CITY INTELLIGENCE. FUNERAL OBSEQUIES.

Preparations for the Burial of the Lamented Admiral Stewart-The Military and Naval

Recert.

Inring yesterday a number of our prominent citinens were engaged in consultation as to the most
atting means to be devised to pay the proper respect to the remains of the late Admiral Stewart,
setter known, perhaps, as "Old Ironsites." At 5
ollock an informal meeting was held at the Mayor's
office, at which, ex-Secretary of the Navy Borie presided. James F. Starr, Esc., was appointed Secre-

His Honor the Mayor stated that he had called the His Honor the Mayor stated that he had called the meeting for the purpose of inviting the advice and co-operation of the gentlemen present, with the view of paying the best tribute of respect to the incomory of Admiral Stewart by the citizens as well as the corporate authorities of the city of Philadelphia that the brief time between now and the day of the funeral perfected. He had sent written communications to the Presidents of the two Chambers of Councils, and had no doubt of their full co-operation. He then laft before the meeting a card, addressed to the citizens of Philadelphia, the purpose of which was to invite the participation of the variof which was to favite the participation of the vari-ous civic societies and erganizations and citizens generally, as well as the municipal authorities, the judiciary, and all civic officers, concluding as fol-

iows:—
"The Mayor of the city has been duly informed that the President of the United States, the Governor of the Commonwealth, the Secretary of the Navy, the commanding officers of the army and many on duty is Philadelphia, and the Major General scientiality on duty is Philadelphia, and the Major General scientiality in the lat Division Pennsylvania Voterteers, have arranged for full observance and attendance of the military, the may and volunteers; and the Major now respectfully invites the co-operation of the City Connells, the indicary, the must and obtained visit officers, and all cittlens, and to this end his respectfully suggests their attendance at the functal on Wednesday next. November 19, at 3 o'clock P. M., that the flags on public and private buildings and on the shipping in the narbor be displayed on that day at half-mast, and that he tween the hours of Sand a o'clock P. M., there be a goneral suspension of business.

"DANIEL M. FOX, "Mayor of Philadelphia."

"DANIEL M. FOX, "Mayor of Philadelphia." On behalf of the navy, Commodore Charles Steed-men stated that all the necessary preliminary ar-rangements had been made for the conveyance of the remains of the late Admiral to Philadelphia on a Governmen vessel, inder an escort of the Marine Corps; that Admiral Breese had directed the naval officers on duty in Philadelphia to attend the obse-quies, and had invited the officers of the army and the Marine Corps to participate; and that, at the re-quest of the naval officers, Major-General Meade (who was present) had designated Brigadier-General Charles F. Ruff to act as marshal of the funeral pro-cession. General Meade stated that he had ordered

Charles I. Ruff to act as marshal of the funeral procession. General Meade stated that he had ordered all the troops of the regular army within reach to attend the obsequies. It was further stated that the Marine Corps from the Navy Yard had been directed to attend, and that Major-General C. M. Prevont had ordered out the First Division of the Pennsylvania Volunteers for the same purpose.

A number of telegraphic despatches were then read, amongst them being one from the President's private secretary, one from Secretary of the Navy Robeson, and one from Governor Geary, giving notifications that appropriate orders had been issued. The Secretary of the Navy and the Governor and his staff will attend the funeral. The following officers and gentlemen were then maned as pall-beavers:—Major-General George G. Mende, Rear-Admiral Samuel L. Breese, Major-General Robert Patterson, Rear-Admiral James L. Lardner, Brigatler-General Hartman Bache, Commodore John R. Goldsborough, Charles Macalester, Esq., and William D. Lewis, Esq. In the order issued by Secretary Hobeson, the deceased is thus mentioned:—

"His name is most intimately associated with the earliest glories of the navy, and bis deeds have been and will remain bright examples for the study and emalation of all its officers. He will be buried at Philadelpina at three o'clock on the afternoon of Wednesday, the following status, and on all United States ships of war in commission in our own waters on the day of the funeral, and on all United States ships of war in commission in our own waters on the day of the funeral, and on all United States ships of war in commission in our own waters on the day of the funeral, and on all United States ships of war in commission in our own waters on the day of the funeral at all the navy yards and stations where this order is received in time."

In General Prevost's order to the 1st. Division

In General Provost's order to the 1st Division Pennsylvania Militia the following directions are

laid down:—
The line will form at half-past 2 o'clock on Broad street, facing west. The right of the 1st Brigade resting on Chesnut street; that of the 2d Brigade on Locust street; that of the 3d Brigade on Spruce street; and that of the 4th Brigade on Lombard street. The column will move promptly at 3 o'clock P. M.

The following civic societies are also invited to attend:—Society of the Cincinnati, Hibernia Society, Ancient Order of Masons, the Loyal Legion, and all other civic societies and organizations that exist in

Other city.

The meeting then adjourned to meet at the Mayor's office this day at 2.P. M.

The remains of Admiral Stewart are to lie in state in Independence Hall, to-morrow, from 2 A. M. until 3 P. M., to be visited by citizens and strangers. The funeral procession is to move at 3 P. M., precisely, to proceed to Ronaldson's Cemetery, where the remains are to be deposited in the receiving vault.

Both branches of Councils hold a special meeting of A cycles today, to take action upon the matter.

at 4 o'clock to-day, to take action upon the matter. GUARD OF HONOR. Company A. Philadelphia Fire Zouaves, Captain J. W. Ryan, commanding, has been detailed to act as a guard of honor, in conjunction with the Marine Corps, whilst the remains lie in state at the State

House to-morrow. THE HOUSE OF CORRECTION.

