FIRST EDITION

THE ELECTIONS.

Massachusetts, Wisconsin, and Minnesota Republican.

New York, New Jersey, and Maryland Democratic.

Horace Greeley Runs Ahead of General Sigel in New York City, and there is a Net Republican Gain of 29,563.

NEW YORK.

A Democratic Victory in the State. The election for State officers in New York yester The election for State officers in New York yesterday resulted in a Democratic victory, but the New York World of this morning claims a majority of only 10.000, with no increase upon that at the Presidential election of last year. The World also claims that the Democrats will have a majority of four in the State Senate and of six in the House of Representatives, while the Tritune concedes a probable majority of two in the Senate. On the State ticket Horace Greeley appears, especially in the large cities, to have run considerably ahead of General Sigel. The following is a list of the officers elected, all Democrats:— Secretary of State-Homer A. Nelson.

Secretary of State—Homer A. Nelson.
Comptroller—William Allen.
Attorney-General—Marshall B. Champlain,
State Treasurer—Wheeler H. Bristol.
State Engineer and Surveyor—Van R. Richmond,
Canal Commissioner—William W. Wright.
Inspector of State Prisons—Fordyce L. Ladin.
Judges of the Court of Appeals—John B. Lott and

The Vote in New York City For Comptreller:—
William Allen (Dem.):
Horace Greeley (Rep.)

Greeley received 4848 votes less than Griswold, for Governor, last year; while Allen falls 34,411 behind Hoffman, showing a net Republican gain of 29,563 in the great Democratic stronghold. Every Democratic State Senator, and every Democratic Assemblyman but one, was elected in the city, which is still sufficiently Democratic for all practical purposes.

The World gives the following summary of the city vote:—

vote:—
Total registry, 1869.
Total city vote, 1869.
Democratic majority, 1869
Total city vote, 1868.
Democratic majority, 1868
Greeley over Sigel The following are the names of the successful candidates in the city, those marked thus (') being

District Attorney—Samuel B. Garvin, Tammany. Coroner—William Schrimer, Tammany. Surroyate—Robert C. Hutchings, Tammany. Recorder—John K. Hacket, Tammany. Supervisors - { Walter Roche, Tammany, PH. Smith, Rep. (to be appointed) JUDICIAL OFFICERS.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Justice of Supreme Court John Brady, Tammany.

(Full Term "John H. McCunn, Tammany. Justices of Superior Court— McCunn, Tammany, Vacancy — James C. Spencer, Tammany, Judge of Common Pleas—Frederick W. Loew, Tam. Justice of Marine Court ... Michael C. Gross, Tam. STATE SENATORS.

Fourth District. William M. Tweed, Tammany. Fifth District. Michael Norton, Tammany. Sixth District. Thomas J. Creamer, Tammany. Seventh District—"John J. Bradley, Tammany Eighth District—"Henry W. Genet, Tammany.

A Republican Gain.

New York, Nov. 3.—In fludson county, N. Y., the Democrats elect all their ticket except the sheriff. The Republicans gain one member of Assembly.

Nelson's Majority Less Than 10,000. New York, Nov. 8.—The majority for Nelson in the State will not exceed 10,000. The Democrats have made several gains of Senators and the Senate will be Democratic. The Assembly, however, will probably be slightly Republican.

A Clean Sweep in Gotham. Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

New York, Nov. 3.—Democracy has made clean sweep of the city, and no doubt of the State, All the Senators from this city, Assemblymen, county officers, and Judiclary are Democrats. In the State the Democrats have a majority in the Senate, but the Republicans will rule the Assembly.

Greeley's Success. Greeley ran 1500 ahead of his ticket in the city, but The new Constitution is adopted.

What the New York Papers Say of the Result. DEMOCRATIC FRAUDS.
Remarks the N. Y. Telbune:—

"Shameless and cunning frauds," like those which the editor of the World saw perpetrated at our polls one year ago, and which he undoubtedly attributed to William H. Tweed and Oakey Hall, have again defeated the Republicans in the general vote of our State. The vote polled here by "repeaters" yesterday cannot have fallen below 20,000, and we think it largely exceeded that amount.

The Sixth and Seventh wards give a Democratic

majority considerably exceeding their entire legal vote; but the Twenty-first (Sherid O'Brien's) far outvote; but the Twenty-Brist (Shefin O Briefle) far out-stripped all rivalry, polling about 4000 fraudulent votes, and thus largely increasing the fraudulent Democratic majority it rolled up for Seymour, Host-man & Co. fast year. We presume the vote returned from this ward for the Republican candidates is several hundreds below that actually cast for them; and we have assurances that like frauds were no: and we have assurances that like frauds were pertrated in other wards.

The swindlers, feeling sure of legal impunity, were even bolder than last year, and piled up the majorities in their rotten boroughs with an uter recklessness of appearances; but they did not operate so universally as last year. Still, they swindled us enough for their present exigency, and know how to double! the amount whenever the stake shall some double the amount whenever the stake shall seem to justify the cost. Unless the laws can be so amended as to meet and ballle the new devices and skillful combinations of the villates who now mis-rule and plunder our city, our elections must hence-forth be farces. But the magnitude of the evil almost

nsures its speedy correction. In the rural districts the vote was generally light, there being no offices of first-rate importance to be filled this year. The majorities of either party consequently fall off in most of its strongholds, but there is no material change evinced in the sentiment of the State. Could the polls be purged of illegal votes, our majority would be about the same as when Gender of the state of the same as when Gender of the same

eral Grant was chosen President.

