#### CITY INTELLIGENCE. RELIGIOUS.

AGD TIOM BALKS.

Fair for the Old Sweden' Church. Fair for the Old Swedes' Charch.
The old Swedes' Church (Gloria Den), structed on swanson street, below Christian, is the oldest place of public worship in Philadelphia. During a long period of 170 years this church has been supplied first by a long line of missionaries sent over by the church of Sweden, and subsequently by ministers of the Protestant Episcopal Church, by whom it is now held. The interior of the church has been more where alternal at different times, but the exterior now held. The interior of the church has been more or less altered at different times, but the exterior presents the same appearance as it did to our fore-fathers. During the past summer it was thought expedient to upholster, carpet, and paint the church, and for the payment of the debt thus incurred a fair is to be held. It will commence on Monday next in the chapel building, Christian street, below Front. Those interested in the matter can send contribu-tions to the rector, Rev. Snyder B. Simes, at No. 916

Oxford Presbyterian Church.

This beautiful edifice, on North Broad street, will be completed the first week in December, at a cost of about \$175,000. The pews will be sold on next Wednesday evening. Rev. Frank S. Robbins,

ODDS AND ENDS .- Almost every available cellar in our city is being turned into an oyster bay.

The back windows of our private residences pre-

-The dark windows of our private residences pre-sent a feed appearance.

-The wily little god Capid is working actively in this city. Seventeen couples have been united in the bymeneal bonds during the past three days.

Rev. C. J. H. Carter, acting bishop, has issued a circular of instructions to the different Catholic elergymen in reference to Thanksgiving Day.

—The cobble-stones between the tracks on Chesnut street, above Fifth, are worn to a slippery

orthouse. solds its third anniversary meeting to-morrow The Pennsylvania Anti-slavery Society holds its

annual meeting on the 17th inst. Lucretia Mott wil-The Park Commission has issued an edict against the sale of liquor of any kind within the Park

The British frigate Augusta, after laying imbedded in the channel of the Delaware for ninety-nve years, has been raised, and a number of relics found, amongst others three human skulls.

HIGHWAY ROBBERY .- At a late hour last night a itizen residing in the neighborhood of Seventh and Diamond streets, whilst passing along Ninth street, near Locust, was attacked by a party of men who knocked him down and took from him all his valuaknocked him down and took from him all his valua-bles and mency. He begged his assailants to give him enough change to cuable him to ride home, when they said they would, and invited him into a well-known thieves' den near by Here they told him that he must treat the party. He replied he would if they furnished the money, as he had none. Drinks were taken, and he was called upon to pay for them. Of course this he could not do. The scoundrels then took the coat off his back, and threw him into the street. Officers McClure and McIlhenuy, of the Fifth district, and Kelly of the First district, coming up at this juncture, entered the place and arrested William T. Fitzgerald and L. B. Robinson, who will have a hearing at the Central to-day.

INTERESTING SUNDAY-SCHOOL EXERCISES. - On Wednesday evening last the lecture-room of the Second Reformed Church, Seventh street, above Brown, was filled with an intelligent audience, for Brown, was filled with an intelligent audience, for the purpose of engaging in the exercises pertaining to the presentation made on that occasion to the late superintendent, Colonel D. W. C. Moore, who has accepted of a call to the leadership of the singing in the Presbyterian church in Brooklyn, of which Rev. T. De Witt Talmage is pastor. During the evening addresses were made by Rev. Mr. Levi, Mr. Nicholas, the present superintendent, and others. The gift, a beautiful gold-headed cane, made by the Sanday-school Association, was acknowledged by the colonel school Association, was acknowledged by the colone in a brief but forcible speech, which was received with great favor by the large audience. The choir of the church, under the lead of S. INchl, Esq., sang several authems, and choice readings adapted to the occasion were given by Mr. McCully. The exercises throughout were of the most pleasing character.

RECAPTURE OF SWEENEY .- At an early hour this morning some officers of the Fifth district saw a man scale the wall of the yard of the house No. 415 S. Ninth street, and following his example they arrested him therein. On being taken to the Station House, he gave his name as John Hampton, but it was subsequently ascertained that he was none other than John. Sweeney, charged with being concerned in the robbery of the house of Mr. E. Hul-fish, No. 1035 Walnut street, on Wednesday last. Sweeney, it appears, was coming along Ninth street, and seeing the officers he leaped the fence in order and seeing the omeers he reaped the tende in order to escape arrest. He gives the following account of his escape from the Central Station. He says he was brought up to the Rogue's Gallery, and there left; in a few minutes, no one watching him, he walked down stairs, through the corridor, up into Fifth street, and made off.