The Clark and Pearson Farms—An Interesting Fight Among Councilmen—Both Branches of

Councils Visit Both Properties To-day. The selection of a site for a House of Correction has proved a serious bone of contention, and just now there is a decidedly interesting fight over it. As our readers are aware, dozens of spots have been which has now been in existence for several years. Once or twice the committee, thinking that they had the right place, reported to Councils, but in every instance so far the bill has been killed in some wise visited by the joint special committee of Councils instance so far the bill has been killed in some wise or other. Petry's Island was considered a splendid location, but, in addition to the "jobby" nature of the enterprise, there was the objection that it would require such an immense outlay of capital that the city would never see a House of Correction. Still some members of Councils persisted in voting for this island, but a squelcher was put on these gentlemen, who if they had been in Harrisburg and shown such persistency would have been justly styled "Roosters," by several of the newspapers announcing that the surface of this tract of land was below tide water, and that fact was shortly thereafter demonstrated. Last year the was shortly thereafter demonstrated. Last year the Alburger farm was reported, but here a bitter oppo-sition manifested itself, and this opposition came from those of our representatives who deem that they have been elected to look after the material interests of Philadelphia. This farm is located in Delaware county, some acres intervening between and the city limits. If the city had purchased this land, it would have been actually necessary that the other lying alongside of it and the Philadelphia line would have also to be paid for out of the treasury, and then also the Legislature would have had to be applied to, for an extension of the city boundary line. To this curtailment of their tands the Delaware county folks have already objected, and they would probably have defeated any such pressure. Anybow this citated defeated any such measure. Anyhow, this "little plum" for somebody was dropped only for other spots to show themselves. And in some of these places some of our City Pathers were personally in-

places some of our City Fathers were personally in-terested. One we can call to mind was located in the Twenty-ascond ward, and although a few acres of it belonged to one of the gentlemen composing the committee, he was modest enough, when the vote was taken on its acceptance in committee, to refrain from casting his ballot. He acceded grace-fully to the detest which his measure sustained, and he has continued to labor zenlously ever since. However, an instance has recently occurred with reference to the £ll-absorbing project which shows that some men to whom we trust our financial affairs are not se accupations. About a year since the that some men to whom we trust our financial affairs are not so scrappions. About a year since the Isaac Pearson Farm, on the Delaware, at Torresdaic, was visited, and it received a passing notice, but after the committee left, it, like all the other unsuccessful places, was forgotten. A year slipped by, and George Clark, Esq., a farmer residing near Holmesburg, extended an invitation to the committee, which was accepted. Saven of the twelve members were present on the occasion of the visit, and so well were they pleased with the beautiful location, the nature of the land, the convenience to the railroad, the rea dy facility with which water could be supplied for the use of the institution, and the presence of a quarry from which line stone could be procured for the construction of the necessary buildings, sence of a quarry from which line stone could be pro-cured for the construction of the necessary buildings, that before leaving the mansion the committee almost concluded to a cept the spot. Never was such unanimity seen in the small body, but how dif-ferent a week hence! Then the committee was called together, and the chair man, feeling so assured that their labors were at an cond, had written up his report secepting the Clark farm. He and some others were considerably astonis, bed to find that of those who were arrasent (seven in number) four, by others were considerably astonis.

those who were present (seven in number) four, by some means or other, had changed their minds, and they directed him to report the Pears in farm. He accordingly drew up his report, but fall id to submit it on Thursday last, as he could not obtain the maint on Thursday last, as he could not obtain the mame. iority of the committee to append the. names thereto, it is said that a member of the C. munon Council is interested to the extent of several thousand dollars in the Pearson property, and that it was through his vote that a majority of the sev. It was secured in favor of recommending the farm.

At the last meeting of Councils the fight had become so bitter with reference to the selection of

come so bitter with reference to the selection of

these two sites that a disinterested member proposed that both brenches of the legislative department of the city should ropair to them, and then judge for themselves. This was readily agreed to, and to-day was fixed upon as the occasion of the official visit. The champtons of the two farms have been busily engaged in hunting up facts and figures to be presented at the convocation to-day. The Pearson representative claims for his site the superiority of access to it from the city, the presence of the Deigware on one side, and its increased valuation. He states that the property is assessed on the the Delaware on one side, and its increased valua-tion. He states that the property is assessed on the books at \$50,000, while the Clark farm is only valued at \$25,000. But the representative of the Clark farm states that this is not so, claiming that the books at the office of the Board of Revision of Taxes show that while the Pearson farm is placed at \$45,000, but one hundred and sixty acres of the two hundred and odd of the Clark site is valued at over \$51,000. Then, also, he claims that the Clark land is far more healthly situated, and is just as convenient of access. The fight is an interesting one, and we look anxiously for its termination.

FIRE IN CAMDEN.

A Row of Frame Dwellings Burned this Mornlng-An Old Lady Thrown from the Second Story Window to Save Her Life-She is not

Expected to Survive Her Ivjuries.

Early this morning a fire broke out in a rew of nine frame dwellings situated on Point street, between Pearl and Idnden, Camden. The buildings were the property of Garrison, Gillingham & Co., and were occupied by the hands working in the mill of that firm. The tire was first discovered in house No. firm. The fire was first discovered in house No. 418, the second from the south end of the row, occupied by John Fox and William Elliott. The cause of the fire is supposed to be a defective flue. The family fire is supposed to be a defective flue. The family, in their endeavors to stop the progress of the flames, were all more or less burned; and when at last they found that the building could not be saved, it was too late to remove the furniture, all of which was lost. Mr. Elliott was badly burned, also his wife and flive children. His aged mother was thrown from the second story window, and received injuries and burns. She is so badly injured that her recovery is not thought possible. The flames spread rapidly to the whole block, all of which is a total wreek. It was first discovered about 2 o'clock, and by 5 nothing remained.

Woodrow, residing at No. 415, the next house to where the fire started, jost the whole of his furni-ture. The families in the other houses escaped un-injured, and saved most of their property. The loss is estimated to be about \$6000, one half covered by insurance. The proprietors and citizens of Camden are taking every care of the sufferers, and contribuare taking every care of the sufferers, and contribu-tions are being received for their relief. The mill and lumber-yard of the owners is situated directly opposite to the fire, and was in imminent danger. A row of two-story brick dwellings, facing on Pearl street, was also increatened, the families moving their effects in great haste from the houses. An other lumber-yard was in close proximity to the fire, but escaped without loss. A fire in Camden at the present time may become very extensive, the fire department being in a very disorganized state. The volunteer department is mostly disbanded, and The volunteer department is mostly disbanded, and the paid department is not yet in working order. Of the four volunteer companies only two were in active service, one having sold their carriage and another their hose. A scarcity of water was also felt, owing to the insufficient size of water-pipes. No Philadelphia companies were present.