Judging from what we witnessed at the polls yes terday, the Democrats almost unanimously voted against and deteated the amended Constitution with the requirement of equal taxation on real and personal property, while their votes upheld and per-petnated the property qualification for colored men. The judiciary article was not so generally opposed by them, and we think it is adopted. But all is as

THE VOTES AND THE ADMINISTRATION. After stating that the result of the election will only strengthen Republicanism in the New York Legislature, the Herald adds:—
From the elections of Vermont and Maine in Sep-tember to these of November comparative apathy and indifference among the people have prevailed, and a short vote has been in every case the result.

There have been in these elections no national can-didates in the field and no national issues directly involved, except in Ohio, where the question of the ratification of the fifteenth amendment brought out

ratification of the fifteenth amendment brought out a very respectable popular vote, resulting in the success of the amendment.

We see, too, that looking over the whole field from September to November, the administration of Fresident Grant substantially holds the ground gained for the Republicans by General Grant as the chosen leader and expounder of the party. We expect, too, that in the development of his policy he will become by next fall the universally proclaimed Republican c adidate for the succession and the election of 1870 for a new Congress will turn upon the merits of his administration. dministration.

Thus, by the force of circumstances, the dead sees upon which the Northern Remocracy have

been after a fashion holding together will be cast aside, and the leaders and managers of the party will be compelled to take a new departure. In this view of the revolution accomplished, and the new epoch about to open in our political history, we call again upon the Sachems of Tammany Hall to look about them and shape their programme to the new order of things, including the nigger and the South, and for the campaign, not of 1860, but of 1872.

NEW JERSEY.

A Democratic Legislature. A Democratic Legislature.

In this State, which elected a State Legislature and county officers, the Democrats appear to have had things pretty much their own way, although a light vote was poiled, the average being about three-fourths of the number cast at the Presidential election last year. The following is a list of the new State Senate, Republicans in Roman and Democrats in Italies, those marked thus (*) being re-elected, and those marked thus (*) doubtful:

ATLANTIC COUNTY.

ATLANTIC COUNTY.

ATLANTIC COUNTY.

ATLANTIC COUNTY.

ATLANTIC COUNTY.

ATLANTIC COUNTY. Se Adams. BERGEN COUNTY. MONMOUUTH COUNTY.

*Henry S. Little.

MORRIS COUNTY. James J. Brinkerhof.
HUBLINGTON COUNTY.
Job H. Gaskill.
CAMDEN COUNTY.
Edward Bettle. George T. Cobb. John Torrey, Jr.
PASSAIC COUNTY. CAPE MAY COUNTY. John Hooper.

SALEM COUNTY.

John C. Belden. Learning Rice.
CUMBERLAND COUNTY.
James H. Nixon.

BASIES IN INCOM.

BASIES COUNTY.

John W. Taylor.

GLOUCESTEE COUNTY.

Samuel Hopkins.

HUBSON COUNTY.

Noah D. Taylor.

HUBSON COUNTY. Mr. Corle.
SUSSEX COUNTY.
Richard E. Edsall. UNION COUNTY.

John T. Wiley.

WARREN COUNTY.

*E. H. Bird. HUNTERDON COUNTY. eph G. Bowne. MERCER COUNTY.

SOMERSET COUNTY.

John Woolverton.
This shows the probable composition of the Senate to be ten Republicans and eleven Democrats.
The vote in the city and county of Camden will be found in detail on one of our Inside pages.

MASSACHUSETTS.

Election of the Whole Republican Ticket. At the election held in Massachusetts yesterday the entire Republican ticket was successful, as fol-

ows:— Governor—William Claffin.— Lieutenant Governor—Joseph Tucker. Secretary of State—Oliver Warner. Attorney-General-Charles Allen.

Attorney-General—Charles Allen,
Treasurer—Jacob H. Loud.
Auditor—Charles Endicott.
Governor Claffin has a plural ty of from 10,000 to
15,000. The vote of 164 towns and cities, including
Boston and Cambridge, foot up:—Claffin, 43,179;
Adams, 37,150; Chamberlain, 10,000.
The Legislature is claimed by both Prohibitionists
and License men. It is probably pretty nearly divided
on the liquor question, and the Republicans have a
strong majority in both branches. F. W. Bird, of
Walpole, and Moses Kimball, of Boston, two old Republican Representatives, are defeated, and Senators
Crane, Howe, and Munroe are not re-elected, Demo-Crane, Howe, and Munroe are not re-elected, Demo-crats taking their places. Another Democratic Senator in Charlestown is elected, aided by the rum and annexation questions. What Boston Did. Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

Boston, Nov. 3.—Boston elects lifteen Republican and twenty-one Democratic Representatives, and three Republican and three Democratic Senators. Essex is the only county in the State that elected a workingman to the Senate. In the Seventh Con-gressional District George W. Brooks is elected to Congress by a large majority over Saltonstill, Democrat.

Lowell's Local Question. At the election in Lowell yesterday it was voted, 2724 to 864, not to postpone the introduction of water into the city. A Woman's Ticket.

A woman's ticket was put in the field, headed by Ann Shaw Greene, of West Roxbury, for Governor. One Woman Votes.

Several women insisted on their privilege to vote under the fifteenth amendment, and one licket was deposited in spite of the officers. Republican Majority in the Legislature.

Despatch to The Evening Telegraph. Boston, Nov. 3 .- Additional returns of the election received this morning increase Claffin's majo-rity, which, however, will be five thousand less than was Bullock's in 1867, when the local issue was the same. The Temperance Alliance claim twelve of the State Senators elected, which would ensure a con-tinuation of the prohibitory law for another year, The vote for Adams is larger than he received two vears ago. The Republicans have chosen seven of the eight Councillors, and have a nominal majority of both branches of the Legislature.

WISCONSIN.

Another Republican Trimph.