CAPTURED AT LAST.—During the month of September last a butcher's shop in West Philadelphia was entered and robbed of a considerable sum of money.
Suspicion at the time rested upon certain parties, but no positive proof could be obtained. Yesterday a special officer arrested a man named Vincent Van. leer for throwing stones into the Almshouse windows, and, on taking him to the Station House, he confessed that he was one of the parties engaged the robbery mentioned. He also disclosed the names of other parties, for whom warfants were issued. Their names are George Gagers and Robert Flanigen. On being arrested Vanieer and Flanigen were committed by Alderman Johnson, and Gagers by Alderman Clark. The trio are members of the storious Schuylkill Rangers.

JUVENILE HORSE THIEVES .- About By o'clock this morning Officer Coreoran, of the Sixteenth district, discovered four boys in a wagen driving through the streets of West Philadelphia, and, suspecting their character, he followed the vehicle. The lads, seeing that they were being watched, leaped from the ve-hicle and ran; the officer pursued and captured three of them, who were taken before Alderman Rundal where they gave the names of Latta Lamma, John Meyer, and James Walker. Their ages ranged from nine to thirteen years. The Alderman committed them for a further hearing.

A ROW AMONGST THE BEACH STREET DEMI-MONDE A ROW ANONGST THE BEACH STREET DEMI-MONDE.

—Anthony Gilford yesterday went on a drunk. He
wended his way to Beach street, near Green, and
there entered a low den occupied by a number of
women of the lower strata. Not being in a pleasant
humor, be pitched into the crowd and pummelled them generally. He was arrested and taken before Alderman Becker, who held him in \$600 bail to an-swer. After this he was again arrested and taken before Alderman Toland, where two more charges of assault and battery were preferred, and an addi-tional ball of \$1400 was exacted from him.

OUTRAGEOUS ASSAULT —Last night, about half-past 11 o'clock, a young man named George Ellis was outrageously assaulted on German street, above Second. He was returning from the Walnut Street Theatre, and when near his home was surrounded by a gang of men who are known to be always hanging about that locality. A handful of red pepper was thrown in his eyes, producing great pain. The policemen were not to be found. The policemen of that part of the city are said to collect together in the neighborhood of Shippen street, neglecting their beats entirely. No cause could be assigned for the

CHANGE OF TRAINS .- The Camden and Amboy Rairoad give notice that on and after Monday, Nov. 15, the train leaving for New York at 11 A. M. will be changed from the Kensington Depot to West Philadelphia. The train which formerly left New York at 620 P. M. will leave at 6 P. M., arriving in West Philadelphia at 2-K. An additionar express train will leave West Philadelphia at 7 A. M., and another will leave New York at 8-5). The 8 P. M. another will leave New York at 8-5). The 8 P. M. another will leave New York at 8-5). The 8 P. M. train from Philadelphia and the 7 A. M. train from New York are discontinued.

Philadelphia Lawyers Abboad.—Wifilam M. Gallagher, Esq., was admitted to practice in the courts of New York city, on motion of Charles Goepp, Esq. William Henry Darlington was also admitted, on motion of Andrew Boardman, Esq. The attractions of the large fees arising from injunctions seem to be taking many of our legal fraternity to New York, and if they can succeed in reforming the courts of that city we will congratulate them on having achieved a task equal to the contract Mr. Hercules had of putting the Augean stables in order.

S. P. C. A.—A specimen of the genus brute named Francis Miller, aged is years, yesterday captured a dog at American and Jefferson streets a dog, around the neck of which he tied a rope, and galacring a number of gamins of the neighborhood held the animal whilst the youngsters endeavored to pen it to death with stones. The dumb beast was cut and hacked all over the body. Francis was arrested and taken hefore Alderman Raddell, who held him in 1800 ball to answer.

BRATH OF A FORMER HOTE! PROPRIETOR.—Samuel B. Woolman died a few days since in Burlington, N. J. Mr. Woolman rendered himself famous some years ago as the proprietor, in connection with his brother, Benjamin F. Woolman, Esq., now of New York, of the Mount Vernon Hotel at Cape Island, R.J., which, at the time it was built, was the largest botel in the United States.

inst winter for the preservation of game in our sister State are enforced generally very rigorously, to the great delight of quall, robins, and other small birds who now seek refuge from the pot-hunters' murder-su fire in the fiels of Jersey.

SERENE.

All Quiet at the Pennsylvania Hospital The Cossation of the Anti-Female War.; The opening of the dinies this morning was anxiously awaited by a large number of persons interested in the teachings of Esculapius, many of whom looked forward to a grand pitched battle between the male and female statents. Surgeons were on hand, instruments sharpened and ready, lints and bandages prepared, stretchers ranged around, and in the background a few coffins even were perceptible.