FIRE IN GERMANTOWN.

Destruction of a Planing-Will-Loss \$12,000. The inhabitants of the usually quiet suburbar retreat called Germantown were last night awakenefrom their slumbers about 10 o'clock by the clanging of fire bells, and a glance outside revealed to the viewers the fact of the existence of an unusually large fire for that place. Located on Queen street, formerly known as Indian Queen lane, a few rods west of Germantown avenue and directly in the rear of the Lutheran church, was a two-and-a-half-story store building formerly used as a Inthana school of the Enthernia charten, was a two-and-s-nair-story stone building, formerly used as a Lutheran school-house, but of late extensively improved and occupied by Snaith E. Hughes as a steam planing-mill and carpenter shop. In the engine-room of this establishment the fire originated, and owing to the combustible nature of the contents the flames spread so rapidly that all attempts to save the structure proved futile and in three quarters of an hour after proved futile and in three quarters of an hour after proved futile, and in three-quarters of an hour after the sounding of the alarm the walls fell with a crash resembling a discharge of artillery. The eastern wall fell outwards and into the grave-

yard attached to the church named, completely covering a number of graves and destroying sundry tembstones. Attached to the main building on the west was a frame shed used for the storage of lum-ber, and well filled with seasoned boards; this, with the entire contents, was destroyed. From here the flames communicated to the two and a half-story cottage on the west, occupied by Dr. Darragh, the roof and upper story of which went to feed the dames, and a back building was turned into a mass of cinders. Fears were at one time entertained that the flames might spread still further westward, but owing to the existent amount of space between the dwellings on that thoroughfare such was fortunately

Mr. Hughes estimates his loss at \$12,000, upon which he has an insurance of 26000.

The fire is the largest and most destructive one that has visited Germantown since the burning of Armstrong's mills on Wistar street.

GOVERNMENT SEIZURE.

The Ram Atlanta Placed Under Selzure and Surveillance—Warlike Preparations. Special Deputy Collector Huckel and Surveyor Goodrich yesterday paid a visit to the ship-yard of Messrs. Neafle & Levy, Kensington, in pursuance of orders received from Secretary of the Treasury Boutwell, and there seized the ram Atlanta, for

alleged violation of the neutrality laws.

Deputy Collector Huckel placed a Custom-house officer on board, and instructed the commanding officer of the revenue cutter Moccasin to furnish

omeer of the revenue cutter moccash to farmish every assistance required to prevent any infringement of the neutrality laws.

The Atlanta has been for some time at Messrs. Neafle & Levy's yard undergoing very extensive repairs, and it has been rumored that her intentions were to help the struggling patriots of Cuba. Within the last week an armament of four 100-pounder Par-rott guns has been put on board, and it is supposed that this warlike demonstration was the cause for

THE SEASON OF WINTER .- Our city bears a some

what wintry aspect: the scum-like thickness of ice upon our outlying brick ponds has raised expectations equal, if not exceeding, "Pip's" in measure, and sand-paper is in demand; skate-straps and buckles are also being searched up, and the juveniles are eager for the ball to rise. Old Boroas, too, seems better the property assuming the master hand out it belows bent upon assuming the master hand, and it behoves the wearers of long hose to see to its whiteness, and at the same time, if bipe ial humanity will wear silk hats, let them by all means wear a fitting size, for nothing more resembles the antics of freg than one of these specimens in pursuit of his tile.

The sitting rooms of our hotels are now well patronized, and many an idler will while the hours away in-doors, forced there by the atmosphere's cool braciness, who would otherwise degrade himself and lisgrace his sex by ogling the various female promenaders; for this, we suppose, the "dears" will thank Old Borens, although the old gent is, at times, somewhat rude himself. Speaking of the promenade reminds us that it is not what it used to was. The gossamer fabrics and delicate hace of summer drapery have all been exchanged for the livery of winter. But s have taken the place of fans, and velvet cloaks of lace mantles, paper-soled, body contortion-ing, high thimble-heeled shoes have given way to others more suttable and endurable, and nature has, for the time being, placed a discount upon rouge. Our furriers countenances have lost their melaucholy cust, and are now redundant in smiles. The coal men, too, are happy, and as busy as bees in spring time; whilst our house-providing establishments are putting away their summer wares, and turning their

ODES AND ENDS.—The taking of the testimony in the contested election case of Breen vs. Smith, for Aldermanship of the Eighth ward, will commence

and everybody are assuming a wintry garb, and all is

preparation and readiness.

attention to waitle-irons and cake-turners. The breakfast-table, too, is more alluring through its ad-juncts of sausage and buckwheat cakes. Everything

lay. The law prohibiting the erection of wooden buildings has been extended so as to include the whole of the Twenty-fifth ward.

—An employe of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company was yesterday arrested on the charge of swinding milkyan.

ing milkmen.

—A new public school house is to be erected at the southeast corner of Seventeenth and Christian —A night school was opened in the Reynolds School House, Twentieth and Jefferson streets, last

Collector Moore has or had a large amount of property seized for the violation of the revenue laws.

The Finance Committee of Councils met inst night and transacted the usual routine of business.

Street hawkers are increasing.

Chestnuts are thinning out. -The oyster trade is brisk.

THEFT OF CHECK GOODS .- Charles Schautz is the cognomen assumed by a purioning chap who yester-day stole a roll of furniture check, valued at \$20, from the front of the store of Erwiler & Cornell, No. 867 N. Second street. He was captured shortly afterwards, and will have a hearing to-day at the Central Station.

VIOLATING A CITY ORPINANCE.-Michael Barrett was arrested last evening at Delaware avenue and Arch streets, for obstructing the highway with his venicle. He was taken before Alderman Williams, , bo fined him five dollars,

THE PALATIAL PETABLISHMENT OF J. E. CALOWELL & CO.—The marble psince No. 992 Chesnut street, constituting the rich casket in which are enshrined the rare and elegant articles of Jewelry and fine arts cuiled from all quarters of the globe for the patrons of Messra. J. E. Caldwell & Co., in its luxurious appointments is unsurpassed in New York or any famous European capital. The oft-praised stores of Taffany & Co., and Ball, Black & Co., with their wooden floors and meagre depths, cannot bear the comparison. Now, as before the late lamentable conflagration, the building is a four-storied structure, having a claste marble elevation; it has thirty-three feet frontage on Chesnut street, and extends in depth two hundred and thirty-five feet.

frontage on Chesnut street, and extends in depth two hundred and thirty-five feet.