The entire Republican ticket in Wisconsin was successful, as follows :-Governor-Lucius Fairchild.

Lieutenant Governor—Thaddeus C, Pound. Scoretary of State—Llewelyn Breeze, Treasurer—Henry Bactz,
Attorney-General—S. S. Barlow.
State Prison Commissioner—G. F. Wheeler,
Superintendent of Public Instruction—A. J. Craig.
Returns from 17 towns show a Republican gain of over the election for Governor in 1867, when Fairchild was elected by 4764 majority.

Republican Majority 8000. Mil. WAUKEE, Nov. 3.—Returns from 70 cities and towns in different parts of the State show a net lie publican gain on the vote of 1867. The Republican State Committee estimate Governor Fairchild's ma jority at 8000, with the Legislature about the same complexion as last year.

MINNESOTAL

Still Another Republican Victory? Chicago, Nov. 3.—Returns from thirty-four towns a Minnesota give Austin (Rep.), for Governor, 3863, the city and county ticket that it is impossible

the city and county ticket that it is impossible to give the vote of St. Paul. Austin's majority in the State is estimated at from 3000 to 4000.

The whole Republiban ticket is undoubtedly elected. It consists of the following:—
Governor—Horace Austin.
Lieutemant-Governor—William H. Yale.
Secretary of State—Hans Mattson.
Auditor—Charles McDrath.
Treasurer—Emil Munch.

Treasurer—Emil Munch. Chief Justice—C. G. Ripley. Attorney-General—F. R. E. Cornell.

Clerk of Supreme Court-Sherwood Hough. MARYLAND.

Democratic, as a Matter of Course. The Democrats have carried every county in the state, and even the city of Frederick, which gave a majority for Grant last year. The Legislature will be purely Democratic, not a single Republican being elected to either House. There was a very small

cleated to either House. There was a very small vote polled by both parties.

The vote in the city of Baltimore was unusually light, only is,729 being polled of a registered vote of over 44,000. The vote for Controller of the State Treasury was Woolford, Dem., 12,642; McKellip, Rep.,525; Woolford's majority, 8405. The Democratic ticket members of the Legislature received a majority of about 9600. Every precinct in every ward of the city gave a majority for the Democratic ticket. For Sheriff the vote was, Albert, Dem., 18,174; Woods, Rep., 4792; Wisong, Workingmen's candidate, 1928.

A Clean Democratic Sweep-A Short Vote. Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph. BALTIMORE, Nov. 3.—The entire Democratic ticket hroughout Maryland was elected yesterday. Not a throughout Maryland was elected yesterday. Not a single Republican goes into the Legislature or anywhere else. In the western counties, where the contest was the warmest, the candidates of both parties were friends of the Western Maryland Railroad and against Fowler for State Treasurer, hence the Republicans had no chance. The vote throughout the publicans had no chance. The vote throughout the State was very small, and in Baltimore 25,000 regis-tered voters did not vote. Republicans gracefully surrender until after the afteenth amendment is

ILLINOIS.

Triumph of the "Reform" Movement

In this State there was no election for State officers this year, but the members of a State Constitutional Convention were elected, the returns being as yet too meagre to indicate which party will have the majority. being as yet too meagre to indicate which party will have the majority.

In Chicago tho "Citizen's Reform" ticket was elected over the so-called regular Republican ticket by at least 6000 majority, while in Cook county, in which Chicago is situated, the majority will be fully 7000. All of the Citizen's candidates for the Constitutional Convention in the county, seven in number, are elected. Four of them are Republicans and three Democrats.

City and county elections were also held through-

City and county elections were also held through out the State, but there are no definite returns as yet

EXCITING.

High Old Times in a Southern Council Cham-ber-An Alderman Fires Three Shots at His

her—An Alderman Fires Three Shots at His Nephew.

At a meeting of the City Council of Charleston, South Carolina, on Thursday, a motion was made that the report of a committee in favor of paying \$3000 to Major Corbin, for legal services to the Board, he adopted, and was declared by the Mayor, the presiding officer, to be passed. Loud calls for the yeas and mays were made, and a scene of confusion ensued. What followed is shown in the following extract from the report of the Charleston Council.

the yeas and mays were made, and a scene of confusion ensued. What followed is shown in the following extract from the report of the Charleston Courier:—

Alderman E. W. M. Mackey resumed the floor, and continued to rebuke the Mayor for his lilegal conduct. He alluded to the statement of Alderman T. J. Mackey, which he hinted was not true. At this T. J. Mackey arose, very much exasperated, and said:—"This fellow only brands me with a false-hood, because he owes it to the place he is in that he is not chastised as he deserves."

Alderman E. W. M. Mackey—You need not attempt to bully me. I came here to fight this robbery, and am not afraid of you or of any of the parcel of men who are attempting to rob the city of \$500 to pay your private debts.

Here Alderman T. J. Mackey said, "I will chastise the insolent puppy when he leaves this room," and left the room, daring his nephew to follow him.