All that human foresight deemed necessary to be done had been done, and the opening of the bloody

done had been done, and the opening of the bloody encounter was looked forward to with tarobbing pulses, determined spirits, and a fixed resolution to pulses, determined spirits, and a fixed resolution to do or die. But, alas for human expectation, how easily are they blasted! The fate of empires in times gone by have been changed by causes aimost as light in their nature as straws, kings have been defired and new systems of government established through the quiet working of men who possessed the happy faculty of keeping their actions secret within themselves. Just so it was this morning. What was intended for a grand tableau was by the wisdom and manliness of a few, made almost fareign in its pature, and that great boon, which femi-

farcical in its nature, and that great boon, which femi-niulty so much craves and deeres was for the soace withheld from them. The female world loves noto-ricty, and this the male students all well knew, and knowing, resolved to turn it into an instrument of pumishment, simply by granting them none of it

umshment, simply by granting them none of it.
At the usual hour this moraing the lady students
ommenced pouring into the hospital building, and
a a short time there had assembled therein thirtynine souls in all. A few minutes elapsed, when a number of males entered, and a steady increase soon ran up their number to one hundred and twenty. All then being in realines, a number of cases were brought forward and the business proceeded with; nota loud word was uttered by either party, and the whole affair passed of about as quietly as a Friends' meeting. When the autopsies had been concluded the different parties went their way, and the hospital was again—neace.

tal was again—peace.

The attendance of the male students caused some The attendance of the male students caused some remarks from the outsiders, who were of the opinion that the males had all resolved not to attend clinics; but in this they were wrong. A majority of the students did pass resolutions not to attend, but the minority did not commit themselves either way, and the parties who attended this morning were those who composed the dissenters. Thus is the climax of what was supposed to be a long-continued war reached, and reached, too, by that most effective of reached, and reached, too, by that most effective of

DIVORCE CASES.—The rush for divorces alluded to a day or two ago still continues, and it is probable that in a few months time it will be required for a well-regulated newspaper like THE TELEGRAPH to supplement its daily announcement of deaths and marriages with a special heating giving the names of the divorced parties. Contemporary historiaus, as somebody calls newspapers, now state that no edition of a family Bible can be sold in Chicago and other Western cities without a separate record of these important events. The joys of married life do not seem so sweet at the present quotations for marketing, and the general unsettling of family ties is a sad commentary on the morality of the times. In the Court of Common Pleas for this county the following pamed, applicants agrees under the marfollowing-named applicants appear under the mar-tial eye of General Lyle, our worthy Sheriff, who finds food for congratulation in the fact that he is still a bachelor, and that these things all bring a fee

to the pocket of the law officials:—Sarah Jane Smith vs. Warren Caleb Smith; Rodman Car-ter vs. Helen A.Carter; Lydia Ann Austin vs.Charles Austin; Anna J. Sines vs. J. Dallas Sines; Eliza C. Swartz vs. Peter R. Swartz; Caroline McCormick vs. Robert McCormick; Henrietta Wagner vs. George William Wagner; Martha Jane Kelley vs. Henry M. Kelley; Mattie Townsend Bourne vs. Edgar Allen Bourne; Joseph Kleckner vs. Letitia Kleckner; Edward S. Morris vs. Hunnah J. Morris; Eliza Hustine ward S. Morris vs. Hannah J. Morris: Eliza Huskins vs. Daniel J. Huskins; Emma M. Johnson vs. Edwin C. Johnson; Annie M. Myerle vs. Charles D. Myerle; Charlotte Whitworth vs. James Whitworth.

The ladies appear largely in the majority as suitors for the sharp edge of the law to cut the hymeneal tie, which must be attributed mainly to the misdeeds and shortcomings of the naughty, naughty men. The laws of divorce in this Commonwealth are very stringent compared with those of many other states. Idinois and Indiana have both achieved an unenviable reputation in this respect. How these things are managed in Utah it is hard to say, but we can imagine one of the saints divorcing a dozen wives on the ground of incompatibility of temper, with no other feeling than that of undismayed disgnst.

THE MORTALITY OF THE CITY.-The number of deaths in the city for the week ending at noon to-day was 287, being an increase of 29 over last week, and an increase of 78 over the correspond-ing period of last year. Of these, 187 were adults; 150 were miners; 219 were born in the United States; 61 were inmors; 219 were own in the United States; of were foreign; 7 were unknown; 11 were people of color; and s from the country. Of the number, 4 died of congestion of the brain; 20 of inflammation of the lungs; 14 of marasmus; 7 of typhoid fever; 39 of consumption of the lungs; 10 of old age; 7 of inflammation of the bowels, and 1s of croup. The deaths were divided as follows among the

THE WAR IN THE CO.	trans on tonoug manned to
different wards:-	
Wards.	Wards.
First	. 8 Fifteenth 1
Second	. 8 Fifteenth 1 . 12 Sixteenth 1
Third	8 Seventeenth 1
Fourth	> Eighteenth 1
Wifth	10 Nineteensh 2
	3 Twentieth 2
Serenth	23 Twenty-first
Plater	C Twenty county
Misself	8 Twenty-second
Conth	Commenter formath
	6 Twenty-fourth
Eleventa	7 Twenth-fifth 1
Twenth	4 Twenth-sixth
Thirteenth	2 Twenty-seventh
Fourteenth	13 Twenty-eighth
177	73 T7 T3 C4 502 T3 - 52