The whole of this great building is devoted to the needs of the vast business transacted by this worthy firm. The large cellars are devoted to the storage of goods, while the well lighted room directly under the vaultlight is appropriated to the polishers, and to the department for the carriage of parcels. A tour underground reveals the scrupulods pains taken to secure a fire-proof store. At short spaces are fron joists, across the intervals of which are sprung brick arches; and down the centre of the cellars extends a line of huge iron girders supported by wroughtbrick arches; and down the centre of the collars extends aline of huge iron girders supported by wroughtiron columns; thus is constituted a fire-proof bed
for the first story that would probably bear a
weight a hundred-fold greater than will ever be imposed upon it. Vaults for the storage of valuable
goods are also formed, as impregnable to flery assaults as human skill can devise. The front of the
second story is occupied by the watchmakers. The
rear is devoted to the accommodation of the young
gentlemen of the establishment, and all the convenioners and reimment of a home are provided for nionees and reinement of a home are provided for those who sojourn there. A library, plane, games, folis, and other means of pastume are liberally fur-nished, suited to the tastes of these cultured gentle-men. Attached to the front and rear of this story are rope ladders always at hand, to abord instantaneous exit in case of fire. The third story is appropriated to the engravers and clock repairers, while the fourth floor is occupied by the javellers.

The first, or store floor, however, constitutes the

greatest source of attraction to casual vistors, and specially in its inner details is it unsurpassed throughout the world. The most cultured taste could not detect a flaw in the exquisite combination of richness of material with delicacy of ornamenta-tion. The flooring is large slabs of pure white mar-ble, the color of which is heightened by the inlayble, the color of which is heightened by the imaying of a very small square of black marble at each of the corners. Elegantly carved counters of marble of the finest finish are artistically disposed on either side, extending to the limit of the silverware department, upon which rests cases of plategiass, heaped within with wondrous stores of jeweiry, plate, and gems. Against each of the walls are rows of superbly carved walnut cases, the bodies reflecting the bright shellac anish, while the panels have the exquisite French linish that rivals rosewood. Belween each of these cases and at the rear of this hall are magnificent plate mirrors, mul-tiplying the gorgeous riches that are strewed about. The skylights are unique, most artistically de-signed, and are the first in our city strictly fireproof. They are three in number, the centre one circular, and the others elliptic in form. Each of them constitutes a weight of ten tons to be supported, yet the architect has so well proportioned the fron beams that the effect is most graceful, and the light is the ourest. The frescoing in gold and delicate colors is in Barmony with the surroundings, and is so woa-drously beautiful as to defy the power of words to depict the charm of its etherialness.

As to the stock that Messrs. Caldwell display in

this palatial store, the articles must be seen to be appreciated. In a word, everything offered to their customers is as strictly first-class as the firm itself. If so minded, one can buy from the shelves a set of silverware costing \$2000, choice presents for golden weddings from a couple of mapkin-rings worth \$150 to more expensive goods; and solitaire diamonds or to more expensive goods; and solitaire diamonds of pearls, set in rings or pins, rubning up to five thousand dollars in price. The choicest interactions of Continental Europe have been ransacked for articles of beauty and artistic finish. The whole rear of the store is devoted to the Bronze department, containing the most complete assortment ever offered to our citizens. Side by side stand the suver-hued aluminium bronzes, the colored ligures that reveal their Roman studie lark, chocolate-shaded bronzes that tell of the Florentine art, the copper colored statuettes from Paris, and the golden bronzes. Art appears in other attractive forms, and the paintings of Baumgartner, Carl Milner, Boutelle, and others are worthy of closstudy. Indeed, the Bruner Alps, the Bavarian Alps, the home scenes of the Friar Before and After Dinner, and the Highlands on the Hudson, are tit-bits of

and the Highlands on the Hudson, are tit-bits of paintings.

The resources of such an establishment would be deemed inexhaustible by any one less rich than Aladdin of genii fame; yet ample arrangements also exist to cater to the most fastidious tastes. As a single instance of this completeness existing in all the departments, the fact need only be mentioned that a few paper packages in a box that might be stowed away under the coat were exhibited to us yesterday, containing unset diamonds, sapphires, rubles, pearls, amethysis, etc., worth fally \$50,000, ready to be mounted in any form desired. ready to be mounted in any form desired.

INTERESTING DIVORCE CASE, .- The mania for procuring divorces which has prevailed to so great an extent in many parts of the country appears to be on the increase in our midst. Our fashionable circles are agitated by a suit for divorce now pending in the Court of Common Pleas, in which Mrs. Koecker brings an action against her husband, Dr. Leonard R. Koecker, for a divorce, based on a charge of adultery. The prosecutrix was formerly a Miss Melizet, of this city, and the respondent is well known as an accomplished and skilful surgeon dentist, whose office, in Walnut street above Thirtsenth, is largely patronized by our best citizens when their is largely patronized by our best chazens when their dental organs get out of order, and prevent them from giving their tenderloin or canvas-back the mastication required to extract the life-sustaining juices. The doctor rendered himself very popular during the late "unpleasantness" with the South by the energy and activity with which he managed the affairs of the amateur drawing room entertainments, from which a large pecaniary benefit was derived for the funds of the Sanitary Commission.

the ft nds of the Sanitary Commission.

He is also celebrated as a connoisseur in matters of fine arts, especially those of bijouterie and varia, or, as Mrs. Pavington erroneously calls them, bigotry and virtue. The case has been referred to L. Clarke ond virtue. The case has been referred to L Clarke Davis, Esq., as an examiner. Messrs, Gillou are counsel for Mrs. K., and Messrs. W. L. Hirst and McEiroy for the Doctor. The friends of the parties are divided in their opinions as to the gailt or innocence of the charge on the part of the D. D. S., and as they have been married for nearly twenty years, it is to be honed that there is a mistake, somewhere it is to be hoped that there is a mistake somewhere A brother of the Doctor, who is quite celebrated as an ecclesiastical architect, was divorced some twelve years ago from his wife, who has since remarried.

