. 8.—Petroleum closed firm yesterday at 15 marc bancos 8 schillings.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

OFFICE OF THE EVENING TELEGRAPH, Wednesday, Dec. 8, 1869.

The message of the President, coupled with the highly favorable reports to Congress from the heads of the various departments of State, are well calcu-lated to relieve the country of the depression which has weighed heavily upon the business energies of has weighed heavily upon the business energies of the people for many months past. But there is much yet to be done before the relics of the past confusion shall have been removed from view. The recommendations urged on Congress by the Secretary of the Treasury and the Comptroller of the Currency must first be passed upon by Congress, and the mass of projects bearing upon the same subjects which are likely to be pressed upon its attention bid fairly to maugurate an era of confusion, and to absorb the precious time of the Session in useless discussions.

The local money market is devoid of special features.

The local money market is devoid of special fea-ture. The demand is quite light from all sources, and the steady increase in supply, both at the banks and in the open market, render a further fall in the rates unavoidable. We quote call loans at 5@0 per cent, and first-class business paper at 5@9 per cent. Gold opened strong at 123%, and advanced to

123%. Government bonds are active, and a little off in prices.

The Stock market was dull, but prices were slightly

The Stock market was dull, but prices were slightly stronger than yesterday. State and City securities were not in demand.

Reading Railroad was quiet, but prices were strong, seiling at 49-696-193; Pennsylvania is without change, seiling at 74½; Cammen and Amboy was taken at 119½; Lenign Vatley at 63½; and Gil Creek and Allepheny Railroad at 393.

In Canal and Coal shares there were no sales. A sale of Philadelphia Bank was made at 155, and Hestonyille Passenger Railway at 13% b. 0.

PHILADELPHIA STOCK EXCHANGE SALES.

	FIRST	ro., No. 40 S. Third street. BOARD.
\$500	N Penna 78 85%	80 sh Phila Bk 155
\$1000	Leh 68 R Ln., 86	25 sh Penna R 54%
100 ab	Read R c. 4934	39 do ln . 55 %
100	do b10, 49%	60 ah O C & A R. b5. 391
100	do860wn.49-69	10 sh C & Am R.2d, 119 %
100	dob10, 49%	14 do 2d . 119%
200	dols,s60,49:69	2 sh Leb V R 58%
100	dob10, 49%	1 do 5836
100		100 sh Hestony'e. b60 11%
JAY	COOKE & Co. mote	Government securities as
JAY COOKE & Co. quote Government securiues as follows:—U. S. 6s of 1881, 1183/@119; 5-20s of 1862,		
1151/6	115%: do., 1864, 111	181184: do. 1865 11846

MESSRE, DE HAVEN & BROTHER, 40 No. S. Third street, Philadelphia, report the following quotations:

—U. 8 68 of 1881, 118 (20118); 40. 1862, 116 (20116);

do. 1864, 113 (20118); 40. 1865, 113 (20116);

do. 1864, 113 (20118); 50. 1867, do. 115 (20116); 60. 1868,

do., 115 (20116); 10-408, 108 (2010); U. 8. 30 Year

6 per cent. Currency, 107 (2010); 10 10 Comp. Int.

Notes, 19; Gold, 123 (20128); 8liver, 120 (2012).

NARR & LADNER BERNEY.

THE NEW YORK MONEY MARKET.

THE NEW YORK MONEY MARKET.

From the Herald.

"A disposition to await further developments in Congress, the snow storm and the election were co-operative influences in producing a dull state of affairs in Wall street to-day. There was a good deal of discussion of financial questions and a canvassing of the relative chances of the various suggestions touching the currency and the national debt contained in the message of the Fresident and the report of Secretary Boutwell, but transactions were quite light in the various branches of business at the Stock Exchange. The gold market was strong throughout in response to the impression that contraction is the last and least of all measures proposed for the better regulation of the finances. The price under this stimulus, as well as upon reports that a resolution for the recognition of Ouths was or would be introduced in Congress to day, rose to Edg., but subsequently fell off to Ed. Later in the afternoon, on the announcement that a bill had been introduced to prevent the further sales of Treasury gold, the market because strong again and the price closed finally at Edg. 2034.

The clearances as reported by the Gold Bank to day show the increasing speculation in the Gold Room, the total being over thirty-eight millions. The clique movement was decidedly perceptible in the upward turn of the market, a further isappetion of the Washington Cabinet reports seeming to revive the original determination to put oid up. While there is no proposition to contract there is a suggestion in the opening proceedings of Congress that gold be hoarded in the firstary as the preliminary to specie payments. Opinionally proceedings of Congress that gold be hoarded in the firstary as the preliminary to apecie payments to percent, and a little more activity was observable in the demand at that rate. There were some exceptions at six per cent, and a little more activity was observable in the demand at hat rate. There were some exceptions at six per cent, and a little more activity was observa proposition to do away while he system of certifying checks, even where the drawers have achievent funds to their account, is impractionable, and would only embarrass all business operations for the sake or checking transactions in stocks. As to restricting loans to a certain fraction of the resources of the banks, the matter is one which should be left to regulate theelf. Legislation can hardly be so detailed as to be operative for the accomplishment of such an object. The operations of he'reasiny during the week in selling tures millions of gold against the purchase of only two millions of bonds is, of course, unfavorable to the mency market, and the anticipation of this ract, together with the increasing values at the Stock Exchange, account for the increased activity so perceivable this afterneon.