A SINGULAR LAWSUIT was recently decided in the Supreme Court of the United States, at Washing-ton, D. C., where the Seventh National Bank of this city was a party. In the evidence of the case it was shown that the draft, which was the base of the action, had been received, and slipped through an interstice in the desk upon which it was laid in the bank, and was not known to have been received by the onlicers of the institution. It was months afterwards discovered when some one of the employes was overhauling his drawers (not for the purpose of sewing his buttons on) with a view of arranging matters. The amount was considerable, and the Chicopee (Mass.) National Bank (from whence it was mailed to the Seventh National Bank) demanded payment, as by the lapse of time they had lost their hold on the drawer or endorser. The Philadelphia institution did not see why they should pay for holes in their drawers to such an extent, and in the lan-guage of the dramatist, "it is a very nice quarrel as

Large Indestredness of a Campen, N. J., Manu-Facturing Establishment,—A day or two ago, at Trenton, N. J., in the United States Court of Bank-ruptcy, before Judge R. S. Field, counsel representing over \$200,000 of indebtedness made an applica-tion for a reinstatement of proceedings in the case of the Camden Rolling Mill Company, which was refused, but the judge announced that a motion for a rule would be argued why the discontinuance of the proceedings should not be set aside on the grounds traud and misrepresentation.

DEPARTURE OF PROMINENT ROMAN CATHOLIC CLERGYMEN.—Rev. Fathers A. J. McConomy, James O'Reilly, T. Kiernan, M. Filan, H. McGinn, and James McAnany, of this city, Rev. Father Ambrose McConomy, of Lancaster, and Right Rev. Bishop J. T. Shanahan and Rev. R. J. Barry, of Harrisburg, left. New York this morning on spatts for Rome, on left New York this morning, en route for Rome, on the French steamer Ville de Paris. While in New York they stopped at the Astor House,

THEFT OF A WATCH .- An individual named Edward Davis was arrested yesterday in a pawnbro-ker shop at Fourth and Popler streets, whilst endea-voring to dispose of a gold watch for any amount obtainable. He will have a hearing to-day at the Central Station. Central Station.

LIBERAL BEQUEST.-The late William Kirkham, Esc., devised among, other charities, five thousand dollars to the Protestant Episcopal Hospital in this

New York Produce Market. New York, Produce Market.

New York, Nov. 13.—Cotton quiet but firm; sales of 500 bales at 25c. Flour dull and prices favor buyers; sales of 7500 barrels at prices without decided change. Wheat easier; sales of 41,000 bushels winter red at \$1 83@141. Corn easier; sales of 29,000 bushels at \$1 94@195. Oats heavy; sales of 19,000 bushels at \$4 94@195. Beef quist. Pork dull; new mess, \$30 25. Lard quiet; steam, 1724@1724c. Whisky nominal at \$1 95.

PHILADELPHIA STOCK EXCHANGE SALES. Reported by De Haven & Bro., No. 40 S. Third street

BETWEEN	BOARI	98.		
12000 City 6s, New.c. ,	200 sh R	ead R.	2d .	48.3
lots10134	200	do		483
\$1300 C & A m 6s '89. 93%	100	do		48:3
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SECOND				742537
CENTAL CHINAS AT THE STATE OF T	JOO Tak	BT Dr	5.00	MOR.

\$2000 Leh V R n bs. 1013 100 Leh N St. .. b60. 533 

The Board adjourned on the announcement of the death of Mr. Charles B. Wainwright, a member of

SOHENOK'S COLUMN.

# CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED

#### READ THE EVIDENCE.

"Facts are stubborn things," and it is to facts alone that it is desired to direct the attention of the readers of this article.

Many years of severe and thorough practical trial have demonstrated beyond the peradventure of a doubt the fact that the medicines prepared by me, and known as SCHENCK'S MANDRAKE PILLS, SCHENCK'S SEAWEED TONIC, and SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP, have proved extraordinarily successful in the cure of diseases of the Pulmonary organs, or what is usually termed CONSUMPTION.

I am felly aware that there are many persons whose prejudices rule them so completely that "proofs strong as Holy Writ" would fail to convince them of the efficacy of my remedies; and that there are others who, under no circumstances, could be prevailed upon to admit their merits, simply because such an admission would prove detrimental to their particular personal interests.

Fortunately for the welfare of mankind, these doubting people form a comparatively small portion of the community at large. They are to be found here and there, but, compared with the great mass of the world's population, their num-bers are so small that I dismiss them, and address myself to those who are willing to listen to the dietates of reason, and who are disposed to

admit the strong logic of well-established facts.