FIRST TROOP PHILADEAPHIA CITY CAVALRY.— Professor Fairman Rogers having resigned the cap-taincy of this ancient and honorable organization, Mr. M. Edward Rogers was at the last meeting of the troop elected, and yesterday sworn in to fill the vacancy. Professor Rogers has served as Captain for several years, and his resignation was a source of deep regret to all the members of the company. The newly elected Captain has been an active member for a number of years and participated in the three for a number of years, and participated in the three months service, as well as in the Gettysburg cam-paign. He is a most efficient and popular officer, and we doubt not his election will greatly promote the

best interests of the troop.

Mr. J. Francis Maher, Second Licutenant, has been promoted to the First Lieutenancy. Mr. Maher's long and devoted attachment to the interests of the company eminently entitled him to this promo-

We are pleased to learn that renewed interest i manifested among the members, who confidently expect under the new regime an era of marked prosperity. On the 17th instant the members will unite and celebrate in a grand dinner the ninety-sixth (26) anniversary of the organization of the company. There are but few institutions or organizations in our new country that can date back so far, and certainly none can present a more honorable record. It deserves the countenance and support of our lizens, and the young gentlemen of the city who are the time and means should enroll their names as active members.

MASONIC MEMORIAL TO A WORTHY OFFICER OF THE GRAND LOUGE.—Immediately after the death of Wil-liam B. Schnider, the Grand Tyler of the R. W. Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania, A. Y. M., a move-ment was inaugurated among the Lodges of this rrisdiction to commemorate his many virtues and the fidelity with which he executed his duties, by the tions were general, and made in small sums by the members of the several Lodges of this city. It will cost, it is estimated, about \$6000, and will be erected over his grave at Mount Morian Cometery, where his remains are interred in his family burial lot. A movement which was on foot to have them removed to Old Oaks Cemetery has been abandoned.

Will of the Late Thomas Brady. The will of Thomas Brady, lately deceased, was to-day admitted to probate. It contains the following charitable be-

Catholic Bishops' Home... To St. Mary's Hospital, Frankford road.

A TRADE-MARK SUIT.—In a suit brought by the Star Mills of Manchester, N. H., against the firm of Balley & Cascaden, of this city, the United States Court has decreed a perpetual mjunction restraining the defendants from the use of the "Star Mills, Scamless," as heretofore used on their bags, the Court deciding that such mark is a colorable imitation of the plaintiff's mark, "Star Mills, Scamless," and a violation and infringement of their exclusive right to) is use,

Proceedings of the Rationalistic Convention.

The convention of infidels, athelsts, and secularists continued their session during the whole of yesterday and part of to-day. The proceedings thus far show rather a poor state of prosperity for followers of that creed. They certainly deserve credit for perseverance under great difficulties and disappointments. The financial reports show anything but a favorable side. They despise not the day of small things. But if with their puny efforts, their contributions of cents and dollars, they hope to overthrow the Christian religion, with its millions of money and its myriads of followers, the times have greatly charged. Christians need not be greatly disturbed, thinking that a handful of fanatics can shake the firm foundation on which they stand. Of the twenty men composing the convention, not more than half-a-dozen were even able to make a passable speech, or even to talk correctly. Truly this is a great array of talent and education, of master minus and shining intellects, to stand against the world. Think they that many men will be moved by their exertions, and become their disciples. They will have to back up their good cause, not their strong cause support them. If the foundation is of such shaky material as this, what can we expect for the building? One noticeable feature is the frequency with which they quote from the Great Book which they all affect to despise. One would think that all mention of a bookly of disreputable as it is regarded by them would be avoided. Their cries for help are plaintive, but who will regard their prayers for money, men, helpers of all sorts, books, lecturers, and places of meeting? Truly the subject is too trivial to deserve further mention.

RESOLUTIONS OF RESPECT.—A meeting of the

RESOLUTIONS OF RESPECT.—A meeting of the members of the Commercial Exchange was held thus morning, to take action in reference to the decease of Rear-Admiral Charles Stewart. John H. Michener. Esq., the President, stated the object of calling the body together in a few appropriate remarks. Thomas Aliman, Esq., then submitted the following preamble and resolutions, which were seconded by C. J. Horman, Esq., and unanimously agreed to:—
In common with the acyal, military, and civil authorities.

Inam, 63G, and unanimously agreed to:—
In common with the naval, military, and civil anthorities of our city, and citizens generally, this Association joins in the sincere sorrow now jelt in the death of one of Philadelphia's honored soms, Rear-Admiral Charles Stewart; therefore

Resolved, That, appreciating the valuable services rendered our beloved country in her early history and through a long series of years, by the late distinguished naval bero, the Commercial Exchange of Philadelphia cannot withhold its meed of praise and honor to one to whom honor is so justly due.

is so justly due.

Resolved, That this Association will attend his funeral Resolved, That thus Association will attend his funeral in a body.

Resolved, That in the opinion of this Exchange the virtues and deeds of Rear-Admiral Charles Stewart should be perpetuated by a suitable monument, towards the erection of which this organization will take pleasure in contributing material aid.

Adjourned.

REAL ESTATE, STOCKS, ETC.—The following real estate, stocks, etc., were sold at noon to-day, at the Philadelphia Exchange, by M. Thomas & Sons: \$7000 Lehigh Coal and Navigation Co., convertible.80 p. ct. \$7000

57000 first mortgage loan, 1884, 50 shares Girard National Bank. 17 shares Western National Bank. 5 shares Merchants' Hotel. I share Mercantile Library
Is shares Union Transportation Co.
MELON, No. 1318. Genteel Dwelling.
COATES, No. 2008.—Genteel Dwelling, subject to encumbrances. \$350 GROUND RENTS, \$150, \$160, \$66 a year, \$2500, \$3590, \$105 FLEVENTH and WALLACE (N. W. corner)—

LOMBARD, No. 1814 - Brick Dwellings... Pines.—About half-past 7 o'clock last night the stable of Edw. McCarthy, located on the Point House road, near Martin's village, was entirely de-stroyed by fire. At about 5:30 o'clock this morning, the lager-heer

At about 549 o'clock this morning, the tager-neer saloon. No. 7 Decatur street, occupied by William Rawdon, was slightly damaged by fire. It originated in the cellar, and happily was discovered before it had gained any headway.