Alderman E. W. M. Mackey proceeded promptly to follow him, when he was intercepted by several of the Aldermen and brought back to his seat. He then continued to denounce the action of the Mayor, and while he was speaking, Alderman T. J. Mackey, who trembled from rage, returned into the room and approached the speaker. As he entered the room his pistol belt could be seen outside of his vest, which gave rise to the presumption that he had armed himself. He approached Alderman E. W. M. Mackey, and observing very excitedly, "I will chastise the fellow," drew a Coli's navy revolver, and struck at him. The blow was warded of, when he drew back a few paces, cocked his pistol, and aiming it at Alderman E. W. M. Mackey, pulled the trigger. The pistol failed to go off, when he again cocked it and fired. This had the effect of producing a speedy adjournment of a number of woolly-pated spectotors who were present. In less time than it takes to relate it, the room was cleared, all manner of people dodged under desks and stowed themselves in inconceivably small spaces, and as the other shots of the pistol followed, the faithful and unfait the third struck the wall immediately above the desk of the Mayor. After awhile quiet was restored, the members returned and the Mayor called the meeting to order. Alderman T. J. Mackey entered the room and said:—"Mr. Mayor and gentlemen, I have come here for the purpose of expressing my deep sorrow at the act which I was betrayed into committing a few moments ago. I am prepared to lay before this Council certificates from two physicians that I have been suffering from a fractured jaw for several days, and this afternoon took a large dose of morphine. I was not sensible of my actions when goaded on by what I thought an attempt to take my life. I was tempted to perii the life of a kinsman, by whose bullet I would rather be slain than to harm a hair of his head. I make this apology not knowing whether I shall be here at this Board again. I deem it due to this Council and to the public to show that I am not a rufflan and assassin." He then retired.

THE STEVENS BATTERY.

An Exact Description of the Famous Battery. In a sketch of this vessel, now building at Hobo-ken, we find the following paragraph, which will be read with interest:-Her hull is of iron, built in the ordinary manner of Her hull is of iron, built in the ordinary manner of metal craft, and is a deep, sharp model, showing considerable fineness of lines, indicating speed and properties of buoyancy; to be propelled by two screws placed under the counters and working inde-pendently of each other. The principal dimensions of the original plans were; length, 420 feet; beam, 52 feet; depth of hold, 28 feet. Her draught of water when light, 17 feet 2 inches; with coals and stores on board, 20 feet 6 inches; and when complete and on board, 20 feet 6 inches; and when complete and ready for action, with guns, shot, shell, and powder, and her crew on board, she would draw 22 feet 6 inches. She has 10 bollers—already on board—S engines, with cylinders 3 feet 9 inches in diameter and 3 feet 6 inches stroke of piston. Her steam power represents \$600 horses, and it is fair to presume that she would have been a fast vessel if she had been completed even as originally planned. A very large portion of her machinery was completed long ago, and during the war she could have been ready for sea in a short time if the Government had not had its hands full of monitors. The design is that she will be a floating battery, mounting 5 15-inch guns and 2 10-inch ing battery, mounting 5 15-inch guns and 2 10-inch ing battery, mounting 5 is-inca gains and 2 is-inca gains—the heaviest armament of this kind on any one vessel in the world, excepting the Rochambeau of the French navy—formerly the Dunderberg, built by W. H. Webb, Esq. of this city. These guns were to have been placed on barbette on the deck and loaded by steam from below, so that only one man to each gan would be excepted. The vessel on going its lateral to the steam of the control of below, so that only one man to each gan would be exposed. The vessel, on going into action, would be settled in the water by allowing the water to fill tarks constructed so that they could be pumped out when the action ceased. Thus her hull would present a very trifling mark above the water-line, and not discernable at the distance of a mile. Three of the guns could at all times be trained so as to fire in a direct line with the keel, either ahead or astern; in fact, in any direction desired. To protect the hull the armor, 6% inches in thickness, backed by it inches of locust, was placed at such an acute angle that it seemed almost impossible for ary projectile to penetrate it; indeed, it would be a rare chance shot that could hit her, and there is no doubt if she had been completed in time to test her qualities in the war she would have done good execution. In completing her now in time to test her qualities in the war she would have done good execution. In completing her now many of her former features will be adhered to; but considerable advancement has been made in naval science since 1826, when her inventor described her rully to a committee appointed by Congress to view her, and some changes will be made. Finding that the Government would not assist him, Commodore Stevens determined to finish her and present her to the State of New Jersey, and so he ordered it in his will, setting aside a very large sum of money to be expended in her completion.

OVER.

The Penceful End of a Troubled Life. From the Ohio State Journal.

We notice in one of our exchanges the death of We notice in one of our exchanges the death of a man at Pittsfield, Lorain county, Ohio, on the 28d instant, whose name will bring to the recollection of many of the older readers of the Journal the cir-cumstances of an excitement, in about the year 1833, which, for intensity and wide-spread prevalence, has scarcely been excelled by any of the thousand and one events that have since absorbed the public attention for the time being. The body of a young girl by the name of Susan A. Cornell, of Fall River, Mass., was found by the side of a bastiack in a field remote form. Corneil, of Fall River, Mass., was found by the side of a haystack, in a field remote from the highway, with the indications of a great struggle and atrocious murder upon and about it. A Methodist minister of the place, named Ephraim K. Avery, was suspected, arrested, and tried, both in civil and ecclesiastical courts, as the author of the atrocious komicide. Mr. Avery was a very talented and popular preacher, and the girl was a member of his church. The ecclesiastical court acquitted him, with full conviction of his innocence, and the civil court failed to make a case against him, and discharged him. But that did not settle the question of his innocence in the minds of a great portion of the people thereabout, and of the whole country, for the excitement on the subject was as intense in Ohio and other distant States, as in Massachusetts. One-half of the people believed him innocent, and the other half were well persuaded of his guilt. Mr. Avery, after his acquital, resumed his occupation as a preacher. other half were well persuaded of his guitt. Mr. Avery, after his acquital, resumed his occupation as a preacher, and labored in several localities, being settled for several years at Richmond, Mass., and other places in that neighborhood. Hundreds for a while went great distances to see and hear him; but it was evident that curiosity, more than anything else, tended to swell his andiences; and he could not outgrow or outlive the suspicion that existed against him. So he finally retired from the ministry and removed to a distant country, to seek the quiet, and freedom from annoyance which he could not expect in Massachusetts. For the last twenty or thirty years Mr. Avery has led the life of an industrious and quiet farmer at Pittsfield, Ohio, where he died on the 23d instant, going to the grave with the respect and regret of his neighbors and acquaintances. His age at death was seventy years.