We are told almost daily that Consumption,
the scourge of the American people, is incurable;
that a man whose lungs are diseased must be given over to die; that he must abandon hope; and that the arrangement of his temporal as well as spiritual affairs should claim his earliest attention. If there were not facis as undeniable as that the sun will shine in a clear heaven at midday to controvert these random and not unfrequently harmful assertions, I should feel un-willing to take up the gage of battle against them; but, fortified with results—facts—which neither theory nor mere assertion can overturn, I propose to prove that CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED, and that the medicines I prepare—THE MANDRAKE PILLS, SEAWEED TONIC, and PULMONIC SYRUP—will, if used in strict accordance with the directions, in a majority of cases effect that which the faculty pronounces

impossible—they will cure Consumption. An ounce of solid fact is worth a pound of theory. Let me, therefore, present the facts connected with my own individual experience. Many years ago I was a confirmed consumptive, and, like thousands of other unfortunates, was given up to die. Eminent physicians pronounced my case a hopeless one, and told me that if I had any preparations to make for the final solemn event, that I had better make them speedily. I believed this just as confidently as did the persons who thus affectionately informed me that my days were numbered and that recovery was impossible. Still, the desire to live lingered in my bosom. I was young, and clung to life with the same tenacity that young men, and old men too, ordinarily do. I did not feel willing to abandon hope as long as a single ves-tige of it remained. I had full faith in the sad information conveyed to me by my physicians, but still there was a lingering belief that some thing could be done, though I knew not in what

direction to seek for the much-desired relief.

It was at this gloomy and eventral period of my history that I first learned of the roots and herbs from which my remedies for this dreaded disease are now prepared. I procured and used them, and, to the utter amazement of all-phy sicians, friends, and neighbors-began to improve. My entire system commenced to undergo a complete renovation. Expectoration, which formerly had been difficult and painful, now be-came comparatively easy. I threw off dally large quantities of offensive yellow matter. At he same time my long-lost appetite returned I ate freely of such food as was palatable to me and which was at the same time nutritious and wholesome. Expectoration became less copious and less offensive; exhausting night sweats ceased; the racking and harassing cough abated; the fever broke; the pain departed; flesh planted itself on my sadly-wasted frame, and with flesh came strength and full health. From a mere skeleton I became a stout, strong, robust man and I have maintained both strength and flesh to this day. I weigh two hundred and thirty five pounds; I am blest with an appetite vouchsafed to but few men, while my digestive organs are amply equal to all the requirements of a

healthful condition of my system.

Now, be it remembered, all these wonderful changes were wrought by the use of the medi-cines I prepare—MANDRAKE PILLS, SEA-WEED TONIC, and PULMONIC SYRUP. A cure seemingly so miraculous naturally created astonishmen in the minds of those who knew me. I was aterally besieged on all sides. I had visitors daily who besought me to give them the remedles which had wrought the wonderful restoration and had wrested me from the very laws of death. Letters were received by scores importuning me to impart the secret and inform the writers where the specifics for consumption could be obtained. Others, who were too weak to travel, not satisfied with writing, sent for and consulted me in regard to their cases. To all these applications I responded as I was able.

I had fully regained my health, and gratitude

for the happy result prompted me to turn my attention to the science of medicine, with the hope of thereby being able to be of service to my suffering fellow-creatures. I devoted myself closely to my studies, and more especially to that branch of them relating to the terrible disease from which I had suffered so long and so much. I investigated it in all its fearful phases, in order to assure myself that my case was not an exceptional one. The closer my investiga-tions the more satisfactory were my conclusions. felt convinced that tens of thousands of my fellow-creatures were dving annually from consumption whose cases were not as desperate and apparently hopeless as mine had been, and I argued from this that remedies which had proven so effective with me would prove equally so with others. I prepared my medicines in a pleasant and attractive form, and announced them to the world. The results are well known. Thousands of suffering men, women, and children, who were on their way to the grave, have been cured, and are to-day living evidences of the fact that CONSUMPTION CAN BE CURED; and I think I may say, without arrogating to myself any more than is justly my due, that I have had as much experience in the treatment of consumption as any other person in the country, and that my success has been wonderfully

Let the reader remember that these are not mere fancied statements. They are positive living facts of which I am the living evidence. There is an old adage which says, "What has been done may be done." I have been complately cured of consumption by the remedies l now offer to the public. Thousands of others have testified to similar happy results from their use, and thousands of others still might be benefitted as I have been could they but be prevailed upon to try the virtue of The Mandrake Pills, Seaweed Tonic, and Pulmonic Syrup. All that is necessary to convince the most skeptical of their merits is a fair trial.

Full directions accompany each of the medicines, so that it is not absolutely necessary that patients should see me personally, unless they desire to have their lungs examined. For this purpose I am personally at my PRINCIPAL OFFICE, NO. 15 N. SIXTH Street, corner of Commerce, EVERY SATURDAY ommerce, EVERY SATURDAY.
Advice is given without charge, but for a thorough examination with the Respirometer

the price is five dollars.

Price of the Pulmonic Syrup and Seaweed Tonic, each \$1.50 per bottle, or \$7.50 a hal dozen. Mandrake Pills, 25 cents per box.