RUN OVER.—Frank Dubois, the advertising agent for Mrs. Charles Warner's circus company, whilst laboring under the effects of liquor, was knocked down by a horse attached to a light carriage, about noon, at Ninth and Chesnut street, and the animal stepping on his breast, injured him severely. He now lies at the university, Ninth street, above

THE LATE ADMIRAL STEWART'S REMAINS.—Captain Thomas G. Corbin, of the United States navy, left the city in a steamer from the Navy Yard at noon to-day, with a proper escort, to bring to this city from Bordentown the remains of the late Admiral Charles

THE NEW YORK MONEY MARKET.

The following extracts show the state of the New York money market yesterday:--

From the Herald. "The week opened on a very dull state of affairs in Wall street. The money market was a shade more active to borrowers on stocks, and six and seven per cent, were paid on call loans with pledge of such securities. Lenders seemed to manifest a preference for Government bonds as collaterals, and in the pressure to employ balances loaned at four and five per cent. The amount of capital in the street is still very abundant, but affords very little relief to the merchants, who are under the necessity of pay-ing extreme rates for the discounting of their paper. The stringency in this line is such that rates have become quite nominal. The suspension of Messrs. A. Bininger & Co., a very old importing liquor house, was reported on the street to-day, but with the modification that their assets are far in excess of their liabilities, and that the suspension is only tem-perary, the firm encountering the difficulty above referred to of negotiating their paper at reasonable rates. The same report led to ramors of failures in the dry goods and woollen trade, which could not be the dry goods and woollen trade, which could not be traced to any reliable authority. Under a diminution of the supply of commercial bills the prime bankers advanced their quotations for foreign exchange an eighth per cent, for sterling. The Government market was extremely dull, and prices steady in sympathy with the firmer tone of the gold market. The leading issues fluctuated only a quarter per cent, on extreme quotations. In Southern securities there were no new features in the more speculative bonds, the market being steady, except the new Tennessees, which were higher. The Alabama eights developed which were higher. The Alabama eights developed strength, owing to the proximity of the time for the payment of the semi-annual interest. The Government market closed with the following street prices: —United States currency sixes, 107% (a 108); do. sixes, 1881, registered, 117% (a 118); do. do., coupon, 1817% (a 118); do. do., coupon, 1862, do., 115% (a 115); do. do., coupon, 1862, do., 115% (a 115); do. do., coupon, 1864, do., 115% (a 115); do. do., registered, January and July, 115% (a 116); do. do., registered, January and July, 115% (a 116); do. do., coupon, 1865, do., 115% (a 116); do. do., coupon, 1865, do., 115% (a 116); do. do., coupon, 1868, do., 115% (a 116); do. ten-forties, registered, do. 107% (a 107); do., coupon, 107% (a 107); do., do., co payment of the semi-annual interest. The Govern-In rentes and also in consols at London, with an eventual effect upon the market here. The price was very strong at 126% al 126% until the receipt of the afternoon cable despatches announcing the anxiety felt abroad concerning the health of the Italian King, when it rose to 127."

(For additional Deaths see fifth page.) (Fir additional Deaths see fifth page.)

BAKER.—On Sunday morning, November 7, 1869, at the residence of his son, Theodore W. Baker. Mr. DAVID BAKER, in the first year of his age.

His male friends are invited to attend the funeral services, at No. 222 West Logan Square, on Wednesday morning at 93, o'clock precisely. Interment at Princeton, New Jersey.

RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

THE EVANGELICAL CONFERENCE of the Protestant Episcopal Church will be held in the Church of the Covenant, FILERRT Street, above Seventeenth, on TUESDAY EVENING, at 90 clock, All

EVANGELICAL KNOWLEDGE SO-CHETY.-The Anniversary Meeting will be held (D. V.) at the Church of the Epiphany, corner of CHES NUT and FIFTEENTH Streets, on TUESDAY EVENING,

November 2, at 71s o'clock, And a Sermon by Rev. C. M. BUTLER, D. D., of

THE HOLY COMMUNION WILL BE administered in the Claurch of the Emphany, come of CHESNUT and FIFTEENTH Streets, on WEDNES DAY, at 10 A. M. On TUESDAY and THURSDAY there will be Public Meetings for Prayer, at 12 A. M.

The Enginess Meetings of the Members of the respective Societies will take place at 11 A. M. on Tuesday and Wednesday, and at 4 P. M. on Thursday.

A collection will be taken at each meeting. 1193t*

MET AMERICAN CHURCH MISSIONARY Society.—The Admirestant Meeting will be held (D. V.) at the Charch of the Epiphany, corner of CHES-NUT and FHTEE-NTH Streets, on WEDNESDAY EVENING, Neveralor II, at 7% o'slock. Addresses by Rt. Rev. F. M. WHITTLE, D. D. Assistant Bisnop of Virginia, Rt. Fev. O. W. WHITAKER, D. D., Mission by Bishop of Nevada and Arizona; Rt. Rev. GEORGE D. CUMMINS, Assistant Bishop of Kentucky. 11920

EVANGELICAL EDUCATION SOCIETY. -The Anniversary Meeting will be held (D. V.) at The Anniversary Meeting will be held (D. V.) at the Church of the Epiphany, corner of CHESNUT and FIFTEENTH Streets, on THURSDAY EVENING, November 11, at 7% o'clock. Addresses by Rev. Wit-LIAM R. NICHOLSON, D. D., of Boston, Mass.; Rev. MATSON MEIER SMIPH, D. D., of Newark, N. J.; and THOMAS A JACGAR, of New York.

THIRD EDITION FOURTH EDITION

WASHINGTON.