SECOND EDITION

LATEST BY TELEGRAPH.

Governor Geary and the Death Warrants of Penns lvania Murderers -Army Reusion in the West-Affairs on the Pacific Coast.

Politics in Tennessee-A New Johnson Party Forming-Exposure of a Murder-Emancipation Cele-bration in Baltimore.

FROM THE SOUTH.

Colored Emancipationiets Sailing of the Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 3 .- The colored emancipation celebration to-morrow will be very large. Many persons are already here from all parts of the country to participate therein. There are some apprehensions that trouble may ensue from threatened attacks upon their procession. The steamer Berlin sailed to-day with full

freight and passengers.

Murder Brought to Light.

Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

MEMPHIS, Teun., Nov. 3.—The remains of a man, supposed to have been a United States soldier, were found in the river above the city on Monday horribly mutilated by animals. He is supposed to have been murdered. The discovery of this body, coupled with the sudden disappearance of several persons recently creates some alarm, as all efforts of the police to find the slightest trace of the missing persons have proved fruitless.

Doings of Aldermen. An effort will be made to get the Board of Aldermen to take \$250,000 in the new gas company. That and the recent lavish appropriations by the Board of County Commissioners on the eve of the abolition of the Board of Commissioners by the Legislature are the local sensations just now.

Result of the Stonewall Horror. A German passenger, one of the survivors of the Stonewall disaster, committed suicide by jumping from the Great Republic at Island No. 25. It is supposed the effects of the Stonewall disaster crazed him, and he suicided while in that state of mind. The Coming Constitutional Convention in Ten-

Despatch to The Evening Telegraph. NASHVILLE, Nov. 3 .- The resolution introduced in the House on Monday, providing for the election of a United States Senator, on the alleged ground of Cooper's ineligibility, was tabled by a vote of 38 to 30.

It is reported on good authority that Johnson will be elected delegate to the Constitutional Convention from the Greenville district. It is well understood that in the election of delegates throughout the State, grand efforts will be made to appoint Johnson men, so as to form the basis or nucleus of a Johnson party in Tennessee. Johnson and anti-Johnson men is likely to be the rallying cry in the State for some little to come, but the indications are that Audy's prestige is gone.

Official Pap. Out of the swarm of radical newspapers in this State, daily and weekly, which a few months since fattened on official pap, there is only one now in existence, which, like "the last rose of summer, is left blooming alone." It too is likely to fade away.

FROM THE PACIFIC COAST.

Operations at the San Francisco Mint. SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 2. The deposits at the Branch United States Mint in this city during the month of October were, eighty-nine thousand ounces of gold and fifty-seven ounces of silver. Of the silver, twenty-eight onnces were received from Japan for recoinage. The amount coined during the same period was one million six hundred and seventy thousand dollars.

Thanksgiving Day. Governor Haight has designated November 18 Thanksgiving Day. An Entire Town Destroyed. The town of Cisco was destroyed by fire yes-

terday. The railroad property was saved. Notes to be Redeemed. Mr. Knox, acting Comptroller of the Currency, notifies the holders of the circulating notes of the First National Bank of Nevada that the same will be paid on presentation at the Treasury of the United States.

Sales of Mines. Several important sales of White Pine Mines have been made to New York and Chicago

The San Francisco Markets. Flour quiet and unchanged. Choice Wheat, \$1-50.2 1-56, the latter an extreme. Legal tenders, 71-5. Arrived, ships Lettia, from Yokohoma, and John Nishelson, foom Sidney. Cleared, ship Cordillera, for Liverpool, with 26,000 sacks of wheat.

FROM THE STATE. Governor Geary's Hiness.

HARRISBURG, Nov. 3 .- Governor Geary is confined to the house with an attack of tonsillitis. It was thought that he will be able to be out to-morrow. The Schoeppe Case.

The Schoeppe murder case was to have been heard to-day, but it has been indefinitely postponed on account of the hidisposition of the Governor. The Death Warrants

of Herkenberg, of Butler, and Fields, of Lycoming, both convicted of murder, will probably be signed to-morrow.

FROM THE WEST.

The Army of the Tennemee-The Southern Railrond. CINCINNATI, Nov. 3,—Single fare arrange-ments have been made with the railroads leading to Louisville for conveying delegates to the

meeting of the Army of the Tennessee. The Finance Committee of the City Council decided last night to recommend that body to make an appropriation of an additional ten thousand dollars to further the prosecution of the survey for the Southern Railroad.

Charter Election in Detroit.

DETROIT, Nov. 3.—The charter election passed off quietly. The Democratic Mayor and city ticket was elected by about four hundred majority. The Democrats have a majority in the Common Council. The average vote was

FROM NEW ENGLAND.

Sudden Death.

Despatch to the Evening Telegraph.

Boston, Nov. 3.—James Boyle, a well-known crier, for many years the Librarian of the Law Library, died suddenly last evening, of heart

FROM EUROPE.

This Morning's Quotatious.

By the Anglo-American Cable.

LONDON, Nov. 3-11 A. M. - Consols for money 9336

LONDON, Nov. 3—11 A. M.—Consols for money 93½;
for account, 93½. American securities quiet and
steady; 5-20s of 1862, 83; 1865s, old, 81½; 1867s, 83½;
10-40s, 76½; Eric, 21; Illinois Central, 97½; Atlantic
and Great Western, 25.
Liverpool, Nov. 3—11 A. M.—Cotton opens at
12½d. for middling uplands and 12; d. for middling
Orleans. The sales are estimated at 10,000 bales
Western Flour, 28s. 6d. Corn, 29s. 6d.
LONDON, Nov. 8—11 A. M.—Tallow, 47s. @47s. 3d.