J. H. SCHENCE, M. D.

FOURTH EDITION FIFTH EDITION THE NATIONAL DISEASE

# THE LATEST NEWS.

The Walker Obsequies in Washington -Departure of Clergymen for Rome-Smuggling in Boston.

#### FROM WASHINGTON ...

Funeral of the Late Robert J. Walker. Despatch to the Associated Press. Washington, Nov. 13—The funeral of the late Robert J. Walker took place at noon to-day, and was attended by a large number of citizens, including a great many members of the Bar. The funeral services were conducted by Rev. Mr. Chew. of St. Alban's Church, of this District. The President's family were represented by Mrs. Grant, General P. T. Dent, and Mr. Dent, the father of Mrs. Grant. Messrs. Fish, Robeson, and Cox. of the Cabinet, were also present, as well as a large number of other distinguished gentlemen, many of whom occupy tinguished gentlemen, many of whom prominent official positions in this District.

# FROM NEW YORK.

snow storm prevailed at the time the foneral moved from the house, and still continues. The re-mains are to be interred at Oak Hill Cemetery,

Off for Europe. Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

New York, Nov. 13.—Hon. Elliott Cowden salled for Europe to-day by the Ville de Paris. It was the intention of Charles O'Conor to sail on the same steamer, but he has delayed his departure two weeks. The Right Rev. George Tyracio, M. Greva de Lacet, R. C. Bishop of Mexico, salled on the same vessel, to attend the Ecumenical Council.

New York paid one million and ninety-eight thou-New York paid one million and ninety-eight thou-sand dollars to the Tax Receiver to-day.

An American College at Rome. Rev. Father Doane, secretary of the Catholic Diocese of Newark, N. J., is engaged in raising a und to support students in the American College a Rome. This morning he received unexpectedly a check for \$5000 from Charles O'Conor, Esq., of this city, a contribution to the fund. This makes \$200,000 raised by Father Doane for this purpose, only the interest of which is to be used.

#### FROM NEW ENGLAND.

A Smuggler.

Despatch to The Econing Telegraph.

BOSTON, Nov. 13.—In the United States Commissioner's Court this forenoon, James de Castro, of Charlestown, pleaded guilty to a charge of smuggling seven barrels of nutmegs into the United States.

Sale of Steamships. Despatch to The Evening Telegraph. Foston, Nov. 13.—The Directors of the American Steamship Company have decided to offer at auc-tion the steamships Ontario and Eric on or before

the 36th day of November, unless previously dis

Stock Quotations by Telegraph-3 P. M. Chi. and N. W. com 693 United States 51
Chi. and N. W. pref 843 Tennessee 68, new 52
Chi. and R. I. R. 103
Pitts, F. W. & Chi. R. 854 Market irregular,
Pacific Mail Steam 543

#### BODY NO. -.

Romance and Reality-An Unpublished Chap-ter of the Mississippi Horror. Every steamboat disaster, with its attendant loss

Every steamboat disaster, with its attendant loss of life, either developes or terminates some life romance stronger than any fiction portrays, and one of these we find in the Louisville Journal of November 9, and transfer to our columns as followss—

A carts devisite was taken from a trunk of ladies' clothing. It represented rather a flessy lady; dark brown hair done up in braids and hanging low on the neck; the collar was white and narrow, and a breast-pin; right hand resting on table, and riding gloves on; car-ungs; iorehead high and features regular. Could it have been the late lamented Mrs. Emma Fitch, No. 1945 Broadway?—st. Louis Democrat report of the Stonewall disorter.

This was all there was about "Emma Fitch," and the report went on with the terrible story of the

the report went on with the terrible story of the wreck; of bodies discovered and bodies lost; of bodies stark and cold; of bodies charred and black-ened; and the bodies that had been found were all systematically numbered, so that the reporter, in making up the list, gave every dead body a paragraph, and piled them one above another in the newspaper columns, for the better identification by the friends who might be searching for the lost. In all the account, however, there was, perhaps, no mere significant paragraph than that about the photograph. Mrs. Emma Fitch was among the lost, out this was all there was that told of the unhappy fate of this singular woman. She was well known in Louisville, and her history is familiar to many persons in this city. If we have been correctly informed, Mrs. Fitch, as she called herself, was the daughter of a respectable citizen of Louisville, now dead; her maiden name was Serena Talbot. When a city her parents almost idelized her and when a girl her parents almost idolized her, and when, as she was budding into womanhood, she be-came the wife of one of our wealthiest business men, it seemed to her doting father that his derling child was being torn from him forever. Petted and spoiled though she was, and more a doll than a wife, the husband loved her and did everythan a whe, the husband loved her and did every-thing in his power to promote her happiness. He purchased a farm near the city, and the young wife drove in her carriage from her beautiful country residence whenever she had occasion to visit her parents. A footman and all the modern magnituparents. A lootman and all the modern magnifi-cence calculated to inspire pedestrian awe accom-panied the carriage, and many an envious eye turned that way whenever her shimmering chariot wheels sounded their genteel coming behind two spanking bays—or greys, they may have been. She came to the city often, and although she seemed the happiest of wives, her father, since her mar-riage, had been the unhappiest of men, and it was not long before her parents were urging her to abandon her husband and return to her old home. Strange to say, they at least is neceeded old home. Strange to say, they at length succeeded in persuading her to return, and to the infinite astonishment of her husband, he was obliged to give her up. The singularity of the case attracted a great deal of attention at the time, and much sympathy was expressed for the husband, who was highly esteemed as a vertive as well as a wealthy centleman. teemed as a worthy as well as a wealthy gentleman. In order to be entirely free from him, the capricious Serena went away to Washington, where she remained six months in order to obtain a divorce. She waited