Our Navy and Future Emergencies General Dent and the Mississippi Election -The Administration and Cuba.

FROM WASHINGTON.

The Mississippl Election. Special Despatch to The Econing Telegraph.

N WASHINGTON, Nov. 9.—Judge Dent, Conservative candidate for Governor of Mississippi, had a long interview with the President to-day on the election in that State. Dent is auxious to get the President to take some action to prevent General Ames from interfering in behalf of Alcorn, the Radical candidate. He says if the President will only issue some order to make Ames keep his hands off, he (Dent) will carry the State by forty thousand. The President declines to interfere, but says he is satisfied that

Ames will see that there is a fair election. Cubn and the Administration. Senor Rulz, a prominent member of the Cuban Junta, with Senor Lemus, Cuban envoy, has asked the administration for a definite answer as to whether they propose to do anything for Cuba by way of recognizing them. Matters have now assumed such a shape that speedy action is necessary. Several members of the Cabinet promised to bring the matter before the meeting to-day.

The Navy. The Navy Department is busy fitting out ironclads and putting them In commission. The Terror, at the Boston Navy Yard, and two others will be ready this week. It is the policy of the administration to hold the navy in readiness for any emergency that may arise.

FROM NEW YORK.

The Financial Situation. Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

NEW YORK, Nov. 9 .- Money easy at 5@7 per cent, on call, although a few transactions were made at 4 per cent. Stocks are inactive, with a lower tendency. Governments steady. Gold. 197@127%, firmer.

Rumors of Failures. There are rumors on the street of the failure of a prominent gold and stock firm, but they cannot as yet be substantiated.

The Money and Stock Markets.

New York, November 9.—Stocks unsettled.

Money at 7 per cent. Gold, 127 4. Five-twenties, 1862, coupon, 115½; do. 1864, do., 113½; do. 1865, do., 113½; do. 1865, do., 113½; do. 1865, Ten-forties, 107½.

Virginia sixes, new 52; Missouri sixes, 87½; Canton Company, 51½; Camberland preferred, 27½; New York Central, 185½; Eric, 28½; Reading, 97½; Hudson River, 162½; Michigan Central, 120½; Michigan Southern, 90½; Linnois Central, 127; Cleveland and Pittsburg, 85½; Chicago and Rock Island, 104; Pittsburg and Fort The Money and Stock Markets. cago and Rock Island, 104; Pittsburg and For Wayne, 185; Western Union Telegraph, 3614.

New York Produce Market.

New York, Nov. 2.—Cotton heavy; sales of 500 hales at 25)₅c. Frour dull and prices favor buyers; sales of 5500 barrels at prices without decided change. Wheat dull and prices favor buyers; sales of 58,000 bushels No. 2 at \$1.27; winter red at \$1.35@1.39. Corn firm; sales of 39,000 bushels at \$90.@\$1.09.\(\frac{1}{2}\). Oats firmer; sales of 42,000 bushels at 62@65c. Beef quiet. Pork dull at \$20.26@29.50. Land dull and prochanged. Whisky outst at \$1.50. New York Produce Market. unchanged. Whisky quiet at \$1 60.

FROM THE WEST.

The Cattle Plague. CINCINNATI, Nov. 9 .- The plague has broken out among the cattle at Pfeffer's distillery, in Starr's township. Forty have already died, and the disease is still raging. The cattle are all natives, and have not been exposed to contagion to prevent the disease from spreading. The health officers are of opinion that the disease is the result of feeding on still slops.

Conviction of a Murderer. CHICAGO, Nov. 9 .- The trial of Daniel Walsh for the murder of his wife was finished yesterday by a verdict of guilty, the punishment for which is hanging, but sentence has not been

FROM NEW ENGLAND. Pedestrianism.

Boston, Nov. 9 .- A walking match of twentyfive miles, for one hundred dollars and the entrance money, at the Skating Rink, was won last evening by McEttrick, beating John Oddy, the English pedestrian, by three or four feet, Time-3 hours, 58 minutes, and 30 seconds.

SOUTH AMERICA.

Earthquakes, High Tides, and Volcanic Cruptions. The Panama Star and Herald of October 28 con-

tains the following:"The much talked about predictions of earthquakes, high tides, and the like unpleasant pheno-mena during the first days of this month, have had their effect upon the minds of the people in Val-paraiso. Many families both here and in the capital have temporarily forsaken their comfortable homes and moved into the open country, at great inconvenience to themselves, and business has, of course, also suffered accordingly. Suilice it to say that nothing unusual has occurred here, at all events, and the topic of earthquakes, etc., is now at last being discarded. "A gentleman in Buenaventura writes us as fol-

lows:-I have received by a private letter news of a distressing character from the interior. On the morning of the 4th, about half-past two o'clock, violent eruption of the volcano Purace, situated some fifteen or twenty miles from Popayau, occur-red, and immense quantities of brimstone and ashes were ejected.

"Two or three villages in the neighborhood are supposed to have been completely destroyed, to-gether with all their inhabitants. Soon after the time at which the eruption took place the water in the river Cauca, at Popayan, rose a foot higher than usual, and the rapid current caused thereby carried down a great quantity of the offensive lava thickly strewn with the bodies of those who had lost their lives by the cruption, and also the carcasses of many animals killed in the same way. At 11 o'clock on the morning of the 4th the river Cauca was quite

another and more serious rise in the river might occur at other points, ordered the inhabitants of the different villages along the river banks to move with their cattle to the higher lands, where they would

be safe,
"A letter from Quito gives information that that
city was visited on the 1sth of September by a slight shock of earthquake, which was felt in greater severity at other places in the interior; not, how-ever, occasioning any loss or damage. A lumar rainhow of immense proportions and peculiar distinct-ness and beauty, and which was visible about six

"The Intendente of Valparaiso is actively busy with collecting sufficient funds to creek a handsome statue in that city of Lord Cochrane, the Englishman who so effectively helped the furtherance of Chillan independence. This project has met with the great-est enthusiasm at the hands of foreigners and natives

WEDDING INVITATIONS MANNER. LOUIS DREKA, Stationer and Engraver, No. 1933 CHESNUT Street.