LONDON, Nov. 2—11 A. M.—Tallow, 47s. @47s. 3d.

This Afternoon's Quotations.

LONDON, Nov. 3—1 P. M.—Consols for money 23%;
for account, 25%; American securities firm; Caited States 5-20s of 1865, old, 81%; of 1867, 83%; 10-40s, 16%; Eric Raliroad, 21%;
Liverpool, Nov. 3—1 P. M.—The Cotton sales for to-day are now estimated at 12,000 bales. Cheese, 69s. Refined Petroleum, 1s. 3d.

PARIS, Nov. 3—12-30 P. M.—The Bourse opened quiet; Rentes, 71f.35c.

Antwerp, Nov. 3.—Petroleum opens firm at 63f. 25c.

Hamburg, Nov. 3.—Petroleum closed last night firmer.

BREMEN, Nov. 3.—Petroleum closed quiet last night t 7 thalers 18 groschen.

The Money and Stock Markets.

New York Nov. 3.—Stocks unsettled. Money strong at 7 per cent. Gold, 127%. Five twenties, 1862, coupon, 114%; do. 1864, do., 112%; do. 1865, do., 118; do. do., new, 115%; do. 1867, 115%; do. 1868, 1154; Ten-forties, 101%. Virginia 6s, new, 52%; Missouri 6s, 8s; Canton Company, 50; Cumberland preferred, 26%; New York Central, 182%; Erie, 28%; Reading, 96%; Hudson River, 161%; Michigan Central, 120; Michigan Southern, 90%; Illinois Central, 137; Cleveland and Pittsburg, 85%; Chicago and Rock Island, 108; Pittsburg and Fort Wayne, 185; Western Union Telegraph, 36%.

New York Produce Market.

New York Produce Market. New York Produce Market.

New York, Nov. 3.—Cotton easier; sales of 570 bales at 26½@26½c. Flour heavy; sales 10,000 bushefs. Wheat steady; sales of 41,000 No. 2 at \$145; winter red at \$140@144. Corn heavy and lower; sales of 29,000 bushefs at 90c.@1401. Oats firmer; sales of 9,000 bushefs at 65@68c. Beef quiet. Pork dull at \$30. Lard dull. Whisky dull at \$147.

The Baltimore Produce Market. The Baltimore Produce Market.

Baltimore, Nov. 3.—Cotton quiet and unchanged. Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat dull at \$1.35 at 1.48. Corn dull at \$1.60 for old white, and 75.85 cents for new. Oats dull at 56.658c. Rye, \$16.108. Mess Pork quiet at \$33.00 Bacon quiet; rib sides, 18c.; clear do., 18½; shoulders, 16 Hams, 24.625c. Lard quiet at 18.618½c. Whisky dull at \$1.15, with a downward tendency.

GENERALITIES.

Moving South.

The tide of immigration setting towards Virginia is healthy. The Petersburg Index has a sensible article on this subject, a passage of which is as follows:

"The bugbear that Northerners are not made welcome among us has had its day, and those who have some know that they are treated as kindly and with as much consideration as they received at their old homes. Such we know has been the treatment of those who have settled in this vicinity."

Sunken Treasure Ships.

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Sunken Treasure Ships.

Three sunken treasure ships are reported at Lloyds.
One is the Hamilia Mitchell, with \$250,000 on board, lying at the bottom of the China sea, eighty miles from Shanghai. Another is the steamer Carnatic, sunk in the Gulf of Suez, with \$245,000. The third is the Lutine, buried in a sand-bank under sixteen fathoms of water, with no less than \$5,000,000. Colonel Gowans, who raised the sunken Russian fleet at Sebastopol, proposes to send divers down to the Lutine next summer.

Selling Government Gold. Sccretary Boutwell has written a letter to a broker in Boston, explaining why Government gold is not sold in that city. He says:—"I found upon inquiry that the receipts of gold at the Boston Custom House that the receipts of gold at the world Custom House do not exceed the payments. Hence we could not sell gold in Boston without shipping it from New York, while in all other cities where gold is sold in small quantities, the receipts exceed all ordinary payments in coin. Upon these facts I have declined to make sales in Boston and incur the expense and

risk of moving coin. A Church Paule. A hymn has just saved life in a church panic. Here is the story:—"The floor of the Congress street Methodist church, in Troy, took fire from a defective flue during the services on Sunday afternoon, and rush was made for the doors. Women and children rosh was made for the doors. Women and children screamed, and many men pushed and struggled in the effort to escape. Some of the congregation endeavored to quiet the tumult, as it was evident that the danger was not immediate, and some one struck up a familiar tune, which was taken up by others. and during the singing partial quiet was restored. The fire was quickly extinguished."

Incendiarism. A fire in Brattleboro', Vt., on Sunday morning, by which the Brattleboro' House and several other buildings were destroyed, was the work of incen-diaries, who also disabled the fire engines. The keeper of a salcon which was destroyed, and whose insurance is said to be excessive, has been arrested, together with his son, on suspicion of causing the fire. Chapin's block and Blake's block are among the buildings burned, and thirecen firms and four families are thrown out of business and shelter in consequence. The lost is estimated at \$50,000, and the insurance \$40,000. the insurance \$40,000.

Kentucky Pleasantries.