in vain at the capital, for the divorce was refused.

Next she made a pligrimage to Indiana, where the divorce was finally granted, and thus healed of matrimony she came home.

Here was a most unpremising beginning for young woman, and a very entraordinary sort of life followed upon this beginning, as might well have been expected. The divorced wife, in the course of time, fell a victim to second love and married an actor by the name of Swift, of course much against the will of her parents. Swift, the story goes, was a fast man, but strutted his brief hour in this locality to some advantage. The fair Serena, as Mrs. Swift, soon developed into an actress, but on making her debut was hissed from the stage, and her theatrical career then and there saw the beginning of its end. Her dramatic associations ruined her, and in the course of time she became separated from her second husband, from whom she was fit ally divorced. Her father, it is said, died of a broken heart after her young woman, and a very extraordinary sort of life father, it is said, died of a broken heart after her

econd marriage.

Next she became notorious as the paramour of the became notorious as the paramour of the became o Major Fitch, a Michigan officer, who was for some time Provest Marshal at this point. He was soon ruined. He went to St. Louis to escape her, but was more than useless. He even lost a situation as driver of a street car, so utterly worthless had he become. "Mrs. Fitch" got aboard the steamer Stone-wall at St. Louis in commany with a female friend. wall at St. Louis in company with a female friend, intending to go to New Orleans, and both she and her companion were lost in the terrible disaster at Neeley's Landing. How they died, whether by fire or flood, may never be known. The hot flames of the burning wreek may have been their winding sheet, or the dark waters may have closed over them. leet, or the dark waters may have closed over their as they struggled with the resistless current. Whatever may have been their fate, certainly the case of one looks very much as if it were a terrible retribution, long withheld, but sure as the vengeance of an

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#### THE WES

Free Trade Discussions in St. Louis-Sales of Land to Emigrants.

# FROM THE WEST.

Free Trade.

Sr. Louis, Nov. 13.—J. B. Stebbins, of Detroit, de-nies making the assertion as charged by Professor Perry in his speech on Monday night, that free trade had seduced one in twenty of the population to pau-perism. He says he-simply quoted from the New York Times, and he did not make the statement on

The National Land Company. The sales of the National Land Company for the oast year, consisting mainly of lands along the Kansas Pacific Railroad, amounted to 74,581 acres, rielding \$524,324. Of these lands, Di.000 acres on he Kansas Pacific Railroad were bought by a colony of 1206 English families, who founded the village of Wakefield, Kansas, and near there established an agricultural college and school for the reception and education of orphan boys from London. The school and farm are under the control and supported by the Reform Society of London, of which Eurl Shaftesbury is President. Three thousand Swedish. Norwegian, and Danish emigrant land buyers and settlers, and large numbers of actual settlers from other countries, have been placed on Western lands by this company during the year.

# FROM NEW YORK.

Fatal Accident. Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

New York, Nov. 13.—A boy named William II. West, about five years of age, was run over by a cart in William street, the wheels passing over his head and instantly killing him. The driver was arrested.

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On and after MONDAY, Nov. 15, 1869, the train now
leaving Kensington Depot for New York at 11 A. M., will
leave from WEST PHILADELPHIA at 11 A. M., arriving
at New York at 24 P. M.; returning, will leave New York
at 5 P. M. instead of 630 P. M., arriving at West Philadelphia
at 7 A. M., arriving at New York at 10 40 A. M. Leave New
York at 850 A. M., arriving at West Philadelphia
at 7 A. M., arriving at West Philadelphia at 12 Us
noon.
The strip leaving West Philadelphia at 12 Us
noon.

noon.

The train leaving West Philadelphia at 8 P. M. will be discontinued after Sunday, 14th inst.

The train leaving New York at 7 A. M. for West Philadelphia will be discontinued after Saturday, 18th inst.

It. W. H. GATZMER, Agent.