THE ARCH STREET

STATIONERY EMPORIUM.

INVITATIONS.

MAGLE & CO.,

NO. 630. PARTY, WEDDING, AND SCOIABLE CARDS AND

11 6 3mrp 1

DOMESTIC AFFAIRS.

New Minister to Ecuador-New Counterfeit Notes in Circulation-Fire in Toledo-Crime

FROM WASHINGTON.

in Chicago.

Despatch to the Associated Press.

Land-Office Appointment.
WASHINGTON, Nov. 9.—Charles Barnard, of Louisiana, has been appointed Register of the Land-Office at New Orleans, vice R. H. Curry. Cabinet Meeting.

All the Cabinet officers were in attendance at the meeting to-day, excepting the Postmaster No Callers.
The President was engaged during the fore-

noon in reading the annual reports of the Cabinet officers and other officials, in consequence

of which he was unable to see any of the large number of visitors who were anxious to have an interview with him. Personal.

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph. Supervisor Tutton, of Pennsylvania, is here

on business with the Internal Revenue Bureau.

Hon. O. J. Hickey, of Lancaster, arrived this morning, to attend to some matters connected with his district. Admiral Stewart's Funeral.

The President will not be able to attend the funeral of Admiral Stewart, at Philadelphia, tomorrow, but it is thought that the Secretary of the Navy will be present.

Minister to Ecuador.
The President has appointed James H. Embry, of Kentucky, Minister to Ecuador, vice David A. Nunn, resigned. Embry is a brother-in-law of Senator Fowler, and figured conspicuously during the impeachment trial in favor of acquitting Andrew Johnson. He was accused at the time of having influenced his brother-in-law to

vote against conviction. Additional Counterfelt coupon Five-twenties turned up in the Treasury Department to-day. They are very well executed, and it is with difficulty that they can be detected. It is the opinion of General Spinner that they were printed in Germany, and sent here to be "shoved" off.

FROM THE WEST. Fire in Indiana.

Toleno, Nov. 9 .- A fire occurred in Kendallsville, Indiana, last night, originating in the tailoring establishment of William Herbert, and destroying property in the business portion of the place amounting to fifty thousand dollars, on which there is only seventeen thousand dollars insurance.

The principal losers are Herbert, failor; Engle & Co. and J. Thompson, grocers; Mrs. Botts, milliner; J. P. Gross, agricultural implements; Mrs. Wilson, milliner; Vanderhull & Gorton, boots and shoes; Moyers Bank, Banker & Batchelder, hardware; and Goth & Beckman.

FROM NEW YORK.

An Old Man Sufficented. Oswego, Nov. 9 .- About 2 o'clock this morning, a fire broke out in a barn owned by Mr. Ward. The building was destroyed, and four horses perished in the flames. A boardinghouse, kept by William T. Shepherd, also took fire, and was partially destroyed. The body of James Shepherd, uncle of the above, was found from foreign stock. Every effort is being used this morning in the ruins. The Coroner's jury rendered a verdict of death from suffocation. Deceased was about fifty years of age.

Arrival of a Cuban ex-Captain. New York, Nov. 9 .- Among the passengers by the steamship De Soto, from Havana, is Baron Maurice de Munagetta, ex-captain on the staff of General Jordan, and captured in one of the late engagements by the Spaniards, and pardoned through the influence of the American Minister at Madrid.

FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

Victor Emanuel Recovered-Paris Perfeetly Tranquil-New Difficulties in Spain.

Victor Emanuel all Right.

By the Anglo-American Cable. FLORENCE, Nov. 9 .- The official paper of this city publishes the following announcement to-"The physicians attending King Victor Emanuel now report him entirely out of danger.

Spain's Troubles. MADRID, Nov. 9 .- During the sessions of the Cortes yesterday, General Prim said, in reply to a question, that Admiral Topete had resigned on account of the candidature of the Duke of Genoa, but that he would continue to favor the revolution and to aid him (Prim) in the discharge of his official duties.

Paris Tranquil. Paris, Nov. 9.—The city is entirely tranquil. No further disturbances grew out of the excitement last evening than those already mentioned. This Evening's Quotations.

FRANKFORT, Nov. 9.—U. S. five-twenties closed active and firm at 8914. ANTWERP, Nov. 9 .- Petroleum closed firm at HEARINGS AT THE CENTRAL STATION .- Before

Alderman Kerr, at the Central Station, this afternoon, were arraigned:—Charles Schwartz on the
charge of stealing a roll of check muslin from the
store of Erwiler & Cornell, 807 N. Second street. The
muslin was found in his possession when arrested.
The accused was held in \$500 ball to answer,
John Johnson was charged with defrauding John Johnson was charged with defrauding Thomas X. Orr out of \$200 by selling and warranting a horse as sound which afterwards proved to be diseased. He was held in \$300 ball for a further

diseased. He was held in \$500 oan for a further hearing on Thursday next.

John Henzey, for the theft of a coat from the office of Mr. James Otterson, No. 16 N. Seventh street, this morning, was sent to prison.

Thomas Cur plead guilty to the theft of two coafish from the store No. 132 N. Delaware avenue. The Alderman sent him to Moyamensing.

UNITED STATES COMMISSIONER'S CASES, -Before United States Commissioner Hibler this morning, Messrs, Gibert & Bulson, wholesale produce dealers, were arraigned on the charge of carrying on the business without a license. On account of the absence of winesses, the parties were held in \$1000 ball each for a further hearing to-morrow.

Before United States Commissioner Henry M. Philips, Jr., John Flaherty, mate of the American ship Lancaster, was charged with maltreating and using dangerous weapons upon one of the crew. The accused was held for a further hearing.

PHILADELPHIA STOCK EXCHANGE SALES.

Reported by De Haven & Bro., No. 40 S. Third street, BETWEEN BOARDS.

\$500 City 6s, Old. 95 | 37 sh Leh V R ... 63 % 6 do ... 85 53 % 6 do ... 85 6 do .

\$3000 Leh gold i.c. 56 do ... 85 534 \$1000 Leh gold i.c. 56 do ... 85 534 \$1000 do ... 96 \$1000 City es, New 101 2 do ... 85 118)¢