A fight about a fence took place on a Kentuck; farm on Sunday. Fox hunters had torn down the fences separating the two tarms owned by Rfland Todhunter and Joseph Robinson, and Todhunter's mules entered Robinson's cornfield. Result:—Robin-son shot three of Todhunter's mules. Their owner son shot three of Todaunter's finites. Their owner, went in search of a feterinary surgeon, met Robinson and asked him if the mules had been shot by him. Robinson answered affirmatively, and while he was endeavoring to draw a pistol, Todhunter irred upon him, the shots taking effect in the abdomen and breast from the effect of which he died soon after. Todhunter has been arrested. Suits Against Rallroads.

Suits have been instituted by the United States Government against the East Tennessee and Virginia and the East Tennessee and Goorgia Rail ways for the purpose of collecting \$250,000 from the former and \$356,000 from the latter foad. The rail way companies have hitherto withheid payment on the ground of indebtedness by the Government to them for military transportation of \$700,000. The suits are entered in the United States Court of East Tennessee with the consent of both parties. The United States prays that receivers be appointed for the road in the meantime, and this motion will be argued before the United States Supreme Court at Washington. the United States Supreme Court at Washington,

One means by which the expenses are being rapidly reduced in the Navy Department is the nting out of all vessels of war with full sails. The change is now nearly completed, and orders have been sent to all squadrons to cease to use coal altobeen sent to all squadrons to cease to use coal alto-gether except in cases of necessity, and even then a a full report of the reasons must be sent to the de-partment; if these are not deemed sufficient the cost of the coal used is charged to the officer ordering it to be burned. Aside from saving expense, however, the design of the order is also to restore the know-ledge of managing saving vessels to which little ledge of managing satting vessels, to which little attention was given by our steam navy during . Almana.

The "Almana" is the name of a peculiar settlement near Marengo, in lows. The colony consists of a succession of small villages, seven in number, lying along the lows river, below Marengo. It was lying along the Iowa river, below Marengo. It was organized in 1855, and now contains 1800 inhabitants. The colony owns 20,000 acres of land. The first village settled, called Almana, is much the largest, and is a town of 400 inhabitants. It is the parent of the others, and the principal officers reside and carry on the operations of the colony here. The colony is conducted on the principle of having all things in common. The poorest man in it owns as much of this world's goods as the richest. They are a religious sect, and all who join them must conform to their views. They are all Germans.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

Wednesday, Nov. 3, 1889.

Wednesday, Nov. 3, 1868. In the loan market to-day, but rates continue about the same as quoted yesterday, with apparently more ease. The decline in the price of gold, and a corresponding fall in the market value of the national funds, are perfectly natural, though calculated to disturb the market until species thail have found a steadying place. At present

there is more specie in the market than there is use for, in the absence of Wa'l street fever, and as long as this is the case, it must tumble, and bonds with it, at least in our market. The ball has been set rolling, and, as a matter of course, holders of both are anxious to sell to avoid further loss.

Call loans are quiet to-day at yesterday's figures, and discounts are somewhat active and rates a shade less firm.

Gold continues downward, opening at 127%, de-clining to 127%, and closing firm at 127% about noon. There is very little doing in Government bonds, and prices are steady at yesterday's closing quota-

The tone of the Stock market is stronger, but the volume of business is light. Pennsylvaria war loan, registered, sold at 100 kg. City sixes were steady, with sales of the new issues at 100 kg. Reading Railroad was quiet but firm, selling at 48, cash and 8.0. ctosting at 48 kg. Camden and Amboy Railroad was taken at 120, and Lehigh Valley Railroad at 52 kg. 53 kg was bid for Pennsylvania Railroad at 52 kg. 53 kg was bid for Pennsylvania Railroad at 52 kg. 53 kg was bid for Pennsylvania Railroad; 30 for North Pennsylvania; 36 kg for Catawissa Railroad preferred, ex-div.; and 46 for Northern Central Railroad. In Canal shares no sales were reported. Lehigh Gold Loan sold at 94. Coal shares were inactive. McClintock was taken at kg. In Bank and Passenger Railway stocks no sales were reported.

Hestonville.

The stock of the National Exchange Bank has been purchased by parties in the interest of the National Bank of the Republic, with the intention of uniting the two institutions by merging the former

PHILADELPHIA STOCK EXCHANGE SALES. Reported by De Haven & Bro., No. 40 S. Third street.

BEFORE BOARDS. 200 sh Read R ... FIRST BOARD.

MESSES, DE HAVEN & BROTHER, 40 No. S. Third

10:22 4 Stock Quotations by Telegraph-I P. M.

Glendinning, Davis & Co. report through their New York house the following:

N. Y. Central R. 181, Western Union Tele. 36½
N. Y. and Erie R. 28½ Tol. and Wab. R. R. 62
Ph. and Rea. R. 96½ Mil. and St. Paul R. 67
Mich. S. and N. I. R. 90½ Mil. and St. Paul Pf. 80½
Cle. and Pitt. R. 85½ Wells, Fargo. 19
Chi. and N. W. com. 69½ United States. 56½
Chi. and R. I. R. 10½ Gold. 127½
Pitt., Ft. Way. & Ch. 85
Pacific M. S. 50

Market steady.

Philadelphia Trade Report.

WEDNESDAY, Nov. 3.—The Flour market remains quiet, and, in the absence of any demand for shipment, only 1000 barrels were taken in lots by the home consumers to supply their immediate wants. Prices of all descriptions have a decidedly downward tendency; sales of superfine at \$5.50@5 75, extras at \$5.75@6, Northwestern extra family at \$6 \@6.81\%. Pennsylvania extra family at \$6.25@6.75, Ohio and Indiana extra family at \$6.25@7, and fancy brands at \$7-25@8, according to quality; including 500 bbls. Delaware Mills on secret terms. Rye Flour may be quoted at \$6 P bbl.