IMPORTANT TO EUROPEAN AND CUBAN TOURISTS.—Passports, prepared in conformity with the new requirements of the Stat Department. can be procured in twenty-four hours on application made, either in person or by letter, only at the Official Passport Bureau, No. 135 S. SEVENTH Street, Philadelphia, ROBERT S. LEAGUE & CO. Also, official lists of all Ministers, Diplomatic Agents, Consuls, and Consular Agents of th United States, who they are, where they are from and where they are located, furnished free of charge

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What is it, and what will cure it? It is a fact that will not be controverted that Dyspepsia is a national disease, to be found from the Presidential mansion to the humble cottage along the marshes of the Atlantic. Symptoms-There are scarcely two cases of Dyspepsia alike. The symptoms vary. In one case they may be cold hands and feet, oppressive soreness and pain in the pit of the stomach, drowsiness after meals. In another, costiveness, heartburn (so called), tormenting feelings, both mental and physical. In a third, nervousness, the spirits depressed, a foreboding of evil, the mind so depressed that in some cases there is extreme melancholy, and the sufferer is led to commit suicide. In another, harassing belchings, saliva or a watery substance profusely running from the mouth, throat, irritated with a dry cough, skin dry, then cold, the stools clay colored, restlessness at night, sleep easily disturbed, frightful dreams, at one time bowels constipated, then diarrhea or dysentery, caused by foul matter in the stomach, causing apoplexy and other diseases beyond the power of human skill to control. What will cure. it? By indigestion the food lies in the stomach and is decomposed by heat, etc., into a mucus; this mucus adheres to the walls of the stomach until a false membrane is formed, which paralyzes the functions of the digestive organs. To perform a cure this false membrane must be detached, and the stomach healed and brought back to natural tone; without effecting this, it is impossible to effect a cure, and in this mode of treatmentlies Dr. L. Q. C. WISHART'S wonderful cures of the Dyspepsia. The Dyspepsia Pills remove the false lining, and the Pine Tree Tar Cordial heals, making a perfect cure of this dreadful disease.

THE VIRTUES OF TAR. A very ingenious "sell" upon the Royal So-

clety of Great Britain was perpetrated by Sir Charles Hanbury Williams, a wicked wag of the age, during the furore caused by the discovery of the wonderful healing powers of TAR WATER Sir Charles sent a communication to the President relating the circumstances of a sailor's breaking his leg on board of the guardship at Chatham, and its perfect union and care by an application of spun oakum soaked in tar. After the communication had been read and printed in the Royal Transactions, he sent a second letter, stating that he had forgotten to state in the former correspondence that the leg was a. wooden one! Although this joke was a sore one for the society, it did not injure the reputation of Tar as a remedy, for its legitimate cures were so wonderful that odes were written in its praise. and the celebrated Bishop Berkely published two voluminous works describing, endorsing, and registering its virtues. From the failure o selentific men, at that period, to extract and concentrate the curative principle from the crude tar, its manseousness caused it to fall into disuse, and its great healing powers were lost to mankind until Dr. L. Q. C. Wishart succeeded in depriving the specific of its unpleasant and eruder particles, and in his PINE TREE TAR CORDIAL offering to the afflicted all that was valuable, while the other parts were eliminated by its careful preparation. As soon as this was accomplished the remedy was again endorsed by the faculty, and the cures were such as to convert its enemies and firmly establish it as one of the greatest blessings to suffering humanity. Its success was immediate and wide-spread, and its manufacture became of great importance and a source of wealth to its reviver. A long life was spent for the welfare of mankind by Dr. Wishart in perfecting his discovery and promulgating its usefulness, and at his decease (which took place but recently) the method of preparation an the extension of its usefulness devolved upon his sons.

It cures colds and coughs with marvellous celerity, and is the only preparation which approaches to a specific. It does not cover and patch up, but cradicates disease by removing the cause, and for obstinate, long-continued catarrhs, and consequently of the incipient stages of consumption, is the only certain remedy in the pharmacopola. It would be a waste of the reader's time to enumerate cases, for the remedy is so well known, its virtues have been so thoroughly tested, that enlogy is superfluous and reference not requisite. Not only as an internal remedy is it valuable, but externally it heals sores and irritations, and as a pleasant famigator in the sick room stands above all others.

Tar Cordial is an extremely potent and valuable medicine for the cure of throat and lung diseases. It combines, to a degree auknown in any other remedy, vigorous action with safety and harmlessness.

## DR. WISHART'S PINE TREE TAR CORDIAL.

It is the vital principle of the Pine Tree, obtained by a peculiar process in the distillation of the tar, by which its highest medical properties are retained. It is the only safeguard and reliable remedy

the Pine Tree. It invigorates the digestive organs and restores the appetite. It strengthens the debilitated system. It purifies and enriches the blood, and expels

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from the system the corruption which scrofula breeds on the lungs. It dissolves the mucus or phlegm which stops

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Its healing principle acts upon the irritated surface of the lungs and throat, penetrating to each diseased part, relleving pain and subdning inflammation. It is the result of years of study and experiment, and it is offered to the afflicted with the

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