"The Gevernment market was steady in the forence, and radiled with the sidence in gold and with the recovery of prices in the London and Frankfort markets until the bighest prices of yesterday were again vascled for the leading issues. It aimed to sustain itself at the highest point, and underwent a reaction at an eighth to a quarter per cent, in the latest street transactions."

Philadelphia Trade Report. WEDNESDAY, Dec. 8 .- The destruction of the Commercial Exchange has not materially interfered with the business of that organization. The members

met this morning at J. H. Michener & Co.'s warehouse, and at once proceeded to business. Bark-In the absence of sales we quote No. 1 Querciron at \$39.50 % ton.

The Flour market continues quiet, and in the The Flour market continues quiet, and in the absence of any demand for shipment, only a few hundred barrels were taken in lots by the local trade at \$4.87 \(\) 65 for superfine; \$5.25 \(\) 5.37 \(\) for extras; \$5.75 \(\) 625 for lowa, Wisconsin, and Minnesota extra family; \$5.75 \(\) 612 \(\) for Pennsylvania do. do.; \$6.65 \(\) 55 for fonce and indiana do. do.; and \$6.75 \(\) 67.25 for fancy brands, according to quality. Rye Flour may be quoted at \$5.50 \(\) barrel.

The Wheat market presents no pear features and

The Wheat market presents no new feature, and prices favor buyers. Sales of Pennsylvania, Western, and Delaware red at \$1.30@1.32. Rye may be quoted at \$1.05 for Western, and \$1.10 for Pennsylvania. quoted at \$1.05 for Western, and \$1.10 for rates, vania. Corn is in fair demand at former rates. Sales of 1000 bushels old yellow at \$1.00; 4000 bushels new do, at 90@91c., and 1900 bushels white Catagore nachunged. 2500 bushels remaylat 92c. Oats are unchanged. 2500 bushels rennsylvania sold at 60@6fc., and some Delaware at 60@

Whisky is in demand at former rates. Sales of 100 barrels wood-bound Western at \$1.05, and 500 barrels iron-bound do, at \$1.06.

Nothing doing in Barrey or Malt.

-The South Carolina House of Representatives on Thursday voted down a resolution to raise the United State flag on the Capitol. -Pittsburg papers complain of the railroad bridge at Steubenville, Ohio, as an obstruction to the navi-gation of the Ohio river and a nuisance which ought

to be removed. -The directors of the Miller Orphan Asylum in Lynchburg, Va., will commence early in the spring the erection of the buildings necessary for its accommodation.

—Minnesota farmers feed wheat to their hogs, and California farmers Bartlett pears to their cows. There is most excellent authority for both —An idot boy in St Joseph, Mo., feeling cold, set fire to his bed. The building was burned. Its owner disapproves his method of attempting to warm himself.

LATEST SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

For additional Marine News see Inside Pages. PORT OF PHILADELPHIA..... DECEMBER & STATE OF THERMOMETER AT THE EVENING TELEGRAPH

OLEARED THIS MORNING. Norw. barque Normania. Roer, Hamburg. Peter Wright & ons, hr A. F. Randolph, Shields, St. John, N. B., Charles C.

Van Horn.
Schr J. H. Perry, Kelly, New Bedford, Sinniekson & Co.
Schr J. H. Perry, Kelly, New Bedford, Sinniekson & Co.
Schr A. Leland, Bennett, Rockport.
Schr Richbard Law, York, Fall River,
Go.
Schr S. J. Russell, Smith, Lyun,
Go.
Schr Glenwood, Diukens, New Bedford.
Go.
Schr West Wind, Finney, Frovidence,
Go.
Schr J. A. Crawford, Young, Providence,
Go.
Schr J. S. Whillden, Crowell, Fair Haven,
Go.

Schr J. S. Whilden, Crowell, Fair Haven,

ARRIVED THIS MORNING.

Steamship Wyoming, Teal, 70 hours from Savannah,
Ga., with cotton, rice, etc., to Philadelphia and Southern
Mail Steamship Co. Passengers—W. A. Boell, Mrs.
Somers, F. J. Tomlinson, and one on dook. Reports on
the 6th inst., 3 P. M., eff the Canes of Virginia, passed a
harque-rin ed steamer steering S. by W., showing a blue
flag with white cross, 7th inst., one mile south of Faswick
Island, saw a small schooner ashore; two miles north of
Ferwick's Island, asw schooner ashore with mainmast
gone; saw a light ship at anchor on the "Overfalls,"

Steamship Prometheus, Gray, 70 hours from Charleston,
with n dse. to E. A. Souder & Go. Off Overfalls, saw a
light ship, bound up; harques Albert, of Bath, below
Reedy Island, and A. N. Franklin, at Reedy Island.

Steamer J. S. Shriver, Her, IS hours from Baltimore,
with mose, to A. Groves, Jr.

MEMORANDA.

Steamship Roman, Baker, hence, at Boston yesterday, Steamship J. W. Everman, Hinckley, hence, at Charleston yesterday.

Barque Omaha, Ballard, for Philadelphia, sailed from Liverpool 24th ult.

Brig Almon Rowell, Drisko, cleared at Portland 6th inst, for Havans.

Brig Annandale, hence for Boston, was sunk of Squan Beach A. M. of yesterday. Captain and one man drowned. Sobrs Bonny Boat, Kelley: R. K. Vaughan, Rialey; and John Johnson, Merrick, heace, at Beaton 6th inst.

Schr Brandywine, Adams, for Philadelphia, sailed from Rast Greenwich 4th inst.

Schr Fannie Hanner, Brooks, hence, at New Bedford 6th inst.

5th inst. Sebr W. F. Cushing, Cook, hence, at Galveston 29th ult.