The Wheat market remains in an exceedingly dull

and ansatisfactory condition and prices favor buyers; sales of Western red at \$12564125, and Pennsylvania red at \$12564125. Rye ranges from \$105 to \$110 35 bush, for Western. Corn is very dull; sales of Pennsylvania and Southern yellow at \$164102; Western yellow at \$66102; Western yellow at 96695c., and Western mixed at 93695c, the latter rate for high mixed. Oats are without improvement; sales of Western and Pennsylvania at 56655c.

Barley is quiet, but no sales are reported.
Bark — In the absence of sales we quote No. 1 Quercitron at \$12.50 p ton.
Seeds — Cloverseed is in small supply and commands \$6.500,7 p 64 lbs.; Timothy is nominal; Flax-seed is dull at \$2.4752.50 p bush.
Whisky is dull at a further decline; it is offered at \$1.14 for wood and \$1.16 for iron-bound Western.

LATEST SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

For additional Marine News see Inside Pages. QUEENSTOWN, Nov. 5.—Arrived, steamship City of Antwerp, Irom New York.

PORT OF PHILADELPHIA.NOVEMBER 3. OLEARED THIS MORNING.
Steamer E. C. Biddle, McCue, New York, W. P. Clyde&Co.
Steamer Mayflower, Fuffz, New York, W. P. Clyde&Co.
Barque Pawnes, Ankar, Dublin, W. Brockie.
Tug Hudson, Nichelson, Baltimore, with a tow of barges,
W. P. Clyde & Co.
Trig Commodore, Wilson, Havre-de-Grace, with a tow of
barges to W. P. Clyde & Co.

ARRIVED THIS MORNING.
Steamship Prometheus, Gray, 70 hours from Charleston, with cotton, rice, etc., to E. A. Souder & Co.
Steamship Tonawanda, Jennings, 70 hours from Savannah, with cotton, etc., to Philadelphia and Southern Mail
Steamship Co.
Steamship Co.

Steamship Co.
Steamship Co.
Steams Beverly. Pierce, 24 hours from New York, with
misse to W. P. Clyde & Co.
Steamer A. C. Stimers, Knox, 24 hours from New York,
with misse, to W. P. Clyde & Co.
Steamer H. L. Gaw, Wabb, 13 hours from Baltimore, with
misse, to A. Groves, Jr.
Reil, brig Yngham & Whittaker, Dilberto, 63 days from
Girgenti, with brimstone to order—vessel to Workman &
Co. Girgenti, with primatone to order vessel to Workman & Co.

Brig Eudorus, Parr. 2 days from Portland, with headings to Madoira & Cabada.

Schr Alfred Keen. Smow, 5 days from Vinal Haven, with granite to Barket & Bro.

Schr St. L. Stevens, Small, 6 days from Norfolk, Vs., with cement to T., J. Hayman.

Schr Thomas Borden, Wrightington, 5 days from Fall River, with machiners to Morrick & Sons.

Schr M. H. Read. Benson, 3 days from New Bodford, with box boards to J. B. Brooks.

Schr W. E. Darling, Baxter, 5 days from New York, with salt to C. S. Crowell & Co.

Schr B. Steelman, Robinson, 7 days from Washington, N. C., with shingless to Malvin & Co.

Schr B. Steelman, Robinson, 7 days from Mannes river, with railroad ties to Peunsylvania Railroad Co.

Schr J. D. Ingraham, Dickinson, 4 days from Haddam, Ot., with granite to Thomas Wilson.

Schr R. S. Potter, Potter, from Noank, Ot.

Tug Thomas deflerson, Allon, from Baltimore, with a tow of barges to W. P. Clyde & Co.

Special Despatch to The Economy Telegraph.

Special Despatch to The Evening Telegraph.

HAVER DE GRACE, Md., Nov. 3.—Twelve boats left here
this morning, as follows.—
Susquehanna and Niagara, with lumber to Patterson &
Lippincott. the Kurtz and Lycoming, with timber to Wood

Paying Co.

John Hetzell, with lumber to Craig & Blanchard.

W. W. Mayberry, with lumber to McDvain & Rush.
Chatta and Bertia, with immber, for New York.

Maggie, with poplar wood. for Manayuuk.
Charlie and Carrie, with dim to Baeder, Adamson & Co.

F. D. Kennedy, with grain, etc. to Hoffman & Kennedy.

S. F. Mann, with pig iron to J. Rowland & Sou.

Baltimore Goal Co., with coal, for St. George's.

MISCELLANY.

Captain Ekerman, of British barque Zulma, which arrived at this port seaterday from Turk's Island, reports baving left brig Home, Phillips, loading on 13th ult., to sail for Philadelphia about the 14th or 15th.

MEMORANDA.

Ship Bessie Harris, Allen, for Philadelphia, cleared at Liverpool 25th ult.

Steamship J. W. Everman, Hinckley, hence, at Charleston yesterday.

Steamer Mars, Grumley, for Philadelphia, cleared at New York yesterday.

Barques F. H. Jonnings, Noble, and Clara, Probst, hence, at Brouwershaven 21st ult.

Barque Arcadia, Larsen, from London for Philadelphia, at Deal 21st ult., and proceeded.

Barque Express, Darmer, hence for Stettin, was off Deal 21st ult.

Barque Express, Darmer, hence for Stettin, was off Deal Sist uit.

Barque N. Franklin, Holbrook, for Philadelphia, sailed from Genca 18th uit.

Barque William, Harding, hence, at Helvoet 18th uit.

Barque Wm. Weich, from London for Philadelphia, at Deal Sist inst., and proceeded.

Schra H. T. Hedges, Franklin, and Wm. M. Wilson, Brown, hence, at Providence 1st inst.